AN ACT to protect and promote the public health; to codify, revise, consolidate, classify, and add to the laws relating to public health; to provide for the prevention and control of diseases and disabilities; to provide for the classification, administration, regulation, financing, and maintenance of personal, environmental, and other health services and activities; to create or continue, and prescribe the powers and duties of, departments, boards, commissions, councils, committees, task forces, and other agencies; to prescribe the powers and duties of governmental entities and officials; to regulate occupations, facilities, and agencies affecting the public health; to regulate health maintenance organizations and certain third party administrators and insurers; to provide for the imposition of a regulatory fee; to provide for the levy of taxes against certain health facilities or agencies; to promote the efficient and economical delivery of health care services, to provide for the appropriate utilization of health care facilities and services, and to provide for the closure of hospitals or consolidation of hospitals or services; to provide for the collection and use of data and information; to provide for the transfer of property; to provide certain immunity from liability; to regulate and prohibit the sale and offering for sale of drug paraphernalia under certain circumstances; to provide for the implementation of federal law; to provide for penalties and remedies; to provide for sanctions for violations of this act and local ordinances; to provide for an appropriation and supplements; to repeal certain acts and parts of acts; to repeal certain parts of this act; and to repeal certain parts of this act on specific dates.


Compiler's note: For transfer of the Department of Insurance and Office of the Commissioner on Insurance from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of powers and duties of licensing of substance abuse programs and certification of substance abuse workers in the division of program standards, evaluation, and data services of the center for substance abuse services, from the department of public health to the director of the department of commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

ARTICLE 1
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

PART 11
SHORT TITLE, GENERAL DEFINITIONS, AND CONSTRUCTION

333.1101 Short title.
Sec. 1101. This act shall be known and may be cited as the “public health code”.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of licensing of substance abuse programs and certification of substance abuse workers in the division of program standards, evaluation, and data services of the center for substance abuse services, from the department of public health to the director of the department of commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.1103 Meanings of words and phrases.
Sec. 1103. For purposes of this code, the words and phrases defined in sections 1104 to 1108 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections. These definitions, unless the context requires otherwise, apply to use of the defined terms in this code. Other definitions applicable to specific articles, parts, or sections of the code are found in those articles, parts, or sections.

333.1104 Definitions; A to G.
Sec. 1104. (1) “Acknowledgment of parentage” means an acknowledgment executed as provided in the acknowledgment of parentage act.
(3) “Adult” means an individual 18 years of age or older.
(4) “Code” means the public health code.
(5) “Department”, except as provided in article 15, means the state department of community health.
(6) “Director”, except as provided in article 15, means the state director of community health.
(7) “Governmental entity” means a government, governmental subdivision or agency, or public corporation.


Popular name: Act 368

333.1105 Definitions; I to M.
Sec. 1105. (1) “Individual” means a natural person.
(2) “Local health department” means:
   (a) A county health department of a single county provided pursuant to section 2413 and its board of health, if any.
   (b) A district health department created pursuant to section 2415 and its board of health.
   (c) A city health department created pursuant to section 2421 and its board of health, if any.
   (d) Any other local agency approved by the department under part 24.
(3) “Local health officer” means the individual in charge of a local health department or his or her authorized representative.
(4) “Magistrate” means a judge authorized to issue warrants by the laws of this state.
(5) “Minor” means an individual under 18 years of age.


Popular name: Act 368

333.1106 Definitions; P.
Sec. 1106. (1) “Parentage registry” means the department's compilation of data concerning children's parentage, which data the department receives from any source, including, but not limited to, a copy of an order of filiation from the circuit court or an acknowledgment of paternity or parentage under this act, under section 2114 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.2114, or under the acknowledgment of parentage act, 1996 PA 305, MCL 722.1001 to 722.1013.
(2) “Person” means an individual, partnership, cooperative, association, private corporation, personal representative, receiver, trustee, assignee, or other legal entity. Person does not include a governmental entity unless specifically provided.


Popular name: Act 368

333.1108 Definitions; R, S.
Sec. 1108. (1) “Rule” means a rule promulgated pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969.
(2) “State” means a state, district, territory, commonwealth, or insular possession of the United States or any area subject to the lawful authority of the United States.


Popular name: Act 368

333.1111 Intent and construction of code.
Sec. 1111. (1) This code is intended to be consistent with applicable federal and state law and shall be construed, when necessary, to achieve that consistency.
(2) This code shall be liberally construed for the protection of the health, safety, and welfare of the people of this state.

333.1113 Headings or titles of code.
Sec. 1113. A heading or title of an article or part of this code shall not be considered as a part of this code or be used to construe the code more broadly or narrowly than the text of the code sections would indicate, but shall be considered as inserted for convenience to users of this code.


333.1114 Prohibited construction of code.
Sec. 1114. (1) This code shall not be construed to vest authority in the department for programs or activities otherwise delegated by state or federal law or rules to another department of state government.

(2) This code shall not be construed to divest or reduce authority or responsibility for mental health services or responsibilities vested in state or local mental health agencies by Act No. 258 of the Public Acts of 1974, as amended, being sections 330.1001 to 330.2106 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or rules promulgated pursuant to that act.


333.1115 Controlling provisions.
Sec. 1115. A state statute, a rule of the department, or an applicable local health department regulation shall control over a less stringent or inconsistent provision enacted by a local governmental entity for the protection of public health.


333.1117 References to repealed or rescinded provisions.
Sec. 1117. If a provision of a statute referred to in this code or in a rule authorized or recognized by this code is repealed, or if a provision of a rule authorized or recognized by this code is rescinded, and the provision is substantially reenacted or repromulgated, a reference in this code or the rule to the repealed or rescinded provision is considered a reference to the reenacted or repromulgated provision.


PART 12
GENERAL PROVISIONS

333.1201 Delaying promulgation of new rules.
Sec. 1201. When the department is directed to promulgate rules by this code and rules exist on the date the requirement to promulgate takes effect, which rules the department believes adequately cover the matter, the department may delay the promulgation of new rules until the department considers it advisable.


333.1203 Approval of certain plans or issuance of certain permits pursuant to code; effect.
Sec. 1203. The approval of plans or the issuance of a permit pursuant to this code which involves the construction, alteration, or renovation of a building, structure, or premises, the use of a site, or the installation or alteration of equipment does not relieve the person receiving the approval or permit from complying with all consistent applicable provisions of building and construction laws, zoning requirements, and other state and local statutes, charters, ordinances, rules, regulations, and orders.


333.1205 Contested case hearing; appeal.
Sec. 1205. (1) An applicant, licensee, or other person whose legal rights, duties, or privileges are required by
this code to be determined by the department, after an opportunity for a hearing, has the right to a contested case
hearing in the matter, which shall be conducted pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969 and
authorized rules governing the hearing.

(2) The decision, finding, or order of the department entered after the hearing may be appealed as provided by the
administrative procedures act of 1969, except where otherwise provided by this code.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The expired section pertained to transfer of property, personnel, and funds to successor agency.

Popular name: Act 368

333.1212 Members of predecessor agency; continuation in office.

Sec. 1212. When a board, committee, council, or other agency created by or pursuant to this code was preceded
by an agency with the same or similar name and functions, members of the predecessor agency shall continue in
office for the duration of the terms of office for which they were appointed and with the new members appointed
shall constitute the new agency. Members shall be appointed under this code only as terms of the former members
expire or vacancies occur. Members of the predecessor agency may be appointed to the new agency to succeed
themselves subject to the limits for the total period of service set forth in this code.


Popular name: Act 368

333.1213 Members of successor agency; increase or decrease in number.

Sec. 1213. (1) When the number of members of a successor agency is increased by this code, additional
members shall be appointed to meet the number required for initial terms that will conform to the expiration of
terms prescribed by this code. If the code would permit a choice between longer and shorter terms, appointments
shall be made for the longer terms.

(2) When the number of members of a successor agency is decreased by this code, appointments shall not be
made until the number of members in office falls below the total membership prescribed for the successor agency.


Popular name: Act 368

333.1214 New agency not succeeding former agency; terms of office.

Sec. 1214. When a new agency created by this code is not a successor to a former agency and the regular terms of
office of its members are 4 years, the highest whole number of its initial members resulting from a division of the
total number of members by 4 shall be appointed for terms of 1, 2, 3, and 4 years. The terms of office of an excess
number of members resulting from a calculation of fourths shall be for, and spread equally over, the longer terms.


Popular name: Act 368

333.1216 Travel or other expenses; payment.

Sec. 1216. Travel or other expenses, or both, incurred by a public officer, agent, or employee in the performance
of official functions authorized by this code which are payable out of appropriations shall be paid pursuant to the
latest standardized travel regulations of the department of management and budget.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The expired section pertained to the extension of outstanding license, registration, certificate, or permit beyond stated
expiration date.

Popular name: Act 368

333.1222 Renewals; distribution of work; pro rata fee; waiver.

Sec. 1222. (1) In order to distribute the work of renewals in the interests of administrative efficiency, the
appropriate state agency may:

(a) Schedule expirations established under section 16194 or otherwise under law to spread them over each year of
a biennium or longer term.

(b) Issue initial licenses in the interim during a normal term to expire on the next normal expiration date or the first normal expiration date thereafter, and prorate the fees therefor.

(2) The issuing agency shall collect, before a renewal is issued under section 1221 or this section, a pro rata fee for the period of the extension granted under section 1221 or this section. However, to save administrative costs, the agency may waive this fee for an extension of not more than 2 months.


Popular name: Act 368

333.1291 Obstruction of person enforcing health law.

Sec. 1291. A person shall not willfully oppose or obstruct a department representative, health officer, or any other person charged with enforcement of a health law in the performance of that person’s legal duty to enforce that law.


Popular name: Act 368

333.1299 Violation as misdemeanor; prosecution.

Sec. 1299. (1) A person who violates a provision of this code for which a penalty is not otherwise provided is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(2) A prosecuting attorney having jurisdiction and the attorney general knowing of a violation of this code, a rule promulgated under this code, or a local health department regulation the violation of which is punishable by a criminal penalty may prosecute the violator.


Popular name: Act 368

ARTICLE 2
ADMINISTRATION

PART 22
STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

333.2201 Department of public health and office of director of public health continued.

Sec. 2201. The department of public health and the office of the director of public health created by sections 425 and 426 of Act No. 380 of the Public Acts of 1965, being sections 16.525 and 16.526 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, shall continue under this code.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of occupational health in the bureau of environmental and occupational health, with the exception of dry cleaning unit, from the department of public health to the director of the department of labor, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of certain powers and duties of the office of policy, planning and evaluation from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2202 Director of public health; appointment, term, and qualifications; designation and responsibility of chief medical executive; “administrative experience” defined.

Sec. 2202. (1) The governor shall appoint the director of public health by the method and for a term prescribed by section 508 of Act No. 380 of the Public Acts of 1965, being section 16.608 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The director shall be qualified in the general field of health administration. Qualification may be demonstrated by either of the following:

(a) Not less than 8 years administrative experience of which not less than 5 years have been in the field of health administration.

(b) A degree beyond the level of baccalaureate in a field related to public health or administration, and not less than 5 years of administrative experience in the field of health administration.

(2) If the director is not a physician, the director shall designate a physician as chief medical executive of the department. The chief medical executive shall be a full-time employee and shall be responsible to the director for
the medical content of policies and programs.

(3) As used in this section, “administrative experience” means service in a management or supervisory capacity.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the chief medical executive from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2204 Director of public health; salary; full-time performance of functions; expenses.

Sec. 2204. The director shall receive an annual salary appropriated by the legislature and payable in the same manner as salaries of other state officers. The director’s full time shall be devoted to the performance of the functions of the director’s office. The director shall receive expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of official functions.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2205 Assignment, vesting, and exercise of functions; internal organization of department; allocation and reallocation of duties and functions.

Sec. 2205. (1) A function assigned by this code to the department vests in the director or in an employee or agent of the department designated by the director, or in any employee or agent of the department who is assigned the function in accordance with internal administrative procedures of the department established by the director. A function vested by law in a nonautonomous entity of the department may be exercised by the director.

(2) As provided in section 7 of Act No. 380 of the Public Acts of 1965, being section 16.107 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and except as otherwise provided by law, the director with the approval of the governor may establish the internal organization of the department and to allocate and reallocate duties and functions to provide economic and efficient administration and operation of the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2208 Public health advisory council; creation; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; removal; vacancy.

Sec. 2208. (1) The public health advisory council is created in the department. The public health advisory council shall consist of 16 members. Initial members of the public health advisory council shall include those individuals currently appointed to the advisory council created under section 506 of Act No. 380 of the Public Acts of 1965, being section 16.606 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, who shall serve for the remainder of their terms under that section.

(2) The advisory council shall represent consumers and providers of health care representative of the population as to sex, race, and ethnicity and shall include representatives of a local governing entity as defined in part 24 and a local health department. New members shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. Except for initial members, a member of the public health advisory council shall serve for a term of 4 years or until a successor is appointed. After the effective date of this part, an individual shall not serve more than 2 full terms and 1 partial term, consecutive or otherwise.

(3) The director may request the governor to remove a member from the public health advisory council at any time for good cause.

(4) A vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as an original appointment for the balance of the unexpired term.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the public health advisory council to the director of the department of community health and abolishment of the council, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.16324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2209 Public health advisory council; election and terms of chairperson and vice-chairperson; quorum; reimbursement; staff support.

Sec. 2209. (1) The public health advisory council shall elect a chairperson and vice-chairperson for terms of 2 years and shall determine the number of voting members constituting a quorum for the transaction of business.

(2) Public health advisory council members shall be reimbursed pursuant to section 1216.

(3) The department shall provide staff support to the public health advisory council.
333.2210 Public health advisory council; powers and duties generally.
Sec. 2210. (1) The public health advisory council shall advise and consult with the director on public health programs and policies.
(2) The public health advisory council may:
(a) Study issues, problems, and programs which the council and director jointly determine are of priority in the implementation of the responsibilities of the state and local health departments.
(b) Advise the director on selected issues related to health planning and department implementation of long-term health policies.
(c) Make recommendations as to the department's state health plan development responsibilities and duties delegated to the department pursuant to law.
(d) Make recommendations as to the activities of all advisory committees, councils, boards, task forces, and commissions created in the department under this code or any other law and report annually to the director on the activities of those entities with particular attention to areas of overlapping functions and activities.
(e) Provide other assistance the director reasonably requests.

333.2211 Coordination between local health departments and local health planning agencies; review; annual assessment; information.
Sec. 2211. (1) In each of the 3 years immediately after the effective date of this part, the public health advisory council shall review the coordination between local health departments and local health planning agencies, and make annual assessments by January 1 of those years to the director including actions which should be taken to improve coordination. The annual assessment shall be available to the governor, legislature, county boards of commissioners, local health departments, health planning agencies, and other interested persons.
(2) The department shall provide the public health advisory council with information necessary to carry out its functions under this code.

333.2213 Task forces.
Sec. 2213. (1) The public health advisory council may appoint task forces composed of council members and other individuals in a number the council determines is appropriate when the council determines that either of the following exists:
(a) A task force is appropriate to provide professional or technical expertise related to a department or council function under this code.
(b) A task force is appropriate to provide additional public participation in a department or council function under this code.
(2) The department may request that the public health advisory council establish a task force when the department determines that the task force is appropriate to the functions vested in the department by this code.

333.2215 Termination of advisory committee or task force; exception; review of advisory council, commission, board, task force, or body.
Sec. 2215. (1) An advisory committee to the department created in this code or task force created under section 2213 shall terminate 2 years after the date of its creation or renewal unless the public health advisory council not
later than 90 days before an advisory committee is to terminate reviews the need for the continued existence of the advisory committee or task force and thereafter recommends its continuance.

(2) Upon the recommendation of the public health advisory council the director may reappoint or request reappointment of an advisory committee which would have been otherwise terminated pursuant to subsection (1). Subsection (1) does not apply to advisory councils, commissions, boards, task forces, or other advisory bodies which are not specifically designated as advisory committees.

(3) Not later than 2 years after the effective date of this code, and biennially thereafter, the public health advisory council shall review and advise the director on the need for, and alternatives to, each advisory council, commission, board, task force, or body established in the department.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the public health advisory council to the director of the department of community health and abolishment of the council, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2221 Organized programs to prevent disease, prolong life, and promote public health; duties of department.

Sec. 2221. (1) Pursuant to section 51 of article 4 of the state constitution of 1963, the department shall continually and diligently endeavor to prevent disease, prolong life, and promote the public health through organized programs, including prevention and control of environmental health hazards; prevention and control of diseases; prevention and control of health problems of particularly vulnerable population groups; development of health care facilities and agencies and health services delivery systems; and regulation of health care facilities and agencies and health services delivery systems to the extent provided by law.

(2) The department shall:

(a) Have general supervision of the interests of the health and life of the people of this state.

(b) Implement and enforce laws for which responsibility is vested in the department.

(c) Collect and utilize vital and health statistics and provide for epidemiological and other research studies for the purpose of protecting the public health.

(d) Make investigations and inquiries as to:

(i) The causes of disease and especially of epidemics.

(ii) The causes of morbidity and mortality.

(iii) The causes, prevention, and control of environmental health hazards, nuisances, and sources of illness.

(e) Plan, implement, and evaluate health education by the provision of expert technical assistance and financial support.

(f) Take appropriate affirmative action to promote equal employment opportunity within the department and local health departments and to promote equal access to governmental financed health services to all individuals in the state in need of service.

(g) Have powers necessary or appropriate to perform the duties and exercise the powers given by law to the department and which are not otherwise prohibited by law.

(h) Plan, implement, and evaluate nutrition services by the provision of expert technical assistance and financial support.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2223 Biennial plan for rural health; preparation; submission to standing committees.

Sec. 2223. The center for rural health created under section 2612, in consultation with the department and professional associations representing health facilities and health professions, shall prepare a biennial plan for rural health. The center for rural health, in consultation with the department, shall submit the plan to the standing committees in the senate and house of representatives with jurisdiction over matters pertaining to public health.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the center for rural health from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of powers and duties of the center for rural health to the director of the department of community health and abolishment of the center, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2224 Promotion of local health services; coordination and integration of public health
Sec. 2224. Pursuant to this code, the department shall promote an adequate and appropriate system of local health services throughout the state and shall endeavor to develop and establish arrangements and procedures for the effective coordination and integration of all public health services including effective cooperation between public and nonpublic entities to provide a unified system of statewide health care.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2226 Powers of department.

Sec. 2226. The department may:

(a) Engage in research programs and staff professional training programs.

(b) Advise governmental entities or other persons as to the location, drainage, water supply, disposal of solid waste, heating, and ventilation of buildings.

(c) Enter into an agreement, contract, or arrangement with governmental entities or other persons necessary or appropriate to assist the department in carrying out its duties and functions.

(d) Exercise authority and promulgate rules to safeguard properly the public health; to prevent the spread of diseases and the existence of sources of contamination; and to implement and carry out the powers and duties vested by law in the department.

(e) Accept gifts, grants, bequests, and other donations in the name of this state. Funds or property accepted shall be used as directed by its donor and in accordance with the law, rules, and procedures of this state.

(f) Either directly or by interagency contract, develop and deliver health services to vulnerable population groups.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.60; R 325.921 et seq.; R 325.951 et seq.; R 325.2101 et seq.; R 325.2111 et seq.; R 325.3271 et seq.; R 325.3401 et seq.; R 325.3801 et seq.; R 325.5801 et seq.; R 325.9001 et seq.; R 325.9901 et seq.; R 325.13051 et seq.; R 325.13091 et seq.; R 325.23101 et seq.; and R 560.401 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.2228 Heads of intra-departmental units and employees; appointment; salaries and expenses; liability for damages; quarters and facilities.

Sec. 2228. (1) The director may appoint, subject to civil service procedures, heads of intra-departmental units and employees necessary to perform the functions prescribed by this code or any other law. Salaries and expenses incurred under this code shall be paid out of the amount appropriated for that purpose with the approval of the director.

(2) The director or an employee or representative of the department is not personally liable for damages sustained in the performance of departmental functions, except for wanton and wilful misconduct.

(3) The department of management and budget shall provide suitable quarters and facilities for the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2229 Employees at veterans' facility physically injured by assault; wages; supplement; fringe benefits.

Sec. 2229. A person employed by the department at the Michigan veterans' facility at Grand Rapids, or the D.J. Jacobetti veterans' facility at Marquette established under Act No. 152 of the Public Acts of 1885, being sections 36.1 to 36.12 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or any other veterans' facility operated by the department after the effective date of this section who is physically injured during the course of his or her employment as the result of an assault by a recipient of department services shall receive his or her full wages from the department until worker's compensation benefits begin and then shall receive in addition to worker's compensation benefits a supplement from the department which together with the worker's compensation benefits shall equal but not exceed the weekly net wage of the employee at the time of the injury. This supplement shall only apply while the person is on the department's payroll and is receiving worker's compensation benefits due to an injury covered by this section and shall include an employee who is receiving worker's compensation benefits on the effective date of this section due to an injury covered by this section. This supplement shall not exceed a 100 week period. Fringe benefits normally received by an employee shall be in effect during the time the employee receives the supplement provided by this section from the department.


Popular name: Act 368
333.2231 furnished information relating to public health; report.

Sec. 2231. (1) To assist the department in its duties and functions, officials of this state and persons transacting business in this state shall furnish the department with information relating to public health which may be requested by the department.

(2) The department shall report periodically to the governor and legislature as to the activities carried on under this code.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler’s note: The repealed section pertained to material safety data sheets, lists of hazardous chemicals, and access to information from employees regarding hazardous chemicals in workplace.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2232a Repeal of § 333.2232.

Sec. 2232a. Section 2232 is repealed on April 1, 1987.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2233 Rules.

Sec. 2233. (1) The department may promulgate rules necessary or appropriate to implement and carry out the duties or functions vested by law in the department.

(2) If the Michigan supreme court rules that sections 45 and 46 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, being sections 24.245 and 24.246 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, are unconstitutional, and a statute requiring legislative review of administrative rules is not enacted within 90 days after the Michigan supreme court ruling, the department shall not promulgate rules under this act.


Compiler’s note: In separate opinions, the Michigan Supreme Court held that Section 45(8), (9), (10), and (12) and the second sentence of Section 46(1) (“An agency shall not file a rule ... until at least 10 days after the date of the certificate of approval by the committee or after the legislature adopts a concurrent resolution approving the rule.”) of the Administrative Procedures Act of 1969, in providing for the Legislature’s reservation of authority to approve or disapprove rules proposed by executive branch agencies, did not comply with the enactment and presentment requirements of Const 1963, Art 4, and violated the separation of powers provision of Const 1963, Art 3, and, therefore, were unconstitutional. These specified portions were declared to be severable with the remaining portions remaining effective. Blank v Department of Corrections, 462 Mich 103 (2000).

Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 287.1; R 287.451 et seq.; R 287.481 et seq.; R 325.60; R 325.151 et seq.; R 325.921 et seq.; R 325.951 et seq.; R 325.1053 et seq.; R 325.1213 et seq.; R 325.1281 et seq.; R 325.1541 et seq.; R 325.2101 et seq.; R 325.2111 et seq.; R 325.2581; R 325.3271 et seq.; R 325.3311 et seq.; R 325.3401 et seq.; R 325.3801 et seq.; R 325.3810 et seq.; R 325.9001 et seq.; R 325.13051 et seq.; R 325.13091 et seq.; R 325.17101 et seq.; R 325.23101 et seq.; R 338.3801; and R 338.3821 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.2235 Local health department; authorization to exercise power or function; primary organization as to services and programs; exceptions; summary reports.

Sec. 2235. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), the department may authorize a local health department to exercise a power or function of the department where not otherwise prohibited by law or rule.

(2) The director, in determining the organization of services and programs which the department may establish or require under this code, shall consider a local health department which meets the requirements of part 24 to be the primary organization responsible for the organization, coordination, and delivery of those services and programs in the area served by the local health department.

(3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply if the director determines that 1 of the following exists:

(a) The local health department does not have and is unable or unwilling to obtain qualified personnel or does not have and is unable or unwilling to obtain the administrative capacity or programmatic mechanisms to perform a specific function.

(b) The services or programs are so specialized in nature and of such technical complexity that cost benefit or cost effectiveness does not justify administration through the local health department.

(c) Legal constraints preclude the assignment of the responsibility.

(4) When a branch of the state department of public health directly delivers services within a local health department area, the state department of public health shall provide summary reports of those activities to the local
333.2237 Duties of department as to health education; “health education” defined.

Sec. 2237. (1) The department shall:
   (a) Exercise overall leadership in recognizing the importance of public health education objectives in the planning, developing, and carrying out of public health programs within the department's jurisdiction.
   (b) Encourage local health departments to give priority to community health education activities as an essential part of local health programs.
   (c) Develop and apply standards for the evaluation of public health education activities both at the state and local level and in cooperation with other public and private agencies.
   (d) Collect and disseminate information about public health education activities and research in this state.
   (2) As used in this section, “health education” means that dimension of health care that directs attention of individuals to their health behavior with the goal of enabling the individuals to make reasoned decisions about their own health practices and those within the various communities in which the individuals live, work, and play. The basic components of reasoned health decision-making education include both:
      (a) The acquisition of accurate, unbiased, authoritative knowledge of subjects such as human biology, efficacy of early prevention, disease detection and control, nutritional practices, detection and control of environmental hazards, alternative health practices and the consequences of each, and the affective assessment of an individual's own beliefs on health outcomes.
      (b) The acquisition of the behavior skills required to carry out the desired alternative.

333.2241 Inspection or investigation to assure compliance; application for warrant.

Sec. 2241. (1) To assure compliance with laws enforced by the department, the department may inspect, investigate, or authorize an inspection or investigation to be made of any matter, thing, premises, place, person, record, vehicle, incident, or event.
   (2) The department may apply for an inspection or investigation warrant under section 2242 to carry out this section.

333.2242 Warrant; affidavit required for issuance.

Sec. 2242. Upon receipt of an affidavit made on oath establishing grounds for issuing a warrant pursuant to section 2243, a magistrate shall issue an inspection or investigation warrant authorizing the department applying for the warrant to conduct an inspection or investigation.

333.2243 Warrant; grounds for issuance.

Sec. 2243. A magistrate shall issue an inspection or investigation warrant if either of the following exists:
   (a) Reasonable legislative or administrative standards for conducting a routine or area inspection are satisfied with respect to the particular thing, premises, place, person, record, vehicle, incident, or event.
   (b) There is reason to believe that noncompliance with laws enforced by the state or local health department may exist with respect to the particular thing, premises, place, person, record, vehicle, incident, or event.

333.2244 Warrant; finding of cause.

Sec. 2244. The magistrate's finding of cause shall be based on the facts stated in the affidavit. The affidavit may be based upon reliable information supplied to the applicant from a credible individual, named or unnamed, if the affidavit contains affirmative allegations that the individual spoke with personal knowledge of the matters contained in the affidavit.
333.2245 Warrant; directing to law enforcement officer; contents.
Sec. 2245. An inspection or investigation warrant may be directed to the sheriff or any law enforcement officer, commanding the officer to assist the state or local health department in the inspection or investigation. A warrant shall designate and describe the location or thing to be inspected and the property or thing to be seized. The warrant shall state the grounds or cause for its issuance or a copy of the affidavit shall be attached to the warrant.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2246 Warrant; execution.
Sec. 2246. The officer to whom an inspection or investigation warrant is directed or a person assisting the officer may break an outer or inner door or window of a house or building, or anything therein, to execute the warrant, if, after notice of his or her authority and purpose, the officer is refused admittance, or when necessary to liberate the officer or person assisting the officer in execution of the warrant.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2247 Warrant; procuring maliciously or without cause; misdemeanor.
Sec. 2247. A person who maliciously and without cause procures an inspection or investigation warrant to be issued and executed is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2251 Imminent danger to health or lives; informing individuals affected; order; noncompliance; petition to restrain condition or practice; conditions constituting menace to public health; duty of director; “imminent danger” and “person” defined.
Sec. 2251. (1) Upon a determination that an imminent danger to the health or lives of individuals exists in this state, the director immediately shall inform the individuals affected by the imminent danger and issue an order which shall be delivered to a person, authorized to avoid, correct, or remove the imminent danger or be posted at or near the imminent danger. The order shall incorporate the director's findings and require immediate action necessary to avoid, correct, or remove the imminent danger. The order may specify action to be taken or prohibit the presence of individuals in locations or under conditions where the imminent danger exists, except individuals whose presence is necessary to avoid, correct, or remove the imminent danger.

(2) Upon failure of a person to comply promptly with a department order issued under this section, the department may petition the circuit court having jurisdiction to restrain a condition or practice which the director determines causes the imminent danger or to require action to avoid, correct, or remove the imminent danger.

(3) If the director determines that conditions anywhere in this state constitute a menace to the public health, the director may take full charge of the administration of state and local health laws, rules, regulations, and ordinances applicable thereto.

(4) As used in this section:
(a) “Imminent danger” means a condition or practice exists which could reasonably be expected to cause death, disease, or serious physical harm immediately or before the imminence of the danger can be eliminated through enforcement procedures otherwise provided.
(b) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2253 Epidemic; emergency order and procedures.
Sec. 2253. If the director determines that control of an epidemic is necessary to protect the public health, the director, by emergency order, may prohibit the gathering of people for any purpose and may establish procedures to be followed during the epidemic to insure continuation of essential public health services and enforcement of health laws. Emergency procedures shall not be limited to this code.

333.2255  Injunctive action.

Sec. 2255. Notwithstanding the existence and pursuit of any other remedy, the department, without posting bond, may maintain injunctive action in the name of the people of this state to restrain, prevent, or correct a violation of a law, rule, or order which the department has the duty to enforce or to restrain, prevent, or correct an activity or condition which the department believes adversely affects the public health.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2261  Violation as misdemeanor; penalty.

Sec. 2261. Except as otherwise provided by this code, a person who violates a rule or order of the department is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 6 months, or a fine of not more than $200.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2262  Violation; rules adopting schedule of monetary civil penalties; issuance, contents, and delivery of citation.

Sec. 2262. (1) The department may promulgate rules to adopt a schedule of monetary civil penalties, not to exceed $1,000.00 for each violation or day that a violation continues, which may be assessed for a specified violation of this code or a rule promulgated or an order issued under this code and which the department has the authority and duty to enforce.

(2) If a department representative believes that a person has violated this code or a rule promulgated or an order issued under this code which the department has the authority and duty to enforce, the representative may issue a citation at that time or not later than 90 days after discovery of the alleged violation. The citation shall be written and shall state with particularity the nature of the violation, including reference to the section, rule, or order alleged to have been violated, the civil penalty established for the violation, if any, and the right to appeal the citation pursuant to section 2263. The citation shall be delivered or sent by registered mail to the alleged violator.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2263  Citation; petition for administrative hearing; decision of hearings officer; review; provisions governing hearings and appeals; civil penalty.

Sec. 2263. (1) Not later than 20 days after receipt of the citation, the alleged violator may petition the department for an administrative hearing, which shall be held within 60 days after receipt of the petition by the department. The administrative hearing may be conducted by a hearings officer who may affirm, dismiss, or modify the citation. The decision of the hearings officer shall be final, unless within 30 days after the decision the director grants a review of the citation. Upon review, the director may affirm, dismiss, or modify the citation.

(2) Hearings and appeals under this section shall conform to the administrative procedures act of 1969.

(3) A civil penalty shall become final if a petition for an administrative hearing is not received within the time specified in subsection (1). A civil penalty imposed shall be paid to the state treasury for deposit in the general fund. A civil penalty may be recovered in a civil action brought in the county in which the violation occurred or the defendant resides.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 23

BASIC HEALTH SERVICES

333.2301  Identification of priority health problems; preparation and basis of proposed list of basic health services.

Sec. 2301. (1) The department, utilizing broad participation of, and providing ample opportunity for the submission of recommendations by, the individuals and organizations described in section 2302, annually shall
identify the priority health problems of this state utilizing state health plans and an assessment procedure based on
data and statistics consistent with or provided for in sections 2616 and 2617i. Identification of priority health
problems related to mental health shall be made with the consultation and advice of the department of mental
health. From these priorities, the department annually shall prepare a proposed list of basic preventive, personal,
and environmental health services to be made available and accessible to all residents in need of the services in this
state without regard for place of residence, marital status, sex, age, race, or inability to pay.

(2) The list of proposed basic health services shall be based upon the capabilities of the health related arts and
sciences and upon criteria related to health needs, resources, and performance and shall take into account the
services provided by private practitioners and private providers of health services. To the extent that the proposed
list of basic health services includes mental health services for which responsibility has been vested in state or local
mental health agencies by Act No. 258 of the Public Acts of 1974, as amended, being sections 330.1001 to
330.2106 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or rules promulgated pursuant to that act, the inclusion of those services
in the proposed list shall be subject to the approval of the department of mental health.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the bureau of child and family services, with the exception of the women,
infants, and children division, from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2302 Annual budget request to include proposed list of basic health services and proposed
program statement; review and comment.

Sec. 2302. The proposed list of basic health services, the methodology used to derive the list, and a proposed
program statement shall be included in the department's annual budget request and shall be made available for
review and comment to the legislature, health planning agencies, local health departments, local governmental
entities, health professional associations, and the public.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2305 Proposed program statement; contents.

Sec. 2305. The proposed program statement shall include:
(a) A statement describing the availability and accessibility of proposed basic health services to all residents in
need in this state.
(b) The basic health services proposed to be delivered through the department.
(c) The basic health services proposed to be delivered through other public or nonpublic entities through
contracts or other arrangements.
(d) The basic health services proposed to be delivered through local health departments in accordance with the
criteria set forth in section 2235.
(e) A description of the methods which will be employed to make persons aware of the availability and
accessibility of the proposed basic health services.
(f) A description of the proposed methods and sources of financing the proposed basic health services.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2311 Proposed health services as basic health services; revision, publication, and
dissemination of list and program statement.

Sec. 2311. Those health services proposed under this part which are funded by appropriations to the department
or which are made available through other arrangements approved by the legislature in the appropriations process
are basic health services for purposes of this code. The department shall revise the proposed list of basic health
services and the program statement to reflect funds actually appropriated and shall cause the list and program
statement, as revised, to be published and widely disseminated.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2321 Availability and accessibility of basic health services; demonstration upon request;
basic health service as required service; notice of nonavailability or nonaccessibility;
investigation; notice to complainant.
Sec. 2321. (1) Upon request, the department shall demonstrate the availability and accessibility of the basic health services in a manner consistent with the revised program statement and this code.

(2) A basic health service designated for delivery through a local health department is a required service under part 24 for the local fiscal year covered by the appropriation.

(3) A person who believes that a basic health service described in the revised program statement is not available or accessible may notify the department. The department shall investigate each written complaint and shall notify the complainant of the availability and source of the service. If there are grounds to believe that the service is not available or accessible, the complainant shall be given written notice, within a reasonable time, of the action proposed to be taken.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 24
LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENTS

333.2401 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 2401. (1) For purposes of this part, the words and phrases defined in sections 2403 to 2408 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2403 Definitions; A to D.
Sec. 2403. (1) “Allowable service” means a health service delivered in a city, county, district, or part thereof, which is not a required service but which the department determines is eligible for cost reimbursement pursuant to sections 2471 to 2498.

(2) “County” includes a unified county unless otherwise specified.

(3) “District” means a multi-county or city-county district served by a health department created under section 2415.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2406 Definitions; L.
Sec. 2406. “Local governing entity” means:
(a) In case of a single county health department, the county board of commissioners.
(b) In case of a district health department, the county boards of commissioners of the counties comprising the district.
(c) In case of a district health department which includes a single city health department, the county boards of commissioners of the counties comprising the district and the mayor and city council of the city.
(d) In case of a single city health department, the mayor and city council of the city.
(e) In the case of a local health department serving a county within which a single city health department has been created pursuant to section 2422, the county board of commissioners elected from the districts served by the county health department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2408 Definitions; R to U.
Sec. 2408. (1) “Required service” means a local health service specifically required pursuant to this part or specifically required elsewhere in state law, except a service specifically excluded by this part or a rule promulgated pursuant to this part.

(2) “Unified county” means a county having an optional unified form of county government under Act No. 139 of the Public Acts of 1973, as amended, being sections 45.551 to 45.573 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

333.2411 Division of powers and duties.

Sec. 2411. (1) Where the governing entity of a local health department includes a unified county, the powers and duties vested in the county board of commissioners and county executive in that county shall be divided in accordance with Act No. 139 of the Public Acts of 1973, as amended.

(2) Where the local governing entity of a local health department includes a city, the powers and duties vested in the mayor and city council shall be divided as provided by law and the city charter.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2413 County health department; county board of health.

Sec. 2413. Except if a district health department is created pursuant to section 2415, the local governing entity of a county shall provide for a county health department which meets the requirements of this part, and may appoint a county board of health.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2415 Creation of district health department; composition of district board of health.

Sec. 2415. Two or more counties or a city having a population of 750,000 or more and 1 or more counties, by a majority vote of each local governing entity and with approval of the department, may unite to create a district health department. The district board of health shall be composed of 2 members from each county board of commissioners or in case of a city-county district 2 members from each county board of commissioners and 2 representatives appointed by the mayor of the city. With the consent of the local governing entities affected, a county or city may have a greater number of representatives.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2417 Claim against district health department; audit; allowance of claim; report; appeal; apportionment of allowed claims; formula; voucher.

Sec. 2417. A claim against a district health department shall be audited by the district board of health which has the same power to allow the claim that a local governing entity has as to claims against a county or city. If the district board of health meets less often than once a month, a claim may be allowed by the local health officer and 1 member of the district board of health who shall report the action to the board at its next regular meeting. The same right of appeal from the decision of the district board of health as to a claim exists as from a similar decision of a local governing entity. The total amount of the allowed claims shall be apportioned among the local governing entities of the district using a formula approved by the district health board. The formula determined by the district health board shall be approved by the state department of treasury. A voucher for an allowed claim shall be issued by the officers of each local governing entity for its apportioned share.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2419 Employment of personnel; consolidation of functions.

Sec. 2419. Two or more local governing entities may contract for the employment of personnel or the consolidation of functions of their local health departments under a plan approved by the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2421 City health department; creation; powers and duties.

Sec. 2421. A city having a population of 750,000 or more may create a city health department which shall be considered a local health department for purposes of this code, if the requirements of sections 2422 to 2424 are met. If a city creates a health department, that department and its local governing entity shall have the powers and duties of a local health department or local governing entity as provided by this part.


Popular name: Act 368
333.2422 Selection of option by city; notice of intent.
Sec. 2422. Not later than 6 months after the effective date of this part, a city having a population of 750,000 or more shall select an option permitted under this section in a manner consistent with its charter and shall notify the department of the city's intent to do 1 of the following:
(a) Create a city health department pursuant to a plan developed under section 2424.
(b) Join with the county or district in which the city is located to create a district health department pursuant to section 2415 and a plan developed under section 2424.
(c) Decline to exercise the options in subdivision (a) or (b), in which case the local health department otherwise having jurisdiction in the county in which the city is located, pursuant to a plan developed under section 2424, shall assume the powers and duties of a local health department in the city.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2423 Selection of option by city; failure to notify department; continuing local financial support for affected services.
Sec. 2423. Failure to notify the department under section 2422 is considered an exercise of the option in section 2422(c). Selection of the option in section 2422(a) or (b) does not preclude the selection of the option in section 2422(c) and the implementation of section 2424 at a later time. During the transition period, a city exercising the option in section 2422(c) shall continue local financial support for affected services at a level considered by the department to be consistent with support previously provided by the city, or with the requirements of the approved plan.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2424 Selection of option by city; planning period; transition plan; responsibility for local cost of required services; approval of developed plan; disposition of federal funds.
Sec. 2424. (1) A city selecting an option under section 2422 has a planning period of:
(a) One year after the selection of the option in section 2422(a).
(b) Eighteen months after the selection of the option in section 2422(b) or (c).
(2) During the planning period the affected local governing entities shall develop and adopt a plan setting forth the arrangements, agreements, and contracts necessary to establish a local health department pursuant to the exercised option and prescribing a timetable for the indicated transition. The transition plan shall provide that a city shall assume full financial liability for the local cost of services or programs provided by the city or transferred to the city by another local governing entity by virtue of the exercise of the option in section 2422(a). The plan shall include contracts providing that an employee transferred under the plan shall not lose any benefit or right as a result of the transfer. Upon completion of the transition period, a city exercising that option is solely responsible for the local cost of all required services under this part.
(3) By the end of the planning period, the developed plan shall be submitted to the department for approval. If a plan is not submitted or approved, the department shall develop a transition plan during the 6 months after the end of the planning period and, upon completion, the plan shall be an approved plan under this section.
(4) Subject to federal law and regulations, disposition of federal funds shall be made in accordance with the approved plan and option exercised.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2426 Real and personal property of village or township board or department of health; title; use and administration.
Sec. 2426. The title to real and personal property of a village or township board or department of health, including cemetery and trust property, shall vest in the village or township and be held in its name as of the effective date of the repeal by this code of provisions authorizing the creation of boards or departments of health. The property shall be used and administered by the village or township, or appropriate agency thereof, as provided by law.
Popular name: Act 368
333.2428  Local health officer; appointment; qualifications; powers and duties.
Sec. 2428. (1) A local health department shall have a full-time local health officer appointed by the local
governing entity or in case of a district health department by the district board of health. The local health officer
shall possess professional qualifications for administration of a local health department as prescribed by the
department.
(2) The local health officer shall act as the administrative officer of the board of health and local health
department and may take actions and make determinations necessary or appropriate to carry out the local health
department's functions under this part or functions delegated under this part and to protect the public health and
prevent disease.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2431  Local health department; requirements; report; reviewing plan for organization of local
health department; waiver.
Sec. 2431. (1) A local health department shall:
(a) Have a plan of organization approved by the department.
(b) Demonstrate ability to provide required services.
(c) Demonstrate ability to defend and indemnify employees for civil liability sustained in the performance of
official duties except for wanton and wilful misconduct.
(d) Meet the other requirements of this part.
(2) Each local health department shall report to the department at least annually on its activities, including
information required by the department.
(3) In reviewing a plan for organization of a local health department, the department shall consider the fiscal
capacity and public health effort of the applicant and shall encourage boundaries consistent with those of planning
agencies established pursuant to federal law.
(4) The department may waive a requirement of this section during the option period specified in section 2422
based on acceptable plan development during the planning period described in section 2424 and thereafter based on
acceptable progress toward implementation of the plan as determined by the department.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2433  Local health department; powers and duties generally.
Sec. 2433. (1) A local health department shall continually and diligently endeavor to prevent disease, prolong
life, and promote the public health through organized programs, including prevention and control of environmental
health hazards; prevention and control of diseases; prevention and control of health problems of particularly
vulnerable population groups; development of health care facilities and health services delivery systems; and
regulation of health care facilities and health services delivery systems to the extent provided by law.
(2) A local health department shall:
(a) Implement and enforce laws for which responsibility is vested in the local health department.
(b) Utilize vital and health statistics and provide for epidemiological and other research studies for the purpose of
protecting the public health.
(c) Make investigations and inquiries as to:
(i) The causes of disease and especially of epidemics.
(ii) The causes of morbidity and mortality.
(iii) The causes, prevention, and control of environmental health hazards, nuisances, and sources of illness.
(d) Plan, implement, and evaluate health education through the provision of expert technical assistance, or
financial support, or both.
(e) Provide or demonstrate the provision of required services as set forth in section 2473(2).
(f) Have powers necessary or appropriate to perform the duties and exercise the powers given by law to the local
health officer and which are not otherwise prohibited by law.
(g) Plan, implement, and evaluate nutrition services by provision of expert technical assistance or financial
support, or both.
(3) This section does not limit the powers or duties of a local health officer otherwise vested by law.
Popular name: Act 368
333.2435  Local health department; additional powers.
Sec. 2435. A local health department may:
(a) Engage in research programs and staff professional training programs.
(b) Advise other local agencies and persons as to the location, drainage, water supply, disposal of solid waste, heating, and ventilation of buildings.
(c) Enter into an agreement, contract, or arrangement with a governmental entity or other person necessary or appropriate to assist the local health department in carrying out its duties and functions unless otherwise prohibited by law.
(d) Adopt regulations to properly safeguard the public health and to prevent the spread of diseases and sources of contamination.
(e) Accept gifts, grants, bequests, and other donations for use in performing the local health department's functions. Funds or property accepted shall be used as directed by its donor and in accordance with the law, rules, and procedures of this state and the local governing entity.
(f) Sell and convey real estate owned by the local health department.
(g) Provide services not inconsistent with this code.
(h) Participate in the cost reimbursement program set forth in sections 2471 to 2498.
(i) Perform a delegated function unless otherwise prohibited by law.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2437  Exercise by department of public health of power vested in local health department.
Sec. 2437. The department, in addition to any other power vested in it by law, may exercise any power vested in a local health department in an area where the local health department does not meet the requirements of this part.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2441  Adoption of regulations; purpose; approval; effective date; stringency; conflicting ordinances; violation; penalty.
Sec. 2441. (1) A local health department may adopt regulations necessary or appropriate to implement or carry out the duties or functions vested by law in the local health department. The regulations shall be approved or disapproved by the local governing entity. The regulations shall become effective 45 days after approval by the local health department's governing entity or at a time specified by the local health department's governing entity. The regulations shall be at least as stringent as the standard established by state law applicable to the same or similar subject matter. Regulations of a local health department supersede inconsistent or conflicting local ordinances.
(2) A person who violates a regulation is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or a fine of not more than $200.00, or both.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2442  Adoption of regulation; notice of public hearing.
Sec. 2442. Before adoption of a regulation the local health department shall give notice of a public hearing and offer any person an opportunity to present data, views, and arguments. The notice shall be given not less than 10 days before the public hearing and not less than 20 days before adoption of the regulation. The notice shall include the time and place of the public hearing and a statement of the terms or substance of the proposed regulation or a description of the subjects and issues involved and the proposed effective date of the regulation. The notice shall be published in a manner calculated to give notice to persons likely to be affected by the proposed regulation. Methods which may be employed, depending on the circumstances, include publication of the notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction, or when appropriate, in a trade, industry, governmental, or professional publication.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2444  Fees for services; expenses and compensation.
Sec. 2444. (1) A local governing entity, or in case of a district the district board of health, may fix and require
the payment of fees for services authorized or required to be performed by the local health department. The local governing entity or district board may revoke, increase, or amend the fees. The fees charged shall not be more than the reasonable cost of performing the service.

(2) Members of a local board of health may receive necessary traveling expenses for attending meetings and may receive compensation as determined by the local governing entity for each meeting attended.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2446 Inspection or investigation.
Sec. 2446. To assure compliance with laws enforced by a local health department, the local health department may inspect, investigate, or authorize an inspection or investigation to be made of, any matter, thing, premise, place, person, record, vehicle, incident, or event. Sections 2241 to 2247 apply to an inspection or investigation made under this section.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2448 Intergovernmental contracts; existing contracts not affected.
Sec. 2448. (1) A city, county, district, or part thereof may enter into an intergovernmental contract necessary or appropriate to a reorganization or an assumption or relinquishing of a health jurisdiction or function authorized by this part. The contract shall provide that an employee transferred shall not lose any benefit or right as a result of the transfer.

(2) This section does not affect existing contracts between cities and counties for the provision of health services.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2451 Imminent danger to health or lives; informing individuals affected; order; noncompliance; petition to restrain condition or practice; “imminent danger” and “person” defined.
Sec. 2451. (1) Upon a determination that an imminent danger to the health or lives of individuals exists in the area served by the local health department, the local health officer immediately shall inform the individuals affected by the imminent danger and issue an order which shall be delivered to a person authorized to avoid, correct, or remove the imminent danger or be posted at or near the imminent danger. The order shall incorporate the findings of the local health department and require immediate action necessary to avoid, correct, or remove the imminent danger. The order may specify action to be taken or prohibit the presence of individuals in locations or under conditions where the imminent danger exists, except individuals whose presence is necessary to avoid, correct, or remove the imminent danger.

(2) Upon the failure of a person to comply promptly with an order issued under this section, the local health department may petition a circuit or district court having jurisdiction to restrain a condition or practice which the local health officer determines causes the imminent danger or to require action to avoid, correct, or remove the imminent danger.

(3) As used in this section:
(a) “Imminent danger” means a condition or practice which could reasonably be expected to cause death, disease, or serious physical harm immediately or before the imminence of the danger can be eliminated through enforcement procedures otherwise provided.
(b) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2453 Epidemic; emergency order and procedures; involuntary detention and treatment.
Sec. 2453. (1) If a local health officer determines that control of an epidemic is necessary to protect the public health, the local health officer may issue an emergency order to prohibit the gathering of people for any purpose and may establish procedures to be followed by persons, including a local governmental entity, during the epidemic to insure continuation of essential public health services and enforcement of health laws. Emergency procedures shall not be limited to this code.

(2) A local health department or the department may provide for the involuntary detention and treatment of
individuals with hazardous communicable disease in the manner prescribed in sections 5201 to 5238.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2455 Building or condition violating health laws or constituting nuisance, unsanitary condition, or cause of illness; order; noncompliance; warrant; assessment and collection of expenses; liability; judicial order; other powers not affected.

Sec. 2455. (1) A local health department or the department may issue an order to avoid, correct, or remove, at the owner's expense, a building or condition which violates health laws or which the local health officer or director reasonably believes to be a nuisance, unsanitary condition, or cause of illness.

(2) If the owner or occupant does not comply with the order, the local health department or department may cause the violation, nuisance, unsanitary condition, or cause of illness to be removed and may seek a warrant for this purpose. The owner of the premises shall pay the expenses incurred.

(3) If the owner of the premises refuses on demand to pay expenses incurred, the sums paid shall be assessed against the property and shall be collected and treated in the same manner as taxes assessed under the general laws of this state. An occupant or other person who caused or permitted the violation, nuisance, unsanitary condition, or cause of illness to exist is liable to the owner of the premises for the amount paid by the owner or assessed against the property which amount shall be recoverable in an action.

(4) A court, upon a finding that a violation or nuisance may be injurious to the public health, may order the removal, abatement, or destruction of the violation or nuisance at the expense of the defendant, under the direction of the local health department where the violation or nuisance is found. The form of the warrant to the sheriff or other law enforcement officer may be varied accordingly.

(5) This section does not affect powers otherwise granted to local governments.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2458 Establishment of cemetery; requirements; determinations; approval; disposition of plats; vacating cemetery; removal and reinterment of bodies and remains.

Sec. 2458. (1) A person or governmental entity shall not establish a cemetery in this state until a description of the premises and a plat showing the cemetery's division is filed in duplicate with the local health department having jurisdiction of the premises. A local health department shall not approve a proposed cemetery if the local health department determines that establishment or operation of the cemetery would be injurious to the public health. The local health department shall determine whether it is safe and healthful for a cemetery to be established in the proposed location and if the local health department approves the location and the plat of the premises, the local health department shall indorse its approval on both plats. When the establishment of a cemetery is approved, 1 plat shall be returned to the proprietor and the other shall be retained and preserved by the local health department.

(2) The local health department shall supervise activities to vacate a cemetery and the removal and reinterment of bodies and remains.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2461 Violation; schedule of monetary civil penalties; issuance, contents, and delivery of citation.

Sec. 2461. (1) In the manner prescribed in sections 2441 and 2442 a local governing entity may adopt a schedule of monetary civil penalties of not more than $1,000.00 for each violation or day that the violation continues which may be assessed for a specified violation of this code or a rule promulgated, regulation adopted, or order issued which the local health department has the authority and duty to enforce.

(2) If a local health department representative believes that a person has violated this code or a rule promulgated, regulation adopted, or order issued under this code which the local health department has the authority and duty to enforce, the representative may issue a citation at that time or not later than 90 days after discovery of the alleged violation. The citation shall be written and shall state with particularity the nature of the violation, including reference to the section, rule, order, or regulation alleged to have been violated, the civil penalty established for the violation, if any, and the right to appeal the citation pursuant to section 2462. The citation shall be delivered or sent by registered mail to the alleged violator.

333.2462 Citation; petition for administrative hearing; decision of local health officer; review; petition for judicial review; civil penalty.

Sec. 2462. (1) Not later than 20 days after receipt of the citation, the alleged violator may petition the local health department for an administrative hearing which shall be held within 30 days after the receipt of the petition. After the administrative hearing, the local health officer may affirm, dismiss, or modify the citation. The decision of the local health officer shall be final, unless within 60 days of the decision the appropriate local governing entity or committee thereof, or in the case of a district department, the district board of health or committee thereof, grants review of the citation. After the review, the local governing entity, board of health, or committee thereof may affirm, dismiss, or modify the citation.

(2) A person aggrieved by a decision of a local health officer, local governing entity, or board of health under this section may petition the circuit court of the county in which the principal office of the local health department is located for review. The petition shall be filed not later than 60 days following receipt of the final decision.

(3) A civil penalty becomes final if a petition for an administrative hearing or review is not received within the time specified in this section. A civil penalty imposed under this part is payable to the appropriate local health department for deposit with the general funds of the local governing entity, or in case of a district, the funds shall be divided according to the formula used to divide other district funds. A civil penalty may be recovered in a civil action brought in the county in which the violation occurred or the defendant resides.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2463 Appearance tickets.

Sec. 2463. In the manner prescribed in sections 2441 and 2442 a local governing entity may designate representatives of the local health department as public servants authorized by law to issue and serve appearance tickets pursuant to sections 9a to 9g of chapter 4 of Act No. 175 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended, being sections 764.9a to 764.9g of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2465 Injunctive action; liability for damages.

Sec. 2465. (1) Notwithstanding the existence and pursuit of any other remedy, a local health officer, without posting bond, may maintain injunctive action to restrain, prevent, or correct a violation of a law, rule, or order which the officer has the duty to enforce, or to restrain, prevent, or correct an activity or condition which the officer believes adversely affects the public health.

(2) A local health officer or an employee or representative of a local health department is not personally liable for damages sustained in the performance of local health department functions, except for wanton and wilful misconduct.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2471 Program; establishment; objectives.

Sec. 2471. The department shall establish a program pursuant to sections 2471 to 2498 with the following objectives:

(a) To prescribe responsibilities of state and local governments for local health services.

(b) To assure the availability, accessibility, and acceptability of required health services for the people of this state.

(c) To establish the basis for equitable state reimbursement of expenditures to support local health services.

(d) To assure that state reimbursement for reasonable and allowable costs for required and allowable local health services shall be provided at the level necessary to assure maintenance of the services on an equitable basis for the people of this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2472 Services eligible for cost sharing; criteria and procedures for additional services;
minimum standards for delivery of services.

Sec. 2472. (1) Services which a local health department is required to provide under the program plan described in part 23 are eligible for cost sharing under this part.

(2) The department shall prescribe criteria and procedures for designating additional services proposed by a local health department as allowable services.

(3) The department shall establish minimum standards of scope, quality, and administration for the delivery of required and allowable services not inconsistent with sections 2471 to 2498.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2473 Specific objectives of required services; demonstrating provision of service; contracts.

Sec. 2473. (1) Required services designated pursuant to part 23 shall be directed at the following specific objectives:

(a) Prevention and control of environmental health hazards.
(b) Prevention and control of diseases.
(c) Prevention and control of health problems of particularly vulnerable population groups.
(d) Development of health care facilities and agencies and health services delivery systems.
(e) Regulation of health care facilities and agencies and health services delivery systems to the extent provided by state law.

(2) A local health department and its local governing entity shall provide or demonstrate the provision of each required service which the local health department is designated to provide.

(3) The department may enter into contracts necessary or appropriate to carry out this section.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2475 Reimbursement for costs of services; equitable distribution; schedule; local expenditure in excess of prior appropriation.

Sec. 2475. (1) The department shall reimburse local governing entities for the reasonable and allowable costs of required and allowable health services delivered by the local governing entity as provided by this section. Subject to the availability of funds actually appropriated reimbursements shall be made in a manner to provide equitable distribution among the local governing entities and pursuant to the following schedule beginning in the second state fiscal year beginning on or after the effective date of this part:

(a) First year, 20%.
(b) Second year, 30%.
(c) Third year, 40%.
(d) Fourth year and thereafter, 50%.

(2) Until the 50% level is reached, a local governing entity is not required to provide for required services if the local expenditure necessary to provide the services is greater than those funds appropriated and expended in the full state fiscal year immediately before the effective date of this part.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2476 Reimbursement of certain expenditures prohibited.

Sec. 2476. The following expenditures shall not be reimbursed under sections 2471 to 2498:

(a) Expenditures for required and allowable services to the extent the expenditures are reimbursed from another source such as fees for services or another state or federal program.
(b) Direct capital expenditures for facilities.
(c) Expenditures used to match other state funds.
(d) Expenditures for other services specifically excluded in rules promulgated by the department.
(e) Federal and state categorical health program funds.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2477 Local governing entity not to receive less than received under prior provisions; providing, designating, and reallocating funds; accountability.
Sec. 2477. (1) A local governing entity shall not receive less in any year under sections 2471 to 2498 than it received under Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended, being sections 327.201 to 327.208a of the Michigan Compiled Laws, in the full state fiscal year immediately before the effective date of this part.

(2) Funds under this part shall be provided to the local governing entity which shall be accountable for substantial conformance with agreements and standards as provided by section 2484. The funds shall be designated for the local health department but may be reallocated through the local health department if services are rendered by other local agencies.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2479 Criteria for determining costs for services.

Sec. 2479. Not later than 1 year after the effective date of this section, the department shall prescribe criteria for determining the reasonable and allowable costs for required and allowable services.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2481 Condition for approval of funding.

Sec. 2481. As a condition for the approval of funding for a service under sections 2471 to 2498, a local health department shall:

(a) Provide the required health services which the local health department is designated to provide in substantial accord with the program plan developed under part 23 and rules promulgated under section 2495, including standards as to the scope and quality of services.

(b) Report its performance and fiscal matters in a form and containing information the department reasonably requires to implement sections 2471 to 2498.

(c) Keep records and afford access to the records by authorized state, federal, and local officials for audit and review purposes necessary to verify and assure the accuracy and acceptability of the reports.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2482 Minimum expenditure for health services; waiving maintenance of local funding; certain services considered health services.

Sec. 2482. (1) The total local appropriations for a local health department expended for health services shall be not less in any year than in the local health department's full fiscal year immediately before the effective date of this part. However, the department may waive maintenance of local funding in extraordinary circumstances.

(2) For purposes of this section, services for which funds under Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1927, as amended, were being used on the effective date of this part are considered health services.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2483 Conditions for reimbursement.

Sec. 2483. A local health department desiring reimbursement under sections 2471 to 2498 shall:

(a) Submit annually to the department a program statement approved by the local governing entity defining the status of the current required and allowable services the local health department provides. After review and approval by the department, the program statement shall serve as a basis of determining priorities for local development with appropriate state policy and technical assistance.

(b) Submit annually to the department the budget approved by the local governing entity. The budget shall reflect the program statement and include the required services which the local health department provides, other health services proposed for state reimbursement as allowable services, and services proposed for full local or categorical state or federal funding. After review, the department shall determine the services eligible as allowable services for state reimbursement. Determinations regarding proposed allowable services shall be made annually for each local health department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2484 Agreement implementing standards; basis for reimbursement; operating advance;
Sec. 2484. (1) Standards of scope, quality, and administration promulgated under section 2495 shall be implemented through an agreement between the department and the local governing entity. An agreement under this subsection shall specify at least the minimum activities agreed upon as necessary for substantial compliance with rules and shall be based upon findings in the annual program statement of the local health department.

(2) A local health department shall be reimbursed on the basis of approved program performance reports as required by this section and sections 2481 and 2483 and on the basis of prescribed fiscal reports reflecting actual, reasonable, and allowable costs incurred pursuant to rules promulgated under section 2495. An operating advance may be provided which shall be replenished as the costs are reported. Adjustments shall be made as necessary to compensate for payments previously made.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2486 Notice of appeal; informal conference; reaffirming, modifying, or revoking decision; hearing; petition for redress.

Sec. 2486. (1) Upon receipt of a notice from a local health department that the local health department wishes to appeal a department decision relative to the implementation of sections 2471 to 2498, the department shall schedule an informal conference to be attended by representatives of the jurisdiction affected by the decision and representatives of the department. After the conference the department may reaffirm, modify, or revoke its decision.

(2) Upon request, a local health department adversely affected by a decision of the department as to service eligibility, development priorities, allowable services, minimum activities necessary for substantial compliance, a decision under section 2235, or the level of reasonable and allowable costs shall be granted a hearing. The local governing entity may pursue further appeal by petition to the appropriate circuit court for redress.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2488 Appropriation request to include funds for reimbursement of local health departments; basis of sums requested.

Sec. 2488. A separate part of the department’s annual health appropriation request shall include funds to reimburse local health departments for expenditures incurred to establish and maintain required and allowable health services. The sums requested shall be based on reasonable and allowable costs for required and allowable services at projected levels for the next fiscal period and shall be used for reimbursing local health departments which have complied with sections 2471 to 2498.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2490 Administration of §§ 333.2471 to 333.2498.

Sec. 2490. Sections 2471 to 2498 shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of federal law.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2492 Status report; appropriation for development and implementation of evaluation and related training.

Sec. 2492. (1) At the end of the second full state fiscal year after the effective date of this part, the department shall report to the governor and legislature as to the status of required and allowable health services in relation to standards, costs, and health needs of the people of this state.

(2) An amount equal to 1% of the estimated total expenditures for the required and allowable local health services shall be appropriated to the department annually for the development and implementation of evaluation and related training for local health departments and department staffs in the delivery of the required and allowable health services authorized under sections 2471 to 2498.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2495 Rules; determinations; review and comment.
Sec. 2495. (1) The department shall promulgate rules and may make determinations necessary or appropriate to implement this part, consistent with this code, including the establishment of minimum standards for health officers, development plans, the designation of allowable services, and the quality, delivery, and reasonable costs for required and allowable services.

(2) Not less than 30 days before promulgation of a rule establishing minimum standards for the quality, delivery, or reasonable costs for required and allowable services, the department shall request the Michigan association of counties, the Michigan health officers association, the Michigan association of local environmental health administrators, and the Michigan association of local public health administrators to review and comment on the rule. This subsection does not limit review and comment by additional governmental and professional organizations or by other persons.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.13001 et seq. and R 325.13051 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.2497 Administrative compliance order.

Sec. 2497. Upon a finding that a local health department is not able to provide or to demonstrate the adequate provision of 1 or more of the required services, or fails to meet the requirements of this part or the rules promulgated under this part, the department may issue an administrative compliance order to the local health department's local governing entity. The order shall state the nature of the deficiencies and set forth a reasonable time by which the deficiencies shall be corrected.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2498 Petition for administrative hearing; finality of order or compliance date; reaffirming, modifying, or revoking order; modifying time for compliance; petition for writ of mandamus.

Sec. 2498. (1) Within 60 working days after receipt of an administrative compliance order and proposed compliance period, a local governing entity may petition the department for an administrative hearing. If the local governing entity does not petition the department for a hearing within 60 days after the receipt of an administrative compliance order, the order and proposed compliance date shall be final.

(2) After a hearing, the department may reaffirm, modify, or revoke the order or modify the time permitted for compliance.

(3) If the local governing entity fails to correct a deficiency for which a final order has been issued within the period permitted for compliance, the department may petition the appropriate circuit court for a writ of mandamus to compel correction.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 26
DATA, INFORMATION, AND RESEARCH

333.2601 Applicability.

Sec. 2601. Unless otherwise provided, this part applies to all data made or received by the department.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the center for health promotion and chronic disease prevention and the office of policy, planning and evaluation, from the department of public health to the director of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2602 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.

Sec. 2602. (1) For purposes of this part, the words and phrases defined in sections 2603 to 2607 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.


Popular name: Act 368
333.2603   Definitions; D.
Sec. 2603. (1) “Data” means items of information made or received by the department which pertain to a condition, status, act, or omission, existing independently of the memory of an individual, whether the information is retrievable by manual or other means and whether or not coded. It includes the normal and computer art meanings of the word data.
(2) “Data system” means an interrelated grouping of data for use by the department.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2607   Definitions; R, S.
Sec. 2607. (1) “Record” means a datum or a grouping of data about a person or an object under the ownership or control of a person or governmental entity in which the person, object, or governmental entity is identifiable by name, number, symbol, or other identifying particular.
(2) “System of records” means an interrelated grouping of records for use by the department.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2611   Coordination of activities; establishment of policy; interests to be considered; establishment, purpose, and powers of nonprofit corporation.
Sec. 2611. (1) The department shall coordinate the health services research, evaluation, and demonstration and health statistical activities undertaken or supported by the department.
(2) The department shall establish policy consistent with this part to administer health services research, evaluation, and demonstration and health statistical activities undertaken or supported by the department. In establishing the policy the department shall consider the following interests:
(a) The individual's right and reasonable expectation of privacy concerning its use, including the protection of privileged communications and the expectations of the individual when giving the information.
(b) The freedom of persons to do business.
(c) The public's interest in the protection of private rights.
(d) The public's interest in the free access to governmental information.
(e) The protections necessary to encourage persons to provide information.
(f) The individual's interest in being informed of dangers of which he or she would not otherwise be aware.
(g) The public's interest in the effective use of available data to protect and promote the health of individuals and the public as a whole.
(h) The public's interest in the effective and efficient management of governmental activities.
(i) The individual's interest in data about himself or herself.
(j) The interests of other governmental entities in preparing reports.
(3) The department may establish a nonprofit corporation pursuant to the nonprofit corporation act, Act No. 162 of the Public Acts of 1982, being sections 450.2101 to 450.3192 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The purpose of the corporation shall be to plan, promote, and coordinate health services research with a public university or a consortium of public universities within the state. The corporation may research, evaluate, and demonstrate all of the following:
(a) The cause, effects, extent, and nature of illness and disability among all or a particular group of the people of this state.
(b) The impact of personal illness and disability on the economy of this state and the well-being of all or a particular group of the people of this state.
(c) Environmental, laboratory, social, and other health related issues.
(d) The health knowledge and practices of the people of this state.
(e) The quality and availability of health resources in this state including, but not limited to, health care institutions and health professions.
(f) The determinants of health and nutritional practices and status including, but not limited to, behaviors that are related to health.
(g) Access to and use of health care services by all or a particular group of the people of this state including, but not limited to, the use of ambulatory health care services. The access and use may be categorized by specialty and type of practice of the health professional or health facility providing the service.
(h) Health care costs and financing including, but not limited to, trends in health care costs, sources of payments,
333.2612 Nonprofit corporation; establishment; purpose; duties; selection and composition of board of directors; appointment and composition of internal management committee.

Sec. 2612. (1) The department may establish with Michigan state university and other parties determined appropriate by the department a nonprofit corporation pursuant to the nonprofit corporation act, Act No. 162 of the Public Acts of 1982, being sections 450.2101 to 450.3192 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The purpose of the corporation shall be to establish and operate a center for rural health. In fulfilling its purpose, the corporation shall do all of the following:

(a) Develop a coordinated rural health program that addresses critical questions and problems related to rural health and provides mechanisms for influencing health care policy.

(b) Perform and coordinate research regarding rural health issues.

(c) Periodically review state and federal laws and judicial decisions pertaining to health care policy and analyze the impact on the delivery of rural health care.

(d) Provide technical assistance and act as a resource for the rural health community in this state.

(e) Suggest changes in medical education curriculum that would be beneficial to rural health.

(f) Assist rural communities with all of the following:

(i) Applications for grants.

(ii) The recruitment and retention of health professionals.

(iii) Needs assessments and planning activities for rural health facilities.

(g) Serve as an advocate for rural health concerns.

(h) Conduct periodic seminars on rural health issues.

(i) Establish and implement a visiting professor program.

(j) Conduct consumer oriented rural health education programs.

(k) Designate a certificate of need ombudsman to provide technical assistance and consultation to rural health care providers and rural communities regarding certificate of need proposals and applications under part 222. The ombudsman shall also act as an advocate for rural health concerns in the development of certificate of need review standards under part 222.

(2) The incorporators of the corporation shall select a board of directors consisting of a representative from each of the following organizations:

(a) The Michigan state medical society or its successor. The representative appointed under this subdivision shall be a physician practicing in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(b) The Michigan osteopathic physicians’ society or its successor. The representative appointed under this subdivision shall be a physician practicing in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(c) The Michigan nurses association or its successor. The representative appointed under this subdivision shall be a nurse practicing in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(d) The Michigan hospital association or its successor. The representative selected under this subdivision shall be from a hospital in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(e) The Michigan primary care association or its successor. The representative appointed under this subdivision shall be a health professional practicing in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(f) The Michigan association for local public health or its successor. The representative appointed from a county health department for a county with a population of not more than 100,000 or from a district health department with at least 1 member county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(g) The office of the governor.

(h) The department of public health.

(i) The department of commerce.

(j) The Michigan senate. The individual selected under this subdivision shall be from a district located at least in part in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(k) The Michigan house of representatives. The individual selected under this subdivision shall be from a district
located at least in part in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(3) The board of directors of the corporation shall appoint an internal management committee for the center for rural health. The management committee shall consist of representatives from each of the following:
   (a) The college of human medicine of Michigan state university.
   (b) The college of osteopathic medicine of Michigan state university.
   (c) The college of nursing of Michigan state university.
   (d) The college of veterinary medicine of Michigan state university.
   (e) The cooperative extension service of Michigan state university.
   (f) The department of public health.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the center for rural health to the director of the department of community health and abolishment of the center, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2613 Nature of data to be defined by rule.
Sec. 2613. The department shall define by rule the nature of data collected, compiled, processed, used, or shared by the department pursuant to and consistent with section 2611(2).


Popular name: Act 368

333.2614 Duties of department generally.
Sec. 2614. The department shall:
   (a) Establish procedures to identify the circumstances under which, the places at which, the persons from whom, and the methods by which a person may secure that data, including the procedures governing requests, and the review established pursuant to section 2639.
   (b) Prescribe standards for the publication of health-related data reported pursuant to this code which will encourage characteristics including accuracy, validity, reliability, completeness, and comparability; and advise users as to the status of the quality of the data.
   (c) Prescribe the contents of forms or authorize the use of standardized forms for the collection of health-related data. The content and form shall be consistent with related local and federal requirements.
   (d) Prescribe standards for the maintenance and preservation of health-related data.
   (e) Establish procedures to govern the withholding and release of data as required by section 2637.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2615 Level of coverage; determination.
Sec. 2615. The department shall determine, not less than biennially, the level of coverage of the people of this state for each basic public health service prescribed under section 2311. This determination may be made by scientific sampling of the population or other scientific statistical techniques that will provide an accurate estimate of the level of coverage.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2616 Comprehensive health information system; establishment; provisions.
Sec. 2616. The department shall establish a comprehensive health information system providing for the collection, compilation, coordination, analysis, indexing, dissemination, and utilization of both purposefully collected and extant health-related data and statistics, including the training of producers and users of the data and statistics in a manner involving the collaboration at the policy and technical levels of major state and local health operational, planning, professional, and university groups and agencies which require the data in their work.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2617 Comprehensive health information system; statistics.
Sec. 2617. The health information system shall include statistics relative to:
   (a) The causes, effects, extent, and nature of illness and disability of the people of this state, or a grouping of its people, which may include the incidence and prevalence of various acute and chronic illnesses and infant and
maternal morbidity and mortality.

(b) The impact of illness and disability of the people of this state on the economy of this state and on other aspects of the well-being of its people or a grouping of its people.

(c) Environmental, social, and other health hazards and health knowledge and practices of the people of this state.

(d) Determinants of health and nutritional practices and status, including behavior related to health.

(e) Health resources, which may include health care institutions.

(f) The utilization of health care, which may include the utilization of ambulatory health services by specialties and types of practice of the health professionals providing the services, and services of health facilities and agencies defined in section 20106 and other health care institutions.

(g) Health care costs and financing, which may include the trends in health care prices and costs, the sources of payments for health care services, and federal, state, and local governmental expenditures for health care services.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2618 Publications; annual report; summary report; statement of limitations of data used.

Sec. 2618. The department shall publish and make available periodically to agencies and individuals health statistics publications of general interest, publications bringing health statistics into focus on priority programmatic issues and health profiles. An annual report on the health information system shall be made available to the governor and the legislature and to collaborating agencies. A summary report of each area described in sections 2616 and 2617 shall be included in the annual report not less than once each 5 years. The department shall include in the report a statement of the limitations of the data used in terms of their quality, accuracy, and completeness.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2619 Cancer registry; establishment; purpose; reports; records; rules; medical or department examination or supervision not required; contracts; evaluation of reports; publication of summary reports; commencement of reporting; effective date of section.

Sec. 2619. (1) The department shall establish a registry to record cases of cancer and other specified tumorous and precancerous diseases that occur in the state, and to record information concerning these cases as the department considers necessary and appropriate in order to conduct epidemiologic surveys of cancer and cancer-related diseases in the state.

(2) Each diagnosed case of cancer and other specified tumorous and precancerous diseases shall be reported to the department pursuant to subsection (4), or reported to a cancer reporting registry if the cancer reporting registry meets standards established pursuant to subsection (4) to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the reported information. A person or facility required to report a diagnosis pursuant to subsection (4) may elect to report the diagnosis to the state through an existing cancer registry only if the registry meets minimum reporting standards established by the department.

(3) The department shall maintain comprehensive records of all reports submitted pursuant to this section. These reports shall be subject to the same requirements of confidentiality as provided in section 2631 for data or records concerning medical research projects.

(4) The director shall promulgate rules which provide for all of the following:

(a) A list of tumorous and precancerous diseases other than cancer to be reported pursuant to subsection (2).

(b) The quality and manner in which the cases and other information described in subsection (1) are reported to the department.

(c) The terms and conditions under which records disclosing the name and medical condition of a specific individual and kept pursuant to this section are released by the department.

(5) This section does not compel an individual to submit to medical or department examination or supervision.

(6) The department may contract for the collection and analysis of, and research related to, the epidemiologic data required under this section.

(7) Within 2 years after the effective date of this section, the department shall begin evaluating the reports collected pursuant to subsection (2). The department shall publish and make available to the public reports summarizing the information collected. The first summary report shall be published not later than 180 days after the end of the first 2 full calendar years after the effective date of this section. Subsequent annual summary reports shall be made on a full calendar year basis and published not later than 180 days after the end of each calendar year.

(8) Reporting pursuant to subsection (2) shall begin the next calendar year after the effective date of this section.
333.2621 Comprehensive policy for conduct and support of research and demonstration activities; conducting and supporting demonstration projects and scientific evaluations.

Sec. 2621. (1) The department shall establish a comprehensive policy pursuant to and consistent with section 2611(2) for the conduct and support of research and demonstration activities related to the department's responsibility for the health care needs of the people of this state.

(2) The department shall conduct research and demonstration activities related to the department's responsibility for the environmental, preventive, and personal health needs of the communities and people of this state, including:
   (a) The causes, effects, and methods of prevention of illness.
   (b) The determinants of health, including behavior related to health.
   (c) The accessibility, acceptability, availability, organization, distribution, utilization, quality, and financing of health care, especially those services for the medically needy.

(3) The department may conduct and support demonstration projects to carry out subsection (2).

(4) The department shall conduct or support the conduct of scientific evaluations of the effectiveness, efficiency, and relevance of programs conducted or supported by the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2623 Publication and dissemination of results and information obtained under § 333.2621.

Sec. 2623. The department may:
   (a) Publish, make available, and disseminate, promptly and on as broad a basis as practicable, the results of health services research, demonstrations, and evaluations conducted and supported under section 2621.
   (b) Provide indexing, abstracting, translation, publication, and other services leading to a more effective and timely dissemination of information as to health services, research, demonstrations, and evaluations conducted or supported under section 2621 to public and private entities and persons engaged in the improvement of health and to the general public.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2624 Grants and contracts to conduct or support research activities and scientific evaluations.

Sec. 2624. The department may make grants to and contracts with persons and governmental entities to conduct or support research activities and scientific evaluations authorized under sections 2621 and 2623.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2631 Data concerning medical research project; confidentiality; use.

Sec. 2631. The information, records of interviews, written reports, statements, notes, memoranda, or other data or records furnished to, procured by, or voluntarily shared with the department in the conduct of a medical research project, or a person, agency, or organization which has been designated in advance by the department as a medical research project which regularly furnishes statistical or summary data with respect to that project to the department for the purpose of reducing the morbidity or mortality from any cause or condition of health are confidential and shall be used solely for statistical, scientific, and medical research purposes relating to the cause or condition of health.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2632 Data concerning medical research project; inadmissible as evidence; exhibition or disclosure.

Sec. 2632. The information, records, reports, statements, notes, memoranda, or other data described in section 2631 are not admissible as evidence in an action in a court or before any other tribunal, board, agency, or person. Furnishing the data to the department in the conduct of a medical research project or to a designated medical
research project does not result in the loss of any privilege which the data may otherwise have making them inadmissible as evidence. The information, records, reports, notes, memoranda, or other data shall not be exhibited nor their contents disclosed in any way, in whole or in part, by the department or its representative, or by any other person, agency, or organization, except as is necessary for the purpose of furthering the medical research project to which they relate consistent with section 2637 and the rules promulgated under section 2678. A person participating in a designated medical research project shall not disclose the information obtained except in strict conformity with the research project.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.2633 Data concerning medical research projects; liability for furnishing.

Sec. 2633. The furnishing of information, records, reports, statements, notes, memoranda, or other data to the department, either voluntarily or as required by this code, or to a person, agency, or organization designated as a medical research project does not subject a physician, hospital, sanatorium, rest home, nursing home, or other person or agency furnishing the information, records, reports, statements, notes, memoranda, or other data to liability in an action for damages or other relief, and is not considered to be the willful betrayal of a professional secret or the violation of a confidential relationship.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.2635 Power to demand or require data.

Sec. 2635. Sections 2631 to 2633 do not confer on the department the power to demand or require that a health professional furnish information, records of interviews, written reports, statements, notes, memoranda, or other data other than as expressly required by law.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.2637 Procedures protecting confidentiality and regulating disclosure of data and records.

Sec. 2637. (1) The department shall establish procedures pursuant to section 2678 to protect the confidentiality of, and regulate the disclosure of, data and records contained in a departmental data system or system of records.

(2) The procedures established under subsection (1) shall be consistent with the policy established under sections 2611 and 2613.

(3) Except as provided in section 2640, the procedures established under subsection (1) shall specify the data contained in a departmental data system or system of records that shall not be disclosed unless items identifying a person by name, address, number, symbol, or any other identifying particular are deleted.

(4) The procedures established under subsection (1) shall regulate the use and disclosure of data contained in a departmental data system or system of records released to researchers, other persons, including designated medical research projects as described in section 2631, or governmental entities. A person who receives data pursuant to this section shall not disclose an item of information contained in the data except in conformance with the authority granted by the department and with the purpose for which the data was originally requested by the researcher. The director may contract with researchers or other persons to implement and enforce this subsection. A contract made pursuant to this subsection shall do both of the following:

(a) Require the department to provide monitoring to assure compliance with this section.

(b) Provide for termination if this section or the contract is violated.

(5) An officer or employee of the department shall not disclose data contained in a departmental data system or system of records except as authorized in the procedures adopted pursuant to this section.

(6) The department periodically shall review the procedures adopted under this section.

(7) A person whose contract is terminated pursuant to subsection (4)(b) is not eligible to make a subsequent contract with the department.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.2638 Violation; penalty.

Sec. 2638. A person who discloses confidential information in violation of sections 2631 to 2633 or who violates section 2637 or a rule implementing section 2637 is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not...
more than 1 year, or a fine of not more than $1,000.00, or both, and if the person is an employee of the department shall be subject to immediate dismissal.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2639 Review of personal records upon request; procedures for reviewing request; administrative hearing; records of requests.

Sec. 2639. (1) Upon written request, an individual shall be permitted to review his or her personal records maintained or made under the authority of this part, in accordance with this section.

(2) The department shall establish procedures for reviewing a request from a person concerning access to or the amendment of a record or data pertaining to the person, or from a researcher, other person, or governmental entity requesting information or access to information possessed by the department, including a method of making a determination on the request for access or amendment. A person or researcher aggrieved by a decision under this section may request an administrative hearing.

(3) The department shall maintain records of requests for access to or amendments of data with the accuracy, relevance, timeliness, and completeness necessary to assure fairness to the person making the request.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2640 Parentage registry; use and access by family independence agency; access to child's medical records and information; immunity; exception.

Sec. 2640. (1) The department shall give prompt access to the parentage registry to the family independence agency or its agent for the purpose of the family independence agency's duty to aid in the establishment or enforcement of child support obligations. The family independence agency or its agent may use or disclose the information from the parentage registry in carrying out that duty.

(2) Notwithstanding section 2637, if there is a compelling need for medical records or information to determine whether child abuse or neglect has occurred or to take action to protect a child where there may be a substantial risk of harm, the department shall give access to a family independence agency caseworker or administrator directly involved in the investigation to the child's medical records and information that are pertinent to the child abuse or neglect investigation. Medical records or information disclosed under this section shall include the identity of the individual to whom the record or information pertains.

(3) The department shall provide the access described by subsection (2) only upon receipt of a written request from a caseworker or administrator directly involved in the investigation and shall provide that access within 14 calendar days after the record holder receives the written request. The department shall provide that access regardless of the consent of the person from whom consent would otherwise be required.

(4) To the extent not protected by the immunity conferred by 1964 PA 170, MCL 691.1401 to 691.1415, an individual who in good faith provides access to medical records or information under subsection (2) is immune from civil or administrative liability arising from that conduct, unless the conduct was gross negligence or willful and wanton misconduct.

(5) This section does not apply to a report, record, datum, or information whose confidentiality and disclosure are governed by section 5131.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2641 Fees; disposition of collections.

Sec. 2641. (1) The department may charge fees for the reasonable cost of:

(a) Reproduction, duplication, amendment, certification, or authentication of data.

(b) Data searches other than those for which a fee is prohibited under section 3 of Public Law 93-579, 5 U.S.C. 552a.

(2) Collections under this section shall be transmitted to the department of treasury and credited to the general fund of this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2651 Anatomy board; creation; appointment; qualifications, and terms of members;
Sec. 2651. (1) The anatomy board is created in the department. The anatomy board consists of the director, ex officio, 1 member from the department of human anatomy of each of the universities having medical schools in this state, and members from departments of human anatomy in other health professional schools in this state, who shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the deans of the schools in which those departments are located.

(2) The members shall serve without compensation.

(3) Biennially the anatomy board shall select 1 of its members as chairperson. The department, with concurrence of the anatomy board, shall create other offices and adopt procedures.

(4) For the purposes of sections 2651 to 2663, an anatomy board member or a person acting under his or her direction may act as a funeral director.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the anatomy board to the director of the department community health and the abolition of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2652 Receiving and allocating bodies or parts thereof; records of receipt and disposition.

Sec. 2652. The anatomy board shall receive dead human bodies, or parts thereof, designated for scientific uses and allocate the bodies or parts to hospitals and educational institutions requiring them for use in medical instruction or for the purpose of instruction, study, and use in the promotion of education in the health sciences within this state. The anatomy board shall keep permanent records of the receipt and disposition of dead bodies and parts.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the anatomy board to the director of the department community health and the abolition of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2653 “Unclaimed body” defined; notice to relatives of deceased; availability of unclaimed body to anatomy board; request for notification concerning unclaimed body; time, manner, and contents of notice; release of body; notice and surrender of body to benevolent association.

Sec. 2653. (1) As used in sections 2651 to 2663, “unclaimed body” means a dead human body for which the deceased has not provided a disposition, an estate or assets to defray costs of burial do not exist, and the body is not claimed for burial by a person, relative, or court appointed fiduciary who has the right to control disposition of the body.

(2) An official of a public institution or a state or local officer in charge or control of an unclaimed body which would have to be buried at public expense shall use due diligence to notify the relatives of the deceased. In the absence of any known relative of the deceased or a special administrator of the estate of the deceased appointed by the probate court desiring to direct the disposition of the unclaimed body in a manner other than provided by sections 2653 to 2659, the unclaimed body shall become available to the anatomy board. Upon written request by the anatomy board for notification concerning unclaimed bodies coming under his or her jurisdiction, the officer, for the definite period specified in the request of the anatomy board, shall notify a member of the anatomy board by telegraph or telephone immediately following 72 hours after death, excluding Sundays and holidays, stating, when possible, the name, age, sex, religion, and cause of death of the deceased, and shall release the body according to the regulations or instructions of the anatomy board.

(3) If the deceased was a member of a religious faith maintaining a benevolent association which will provide for the burial of the deceased in accordance with the tenets of the religion, the anatomy board shall notify the benevolent association of the death of the deceased by telephone or telegram collect, and shall surrender the body to the benevolent association upon request.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the anatomy board to the director of the department community health and the abolition of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2655 Embalming and disposition of unclaimed body; standards; holding period; identification and claim by relative or special administrator for purpose of interment or other disposition.

Sec. 2655. An unclaimed body retained by the anatomy board for scientific or educational purposes shall be
embalmed and disposed of in accordance with standards adopted under section 2678. The unclaimed body shall be held for 30 days by the person to whom it has been assigned for scientific or educational purposes. The body is subject during this period to identification and claim by an authenticated relative of the deceased or a special administrator appointed by the probate court of the deceased’s estate for the purpose of interment or other disposition in accordance with the directions of the relative or special administrator.


**Compiler’s note:** For transfer of powers and duties of the anatomy board to the director of the department community health and the abolishment of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.2656 Receiving unclaimed body for educational purposes; expense; record; disposition.

Sec. 2656. A person receiving an unclaimed body for educational purposes shall bear all reasonable expense incurred in the preservation and transportation of the body and shall keep a permanent record of bodies received, giving the identification number, name, age, religion, and sex, the place of last residence of the deceased, and the source and disposition, with dates, of the body. A person receiving an unclaimed body, or part thereof, for educational purposes shall dispose of the body in accordance with the standards adopted under section 2678.


**Compiler’s note:** For transfer of powers and duties of the anatomy board to the director of the department community health and the abolishment of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.2658 Postmortem examination of unclaimed body; certification of body unfit for scientific or education purposes; interment of unclaimed body; expense.

Sec. 2658. A person, unless specifically authorized by law, shall not hold a postmortem examination of an unclaimed body without the express permission of the anatomy board. When, through the failure of a person to notify the anatomy board or promptly to release an unclaimed body as required by the anatomy board, the body becomes unfit for scientific or educational purposes, the anatomy board shall so certify, and the unclaimed body shall be interred at the expense of those responsible for the noncompliance.


**Compiler’s note:** For transfer of powers and duties of the anatomy board to the director of the department community health and the abolishment of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.2659 Adoption of standards for unclaimed bodies or parts.

Sec. 2659. The department may adopt standards pursuant to section 2678 for the transportation, reception, preservation, storage, records, and allocation of unclaimed bodies or parts.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Administrative rules:** R 325.951 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

### 333.2661 Autopsy upon unclaimed body; purpose; disposition of body.

Sec. 2661. The medical superintendent of a state institution for mentally diseased persons or the general superintendent of the Wayne county general hospital and infirmary, who controls an unclaimed body which is required to be delivered to the anatomy board, may direct the performance of an autopsy upon the body by a medical officer of the institution for the sole purpose of the study of mental diseases and the advancement of the science relating thereto. Upon completion of the autopsy, the unclaimed body shall be disposed of in the same manner as any other unclaimed body in accordance with this part.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.2663 Violations; misdemeanor.

Sec. 2663. A person who unlawfully disposes, uses, or sells an unclaimed body or who violates sections 2651 to 2661 is guilty of a misdemeanor.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.2671 Public health and welfare dependent on humane use of animals for certain purposes.
Sec. 2671. The public health and welfare depend on the humane use of animals for the diagnosis and treatment of human and animal diseases; the advancement of veterinary, dental, medical, and biological sciences; and the testing, diagnosis, improvement, and standardization of laboratory specimens, biologic products, pharmaceuticals, and drugs.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2672 Animal research advisory board; creation; membership.

Sec. 2672. The animal research advisory board is created in the department. The animal research advisory board consists of the dean of the medical school of the university of Michigan, the dean of the veterinary college of Michigan state university, the dean of the medical school of Wayne state university, the dean of the dental school of the university of Detroit, the dean of the optometry college at Ferris state university, the secretary of the Michigan association of osteopathic physicians and surgeons, a representative from a research laboratory within this state and subject to the control of the United States public health service, and 2 member representatives of the Michigan federation of humane societies.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the animal research advisory board to the director of the department of community health and the abolishment of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2673 Animal research advisory board; powers.

Sec. 2673. The animal research advisory board may regulate and establish standards pursuant to section 2678 controlling the humane use of animals for the diagnosis and treatment of human and animal diseases; the advancement of veterinary, dental, optometrical, medical, and biological sciences; and the testing, diagnosis, improvement, and standardization of laboratory specimens, biologic products, pharmaceuticals, and drugs.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the animal research advisory board to the director of the department of community health and the abolishment of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2674 Administration of §§ 333.2671 to 333.2675; expenses of members.

Sec. 2674. (1) The department shall administer sections 2671 to 2675.

(2) The members of the animal research advisory board shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to expenses incurred in performance of official duties in accordance with section 1216.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the animal research advisory board to the director of the department of community health and the abolishment of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2675 Inspection of premises or property on which animals kept for experimental purposes; purpose.

Sec. 2675. The department, its representative, or a member of the animal research advisory board may inspect any premises or property on or in which animals are kept for experimental purposes for the purpose of investigation of compliance with board standards. The standards shall provide for the humane treatment of animals reasonably necessary for the purposes of this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the animal research advisory board to the director of the department of community health and the abolishment of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2676 Registration for humane use of animals for experimental purposes; compliance with standards; grounds for suspension or revocation of registration; findings of fact conclusive; application for review of questions of law; orders.

Sec. 2676. A person shall not keep or use animals for experimental purposes unless registered to do so by the department. The department shall grant registration for the humane use of animals for experimental purposes upon compliance with board standards. The department may suspend or revoke a registration for failure to comply with this part or board standards. Findings of fact by the department, in the absence of fraud or arbitrariness, shall be
conclusive, but the circuit court for the county in which the defendant resides or has his or her principal place of business may review questions of law involved in a final decision or determination of the department if the aggrieved party applies for the review not later than 30 days after the determination. The circuit court has jurisdiction to make orders as justice requires.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the animal research advisory board to the director of the department of community health and the abolition of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2678 Rules.
Sec. 2678. The department shall promulgate rules to implement section 2637 and may promulgate rules to implement this part including the establishment of fees, standards pertaining to unclaimed bodies, or parts thereof, standards pertaining to the use of animals for experimental purposes, and the implementation of sections 2616 and 2617.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the animal research advisory board to the director of the department of community health and the abolition of the board, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.921 et seq. and R 325.951 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.2685 Use of live human embryo, fetus, or neonate for nontherapeutic research; prohibitions; presumption.
Sec. 2685. (1) A person shall not use a live human embryo, fetus, or neonate for nontherapeutic research if, in the best judgment of the person conducting the research, based upon the available knowledge or information at the approximate time of the research, the research substantially jeopardizes the life or health of the embryo, fetus, or neonate. Nontherapeutic research shall not in any case be performed on an embryo or fetus known by the person conducting the research to be the subject of a planned abortion being performed for any purpose other than to protect the life of the mother.

(2) For purposes of subsection (1) the embryo or fetus shall be conclusively presumed not to be the subject of a planned abortion if the mother signed a written statement at the time of the research, that she was not planning an abortion.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2686 Diagnostic, assessment, or treatment procedures not prohibited.
Sec. 2686. Sections 2685 to 2691 shall not prohibit or regulate diagnostic, assessment, or treatment procedures, the purpose of which is to determine the life or status or improve the health of the embryo, fetus, or neonate involved or the mother involved.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2687 Embryo, fetus, or neonate considered live.
Sec. 2687. An embryo, fetus, or neonate is a live embryo, fetus, or neonate for purposes of sections 2685 to 2691 if, in the best medical judgment of a physician, it shows evidence of life as determined by the same medical standards as are used in determining evidence of life in a spontaneously aborted embryo or fetus at approximately the same stage of gestational development.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2688 Research on dead embryo, fetus, or neonate; consent of mother; presumption; authorized transfer to medical research facilities; research standards.
Sec. 2688. (1) Research may not knowingly be performed upon a dead embryo, fetus, or neonate unless the consent of the mother has first been obtained. Consent shall not be required in the case of a routine pathological study.

(2) For purposes of this section, consent shall be conclusively presumed to have been granted by a written statement, signed by the mother that she consents to the use of her dead embryo, fetus, or neonate for research.
333.2689 Abortion; consideration.
Sec. 2689. A person shall not perform or offer to perform an abortion where part or all of the consideration for
the performance is that the embryo, or fetus, whether alive or dead, may be used for research or study.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2690 Sale, transfer, distribution, or giving away of embryo, fetus, or neonate.
Sec. 2690. A person shall not knowingly sell, transfer, distribute, or give away an embryo, fetus, or neonate for a
use which is in violation of sections 2685 to 2689.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2691 Violation; penalty.
Sec. 2691. A person who violates sections 2685 to 2690 is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not
more than 5 years.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2692 “Nontherapeutic research” defined.
Sec. 2692. As used in sections 2685 to 2691, “nontherapeutic research” means scientific or laboratory research,
or other kind of experimentation or investigation not designed to improve the health of the research subject.
Popular name: Act 368

PART 27
MICHIGAN ESSENTIAL HEALTH PROVIDER RECRUITMENT STRATEGY

333.2701 Definitions.
Sec. 2701. As used in this part:
(a) “Board certified” means certified to practice in a particular medical speciality by a national board recognized
by the American board of medical specialties or the American osteopathic association.
(b) “Certified nurse midwife” means an individual licensed as a registered professional nurse under part 172 who
has been issued a specialty certification in the practice of nurse midwifery by the board of nursing under section
17210.
(c) “Certified nurse practitioner” means an individual licensed as a registered professional nurse under part 172
who has been issued a specialty certification as a nurse practitioner by the board of nursing under section 17210.
(d) “Designated nurse” means a certified nurse midwife or certified nurse practitioner.
(e) “Designated physician” means a physician qualified in 1 of the physician specialty areas identified in section
2711.
(f) “Designated professional” means a designated physician, designated nurse, or physician's assistant.
(g) “Health resource shortage area” means a geographic area, population group, or health facility designated by
the department under section 2717.
(h) “Medicaid” means benefits under the program of medical assistance established under title XIX of the social
security act, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396d, 1396f to 1396g, and 1396i to 1396s, and administered by the department of
social services under the social welfare act, Act No. 280 of the Public Acts of 1939, being sections 400.1 to 400.121
of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
(i) “Medical school” means an accredited program for the training of individuals to become physicians.
(j) “Medicare” means benefits under the federal medicare program established under title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395 to 1395b, 1395b-2 to 1395i, 1395i-1a to 1395i-2, 1395j to 1395dd, 1395ff to 1395mm, and 1395oo to 1395ccc.

(k) “National health service corps” means the agency established under section 331 of title III of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. 254d.

(l) “Nurse” means an individual licensed to engage in the practice of nursing under part 172.

(m) “Nursing program” means an accredited program for the training of individuals to become nurses.

(n) “Physician” means an individual licensed as a physician under part 170 or an osteopathic physician under part 175.

(o) “Physician’s assistant” means an individual licensed as a physician's assistant under part 170 or part 175.

(p) “Physician’s assistant program” means an accredited program for the training of individuals to become physician's assistants.

(q) “Service obligation” means the contractual obligation undertaken by an individual under section 2705 or section 2707 to provide health care services for a determinable time period at a site designated by the department.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the bureau of child and family services, with the exception of the women, infants, and children division, and the division of managed care the bureau of health systems, from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2703 Michigan essential health provider recruitment strategy; creation; purpose; duties of department.

Sec. 2703. (1) The Michigan essential health provider recruitment strategy is created in the department to facilitate the placement and retention of designated professionals in health resource shortage areas.

(2) In operating the Michigan essential health provider recruitment strategy, the department shall do all of the following:

(a) Recruit and place designated professionals in health resource shortage areas, as provided in this part.

(b) Coordinate with the national health service corps activities in this state.

(c) Provide consultation to communities and health resource shortage areas in securing, placing, and retaining designated professionals.

(d) Perform other duties as set forth in this part.

(e) Engage in other activities appropriate to the purposes of the program.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2705 Essential health provider repayment program for designated professionals; administration; repayment of debt or expenses; contract; requirements; lump sum payment; forfeiture; discretionary debt or expense repayment; maximum amount of debt or expense repayment; source of funds; distribution of funds.

Sec. 2705. (1) The department shall administer an essential health provider repayment program for designated professionals who have incurred a debt or expenses as a result of a loan taken to attend a medical school, nursing program for the training of certified nurse midwives or certified nurse practitioners, or physician's assistant program or as a result of providing services in a health resource shortage area. The department may each year repay all or part of a designated professional's debt or expenses in an amount not to exceed the amount set forth in subsection (3) for each year, up to a maximum of 4 years. The department shall repay a debt or expenses only for a designated professional who has entered into a written contract with the department that requires the designated professional to engage in the full-time practice of health care services in a health resource shortage area to which he or she is assigned by the department for a period equal in years to the number of years for which the department has agreed to make a debt or expense repayment or 2 years, whichever is greater.

(2) A debt or expense repayment on behalf of a designated professional under subsection (1) for fulfilling a service obligation for a particular year shall be paid in a lump sum at the completion of the service obligation for that year. A designated professional who does not fulfill a service obligation for a particular year forfeits his or her right to the debt or expense repayment or any part of it for that year and the department may treat an agreement for further debt or expense repayment in a subsequent year as void. In its sole discretion, the department may make a debt or expense repayment prior to or during each year of service if there are extenuating circumstances. In its sole
discretion, the department may pay a pro rata amount of an agreed debt or expense repayment to a designated professional or his or her estate if 1 of the following occurs prior to the completion of the designated professional's service obligation:
   (a) The designated professional dies.
   (b) The designated professional is unable, by reason of permanent disability, to render the service.
   (c) Other circumstances prevail that are considered by the department to constitute a compelling reason to consider the service obligation fulfilled.

(3) For the first year of the debt or expense repayment program, the maximum amount of a debt or expense repayment is $25,000.00 per year. In each succeeding year after the first year, the maximum amount may be increased by 5%.

(4) The department may accept funds from any source for the operation of the essential health provider repayment program, and shall distribute those funds in a manner consistent with this section.

(5) The department shall give the essential health provider repayment program created by this section priority over the other programs created under this part.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2707  Grant program for minority students; administration; eligibility; condition for award of grant; priority; determination of appropriate grant; failure to fulfill service obligation or complete training program; repayment; disposition of amounts repaid; service obligation considered fulfilled; source of funds; distribution of funds; definition.

Sec. 2707. (1) The department shall administer a grant program for minority students enrolled in medical schools, nursing programs, or physician's assistant programs. Only minority students who meet the financial resources eligibility standards for federal student loan programs under title IV of the higher education act of 1965, Public Law 89-329, are eligible to receive a grant under this section.

(2) The department may award a grant to a minority student enrolled in a medical school who is training to become a designated physician or to a minority student enrolled in a nursing program or physician's assistant program. As a condition for the award of the grant, the recipient of the grant shall enter into a written contract with the department that requires the recipient to provide, upon completion of training, full-time health care services in a health resource shortage area to which he or she is assigned by the department for a period equal to the number of years for which a grant is accepted or 2 years, whichever is greater. In awarding grants, the department shall give priority to students who are residents of this state and enrolled in a medical school, nursing program, or physician's assistant program in this state.

(3) The department shall determine an appropriate grant amount for each academic year for each health care profession.

(4) An individual who incurs a service obligation under subsection (2) and who completes the training program for which the grant was awarded but fails to fulfill the service obligation shall repay to the department an amount equal to 2 times the amount of all grants the individual accepted under this section plus interest. The interest shall be at a rate determined by the state treasurer to reflect the cumulative annual percentage change in the Detroit consumer price index. An individual who incurs a service obligation under subsection (2) and who fails to complete the training program for which the grant was awarded shall repay to the department an amount equal to the actual amount of all grants the individual accepted under this section. Repayment to the department under this subsection shall be made within 3 years after the repayment obligation is incurred. Amounts repaid under this subsection shall be deposited with the state treasurer and credited to the minority health profession grant fund created in section 2721.

(5) An obligated individual shall be considered to have fulfilled the service obligation incurred under subsection (2) if any of the following occur:
   (a) Service has been rendered for the obligated period.
   (b) The obligated individual dies.
   (c) The obligated individual is unable, by reason of permanent disability, to render the service.
   (d) The obligated individual fails to satisfy the academic requirements for completion of the training program in which he or she is enrolled after having made a good faith effort.
   (e) The obligated individual fails to satisfy the requirements for licensure, certification, or other form of authorization to practice the profession for which he or she has been trained.
   (f) Other circumstances occur that are considered by the department to constitute a compelling reason to consider
the service obligation fulfilled.

(6) The department may accept funds for the operation of the grant program from any source and distribute those funds in a manner consistent with this section.

(7) As used in this section, “Detroit consumer price index” means the most comprehensive index of consumer prices available for the Detroit area from the bureau of labor statistics of the United States department of labor.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2709 Placement of certified nurse midwives.

Sec. 2709. The department may cooperate with a certified nurse midwifery service to support the placement of certified nurse midwives in health resource shortage areas.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2711 Recruitment for programs created in §§ 333.2705 and 333.2707; designated physician specialty areas; preference.

Sec. 2711. (1) For the programs created in sections 2705 and 2707, the department shall only recruit physicians qualified or students training to become qualified in 1 or more of the following designated physician specialty areas:

(a) Board certified, or eligible for board certification, in general practice.
(b) Board certified, or eligible for board certification, in family practice.
(c) Board certified, or eligible for board certification, in obstetrics.
(d) Board certified, or eligible for board certification, in pediatrics.
(e) Board certified, or eligible for board certification, in emergency medicine.
(f) Board certified, or eligible for board certification, in internal medicine.
(g) Board certified, or eligible for board certification, in preventive medicine.
(h) Board certified, or eligible for board certification, in psychiatry.

(2) When enrolling individuals to participate in the programs created in sections 2705 and 2707, the department may give preference to an individual qualified or studying in 1 or more specific designated physician specialty areas over an individual qualified or studying in another designated physician specialty area.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2713 Fulfillment of service obligation; commencement; guidelines for assignment of designated professionals; condition for placement.

Sec. 2713. (1) The department shall determine when a participant in the grant program or essential health provider repayment program shall begin to fulfill a service obligation.

(2) The department shall prepare and annually revise guidelines for the assignment of designated professionals with service obligations to practice sites located in health resource shortage areas.

(3) As a condition for the placement of a designated professional in a health resource shortage area, the department may require a reasonable demonstration of the intent and the ability of the community to support and retain a designated professional.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2715 Individuals ineligible to receive funds under §§ 333.2705 or 333.2707.

Sec. 2715. An individual who participates in the national health service corps scholarship program under section 338A of title III of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. 254l, or who has entered into an agreement that limits the individual's ability to serve in a Michigan health resource shortage area is not eligible to receive funds under section 2705 or 2707.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2717 Health resource shortage area; criteria for identification and designation.

Sec. 2717. (1) The department shall develop criteria for the identification and designation of a geographic area,
population group, or health facility as a health resource shortage area. In developing the criteria, the department shall consider the needs of rural areas. The criteria may include, but are not limited to, all of the following:

(a) Infant mortality rate.
(b) Percentage of population below 100% of the poverty line.
(c) Percentage of population age 65 and over.
(d) Appropriate physician to population ratio.
(e) Percentage of population eligible for medicaid.
(f) Aggregate unemployment rate.
(g) Percentage of practicing physicians who accept medicare or medicaid assignment.
(h) Geographic proximity of physicians to the resident population.
(i) Average time the resident population must travel to obtain physician services from physicians in a designated physician specialty area.

(2) On the basis of the criteria set forth in subsection (1), the department shall identify and designate geographic areas, population groups, and health facilities in Michigan as health resource shortage areas for 1 or more designated professionals.

(3) Each of the following shall be considered a health resource shortage area:

(a) A health manpower shortage area, as designated under section 332 of title III of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. 254e, that is located in this state.

(b) A population of an urban or rural area designated as an area with a shortage of personal health services, as designated under section 330(b)(3) of title III of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. 254c, that is located within this state.

(c) A population group designated as having a shortage of personal health services, as designated under section 330(b)(3) of title III of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. 254c, that is located within this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2719  Departmental discretion; guidelines for priority.

Sec. 2719. The department shall exercise its discretion in selecting a health resource shortage area for assignment of a designated professional. The department may establish guidelines for priority among health resource shortage areas in assignments of designated professionals to those areas.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2721  Minority health profession grant fund; creation; funding; use; investments; crediting earnings to fund.

Sec. 2721. (1) There is created the minority health profession grant fund as a separate fund in the state treasury, to be administered by the department. The department shall deposit amounts repaid under section 2707 with the state treasurer, who shall credit the amounts to the fund. The fund shall be used to fund grants made under section 2707.

(2) The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the fund money and shall credit earnings to the fund.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2723  Rules; status report.

Sec. 2723. (1) The department may promulgate rules necessary for the implementation of the department's functions under this part.

(2) The department shall report biennially to the legislature, the governor, the state health planning council, and the public health advisory council on the status of the Michigan essential health provider recruitment strategy for the preceding 2 years. In addition to the status report, the report shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:

(a) Review of state and federal legislation, rules, guidelines, and policy directives affecting the health personnel of health resource shortage areas.

(b) Recommendations concerning physician specialty areas or other health professions for inclusion in the Michigan essential health provider recruitment strategy based upon a determination of the need for various types of health care providers in this state.
333.2725  Short title.
Sec. 2725. This part shall be known and may be cited as the “Michigan essential health provider recruitment strategy act”.

333.2727  Conditional effective date.
Sec. 2727. This part shall take effect October 1, 1990, except that this part shall not take effect unless before that date legislation is enacted that contains funding for the program created by this part.

PART 28
VITAL RECORDS

333.2801  Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 2801. (1) For purposes of this part, the words and phrases defined in sections 2803 to 2805 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.

333.2803  Definitions; D to F.
Sec. 2803. (1) “Dead body” means a human body or fetus, or a part of a dead human body or fetus, in a condition from which it may reasonably be concluded that death has occurred.

(2) “Fetal death” means the death of a fetus which has completed at least 20 weeks of gestation or weighs at least 400 grams. The definition shall conform in all other respects as closely as possible to the definition recommended by the federal agency responsible for vital statistics.

(3) “File” means to present a certificate, report, or other record to the local registrar provided for in this part for registration by the state registrar.

(4) “Final disposition” means the burial, cremation, or other disposition of a dead human body or fetus.

333.2804  Definitions; I to R.
Sec. 2804. (1) “Institution” means a public or private establishment which provides inpatient medical, surgical, or diagnostic care or treatment or nursing, custodial, or domiciliary care to 2 or more unrelated individuals, including an establishment to which individuals are committed by law.

(2) “Law enforcement agency” means a police agency of a city, village, or township; a sheriff’s department; the department of state police; and any other governmental law enforcement agency.

(3) “Live birth” means a term defined by departmental rule which shall conform as closely as possible to the definition of live birth recommended by the federal agency responsible for vital statistics.

(4) “Local registrar” means the county clerk or the clerk’s deputy, or in the case of a city having a population of 40,000 or more, the city clerk or city department designated by the governing body of the city; or a registrar appointed pursuant to section 2814. Population shall be determined according to the latest federal decennial census.

(5) “Registration” means the acceptance by the state registrar and the incorporation of certificates provided for in this part into the official vital records.
333.2805 Definitions; S to V.
Sec. 2805. (1) “State registrar” means the official appointed under section 2813 or his or her authorized representative.
(2) “System of vital statistics” means the collection, certification, compilation, amendment, coordination, and preservation of vital records, including the tabulation, analysis, and publication of vital statistics.
(3) “Vital record” means a certificate or registration of birth, death, marriage, or divorce; an acknowledgment of parentage; or related data.
(4) “Vital statistics” means data derived from vital records and related reports.

333.2811 Form and content of vital records and certificates.
Sec. 2811. The department shall prescribe the form and content of vital records and certificates, which shall conform as nearly as possible to recognized national standardized forms including, as required to comply with federal law, requirements for the entry of social security numbers.

333.2813 State registrar; appointment; duties; inclusion of social security number; disclosure prohibited; violation; penalty.
Sec. 2813. (1) The director shall appoint, subject to civil service rules, a state registrar to administer the system of vital statistics.
(2) The state registrar shall:
(a) Administer and control the only system of vital statistics for this state, as authorized in this part and the rules promulgated pursuant to this part.
(b) Be the custodian of the system of vital statistics.
(c) Exercise superintending control over local registrars and administer and control the activities of local officials and all other persons as to the operation of the system of vital statistics. The state registrar shall require each local registrar to require, as required to comply with federal law, the entry of the social security number of each applicant on an application for his or her marriage license and of the deceased on his or her death certificate. The directive under this subdivision for the inclusion of a social security number on an application shall not be required of an applicant who is exempt under federal law from obtaining a social security number or who is exempt under federal or state law from including his or her social security number on such an application. The state registrar shall not require a marriage license applicant’s social security number to be displayed on the marriage license.
(d) Issue instructions for the administration of the system of vital statistics and conduct training programs to promote uniformity of policy and procedures throughout the state in matters pertaining to the system of vital statistics.
(e) Prescribe, furnish, and distribute forms for vital records and vital statistics or prescribe other means of transmitting vital records and vital statistics information as required by this part and the rules promulgated pursuant to this part.
(f) Prepare and publish reports of vital statistics.
(3) A person shall not disclose, in a manner not authorized by law or rule, a social security number collected as required by this section. A violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not more than $500.00, or both. A second or subsequent violation of this subsection is a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368
333.2814 City clerk or city department as local registrar; rules.

Sec. 2814. (1) A city having a population of less than 40,000 and an institution located within the city limits may request the state registrar to approve the governing body's appointment of a city clerk or a city department as a local registrar.

(2) The department shall promulgate rules for the administration of this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2815 Local registrar; duties.

Sec. 2815. (1) A county board of commissioners and the governing body of a city having a population of 40,000 or more may agree that the county clerk or the clerk's deputy shall act as the local registrar for the city.

(2) A local registrar shall do all of the following:

(a) Record and transmit vital records and statistics as required by this part.

(b) Furnish blank forms and instructions provided by the state registrar to persons required to file vital records and vital statistics. A form or blank, including, but not limited to, a form or blank in an electronic format, other than those provided or approved by the state registrar shall not be used.

(c) Examine each vital record before accepting the record for registration. If the record is incomplete or unsatisfactory, the local registrar shall require the submission of additional information necessary to complete the record before accepting it for registration.

(d) Affix his or her identification to each vital record accepted for registration and document the date of its acceptance.

(e) Transmit, in the manner prescribed by the state registrar, the vital record to the department. The local registrar shall preserve at the local registrar's office information prescribed by the state registrar.

(f) Issue a certificate of registration for a live birth on a form approved by the state registrar and issue certified copies of vital records documents on file pursuant to sections 2881, 2882, and 2891.

(g) Issue a permit for final disposition of a dead body upon receipt of sufficient evidence that death occurred within the local registrar's jurisdiction.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2821 Birth registration required; filing record of birth; time of registration; transmission to childhood immunization registry.

Sec. 2821. (1) Birth registration is required for each individual born in this state.

(2) A record of birth for each live birth that occurs in this state shall be filed at the office of the local registrar not more than 5 days after the birth. The birth shall be registered when the filing is completed.

(3) Upon receipt of a vital record consisting of a birth registration transmitted by a local registrar pursuant to section 2815(2), the state registrar shall transmit the information contained in the birth registration to the childhood immunization registry created in section 9207.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2822 Persons required to report live birth occurring in state; “abortion” defined.

Sec. 2822. (1) The following individuals shall report a live birth that occurs in this state:

(a) If a live birth occurs in an institution or enroute to an institution, the individual in charge of the institution or his or her designated representative shall obtain the personal data, prepare the certificate of birth, secure the signatures required by the certificate of birth, and file the certificate of birth with the local registrar or as otherwise directed by the state registrar within 5 days after the birth. The physician or other individual in attendance shall provide the medical information required by the certificate of birth and certify to the facts of birth not later than 72 hours after the birth. If the physician or other individual does not certify to the facts of birth within 72 hours, the individual in charge of the institution or his or her authorized representative shall complete and certify the facts of birth.

(b) If a live birth occurs outside an institution, the record shall be prepared, certified, and filed with the local registrar by 1 of the following individuals in the following order of priority:

(i) The physician in attendance at or immediately after the live birth.

(ii) Any other individual in attendance at or immediately after the live birth.
The father, the mother, or, in the absence of the father and the inability of the mother, the individual in charge of the premises where the live birth occurs.

(c) If a live birth occurs during an attempted abortion and the mother of the newborn has expressed a desire not to assume custody and responsibility for the newborn by refusing to authorize necessary life-sustaining medical treatment, the live birth shall be reported as follows:

(i) If the attempted abortion took place in an institution, the live birth shall be reported in the same manner as provided in subdivision (a), except that the parents shall be listed as “unknown” and the newborn shall be listed as “Baby Doe”.

(ii) If the attempted abortion took place outside an institution, the live birth shall be reported in the same manner as provided in subdivision (b), except that the parents shall be listed as “unknown” and the newborn shall be listed as “Baby Doe”.

(2) As used in this section, “abortion” means that term as defined in section 17015.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2823 Registration of live birth occurring in moving conveyance.

Sec. 2823. (1) When a live birth occurs in a moving conveyance in the United States and the child is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the birth shall be registered in this state. The place where the child is first removed from the conveyance shall be shown as the place of birth.

(2) When a live birth occurs in a moving conveyance while in international waters or air space or a foreign country and the child is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the birth shall be registered in this state but the certificate shall show the actual place of birth insofar as the place can be determined.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2824 Registering name of husband as father of child; registering surname of child; consent; acknowledgment of parentage; designating surname of child on birth certificate; father not named on birth registration; utilization of assisted reproductive technology; reference to legitimacy or illegitimacy prohibited.

Sec. 2824. (1) The name of the husband at the time of conception or, if none, the husband at birth shall be registered as the father of the child. The surname of the child shall be registered as designated by the child's parents.

(2) If the child's mother was not married at the time of conception or birth, the name of the father shall not be entered on the certificate of birth without the written consent of the mother and without the completion, and filing with the state registrar, of an acknowledgment of parentage by the mother and the individual to be named as the father. The acknowledgment of parentage shall be completed in the manner provided in the acknowledgment of parentage act. For a certificate of birth completed under this subsection and upon the written request of both parents, the surname of the child shall be designated by the child's parents.

(3) If the name of the child's father cannot be shown under subsection (1) or (2), the child shall be given the surname designated by the mother.

(4) If the paternity of a child is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, the name of the father shall be entered on the certificate of birth as found and ordered by the court. The surname of the child shall be entered on the certificate of birth as designated by the child's mother.

(5) If the child's father is not named on the birth registration, no other information about the father shall be entered on the registration.

(6) A child conceived by a married woman with consent of her husband following the utilization of assisted reproductive technology is considered to be the legitimate child of the husband and wife.

(7) After May 30, 1979, a birth certificate shall not contain a reference to the legitimacy or illegitimacy of a child.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2825 Assuming custody of live born child of unknown parentage; form, contents, and filing of report; place of birth; report as birth registration; sealing and opening of report.

Sec. 2825. (1) A person who assumes custody of a live born child of unknown parentage shall report on a form
and in a manner prescribed by the state registrar the following information:

(a) The date and place of finding the child.
(b) The sex and approximate birth date of the child.
(c) The name and address of the person or institution with whom the child is placed for care.
(d) The name given to the child by the custodian of the child.
(e) Other data required by the state registrar.

(2) The report shall be filed in the manner prescribed by the state registrar not later than 5 days after the person assumes custody.

(3) The place where the child is found shall be entered as the place of birth.

(4) A report made under this section constitutes the birth registration for the child.

(5) If the child is identified and a birth registration is found or obtained, a report registered under this section shall be sealed and may be opened only by order of a court of competent jurisdiction or as provided by rule.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2827 Failure to register birth within time prescribed; filing certificate of birth; registration of birth subject to evidentiary requirements; marking certificate “delayed” and showing date of delayed registration; endorsing summary statement of evidence on certificate.

Sec. 2827. (1) When the birth of an individual born in this state has not been registered within the time period prescribed in section 2821, a certificate of birth may be filed in accordance with procedures established pursuant to section 2896. The certificate shall be registered subject to evidentiary requirements the department prescribes to substantiate the alleged facts of birth.

(2) A certificate of birth registered 1 year or more after the date of birth shall be marked “delayed” and show on its face the date of the delayed registration.

(3) A summary statement of the evidence submitted in support of the delayed registration shall be endorsed on the certificate.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2828 Conditions prohibiting registration of delayed certificate of birth; advising applicant of reasons and right of appeal; dismissal of application; judicial findings and order; forwarding order to state registrar; registration of order as certificate of birth; forwarding copy of delayed registration to local registrar.

Sec. 2828. (1) If an applicant does not submit the minimum documentation required by rules for delayed registration of a birth or if the state registrar has reasonable cause to question the validity or adequacy of the applicant's sworn statement or the documentary evidence, the state registrar shall not register the delayed certificate of birth and shall advise the applicant of the reasons for this action and of the applicant's right of appeal to the probate court of the county of residence or birth.

(2) The department may provide for the dismissal of an application which is not actively prosecuted.

(3) If, on the basis of the evidence presented, the court finds that the individual for whom a delayed certificate of birth is sought was born in this state, the court shall make findings as to the place and date of birth, parentage, and other findings required by the case and shall issue an order on a form prescribed and furnished by the state registrar to establish a certificate of birth. The order shall include the birth data to be registered, a description of the evidence presented, and the date of the court's action.

(4) The clerk of the court shall forward the order to the state registrar not later than the tenth day of the calendar month following the month in which the order was entered. The order shall be registered by the state registrar and shall constitute the certificate of birth.

(5) The state registrar shall forward a copy of a delayed registration to the local registrar of the district where the birth occurred.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2829 Report of adoption; form; contents; report when adoption order amended, annulled, or rescinded; duty of probate register or clerk; requirements of birth certificate issued to adopted individual.
Sec. 2829. (1) For each adoption ordered by the probate court in this state, the court shall prepare a report of adoption on a form prescribed and furnished by the state registrar. The report shall:

(a) Include the facts necessary to locate and identify the certificate of live birth of the individual adopted.
(b) Provide information necessary to establish a new certificate of live birth of the individual adopted.
(c) Identify the adoption order.
(d) Be certified by the probate register or clerk.

(2) When an adoption order is amended, annulled, or rescinded, the court shall prepare a report which shall include the facts necessary to identify the original adoption report and the facts amended in the adoption order necessary to properly amend the birth record. The report of a rescission of adoption shall include the current names and addresses of the petitioners.

(3) Not later than the tenth day of the calendar month, the probate register or clerk shall forward:

(a) To the state registrar, reports of adoption orders, and amendments, annulments, and rescissions of the orders, entered during the preceding month for individuals born in this state.
(b) To the appropriate registration authority in another state, the United States department of state, or the United States immigration and naturalization service, reports of adoption orders, and amendments, annulments, and rescissions of the orders, entered during the preceding month for individuals born outside this state.

(4) A birth certificate issued to an adopted individual shall conform to the requirements of sections 67 and 68 of chapter X of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939, as amended, being sections 710.67 and 710.68 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2830 Adoption of child born outside United States, territory of United States, or Canada; filing, form, and contents of delayed registration of birth; petition for issuance of delayed registration of birth.

Sec. 2830. (1) If a child whose birth occurred outside the United States, a territory of the United States, or Canada, is adopted by a resident of this state under the laws of this state or under the laws of a foreign country, the probate court, on motion of the adopting parent, may file a delayed registration of birth on a form provided by the department. The delayed registration shall contain the date and place of birth and other facts specified by the department.

(2) If the date and place of birth cannot be documented from foreign records or a medical assessment of the development of the child indicates that the date of birth as stated in the immigration records is not correct, the court shall determine the facts and establish a date and place of birth and may file a delayed registration of birth as provided in subsection (1).

(3) Upon the petition of a child adopted in this state whose birth occurred outside the United States, a territory of the United States, or Canada, or a petition of the child's adoptive parents, the court that issued an order of adoption for that child before the effective date of this section may issue a delayed registration of birth for the adopted child as provided in subsection (1).


Popular name: Act 368

333.2831 New certificate of birth; establishment; requirements.

Sec. 2831. The state registrar shall establish a new certificate of birth for an individual born in this state when the registrar receives the following:

(a) A report of adoption as provided in section 2829, a report of adoption prepared and filed under the laws of another state or foreign country, or a certified copy of the adoption order, together with the information necessary to identify the original certificate of birth and to establish a new certificate of live birth. However, a new certificate of live birth shall not be established if so requested by the court ordering the adoption; the adopting parent; or the adoptee, if the adoptee is an adult.

(b) A request that a new certificate be established and the evidence required by the department proving that the individual's paternity has been established.

(c) A request that a new certificate be established to show a sex designation other than that designated at birth. The request shall be accompanied by an affidavit of a physician certifying that sex-reassignment surgery has been performed.

PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

333.2832 New certificate of birth; actual place and date of birth to be shown; substitution for original certificate; inspection; restoration of original certificate upon notice of annulment or rescission of adoption; preparing new certificate on delayed birth certificate form; sealing or forwarding original certificate.

Sec. 2832. (1) When a new certificate of live birth is established, the actual place and date of birth shall be shown. The new certificate shall be substituted for the original certificate of live birth. Thereafter, the original certificate and the evidence of adoption or sex designation are not subject to inspection except as otherwise provided in section 2882(2) or (3) or upon a court order. Evidence in support of other birth record changes is subject to inspection as provided in sections 2882 and 2883.

(2) Upon receipt of notice of annulment of adoption or a copy of an order of rescission, the original certificate of live birth shall be restored to its place in the files. The certificate created under subsection (1) is not subject to inspection except upon a court order.

(3) If a certificate of live birth is not on file for the individual for whom a new live birth certificate is to be established under section 2831, a new live birth certificate may be prepared on the delayed birth certificate form in use at the time of adoption, legitimation, or paternity determination.

(4) When a new certificate of live birth is established by the state registrar, all copies of the original certificate of birth in the custody of a custodian of permanent records in this state shall be sealed from inspection or forwarded to the state registrar, as the state registrar directs.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2833 Recording death on decedent's birth certificate; notification; recordation by department or local registrar; recordation on face of copies of certificate; correction of record.

Sec. 2833. (1) The death of a person whose birth is registered under this code shall be recorded on the decedent's birth certificate in compliance with this section.

(2) Upon receipt of a certificate of death for a person under 45 years of age, the department shall notify the local registrar of the registration district in which a birth certificate for the decedent is maintained and, if a birth certificate for the decedent is maintained by the department, record the fact of death on the decedent's birth certificate.

(3) If the person was born in another state, the state registrar shall notify the state registrar of vital records in the state of birth that the person is deceased.

(4) Upon receipt of a notice from the department that there is on file in the local registrar's office a birth certificate of a deceased person, the local registrar shall record the fact of death on the birth record of the decedent.

(5) A copy of a birth certificate or certificate of registration issued for records identified and marked in accordance with subsections (1) and (2) shall have recorded on the face of the copy or certificate of registration the fact that the individual is deceased.

(6) Upon receipt of a notice that a record identified and marked in accordance with subsections (1) and (2) has been marked in error, the record may be corrected in accordance with this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2834 Report of fetal death; time, form, and manner; prohibited information; report if dead fetus delivered in or outside institution; notice to medical examiner; investigation and report; use and disposition of confidential statistical reports; disclosure identifying biological parents prohibited; incorporation of records into system of vital statistics; certificate of stillbirth.

Sec. 2834. (1) A fetal death occurring in this state, as defined by section 2803, shall be reported to the state registrar within 5 days after delivery. The state registrar shall prescribe the form and manner for reporting fetal deaths.

(2) The reporting form shall not contain the name of the biological parents, common identifiers such as social security or drivers license numbers or other information identifiers that would make it possible to identify in any manner or in any circumstances the biological parents of the fetus. A state agency shall not compare data in an information system file with data in another computer system which would result in identifying in any way a
woman or father involved in a fetal death. Statistical information which may reveal the identity of the biological parents involved in a fetal death shall not be maintained. This subsection does not apply after June 1, 2003.

(3) If a dead fetus is delivered in an institution, the individual in charge of the institution or his or her authorized representative shall prepare and file the report.

(4) If a dead fetus is delivered outside an institution, the physician in attendance shall prepare and file the report.

(5) If a fetal death occurs without medical attendance at or after the delivery or if inquiry is required by the medical examiner, the attendant, mother, or other person having knowledge of the fetal death shall notify the medical examiner who shall investigate the cause and prepare and file the report.

(6) The reports required under this section and filed before June 1, 2003 are confidential statistical reports to be used only for medical and health purposes and shall not be incorporated into the permanent official records of the system of vital statistics. A schedule for the disposition of these reports shall be provided for by the department. The department or any employee of the department shall not disclose to any person outside the department the reports or the contents of the reports required by this section and filed before June 1, 2003 in any manner or fashion so as to permit the person or entity to whom the report is disclosed to identify in any way the biological parents.

(7) The reports required under this section and filed on or after June 1, 2003 are permanent vital records documents and shall be incorporated into the system of vital statistics as described in section 2805. Access to a fetal death report or information contained on a fetal death report shall be the same as to a live birth record in accordance with sections 2882, 2883, and 2888.

(8) With information provided to the department under subsection (7), the department shall create a certificate of stillbirth which shall conform as nearly as possible to recognized national standardized forms and shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:

(a) The name of the fetus, if it was given a name by the parent or parents.

(b) The number of weeks of gestation completed.

(c) The date of delivery and weight at the time of delivery.

(d) The name of the parent or parents.

(e) The name of the health facility in which the fetus was delivered or the name of the health professional in attendance if the delivery was outside a health facility.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2835 “Abortion” and “physical complication” defined; report of abortion; form, transmittal, and contents of report; prohibited information; destruction of reports; annual statistical report; use of statistical reports; prohibited disclosures; violation; penalty.

Sec. 2835. (1) As used in this section and section 2837:

(a) “Abortion” means that term as defined in section 17015.

(b) “Physical complication” means a physical condition occurring during or after an abortion that, under generally accepted standards of medical practice, requires medical attention. Physical complication includes, but is not limited to, infection, hemorrhage, cervical laceration, or perforation of the uterus.

(2) A physician who performs an abortion shall report the performance of that procedure to the department on forms prescribed and provided by the department. A physician shall transmit a report required under this subsection to the director within 7 days after the performance of the abortion.

(3) Each report of an abortion required under subsection (2) shall contain only the following information and no other information:

(a) The age of the woman at the time of the abortion.

(b) The marital status of the woman at the time of the abortion.

(c) The race of the woman.

(d) The city or township, county, and state in which the woman resided at the time of the abortion.

(e) The location and type of facility in which the abortion was performed.

(f) The source of referral to the physician performing the abortion.

(g) The number of previous pregnancies carried to term.

(h) The number of previous pregnancies ending in spontaneous abortion.

(i) The number of previous pregnancies terminated by abortion.

(j) The method used before the abortion to confirm the pregnancy, the period of gestation in weeks of the present pregnancy, and the first day of the last menstrual period.

(k) The method used to perform the abortion.
(f) The weight of the embryo or fetus, if determinable.
(m) Whether the fetus showed evidence of life when separated, expelled, or removed from the woman.
(n) The date of performance of the abortion.
(o) The method and source of payment for the abortion.
(p) A physical complication or death resulting from the abortion and observed by the physician or reported to the physician or his or her agent before the report required under subsection (2) is transmitted to the director.
(q) The physician's signature and his or her state license number.
(4) The report required under subsection (2) shall not contain the name of the woman, common identifiers such as her social security number or motor vehicle operator's license number or other information or identifiers that would make it possible to identify in any manner or under any circumstances an individual who has obtained or seeks to obtain an abortion. A state agency shall not compare data in an electronic or other information system file with data in another electronic or other information system that would result in identifying in any manner or under any circumstances an individual obtaining or seeking to obtain an abortion. Statistical information that may reveal the identity of a woman obtaining or seeking to obtain an abortion shall not be maintained.
(5) The department shall destroy each individual report required by this section and each copy of the report after retaining the report for 5 years after the date the report is received.
(6) The department shall make available annually in aggregate a statistical report summarizing the information submitted in each individual report required by this section. The department shall specifically summarize aggregate data regarding all of the following in the annual statistical report:
(a) The period of gestation in 4-week intervals from 5 weeks through 28 weeks.
(b) Abortions performed on women aged 17 and under.
(c) Physical complications reported under subsection (3)(o) and section 2837.
(7) The reports required under this section are statistical reports to be used only for medical and health purposes and shall not be incorporated into the permanent official records of the system of vital statistics.
(8) The department or an employee of the department shall not disclose to a person or entity outside the department the reports or the contents of the reports required by this section in a manner or fashion so as to permit the person or entity to whom the report is disclosed to identify in any way the person who is the subject of the report.
(9) A person who discloses confidential identifying information in violation of this section, section 2834(6), or section 2837 is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 3 years, or a fine of not more than $5,000.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2837 Physical complication or death resulting from abortion; report.

Sec. 2837. (1) A physician shall file a written report with the department regarding each patient who comes under the physician's professional care and who suffers a physical complication or death that is a primary, secondary, or tertiary result of an abortion.
(2) The department shall summarize aggregate data from the reports required under subsection (1) for purposes of inclusion into the annual statistical report on abortion required under section 2835.
(3) The department shall destroy each individual report required by this section and each copy of the report after retaining the report for 5 years after the date the report is received.
(4) The department shall develop and distribute a standardized form for the report required under subsection (1). The department shall not include on the standardized reporting form the name or address of the patient who is the subject of the report or any other information that could reasonably be expected to identify the patient who is the subject of the report. The department shall include on the standardized form a statement specifying the time period within which a report must be transmitted under section 2835(2).


Popular name: Act 368

333.2841 Death registration; required; place of death.

Sec. 2841. Death registration is required for each individual who dies in this state. If the place of death is unknown, but the body is found in this state, the death registration shall show this fact and shall be completed and filed in accordance with this section and section 2842. The place where the body is found shall be shown as the place of death.
333.2842  Death registration; death occurring in moving conveyance.

Sec. 2842.  (1)  When death occurs in a moving conveyance in the United States and the body is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the death registration shall show this fact and be completed and filed in accordance with this part. The place where the body is first removed from the conveyance, shall be shown as the place of death.

(2)  When death occurs in a moving conveyance while in international waters or air space or a foreign country and the body is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the death shall be registered in this state in accordance with this part, but the certificate shall show the actual place of death insofar as the place can be determined.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2843  Report of death by funeral director; “dead body” defined; personal data; medical certification; neglecting or refusing to sign death certificate as misdemeanor; penalty; filing of death record.

Sec. 2843.  (1)  A funeral director who first assumes custody of a dead body, either personally or through his or her authorized agent, shall report the death. For purposes of this subsection, “dead body” includes, but is not limited to, the body of an infant who survived an attempted abortion as described in the born alive infant protection act and who later died. The funeral director or the authorized agent shall obtain the necessary personal data from the next of kin or the best qualified individual or source available and shall obtain medical certification as follows:

(a)  If the death occurred outside an institution, the medical certification portion of the death record shall be completed and certified not later than 48 hours after death by the attending physician; or in the absence of the attending physician, by a physician acting as the attending physician's authorized representative; or in the absence of an authorized representative, by the county medical examiner; or in the absence of the county medical examiner, by the county health officer or the deputy county medical examiner. If the death occurred in an institution, the medical certification shall be completed and signed not later than 48 hours after death by the attending physician; or in the absence of the attending physician, by a physician acting as the attending physician's authorized representative; or in the absence of an authorized representative, by the chief medical officer of the institution in which death occurred, after reviewing pertinent records and making other investigation as considered necessary, or by a pathologist.

(b)  A physician, as described in subdivision (a), who for himself or herself or as an agent or employee of another individual neglects or refuses to certify a death record properly presented to him or her for certification by a funeral director or who refuses or neglects to furnish information in his or her possession, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 60 days, or a fine of not less than $25.00 nor more than $100.00, or both.

(2)  The medical certification shall be provided not later than 48 hours after the death by the physician, as described in subsection (1)(a).

(3)  A death record shall be certified by a funeral director licensed under article 18 of the occupational code, 1980 PA 299, MCL 339.1801 to 339.1812, and shall be filed with the local registrar of the district where the death occurred not later than 72 hours after the death.

(4)  Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the death of an infant who was born alive following an attempted abortion and was surrendered to an emergency service provider under the safe delivery of newborns law, sections 1 to 20 of chapter XII of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712.1 to 712.20, and then died shall be reported in the same manner as for any death. However, the deceased infant shall be listed as “Baby Doe” and no information that would directly identify the deceased infant or the deceased infant's parents shall be reported, including, but not limited to, the following information:

(a)  The name of the mother or father.

(b)  The address of the mother or father.

(c)  The name of the informant.

(d)  The address of the informant.


Popular name: Act 368
333.2843a  Ascertaining if deceased person veteran; releasing information for graves registration list of all burials of veterans.

Sec. 2843a. A funeral director or his or her agent shall ascertain if the deceased person was a veteran of the armed forces of the United States. If the deceased person was a veteran of the armed forces of the United States, the funeral director or his or her agent shall release to the Michigan veterans' trust fund board of trustees and to the department of management and budget all information required for the compilation and maintenance of a graves registration list of all burials of veterans in this state, pursuant to Act No. 9 of the Public Acts of the First Extra Session of 1946, as amended, being sections 35.601 to 35.610 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2843b  Physician having actual knowledge of presence in deceased individual of infectious agent; notification of funeral director or authorized agent; refusal to render services prohibited; effective date of subsection (1); confidentiality; rules; violation as misdemeanor.

Sec. 2843b. (1) If, at the time of death, a physician who is required to complete the medical certification under section 2843(1)(a) has actual knowledge of the presence in the deceased individual of an infectious agent, including acquired immunodeficiency syndrome-related virus, the physician shall notify the funeral director or the funeral director's authorized agent of the appropriate infection control precautions to be taken. The notification required by this subsection shall occur before the body is released to the funeral director or the funeral director's authorized agent. A funeral director or funeral director's authorized agent who receives notification under this subsection shall not refuse to render services as a result of having received the notification. This subsection shall take effect on the effective date of the rules required by subsection (3).

(2) The information contained in the notification required by subsection (1) shall be confidential. A person who receives confidential information under this section shall disclose the information to others only to the extent consistent with the authorized purpose for which the information was obtained.

(3) Within 30 days after the effective date of this subsection, the department shall submit for promulgation under section 48 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, being section 24.248 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, rules which define the term “infectious agent” for purposes of this section.

(4) The department may promulgate rules to administer this section.

(5) A person who violates subsection (2) is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Compiler's note: Subsection (1) of this section took effect September 2, 1986, the date emergency rules required by subsection (3) were promulgated by the Department of Public Health.
Popular name: Act 368

333.2844  Referral of case to county medical examiner; determining and certifying cause of death; investigation; completing and signing medical certification; notice to funeral director; final disposition.

Sec. 2844. (1) When death occurs more than 10 days after the deceased was last seen by a physician, if the cause of death appears to be other than the illness or condition for which the deceased was being treated, or if the attending physician cannot accurately determine the cause of death, the case shall be referred to the county medical examiner for investigation to determine and certify the cause of death. If the county medical examiner determines that the case does not fall within his or her jurisdiction, the county medical examiner shall refer the case back to the deceased's physician within 24 hours for completion of the medical certification.

(2) When an investigation is required under Act No. 181 of the Public Acts of 1953, as amended, being sections 52.201 to 52.216 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, the county medical examiner shall determine the cause of death and shall complete and sign the medical certification within 48 hours after taking charge of the case.

(3) If the cause of death cannot be determined within 48 hours after death, the medical certification may be completed as provided by the department. The attending physician or county medical examiner shall give the funeral director in custody of the body notice of the reason for the delay, and final disposition shall not be made until authorized by the attending physician or medical examiner.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2844a  Dental examination of dead body; forwarding records to law enforcement agency;
Sec. 2844a. (1) In deaths investigated by the county medical examiner or deputy county medical examiner where he or she is not able to establish the identity of the dead body by visual means, fingerprints, or other identifying data, the county medical examiner or deputy county medical examiner may have a qualified dentist, as determined by the county medical examiner or deputy county medical examiner, carry out a dental examination of the dead body. If the county medical examiner or deputy county medical examiner, with the aid of the dental examination and other identifying findings, is still not able to establish the identity of the dead body, the county medical examiner or deputy county medical examiner shall forward the dental examination records to the appropriate law enforcement agency. The law enforcement agency shall enter the information from the dental examination records into the national crime information center pursuant to section 8 of Act No. 319 of the Public Acts of 1968, being section 28.258 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(2) If a person reported missing has not been found within 30 days, the law enforcement agency conducting the investigation for the missing person shall request the family or next of kin of the missing person to give them written consent to contact and request from the dentist of the missing person the person's dental records. The information from the dental records of the missing person shall be entered into the national crime information center by the law enforcement agency pursuant to section 8 of Act No. 319 of the Public Acts of 1968.

(3) If a person reported missing has been found, the law enforcement agency that entered the information under subsection (2) shall cancel the information.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2845 Inability to locate body; registration of death upon receipt of findings of probate court; marking death registration; extension of time periods.

Sec. 2845. (1) When a death is presumed to have occurred in this state but the body cannot be located, the state registrar may register the death upon receipt of the findings of the probate court, including the personal and medical data required to complete the death registration. The death registration shall be marked “presumptive” and shall show on its face the date of registration and identify the court and the date of decree.

(2) The state registrar may provide for the extension of time periods prescribed for the filing of death registrations in cases where compliance would result in undue hardship.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2846 Failure to register death within prescribed time period; filing, registering, and marking certificate; evidentiary requirements.

Sec. 2846. (1) When a death occurring in this state is not registered within the time period prescribed by section 2843, a certificate may be filed in accordance with department procedures. The certificate shall be registered subject to evidentiary requirements the department prescribes to substantiate the alleged facts of death.

(2) A certificate of death registered 1 year or more after the date of death shall be marked “delayed” and shall show on its face the date of the delayed registration.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2847 Death of individual in county in which individual not a resident; information; issuance of certified copy or certificate of registration prohibited.

Sec. 2847. When a death registration returned by a local registrar to the state registrar indicates that an individual died in a county in which the individual was not a resident, the state registrar shall forward the necessary information monthly to the local registrar of the county in which the individual was a resident. A certified copy or certificate of registration based on this information shall not be issued by a local registrar receiving information under this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2848 Authorization for final disposition of dead body or fetus; time; form; retention of permit; cremation; moving body; permit issued by other state.

Sec. 2848. (1) Except as provided in sections 2844 and 2845, a funeral director or person acting as a funeral
director, who first assumes custody of a dead body, not later than 72 hours after death or the finding of a dead body and before final disposition of the body, shall obtain authorization for the final disposition. The authorization for final disposition of a dead body shall be issued on a form prescribed by the state registrar and signed by the local registrar or the state registrar.

(2) Before final disposition of a dead fetus, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, the funeral director or person assuming responsibility for the final disposition of the fetus shall obtain from the parents, or parent in case of an unmarried mother, an authorization for final disposition on a form prescribed and furnished or approved by the state registrar. The authorization may allow final disposition to be by a funeral director, the individual in charge of the institution where the fetus was delivered, or an institution or agency authorized to accept donated bodies or fetuses under this code. After final disposition, the funeral director, the individual in charge of the institution, or other person making the final disposition shall retain the permit for not less than 7 years.

(3) If final disposition is by cremation, the medical examiner of the county in which death occurred shall sign the authorization for final disposition.

(4) A body may be moved from the place of death to be prepared for final disposition with the consent of the physician or county medical examiner who certifies the cause of death.

(5) A permit for disposition issued under the law of another state that accompanies a dead body or dead fetus brought into this state is authorization for final disposition of the dead body or dead fetus in this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2850 Interment or other disposition of dead body or fetus; duty of individual in charge of premises; record of final disposition.

Sec. 2850. An individual in charge of premises in which interments or other disposition of dead bodies is made shall not inter or allow interment or other disposition of a dead body or fetus unless it is accompanied by an authorization for final disposition. An individual in charge of a place for final disposition shall keep a record of a final disposition made in the premises under his or her charge. The record shall state the name of the deceased, date and place of death, date of final disposition, and the name and address of the funeral director or person acting as a funeral director.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2851 Permit request for disinterment of dead human body.

Sec. 2851. (1) Subject to any other provision of this part, a person who has authority to make arrangements for a dead human body under this part also has authority to request a permit for the disinterment of a dead human body under section 2853 notwithstanding the lack of consent of, or 1 or more objections of, a person who owns or possesses ownership rights over the place of repose. A person who owns or possesses ownership rights over the place of repose shall not bear any cost associated with the disinterment unless that person initiates the disinterment or is otherwise legally obligated for the costs of the disinterment.

(2) This section does not void or otherwise affect a gift made pursuant to part 101.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2852 Weather conditions requiring storage of dead body; authorization for delayed interment; disinterment and reinterment permit not required.

Sec. 2852. When weather conditions prevent an immediate interment of a dead body and storage is necessary, the individual in charge of a cemetery shall obtain written authorization for delayed interment signed by the next of kin or authorized agent. The authorization shall specify the approximate hour and date of interment and place of temporary storage. This storage is not considered interment and a disinterment and reinterment permit is not required.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2853 Permit for disinterment and reinterment required; issuance; forms for permits and applications; retention of application; copy of permit as permanent record; petition for disinterment order.
Sec. 2853. (1) A permit for disinterment and reinterment is required before disinterment of a dead body. The local health department in whose jurisdiction the body is interred shall issue the permit upon proper application by a licensed funeral director or person acting as a funeral director in accordance with rules promulgated by the department.

(2) A person shall not disinter or permit the disinterment of a dead body in a cemetery and the body’s reinterment in a cemetery or removal from the cemetery unless a disinterment and reinterment permit is issued by the local health department in the jurisdiction in which the cemetery is located.

(3) The department shall prepare and furnish to local health departments the forms for permits and applications therefor, which shall be used in the procedures prescribed by this section and section 2852.

(4) The local health department shall retain an application for a disinterment and reinterment permit for not less than 5 years. A duplicate copy of the permit shall be maintained in permanent records of the cemetery from which the body was disinterred.

(5) If a required consent cannot be obtained, a person may petition the circuit court of the county in which the cemetery is located for a disinterment order.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.8051 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.2855 Autopsy; physician to perform; consent; ordering of autopsy; exceptions; removal, retention, or use of pituitary gland; conditions; charge; submitting pituitary gland for treatment of human being; agreement.

Sec. 2855. (1) An autopsy shall not be performed upon the body of a deceased individual except by a physician who has been granted written consent to perform the autopsy by whichever 1 of the following individuals assumes custody of the body for purposes of burial: parent, surviving spouse, guardian, or next of kin of the deceased individual or by an individual charged by law with the responsibility for burial of the body. If 2 or more of those individuals assume custody of the body, the consent of 1 is sufficient. This section shall not prevent the ordering of an autopsy by a medical examiner or a local health officer.

(2) This section shall not apply to a department of anatomy in a school of medicine in this state, or to an autopsy, postmortem, or dissection performed pursuant to and under the authority of any other law.

(3) A local health officer may order an autopsy if necessary to carry out the functions vested in a local health department by this code.

(4) A physician, including a medical examiner, performing an autopsy pursuant to subsection (1), (2), or (3) may remove, retain, or use the pituitary gland of the deceased individual if the removal, retention, or use of the pituitary gland is for purposes of medical research, education, or therapy, and the physician is unaware of any direction made by the deceased individual before death or of an objection made by the next of kin of the deceased individual that a part of the deceased individual’s body not be removed.

(5) If consent for the performance of the autopsy is required pursuant to subsection (1), the physician shall obtain consent from the same individual for the removal, retention, or use of the pituitary gland of the deceased individual pursuant to subsection (4).

(6) Except for a reasonable charge related to the actual costs incurred and incident to removing and handling the pituitary gland, the removed pituitary gland shall be submitted, without charge, to hospitals, medical education or research institutions, or to individuals or organizations for the purpose of treating another human being. The hospital, medical education or research institution, or other individual or organization receiving the gland shall agree to furnish the gland, or a hormone produced from the gland, without charge.


Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.2855a.added THIS ADDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE MARCH 31, 2004 *****

333.2855a.added Public display of autopsy photograph; court action; applicability of section to internet service provider; constitutionally protected speech or activity not prohibited; definitions.

Sec. 2855a. (1) A person shall not publicly display an autopsy photograph of a decedent that identifies the
decedent by name, face, or other identifying physical feature unless 1 of the following conditions is met:

(a) One of the following individuals specifically provides written authorization for the public display of the autopsy photograph:

(i) A person nominated by will or other writing signed by the decedent.
(ii) If an individual described in subparagraph (i) cannot be identified or located following a diligent and good faith effort, the decedent’s spouse.
(iii) If an individual described in subparagraph (i) or (ii) cannot be identified or located following a diligent and good faith effort, an adult child of the decedent.
(iv) If an individual described in subparagraph (i), (ii), or (iii) cannot be identified or located following a diligent and good faith effort, a parent of the decedent.
(v) If an individual described in subparagraph (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) cannot be identified or located following a diligent and good faith effort, the next of kin of the decedent.
(vi) If an individual described in subparagraph (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) cannot be identified or located following a diligent and good faith effort, an individual charged by law with the responsibility for burial or cremation of the decedent’s body.

(b) The public display of the autopsy photograph is 1 of the following:

(i) Upon written authorization by the prosecuting attorney having jurisdiction for a purpose directly related to the investigation or prosecution of a criminal case.
(ii) Authorized by a court of competent jurisdiction for a purpose directly related to the proceedings in a civil case.
(iii) Required for a health department to carry out its lawful duties.
(iv) Necessary for legitimate research or teaching of only medical, public health, or public safety personnel or students enrolled at a postsecondary educational institution.

(2) A decedent’s parent, surviving spouse, and children who are injured as a result of a violation of this section may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover $1,000.00 or actual damages, whichever is greater, plus costs and reasonable attorney fees.

(3) This section does not apply to an internet service provider or computer network service provider who in good faith, and without knowledge of the content of the photograph, provides the medium for public display of the photograph. As used in this subsection, “internet service provider” means a person who provides a service that enables users to access content, information, electronic mail, or other services offered over the internet.

(4) This section does not prohibit constitutionally protected speech or activity.

(5) As used in this section:

(a) “Autopsy photograph” means an image of a decedent obtained during an autopsy of that decedent in this state, and includes an image on videotape, motion picture or other film, or an image captured by digital means.
(b) “Dcedent” means a deceased human being.
(c) “Public display” means to knowingly communicate, exhibit, or display in open view or to distribute to members of the public or in a public manner, whether or not for commercial purposes, through any medium of communication including, but not limited to, the internet or a computer, computer network, computer program, or computer system, as those terms are defined in section 2 of 1979 PA 53, MCL 752.792.


333.2861 Original marriage license certificates; filing; incorporating information relating to marriages in system of vital statistics.

Sec. 2861. (1) A local registrar shall file with the state registrar original marriage license certificates, including applications and licenses, in accordance with Act No. 128 of the Public Acts of 1887, as amended, being sections 551.101 to 551.111 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and Act No. 180 of the Public Acts of 1897, as amended, being sections 551.201 to 551.204 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(2) The state registrar shall incorporate the information relating to marriages in this state in the system of vital statistics.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2864 Report of divorce proceedings; filing; forms; specifying number of divorces granted; report by party petitioning for divorce; signing and filing report; incorporating divorce reports in system of vital statistics.
Sec. 2864. (1) Before the fifth day of each calendar month the clerk of a circuit court shall file with the state registrar a report of divorce proceedings in the court for the preceding month.

(2) The report shall be made on forms prescribed by the state registrar and shall specify the number of divorces granted.

(3) A party petitioning for a divorce shall file with the petition a report, on a form prescribed and furnished by the state registrar to the county clerk, which shall include the information prescribed by the state registrar. When a divorce is granted the clerk of the court shall sign and file the report with the state registrar together with the monthly reports required by this section.

(4) The state registrar shall incorporate the divorce reports in the system of vital statistics.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2867 Information necessary to complete birth, death, marriage, or divorce registration; furnishing on demand; attesting accuracy of personal data regarding live birth registration.

Sec. 2867. (1) Upon the demand of the state registrar, local registrar, or other person responsible for the filing of vital records, a person who has information necessary to complete a birth, death, marriage, or divorce registration shall furnish that information to the person making the demand, who shall forward the information to the state registrar.

(2) A parent of a child shall attest to the accuracy of the personal data provided for in a live birth registration in time to permit filing within the 5 days prescribed in section 2821.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2871 Amendment of certificate or record; procedures; requirements; rules.

Sec. 2871. (1) A certificate or record registered under this part may be amended only in accordance with this part or procedures adopted under section 2896.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3) and section 2872(1), a certificate or record amended under this section, section 2872, or section 2873 shall:

(a) Have the original information contained in the amended item expunged.

(b) Be marked “amended”.

(c) Contain the date of the amendment.

(d) Identify the item amended.

(3) The department shall promulgate rules to prescribe the conditions under which an addition or minor amendment may be made to a certificate or record not later than 1 year after the date of the event without the certificate or record being considered as amended.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2872 Acknowledgement of paternity; creating new certificate of birth; changing surname of child; sealing original certificate; addendum to certificate of live birth; creating new live birth certificate and sealing original.

Sec. 2872. (1) Upon written request and receipt of an acknowledgment of paternity from the probate court of a child born out of wedlock, the state registrar shall create a new certificate of birth to show paternity. Upon the written request of the parents, the surname of the child shall be changed on the certificate to that designated by the parents. The certificate shall not be marked “amended”. The original certificate of live birth shall be sealed in accordance with section 2832.

(2) Upon receipt of a certified copy of a court order changing the name of an individual born in this state and upon request of the individual or the individual’s parents, guardian, or legal representative, the state registrar shall affix an addendum to the individual’s certificate of live birth, which shall state the individual’s new name and identify the court order. The state registrar shall create a new live birth certificate and seal the original certificate only if the court order changing the individual’s name specifically directs the state registrar to do so or if the request relates to a minor whose name is changed pursuant to section 1 of chapter 11 of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939, as amended, being section 711.1 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Popular name: Act 368
333.2873 Conditions precluding amendment of vital record; reason for refusal; appeal; reporting amendment; preservation of original information.

Sec. 2873. (1) If an applicant does not submit the minimum documentation required by the department for amending a vital record or if the state registrar has reasonable cause to question the validity or adequacy of the applicant's sworn statement or the documentary evidence, and if the deficiencies are not corrected, the state registrar shall not amend the vital record and shall advise the applicant of the reason for the refusal. The applicant shall have the right to appeal to a circuit court.

(2) When a certificate is amended under this section or section 2871 or 2872, the state registrar shall report the amendment to the appropriate custodian of permanent local records who shall amend the record accordingly.

(3) The original information contained in a vital record which is amended shall be preserved by the state registrar in accordance with section 2876.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2876 Preservation of vital records and vital statistics; procedures.

Sec. 2876. The department shall provide by electronic or other means or by reproduction pursuant to the records media act for the preservation of vital records and vital statistics made or received by the department. Procedures shall be consistent with those established under the authority of part 26. The procedures shall require that vital records be stored in a manner reasonably calculated to assure the indefinite preservation of the information contained in the vital records against loss or destruction.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2881 Procedures applicable to system of vital statistics; request and fee for verification of facts; request and fee for name and location of court which finalized adoption.

Sec. 2881. (1) The procedures established by the department pursuant to part 26 to protect the confidentiality of records and to regulate the disclosure of data contained in a departmental data system or system of records are applicable to the system of vital statistics.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in section 2890, upon written request and payment of the prescribed fee, the state registrar or local registrar shall verify for any person the following facts:

(a) The name or names of the individual to whom the vital record pertains.
(b) The nature of the event.
(c) The date of the event.
(d) The place of the event.
(e) The date of filing.

(3) Upon written request of an adult person who has been adopted, and payment of a fee as prescribed in section 2891, the department shall inform the requester of the name and location of the court which finalized the adoption.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2882 Issuance of certain certified copies; request; fee; request of adopted adult or confidential intermediary; phrase to be marked on certificate provided under subsection (2) or (3).

Sec. 2882. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 2890, upon written request and payment of the prescribed fee, the state registrar or local registrar shall issue the appropriate 1 of the following:

(a) A certified copy of a live birth record, an affidavit of parentage filed after June 1, 1997, or a record of stillbirth filed after June 1, 2003 to 1 of the following:

(i) The individual who is the subject of the record.
(ii) A parent named in the record.
(iii) An heir, a legal representative, or a legal guardian of the individual who is the subject of the record.
(iv) A court of competent jurisdiction.

(b) If the live birth record is 100 or more years old, a certified copy of the live birth record to any applicant.
(c) A certified copy of a death record, including the cause of death, to any applicant.
(d) A certified copy of a marriage or divorce record to any applicant, except as provided by rule.
(e) A certified copy of a fetal death record that was filed before September 30, 1978, to any applicant.
(2) Upon written request of an adult who has been adopted and payment of the prescribed fee, the state registrar shall issue to that individual a copy of his or her original certificate of live birth, if the written request identifies the name of the adult adoptee and is accompanied by a copy of a central adoption registry clearance reply form that was completed by the family independence agency and delivered to that individual as required by section 68(9) of the Michigan adoption code, chapter X of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 710.68.

(3) Upon written request of a confidential intermediary appointed under section 68b of the Michigan adoption code, chapter X of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 710.68b, presentation of a certified copy of the order of appointment, identification of the name of the adult adoptee, and payment of the required fee, the state registrar shall issue to the confidential intermediary a copy of the original certificate of live birth of the adult adoptee on whose behalf the intermediary was appointed.

(4) A copy of the original certificate of live birth provided under subsection (2) or (3) shall have the following phrase marked on the face of the copy: “This document is a copy of a sealed record and is not the active birth certificate of the individual whose name appears on this document”.


Popular name: Act 368
proper administration of the system of vital statistics, a person or governmental entity shall not permit inspection of,
disclose information contained in vital records, or copy or issue a copy of all or part of a record except as authorized
by this part, by rule, or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction. Vital records and information or any part of
the information contained in a vital record is not subject to the provisions of the freedom of information act, 1976
PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246. Procedures shall provide for adequate standards of security and confidentiality of
vital records.

(2) The department may establish procedures for the disclosure of information contained in vital records for
research purposes.

(3) An appeal from a decision of a custodian of permanent local records refusing to disclose information, or to
permit inspection of or copying of records under the authority of this section and procedures adopted under section
2896, shall be made to the state registrar, whose decision is binding on the local custodian of permanent local
records.

Popular name: Act 368
Administrative rules: R 325.3231 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.2889 Tagging birth certificate of missing child; notifying state police of request for copy of
certificate; matching LEIN entry and certificate; tagging by local registrar; removal of tag.
Sec. 2889. (1) Upon notification pursuant to section 8 of Act No. 319 of the Public Acts of 1968, being section
28.258 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, that a person less than 17 years of age who was born in this state is
missing, the state registrar shall immediately tag the birth certificate of that person in a manner that will alert the
registrar to the fact that the birth certificate is that of a missing child. The state registrar shall immediately notify the
appropriate local registrars to similarly tag the birth certificate or appropriate document of the missing child. The
state registrar shall check to see if a request for a copy of the missing child's birth certificate was received within 14
days preceding the tagging of the birth certificate. If a request had been received, the state registrar shall
immediately notify the state police of the request.

(2) The state registrar may access the law enforcement information network to obtain from the law enforcement
agency reporting the missing person information necessary to provide a positive match between the missing
person's LEIN entry and the missing person's birth certificate.

(3) Upon notification by the state registrar pursuant to subsection (1), the local registrar shall immediately tag the
birth certificate or appropriate document of a missing child in a manner that will alert the registrar to the fact that
the birth certificate is that of a missing child.

(4) Upon notification pursuant to section 8 of Act No. 319 of the Public Acts of 1968 that the information entered
into the law enforcement information network regarding a missing child has been canceled, the state registrar shall
remove the tag from the child's birth certificate not later than 7 days after receiving the notice.

(5) Upon removal of a tag by the state registrar pursuant to subsection (4), the state registrar shall immediately
notify the local registrar who shall remove the tag from the missing child's birth certificate or appropriate document
not later than 7 days after receiving the notice from the state registrar.

Popular name: Act 368

333.2890 Issuing birth certificate, certificate of registration, or information by mail; marking
phrase “missing person” on face of document; telephoning state registrar upon receipt of
request for tagged record; providing state registrar with certain information; telephoning state
police; notice to law enforcement agency.
Sec. 2890. (1) If a missing child's birth certificate is tagged pursuant to section 2889, the state registrar and local
registrar shall only issue a copy of the missing child's birth certificate, certificate of registration, or otherwise verify,
certify, or provide information concerning the items indicated in section 2881(2) by mail. The document mailed
shall have the phrase “missing person” marked on the face of the document and shall not be mailed until at least 72
hours have passed from the time the registrar notified the department of state police pursuant to subsection (2).

(2) A local registrar shall immediately telephone the state registrar upon receipt of a request for a record tagged
pursuant to section 2889 and shall provide as soon as possible a copy of the written request and any pertinent
information such as the requester's name, address, and if requested in person, the requester's driver's license
number, to the state registrar. If the state registrar receives a request for a record tagged pursuant to section 2889 or
the local registrar notifies the state registrar of the receipt of a request for a tagged record, the state registrar shall
immediately telephone the state police and shall provide as soon as possible a copy of the written request and any pertinent information such as the requester's name, address, and if requested in person, the requester's driver's license number, to the department of state police. The department of state police shall immediately notify the appropriate law enforcement agency of a request for a tagged record and shall forward to that agency the information received from the registrar.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2891 Search for vital record; request; fee; official statement if record not located; verification of identity; fees for search, establishment, and registration; furnishing copies without charge; fees for creation of new vital records and corrections of vital records; additional fees; disposition of fees; system of fees for local registrars.

Sec. 2891. (1) The state registrar or a local registrar shall, upon receipt of a written request and payment of the prescribed fee, conduct a search for a vital record for an individual who purports to be eligible under section 2882 or for an agency under section 2883(2) to receive a certified copy, administrative use copy, or a statistical use copy of the requested vital record.

(2) If a search for a vital record is conducted by the state registrar and the vital record cannot be located, the state registrar shall issue an official statement to the effect that the vital record could not be located in place of a certified copy or an administrative use copy of a vital record. If a search for a vital record is conducted by a local registrar and the vital record cannot be located, the local registrar is not required to issue an official statement as described in this subsection, and the local registrar may waive the prescribed fee.

(3) The state registrar or a local registrar may require an applicant who requests a certified copy, an administrative use copy, or a statistical use copy of a vital record to provide verification of his or her identity before releasing the vital record if eligibility for the vital record is restricted pursuant to section 2882.

(4) Subject to subsection (8), the fees for a search are as follows:

(a) A search including 1 certified copy, 1 administrative use copy, or 1 statistical use copy of a vital record or an official statement issued by the state registrar that a vital record could not be located $15.00

(b) Additional identical copies ordered at the same time $5.00 per copy

(c) Additional years searched $4.00 per year

(d) An authenticated copy $18.00

(e) Additional authenticated copies ordered at the same time $8.00 per copy

(f) Verification of facts delineated in section 2881(2) $5.00

(g) A request for an expedited search for a vital record $5.00

(5) The fees for establishment and registration are as follows:

(a) Application for establishment of a delayed certificate of birth or death that includes 1 certified copy or an official denial of the application ........................................... $30.00

(b) Registration of a delayed certificate of birth for a foreign born adopted child that includes 1 certified copy ........................................................................................................ $30.00
(6) Upon formal application of a soldier; sailor; marine; member of the coast guard; nurse; member of a women's auxiliary; or a person who is entitled to a bonus or a pension or other compensation under a law of this state, the United States, or other state or territory of the United States or a service auxiliary, 1 certified copy of a vital record requested from the state registrar shall be furnished without charge for the purpose of securing the bonus, pension, or compensation. If the person entitled to the vital record is deceased or mentally incompetent, the copy may be furnished to an heir, guardian, or legal representative of the person. The state registrar shall label a certified copy furnished under this subsection with the following statement: “for veteran's benefits only, not for personal use”.

(7) Upon formal application, a certified copy of a vital record shall be furnished by the state registrar or a local registrar without charge to a licensed child placing agency representing a child for adoption purposes. The state registrar shall label a certified copy provided under this subsection with the following statement: “for adoption purposes only, not for personal use”.

(8) Upon formal application, a person 65 years of age or older shall be charged a fee of $7.00 for a search and 1 certified copy of his or her birth record.

(9) The following fees shall be charged for the creation of new vital records and corrections of vital records:

(a) Application to create a new certificate of birth following an adoption; legal change of name for minors; acknowledgment of paternity; sex change; legitimation; order of filiation; or a request to replace a court filed certificate of adoption ................................................................. $26.00

(b) Application received within 1 year of the date of the event to create a new certificate of birth or death to correct obvious minor errors and omissions .................. $26.00

The errors and omissions that may be corrected under this subdivision are limited to the following:

(i) The addition of a given first or middle name if a name was not recorded at the time of filing.

(ii) A change to a social security number.

(iii) The addition of information originally specified as unknown or that was omitted by error.

(iv) A minor spelling change.

(10) A fee of $26.00 shall be charged for an application to amend birth and death records more than 1 year after the date of the event for the purpose of adding information or correcting an error in information recorded on the document.

(11) A fee shall not be assessed for 1 or more of the following:

(a) Changing a vital record to correct an error made within the office of a local registrar or the state registrar.

(b) Correcting an error if the correction is initiated by the state registrar.

(c) Correcting a vital record if the correction is requested by a county medical examiner for a case within his or her jurisdiction.

(d) Correcting a record if the correction is ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction following denial by the department of an application to make the correction.

(e) Correcting a vital record if the correction is requested by a public agency that is the guardian of the individual to whom the vital record pertains.

(12) A fee of $26.00 shall be charged for an application to amend a birth record regarding a documented legal change of name for an adult.

(13) The state registrar or a local registrar with approval of the state registrar may charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs of special services performed pursuant to section 2883, 2884, or 2888.

(14) Fees collected under this section by a local registrar shall be deposited as the governing body of the city or county directs. Fees collected under this section by the state registrar shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund of this state.

(15) The state registrar or a local registrar shall not charge a fee other than a fee prescribed in this section. However, a local governmental unit may adopt a system of fees for local registrars under the jurisdiction of the local governmental unit for a search that provides for fees less than those set forth in this section, and a charter county with a population of more than 2,000,000 may adopt a system of fees for a local registrar under the jurisdiction of that charter county that provides for fees more than those set forth in this section. However, a charter county shall not impose a fee that is greater than the cost of the service for which the fee is charged.
(16) For searches under subsection (4) a local registrar shall charge fees according to the following:

(a) The governing body of a local governmental unit that has jurisdiction over a local registrar may adopt a system of fees for the local registrar that provides for fees less than or equal to the fees set forth in subsection (4). These fees shall be used for the maintenance and sustenance of the vital records fees program only. The fees shall alleviate any burden to the taxpayers to provide this worthwhile program. A charter county with a population of more than 2,000,000 may adopt a system of fees for a local registrar under the jurisdiction of that charter county that provides for fees that are more than the fees set forth in subsection (4). A charter county shall not impose a fee that is greater than the cost of the service for which the fee is charged. A system of fees adopted under this subdivision shall be used by all local registrars under the jurisdiction of the local governmental unit, and shall be reasonably related to the cost incurred by the local registrar in making the search.

(b) If a system of fees is not adopted by a local registrar's local governmental unit under subdivision (a), the local registrar shall not charge a fee other than a fee prescribed in subsection (4).


Popular name: Act 368

333.2894 Prohibited conduct.

Sec. 2894. (1) A person shall not:

(a) Wilfully and knowingly refuse to provide vital records information required by this part or the rules promulgated pursuant to this part.

(b) Wilfully and knowingly make a false statement in a vital record or report required to be filed under this code, or in an application for an amendment or for a certified copy of a vital record.

(c) Wilfully and knowingly supply false information intending that the information be used in the preparation of a vital record or amendment thereof.

(d) Wilfully and knowingly obtain, possess, use, sell, furnish, or attempt to obtain, possess, use, sell, or furnish to another person, for any purpose of deception, a counterfeited, altered, amended, or mutilated vital record or certified copy thereof.

(e) Wilfully and knowingly furnish or process a vital record or a certified copy of a vital record with the knowledge or intention that it be used for the purposes of deception.

(2) A person shall not make, counterfeit, alter, amend, or mutilate a vital record or report required to be filed under this part with the intent to deceive.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2895 Inspection or copying of information contained in system of vital statistics.

Sec. 2895. The state registrar or a local registrar or an agent or employee of the state or local registrar shall not disclose or permit the inspection or copying of information contained in the system of vital statistics except as authorized by this part or the procedures adopted under section 2896.


Popular name: Act 368

333.2896 Rules; minimum requirements.

Sec. 2896. The department may promulgate rules necessary or appropriate to implement this part. The rules shall include, at a minimum, procedures relating to filings; form and content of vital records; minimum documentation required for the issuance or amendment of certificates or permits; inspection or disclosure of records and sealed files; fees; and the disposition of reports and applications not actively pursued.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.1141 et seq.; R 325.3201 et seq.; R 325.3231 et seq.; and R 325.3251 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.2898 Violation; penalty.

Sec. 2898. A person who violates section 2894 or 2895 is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or a fine of not more than $1,000.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368
333.2899 Reporting violation; statement; initiation of proceedings.
Sec. 2899. The state registrar may report a violation of this part or the rules promulgated pursuant to this part to the attorney general. A statement of the facts and circumstances of the violation shall be submitted with the report. Upon receipt of the report, the attorney general, either directly or through the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the violation occurred, may initiate appropriate proceedings against the person committing and responsible for the alleged violation.

Popular name: Act 368

PART 32
EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES SYSTEM

Popular name: Act 368

PART 36
NUTRITION SERVICES SYSTEM

Popular name: Act 368

ARTICLE 5
PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF DISEASES AND DISABILITIES

PART 51
GENERAL PROVISIONS

333.5101 Definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 5101. (1) As used in this article:
(a) “Care” includes treatment, control, transportation, confinement, and isolation in a facility or other location.
(b) "Communicable disease" means an illness due to a specific infectious agent or its toxic products that results from transmission of that infectious agent or its products from a reservoir to a susceptible host, directly as from an infected individual or animal, or indirectly through the agency of an intermediate plant or animal host, vector, or the inanimate environment.
(c) “HIV” means human immunodeficiency virus.
(d) “HIV infection” or “HIV infected” means the status of an individual who has tested positive for HIV, as evidenced by either a double positive enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay test, combined with a positive western blot assay test, or a positive result under an HIV test that is considered reliable by the federal centers for disease control and is approved by the department.
(e) “Immunization” means the process of increasing an individual's immunity to a disease by use of a vaccine, antibody preparation, or other substance.
(f) “Infection” means the invasion of the body with microorganisms or parasites, whether or not the invasion results in detectable pathologic effects.
(g) “Serious communicable disease or infection” means a communicable disease or infection that is designated as serious by the department pursuant to this part. Serious communicable disease or infection includes, but is not limited to, HIV infection, acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, venereal disease, and tuberculosis.
(h) “Venereal disease” means syphilis, gonorrhea, chancroid, lymphogranuloma venereum, granuloma inguinale, and other sexually transmitted diseases which the department by rule may designate and require to be reported.
(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.

333.5111 Rules.
Sec. 5111. (1) In carrying out its authority under this article, the department may promulgate rules to:
   (a) Designate and classify communicable, serious communicable, chronic, other noncommunicable diseases, infections, and disabilities.
   (b) Establish requirements for reporting and other surveillance methods for measuring the occurrence of diseases, infections, and disabilities and the potential for epidemics. Rules promulgated under this subdivision may require a licensed health professional or health facility to submit to the department or a local health department, on a form provided by the department, a report of the occurrence of a communicable disease, serious communicable disease or infection, or disability. The rules promulgated under this subdivision may require a report to be submitted to the department not more than 24 hours after a licensed health professional or health facility determines that an individual has a serious communicable disease or infection.
   (c) Investigate cases, epidemics, and unusual occurrences of diseases, infections, and situations with a potential for causing diseases.
   (d) Establish procedures for control of diseases and infections, including, but not limited to, immunization and environmental controls.
   (e) Establish procedures for the prevention, detection, and treatment of disabilities and rehabilitation of individuals suffering from disabilities or disease, including nutritional problems.
   (f) Establish procedures for control of rabies and the disposition of nonhuman agents carrying disease, including rabid animals.
   (g) Establish procedures for the reporting of known or suspected cases of lead poisoning or undue lead body burden.
   (h) Designate communicable diseases or serious communicable diseases or infections for which local health departments are required to furnish care including, but not limited to, tuberculosis and venereal disease.
   (i) Implement this part and parts 52 and 53 including, but not limited to, rules for the discovery, care, and reporting of an individual having or suspected of having a communicable disease or a serious communicable disease or infection, and to establish approved tests under section 5125 and approved prophylaxes under section 5127.

   (2) The department shall promulgate rules to provide for the confidentiality of reports, records, and data pertaining to testing, care, treatment, reporting, and research associated with communicable diseases and serious communicable diseases or infections. The rules shall specify the communicable diseases and serious communicable diseases or infections covered under the rules and shall include, but are not limited to, hepatitis B, venereal disease, and tuberculosis. The rules shall not apply to the serious communicable diseases or infections of HIV infection, or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome. The department shall submit the rules for public hearing under the administrative procedures act of 1969 by November 20, 1989.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.60 and R 325.171 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.5113 Medical treatment, testing, or examination as violative of personal religious beliefs; compliance with provisions regarding sanitation and reporting of diseases.
Sec. 5113. (1) Except as otherwise provided in part 52 and section 9123, this article and articles 6 and 9 or the rules promulgated under those articles shall not be construed to require the medical treatment, testing, or examination of an individual who objects on the grounds that the medical treatment, testing, or examination violates the personal religious beliefs of the individual or of the parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of a minor.

(2) This section does not exempt an individual from compliance with applicable laws, rules, or regulations regarding sanitation and the reporting of diseases as provided by this code.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5114 HIV infected test subject; report; form; encoded individual case files.
Sec. 5114. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section and except for a licensed clinical laboratory, a
person or governmental entity that obtains from a test subject a test result that indicates that the test subject is HIV infected shall, within 7 days after obtaining the test result, report to the department on a form provided by the department all of the following information:

(a) The name and address of the person or governmental entity that submits the report.
(b) The age, race, sex, and county of residence of the test subject.
(c) The date on which the test was performed.
(d) The test result.
(e) If known, whether or not the test subject has tested positive for the presence of HIV or an antibody to HIV on a previous occasion.
(f) The probable method of transmission.
(g) The purpose of the test.
(h) Any other medical or epidemiological information considered necessary by the department for the surveillance, control, and prevention of HIV infections. Information added by the department under this subdivision shall be promulgated as rules.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section and except for a licensed clinical laboratory, a person or governmental entity that obtains from a test subject a test result that indicates that the test subject is HIV infected shall, within 7 days after obtaining the test result, report to the appropriate local health department, on a form provided by the department, all of the information required under subsection (1), but including the name, address, and telephone number of the test subject.

(3) An individual who undergoes a test for HIV or an antibody to HIV in a physician's private practice office or the office of a physician employed by or under contract to a health maintenance organization may request that the report made by the physician under this section not include the name, address, and telephone number of the test subject. Except as otherwise provided in section 5114a, if such a request is made under this subsection, the physician shall comply with the request.

(4) A local health department shall not maintain a roster of names obtained under this section, but shall maintain individual case files that are encoded to protect the identities of the individual test subjects.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5114a Referral of individual to local health department; assistance with partner notification; information; legal obligation to inform sexual partners; criminal sanctions; partner notification program; confidentiality; priority duty of local health department; retention of reports, records, and data; information exempt from disclosure; biennial report.

Sec. 5114a. (1) A person or governmental entity that administers a test for HIV or an antibody to HIV to an individual shall refer the individual to the appropriate local health department for assistance with partner notification if both of the following conditions are met:

(a) The test results indicate that the individual is HIV infected.
(b) The person or governmental entity that administered the test determines that the individual needs assistance with partner notification.

(2) A person or governmental entity that refers an individual to a local health department under subsection (1) shall provide the local health department with information determined necessary by the local health department to carry out partner notification. Information required under this subsection may include, but is not limited to, the name, address, and telephone number of the individual test subject.

(3) A local health department to which an individual is referred under subsection (1) shall inform the individual that he or she has a legal obligation to inform each of his or her sexual partners of the individual's HIV infection before engaging in sexual relations with that sexual partner, and that the individual may be subject to criminal sanctions for failure to so inform a sexual partner.

(4) A partner notification program operated by a local health department shall include notification of individuals who are sexual or hypodermic needle-sharing partners of the individual tested under subsection (1). Partner notification shall be confidential and conducted in the form of a direct, one-to-one conversation between the employee of the local health department and the partner of the test subject.

(5) If a local health department receives a report under section 5114(2) that indicates that a resident of this state or an individual located in this state is HIV infected, the local health department shall make it a priority to do all of the following:

(a) Attempt to interview the individual and offer to contact the individual's sexual partners and, if applicable,
hypodermic needle-sharing or drug-sharing partners. If the subject of the report is determined to have been infected
with HIV in utero, the local health department shall attempt to interview the individual's parent or legal guardian, or
both. The interview conducted under this subdivision shall be voluntary on the part of the individual being
interviewed. The interview or attempted interview required under this subdivision shall be performed by a local
health department within 14 days after receipt of a report under section 5114(2).

(b) Within 35 days after the interview conducted pursuant to subdivision (a), confidentially, privately, and in a
discreet manner contact each individual identified as a sexual or hypodermic needle-sharing or drug-sharing partner
regarding the individual's possible exposure to HIV. The local health department shall not reveal to an individual
identified as a partner the identity of the individual who has tested positive for HIV or an antibody to HIV except if
authorized to do so by the individual who named the contact, and if needed to protect others from exposure to HIV
or from transmitting HIV. The local health department shall provide each individual interviewed under subdivision
(a) and each individual contacted under this subdivision with all of the following information:

(i) Available medical tests for HIV, an antibody to HIV, and any other indicator of HIV infection.

(ii) Steps to take in order to avoid transmission of HIV.

(iii) Other information considered appropriate by the department.

(6) The reports, records, and data of a local health department pertaining to information acquired under this
section shall be retained by the local health department for not more than 90 days after the date of receipt or for a
period established by rule of the department.

(7) Information acquired by the department or a local health department under this section or section 5114 is
exempt from disclosure under the freedom of information act, Act No. 442 of the Public Acts of 1976, being
sections 15.231 to 15.246 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(8) The department in consultation with local health departments shall submit a biennial report to the standing
committees in the senate and house of representatives responsible for legislation pertaining to public health on the
effect of this section on the department's efforts to monitor and control HIV infection. The report shall include, but
not be limited to, statistics on the total number of index cases reported, the total number of index cases reported
with information identifying the test subject or a partner of the test subject, and the total number of partners actually
contacted under this section, and an assessment of the effectiveness of the program, and recommendations to
improve the effectiveness of the program, if any. The statistics included in the report shall be broken down by local
health department jurisdiction.


 Popular name: Act 368

333.5115 Communicable diseases and serious communicable diseases and infections; minimum
procedures and standards for control and elimination.

Sec. 5115. The department may establish minimum procedures and standards for health officers and other
persons charged with administration and enforcement of the laws of this state relating to the discovery and care of
an individual having or suspected of having a communicable disease or a serious communicable disease or
infection. The procedures shall be reasonably related to the control and elimination of communicable diseases and
serious communicable diseases and infections, and shall not conflict with the procedures for the control and
elimination of communicable diseases and serious communicable diseases and infections set forth in this article.


 Popular name: Act 368

333.5117 Individual with serious communicable disease or infection; order authorizing care; report;
authority not restricted; financial liability for care.

Sec. 5117. (1) A local health department that knows that an individual who has a serious communicable disease
or infection including, but not limited to, tuberculosis or venereal disease, but not including HIV infection and
acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, regardless of the individual's domicile, is in the local health department's
jurisdiction and requires care, immediately shall furnish the necessary care in accordance with requirements
established by the department pursuant to section 5111(h). The local health department shall issue an order
authorizing the care.

(2) The local health department promptly shall report the action taken under this section to the county department
of social services of the individual's probable place of domicile.

(3) This section does not restrict the authority of the local health department in furnishing care to the individual,
pending determination by the local health department or, upon its request, by the county department of social
services of the probable place of domicile of the individual.

(4) Financial liability for care rendered under this section shall be determined in accordance with part 53.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**333.5119 Individual applying for marriage license; availability of tests for venereal disease and HIV infection; educational materials; informing HIV infected applicants of test results; definitions.**

Sec. 5119. (1) An individual applying for a marriage license shall be advised through the distribution of written educational materials by the county clerk regarding prenatal care and the transmission and prevention of venereal disease and HIV infection. The written educational materials shall describe the availability to the applicant of tests for both venereal disease and HIV infection. The information shall include a list of locations where HIV counseling and testing services funded by the department are available. The written educational materials shall be approved or prepared by the department.

(2) A county clerk shall not issue a marriage license to an applicant who fails to sign and file with the county clerk an application for a marriage license that includes a statement with a check-off box indicating that the applicant has received the educational materials regarding the transmission and prevention of both venereal disease and HIV infection and has been advised of testing for both venereal disease and HIV infection, pursuant to subsection (1).

(3) If either applicant for a marriage license undergoes a test for HIV or an antibody to HIV, and if the test results indicate that an applicant is HIV infected, the physician or a designee of the physician, the physician's assistant, the certified nurse midwife, or the certified nurse practitioner or the local health officer or designee of the local health officer administering the test immediately shall inform both applicants of the test results, and shall counsel both applicants regarding the modes of HIV transmission, the potential for HIV transmission to a fetus, and protective measures.

(4) As used in this section:

(a) “Certified nurse midwife” means an individual licensed as a registered professional nurse under part 172 who has been issued a specialty certification in the practice of nurse midwifery by the board of nursing under section 17210.

(b) “Certified nurse practitioner” means an individual licensed as a registered professional nurse under part 172 who has been issued a specialty certification as a nurse practitioner by the board of nursing under section 17210.

(c) “Physician” means an individual licensed as a physician under part 170 or an osteopathic physician under part 175.

(d) “Physician's assistant” means an individual licensed as a physician's assistant under part 170 or part 175.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**333.5121 Prohibited conduct; misdemeanor.**

Sec. 5121. A person who commits any of the following acts is guilty of a misdemeanor:

(a) A county clerk who issues a marriage license to an individual who fails to present a certificate required under section 5119(2).

(b) A person who knows that an applicant for a marriage license has taken a test for venereal disease or HIV infection, or both, under section 5119(1), and who discloses either the fact that the applicant has taken the test or the results of the test, or both, except as required by law, and except as provided under section 5131.

(c) A physician who knowingly and willfully makes a false statement in a certificate given by the physician under section 5119.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**333.5123 Initial examination of pregnant woman or woman recently delivering infant; test specimens required; exceptions; record; availability of test results and records.**

Sec. 5123. (1) A physician or an individual otherwise authorized by law to provide medical treatment to a pregnant woman shall take or cause to be taken, at the time of the woman's initial examination, test specimens of the woman and shall submit the specimens to a clinical laboratory approved by the department for the purpose of
performing tests approved by the department for venereal disease, HIV or an antibody to HIV, and for hepatitis B. If, when a woman presents at a health care facility to deliver an infant or for care in the immediate postpartum period having recently delivered an infant outside a health care facility, no record of results from the tests required by this subsection is readily available to the physician or individual otherwise authorized to provide care in such a setting, then the physician or individual otherwise authorized to provide care shall take or cause to be taken specimens of the woman and shall submit the specimens to a clinical laboratory approved by the department for the purpose of performing department approved tests for venereal disease, for HIV or an antibody to HIV, and for hepatitis B. This subsection does not apply if, in the professional opinion of the physician or other person, the tests are medically inadvisable or the woman does not consent to be tested.

(2) The physician or other individual described in subsection (1) shall make and retain a record showing the date the tests required under subsection (1) were ordered and the results of the tests. If the tests were not ordered by the physician or other person, the record shall contain an explanation of why the tests were not ordered.

(3) The test results and the records required under subsection (2) are not public records, but shall be available to a local health department and to a physician who provides medical treatment to the woman or her offspring.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5125 Birth of infant; treatment of eyes; report.

Sec. 5125. A licensed health professional in charge of the care of a newborn infant, or if none, the licensed health professional in charge at the birth of an infant, shall treat the eyes of the infant with 1 or more of the prophylaxes approved by the department within 1 hour after the birth of the infant, or as soon after the birth of the infant as the health professional is present. If any redness, swelling, inflammation, or gathering of pus appears in the eyes of the infant or upon the lids or about the eyes of the infant within 2 weeks after the date of birth, a nurse, nurse-midwife, or other person having care of the infant shall report the condition to the physician in charge of the care of the infant, or if there is not a physician in charge of the care of the infant, to the local health department, within 6 hours after the discovery of the redness, swelling, inflammation, or gathering of pus.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5127 Minor infected with venereal disease or HIV; consent to treatment; informing spouse, parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis; financial responsibility.

Sec. 5127. (1) Subject to section 5133, the consent to the provision of medical or surgical care, treatment, or services by a hospital, clinic, or physician that is executed by a minor who is or professes to be infected with a venereal disease or HIV is valid and binding as if the minor had achieved the age of majority. The consent is not subject to later disaffirmance by reason of minority. The consent of any other person, including a spouse, parent, or guardian, or person in loco parentis, is not necessary to authorize the services described in this subsection to be provided to a minor.

(2) For medical reasons a treating physician, and on the advice and direction of the treating physician, a physician, a member of the medical staff of a hospital or clinic, or other health professional, may, but is not obligated to, inform the spouse, parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis as to the treatment given or needed. The information may be given to or withheld from these persons without consent of the minor and notwithstanding the express refusal of the minor to the providing of the information.

(3) A spouse, parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of a minor is not financially responsible for surgical care, treatment, or services provided under this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5129 Individuals arrested and charged, bound over, or convicted of certain crimes; examination or testing for certain diseases; information and counseling; providing name, address, and telephone number of victim; providing test results to victim; transmitting test results and other medical information; confidentiality; referral of individual for appropriate medical care; financial responsibility; applicability of subsections (2), (3), and (4) to certain individuals; definitions.

Sec. 5129. (1) An individual arrested and charged with violating section 448, 449, 449a, 450, 452, or 455 of the Michigan penal code, Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931, being sections 750.448, 750.449, 750.449a, 750.450,
750.452, and 750.455 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or a local ordinance prohibiting prostitution or engaging in or offering to engage the services of a prostitute may, upon order of the court, be examined or tested to determine whether the individual has venereal disease, hepatitis B infection, HIV infection, or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome. Examination or test results that indicate the presence of venereal disease, hepatitis B infection, HIV infection, or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome shall be reported to the defendant and, pursuant to sections 5114 and 5114a, to the department and the appropriate local health department for partner notification.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, if an individual is arrested and charged with violating section 145a, 338, 338a, 338b, 448, 449, 449a, 450, 452, 455, 520b, 520c, 520d, 520e, or 520g of the Michigan penal code, Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931, being sections 750.145a, 750.338, 750.338a, 750.338b, 750.448, 750.449, 750.449a, 750.450, 750.452, 750.455, 750.520b, 750.520c, 750.520d, 750.520e, and 750.520g of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or section 7404 by intravenously using a controlled substance, or a local ordinance prohibiting prostitution, solicitation, gross indecency, or the intravenous use of a controlled substance, the judge or magistrate responsible for setting the individual’s conditions of release pending trial shall distribute to the individual the information on venereal disease and HIV transmission required to be distributed by county clerks under section 5119(1) and shall recommend that the individual obtain additional information and counseling at a local health department testing and counseling center regarding venereal disease, hepatitis B infection, HIV infection, and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome. Counseling under this subsection shall be voluntary on the part of the individual.

(3) If a defendant is bound over to circuit court or recorder’s court for a violation of section 145a, 338, 338a, 338b, 450, 452, 455, 520b, 520c, 520d, 520e, or 520g of Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931 and the district court determines there is reason to believe the violation involved sexual penetration or exposure to a body fluid of the defendant, the district court shall order the defendant to be examined or tested for venereal disease and hepatitis B infection and for the presence of HIV or an antibody to HIV. Except as provided in subsection (5), (6), or (7), or as otherwise provided by law, the examinations and tests shall be confidentially administered by a licensed physician, the department of public health, or a local health department. The court also shall order the defendant to receive counseling regarding venereal disease, hepatitis B infection, HIV infection, and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome including, at a minimum, information regarding treatment, transmission, and protective measures.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, upon conviction of a defendant or the issuance by the probate court of an order adjudicating a child to be within the provisions of section 2(a)(1) of chapter XIIA of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939, being section 712A.2 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, for violating section 145a, 338, 338a, 338b, 448, 449, 449a, 450, 452, 455, 520b, 520c, 520d, 520e, or 520g of Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931, being sections 750.145a, 750.338, 750.338a, 750.338b, 750.448, 750.449, 750.449a, 750.450, 750.452, 750.455, 750.520b, 750.520c, 750.520d, 750.520e, and 750.520g of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or section 7404 by intravenously using a controlled substance, or a local ordinance prohibiting prostitution, solicitation, gross indecency, or the intravenous use of a controlled substance, the court having jurisdiction of the criminal prosecution or juvenile hearing shall order the defendant or child to be examined or tested for venereal disease and hepatitis B infection and for the presence of HIV or an antibody to HIV. Except as provided in subsection (5), (6), or (7), or as otherwise provided by law, the examinations and tests shall be confidentially administered by a licensed physician, the department of public health, or a local health department. The court also shall order the defendant to receive counseling regarding venereal disease, hepatitis B infection, HIV infection, and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome including, at a minimum, information regarding treatment, transmission, and protective measures.

(5) If the victim or person with whom the defendant or child found to be within the provisions of section 2(a)(1) of chapter XIIA of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939 engaged in sexual penetration or sexual contact or who was exposed to a body fluid during the course of the crime consents, the court or probate court shall provide the person or agency conducting the examinations or administering the tests under subsection (3) or (4) with the name, address, and telephone number of the victim or person with whom the defendant or child engaged in sexual penetration or sexual contact or who was exposed to a body fluid of the defendant during the course of the crime. If the victim or person with whom the defendant or child engaged in sexual penetration during the course of the crime is a minor or otherwise incapacitated, the victim’s or person’s parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis may give consent for purposes of this subsection. After the defendant or child is examined or tested as to the presence of venereal disease, hepatitis B infection, or of HIV or an antibody to HIV, the person or agency conducting the examinations or administering the tests shall immediately provide the examination or test results to the victim or person with whom the defendant or child found to be within the provisions of section 2(a)(1) of chapter XIIA of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939 engaged in sexual penetration or sexual contact or who was exposed to a body fluid during the course of the crime, and shall refer the victim or other person for appropriate counseling.
(6) The examination or test results and any other medical information obtained from the defendant or child found to be within the provisions of section 2(a)(1) of chapter XIIA of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939 by the person or agency conducting the examinations or administering the tests under subsection (3) or (4) shall be transmitted to the court or probate court and, after the defendant or child is sentenced or an order of disposition is entered, made part of the court record, but are confidential and shall be disclosed only to 1 or more of the following:

(a) The defendant or child.
(b) The local health department.
(c) The department.
(d) The victim or other person required to be informed of the results under this subsection or subsection (5) or, if the victim or other person is a minor or otherwise incapacitated, to the victim's or other person's parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis.
(e) Upon written authorization of the defendant or child found to be within the provisions of section 2(a)(1) of chapter XIIA of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939 or the child's parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis.
(f) As otherwise provided by law.

(7) If the defendant is placed in the custody of the department of corrections, the court shall transmit a copy of the defendant's examination and test results and other medical information to the department of corrections. If the child found to be within the provisions of section 2(a)(1) of chapter XIIA of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939 is placed by the probate court in the custody of a person related to the child or a public or private agency, institution, or facility, the probate court shall transmit a copy of the child's examination or test results to the person related to the child or the director of the agency, institution, or facility. A person or agency that discloses information in compliance with this subsection or subsection (6) is not civilly or criminally liable for making the disclosure. A person or agency that receives test results or other medical information pertaining to HIV infection or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome under this subsection or subsection (6) is subject to section 5131 and shall not disclose the test results or other medical information except as specifically permitted under that section.

(8) If an individual receives counseling or is examined or tested under this section and is found to be infected with a venereal disease or hepatitis B or to be HIV infected, the individual shall be referred by the agency providing the counseling or testing for appropriate medical care. The department, the local health department, or any other agency providing counseling or testing under this section is not financially responsible for medical care received by an individual as a result of a referral made under this subsection.

(9) The requirements for the distribution of information concerning venereal disease, counseling concerning venereal disease, and examining or testing for venereal disease under subsections (2), (3), and (4) do not apply to an individual charged with or convicted of violating section 7404 by intravenously using a controlled substance or violating a local ordinance prohibiting the intravenous use of a controlled substance.

(10) As used in this section:
(a) “Sexual contact” includes the intentional touching of the victim's or actor's intimate parts or the intentional touching of the clothing covering the immediate area of the victim's or actor's intimate parts, if that intentional touching can reasonably be construed as being for the purpose of sexual arousal or gratification.
(b) “Sexual penetration” means sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio, anal intercourse, or any other intrusion, however slight, of any part of a person's body or of any object into the genital or anal openings of another person's body, but emission of semen is not required.
(c) “Victim” includes, but is not limited to, a person subjected to criminal sexual conduct in violation of section 520b, 520c, 520d, 520e, or 520g of the Michigan penal code, Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931, being sections 750.520b, 750.520c, 750.520d, 750.520e, and 750.520g of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5131 Serious communicable diseases or infections of HIV infection and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome; confidentiality of reports, records, data, and information; test results; limitations and restrictions on disclosures in response to court order and subpoena; information released to legislative body; applicability of subsection (1); immunity; identification of individual; violation as misdemeanor; penalty.

Sec. 5131. (1) All reports, records, and data pertaining to testing, care, treatment, reporting, and research, and information pertaining to partner notification under section 5114a, that are associated with the serious
communicable diseases or infections of HIV infection and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome are confidential. A person shall release reports, records, data, and information described in this subsection only pursuant to this section.

(2) Except as otherwise provided by law, the test results of a test for HIV infection or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome and the fact that such a test was ordered is information that is subject to section 2157 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2157.

(3) The disclosure of information pertaining to HIV infection or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome in response to a court order and subpoena is limited to only the following cases and is subject to all of the following restrictions:

(a) A court that is petitioned for an order to disclose the information shall determine both of the following:
   (i) That other ways of obtaining the information are not available or would not be effective.
   (ii) That the public interest and need for the disclosure outweigh the potential for injury to the patient.

(b) If a court issues an order for the disclosure of the information, the order shall do all of the following:
   (i) Limit disclosure to those parts of the patient's record that are determined by the court to be essential to fulfill the objective of the order.
   (ii) Limit disclosure to those persons whose need for the information is the basis for the order.
   (iii) Include such other measures as considered necessary by the court to limit disclosure for the protection of the patient.

(4) A person who releases information pertaining to HIV infection or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome to a legislative body shall not identify in the information a specific individual who was tested or is being treated for HIV infection or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.

(5) Subject to subsection (7), subsection (1) does not apply to the following:

(a) Information pertaining to an individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, if the information is disclosed to the department, a local health department, or other health care provider for 1 or more of the following purposes:
   (i) To protect the health of an individual.
   (ii) To prevent further transmission of HIV.
   (iii) To diagnose and care for a patient.

(b) Information pertaining to an individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, if the information is disclosed by a physician or local health officer to an individual who is known by the physician or local health officer to be a contact of the individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, if the physician or local health officer determines that the disclosure of the information is necessary to prevent a reasonably foreseeable risk of further transmission of HIV. This subdivision imposes an affirmative duty upon a physician or local health officer to disclose information pertaining to an individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome to an individual who is known by the physician or local health officer to be a contact of the individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome. A physician or local health officer may discharge the affirmative duty imposed under this subdivision by referring the individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome to the appropriate local health department for assistance with partner notification under section 5114a. The physician or local health officer shall include as part of the referral the name and, if available, address and telephone number of each individual known by the physician or local health officer to be a contact of the individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.

(c) Information pertaining to an individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, if the information is disclosed by an authorized representative of the department or by a local health officer to an employee of a school district, and if the department representative or local health officer determines that the disclosure is necessary to prevent a reasonably foreseeable risk of transmission of HIV to pupils in the school district. An employee of a school district to whom information is disclosed under this subdivision is subject to subsection (1).

(d) Information pertaining to an individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, if the disclosure is expressly authorized in writing by the individual. This subdivision applies only if the written authorization is specific to HIV infection or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome. If the individual is a minor or incapacitated, the written authorization may be executed by the parent or legal guardian of the individual.

(e) Information disclosed under section 5114, 5114a, 5119(3), 5129, 5204, or 20191 or information disclosed as
required by rule promulgated under section 5111(1)(b) or (i).

(f) Information pertaining to an individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, if the information is part of a report required under the child protection law, 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.621 to 722.636.

(g) Information pertaining to an individual who is HIV infected or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, if the information is disclosed by the department of social services, the department of mental health, the probate court, or a child placing agency in order to care for a minor and to place the minor with a child care organization licensed under 1973 PA 116, MCL 722.111 to 722.128. The person disclosing the information shall disclose it only to the director of the child care organization or, if the child care organization is a private home, to the individual who holds the license for the child care organization. An individual to whom information is disclosed under this subdivision is subject to subsection (1). As used in this subdivision, “child care organization” and “child placing agency” mean those terms as defined in section 1 of 1973 PA 116, MCL 722.111.

(6) A person who releases the results of an HIV test or other information described in subsection (1) in compliance with subsection (5) is immune from civil or criminal liability and administrative penalties including, but not limited to, licensure sanctions, for the release of that information.

(7) A person who discloses information under subsection (5) shall not include in the disclosure information that identifies the individual to whom the information pertains, unless the identifying information is determined by the person making the disclosure to be reasonably necessary to prevent a foreseeable risk of transmission of HIV. This subsection does not apply to information disclosed under subsection (5)(d), (f), or (g).

(8) A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than $5,000.00, or both, and is liable in a civil action for actual damages or $1,000.00, whichever is greater, and costs and reasonable attorney fees. This subsection also applies to the employer of a person who violates this section, unless the employer had in effect at the time of the violation reasonable precautions designed to prevent the violation.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.9001 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.5133 Counseling; written, informed consent to HIV test; distribution of pamphlet regarding HIV test to test subject; development and contents; availability; signature of test subject; subsequent civil action barred; developing, writing, printing, and distributing pamphlet; HIV test performed on anonymous basis; partner notification; HIV test performed for purpose of research; standard protocol for HIV test; applicability of section to HIV test performed in health facility; applicability of subsections (1) to (3); informing patient of positive test results; counseling.

Sec. 5133. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (12) and (13), a physician who orders an HIV test or a health facility that performs an HIV test shall provide counseling appropriate to the test subject both before and after the test is administered.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this part, a physician, or an individual to whom the physician has delegated authority to perform a selected act, task, or function under section 16215, shall not order an HIV test for the purpose of diagnosing HIV infection without first receiving the written, informed consent of the test subject. For purposes of this section, written, informed consent consists of a signed writing executed by the test subject or the legally authorized representative of the test subject that includes, at a minimum, all of the following:

(a) An explanation of the test including, but not limited to, the purpose of the test, the potential uses and limitations of the test, and the meaning of test results.

(b) An explanation of the rights of the test subject including, but not limited to, all of the following: (i) The right to withdraw consent to the test at any time before the administration of the test.

(ii) The right under this part to confidentiality of the test results.

(iii) The right under this part to consent to and participate in the test on an anonymous basis.

(c) The person or class of persons to whom the test results may be disclosed under this part.

(3) Beginning July 28, 1989, a physician or an individual to whom the physician has delegated authority to perform a selected act, task, or function under section 16215 who orders an HIV test shall distribute to each test subject a pamphlet regarding the HIV test on a form provided by the department. The department shall develop the pamphlet, which shall include all of the following:
(a) The purpose and nature of the test.
(b) The consequences of both taking and not taking the test.
(c) The meaning of the test results.
(d) Other information considered necessary or relevant by the department.

(e) A model consent form for the signed writing required under subsection (2). The department shall include in the
class consent form all of the information required under subsection (2)(a), (b), and (c).

(4) The department, the Michigan board of medicine, and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and
surgery shall make the pamphlet required under subsection (3) available to physicians. The Michigan board of
medicine and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery shall notify in writing all physicians subject
to this section of the requirements of this section and the availability of the pamphlet by July 10, 1989. Upon
request, the Michigan board of medicine and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery shall provide
copies of the pamphlet, free of charge, to a physician who is subject to this section.

(5) If a test subject is given a copy of the pamphlet required under subsection (3), the physician or individual
described in subsection (3) shall include in the test subject's medical record a form, signed by the test subject,
indicating that he or she has been given a copy of the pamphlet.

(6) A test subject who executes a signed writing pursuant to subsection (2) is barred from subsequently bringing
a civil action based on failure to obtain informed consent for the HIV test against the physician who ordered the HIV
test.

(7) The department shall provide the pamphlet required under subsection (3). The department shall develop the
pamphlet and have it ready for distribution by June 28, 1989. The department shall write and print the pamphlet in
clear, nontechnical English and Spanish. The department shall distribute the pamphlet, upon request and free of
charge, to a physician or other person or a governmental entity that is subject to this section.

(8) In addition to complying with the duties imposed under subsection (7), the department shall provide copies of
the pamphlet to the Michigan board of medicine and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery. The
department shall provide copies of the pamphlet to other persons upon written request, at cost, and shall also
provide copies of the pamphlet free of charge, upon request, to public or private schools, colleges, and universities.

(9) An individual who undergoes an HIV test at a department approved testing site may request that the HIV test
be performed on an anonymous basis. If an individual requests that the HIV test be performed on an anonymous
basis, the staff of the department approved testing site shall administer the HIV test anonymously or under the
condition that the test subject not be identified, and shall obtain consent to the test using a coded system that does
not link the individual's identity with the request for the HIV test or the HIV test results. If the test results of an HIV
test performed under this subsection indicate that the test subject is HIV infected, the staff of the department
approved testing site shall proceed with partner notification in the same manner in which a local health department
would proceed as described in section 5114a(3) to (5).

(10) Subsection (2) does not apply to an HIV test performed for the purpose of research, if the test is performed
in such a manner that the identity of the test subject is not revealed to the researcher and the test results are not
made known to the test subject.

(11) A health facility may develop a standard protocol for an HIV test performed upon a patient in the health
facility in preparation for an incisive or invasive surgical procedure.

(12) This section does not apply to an HIV test performed upon a patient in a health facility if the conditions in
subdivisions (a) and (b) or the conditions in subdivisions (a) and (c) are met:

(a) The patient is informed in writing upon admission to the health facility that an HIV test may be performed
upon the patient without the written consent required under this section under circumstances described in
subdivision (b) or (c). As used in this subdivision, “admission” means the provision of an inpatient or outpatient
health care service in a health facility.

(b) The HIV test is performed after a health professional, health facility employee, police officer, or fire fighter,
or a medical first responder, emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician specialist, or paramedic
licensed under section 20950 or 20952 sustains in the health facility, while treating the patient before transport to
the health facility, or while transporting the patient to the health facility, a percutaneous, mucous membrane, or
open wound exposure to the blood or other body fluids of the patient.

(c) The HIV test is performed pursuant to a request made under section 20191(2).

(13) Subsections (1) to (3) do not apply if the test subject is unable to receive or understand, or both, the pretest
counseling and the pamphlet described in subsections (1) to (3) or to execute the signed writing described in
subsection (2), and the legally authorized representative of the test subject is not readily available to receive the
pamphlet or execute written consent for the test subject.
(14) If the results of an HIV test performed pursuant to subsection (11) or (12) or under circumstances described in subsection (13) indicate that the patient is HIV infected, the health facility shall inform the patient of the positive test results and provide the patient with appropriate counseling regarding HIV infection and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 52
HAZARDOUS COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

333.5201 Definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 5201. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Carrier” means an individual who serves as a potential source of infection and who harbors or who the department reasonably believes to harbor a specific infectious agent or a serious communicable disease or infection, whether or not there is present discernible disease.

(b) “Health threat to others” means that an individual who is a carrier has demonstrated an inability or unwillingness to conduct himself or herself in such a manner as to not place others at risk of exposure to a serious communicable disease or infection. Health threat to others includes, but is not limited to, 1 or more of the following:

(i) Behavior by the carrier that has been demonstrated epidemiologically to transmit, or that evidences a careless disregard for transmission of, a serious communicable disease or infection to others.

(ii) A substantial likelihood that the carrier will transmit a serious communicable disease or infection to others, as evidenced by the carrier's past behavior or statements made by the carrier that are credible indicators of the carrier's intention to do so.

(iii) Affirmative misrepresentation by the carrier of his or her status as a carrier before engaging in behavior that has been demonstrated epidemiologically to transmit the serious communicable disease or infection.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 51 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the bureau of infectious disease control from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5203 Warning notice generally.
Sec. 5203. (1) Upon a determination by a department representative or a local health officer that an individual is a carrier and is a health threat to others, the department representative or local health officer shall issue a warning notice to the individual requiring the individual to cooperate with the department or local health department in efforts to prevent or control transmission of serious communicable diseases or infections. The warning notice may also require the individual to participate in education, counseling, or treatment programs, and to undergo medical tests to verify the person's status as a carrier.

(2) A warning notice issued under subsection (1) shall be in writing, except that in urgent circumstances, the warning notice may be an oral statement, followed by a written statement within 3 days. A warning notice shall be individual and specific and shall not be issued to a class of persons. A written warning notice shall be served either by registered mail, return receipt requested, or personally by an individual who is employed by, or under contract to, the department or a local health department.

(3) A warning notice issued under subsection (1) shall include a statement that unless the individual takes the action requested in the warning notice, the department representative or local health officer shall seek an order from the probate court, pursuant to this part. The warning notice shall also state that, except in cases of emergency, the individual to whom the warning notice is issued has the right to notice and a hearing and other rights provided in this part before the probate court issues an order.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5204 Request for testing made by officer, employee, or individual making lawful arrest;
Sec. 5204. (1) A police officer, a fire fighter, a local correctional officer or other county employee, a court employee, or an individual making a lawful arrest may proceed under this section if he or she has received training in the transmission of bloodborne diseases under the rules governing exposure to bloodborne diseases in the workplace promulgated by the occupational health standards commission or incorporated by reference under the Michigan occupational safety and health act, 1974 PA 154, MCL 408.1001 to 408.1094.

(2) A police officer, a fire fighter, a local correctional officer or other county employee, a court employee, or an individual making a lawful arrest who has received the training described in subsection (1) and who, while performing his or her official duties or otherwise performing the duties of his or her employment, determines that he or she has sustained a percutaneous, mucous membrane, or open wound exposure to the blood or body fluids of an arrestee, correctional facility inmate, parolee, or probationer may request that the arrestee, correctional facility inmate, parolee, or probationer be tested for HIV infection, HBV infection, HCV infection, or all 3 infections, pursuant to this section.

(3) An officer or employee or an individual making a lawful arrest who desires to make a request described in subsection (2) shall make the request to his or her employer in writing on a form provided by the department as soon as possible, but not later than 72 hours, after the exposure occurs. The request form shall be dated and shall contain, at a minimum, the name and address of the officer, employee, or individual making a lawful arrest making the request and a description of his or her exposure to the blood or other body fluids of the arrestee, correctional facility inmate, parolee, or probationer. The request form shall also contain a statement that the requester is subject to the confidentiality requirements of subsection (7) and section 5131. The request form shall not contain information that would identify the arrestee, correctional facility inmate, parolee, or probationer by name, except if necessary to identify the individual for purposes of testing under this section.

(4) The employer of an individual making a request under subsections (2) and (3) shall accept as fact the requester's description of his or her exposure to blood or other body fluids as described in subsection (2). The requester's employer shall have the test for HIV infection, HBV infection, HCV infection, or all 3 infections performed by the local health department or by a health care provider designated by the local health department. If the test subject consents to the performance of the test or tests named in the request, the requester's employer shall transport the test subject to the local health department or designated health care provider for testing, or a representative of the local health department or designated health care provider shall come to where the test subject is held or housed to take a blood or other body fluid sample for testing, as soon as practicable after the local health department receives the request for testing from the requester's employer. If the test subject refuses to undergo 1 or more tests specified in the request, the requester's employer may proceed with a petition to the family division of the circuit court in the manner provided in section 5205 or 5207, as appropriate.

(5) A local health department or a health care provider designated by the local health department that performs 1 or more tests under this section may charge the officer or employee or arresting individual requesting the test for the reasonable and customary charges of each test. The officer or employee or arresting individual requesting the test is responsible for the payment of the charges if the charges are not payable by the officer's or employee's or arresting individual's employer, pursuant to an agreement between the officer or employee or arresting individual and the employer, or by the officer's or employee's or arresting individual's health care payment or benefits plan. A local health department or a health care provider designated by the local health department to perform an HIV test under this section is not required to provide HIV counseling pursuant to section 5133(1) to an officer or employee or arresting individual who requests that an arrestee, correctional facility inmate, parolee, or probationer be tested for HIV under this section, unless the local health department or designated health care provider tests the officer or employee or arresting individual for HIV.

(6) A local health department or a health care provider designated by the local health department to perform a test under this section shall, on a form provided by the department, notify the requesting officer or employee or arresting individual of the HIV test, HBV test, or HCV test results, as applicable, whether positive or negative, within 2 days after the test results are obtained by the local health department or designated health care provider. The notification shall be transmitted directly to the requesting officer or employee or arresting individual or, upon request of the requesting officer or employee or arresting individual, to his or her primary care physician or to another health professional designated by the officer or employee or arresting individual. The notification required under this subsection shall include an explanation of the confidentiality requirements of subsection (7). The notification required under this subsection shall also contain a statement recommending that the requesting officer, employee, or arresting individual undergo an HIV test, an HBV test, or an HCV test, or all 3 tests.

(7) The notice required under subsection (6) shall not contain information that would identify the arrestee,
correctional facility inmate, parolee, or probationer who tested positive or negative for HIV, HBV, or HCV. The information contained in the notice is confidential and is subject to this section, the rules promulgated under section 5111(2), and section 5131. A person who receives confidential information under this section shall disclose the information to others only to the extent consistent with the authorized purpose for which the information was obtained.

(8) The department may promulgate rules to administer this section. The department shall develop and distribute the forms required under this section.

(9) In addition to the penalties prescribed in the rules promulgated under section 5111(2) and in section 5131, a person who discloses information in violation of subsection (7) is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(10) A local health department or designated health care provider shall report to the department each test result obtained under this section that indicates that an individual is HIV infected, in compliance with section 5114.

(11) A person or governmental entity that makes a good faith effort to comply with subsections (1) to (6) is immune from civil liability or criminal penalty based on compliance with, or the failure to comply with, those subsections.

(12) As used in this section and section 5205:
(a) “Correctional facility” means a municipal or county jail, work camp, lockup, holding center, halfway house, community corrections center, or any other facility maintained by a municipality or county that houses adult prisoners. Correctional facility does not include a facility owned or operated by the department of corrections.
(b) “Employee” means a county employee or a court employee.
(c) “HBV” means hepatitis B virus.
(d) “HBV infected” or “HBV infection” means the status of an individual who is tested as HBsAg-positive.
(e) “HCV” means hepatitis C virus.
(f) “HCV infected” or “HCV infection” means the status of an individual who has tested positive for the presence of HCV antibodies or has tested positive for HBV using an RNA test.
(g) “HIV” means human immunodeficiency virus.
(h) “HIV infected” means that term as defined in section 5101.
(i) “Individual making a lawful arrest” or “arresting individual” means 1 of the following:

(ii) A merchant, agent of a merchant, employee of a merchant, or independent contractor providing security for a merchant authorized to make an arrest in the merchant's store and in the course of his or her employment as prescribed by section 16(d) of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 764.16. Individual making a lawful arrest or arresting individual does not include a private person authorized to make an arrest under section 16(a) and (b) of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 764.16.
(j) “Local correctional officer” means an individual employed by a local governmental unit in a correctional facility as a corrections officer.
(k) “Officer” means a law enforcement officer, motor carrier officer, or property security officer employed by the state, a law enforcement officer employed by a local governmental unit, a fire fighter employed by or volunteering for a local governmental unit, or a local correctional officer.


Popular name: Act 368
unsection 5203.

(b) The petitioner's effort to alleviate the health threat to others before the issuance of the warning notice, unless an emergency order is sought under section 5207.

(c) The type of relief sought.

(d) A request for a court hearing on the allegations set forth in the petition.

(3) If a test subject refuses to undergo a test requested by an officer or employee or an arresting individual under section 5204, the officer's or employee's or arresting individual's employer may petition the circuit court for the county in which the employer is located or the appropriate district court for an order as described in subsection (7).

(4) A petition filed under subsection (3) shall state all of the following:

(a) Substantially the same information contained in the request made to an officer's or employee's or arresting individual's employer under section 5204(2) and (3), except that the petition shall contain the name of the arrestee, correctional facility inmate, parolee, or probationer who is the proposed test subject.

(b) The reasons for the officer's or employee's or arresting individual's determination that the exposure described in the request made under section 5204(2) and (3) could have transmitted HIV, HBV, or HCV, or all or a combination of those viruses, along with the date and place the officer or employee or arresting individual received the training in the transmission of bloodborne diseases required under section 5204(1).

(c) The fact that the arrestee, correctional facility inmate, parolee, or probationer has refused to undergo the test or tests requested under section 5204(2) and (3).

(d) The type of relief sought.

(e) A request for a court hearing on the allegations set forth in the petition.

(5) Upon receipt of a petition filed under subsection (1), the circuit court shall fix a date for hearing that shall be as soon as possible, but not later than 14 days after the date the petition is filed. Notice of the petition and the time and place of the hearing shall be served personally on the individual and on the petitioner not less than 3 days before the date of the hearing. Notice of the hearing shall include notice of the individual's right to appear at the hearing, the right to present and cross-examine witnesses, and the right to counsel as provided in subsection (12). The individual and the petitioner may waive notice of hearing, and upon filing of the waiver in writing, the circuit court may hear the petition immediately. Upon receipt of a petition filed under subsection (3), the circuit court or the district court shall fix a date for hearing that shall be as soon as possible, but not later than 24 hours after the time and date the petition is filed. Notice of the petition and the time and place of the hearing shall be served personally on both the proposed test subject under section 5204 and the petitioner within a time period that is reasonable under the circumstances. Notice of the hearing shall include notice of the proposed test subject's right to appear at the hearing, the right to present and cross-examine witnesses, and the right to counsel as provided in subsection (12). The proposed test subject and the petitioner may waive notice of the hearing, and upon filing of the waiver in writing, the circuit court or the district court may hear the petition filed under subsection (3) immediately.

(6) Upon a finding by the circuit court that the department or local health department has proven the allegations set forth in a petition filed under subsection (1) by clear and convincing evidence, the circuit court may issue 1 or more of the following orders:

(a) An order that the individual participate in a designated education program.

(b) An order that the individual participate in a designated counseling program.

(c) An order that the individual participate in a designated treatment program.

(d) An order that the individual undergo medically accepted tests to verify the individual's status as a carrier or for diagnosis.

(e) An order that the individual notify or appear before designated health officials for verification of status, testing, or other purposes consistent with monitoring.

(f) An order that the individual cease and desist conduct that constitutes a health threat to others.

(g) An order that the individual live part-time or full-time in a supervised setting for the period and under the conditions set by the circuit court.

(h) Subject to subsection (8), an order that the individual be committed to an appropriate facility for the period and under the conditions set by the circuit court. A commitment ordered under this subdivision shall not be for more than 6 months, unless the director of the facility, upon motion, shows good cause for continued commitment.

(i) Any other order considered just by the circuit court.

(7) Upon a finding by the circuit court or the district court that the officer's or employee's or arresting individual's employer has proven the allegations set forth in a petition filed under subsection (3), including, but not limited to, the requesting officer's or employee's or arresting individual's description of his or her exposure to the blood or body fluids of the proposed test subject, the circuit court or the district court may issue an order requiring the
proposed test subject to undergo a test for HIV infection, HBV infection, or HCV infection, or all or a combination of the 3 infections.

(8) The circuit court shall not issue an order authorized under subsection (6)(h) unless the court first considers the recommendation of a commitment review panel appointed by the court under this subsection to review the need for commitment of the individual to a health facility. The commitment review panel shall consist of 3 physicians appointed by the court from a list of physicians submitted by the department. Not less than 2 of the physicians shall have training and experience in the diagnosis and treatment of serious communicable diseases and infections. However, upon the motion of the individual who is the subject of the order, the court shall appoint as 1 member of the commitment review panel a physician who is selected by the individual. The commitment review panel shall do all of the following:

(a) Review the record of the proceeding.
(b) Interview the individual, or document the reasons why the individual was not interviewed.
(c) Recommend either commitment or an alternative or alternatives to commitment, and document the reasons for the recommendation.

(9) An individual committed to a facility under subsection (6)(h) may appeal to the circuit court for a commitment review panel recommendation as to whether or not the patient's commitment should be terminated. Upon the filing of a claim of appeal under this subsection, the court shall reconvene the commitment review panel appointed under subsection (5) as soon as practicable, but not more than 14 days after the filing of the claim of appeal. Upon reconvening, the commitment review panel shall do all of the following:

(a) Review the appeal and any other information considered relevant by the commitment review panel.
(b) Interview the individual, or document the reasons why the individual was not interviewed.
(c) Recommend to the court either termination or continuation of the commitment, and document the reasons for the recommendation.

(10) Upon receipt of the recommendation of the commitment review panel under subsection (9), the circuit court may terminate or continue the commitment.

(11) The cost of implementing an order issued under subsection (6) shall be borne by the individual who is the subject of the order, unless the individual is unable to pay all or a part of the cost, as determined by the circuit court. If the court determines that the individual is unable to pay all or a part of the cost of implementing the order, then the state shall pay all of the cost or that part of the cost that the individual is unable to pay, upon the certification of the department. The cost of implementing an order issued under subsection (7) shall be borne by the arrestee, correctional facility inmate, parolee, or probationer who is tested under the order.

(12) An individual who is the subject of a petition filed under this section or an affidavit filed under section 5207 has the right to counsel at all stages of the proceedings. If the individual is unable to pay the cost of counsel, the circuit court shall appoint counsel for the individual.

(13) An order issued by the circuit court under subsection (6) may be appealed to the court of appeals. The court of appeals shall hear the appeal within 30 days after the date the claim of appeal is filed with the court of appeals. However, an order issued by the circuit court under subsection (6) shall not be stayed pending appeal, unless ordered by the court of appeals on motion for good cause. An order issued by the circuit court under subsection (7) may be appealed to the court of appeals. The court of appeals shall hear the appeal within 15 days after the date the claim of appeal is filed with the court of appeals. However, an order issued by the circuit court under subsection (7) shall not be stayed pending appeal, unless ordered by the court of appeals on motion for good cause. An order issued by a district court under subsection (7) may be appealed to the circuit court for the county in which the district court is located. The circuit court shall hear the appeal within 15 days after the date the claim of appeal is filed with the circuit court. However, an order issued by a district court under subsection (7) shall not be stayed pending appeal, unless ordered by the circuit court on motion for good cause.

(14) An individual committed to a facility under this section who leaves the facility before the date designated in the commitment order without the permission of the circuit court or who refuses to undergo a test for HIV infection, HBV infection, HCV infection, or all or a combination of the 3 infections is guilty of contempt.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5207 Protection of public health in emergency; affidavit; court order; taking individual into custody; transporting individual to emergency care or treatment facility; temporary detention; notice of hearing; continued temporary detention; petition.

Sec. 5207. (1) To protect the public health in an emergency, upon the filing of an affidavit by a department
representative or a local health officer, the circuit court may order the department representative, local health officer, or a peace officer to take an individual whom the court has reasonable cause to believe is a carrier and is a health threat to others into custody and transport the individual to an appropriate emergency care or treatment facility for observation, examination, testing, diagnosis, or treatment and, if determined necessary by the court, temporary detention. If the individual is already institutionalized in a facility, the court may order the facility to temporarily detain the individual. An order issued under this subsection may be issued in an ex parte proceeding upon an affidavit of a department representative or a local health officer. The court shall issue an order under this subsection upon a determination that reasonable cause exists to believe that there is a substantial likelihood that the individual is a carrier and a health threat to others. An order under this subsection may be executed on any day and at any time, and shall be served upon the individual who is the subject of the order immediately upon apprehension or detention.

(2) An affidavit filed by a department representative or a local health officer under subsection (1) shall set forth the specific facts upon which the order is sought including, but not limited to, the reasons why an emergency order is sought.

(3) An individual temporarily detained under subsection (1) shall not be detained longer than 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, without a court hearing to determine if the temporary detention should continue.

(4) Notice of a hearing under subsection (3) shall be served upon the individual not less than 24 hours before the hearing is held. The notice shall contain all of the following information:
   (a) The time, date, and place of the hearing.
   (b) The grounds and underlying facts upon which continued detention is sought.
   (c) The individual's right to appear at the hearing.
   (d) The individual's right to present and cross-examine witnesses.
   (e) The individual's right to counsel, including the right to counsel designated by the circuit court, as described in section 5205(13).

(5) The circuit court may order that the individual continue to be temporarily detained if the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the individual would pose a health threat to others if released. An order under this subsection to continued temporary detention shall not continue longer than 5 days, unless a petition is filed under section 5205. If a petition is filed under section 5205, the temporary detention shall continue until a hearing on the petition is held under section 5205.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5209 Power not limited.

Sec. 5209. This part does not limit the power of the department, a local health department, or the probate court to deal with the prevention and control of communicable diseases and infections.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5210 Sexual penetration as felony; definition.

Sec. 5210. (1) A person who knows that he or she has or has been diagnosed as having acquired immunodeficiency syndrome or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome related complex, or who knows that he or she is HIV infected, and who engages in sexual penetration with another person without having first informed the other person that he or she has acquired immunodeficiency syndrome or acquired immunodeficiency syndrome related complex or is HIV infected, is guilty of a felony.

(2) As used in this section, “sexual penetration” means sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio, anal intercourse, or any other intrusion, however slight, of any part of a person's body or of any object into the genital or anal openings of another person's body, but emission of semen is not required.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed sections pertained to hazardous communicable diseases.

Popular name: Act 368
PART 53
EXPENSE OF CARE

333.5301 County chargeable with expense of care; reimbursement by state; individuals with tuberculosis or honorable discharges considered domiciled in state at large; expense of care paid by state on certification of department; reasonableness of claims and accounts; appeal.

Sec. 5301. (1) The county in which an individual receiving care under section 5117 has a domicile is chargeable with the expense of the care, and this state shall reimburse that county for all or a portion of the expense in the amounts the legislature appropriates for that purpose. An individual who has tuberculosis and has not acquired a legal settlement in this state in accordance with the social welfare act, Act No. 280 of the Public Acts of 1939, being sections 400.1 to 400.121 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or an individual who was honorably discharged from a branch of the military services of the United States and not otherwise hospitalized for the purpose of this part shall be considered to be domiciled in this state at large, and the expense of that individual's care, while the care continues with the approval of the department, shall be paid by the state on certification of the department. The reasonableness and propriety of all claims and accounts under this subsection shall be passed upon and determined by the department, subject to appeal to the circuit court for the county of Ingham as to questions of law.

(2) An individual committed to an inpatient facility for tuberculosis pursuant to a probate court order under section 5205 and not otherwise hospitalized for the purpose of part 51 or 52 shall be considered to be domiciled in this state at large, and the expense of that individual's care, while the care continues with the approval of the department, shall be paid by the state on certification of the department. The reasonableness and propriety of all claims and accounts under this subsection shall be passed upon and determined by the department, subject to appeal to the circuit court for the county of Ingham as to questions of law.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the bureau of infectious disease control from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5303 Care provided where individual found at expense of county where individual domiciled; notice; return of individual to county of domicile; disputed or contested claim arising between 2 or more counties; decision.

Sec. 5303. (1) Upon determination by the county department of social services that the place of domicile of an individual receiving care under section 5117 is in another county in this state, care shall be provided where the individual is found at the expense of the county where the individual is domiciled. The county department of social services, not later than 1 month after the commencement of care, shall mail written notice that the care is being provided to the local department of social services of the individual's county of domicile. The local health department of the county of domicile may provide for the return of the individual to, and care in, that county.

(2) If the domicile of the individual is not acknowledged by the alleged county of domicile within 1 month after mailing the notice under subsection (1), the question of domicile may be submitted for decision to the state department of social services. If a disputed or contested claim arises between 2 or more counties as to the county of domicile, the director of social services shall determine the county of domicile when so requested or on his or her own motion. The decision of the director of social services is final. However, pending determination, the county in which the individual is found shall provide the necessary care.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5305 Determination that county where individual found not county of domicile; reimbursement.

Sec. 5305. Upon determination by the director of social services that the county where the individual is found is not the county of domicile, the county of domicile, as determined by the director of social services, shall reimburse the county where the individual is found for all expenses incurred, less any reimbursements from the state or other source for the care.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5307 Expenditure under § 333.5117 considered expenditure for protection of public health,
Sec. 5307. An expenditure of public funds under section 5117 for the care of an individual is considered an expenditure for the protection of the public health, and not money advanced as welfare or relief. An individual is not legally obligated to reimburse the expense incurred, unless the department and the county of domicile, after reasonable notice and upon a hearing, find that the individual hospitalized or treated, or the persons legally liable for the individual's support, are possessed of sufficient income or estate to enable them to make the reimbursement in whole or in part without materially affecting their reasonable economic security or support, in view of their respective resources, obligations, and responsibilities to dependents and order reimbursement. The order shall not be made retroactive unless the department and the county of domicile find that the person to be charged is guilty of misrepresenting or withholding knowledge of facts material to the issue. Receipts under the order, and money voluntarily paid as reimbursement, shall be distributed pro rata to the funds out of which the expenditure was made.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 54

CHRONIC DISEASES

333.5401 “Chronic disease” defined; general definitions and principles of construction.

Sec. 5401. (1) As used in this part, “chronic disease” includes an impairment or deviation from normal having 1 or more of the following characteristics:

(a) It is permanent.

(b) It leaves residual disability.

(c) It is caused by nonreversible pathological alterations.

(d) It requires special training of the patient for rehabilitation.

(e) It may be expected to require a long period of supervision, observation, or care.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 51 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the center for health promotion and chronic disease prevention from the department of public health to the director of the department community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5411 Chronic disease prevention and control program; statewide program as to mental disabilities; establishment; scope; programs continued.

Sec. 5411. (1) The department shall establish a chronic disease prevention and control program which shall include arthritis, cancer, dental disease, diabetes, genetic disease, heart disease, hypertension, renal disease, and any other disease the department designates as chronic pursuant to section 5439. The department shall cooperate with the department of mental health in establishment of a statewide program for genetic screening and counseling in the area of mental disabilities.

(2) Programs established under this part shall continue, at a minimum, the programs established pursuant to Act No. 96 of the Public Acts of 1975, being sections 329.551 to 329.557 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and Act No. 335 of the Public Acts of 1974, being sections 325.531 to 325.533 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5412 Scope of chronic disease program; availability of services subject to appropriation; contracts for programs; evaluation of program; recommending discontinuance of program.

Sec. 5412. (1) The chronic disease program shall include the prevention of chronic diseases; the early detection and reporting of cases; and surveillance, treatment, education, rehabilitation, and maintenance of patients suffering from chronic diseases. The availability of services under this program is subject to appropriations.

(2) The program may include the promotion, support, or conduct of studies or research on chronic diseases and their relation to the health and welfare of the people of this state; the promotion, support, and conduct of programs...
of community and professional education; the development or purchase and distribution of educational and informational material; the furnishing of laboratory services; and the promotion and establishment of cooperative relationships or programs with hospitals, clinics, social and health agencies, educational and research organizations, and other related groups.

(3) The department may contract with local health departments, other agencies of government, nonprofit corporations, and individuals for carrying out any of these programs.

(4) Periodically, but not less than each 3 years, the department shall evaluate the program to determine its effectiveness.

(5) The public health advisory council, based on appropriate data, may recommend discontinuance of a disease program established under this part.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed sections pertained to establishment of a registry to record cases of spinal cord injury and traumatic brain injury; creation of a spinal cord injury and traumatic brain injury committee; and, appropriation of funds to implement the sections.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5421 Chronic disease advisory committee; creation; appointment of members; committee subject to § 333.2215.

Sec. 5421. The chronic disease advisory committee is created in the department. The governor shall appoint the members with the advice and consent of the senate. The committee is subject to section 2215.


Compiler's note: For transfer of authority, powers, duties, functions, and responsibilities of the chronic disease advisory committee to the director of the Michigan state department of public health, see E.R.O. No 1994-1, compiled at § 333.26322 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5423 Chronic disease advisory committee; advising and assisting department; reimbursement for travel expenses.

Sec. 5423. (1) The chronic disease advisory committee shall advise and assist the department in the implementation of this part.

(2) The chronic disease advisory committee members shall be reimbursed for their necessary travel expenses for attendance at meetings pursuant to section 1216.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5425 Chronic disease advisory committee; creation and purpose of subcommittee; chairperson; membership.

Sec. 5425. Except as otherwise provided in section 5414, the chronic disease advisory committee may create a subcommittee to advise it as to a specific chronic disease, determine the size of the subcommittee, and appoint its members, who need not all be members of the committee. The chairperson of a subcommittee shall be a member of the committee. The members of a subcommittee shall be individuals concerned with the prevention and control of the specific chronic disease.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: Subsection (2) of this section provided:

“(2) This section shall terminate when the renal disease subcommittee of the committee is appointed or 2 years after the effective date of this part, whichever occurs first.”

The date the renal disease subcommittee was appointed is not determinable.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5431 Testing newborn infant for certain conditions; reporting positive test results to parents, guardian, or person in loco parentis; compliance; fee; “Detroit consumer price index” defined; violation as misdemeanor; hardship waiver; conduct of department regarding blood specimens; pamphlet; additional blood specimen for future identification.
Sec. 5431. (1) A health professional in charge of the care of a newborn infant or, if none, the health professional in charge at the birth of an infant shall administer or cause to be administered to the infant a test for each of the following:
   (a) Phenylketonuria.
   (b) Galactosemia.
   (c) Hypothyroidism.
   (d) Maple syrup urine disease.
   (e) Biotinidase deficiency.
   (f) Sickle cell anemia.
   (g) Congenital adrenal hyperplasia.
   (h) Medium-chain acyl-coenzyme A dehydrogenase deficiency.
   (i) Other treatable but otherwise disabling conditions as designated by the department.

(2) The informed consent requirements of sections 17020 and 17520 do not apply to the tests required under subsection (1). The tests required under subsection (1) shall be administered and reported within a time and under conditions prescribed by the department. The department may require that the tests be performed by the department.

(3) If the results of a test administered under subsection (1) are positive, the results shall be reported to the infant's parents, guardian, or person in loco parentis. A person is in compliance with this subsection if the person makes a good faith effort to report the positive test results to the infant's parents, guardian, or person in loco parentis.

(4) Subject to the annual adjustment required under this subsection and subject to subsection (6), if the department performs 1 or more of the tests required under subsection (1), the department may charge a fee for the tests of not more than $53.71. The department shall adjust the amount prescribed by this subsection annually by an amount determined by the state treasurer to reflect the cumulative annual percentage change in the Detroit consumer price index. As used in this subsection, “Detroit consumer price index” means the most comprehensive index of consumer prices available for the Detroit area from the bureau of labor statistics of the United States department of labor.

(5) A person who violates this section or a rule promulgated under this part is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(6) The department shall provide for a hardship waiver of the fee authorized under subsection (4) under circumstances found appropriate by the department.

(7) The department shall do all of the following in regard to the blood specimens taken for purposes of conducting the tests required under subsection (1):
   (a) By April 1, 2000, develop a schedule for the retention and disposal of the blood specimens used for the tests after the tests are completed. The schedule shall meet at least all of the following requirements:
      (i) Be consistent with nationally recognized standards for laboratory accreditation and federal law.
      (ii) Require that the disposal be conducted in compliance with section 13811.
      (iii) Require that the disposal be conducted in the presence of a witness. For purposes of this subparagraph, the witness may be an individual involved in the disposal or any other individual.
      (iv) Require that a written record of the disposal be made and kept, and that the witness required under subparagraph (iii) signs the record.
   (b) Allow the blood specimens to be used for medical research during the retention period established under subdivision (a), as long as the medical research is conducted in a manner that preserves the confidentiality of the test subjects and is consistent to protect human subjects from research risks under subpart A of part 46 of subchapter A of title 45 of the code of federal regulations.

(8) The department shall rewrite its pamphlet explaining the requirements of this section when the supply of pamphlets in existence on March 15, 2000 is exhausted. When the department rewrites the explanatory pamphlet, it shall include at least all of the following information in the pamphlet:
   (a) The nature and purpose of the testing program required under this section, including, but not limited to, a brief description of each condition or disorder listed in subsection (1).
   (b) The purpose and value of the infant's parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis retaining a blood specimen obtained under subsection (9) in a safe place.
   (c) The department's schedule for retaining and disposing of blood specimens developed under subsection (7)(a).
   (d) That the blood specimens taken for purposes of conducting the tests required under subsection (1) may be used for medical research pursuant to subsection (7)(b).

(9) In addition to the requirements of subsection (1), the health professional described in subsection (1) or the hospital or other facility in which the birth of an infant takes place, or both, may offer to draw an additional blood
 specimen from the infant. If such an offer is made, it shall be made to the infant's parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis at the time the blood specimens are drawn for purposes of subsection (1). If the infant's parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis accepts the offer of an additional blood specimen, the blood specimen shall be preserved in a manner that does not require special storage conditions or techniques, including, but not limited to, lamination. The health professional or hospital or other facility employee making the offer shall explain to the parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis at the time the offer is made that the additional blood specimen can be used for future identification purposes and should be kept in a safe place. The health professional or hospital or other facility making the offer may charge a fee that is not more than the actual cost of obtaining and preserving the additional blood specimen.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.1471 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.5439 Rules.
Sec. 5439. The department may promulgate rules to implement this part including rules designating additional chronic diseases and the time and conditions under which tests required by section 5431 shall be administered.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.1471 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

PART 54A
LEAD ABATEMENT

333.5451 Short title of part.
Sec. 5451. This part shall be known and may be cited as the “lead abatement act”.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5452 Words and phrases; meanings.
Sec. 5452. For purposes of this part, the words and phrases defined in sections 5453 to 5460 have the meanings ascribed to them unless the context requires otherwise.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5453 Definitions; A.
Sec. 5453. (1) “Abatement”, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), means a measure or set of measures designed to permanently eliminate lead-based paint hazards. Abatement includes all of the following:
(a) The removal of lead-based paint and dust lead hazards, the permanent enclosure or encapsulation of lead-based paint, the replacement of lead-painted surfaces or fixtures, the removal or covering of soil lead hazards, and all preparation, cleanup, disposal, and postabatement clearance testing activities associated with such measures.
(b) A project for which there is a written contract or other documentation that provides that a person will be conducting activities in or to a residential dwelling or child occupied facility that will result in the permanent elimination of lead-based paint hazards or that are designed to permanently eliminate lead-based paint hazards.
(c) A project resulting in the permanent elimination of lead-based paint hazards, conducted by a person certified under this part, except a project that is exempt from this part.
(d) A project resulting in the permanent elimination of lead-based paint hazards, conducted by a person who, through their company name or promotional literature, represents, advertises, or holds themselves out to be in the business of performing lead-based paint activities except a project that is exempt from this part.
(e) A project resulting in the permanent elimination of lead-based paint hazards that is conducted in response to a state or local government abatement order.
(2) Abatement does not include any of the following:
(a) Renovation, remodeling, landscaping, or other activity, if the activity is not designed to permanently eliminate lead-based paint hazards, but is instead designed to repair, restore, or remodel a structure, target housing, or
(b) An interim control, operation, and maintenance activity, or other measure or activity designed to temporarily, but not permanently, reduce a lead-based paint hazard.

(c) Any lead-based paint activity performed by the owner of an owner-occupied residential dwelling or an owner-occupied multifamily dwelling containing 4 or fewer units if the activity is performed only in that owner-occupied unit of the multifamily dwelling.

(3) “Accredited training program” means a training program that has been accredited by the department under this part to provide training for individuals engaged in lead-based paint activities.

(4) “Adequate quality control” means a plan or design that ensures the authenticity, integrity, and accuracy of a sample including, but not limited to, a dust sample, a soil or paint chip sample, or a paint film sample. Adequate quality control also includes a provision in a plan or design described in this subsection for representative sampling.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5454 Definitions; C.

Sec. 5454. (1) “Certified abatement worker” means an individual who has been trained to perform abatements by an accredited training program and who is certified by the department under this part to perform abatement.

(2) “Certified clearance technician” means an individual who has completed an approved training course and been certified by the department under this part to conduct clearance testing following interim controls.

(3) “Certified firm” means a person that performs a lead-based paint activity for which the department has issued a certificate of approval under this part.

(4) “Certified inspector” means an individual who has been trained by an accredited training program and certified by the department under this part to conduct inspections and take samples for the presence of lead in paint, dust, and soil for the purposes of abatement clearance testing.

(5) “Certified project designer” means an individual who has been trained by an accredited training program and certified by the department under this part to prepare abatement project designs, occupant protection plans, and abatement reports.

(6) “Certified risk assessor” means an individual who has been trained by an accredited training program and certified by the department under this part to conduct inspections and risk assessments and to take samples for the presence of lead in paint, dust, and soil for the purposes of abatement clearance testing.

(7) “Certified supervisor” means an individual who has been trained by an accredited training program and certified by the department under this part to supervise and conduct abatements and to prepare occupant protection plans and abatement reports.

(8) “Child occupied facility” means a building or portion of a building constructed before 1978 that is visited regularly by a child who is 6 years of age or less, on at least 2 different days within a given week, if each day’s visit is at least 3 hours and the combined weekly visit is at least 6 hours in length, and the combined annual visits are at least 60 hours in length. Child occupied facility includes, but is not limited to, a day-care center, a preschool, and a kindergarten classroom.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5455 Definitions; C.

Sec. 5455. (1) “Clearance levels” means the values that indicate the maximum amount of lead permitted in dust on a surface following completion of an abatement as listed in rules promulgated by the department.

(2) “Clearance professional” means 1 or more of the following individuals when performing clearance testing:

(a) A certified inspector.

(b) A certified risk assessor.

(c) A certified clearance technician.

(3) “Common area” means a portion of a building that is generally accessible to all occupants of the building. Common area includes, but is not limited to, a hallway, a stairway, a laundry and recreational room, a playground, a community center, a garage, and a boundary fence.

(4) “Component” or “building component” means a specific design or structural element or fixture of a building, residential dwelling, or child occupied facility that is distinguished by its form, function, and location. Component or building component, includes but is not limited to, a specific interior or exterior design or structural element or fixture.
(5) “Containment” means a process to protect workers and the environment by controlling exposure to a dust lead hazard and debris created during an abatement.

(6) “Course agenda” means an outline of the key topics to be covered during an accredited training program, including the time allotted to teach each topic.

(7) “Course test” means an evaluation of the overall effectiveness of the accredited training program by testing a trainee's knowledge and retention of the topics covered during the accredited training program.

(8) “Course test blueprint” means written documentation identifying the proportion of course test questions devoted to each major topic in the accredited training program curriculum.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5456 Definitions; D, E.

Sec. 5456. (1) “Department” means the department of community health.

(2) “Deteriorated paint” means paint or other surface coating that is cracking, flaking, chipping, peeling, or otherwise damaged or separating from the substrate of a building component.

(3) “Discipline” means 1 of the specific types or categories of lead-based paint activities identified in this part for which an individual may receive training from an accredited training program and become certified by the department.

(4) “Distinct painting history” means the application history, as indicated by its visual appearance or a record of application, over time of paint or other surface coatings to a component or room.

(5) “Documented methodology” means a method or protocol used to do either or both of the following:
   (a) Sample and test for the presence of lead in paint, dust, and soil.
   (b) Perform related work practices as described in rules promulgated under this part.

(6) “Dust lead hazard” means surface dust in a residential dwelling or child occupied facility that contains a concentration of lead at or in excess of levels identified by the EPA pursuant to section 403 of title IV of the toxic substances control act, Public Law 94-469, 15 U.S.C. 2683, or as otherwise defined by rule.

(7) “Elevated blood level” or “EBL” means for purposes of lead abatement an excessive absorption of lead that is a confirmed concentration of lead in whole blood of 20 ug/dl, micrograms of lead per deciliter of whole blood, for a single venous test or of 15-19 ug/dl in 2 consecutive tests taken 3 to 4 months apart. For purposes of case management of children 6 years of age or less, elevated blood level means an excessive absorption of lead that is a confirmed concentration of lead in whole blood of 10 ug/dl.

(8) “Encapsulant” means a substance that forms a barrier between lead-based paint and the environment using a liquid-applied coating, with or without reinforcement materials, or an adhesively bonded covering material.

(9) “Encapsulation” means the application of an encapsulant.

(10) “Enclosure” means the use of rigid, durable construction materials that are mechanically fastened to the substrate in order to act as a barrier between lead-based paint and the environment.

(11) “EPA” means the United States environmental protection agency.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5457 Definitions; G to I.

Sec. 5457. (1) “Guest instructor” means an individual designated by the manager or principal instructor of an accredited training program to provide instruction specific to the lecture, hands-on activities, or work practice components of a course in the accredited training program.

(2) “Hands-on skills assessment” means an evaluation that tests a trainee's ability to satisfactorily perform the work practices, work procedures, or any other skill taught in an accredited training program.

(3) “Hazardous waste” means waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 261.3.

(4) “Inspection” means a surface-by-surface investigation in target housing or a child occupied facility to determine the presence of lead-based paint and the provision of a report explaining the results of the investigation.

(5) “Interim controls” means a set of measures designed to temporarily reduce human exposure or likely exposure to lead-based paint hazards including, but not limited to, specialized cleaning, repairs, maintenance, painting, temporary containment, ongoing monitoring of lead-based paint hazards or potential hazards, and the establishment and operation of management and resident education programs.


Popular name: Act 368
333.5458 Definitions; L.

Sec. 5458. (1) “Lead-based paint” means paint or other surface coatings that contain lead equal to or in excess of 1.0 milligrams per square centimeter or more than 0.5% by weight.

(2) “Lead-based paint activity” means inspection, risk assessment, and abatement in target housing and child occupied facilities or in any part thereof.

(3) “Lead-based paint hazard” means any of the following conditions:
   (a) Any lead-based paint on a friction surface that is subject to abrasion and where the lead dust levels on the nearest horizontal surface are equal to or greater than the dust lead hazard levels identified in rules promulgated under this part.
   (b) Any damaged or otherwise deteriorated lead-based paint on an impact surface that is caused by impact from a related building component.
   (c) Any chewable lead-based painted surface on which there is evidence of teeth marks.
   (d) Any other deteriorated lead-based paint in or on any residential building or child occupied facility.
   (e) Surface dust in a residential dwelling or child occupied facility that contains lead in a mass-per-area concentration equal to or exceeding the levels established by rules promulgated under this part.
   (f) Bare soil on residential real property or property of a child occupied facility that contains lead equal to or exceeding levels established by rules promulgated under this part.

(4) “Lead-based paint investigation” means an activity designed to determine the presence of lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards in target housing and child occupied facilities.

(5) “Living area” means an area of a residential dwelling used by 1 or more children age 6 and under including, but not limited to, a living room, kitchen area, den, playroom, and a children’s bedroom.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5459 Definitions; M to S.

Sec. 5459. (1) “Multifamily dwelling” means a structure that contains more than 1 separate residential dwelling unit and that is used or occupied, or intended to be used or occupied, in whole or in part, as the home or residence of 1 or more persons.

(2) “Paint in poor condition” means 1 or more of the following:
   (a) More than 10 square feet of deteriorated paint on an exterior component with a large surface area.
   (b) More than 2 square feet of deteriorated paint on an interior component with large surface areas.
   (c) More than 10% of the total surface area of the component is deteriorated on an interior or exterior component with a small surface area.

(3) “Permanently covered soil” means soil that has been separated from human contact by the placement of a barrier consisting of solid, relatively impermeable materials including, but not limited to, pavement or concrete but not including grass, mulch, or other landscaping materials.

(4) “Person” means that term as defined in section 1106 but including the state and a political subdivision of the state.

(5) “Principal instructor” means the individual who has the primary responsibility for organizing and teaching a particular course in an accredited training program.

(6) “Recognized laboratory” means an environmental laboratory recognized by the EPA pursuant to section 405 of title IV of the toxic substances control act, Public Law 94-469, 15 U.S.C. 2685, as being capable of performing an analysis for lead compounds in paint, soil, and dust.

(7) “Reduction” means a measure designed to reduce or eliminate human exposure to a lead-based paint hazard through methods including, but not limited to, interim controls and abatement.

(8) “Residential dwelling” means either of the following:
   (a) A detached single family dwelling unit, including, but not limited to, attached structures such as porches and stoops and accessory structures such as garages, fences, and nonagricultural or noncommercial outbuildings.
   (b) A building structure that contains more than 1 separate residential dwelling unit that is used or occupied, in whole or in part, as the home or residence of 1 or more persons.

(9) “Risk assessment” means both of the following:
   (a) An on-site investigation in target housing or a child occupied facility to determine the existence, nature, severity, and location of a lead-based paint hazard.
   (b) The provision of a report by the person conducting the risk assessment explaining the results of the investigation and options for reducing the lead-based paint hazard.
(10) “Soil lead hazard” means bare soil on a residential dwelling or on the property of a child occupied facility that contains lead at or in excess of levels identified by the EPA pursuant to section 403 of title IV of the toxic substances control act, Public Law 94-469, 15 U.S.C. 2683, or as otherwise defined by rule.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5460 Definitions; T to V.

Sec. 5460. (1) “Target housing” means housing constructed before 1978, except any of the following:
(a) Housing for the elderly or persons with disabilities, unless any 1 or more children age 6 years or less resides or is expected to reside in that housing.
(b) A 0-bedroom dwelling.
(c) An unoccupied dwelling unit pending demolition, provided the dwelling unit remains unoccupied until demolition.

(2) “Third party examination” means the examination for certification under this part in the disciplines of clearance technician, inspector, risk assessor, worker, and supervisor offered and administered by a party other than an accredited training program.

(3) “Training curriculum” means an established set of course topics for instruction in an accredited training program for a particular discipline designed to provide specialized knowledge and skills.

(4) “Training hour” means not less than 50 minutes of actual learning, including, but not limited to, time devoted to lecture, learning activities, small group activities, demonstrations, evaluations, or hands-on experience or a combination of those activities.

(5) “Training manager” means the individual responsible for administering an accredited training program and monitoring the performance of principal instructors and guest instructors.

(6) “Visual inspection for clearance testing” means the visual examination of a residential dwelling or a child occupied facility following an abatement designed to determine whether the abatement has been successfully completed.

(7) “Visual inspection for risk assessment” means the visual examination of a residential dwelling or a child occupied facility to determine the existence of deteriorated paint or other potential sources of lead-based paint hazards.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5460a Lead-based paint activities; procedures and requirements.

Sec. 5460a. (1) This part contains procedures and requirements for the accreditation of lead-based paint activities training programs, procedures and requirements for the certification of individuals and other persons engaged in lead-based paint activities, and work practice standards for performing lead-based paint activities as that term is defined in section 5458. This part requires that all lead-based paint activities be performed by certified individuals and persons, except for those circumstances and persons described in section 5453(2).

(2) This part does not apply to individuals and persons engaged in lead-based paint activities conducted within or on certain owner-occupied residential and multifamily dwellings as further described in section 5453(2) except in certain dwellings in which a residing child is identified as having an elevated blood lead level.

(3) This part does not require the owner or occupant to undertake any lead-based paint activities.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5461 Persons engaged in lead-based paint activity; certification required.

Sec. 5461. (1) A person shall not engage or offer to engage in a lead-based paint activity unless certified in the appropriate discipline under this part. A person conducting a lead-based paint activity shall comply with the standards for performing lead-based paint activities contained in this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(2) The department shall certify a person applying for certification under this part if that person demonstrates to the department that he or she is licensed, certified, or registered in another state and the standards for obtaining that license, certification, or registration are substantially similar to those imposed under this part.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.9901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.
333.5461a  Lead-based paint activities; training program; accreditation required.

Sec. 5461a.  (1) A person shall not provide or offer to provide a training program for lead-based paint activities unless the training program is accredited under the appropriate discipline under this part. A person providing an accredited training program shall comply with the standards for accreditation and training certification prescribed in this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(2) The department shall accredit a training program if the training program is registered by the department under the department's voluntary registration program by August 30, 1998 if the training program submits an application under section 5462.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.9901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.5462  Lead-based paint activities; training program; accreditation generally.

Sec. 5462.  (1) A person may seek accreditation for a training program to offer courses in lead-based paint activities in 1 or more of the following disciplines:

(a) Inspector.
(b) Risk assessor.
(c) Supervisor.
(d) Project designer.
(e) Abatement worker/laborer.
(f) Clearance technician.

(2) A person may also seek accreditation for a training program to offer refresher courses for each of the disciplines described in subsection (1).

(3) A person shall not provide, offer, or claim to provide EPA-accredited courses in lead-based paint activities without applying for and receiving accreditation from the department under this part.

(4) A person seeking accreditation for a training program shall submit a written application to the department containing all of the following:

(a) If the applicant is a sole proprietorship or corporation, its “doing business as” or corporate identification number.
(b) The fee required by section 5471.
(c) The name of each principal position, partner, shareholder, member, or owner.
(d) The training program's proposed name, address, and telephone number.
(e) A list of courses and disciplines for which it is seeking accreditation.
(f) A statement signed by the training program manager certifying that the training program meets the requirements established by this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(g) A copy of the student and instructor manuals or other materials to be used for each course.
(h) A copy of the course agenda for each course.
(i) A description of the facilities and equipment to be used for lecture and hands-on training.
(j) A copy of the course test blueprint for each course.
(k) A description of the activities and procedures that will be used for conducting the hands-on skills assessment for each course.

(l) A copy of the quality control plan as defined in rules promulgated by the department.

(5) The department shall approve an application for accreditation of a training program within 180 days after receiving a complete application from the training program if the department determines that the applicant meets the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part. In the case of approval, the department shall send a certificate of accreditation to the applicant. Before disapproving an application, the department may advise the applicant as to specific inadequacies in the application for accreditation or specific instances where the training program does not meet the requirements of this part or the rules promulgated under this part, or both. The department may request additional information or materials from the training program under this section. If the department disapproves a training program's application for accreditation, the applicant may reapply for accreditation at any time.

(6) A training program shall meet all of the following requirements in order to become accredited to offer courses in lead-based paint activities:

(a) Employ a training manager who has training, education, and experience as described in rules promulgated by the department.
(b) Provide that the training manager described in subdivision (a) designate a qualified principal instructor for each course who has training, education, and experience as described in rules promulgated by the department.

c) Provide that the principal instructor described in subdivision (b) be responsible for the organization of the course and oversight of the teaching of all course material. A training manager may designate guest instructors as needed to provide instruction specific to the lecture, hands-on activities, or work practice components of a course.

(7) The following documents are recognized by the department as evidence that a training manager or a principal instructor has the education, work experience, training requirements, or demonstrated experience specifically listed in rules promulgated by the department, which documentation is not required to be submitted with the accreditation application but, if not submitted, must be retained by the training program as required by the record-keeping requirements contained in this part:

(a) An official academic transcript or diploma as evidence of meeting the education requirements.

(b) A resume, letter of reference, or documentation of work experience, as evidence of meeting the work experience requirements.

(c) A certificate from a train-the-trainer course or a lead-specific training course, or both, as evidence of meeting the training requirements.

(8) A training program accredited under this part shall ensure the availability of, and provide adequate facilities for, the delivery of the lecture, course test, hands-on training, and assessment activities including, but not limited to, providing training equipment that reflects current work practices and maintaining or updating the equipment and facilities of the training program, as needed.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.9901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.5463 Training program; training hour requirements for accreditation in certain disciplines; rules; course test; hands-on skills assessment; course completion certificates; quality control plan; teaching work practice standards; duties of training manager.

Sec. 5463. (1) A training program accredited under section 5462 shall provide training courses that meet the following training hour requirements in order to become accredited in the following disciplines:

(a) An inspector course shall last a minimum of 24 training hours, with a minimum of 8 hours devoted to hands-on training activities. The department shall promulgate rules to determine the minimum curriculum requirements for the inspector course.

(b) A risk assessor course shall last a minimum of 16 training hours, with a minimum of 4 hours devoted to hands-on training activities. The department shall promulgate rules to determine the minimum curriculum requirements for the risk assessor course.

(c) A supervisor course shall last a minimum of 32 training hours, with a minimum of 8 hours devoted to hands-on activities. The department shall promulgate rules to determine the minimum curriculum requirements for the supervisor course.

(d) A project designer course shall last a minimum of 8 training hours. The department shall promulgate rules to determine the minimum curriculum requirements for the project designer course.

(e) An abatement worker course shall last a minimum of 16 training hours, with a minimum of 8 hours devoted to hands-on training activities. The department shall promulgate rules to determine the minimum curriculum requirements for the abatement worker course.

(f) A clearance technician course shall last a minimum of 8 training hours, with a minimum of 2 hours devoted to hands-on training activities. The department shall promulgate rules to determine the minimum curriculum requirements for the clearance technician course. Until rules are promulgated, a clearance technician course shall use the curriculum for the lead sampling technician course approved by the EPA under subpart Q of part 745 of title 40 of the code of federal regulations.

(2) The department may promulgate rules to modify 1 or more of the requirements imposed under subsection (1) if changes are needed to comply with federal mandates or for another reason considered appropriate by the department.

(3) For each course offered, the training program shall conduct a course test at the completion of the course and, if applicable, a hands-on skills assessment. Each individual enrolled in the training program must successfully complete the hands-on skills assessment, if conducted for that course, and receive a passing score on the course test in order to pass a course.

(4) The training manager shall maintain the validity and integrity of a hands-on skills assessment to ensure that it
accurately evaluates the trainees' performance of the work practices and procedures associated with the course topics contained in rules promulgated under this section and the course test to ensure that it accurately evaluates the trainees' knowledge and retention of the course topics.

(5) A training program's course test shall be developed in accordance with the test blueprint submitted with the training program accreditation application.

(6) A training program shall issue course completion certificates to each individual who passes the training course. The course completion certificates shall include:
   (a) The name and address of the individual, along with a unique identification number.
   (b) The name of the particular course that the individual passed.
   (c) Dates of course completion and test passage.
   (d) Expiration date of course certificate.
   (e) The name, address, and telephone number of the training program.

(7) The training manager shall develop and implement a quality control plan designed to maintain and improve the quality of the training program. The quality control plan shall contain at least both of the following elements:
   (a) Procedures for periodic revision of training materials and the course test to reflect innovations in the field.
   (b) Procedures for the training manager's annual review of each principal instructor's competence.

(8) The training program shall offer courses that teach the work practice standards for conducting lead-based paint activities and other standards developed by the EPA pursuant to title IV of the toxic substances control act and considered appropriate or necessary by the department. The work practice standards shall be taught in the appropriate courses to provide trainees with the knowledge needed to perform the lead-based paint activities.

(9) The training manager shall ensure that the training program complies at all times with all of the requirements of this section and the rules promulgated under this section.

(10) The training manager shall allow the department to audit the training program to verify the contents of the application for accreditation.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.9901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.5464 Accreditation of refresher course.

Sec. 5464. (1) A training program may seek accreditation to offer refresher training courses in 1 or more of the disciplines described in section 5462(1). A training program shall meet those minimum requirements contained in rules promulgated by the department in order to obtain department accreditation.

(2) A training program may apply for accreditation of a refresher course concurrently with its application for accreditation of the corresponding training course pursuant to rules promulgated by the department.

(3) The department shall approve an application for accreditation of a refresher course within 180 days after receiving a complete application. Upon approval, the department shall send a certificate of accreditation to the applicant. Before disapproval, the department may advise the applicant as to specific inadequacies in the application for accreditation or specific instances where the continuing education course does not meet the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part, or both. The department may also request additional information or materials retained by the training program. If the department denies a training program's application for accreditation of a refresher course, the applicant may reapply for accreditation at any time.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.9901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.5465 Reaccreditation of training program.

Sec. 5465. (1) Unless reaccredited, a training program's accreditation under section 5462, including refresher course training accredited under section 5464, expires 1 year after the date of issuance.

(2) A training program seeking reaccreditation shall submit an application to the department no later than 45 days before its accreditation expires.

(3) A training program's application for reaccreditation shall include any fees and information required pursuant to rules promulgated by the department.

(4) Upon request, a training program shall allow the department to audit the training program to verify the contents of the application for reaccreditation.

333.5466 Suspension, revocation, or modification of accreditation.

Sec. 5466. (1) The department may, after notice and an opportunity for hearing pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328, suspend, revoke, or modify a training program accreditation or a refresher course training program accreditation if the department determines that a training program, training manager, or other person with supervisory authority over the training program has done 1 or more of the following:
(a) Misrepresented the contents of a training course to the department or the trainees enrolled in the training program, or both.
(b) Failed to submit required information or notifications in a timely manner.
(c) Failed to maintain required records.
(d) Falsified accreditation records, student certificates, instructor qualifications, or other accreditation-related information or documentation.
(e) Failed to comply with the training standards and requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part.
(f) Failed to comply with a federal, state, or local statute, rule, or regulation involving lead-based paint activities.
(g) Made false or misleading statements to the department in its application for accreditation or reaccreditation that the department relied upon in approving the application.
(2) In addition to an administrative or judicial finding of a violation, the execution of a consent agreement in settlement of an enforcement action is considered, for purposes of this section, evidence of a failure to comply with the standards and requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part or other relevant statutes or regulations involving lead-based paint activities.


Popular name: Act 368
Administrative rules: R 325.9901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.5467 Accreditation training program; availability and retention of records; notice of change of address.

Sec. 5467. (1) An accredited training program shall maintain, and make available to the department, upon request, all of the following records:
(a) Each document that demonstrates the qualifications of a training manager or a principal instructor.
(b) Current curriculum and course materials and documents reflecting changes made to these materials.
(c) The course test blueprint.
(d) Information regarding how the hands-on skills assessment is conducted including, but not limited to, all of the following:
(i) The person conducting the hands-on skills assessment.
(ii) The method of grading the hands-on skills.
(iii) A description of the facilities used.
(iv) The pass/fail rate.
(e) The quality control plan.
(f) The results of the students' hands-on skills assessments and course tests and a record of each student's participation, including name, social security number, and score, within 10 calendar days of the last day of the course taken.
(g) Any other material that was submitted to the department as part of the program's application for accreditation.
(2) A training program shall retain the records described in subsection (1) for at least 3-1/2 years at the address specified on the training program accreditation application.
(3) The training program shall notify the department in writing within 30 days of changing the address specified on its training program accreditation application or transferring the records from that address.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5468 Certification to engage in lead-based paint activities; fees; application; requirements for certification in specific discipline.

Sec. 5468. (1) An individual seeking certification by the department to engage in lead-based paint activities shall
pay the appropriate fees required under section 5471 and submit an application to the department demonstrating either of the following:

(a) Compliance with the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part for the particular discipline for which certification is sought.

(b) A copy of a valid lead-based paint activities certification or its equivalent, as determined by the department, from a training program that has been authorized by the EPA pursuant to 40 C.F.R. part 745 along with proof of the applicant's third party examination results.

(2) Following the submission of an application demonstrating that the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part have been met, the department shall certify an applicant in 1 or more of the following disciplines:

(a) Inspector.
(b) Risk assessor.
(c) Supervisor.
(d) Project designer.
(e) Abatement worker.
(f) Clearance technician.

(3) Upon receiving the department certification in 1 or more of the disciplines described in subsection (2), an individual conducting lead-based paint activities shall comply with the work practice standards for performing that discipline as established under this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(4) An individual shall not conduct a lead-based paint activity unless that individual is certified by the department under this section in the appropriate discipline.

(5) An individual shall do all of the following in order to become certified by the department as an inspector, risk assessor, abatement worker, or supervisor:

(a) Successfully complete a course in the appropriate discipline and receive a course completion certificate from an accredited training program.
(b) Pass the third party exam in the appropriate discipline.
(c) Meet the experience or education requirements, or both, as described in rules promulgated by the department.

(6) After an individual passes the appropriate certification exam and submits an application demonstrating that he or she meets the appropriate training, education, and experience requirements and passes the appropriate certification exam, the department shall issue a certificate to the individual in the specific discipline for which certification is sought. To maintain certification, an individual must be recertified pursuant to this part.

(7) An individual shall pass the third party exam within 6 months after receiving a course completion certificate in order to be eligible for certification. An individual is not eligible to take the third party exam more than 3 times within the 6 months after receiving a course completion certificate. An individual who does not pass the third party exam after 3 attempts shall repeat the appropriate course from an accredited training program in order to be eligible to retake the exam.

(8) An individual shall do both of the following in order to become certified by the department as a project designer:

(a) Successfully complete a course in the appropriate discipline and receive a course completion certificate from an accredited training program.
(b) Meet the experience or education requirements, or both, as described in rules promulgated by the department.

(9) After an individual has successfully completed the appropriate training courses, applied to the department, and met the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part, the department shall issue a certificate to the individual in the discipline of project designer. To maintain certification, the individual must be periodically recertified pursuant to this part.

(10) An individual who received training in a lead-based paint activity between October 1, 1990 and March 1, 1999 and an individual who has received lead-based paint activities training at an EPA-authorized accredited training program are eligible for certification by the department under rules promulgated by the department.

(11) In order to maintain certification in a particular discipline, a certified individual shall apply to and be recertified in that discipline by the department every 3 years.

(12) An individual shall do both of the following in order to become a certified clearance technician:

(a) Successfully complete an approved course for the discipline of clearance technician and receive a course completion certificate.
(b) Pass the third party exam for the discipline of clearance technician.

333.5469 Certification to engage in lead-based paint activities; employment of certified employees; requirements.

Sec. 5469. (1) Beginning August 30, 1999, a person shall not perform or offer to perform lead-based paint activities without obtaining certification by the department under this part.

(2) A person seeking certification under subsection (1) shall submit to the department a letter attesting that the person shall only employ appropriately certified employees to conduct lead-based paint activities and that the person and its employees shall follow the work practice standards for conducting lead-based paint activities as established in rules promulgated by the department.

(3) A person seeking certification under subsection (1) shall do all of the following:
   (a) Complete the application and pay the appropriate fee accompanied by a corporate identification number, certificate of sole proprietorship, or other business entity documentation acceptable to the department.
   (b) Indicate whether the applicant has liability insurance.
   (c) Submit proof of Michigan workers' disability compensation insurance.
   (d) Submit proof that each employee or agent involved in lead-based paint activities has received training and certification as required by this part.
   (e) If applicable, submit the name of each principal partner, shareholder, member, or owner.

(4) Not more than 90 days from the date of receipt of the person's completed application, the department shall approve or disapprove the person's request for certification. Within that time period, the department shall respond with either a certificate of approval or a letter describing the reasons for a disapproval.

(5) A person certified by the department under this section shall maintain all records pursuant to the requirements imposed in rules promulgated by the department.


333.5470 Certification in appropriate discipline required.

Sec. 5470. Beginning on March 1, 1999, all lead-based paint activities shall be performed by an individual certified in the appropriate discipline under this part and pursuant to the work practice standards prescribed in rules promulgated by the department.


333.5471 Training program or refresher courses; fees.

Sec. 5471. (1) Subject to subsection (7), fees for a person accredited or seeking accreditation for a training program offering courses or refresher courses in lead-based paint abatement are as follows:

   (a) Initial application processing fee ................................................................. $100.00.
   (b) Initial accreditation fee ................................................................. $475.00 per discipline.
   (c) Reaccreditation fee, annual ......................................................... $265.00 per discipline.

(2) Fees for an individual certified or seeking certification to engage in lead-based paint abatement are as follows:

   (a) Initial application processing fee ................................................................. $25.00.
   (b) Certification fee, per year:
      (i) Inspector ................................................................. $150.00.
      (ii) Risk assessor ................................................................. $150.00.
      (iii) Supervisor ................................................................. $50.00.
(iv) Project designer ........................................................................................................ $ 150.00.
(v) Abatement worker/laborer ..................................................................................... $ 25.00.
(vi) Clearance technician ........................................................................................... $ 50.00.

(3) Fees for a person certified or seeking certification to engage in lead-based paint abatement are as follows:

(a) Initial application processing fee ........................................................................... $100.00.
(b) Certification fee, per year ..................................................................................... $220.00.

(4) If the department increases fees under subsection (5), the increase shall be effective for that fiscal year. The increased fees shall be used by the department as the basis for calculating fee increases in subsequent fiscal years.

(5) By August 1 of each year, the department shall provide to the director of the department of management and budget and to the chairpersons of the appropriations committees of the senate and house of representatives a complete schedule of fees to be collected under this section.

(6) The fees imposed under this part shall not exceed the actual cost of administering this part.

(7) The department may waive the fees for an accredited training program for a person who has demonstrated that no part of its net earnings benefit any private shareholder or individual.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5472 Notice of lead-based paint abatement.
Sec. 5472. Before beginning a lead-based paint abatement, a person conducting lead-based paint abatement shall notify the department, on forms provided by the department or through electronic methods approved by the department, regarding information the department considers necessary in order to conduct an unannounced site inspection. The person shall send notification not less than 3 business days before commencing the lead-based paint abatement.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5473 Administration and enforcement of part.
Sec. 5473. The legislature shall annually appropriate to the department an amount sufficient to administer and enforce this part. These funds shall be offset by funds received from federal agencies in the form of grants or other funding provisions. All funds generated by this part shall be deposited into the general fund to be used exclusively by the department to carry out the duties and responsibilities of this part. With fees collected pursuant to this part and funds appropriated by the legislature, the department shall conduct compliance activities that assure the quality of training and protection of worker’s and public health and safety. Such activities include, but are not limited to, unannounced inspections of lead abatement project sites.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5473a Administration and enforcement of part by department; rules; establishment of programs; recommendations; disclosure; exemption.
Sec. 5473a. (1) The department shall administer this part and promulgate rules as may be necessary for the administration and enforcement of this part pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

(2) The department shall authorize, coordinate, and conduct programs to educate persons including, but not limited to, homeowners and remodelers of lead hazards associated with remodeling target housing and methods of lead-hazard reduction activities.

(3) The department shall establish a program that provides an opportunity for property owners, managers, and maintenance staff to learn about lead-safe practices and the avoidance of creating lead-based paint hazards during minor painting, repair, or renovation.

(4) Not later than January 1, 2000, the department shall recommend appropriate maintenance practices for owners of residential property, day care facilities, and secured lenders that are designed to prevent lead poisoning.
among children 6 years of age or less and pregnant women. In making its recommendations, the department shall consult with affected stakeholders and shall consider the effects of those maintenance practices on the availability and affordability of housing and credit.

(5) The following information required to be submitted to the department by certified individuals and persons under this part and rules promulgated under this part is exempt from disclosure as a public record under the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246:

(a) The name, street address, and telephone number of the owner, agent, or tenant of a residential dwelling where lead-based paint investigations have been conducted.

(b) Information that could be used to identify 1 or more children with elevated blood lead levels that have been reported to the department.

(c) Information contained in an EBL investigation report that could be used to identify 1 or more children with elevated blood lead levels.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.9901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.5474 Establishment of lead poisoning prevention program; components; reports.

Sec. 5474. (1) The department shall establish a lead poisoning prevention program that has the following components:

(a) A coordinated and comprehensive plan to prevent childhood lead poisoning and to minimize exposure of the general public to lead-based paint hazards.

(b) A comprehensive educational and community outreach program regarding lead poisoning prevention that shall, at a minimum, include the development of appropriate educational materials targeted to health care providers, child care providers, public schools, owners and tenants of residential dwellings, and parents of young children. These educational materials shall be made available, upon request, to local and state community groups, legal services organizations, and tenants' groups.

(c) A technical assistance system for health care providers to assist those providers in managing cases of childhood lead poisoning. As part of this system, the department shall require that results of all blood lead level tests conducted in Michigan be reported to the department as provided for in rule and that when the department receives notice of blood lead levels above 10 micrograms per deciliter, it shall initiate contact with the local public health department or the physician, or both, of the child whose blood lead level exceeds 10 micrograms per deciliter.

(2) The department shall report to the legislature by January 1, 1999, and annually thereafter, the number of children through age 6 who were screened for lead poisoning during the preceding fiscal year and who were confirmed to have had blood lead levels above 10 micrograms per deciliter. The report shall compare these rates with those of previous fiscal years and the department shall recommend methods for improving compliance with guidelines issued by the federal centers for disease control and prevention, including any necessary legislation or appropriations.

(3) Not more than 1 year after the effective date of this part, and annually thereafter, the department shall prepare a written report regarding the expenditures under the lead poisoning prevention program including the amounts and sources of money from the previous year and a complete accounting of its use. The report shall be given to the appropriate committees of the legislature and be made available to the general public upon request.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5475 Alleged violations or complaints; actions by department.

Sec. 5475. (1) The department shall receive or initiate complaints of alleged violations of this part or rules promulgated under this part and take action with respect to alleged violations or complaints as prescribed by this part.

(2) The department, in its own discretion, or upon the written complaint of an aggrieved party or of a state agency or political subdivision of this state, may investigate the acts of an accredited training program, an individual or other person certified under this part, or a person allegedly engaged in lead-based paint activity. The department may deny, suspend, or revoke certification or accreditation issued under this part if a certified person, accredited training program, certified individual, or a person allegedly engaged in lead-based paint activity is found to be not in compliance with this part or the rules promulgated under this part. In addition, the department may deny,
suspend, or revoke a certification or accreditation issued under this part for 1 or more of the following:

(a) Willful or negligent acts that cause a person to be exposed to a lead-containing substance in violation of this part, the rules promulgated under this part, or other state or federal law pertaining to the public health and safety aspects of lead abatement.

(b) Falsification of records required under this part.

(c) Continued failure to obtain or renew certification or accreditation under this part.

(d) Deliberate misrepresentation of facts or information in applying for certification or accreditation under this part.

(e) Permitting a person who has not received the proper training and certification under this part or other applicable state or federal law to come in contact with lead or be responsible for a lead abatement project.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Administrative rules:** R 325.9901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

### 333.5476 Violation of part; fine; citation; administrative hearing.

Sec. 5476. (1) A person who violates this part or a rule promulgated under this part is subject to an administrative fine up to the following amounts for each violation or each day that a violation continues:

(a) For a first violation ................................................................. $ 2,000.00.

(b) For a second violation .......................................................... $ 5,000.00.

(c) For a third or subsequent violation ....................................... $ 10,000.00.

(2) If the department has reasonable cause to believe that a person has violated this part or a rule promulgated under this part, the department may issue a citation at that time or not later than 180 days after discovery of the alleged violation. The citation shall be written and shall state with particularity the nature of the violation as provided for by the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328. An alleged violator may request an administrative hearing pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Administrative rules:** R 325.9901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

### 333.5477 Violation; failure to correct violation after notice as misdemeanor; sanctions, penalties, or other provisions.

Sec. 5477. (1) A person who engages in a lead-based paint activity as provided for by this part and who willfully or repeatedly violates this part or a rule promulgated under this part or a person who fails to correct the violation after notice from the department under this part is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than $5,000.00, and upon conviction for a second or subsequent offense, not more than $10,000.00, or imprisonment for not more than 6 months, or both. A violation of this subsection may be prosecuted by either the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of the judicial district in which the violation was committed.

(2) The application of sanctions under this part is cumulative and does not preclude the application of other sanctions or penalties contained in the provisions of any other federal, state, or political subdivision statute, rule, regulation, or ordinance.

(3) This part does not diminish the responsibilities of an owner or occupant, or the authority of enforcing agents under state, county, city, municipal, or other local building, housing, or health and safety codes.

(4) The requirements of this part are in addition to other pertinent provisions of a code listed in subsection (3).


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Administrative rules:** R 325.9901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.
333.5511 Alzheimer's disease or related disorder; state plan for network of regional, multidisciplinary diagnostic and assessment centers; submission to governor and legislature.

Sec. 5511. (1) The department shall develop, in consultation with the department of social services, the department of mental health, the office of services to the aging, and the office of health and medical affairs, a state plan for a network of regional, multidisciplinary diagnostic and assessment centers for individuals diagnosed or identified as having Alzheimer's disease or a related disorder. In developing the state plan, consideration shall be given to all of the following:
   (a) A center shall be located so as to minimize transportation problems for patients and their families.
   (b) A center shall be operated in conjunction with existing related services and programs.
   (c) A center shall have the capacity to be reimbursed for the diagnostic and assessment process by third-party payers, including, but not limited to, medicare and the state medical assistance program.
   (d) Payment for services provided to individuals without sufficient health insurance coverage who have a limited income, but who are not eligible for the state medical assistance program.
   (2) The state plan shall be completed and submitted to the governor and the legislature within 1 year after the effective date of this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5521 Meanings of words and phrases used in §§ 333.5521 to 333.5539.

Sec. 5521. As used in sections 5521 to 5539:
   (a) “Affected individual” means an individual diagnosed or identified as having Alzheimer's disease or a related disorder.
   (b) “Autopsy” means a brain autopsy.
   (c) “Family representative” means an affected individual's legal guardian, spouse, adult child, parent, or other family member.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5523 Identification of Alzheimer's disease and related disorders autopsy network; tasks.

Sec. 5523. The director shall identify an Alzheimer's disease and related disorders autopsy network. The network shall include individuals qualified to perform all of the following tasks:
   (a) Provide information to, and obtain consent from, an affected individual or his or her family as provided in section 5529.
   (b) Extract the necessary tissue.
   (c) Preserve the tissue, prepare it for transport, and arrange for it to be transported.
   (d) Examine the tissue and prepare a report on the results of the tissue examination.
   (e) Provide the department and the family representative of the deceased with the results of the tissue examination.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5525 Identification of tissue repositories.

Sec. 5525. The department shall identify 1 or more tissue repositories for the receipt and storage of tissue of affected individuals who are deceased. The department may identify an existing public or private facility or institution that is equipped to provide for storage of the tissue.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5527 Tissue repository; access; collection and use of fees; report.

Sec. 5527. (1) A tissue repository identified under section 5525 shall allow equitable access to tissue to persons performing medical research and education, and may collect a reasonable fee for use of the tissue. Fees collected shall be used to fund the repository.
(2) A repository shall annually provide a report to the department on the collection and distribution of the tissue, and on the amount and use of the fees collected.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5529 Request for autopsy; information; written consent.
Sec. 5529. If an affected individual or his or her family representative requests an autopsy, a network representative shall provide to that person information concerning the cost, purposes, and benefits of an autopsy, and the benefits of using the tissue for medical research and education. The network representative shall also request that the affected individual or his or her family representative sign a written consent to the autopsy, and a separate written consent to use of the tissue for medical research and education.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5533 Duty of chronic disease advisory committee.
Sec. 5533. The chronic disease advisory committee shall oversee the implementation of sections 5523 to 5539.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5535 Subsidy program.
Sec. 5535. Within 1 year after the effective date of this section, the department shall develop and recommend to the legislature a subsidy program to help defray a portion of the cost to an affected individual or the affected individual's family of performing an autopsy.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5537 Information on critical role of autopsies.
Sec. 5537. The department shall provide to physicians, hospitals, nursing homes, medical examiners, funeral directors, affected individuals and their family members, and other appropriate persons written information describing the critical role that autopsies play in the diagnosis of, and in the conduct of research into the causes, treatment, and cure of, Alzheimer's disease and related disorders.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5539 Authority of family representative.
Sec. 5539. The authority of a family representative to act as provided in this part is given first to the affected individual's legal guardian, and if none, then to his or her spouse, and if none, then to his or her adult child or children, and if none, then to his or her parent, and if none, then to other family members.

Popular name: Act 368

PART 56
OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES

333.5601 “Occupational disease” defined; general definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 5601. (1) As used in this part, “occupational disease” means an illness of the human body arising out of and in the course of an individual's employment and having 1 or more of the following characteristics:
(a) It is caused by a frequently repeated or continuous exposure to a hazardous substance or agent or to a specific industrial practice which is hazardous and which has continued over an extended period of time.
(b) It is caused by an acute exposure to a hazardous substance or agent.
(c) It presents symptoms characteristic of an occupational disease known to have resulted in other cases from the same type of specific exposure.
(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 51 contains definitions applicable to this part.

Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of occupational health in the bureau of environmental and occupational health, with the exception of dry cleaning unit, from the department of public health to the director of the department of labor, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5611 Report of occupational disease or health condition aggravated by workplace exposures; time; contents; forms and instructions.
Sec. 5611. (1) A physician, hospital, clinic, or employer knowing of an individual having a case of occupational disease or a health condition aggravated by workplace exposures shall report the case to the department within 10 days after the discovery of the occupational disease or condition.
(2) A physician, hospital, clinic, or employer knowing of a suspected case of occupational disease or a health condition aggravated by workplace exposures shall report the case to the department within 10 days after the discovery of the occupational disease or condition.
(3) The report shall state the name and address of the individual, the name and business address of the employer, the business of the employer, the place of the individual's employment, the length of time of employment in the place where the individual became ill, the nature of the disease, and other information required by the department.
(4) The department shall prepare and furnish the report forms and instructions for their use to physicians, hospitals, clinics, and employers.
Popular name: Act 368

333.5613 Investigation; advising physician of nature of hazardous substance or agent and conditions of exposure; confidentiality.
Sec. 5613. (1) The department, upon receiving a report under section 5611 or believing that a case or suspected case of occupational disease exists in this state, may investigate to determine the accuracy of the report and the cause of the disease.
(2) To aid in the diagnosis or treatment of an occupational disease, the department shall advise the physician in charge of a patient of the nature of the hazardous substance or agent and the conditions of exposure of the patient as established by the investigation. In so doing the department shall protect the confidentiality of trade secrets or privileged information disclosed by the investigations in accordance with section 13 of Act No. 442 of the Public Acts of 1976, being section 15.243 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
Popular name: Act 368

333.5621 Reports not public records; exemption from disclosure; access to record.
Sec. 5621. (1) Reports submitted to the department under section 5611 are not public records and are exempt from disclosure pursuant to section 13(1)(d) of Act No. 442 of the Public Acts of 1976.
(2) The bureau of worker's disability compensation and the compensation appeal board in the department of labor shall have access to the record of an actual case of occupational disease in a compensation case before it.
Popular name: Act 368

333.5623 Statistical summaries; dissemination of instructions and information.
Sec. 5623. (1) Not less than once each year, the department shall compile statistical summaries of all occupational diseases reported and accepted as covering true occupational diseases, and the kinds of employment leading to the occurrence of the diseases.
(2) The department shall disseminate to appropriate employers in this state appropriate instructions and information to prevent the occurrence of occupational diseases.
Popular name: Act 368

333.5639 Failure to make report or wilful false statement as misdemeanor; penalty.
Sec. 5639. A physician, hospital or clinic administrator, or employer who fails to make a report or who wilfully makes a false statement in a report required by section 5611(1) is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than $50.00.
333.5651 Short title of part.
Sec. 5651. This part shall be known and may be cited as the “Michigan dignified death act”.
Popular name: Act 368

333.5652 Legislative findings; Michigan dignified death act.
Sec. 5652. (1) The legislature finds all of the following:
(a) That patients face a unique set of circumstances and decisions once they have been diagnosed as having a reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness.
(b) That published studies indicate that patients with reduced life expectancy due to advanced illnesses fear that in end-of-life situations they could receive unwanted aggressive medical treatment.
(c) That patients with reduced life expectancy due to advanced illnesses are often unaware of their legal rights, particularly with regard to controlling end-of-life decisions.
(d) That the free flow of information among health care providers, patients, and patients' families can give patients and their families a sense of control over their lives, ease the stress involved in coping with a reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness, and provide needed guidance to all involved in determining the appropriate variety and degree of medical intervention to be used.
(e) That health care providers should be encouraged to initiate discussions with their patients regarding advance medical directives during initial consultations, annual examinations, and hospitalizations, at diagnosis of a chronic illness, and when a patient transfers from 1 health care setting to another.
(2) In affirmation of the tradition in this state recognizing the integrity of patients and their desire for a humane and dignified death, the Michigan legislature enacts the “Michigan dignified death act”. In doing so, the legislature recognizes that a well-considered body of common law exists detailing the relationship between health care providers and their patients. This act is not intended to abrogate any part of that common law. This act is intended to increase awareness of the right of a patient who has a reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness to make decisions to receive, continue, discontinue, or refuse medical treatment. It is hoped that by doing so, the legislature will encourage better communication between patients with reduced life expectancy due to advanced illnesses and health care providers to ensure that the patient's final days are meaningful and dignified.
Popular name: Act 368

333.5653 Definitions.
Sec. 5653. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Advanced illness”, except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, means a medical or surgical condition with significant functional impairment that is not reversible by curative therapies and that is anticipated to progress toward death despite attempts at curative therapies or modulation, the time course of which may or may not be determinable through reasonable medical prognostication. For purposes of section 5655(b) only, “advanced illness” has the same general meaning as “terminal illness” has in the medical community.
(b) “Health facility” means a health facility or agency licensed under article 17.
(c) “Hospice” means that term as defined in section 20106.
(d) “Medical treatment” means a treatment including, but not limited to, palliative care treatment, or a procedure, medication, surgery, a diagnostic test, or a hospice plan of care that may be ordered, provided, or withheld or withdrawn by a health professional or a health facility under generally accepted standards of medical practice and that is not prohibited by law.
(e) “Patient” means an individual who is under the care of a physician.
(f) “Patient advocate” means that term as described and used in sections 5506 to 5512 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.5506 to 700.5512.
(g) “Patient surrogate” means the parent or legal guardian of a patient who is a minor or a member of the immediate family, the next of kin, or the legal guardian of a patient who has a condition other than minority that...
prevents the patient from giving consent to medical treatment.

(h) “Physician” means that term as defined in section 17001 or 17501.

(2) Article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5654 Recommended medical treatment for advanced illness; duty of physician to inform orally; limitation or modification of disclosed information.

Sec. 5654. (1) A physician who has diagnosed a patient as having a reduced life expectancy due to an advanced illness and is recommending medical treatment for the patient shall do all of the following:

(a) Orally inform the patient, the patient's patient surrogate, or, if the patient has designated a patient advocate and is unable to participate in medical treatment decisions, the patient advocate acting on behalf of the patient in accordance with sections 5506 to 5512 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.5506 to 700.5512, about the recommended medical treatment and about alternatives to the recommended medical treatment.

(b) Orally inform the patient, patient surrogate, or patient advocate about the advantages, disadvantages, and risks of the recommended medical treatment and of each alternative medical treatment described in subdivision (a) and about the procedures involved.

(2) A physician's duty to inform a patient, patient surrogate, or patient advocate under subsection (1) does not require the disclosure of information beyond that required by the applicable standard of practice.

(3) Subsection (1) does not limit or modify the information required to be disclosed under sections 5133(2) and 17013(1).


Popular name: Act 368

333.5655 Recommended medical treatment for advanced illness; duty of physician to inform orally and in writing; requirements.

Sec. 5655. In addition to the requirements of section 5654, a physician who has diagnosed a patient as having a reduced life expectancy due to an advanced illness and is recommending medical treatment for the patient shall, both orally and in writing, inform the patient, the patient's patient surrogate, or, if the patient has designated a patient advocate and is unable to participate in medical treatment decisions, the patient advocate, of all of the following:

(a) If the patient has not designated a patient advocate, that the patient has the option of designating a patient advocate to make medical treatment decisions for the patient in the event the patient is not able to participate in his or her medical treatment decisions because of his or her medical condition.

(b) That the patient, or the patient's patient surrogate or patient advocate, acting on behalf of the patient, has the right to make an informed decision regarding receiving, continuing, discontinuing, and refusing medical treatment for the patient's reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness.

(c) That the patient, or the patient's patient surrogate or patient advocate, acting on behalf of the patient, may choose palliative care treatment including, but not limited to, hospice care and pain management.

(d) That the patient or the patient's surrogate or patient advocate acting on behalf of the patient may choose adequate and appropriate pain and symptom management as a basic and essential element of medical treatment.


Compiler's note: Enacting section 3 of Act 239 of 2001 provides:

“Enacting section 3. The 2001 amendatory act that amended section 5655 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.5655, shall not be construed as creating a new mandated benefit for any coverages issued under the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.100 to 500.8302, the nonprofit health care corporation reform act, 1980 PA 350, MCL 550.1101 to 550.1704, or any other health care payment or benefits plan.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.5656 Updated standardized written summary; development; publication; contents; availability to physicians.

Sec. 5656. (1) By July 1, 2002, the department of community health shall develop and publish an updated standardized, written summary that contains all of the information required under section 5655.

(2) The department shall develop the updated standardized, written summary in consultation with appropriate professional and other organizations. The department shall draft the summary in nontechnical terms that a patient,
(3) The department shall make the updated standardized, written summary described in subsection (1) available to physicians through the Michigan board of medicine and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery created in article 15. The Michigan board of medicine and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery shall notify in writing each physician subject to this part of the requirements of this part and the availability of the updated standardized, written summary within 10 days after the updated standardized, written summary is published.


Compiler's note: Enacting section 3 of Act 237 of 2001 provides:

“Enacting section 3. The 2001 amendatory act that amended section 5656 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.5656, shall not be construed as creating a new mandated benefit for any coverages issued under the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.100 to 500.8302, the nonprofit health care corporation reform act, 1980 PA 350, MCL 550.1101 to 550.1704, or any other health care payment or benefits plan.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.5657 Availability of form to patient, patient surrogate, or patient advocate; compliance with § 333.5656; placement of signed form in patient's medical record; signed form as bar to civil or administrative action.

Sec. 5657. (1) If a physician gives a copy of the standardized, written summary developed and published before July 1, 2002 or a copy of the updated standardized, written summary made available under section 5656 to a patient with reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness, to the patient's patient surrogate, or to the patient advocate, the physician is in full compliance with the requirements of section 5655.

(2) A physician may make available to a patient with reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness, to the patient's patient surrogate, or to the patient advocate a form indicating that the patient, patient surrogate, or patient advocate has been given a copy of the standardized, written summary developed and published under section 5656 before July 1, 2002 or a copy of the updated standardized, written summary developed and published under section 5656 on or after July 1, 2002 and received the oral information required under section 5654. If a physician makes such a form available to a patient, to the patient's patient surrogate, or to the patient advocate, the physician shall request that the patient, patient's patient surrogate, or patient advocate sign the form and shall place a copy of the signed form in the patient's medical record.

(3) A patient, a patient's patient surrogate, or a patient advocate who signs a form under subsection (2) is barred from subsequently bringing a civil or administrative action against the physician for providing the information orally and in writing under section 5655 based on failure to obtain informed consent.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5658 Prescription of controlled substance; immunity from administrative and civil liability.

Sec. 5658. A physician who, as part of a medical treatment plan for a patient with reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness, prescribes for that patient a controlled substance that is included in schedules 2 to 5 under part 72 and that is a narcotic drug is immune from administrative and civil liability based on prescribing the controlled substance if the prescription is given in good faith and with the intention to treat a patient with reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness or alleviate the patient's pain, or both, and all of the following are met:

(a) The prescription is for a legitimate legal and professionally recognized therapeutic purpose.
(b) Prescribing the controlled substance is within the scope of practice of the physician.
(c) The physician holds a valid license under article 7 to prescribe controlled substances.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5659 Life insurer, health insurer, or health care payment or benefits plan; prohibited acts.

Sec. 5659. A life insurer, a health insurer, or a health care payment or benefits plan shall not do 1 or more of the following because a patient with reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness, the patient's patient surrogate, or the patient advocate has made a decision to refuse or discontinue a medical treatment as a result of information received as required under this part:

(a) Refuse to provide or continue coverage or benefits to the patient within the scope and level of coverage or benefits of an existing policy, certificate, or contract.
(b) Limit the amount of coverage or benefits available to the patient within the scope and level of coverage or
benefits of an existing policy, certificate, or contract.
(c) Charge the patient a different rate for coverage or benefits under an existing policy, certificate, or contract.
(d) Consider the terms of an existing policy, certificate, or contract to have been breached or modified.
(e) Invoke a suicide or intentional death exemption or exclusion in a policy, certificate, or contract covering the patient.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.5660 Scope of part; limitation.

Sec. 5660. This part does not do the following:
(a) Impair or supersede a legal right a parent, patient, patient advocate, legal guardian, or other individual may have to consent to or refuse medical treatment on behalf of another.
(b) Create a presumption about the desire of a patient who has reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness to receive or refuse medical treatment, regardless of the ability of the patient to participate in medical treatment decisions.
(c) Limit the ability of a court making a determination about a decision of a patient who has reduced life expectancy due to advanced illness to take into consideration all of the following state interests:
   (i) The preservation of life.
   (ii) The prevention of suicide.
   (iii) The protection of innocent third parties.
   (iv) The preservation of the integrity of the medical profession.
   (d) Condone, authorize, or approve suicide, assisted suicide, mercy killing, or euthanasia.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.5661 Fraud resulting in death of patient; violation as felony; penalty.

Sec. 5661. (1) An individual shall not, by fraud, cause or attempt to cause a patient, patient surrogate, or patient advocate to make a medical treatment decision that results in the death of the patient with the intent to benefit financially from the outcome of the medical treatment decision. As used in this subsection, “fraud” means a false representation of a matter of fact, whether by words or by conduct, by false or misleading allegations, or by concealment of that which should have been disclosed, that deceives and is intended to deceive another so that he or she acts upon it to his or her legal injury.

(2) An individual who violates subsection (1) is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### PART 57

**EXPOSURE TO CHEMICAL HERBICIDES**

### 333.5701 Definitions.

Sec. 5701. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Agent orange” means the chemical herbicide made from chemicals known as 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid and its esters, or 2,4-D, and Trichlorophenoxyacetic acid and its esters, or 2,4,5-T.
(b) “Chemical agent” means a chemical herbicide or defoliant other than agent orange, or a chemical weapon, which chemical herbicide, defoliant, or weapon is of the type used by the armed forces of the United States.
(c) “Commission” means the agent orange commission created in section 5731.
(d) “Department” means the department in cooperation with the veterans' service offices.
(e) “Dioxin” means the chemicals known as 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, or 2,3,7,8-TCDD.
(f) “Hospital” means a hospital licensed pursuant to article 17.
(g) “Information resource center” means the agent orange information resource center created in section 5745.
(h) “Physician” means a physician licensed pursuant to article 15.
(i) “Veteran” means a person who served in the armed forces of the United States.
(j) “Vietnam-era veteran” means a person who served in the armed forces of the United States between 12:01
a.m., January 1, 1961, and 12:01 a.m., September 1, 1973, and who meets either of the following criteria:

(i) Has been a resident of this state continuously since the effective date of this part.

(ii) Is a resident of this state at the time he or she begins participating in testing or other activities under this part, and was a resident of this state at the time of induction into the armed forces of the United States.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5703 Toxicological studies; consent; report; information on physical health.

Sec. 5703. (1) The department, in consultation and cooperation with the commission, shall conduct toxicological studies on a selected sample of Vietnam-era veterans to establish their exposure to agent orange or a chemical agent. In conducting the studies, the department shall analyze appropriate specimens for dioxin in combination with a review of Vietnam-era veterans’ military service locations. The department shall obtain prior written consent from each Vietnam-era veteran to be studied under this section. The department shall compile and evaluate information obtained from these studies into a report, and shall submit the report to the commission for review and publication.

(2) The department shall gather information on the physical health of study participants and their families to the extent the department considers necessary.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5709 Studying causes of death.

Sec. 5709. The department, in consultation and cooperation with the commission, shall study the causes of death among Vietnam-era veterans, utilizing the department’s vital statistics records and the agent orange registry data base maintained by the information resource center under section 5745. The information obtained under this section shall serve as a foundation for additional epidemiological studies on the relative incidence of disease among Vietnam-era veterans.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5711 Epidemiological studies; consent.

Sec. 5711. The department, in consultation and cooperation with the commission, shall conduct epidemiological studies on a selected sample of Vietnam-era veterans who have a history of cancer or other medical problems associated with exposure to agent orange or a chemical agent, or who have children born with birth defects after the Vietnam-era veteran’s suspected exposure to agent orange or a chemical agent. Levels of dioxin in the blood serum of Vietnam-era veterans shall be established by analysis of appropriate specimens for dioxin. The department shall obtain prior written consent from each Vietnam-era veteran to be studied under this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5713 Annual report; recommendations.

Sec. 5713. The department shall compile and analyze the information obtained under sections 5709 and 5711, and shall produce an annual report which shall be distributed through the information resource center to veterans’ organizations, the federal centers for disease control, the chairpersons of the committees of the senate and house of representatives responsible for legislation concerning veterans, and other appropriate governmental offices. The department shall make any recommendations for additional actions to the commission.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5715 Report or other information as public information; availability; confidentiality of medical information.

Sec. 5715. (1) A departmental report under section 5703 or 5713, or other compilation of information collected under this part, unless it discloses the identity of an individual who does not consent to the disclosure, is public information, and shall be made available in accordance with the freedom of information act, Act No. 442 of the
(2) Medical information about an individual that is gathered under this part is confidential and shall be subject to
the same requirements of confidentiality as provided in section 2631 for data or records concerning medical
research projects.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5717 Birth defects registry; establishment; purposes.

Sec. 5717. The department shall establish a birth defects registry for all of the following purposes:
(a) To provide information on the incidence and trends of birth defects among Vietnam-era veterans and their
families, and among the general population.
(b) To provide information to determine whether environmental hazards such as exposure to agent orange or
chemical agents are associated with birth defects and to provide information as to other possible causes of birth
defects among Vietnam-era veterans and among the general population.
(c) To develop prevention strategies for reducing the incidence of birth defects among Vietnam-era veterans and
their families, and among the general population.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5721 Birth defects; reports; records; confidentiality; rules; submission to medical
examination or supervision not required; contract for collection and analysis of data;
evaluation of information reported to birth defects registry; public reports.

Sec. 5721. (1) Each diagnosed incidence of a birth defect, including a congenital or structural malformation, or
a biochemical or genetic disease, and any information relevant to incidents of birth defects, shall be reported to the
department. The reporting shall begin not later than the next calendar year after June 11, 1987.
(2) The department shall maintain comprehensive statewide records of all information reported to the birth
defects registry. The information reported shall be subject to the same requirements of confidentiality as provided in
section 2631 for data or records concerning medical research projects.
(3) The director shall promulgate rules which provide for all of the following:
(a) A list of birth defects, including, but not limited to, congenital and structural malformations, and biochemical
or genetic diseases, and other relevant information to be reported.
(b) The quality and manner in which the incidents of birth defects and other information is to be reported.
(c) The terms and conditions under which records maintained under this section, including any records containing
the name and medical condition of a specific individual, may be released by the department.
(4) This section does not compel an individual to submit to medical examination or supervision by the
department or otherwise.
(5) The department may contract for the collection and analysis of, and research related to, the data required
under this section.
(6) Within 2 years after June 11, 1987, the department shall begin evaluating the information reported to the birth
defects registry. The department shall publish and make available to the public reports summarizing the information
collected. The first summary report shall be published not later than 180 days after the end of the first 2 full
calendar years after June 11, 1987. Subsequent annual summary reports shall be made on a full calendar year basis
and published not later than 180 days after the end of each calendar year.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5723 Referral services.

Sec. 5723. The department, in collaboration with veterans’ counseling sources, shall provide referral services for
those Vietnam-era veterans and their dependents who desire counseling or referral.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5725 Class action; purpose.

Sec. 5725. The attorney general, on behalf of Vietnam-era veterans residing in this state who may have been
injured because of contact with agent orange or a chemical agent while serving in the armed forces of the United
States, may bring a class action against the federal government or any other party for the release of information relating to exposure to agent orange or a chemical agent and for release of individual Vietnam-era veterans' medical records.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5731 Agent orange commission; creation; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; vacancy.

Sec. 5731. (1) The agent orange commission is created in the department.

(2) The commission is composed of 14 members, including all of the following:

(a) One member is the director, or his or her designee.

(b) One member is the attorney general, or his or her designee.

(c) The remaining members shall be appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, as follows:

(i) One member shall be a representative of the Michigan veterans trust fund.

(ii) Four members shall be researchers who are experts in the fields of cytogenetic evaluations, birth defects, immunological studies, neurological studies, toxicology, oncology, or other fields relevant to the purposes of this part whose knowledge may contribute to the implementation of this part.

(iii) Five members shall be Vietnam-era veterans, at least 1 of whom shall be a female Vietnam-era veteran.

(iv) Two members shall represent the general public, 1 of whom shall be appointed from a list of nominees provided by the speaker of the house of representatives, and 1 of whom shall be appointed from a list of nominees provided by the majority leader of the senate.

(3) Members shall each serve for terms of 2 years, and those members who are appointed may be reappointed once. A vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the duration of the unexpired term.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the agent orange commission from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of powers and duties of the agent orange commission to the director of the department of community health and the abolishment of the commission, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5735 Agent orange commission; duties.

Sec. 5735. The commission shall do all of the following:

(a) Review the toxicological and epidemiological literature on herbicide compounds, and their by-product contaminants, of the type utilized by the armed forces during the period prescribed in section 5701(1)(j).

(b) Review and publicize the department's public information program directed at Vietnam-era veterans who have been exposed to agent orange, a chemical agent, or other herbicide mixtures containing dioxin.

(c) Review the department's programmatic and research activities and provide recommendations to the department, the chairpersons of the committees of the Senate and House of Representatives responsible for legislation concerning veterans, and other appropriate governmental offices, as to the department's ongoing investigations of the adverse effects on human health of agent orange, chemical agents, and other herbicide mixtures containing dioxin.

(d) Advise and assist the department in the implementation of this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the agent orange commission from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of powers and duties of the agent orange commission to the director of the department of community health and the abolishment of the commission, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5737 Agent orange commission; election of chairperson; meetings; travel expenses; conducting business at public meeting; notice; writings available to public.

Sec. 5737. (1) The members annually shall elect a chairperson. The commission shall meet at least 4 times each year at the call of the chairperson. The first meeting of the commission shall be held not later than 3 months after the effective date of this part.
(2) Commission members shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for their necessary travel expenses for attendance at commission meetings.

(3) The business that the commission performs shall be conducted at a public meeting of the commission held in compliance with the open meetings act, Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976, being sections 15.261 to 15.275 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. Public notice of the time, date, and place of the meeting shall be given in the manner required by Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976.

(4) A writing prepared, owned, used, in the possession of, or retained by the commission in the performance of an official function shall be made available to the public in compliance with the freedom of information act, Act No. 442 of the Public Acts of 1976, being sections 15.231 to 15.246 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the agent orange commission from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of powers and duties of the agent orange commission to the director of the department of community health and the abolition of the commission, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5745 Agent orange information resource center; creation; membership; duties.

Sec. 5745. (1) There is created an agent orange information resource center within the department.

(2) The information resource center shall have members with expertise in human medicine, toxicology, epidemiology and data management and analysis.

(3) The information resource center, with appropriate extramural consultation, shall develop the survey questionnaires, data base management system, and the medical analysis system for the registry required under subsection (5).

(4) The information resource center annually shall request local veterans' organizations and health agencies to evaluate the operation of the information resource center program from their perspective.

(5) The information resource center shall perform searches of technical documents and published scientific literature. A registry of all known ongoing agent orange related research shall be maintained. These information resources shall be utilized in the annual analysis of data on Vietnam-era veterans and in providing the annual reports required under section 5713.

(6) The information resource center shall solicit state and local media organizations to inform Vietnam-era veterans of their rights under this part, and to encourage Vietnam-era veterans to submit health information, and other relevant information, to the department, commission, and information resource center as required under this part.

(7) The information resource center shall provide local health and veteran's facilities with a comprehensive and annually updated list of tertiary medical care facilities as defined in section 22108, specializing in areas appropriate for the clinical laboratory evaluation of veterans to determine if a Vietnam-era veteran has suffered physical damage as a result of substantial exposure to agent orange or a chemical agent.

(8) The department, through the information resource center or otherwise, shall refer Vietnam-era veterans to appropriate state and federal agencies for the purpose of filing claims to seek remedies for medical and financial problems caused by the Vietnam-era veterans' exposure to agent orange or chemical agents.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the agent orange commission from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5747 Rules.

Sec. 5747. The department shall promulgate rules to implement this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5749 Phasing in studies and birth defects registry.

Sec. 5749. The studies and the birth defects registry called for under this part shall be phased in according to an orderly schedule established by the department, with the advice of the commission.


Popular name: Act 368
333.5801 “Crippled child” or “child” defined; general definitions and principles of construction.

Sec. 5801. (1) As used in this part, “crippled child” or “child” means a single or married individual under 21 years of age whose activity is or may become so restricted by disease or deformity as to reduce the individual’s normal capacity for education and self-support.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 51 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the bureau of child and family services, with the exception of the women, infants, and children division, from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5805 Service to be developed, extended, and improved; referral of children; purposes of program.

Sec. 5805. (1) The department shall develop, extend, and improve services:

(a) For locating crippled children and children suffering from conditions which lead to crippling and, effective April 1, 1989, for locating children reported to the department pursuant to section 5721.

(b) For providing medical, surgical, corrective, nutritional, and other services and care, including aftercare when necessary, and facilities for diagnosis and hospitalization of crippled children.

(c) For preventing, insofar as possible, crippling conditions.

(2) The department shall refer children reported to the department pursuant to section 5721 who are in need of services to the appropriate services inside or outside of the department.

(3) The program shall be carried out for the purposes of providing medical and physical care for crippled children and for making them self-sustaining in whole or in part rather than dependent on the public for support.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5811 Crippled children’s advisory committee; creation; appointment of members; successor to Michigan crippled children commission; subject to § 333.2215; election of chairperson and vice-chairperson; meetings; traveling expenses; conferring with and advising department.

Sec. 5811. (1) The crippled children’s advisory committee is created in the department. The committee consists of 5 members appointed by the governor, upon recommendation of the director.

(2) The committee is the successor to the Michigan crippled children commission and is subject to section 2215.

(3) The committee annually shall elect a chairperson and a vice-chairperson from its members and shall meet on call of the department.

(4) The members of the committee shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for actual and necessary traveling expenses pursuant to section 1216.

(5) The committee shall confer with and advise the department as to its functions under this part.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of crippled children’s advisory committee of the division of children's special health care services (renamed the children's special health care advisory committee) of the bureau of child and family services to the director of the Michigan department of community health, and the abolishment of the committee, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5815 Program of services; establishment and administration; rules.

Sec. 5815. The department shall establish and administer a program of services for crippled children and children who are suffering from conditions which lead to crippling. In implementing this part, the department shall promulgate rules:

(a) To prescribe requirements for the approval of facilities and treatment centers, medical and surgical specialists, and other providers.

(b) To regulate the conduct of clinics; handling of cases; fixing of treatment fees, charges for correctional equipment, and institutional rates; and prescribing procedures for audit and payment of bills.
333.5817 Duties of department.

Sec. 5817. The department shall:
(a) Formulate and administer detailed plans to implement the policy stated in section 5805. The plans shall include provisions for:
   (i) Financial participation by this state.
   (ii) Administration of the plans including methods of administration necessary for efficient operation of the plans.
   (iii) Maintenance of records and preparation of reports of services rendered.
   (iv) Cooperation with medical, health, nursing, and welfare groups and organizations, and with any agency of this state charged with the administration of laws providing for vocational rehabilitation and special education of children with physical disabilities.
(b) Expend in accordance with the plans funds made available to this state by the federal government for those purposes.
(c) Cooperate with the federal government, under title V of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 701 to 716, through its appropriate agency or instrumentality, in developing, extending, and improving services, provided by this part and in the administration of the plans.

333.5821 Diagnostic clinics and services; availability of results of examinations.

Sec. 5821. (1) The department shall provide for diagnostic clinics for crippled children in places, at times, and under circumstances it determines. The department may purchase diagnostic services from outpatient departments of approved hospitals and other facilities.
(2) Results of examinations at clinics shall be available to parents and individuals and agencies providing social and remedial services to crippled children where they are residents, unless otherwise prohibited by law.

333.5823 Eligibility for services; application; financial investigation; medical evidence; copy of reports.

Sec. 5823. When a crippled child is found whose condition can be treated and whose parent or spouse is unable to provide proper care and treatment, a person authorized by rule shall apply to a designated representative of the department for eligibility for services under this part. The representative shall make a financial investigation and secure medical evidence as to the condition of the child. A copy of the report of the financial investigation and the report of a physician or dentist, if any, shall be sent to the department.

333.5825 Eligibility for services; determination; transportation; monitoring; transfers; referrals.

Sec. 5825. Upon receipt of the financial and medical reports, the department shall promptly consider the matter and make a determination of eligibility. The department shall authorize the transportation of an eligible crippled child to a provider of services approved and designated by the department. The department shall monitor the proper handling of the case and may transfer the crippled child to some other provider for treatment better adapted to the child's needs. In making referrals under this part the department shall not discriminate against health professionals qualified to render care.

333.5826 Approval of hospital, facilities, and specialists.

Sec. 5826. The department may approve for the rendering of services under this part a hospital maintaining clinical services and convalescent and educational facilities, including qualified instructional service, and attending
medical and surgical specialists approved by the department.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.5828 Hospital bed to be provided; assignment to bed for operation or treatment.

Sec. 5828. The administrator of a hospital shall provide a bed in the hospital to which a crippled child shall be assigned for operation or treatment, or both, of the child's disease or deformity. The physician or surgeon approved by the department shall proceed as promptly as necessary to perform or give a necessary operation or treatment.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.5831 Reports from approved hospital; forms; contents; time.

Sec. 5831. (1) An approved hospital receiving crippled children shall send to the department written reports on forms furnished by the department which shall contain dates of admission and discharge, names of approved physicians and surgeons, and other information the department requires.

(2) The times for making the reports shall conform to applicable state and federal requirements.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.5835 Educational services for convalescent crippled child; compliance; records.

Sec. 5835. (1) An approved hospital shall arrange with the local school district in which a child resides to provide or contract for educational services for a convalescent crippled child.

(2) Courses of study, attendance record systems, adequacy of methods of instruction, qualifications of teachers and conditions under which they are employed, and purchases of necessary equipment for the instruction of crippled children in the hospital shall comply with requirements prescribed by the department of education.

(3) A hospital shall keep daily records on the regular child accounting forms used in the public schools, listing all children actually receiving instruction.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.5841 Charges for care and treatment of crippled child; agreement for payment; information; account; disposition of payments.

Sec. 5841. (1) All or part of the charges for the care and treatment of a crippled child where the child, parent, or spouse is of sufficient ability to pay shall be paid to the department of treasury by those persons in the amount and at a rate determined by agreement with the department. Upon admission to service of the crippled child, the department of public health shall furnish the department of treasury information required to keep a correct account of the money due the state from the child, parent, or spouse. Payment of the costs by the child, parent, or spouse shall be made to the department of treasury in accordance with the agreement. The department of treasury shall credit the payments to the crippled children's fund.

(2) The department may modify or cancel an agreement made under this section based on economic or other factors and shall report that action to the department of treasury.

(3) The department of treasury may accept and issue a receipt for an amount due under an agreement or modification under this section.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.5843 Cost of care and surgical and medical treatment; subrogation.

Sec. 5843. This state shall be subrogated to the rights of recovery which a child, parent, spouse, or guardian may have against a liable third party for the cost of care and surgical and medical treatment provided for a crippled child under this part to the extent that the state has spent moneys for that care and treatment.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.5847 Payments not considered social services aid; individual not considered indigent.

Sec. 5847. Payments made by the state pursuant to this part are not considered social services aid, and an individual is not considered an indigent because of inability to pay for the care and treatment of a crippled child.
333.5861 Receiving and holding title to property; property as trust fund; disposition of property.

Sec. 5861. The department may receive and hold title to real and personal property by gift, devise, bequest, and conveyance to be used for the purpose of carrying out this part. The property accepted shall be held and used as a trust fund for the purposes for which received. The department of public health promptly shall send the money, securities, or like personal property received to the department of treasury to be credited to the fund of this state designated by the donor or the department. The income from securities shall be sent promptly to the department of treasury to be credited to the fund designated and shall be likewise disbursed.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5863 Duties of department of treasury.

Sec. 5863. The department of treasury shall:
(a) Receive money granted to this state by the federal government under this part.
(b) Keep the money in a special fund to be known as the “crippled children’s fund”.
(c) Disburse the fund on certification by the department of public health.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5871 Entering home or taking charge of crippled child; power to accept or refuse treatment.

Sec. 5871. (1) A department official, agent, or representative shall not enter a home or take charge of a crippled child over the objection of a parent, the person standing in loco parentis, or the person having custody of the child.
(2) This part does not limit the power of a parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis to accept or refuse the treatment offered under this part for a crippled child or by an agency employed for that purpose.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5874 Records confidential; disclosure.

Sec. 5874. Records as to crippled children are confidential to the extent required by state and federal statutes and rules. Disclosure of information shall be consistent with part 26.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5879 Unlawful conduct; misdemeanor.

Sec. 5879. (1) A person who wilfully makes a false statement or wilfully gives false information for the purpose of securing aid under this part is guilty of a misdemeanor.
(2) An official of a hospital or a physician or dentist who bills the state for the care of a crippled child in accordance with the fee schedules established under this part and also attempts to force a parent, relative, or guardian of the child to pay an additional sum for the care is guilty of a misdemeanor.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 59
MICHIGAN HEALTH INITIATIVE PROGRAM

333.5901 Definitions.

Sec. 5901. As used in this part:
(a) “AIDS” means acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.
(b) “Commission” means the risk reduction and AIDS policy commission created in section 5903.
(c) “Fund” means the Michigan health initiative fund created in section 5911.
(d) “HIV” means human immunodeficiency virus.
(e) “Institute of higher education” means a public or private college or university. Institute of higher education includes a community college.
“Risk reduction” means the process of identifying and reducing or eliminating behaviors or conditions, or both, that are harmful to physical or mental health, or both.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the center for health promotion and chronic disease prevention from the department of public health to the director of the department community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of certain powers and duties of the bureau of infectious disease control from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5903 Risk reduction and AIDS policy commission; creation; appointment.

Sec. 5903. The risk reduction and AIDS policy commission is created in the department. The commission shall be appointed by the governor, pursuant to section 5905, by October 1, 1988.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the risk reduction and AIDS policy commission to the director of the Michigan department of community health, and the abolishment of the commission, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5905 Commission; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; election of chairperson, officers, and committees; per diem compensation; reimbursement of expenses.

Sec. 5905. (1) The commission shall consist of 11 members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate, including the director and his or her designee as an ex officio member, 1 member from an association representing local public health, and 9 members appointed from the following categories:

(a) Business and industry.
(b) Labor.
(c) Health care providers.
(d) The legal community.
(e) Religious organizations.
(f) State and local government, including, but not limited to, the chronic disease advisory committee created under part 54.
(g) The education community.

(2) A health care provider member appointed pursuant to subsection (1) shall not be an employee of a state executive department or local health department, nor represent a facility or agency which is owned or operated by a state executive department or a local health department.

(3) To the extent practicable, the members appointed pursuant to subsection (1), except the director, shall be representative of the demographic composition and geographic regions of this state.

(4) The term of each member, other than the director, shall be 3 years, except that of the members first appointed, 4 shall serve for 3 years, 3 shall serve for 2 years, and 3 shall serve for 1 year. A member shall not serve more than 2 consecutive terms, whether partial or full. A vacancy on the commission shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.

(5) The commission biannually shall elect a chairperson and other officers and committees as considered appropriate by the commission.

(6) The actual and necessary per diem compensation and the schedule for reimbursement of expenses for the public members of the commission shall be the same as is established annually by the legislature for similar boards or commissions that are reimbursed from the general fund.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the risk reduction and AIDS policy commission to the director of the Michigan department of community health, and the abolishment of the commission, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5907 Commission; conducting business at public meeting; notice; writings available to public.

Sec. 5907. (1) The business which the commission performs shall be conducted at a public meeting of the commission held in compliance with the open meetings act, Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976, being sections 15.261 to 15.275 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. Public notice of the time, date, and place of the meeting shall be
given in the manner required by Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976.

(2) A writing prepared, owned, used, in the possession of, or retained by the commission in the performance of
an official function shall be made available to the public in compliance with the freedom of information act, Act
No. 442 of the Public Acts of 1976, being sections 15.231 to 15.246 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the risk reduction and AIDS policy commission to the director of the Michigan
department of community health, and the abolishment of the commission, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan
Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5909 Duties of commission; advisory committees.

Sec. 5909. (1) The commission shall do all of the following:
(a) Meet not less than quarterly at the call of the chairperson.
(b) Advise the governor and the legislature on policies regarding risk reduction and AIDS.
(c) Annually report to the governor and the legislature on major risk factors and preventable diseases or
conditions including, but not limited to, AIDS.
(d) Make recommendations to the department regarding the allocation of money from the Michigan health
initiative fund including, but not limited to, the level of funding for grants under section 5925.
(e) Review and comment to the department on topics determined by the commission to be appropriate for the
media campaign conducted under this part.

(2) The commission may appoint advisory committees as considered necessary by the commission. The
membership of an advisory committee may include individuals who are afflicted by a particular disease or condition
and individuals who have training and expertise in a particular major risk factor, disease, or condition. Members of
an advisory committee appointed under this subsection shall not be compensated for their services, but may be
reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the risk reduction and AIDS policy commission to the director of the Michigan
department of community health, and the abolishment of the commission, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan
Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.5911 Michigan health initiative fund; creation; administration; expenditures; fund cumulative;
amounts credited to fund; investment of fund; crediting earnings; disposition and use of
unencumbered balance.

Sec. 5911. (1) The Michigan health initiative fund is created in the state treasury and shall be administered by
the department. The fund shall be expended only as provided in this part. The fund is in addition to, and is not
intended as a replacement for, any other money appropriated to the department.

(2) The state treasurer shall credit to the fund all amounts appropriated for that purpose under section 11 of the
Michigan health initiative revenue act, section 25 of the general sales tax act, Act No. 167 of the Public Acts of
1933, being section 205.75 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and section 21 of the use tax act, Act No. 94 of the

(3) The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the fund. Earnings shall be credited to the fund.

(4) The unencumbered balance remaining in the fund at the close of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund, and
shall not revert to the general fund.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5913 Michigan health initiative information clearinghouse; establishment; accessibility;
duties.

Sec. 5913. (1) The department shall utilize the fund to establish the Michigan health initiative information
clearinghouse, which shall be accessible to the public statewide.

(2) The Michigan health initiative information clearinghouse shall, at a minimum, maintain and provide
up-to-date information on both of the following:
(a) Major risk factors and preventable diseases and conditions including, but not limited to, AIDS.
(b) Risk reduction service providers and AIDS treatment programs throughout the state.

333.5915 Media campaign; public service announcements.

Sec. 5915. (1) The department shall utilize the fund to produce or arrange for the production of a media campaign to disseminate information on risk reduction and major risk factors and preventable diseases and conditions including, but not limited to, AIDS, pursuant to the advice of the commission as provided under section 5909.

(2) In addition to the requirements of subsection (1), the department shall utilize the fund to produce or arrange for the production of public service announcements regarding risk reduction and AIDS which shall be distributed to publicly supported radio and television stations and to cable television studios, and which may be distributed to commercial radio and television stations.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5917 Risk reduction and AIDS education module; approval process.

Sec. 5917. (1) The department shall utilize the fund, in cooperation with the state board of education, to develop and distribute a risk reduction and AIDS education module appropriate for pupils in elementary and secondary.

(2) The department shall make the risk reduction and AIDS education module available to each school district in the state.

(3) In addition to developing a module as described in subsection (1), the department, in cooperation with the state board of education, may develop a process for approving a risk reduction and AIDS education module developed by a school district.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5919 Risk reduction and AIDS information package.

Sec. 5919. The department shall utilize the fund to develop, in cooperation with institutions of higher education, a risk reduction and AIDS information package that shall include, but not be limited to, information regarding testing, counseling, transmission, prevention, and treatment.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5921 Model AIDS information package; local AIDS information package.

Sec. 5921. (1) The department shall utilize the fund to develop annually a model AIDS information package which shall include, but not be limited to, information regarding the status of AIDS in this state, state supported testing and counseling programs, research findings, and access to the Michigan health initiative information clearinghouse established under section 5913.

(2) A local health department or a consortium of local health departments may apply to the department for funding to develop a local AIDS information package which may be used as an alternative to the state model developed under subsection (1). If the department provides funding under this subsection, the department shall approve the alternative AIDS information package before it is used by the local health department.

(3) The model AIDS information package developed under subsection (1) may be distributed to each residence in the state, except that the model AIDS information package need not be distributed to a residence to which an alternative AIDS information package developed and approved under subsection (2) has been distributed.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5923 HIV testing; counseling; costs.

Sec. 5923. (1) The department shall utilize the fund to provide HIV testing free of charge to all residents of this state and all nonresident students enrolled in and attending a public or private college, university, or other postsecondary educational institution in this state. All HIV testing under this section shall be performed by the department or a licensed clinical laboratory designated by the department.

(2) As a condition of receiving an HIV test under this section, the department shall require an individual who requests an HIV test to undergo counseling both before and after the HIV test. The counseling may be provided by local health department personnel or an individual designated by the local health department who has undergone
training approved by the department. The counseling shall be conducted pursuant to protocols approved by the
department. If the counseling required under this subsection is provided by a local health department or an
individual designated by the local health department, the cost of the counseling shall be paid by the local health
department out of the distribution of funds made under section 5(c) of the health and safety fund act. If a
distribution of funds is not made under section 5(c) of the health and safety fund act, the cost of counseling
provided under this subsection by a local health department or an individual designated by the local health
department shall be paid by the department.

(3) A person who provides HIV testing or counseling under this section shall be reimbursed for the cost of the
HIV testing or counseling only by the department or a local health department, and shall not bill the individual
receiving the services or any other person including, but not limited to, a third party payer.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5925  Employee wellness programs; grants; applications; rules.

Sec. 5925. (1) The department shall utilize the fund to provide grants for employee wellness programs which
reduce the prevalence of high risk factors for employees. Programs funded under this section may provide services
to employees, dependents of employees, and to retired employees.

(2) The department shall accept applications for funding from any employer or employee organization in the
state. The department shall give special consideration to programs which address more than 1 high risk factor and
which are to be conducted by more than 1 employer or employee organization.

(3) The department shall promulgate rules to implement this section. The rules promulgated under this subsection
shall be submitted for public hearing under the administrative procedures act of 1969 within 60 days after the
effective date of this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5927  Educational programs for health care workers.

Sec. 5927. The department shall utilize the fund to develop educational programs for health care workers,
whether licensed or not, regarding the delivery of quality care and protection against exposure to disease in the
workplace.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5929  Local community demonstration and pilot projects; grants.

Sec. 5929. The department shall utilize the fund to provide grants for local community demonstration and pilot
projects that provide a network of care to AIDS patients in a nonacute care setting. The department shall give
special consideration to applicants with projects designed to provide care on a regional basis.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 59A
HEALTHY MICHIGAN FUND

333.5951  “Fund” defined.

Sec. 5951. As used in this part, “fund” means the healthy Michigan fund created in section 5953.


Popular name: Act 368

333.5953  Healthy Michigan fund; creation; expenditure; fund as additional appropriation;
crediting amount and earnings; investment; grants or donations; availability of remaining
funds; reversion.

Sec. 5953. (1) The healthy Michigan fund is created in the state treasury. The fund shall be expended only for
the purposes described in section 36 of article IX of the state constitution of 1963 and as further provided in this
part. The fund is in addition to, and is not intended as a replacement for, any other money appropriated to the

333.5955 Use and purpose of fund.
Sec. 5955. Money in the fund shall be used to improve the health of the citizens of this state. Programs receiving these funds shall address the needs of vulnerable populations. Appropriations from the fund may be made to the department or other state agencies, and shall include, but not be limited to, chronic disease prevention, smoking cessation, anti-tobacco activities, maternal and child health initiatives, immunization activities, poison control, and local public health surveillance and evaluations.


Popular name: Act 368

ARTICLE 6
SUBSTANCE ABUSE

PART 61
GENERAL PROVISIONS

333.6101 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 6101. (1) For purposes of this article, the words and phrases defined in sections 6102 to 6107 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in the code.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6102 Definitions; A.
Sec. 6102. (1) “Administrator” means the administrator of the office of substance abuse services.
(2) “Alcohol and drug abuse counseling” means the act of counseling, modification of substance abuse related behavior, and prevention techniques for substance abusers, their significant others, and potential substance abusers.
(3) “Approved service program” means a substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation service program licensed under section 6237 and designated by the administrator with the assistance of the department to deliver a service or combination of services for the treatment of incapacitated individuals.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6103 Definitions; C, D.
Sec. 6103. (1) “Chemotherapy” means use of a drug in the direct treatment of substance abuse.
(2) “Commission” means the advisory commission on substance abuse services.
(3) “Committee” means the state interdepartmental substance abuse service coordinating committee.
(4) “Coordinating agency” means a city, county, or regional agency designated by the administrator under section 6226 to develop and administer a comprehensive substance abuse plan.
(5) “Designated representative” means any of the following:
   (a) A registered nurse or licensed practical nurse licensed or otherwise authorized under part 172.
   (b) A paramedic licensed or otherwise authorized under part 209.
   (c) A physician's assistant licensed or otherwise authorized under part 170 or 175.
   (d) An individual qualified by education, training, and experience who performs acts, tasks, or functions under
       the supervision of a licensed physician.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6104 Definitions; E, I.
Sec. 6104. (1) “Emergency medical service” means either of the following:
   (a) An organized emergency department located in and operated by a hospital licensed in accordance with article
       17 and designated by the administrator.
   (b) A facility designated by the administrator and routinely available for the general care of medical patients.

(2) “Emergency service unit” means an ambulance operation as defined in section 20902.

(3) “Incapacitated” means that an individual, as a result of the use of alcohol, is unconscious or has his or her
    mental or physical functioning so impaired that he or she either poses an immediate and substantial danger to his or
    her own health and safety or is endangering the health and safety of the public.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6106 Definitions; L to R.
Sec. 6106. (1) “Law enforcement officer” includes a police officer, sheriff, sheriff's deputy, or state
    conservation officer.

   (2) “Office” means the office of substance abuse services.

   (3) “Organization” includes a public or private partnership, corporation, association, or group.

   (4) “Protective custody” means the temporary custody of an individual for the purpose of protecting that
        individual's health and safety or the health and safety of the public if the individual appears to be or is incapacitated.
        Protective custody is civil in nature and is not an arrest.

   (5) “Rehabilitation” means the act of restoring an individual to a state of mental and physical health or useful
        activity through vocational or educational training, therapy, and counseling.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6107 Definitions; S to T.
Sec. 6107. (1) “Staff” means an individual working, with or without remuneration, in or for an approved service
    program or emergency medical service.

   (2) “State administered funds” means revenues identified in section 6203(b) and other moneys appropriated by
        the state legislature exclusively for the purposes provided for in this article.

   (3) “Substance abuse” means the taking of alcohol or other drugs at dosages that place an individual's social,
        economic, psychological, and physical welfare in potential hazard or to the extent that an individual loses the power
        of self-control as a result of the use of alcohol or drugs, or while habitually under the influence of alcohol or drugs,
        endangers public health, morals, safety, or welfare, or a combination thereof.

   (4) “Substance abuse prevention services” means those services which reduce the risk of individuals developing
        problems that could require entry into the substance abuse treatment system, including crisis intervention for
        potential substance abusers.

   (5) “Substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services” means the providing of identifiable services including:

        (a) Crisis intervention counseling services for individuals who are current or former substance abusers.
        (b) Referral services for individuals who are substance abusers, their families, and the general public.
        (c) Planned treatment services, including chemotherapy, counseling, or rehabilitation for individuals
            physiologically or psychologically dependent upon or abusing alcohol or drugs.

   (6) “Transfer facility” means a facility designated by the administrator which is physically located in a jail or
        lockup and which is staffed by at least 1 designated representative when in use pursuant to this article.

   (7) “Treatment” means an emergency, outpatient, intermediate, or inpatient service and care, and may include
diagnostic evaluation, medical, psychiatric, psychological, social service care, and referral services which may be 
extended to an individual who is or appears to be incapacitated.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6111 Records confidential; limitations on disclosure.

Sec. 6111. Records of the identity, diagnosis, prognosis, and treatment of an individual maintained in connection 
with the performance of a licensed substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation service, a licensed prevention 
service, an approved service program, or an emergency medical service authorized or provided or assisted under 
this article are confidential and may be disclosed only for the purposes and under the circumstances authorized by 
section 6112 or 6113.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6112 Disclosure of record with consent; revocation of authorization.

Sec. 6112. (1) An individual who is the subject of a record maintained under section 6111 may consent in 
writing to the disclosure of the content of the record to:

(a) Health professionals for the purpose of diagnosis or treatment of the individual.

(b) Governmental personnel for the purpose of obtaining benefits to which the individual is entitled.

(c) Any other person specifically authorized by the individual.

(2) The individual consenting under subsection (1) may revoke the authorization for the disclosure at any time, 
unless expressly prohibited by federal legislation on confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse patient records, by 
giving written notice to the licensee of the substance abuse service.

(3) The authorization or revocation shall be in a form specified by the office in accordance with regulations 
specifying the form of the written consent issued by the United States department of health, education, and welfare 
and the special action office for drug abuse prevention.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6113 Disclosure of record without consent.

Sec. 6113. If an individual who is the subject of a record maintained under section 6111 does not give written 
consent, the content of the record may be disclosed only as follows:

(a) To medical personnel to the extent necessary to meet a bona fide medical emergency.

(b) To qualified personnel for the purpose of conducting scientific statistical research, financial audits, or 
program evaluation, but the personnel shall not directly or indirectly identify an individual in a report of the 
research audit or evaluation or otherwise disclose an identity in any manner.

(c) Upon application, a court of competent jurisdiction may order disclosure of whether a specific individual is 
under treatment by an agency. In all other respects the confidentiality shall be the same as the physician-patient 
relationship provided by law.

(d) Upon application, a court may order disclosure of a record for the purpose of a hearing under section 6124 or 
6126.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6121 Consent by minor to treatment or services valid and binding; consent of other person 
unnecessary; information as to treatment; responsibility for service.

Sec. 6121. (1) The consent to the provision of substance abuse related medical or surgical care, treatment, or 
services by a hospital, clinic, or health professional authorized by law executed by a minor who is or professes to be 
a substance abuser is valid and binding as if the minor had achieved the age of majority. The consent is not subject 
to later disaffirmance by reason of minority. The consent of any other person, including a spouse, parent, guardian, 
or person in loco parentis, is not necessary to authorize these services to be provided to a minor.

(2) For medical reasons the treating physician, and on the advice and direction of the treating physician, a 
member of the medical staff of a hospital or clinic or other health professional may, but is not obligated to, inform 
the spouse, parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis as to the treatment given or needed. The information may be 
given to or withheld from these persons without consent of the minor and notwithstanding the express refusal of the
minor to the providing of the information.

(3) A spouse, parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of a minor is not legally responsible for service provided under this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6122 Definition of terms used in this section and §§ 333.6123 to 333.6126.

Sec. 6122. As used in this section and sections 6123 to 6126:
(a) “Court” means the probate court for the county in which a minor, for whom a request for substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services has been made, either resides or is found.
(b) “Minor” means an individual 14 or more years of age and less than 18 years of age.
(c) “Person in loco parentis” means an individual who is not the parent or guardian of a child or minor but who has legal custody of the child or minor and is providing support and care for the child or minor.
(d) “Physiological dependency” means addiction to alcohol or drugs which alters the body's physical or psychological status, or both.
(e) “Program” means a hospital, clinic, organization, or health professional licensed under this act by the office of substance abuse services to provide treatment services or screening and assessment services.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6123 Substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services for minor; request by parent or person in loco parentis; diagnostic evaluation; detoxification services; condition to performing services; performing services for physiologically dependent minor; use of psychotropic drugs.

Sec. 6123. (1) A program that is requested by a child's parent or a person in loco parentis to a child to perform substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services for the child may perform those services for the child without the child's consent if the child is less than 14 years of age, as verified by the child's parents or person acting in loco parentis, and if the request is made in writing.

(2) A minor's parent or a person in loco parentis to a minor may request that substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services be provided to the minor by a program.

(3) If substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services are requested under subsection (2) and the minor does not consent to the substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services, the program shall cause to have conducted a diagnostic evaluation to determine whether the minor is physiologically dependent. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4), a diagnostic evaluation shall be conducted within 48 hours of the request for substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services.

(4) If it is determined during a diagnostic evaluation conducted under subsection (3) that the minor is in need of detoxification, the program may arrange for detoxification services and those services may be performed, with the consent of the minor's parent or person in loco parentis to the minor and without the minor's consent, for a period that shall not exceed 5 days. After the minor's detoxification, the program shall cause to have the minor's diagnostic evaluation completed within 48 hours.

(5) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (6), after a diagnostic evaluation has been completed under this section, substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services shall not be performed unless 1 of the following occurs:
   (a) The minor consents to substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services.
   (b) It is determined under section 6124 that substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services are necessary for the minor.
   (6) If it is determined as a result of a diagnostic evaluation conducted under this section that the minor is physiologically dependent, substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services may be performed without the minor's consent pending a hearing under section 6124 and for a period that shall not exceed 7 business days.

(7) Psychotropic drugs shall not be used under this section by a program on a minor unless the minor consents or the court orders the use of the drugs at a hearing under section 6124.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6124 Court determination; petition; appointment of guardian ad litem; notice of hearing; right to independent diagnostic evaluation; time of hearing; placement for minor; examination of
Sec. 6124. (1) A minor's parent or person in loco parentis to a minor may petition the court requesting the court's determination as to whether treatment and rehabilitation services are necessary for the minor.

(2) Upon receipt of a petition under subsection (1), the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the minor for the purposes of this section and sections 6125 and 6126 and shall notify all of the following persons of the time and place for the hearing:

(a) The minor's parents or person in loco parentis to the minor.
(b) The minor.
(c) The program director.
(d) The guardian ad litem for the minor.

(3) A minor shall have the right to an independent diagnostic evaluation by a substance abuse program licensed in this state under this section.

(4) A hearing on a petition under subsection (1) shall be held within 7 days of the court's receipt of the petition.

(5) At a hearing under this section, the court shall determine whether substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services are necessary. If the court determines that substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services are necessary, then the court shall determine a suitable placement for the minor in the least restrictive setting available.

(6) In making the determinations under subsection (5), the court shall obtain and examine the diagnostic evaluation and treatment plan prepared for the minor under section 6123. If an independent diagnostic evaluation was prepared, the court shall examine that evaluation. Information obtained under this section shall not be used to authorize a petition under section 2(a) of chapter XIIA of Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1939, being section 712A.2 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(7) The court shall not order substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services under this section on the grounds that the minor's parent or person in loco parentis to the minor is unwilling or unable to provide or arrange for the management, care, or residence of the minor.

(8) Court records maintained under this section shall be confidential and shall be open only by order of the court to persons having a legitimate interest.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6125 Review of minor's treatment plan; transmittal of results; objection by minor to treatment plan; discharge from program; notice.

Sec. 6125. (1) Not more than 30 days after the court orders the admission of a minor to a program under section 6124, and at 60-day intervals thereafter, the director of the program shall perform or arrange to have performed a review of the minor's treatment plan.

(2) The results of the reviews shall be transmitted in writing within 72 hours after completion of the review to all of the following:

(a) The minor.
(b) The minor's parent or person in loco parentis to the minor.
(c) The minor's guardian ad litem.
(d) The court.

(3) A minor may object to his or her treatment plan within 30 days after receipt of the periodic review under subsection (1). The objection shall be in writing and shall state the basis on which it is being raised. At the minor's request, the minor's guardian ad litem shall assist the minor in properly submitting the objection.

(4) If it is determined that substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services are no longer necessary, the minor shall be discharged from the program. If the minor is discharged, the court shall be notified of the discharge.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6126 Scheduling hearing upon receipt of objection; notice; discharge of minor or continuation of services.

Sec. 6126. (1) Upon receipt of an objection filed under section 6125, the court shall schedule a hearing to be held within 7 business days. After receipt of the objection, the court shall notify all of the following persons of the time and place for the hearing:

(a) The minor.
(b) The minor's parent or person in loco parentis to the minor.
(c) The minor's guardian.
(d) The program director.

(2) The court shall sustain the objection and order the discharge of the minor unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services are necessary. If the court does not sustain the objection, an order shall not be entered, the objection shall be dismissed, and substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services shall continue.


Popular name: Act 368


Sec. 6131. The governing body of a county, city, village, or township may contract for and spend funds for the prevention of substance abuse and for the counseling and treatment of substance abusers. A county, city, village, or township may make contracts with the governing bodies of other counties, cities, villages, and townships and other persons for these purposes.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6141 Violation; misdemeanor.

Sec. 6141. (1) An individual or an agent, representative, or officer of an organization who violates this article is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(2) A conviction for a violation of this article is a sufficient ground for revocation of the license of the organization.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 62

SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES

333.6201 Office of substance abuse services; creation; nature of agency; appointment, compensation, and service of administrator.

Sec. 6201. (1) The office of substance abuse services is created as an autonomous agency within the department and shall exercise its powers and functions independently of the department except for budget, procurement, and housekeeping functions.

(2) The governor shall appoint an administrator for the office with the advice and consent of the senate. The administrator shall not be a member of the state classified civil service. The administrator shall receive compensation as provided by the legislature. The administrator shall serve as a special assistant to the governor on problems of substance abuse and shall serve as the chairperson of the interdepartmental committee on substance abuse.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of certain powers and duties of the center for substance abuse services from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6203 Office of substance abuse services; duties generally.

Sec. 6203. With the assistance of the department, the office shall:

(a) Administer and coordinate, through the comprehensive state plan required by subdivision (e) and interdepartmental contracts, as provided in section 6205(b), state administered public funds for substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services and prevention services.

(b) Use appropriations of revenues from taxes imposed by Act No. 8 of the Public Acts of the Extra Session of 1933, as amended, being sections 436.1 to 436.58 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and Act No. 213 of the Public Acts of 1972, being sections 436.131 to 436.133 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, exclusively for the purposes provided in those acts.
(c) Recommend directly to the governor, after review and comment by the commission, budget and grant requests for public funds to be allocated for substance abuse services including education, research, treatment, rehabilitation, and prevention activities.

(d) Provide technical assistance to substance abuse coordinating agencies and to treatment, rehabilitation, and prevention agencies in cooperation with the coordinating agencies for the purposes of program development, administration, and evaluation.

(e) Develop annually a comprehensive state plan through the use of federal, state, local, and private resources of adequate services and facilities for the prevention and control of substance abuse and the diagnosis, treatment, and rehabilitation of individuals who are substance abusers.

(f) Evaluate, in cooperation with appropriate state departments and agencies, the effectiveness of substance abuse services in the state funded by federal, state, local, and private resources, and annually during the month of November, report a summary of the detailed evaluation to the governor, legislature, commission, and committee.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6205 Office of substance abuse services; additional duties.

Sec. 6205. With the assistance of the department, the office shall:

(a) Cooperate with agencies of the federal government and receive and use federal funds for purposes authorized by the legislature.

(b) Make contracts necessary and incidental to the performance of its functions to provide for substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services and prevention services. The contracts may be with state agencies, other public agencies, including community mental health and local public health agencies, private agencies, organizations, and individuals.

(c) Prior to the expenditure of funds appropriated to other state agencies receiving appropriations for substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services and prevention services, have a contract signed with the receiving agency. The office shall submit a copy of each agreement to the governor and the appropriations committees of the senate and house of representatives.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6207 Office of substance abuse services; additional duties.

Sec. 6207. With the assistance of the department, the office shall:

(a) Establish a statewide information system for the collection of statistics, management data, and other information required for the implementation of this article.

(b) Collect, analyze, and disseminate data concerning substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services and prevention services.

(c) Prepare, analyze, and disseminate educational material as to the nature and effect of alcohol and drugs.

(d) Organize, sponsor, and fund training programs for persons directly or indirectly engaged in the treatment, rehabilitation, and prevention of substance abuse.

(e) Conduct and provide grant-in-aid funds to conduct research on the incidence, prevalence, causes, and treatment of substance abuse and disseminate this information to the public and to substance abuse services professionals.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6209 Review of office.

Sec. 6209. A thorough review of the functions of the office and the necessity to continue state involvement in
substance abuse services and the effectiveness of parts 61 and 62 shall be completed each 3 years after the effective
date of this article.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6211 Recommending criteria for formula basis for distribution of funds.

Sec. 6211. As early as possible, but not later than 2 years after the effective date of this article, the office shall recommend to the governor and legislature criteria for a formula basis for distribution of substance abuse state and federal funds for substance abuse treatment and prevention.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6213 Administrator; powers and duties generally.

Sec. 6213. (1) The administrator, with the advice and consent of a majority of the members of the commission appointed and serving, shall:

(a) Annually establish program priority for funding for the next fiscal year.
(b) Establish guidelines for project applications.
(c) Insure that applicants for state administered public funds are licensed, unless exempt, as substance abuse service organizations under this part.
(d) Promulgate rules concerning matching requirements for state alcoholism and drug abuse treatment grants. The rules shall be reviewed every 2 years.

(2) With the assistance of the department, the administrator may issue licenses; require reports; establish standards and procedures; and make inspections necessary to enforce this article and rules promulgated under this article; and provide technical assistance for the guidance of substance abuse service organizations in complying with the requirements of this article and rules promulgated under this article.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6215 State interdepartmental substance abuse service coordinating commission; creation; membership; chairperson.

Sec. 6215. (1) A state interdepartmental substance abuse service coordinating commission is created in the executive office of the governor.

(2) The commission consists of the following persons or designees authorized to speak on their behalf: the director of public health, the administrator of the office of substance abuse services, the director of mental health, the attorney general, the superintendent of public instruction, the director of the division of vocational rehabilitation of the department of education, the director of the department of state police, the executive director of the office of highway safety planning in the department of state police, the director of the department of corrections, the director of social services, the state personnel director, the director of labor, the secretary of the state board of pharmacy, the director of the office of health and medical affairs, the chairperson of the liquor control commission, the head of the office of criminal justice programs, and a representative of the executive office of the governor.

(3) The administrator shall serve as chairperson of the commission.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of powers and duties of the state interdepartmental substance abuse coordinating commission to the director of the department of community health and the abolishment of the commission, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26524 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368
333.6217 State interdepartmental substance abuse service coordinating commission; duties generally.

Sec. 6217. The commission shall:
(a) Meet not less than twice annually at the call of the administrator.
(b) Provide for the coordination and exchange of information on programs relating to substance abuse and dependence.
(c) Act as a permanent liaison among the members in activities affecting persons abusing, addicted to, or dependent upon drugs or alcohol.
(d) Make recommendations to the administrator in the development of comprehensive plans for the treatment, rehabilitation, and prevention of substance abuse and dependence, particularly with reference to the client populations served by the agencies represented on the committee.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
For transfer of powers and duties of the state interdepartmental substance abuse coordinating commission to the director of the department of community health and the abolishment of the commission, see E.R.O. No. 1997-4, compiled at § 333.26324 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6221 Advisory commission on substance abuse services; creation; appointment and terms of members; vacancy; member employed in state funded substance abuse program.

Sec. 6221. (1) An advisory commission on substance abuse services is created in the executive office of the governor.

(2) The advisory commission consists of 11 members appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the senate for terms of 2 years. An individual shall not serve more than 2 terms and a partial term, consecutive or otherwise. A vacancy shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. An individual who is employed in a state funded substance abuse program is not precluded from membership on the advisory commission.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
For abolition of the Advisory Commission on Substance Abuse Services and transfer of its powers and duties to the Director of the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6222 Advisory commission on substance abuse services; officers; compensation and expenses; meetings; report; recommendations; evaluation.

Sec. 6222. (1) The governor shall designate a chairperson and other officers of the advisory commission.

(2) Members of the advisory commission shall receive per diem compensation as established annually by the legislature and shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred pursuant to section 1216.

(3) The advisory commission shall meet not less often than once each 3 months and report on its activities and make recommendations to the administrator, the governor, and the legislature not less often than annually. The administrator shall include the commission's report and recommendations and the summary of the evaluation of substance abuse services as required by section 6228(g).


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6223 Advisory commission on substance abuse services; duties generally.

Sec. 6223. The advisory commission shall:
(a) Advise and counsel the administrator as to the coordination and administration of substance abuse services.
(b) Appoint appropriate commission committees.
(c) In cooperation with the administrator, advise the governor and legislature of the nature and magnitude of substance abuse problems in this state.
(d) In cooperation with the administrator, recommend to the governor and legislature changes in state programs, statutes, and policies which will improve the state response to substance abuse problems.

(e) As designated by the governor or the administrator, represent this state in public or private meetings concerned with substance abuse.

(f) Review and comment on the budget request before submission to the governor.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6226 City, county, or regional coordinating agency; designation; functions; county community mental health board or public or private nonprofit agency as coordinating agency; continuation of certain coordinating agencies; local advisory council.

Sec. 6226. (1) The administrator shall designate, and may change the designation of, city, county or regional coordinating agencies in accordance with this section. When the administrator designates a county or regional coordinating agency, the designation shall be subject to the approval of the affected county board or boards of commissioners. In a city which has created a local health department or joined in a district health department under part 24, the administrator may designate a city coordinating agency or city-county regional coordinating agency which designation is subject to approval by the affected mayor, city council, and county board of commissioners. A city or regional coordinating agency appointed under this section shall have the same functions as a county coordinating agency.

(2) A coordinating agency may be a county community mental health board established under section 212 or 218 of Act No. 258 of the Public Acts of 1974, being sections 330.1212 and 330.1218 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, a local public health agency, or a public or private nonprofit agency licensed or organized to provide human services. A coordinating agency designated under Act No. 56 of the Public Acts of 1973, as amended, being sections 325.711 to 325.735 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, which is in existence on the effective date of this part shall continue as a coordinating agency under this part until superseded by a designation or redesignation made pursuant to subsection (1).

(3) A coordinating agency shall have a local advisory council consisting of representatives of public and private treatment and prevention programs and private individuals in accordance with guidelines established by the administrator.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6228 City, county, or regional coordinating agency; duties generally.

Sec. 6228. A city, county, or regional coordinating agency shall:

(a) Develop comprehensive plans for substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services and prevention services consistent with guidelines established by the office.

(b) Review and comment to the office on applications for licenses submitted by local treatment, rehabilitation, and prevention organizations.

(c) Provide technical assistance for local substance abuse service organizations.

(d) Collect and transfer data and financial information from local organizations to the office.

(e) Submit an annual budget request to the office for use of state administered funds for its city, county, or region for substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services and prevention services in accordance with guidelines established by the administrator.

(f) Make contracts necessary and incidental to the performance of the agency's functions. The contracts may be made with public or private agencies, organizations, associations, and individuals to provide for substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services and prevention services.

(g) Annually evaluate and assess substance abuse services in the city, county, or region in accordance with guidelines established by the administrator.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department
333.6231  **Rules.**

Sec. 6231.  (1)  With the assistance of the department, and after consultation with the commission and the committee, the office shall promulgate rules for the administration of this article and the licensing of substance abuse service programs. The rules shall include reasonable criteria for the protection and well-being of individuals receiving services and the rights of recipients of services and shall define financial information. Rules governing recipient rights shall be promulgated not later than 1 year after the effective date of this section.

(2)  The rules shall apply to a public or private firm, association, organization, or group offering or purporting to offer specific substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services or prevention services, and which receives or requests public funds, patient fees, third party payments, or funds through public subscription for the treatment, rehabilitation, or prevention of substance abuse.

(3)  The rules shall not apply to an individual currently licensed by this state to provide medical, psychological, or social services. The licensee may voluntarily apply for a license to provide substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services or prevention services. To receive state or federal funds for substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services or prevention services, a person shall obtain a license under this part.


**Compiler's note:** For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

**Popular name:** Act 368

**Administrative rules:** R 325.4151 et seq. and R 325.14101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.6232  **Waiting list for services; placement of parent in priority position.**

Sec. 6232.  (1)  Subject to subsection (2), if a licensee under this part maintains a waiting list for services, the licensee shall place a parent whose child has been removed from the home under the child protection laws of this state or is in danger of being removed from the home under the child protection laws of this state because of the parent's substance abuse in a priority position on the waiting list above all other applicants with substantially similar clinical conditions.

(2)  If a licensee receives federal substance abuse prevention and treatment block grant funds, the priority position of the parent on the waiting list granted under subsection (1) will come after a priority position on the waiting list granted under the conditions of the federal block grant. However, if the parent qualifies for priority status on the waiting list under the conditions of the federal block grant, the licensee shall place the parent in that priority position on the waiting list.


**Popular name:** Act 368

333.6233  **License required; licensing unit; exceptions.**

Sec. 6233.  (1)  A person not otherwise licensed to provide psychological, medical, or social services shall not establish, conduct, or maintain a substance abuse service unless it is licensed under this article.

(2)  The administrator shall establish a licensing unit in the office to administer the licensing functions of this article.

(3)  This section shall not apply to private, nonprofit organizations exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code which have been in existence for more than 13 years prior to the enactment of this code and whose major purpose is to provide residential services for the redirection and improvement of drug abusers and other character disordered individuals.


**Compiler's note:** For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

**Popular name:** Act 368
333.6235 Application for license; form; authorization to obtain information; evidence of notice to churches, schools, and incorporated nonprofit civic organizations.

Sec. 6235. (1) An application for a license shall be in a form prescribed by the office and shall authorize the administrator or his or her representative to obtain from any source information as to the ability of the applicant to comply with this article and rules promulgated under this article.

(2) An applicant for an initial license shall include evidence of notice to churches, schools, and incorporated nonprofit civic organizations in the applicant's service delivery area of its intent to provide substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services or prevention services.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6236 License; comments by local advisory council on substance abuse; basis of issuing or denying license; explanation of decision contrary to recommendations.

Sec. 6236. The local advisory council on substance abuse shall provide an opportunity for individuals in the applicant's service delivery area to comment before the issuance of a license to the applicant. The comments shall be included in the coordinating agency's comments to the office. However, the administrator shall make the decision to issue or deny a license based on the applicant's ability to comply with the requirements of this article and rules promulgated under this article. If the administrative decision on licensing is contrary to the local coordinating agency's recommendations, the administrator shall describe those reasons in writing to the local coordinating agency at the time the decision is rendered.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6237 License; issuance; compliance; display.

Sec. 6237. The office shall issue a license upon determining that the applicant has complied with this article and rules promulgated under this article. A licensee shall prominently display the license while it is in effect.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6238 Duration of standard or provisional license; renewal of provisional license; duration and purpose of temporary, nonrenewable permit.

Sec. 6238. A standard license is effective for 1 year after the date of issuance. A provisional license may be issued to an applicant temporarily unable to comply with the rules promulgated under this article and may be renewed or extended for not more than 1 year. A temporary, nonrenewable permit may be issued for not more than 90 days if additional time is needed to properly investigate or to undertake remedial action.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6241 Inspections.

Sec. 6241. The administrator, his or her agent, or the personnel of another department or agency acting at the request of the administrator may enter the premises of an applicant for a license or a licensee at any reasonable time to make an inspection to determine whether the applicant or licensee is complying with this article and rules promulgated under this article. A local health department may visit a facility at the request of the administrator to advise as to matters affecting health and the sanitation of the buildings used or other matters designated by the administrator. The inspections shall be conducted in accordance with standards established in rules.
333.6243 Denying, suspending, revoking, or refusing to renew license; grounds; hearing; appeal.

Sec. 6243. With the assistance of the department, the administrator may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a license of an applicant or licensee who is in violation of this article or rules promulgated under this article after opportunity for a hearing. A hearing and an appeal in a contested case shall be conducted by the director or the director’s authorized representative pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.6251 Injunction or other process.

Sec. 6251. Notwithstanding the existence of any other remedy, the office may maintain an action in the name of this state for an injunction or other process against a person to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management, or operation of a substance abuse service program without a license or where operation of the licensee’s service is likely to result in serious harm to recipients of the service.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the Office of Substance Abuse Services as an autonomous entity within the Department of Public Health to the Department of Public Health, see E.R.O. No. 1991-3, as amended, compiled at § 333.26321 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

PART 65
INCAPACITATED PERSONS

333.6501 Protective custody; transportation to approved service program or emergency medical service; exception; lawful force; protective steps; individual not under arrest; entry or other record; transfer facility; emergency service unit or staff; transportation by officer; custody; emergency treatment of individual arrested; criminal prosecution and administration of tests.

Sec. 6501. (1) An individual who appears to be incapacitated in a public place shall be taken into protective custody by a law enforcement officer and taken to an approved service program, or to an emergency medical service, or to a transfer facility pursuant to subsection (4) for subsequent transportation to an approved service program or emergency medical service. When requested by a law enforcement officer, an emergency service unit or staff shall provide transportation for the individual to an approved service program or an emergency medical service. This subsection shall not apply to an individual who the law enforcement officer reasonably believes will attempt escape or will be unreasonably difficult for staff to control.

(2) A law enforcement officer may take an individual into protective custody with that kind and degree of force which would be lawful were the officer effecting an arrest for a misdemeanor without a warrant. In taking the individual, a law enforcement officer may take reasonable steps to protect himself or herself. The protective steps may include a “pat down” search of the individual in his or her immediate surroundings, but only to the extent necessary to discover and seize any dangerous weapon which may on that occasion be used against the officer or other individuals present. These protective steps shall be taken by the law enforcement officer before an emergency service unit or staff provides transportation of an individual to an approved service program or emergency medical service.

(3) The taking of an individual to an approved service program, emergency medical service, or transfer facility under subsection (1) is not an arrest, but is a taking into protective custody with or without consent of the individual. The law enforcement officer shall inform the individual that he or she is being held in protective custody and is not under arrest. An entry or other record shall not be made to indicate that the individual was arrested or charged with either a crime or being incapacitated. An entry shall be made indicating the date, time, and place of the taking, but the entry shall not be treated for any purpose as an arrest or criminal record.
An individual taken into protective custody under subsection (1) may be taken to a transfer facility for not more than 8 hours, if there is neither an approved service program nor an emergency medical service in that county and if, due to distance or other circumstances, a law enforcement officer is unable to complete transport of the individual to an approved service program or emergency medical service. The law enforcement officer or agency shall immediately notify and request the nearest approved service program or emergency medical service to provide an emergency service unit or staff as soon as possible to transport the individual to that approved service program or emergency medical service. If neither an emergency service unit nor staff is available for transportation, a law enforcement officer may transport the individual to an approved service program or emergency medical service. If an emergency service unit or staff is to provide transportation, the designated representative of the transfer facility shall assume custody of the individual and shall take all reasonable steps to ensure the individual's health and safety until custody is transferred to the emergency service unit or staff of an approved service program or emergency medical service.

(5) An individual arrested by a law enforcement officer for the commission of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 3 months, or by a fine of not more than $500.00, or both, may be taken to an approved service program or an emergency medical service for emergency treatment if the individual appears to be incapacitated at the time of apprehension. This treatment is not in lieu of criminal prosecution of the individual for the offense with which the individual is charged, nor shall it preclude the administration of any tests as provided for by law.

Popular name: Act 368

### 333.6502 Examination and testing of individual in protective custody; informing individual of right to test; treatment; transportation.

Sec. 6502. (1) An individual who is taken to an approved service program or emergency medical service pursuant to section 6501(1) shall continue to be in protective custody and shall be examined by a licensed physician or his or her designated representative as soon as possible, but not longer than 8 hours. The licensed physician or designated representative may conduct a chemical test to determine the amount of alcohol in the bloodstream of the individual. The physician or designated representative shall inform the individual of his or her right to such a test and shall conduct a test at the request of the individual.

(2) An individual who, by medical examination, is found to be incapacitated shall then receive treatment from an approved service program or emergency medical service. An individual shall not be denied treatment solely because the individual has withdrawn from treatment against medical advice on a prior occasion or because the individual has relapsed after earlier treatment. An approved service program or the emergency medical service may arrange for necessary transportation.

(3) Approved service programs shall not be expected to provide treatment other than that for which they are licensed, nor shall an emergency medical service be required to provide treatment other than that routinely provided for other patients treated.

Popular name: Act 368

### 333.6503 Continuation of protective custody; detention; consent to remain in program; discharge.

Sec. 6503. (1) An individual who is taken to an approved service program or emergency medical service pursuant to section 6501(1) shall continue to be in protective custody. The individual shall not be detained once the individual is medically examined and found not to be incapacitated. An individual found by medical examination to be incapacitated shall be detained until the individual is no longer incapacitated or for not more than 72 hours after the individual is taken to the approved service program or emergency medical service. An individual may consent to remain in the program for as long as the physician in charge believes appropriate.

(2) An individual who is taken to an approved service program or emergency medical service pursuant to section 6501(5), shall be discharged to a law enforcement officer after the individual is no longer incapacitated. An individual who remains incapacitated at the expiration of 72 hours after the individual has been taken to the approved service program or emergency medical service shall be discharged to a law enforcement officer unless both of the following occur:

(a) The individual agrees to remain in the program longer than 72 hours.

(b) The physician in charge of the program believes it appropriate that the individual remain in the program.
333.6504 Release of individual; arrangement for transportation.

Sec. 6504. (1) An individual who is brought to an approved service program or emergency medical service pursuant to section 6501(1) and is found by medical examination not to be incapacitated shall be immediately released and transportation may be arranged by the approved service program or emergency medical service.

(2) An individual who is brought to an approved service program or emergency medical service pursuant to section 6501(5) and is found by medical examination not to be incapacitated shall be released to a law enforcement officer representing the agency which made the arrest.

333.6505 Notice to family, next of kin, or other person.

Sec. 6505. If an individual held in protective custody is admitted to an approved service program or emergency medical service, the individual’s family, next of kin, or someone whom the individual designates shall be notified as promptly as possible.

333.6506 Voluntary admission; examination; chemical test; admission or referral; transportation; right to leave or remain; notice to family, next of kin, or other person.

Sec. 6506. (1) An individual may voluntarily seek admission at an approved service program or emergency medical service.

(2) The individual shall be examined by a licensed physician or his or her designated representative. The licensed physician at the request of the individual may order a chemical test to determine the amount of alcohol in the bloodstream of the individual.

(3) An individual who by medical examination is found to be incapacitated shall then be admitted or referred for treatment. Transportation may be provided to an individual admitted or referred for treatment through the approved service program or the emergency medical service.

(4) The voluntarily admitted individual may leave at any time or may consent to remain as long as the physician believes appropriate.

(5) If a voluntarily admitted individual is admitted to an approved service program or emergency medical service, the family, next of kin, or someone whom the individual designates, shall be notified as promptly as possible. If an adult requests that there be no notification, the request shall be respected.

333.6508 Liability; gross negligence or wilful and wanton misconduct.

Sec. 6508. (1) A law enforcement officer, a member of the emergency service unit, or staff member of an approved service program or an emergency medical service who acts in compliance with this part is acting in the course of his or her official duty and is not criminally or civilly liable therefor.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a law enforcement officer, member of the emergency service unit, or staff member of an approved service program or an emergency medical service who, while acting in compliance with this part, engages in behavior involving gross negligence or wilful and wanton misconduct.

(3) Approved service programs, staff of approved service programs, emergency medical services, staff of emergency medical services, law enforcement officers, and emergency service units shall not be criminally or civilly liable for the subsequent actions of the apparently incapacitated individual who leaves the approved service program or emergency medical service.

333.6510 Possessions to be inventoried and held in secure place; return of possessions; contraband.
Sec. 6510. An individual taken, or seeking voluntary admission under section 6506, to emergency medical service, or transfer facility shall have his or her possessions inventoried and held in a secure place. These possessions shall be returned to the individual when the individual is released. Contraband discovered in the inventory shall not be returned to the individual.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6513 Payment for treatment or transportation; liability.

Sec. 6513. (1) If treatment or transportation, or both, is provided by an approved service program, emergency service unit, or emergency medical service, and the individual has not paid the charge therefor, the approved service program, emergency service unit, or emergency medical service is entitled to any payment received by the individual or to which the individual may be entitled because of the services rendered, or entitled to any payment from any public or private source available to the approved service program, emergency service unit, or emergency medical service because of the treatment or transportation, or both, provided to the individual.

(2) If an individual receives treatment or transportation, or both, from an approved service program, emergency service unit, or emergency medical service, the estate of the individual or an individual obligated to provide for the cost of treatment, or transportation, or both, is liable to the approved service program, emergency service unit, or emergency medical service for the cost of the treatment or transportation, or both, of that individual.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6521 Records confidential; disclosure.

Sec. 6521. Records of the diagnostic evaluation, psychiatric, psychological, social service care, and referral of an individual which are maintained in connection with the performance of an approved service program or emergency medical service authorized or provided under this part are confidential and may only be disclosed in either of the following circumstances:

(a) For the purposes and under the circumstances expressly authorized under section 6112 or 6113. 
(b) At the specific written request of a parole or probation officer seeking the information with regard to a parolee or probationer in the officer's charge who agrees to release this information.


Popular name: Act 368

333.6523 Local law, ordinance, resolution, or rule; interpretation or application of law by local unit of government; exceptions.

Sec. 6523. (1) After January 15, 1978, a city, county, township, or village may not adopt or enforce a local law, ordinance, resolution, rule, or portion thereof having the force of law that imposes a civil or criminal penalty for public intoxication, being a common drunkard, or being incapacitated, except as provided in subsection (3) or (4).

(2) A local unit of government may not interpret or apply any law of general application to circumvent subsection (1).

(3) This part does not affect a law, ordinance, resolution, or rule against drunken driving, driving under the influence of alcohol, or other similar offense involving the operation of a vehicle, snowmobile, aircraft, vessel, machinery, or other equipment, or motorized conveyance, or regarding the sale, purchase, dispensing, possession, transportation, consumption, or use of alcoholic beverages at stated times and places, or by a particular class of individuals.

(4) This act shall not prohibit a local unit of government from adopting an ordinance consistent with section 167 of Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931, as amended, being section 750.167 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Popular name: Act 368
333.7101 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.
   Sec. 7101. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 7341, for purposes of this article, the words and phrases defined in sections 7103 to 7109 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
   (2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.
   Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
   Popular name: Act 368

333.7103 Definitions; A.
   Sec. 7103. (1) “Administer” means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by a practitioner, or in the practitioner's presence by his or her authorized agent, or the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner.
   (2) “Administrator” means the Michigan board of pharmacy or its designated or established authority.
   (3) “Agent” means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor, dispenser, or prescriber. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman, or employee of the carrier or warehouseman.
   Popular name: Act 368

333.7104 Definitions; B to E.
   Sec. 7104. (1) “Bureau” means the drug enforcement administration, United States department of justice, or its successor agency.
   (2) “Controlled substance” means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor included in schedules 1 to 5 of part 72.
   (3) “Controlled substance analogue” means a substance the chemical structure of which is substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in schedule 1 or 2 and that has a narcotic, stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to or greater than the narcotic, stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in schedule 1 or 2 or, with respect to a particular individual, that the individual represents or intends to have a narcotic, stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to or greater than the narcotic, stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in schedule 1 or 2. Controlled substance analogue does not include 1 or more of the following:
      (a) A controlled substance.
      (b) A substance for which there is an approved new drug application.
      (c) A substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under section 505 of the federal food, drug and cosmetic act, chapter 675, 52 Stat. 1052, 21 U.S.C. 355, to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is pursuant to the exemption.
      (d) Any substance to the extent not intended for human consumption before an exemption takes effect with respect to the substance.
      (4) “Counterfeit prescription form” means a printed form that is the same or similar to a prescription form and that was manufactured, printed, duplicated, forged, electronically transmitted, or altered without the knowledge or permission of a prescriber.
      (5) “Counterfeit substance” means a controlled substance that, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade name or other identifying mark, imprint, number, or device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed, or dispensed the substance.
      (6) “Deleterious drug” means a drug, other than a proprietary medicine, likely to be destructive to adult human life in quantities of 3.88 grams or less.
      (7) “Electronic signature” means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign the record.
“Marihuana” means all parts of the plant Canabis sativa L., growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant or its seeds or resin. It does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.

(3) “Marihuana” means all parts of the plant Canabis sativa L., growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant or its seeds or resin. It does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.

Sec. 7105. (1) “Deliver” or “delivery” means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer from 1 person to another of a controlled substance, whether or not there is an agency relationship.

(2) “Disciplinary subcommittee” means the disciplinary subcommittee for the board of pharmacy appointed under section 16216.

(3) “Dispense” means to deliver or issue a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the prescribing, administering, or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for the delivery or issuance.

(4) “Dispenser” means a practitioner who dispenses.

(5) “Distribute” means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.

(6) “Distributor” means a person who distributes.

(7) “Drug” means a substance recognized as a drug in the official United States pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official national formulary, or any supplement to any of them; a substance intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or animals; a substance other than food intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of human beings or animals; or, a substance intended for use as a component of any article specified in this subsection. It does not include a device or its components, parts, or accessories.

(8) “Human consumption” means application, injection, inhalation, or ingestion by a human being.
333.7107 Definitions; N.

Sec. 7107. “Narcotic drug” means 1 or more of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(a) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate.

(b) Any salt, compound, isomer, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in subdivision (a), but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.


Compiler’s note: Enacting section 1 of Act 233 of 2001 provides:

“Enacting section 1. Sections 7104, 7107, and 7109 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7104, 333.7107, and 333.7109, as amended by this amendatory act, take effect upon the promulgation of the rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and receipt by the secretary of state of written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, is operational. The notice to the secretary of state shall include a statement that the department of consumer and industry services is able to receive data from at least 80% of those required to report under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and is able to respond to requests for data from persons authorized to make such requests and to review and utilize the data.”

The rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, pertaining to the operation of the electronic monitoring system, were promulgated on December 30, 2002. In addition, a written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code is operational was filed with, and received by, the secretary of state on January 6, 2003.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7108 Definitions; O.

Sec. 7108. (1) “Opiate” means a substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under section 7212, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methyl-morphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.

(2) “Opium poppy” means the plant of the species Papaver somniferum L., except its seeds.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7109 Definitions; P to U.

Sec. 7109. (1) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.

(2) “Poppy straw” means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium poppy, after mowing.

(3) “Practitioner” means:

(a) A prescriber or pharmacist, a scientific investigator as defined by rule of the administrator, or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state, including an individual in charge of a dog pound or animal shelter licensed or registered by the department of agriculture pursuant to 1969 PA 287, MCL 287.331 to 287.340, or a class B dealer licensed by the United States department of agriculture pursuant to the animal welfare act, Public Law 89-544, 7 U.S.C. 2131 to 2147, 2149, and 2151 to 2159 and the department of agriculture pursuant to 1969 PA 224, MCL 287.381 to 287.395, for the limited purpose of buying, possessing, and administering a commercially prepared, premixed solution of sodium pentobarbital to practice euthanasia on animals.

(b) A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution or place of professional practice licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, prescribe, dispense, conduct research with respect to, or administer a controlled substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state.

(4) “Prescriber” means that term as defined in section 17708.

(5) “Prescription form” means a printed form, that is authorized and intended for use by a prescribing practitioner to prescribe controlled substances or other prescription drugs and that meets the requirements of rules promulgated by the administrator, and all of the following requirements:

(a) Bears the preprinted, stamped, typed, or manually printed name, address, and telephone number or pager...
number of the prescribing practitioner.

(b) Includes the manually printed name of the patient, the address of the patient, the prescribing practitioner's signature, and the prescribing practitioner's drug enforcement administration registration number.

(c) The quantity of the prescription drug prescribed, in both written and numerical terms.

(d) Includes the date the prescription drug was prescribed.

(e) Any rules promulgated by the department pursuant to section 7333a(7).

(6) “Production” means the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing, or harvesting of a controlled substance.

(7) “Sign” means to affix one’s signature manually to a document or to use an electronic signature.

(8) “Ultimate user” means an individual who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for personal use or for the use of a member of the individual's household, or for administering to an animal owned by the individual or by a member of the individual's household.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Enacting section 1 of Act 233 of 2001 provides:

Enacting section 1. Sections 7104, 7107, and 7109 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7104, 333.7107, and 333.7109, as amended by this amendatory act, take effect upon the promulgation of the rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and receipt by the secretary of state of written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, is operational. The notice to the secretary of state shall include a statement that the department of consumer and industry services is able to receive data from at least 80% of those required to report under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and is able to respond to requests for data from persons authorized to make such requests and to review and utilize the data.”

The rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, pertaining to the operation of the electronic monitoring system, were promulgated on December 30, 2002. In addition, a written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code is operational was filed with, and received by, the secretary of state on January 6, 2003.

Popular name: Act 368


333.7111 Controlled substances advisory commission; appointment and qualifications of members; ex officio members; secretary; appointment and qualifications of drug control administrator.

Sec. 7111. (1) The controlled substances advisory commission in the department of commerce shall consist of the following 13 voting members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate:

(a) One health care professional from each of the following boards created in article 15:

(i) The Michigan board of medicine.

(ii) The Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery.

(iii) The Michigan board of pharmacy.

(iv) The Michigan board of podiatric medicine and surgery.

(v) The Michigan board of dentistry.

(vi) The Michigan board of veterinary medicine.


(b) One licensed health care professional from the field of psychiatry.

(c) One licensed health care professional from the field of pharmacology.

(d) Three public members, 1 of whom shall serve as chairperson.

(e) One member representing pharmaceutical manufacturers.

(2) The director of the department of state police, director of commerce, director of public health, director of social services, superintendent of public instruction, and the attorney general, or their official designees, and the drug control administrator from within the department of commerce, who shall serve as secretary to the controlled substances advisory commission, are ex officio members without votes, but are not members for determining a quorum. The department of commerce, in consultation with the Michigan board of pharmacy, shall appoint an individual who is a licensed pharmacist to serve as the drug control administrator for purposes of this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7112 Controlled substances advisory commission; compensation and expenses; terms; vacancy; meetings; report; recommendations.
Sec. 7112. (1) Members of the controlled substances advisory commission shall receive per diem compensation as established annually by the legislature and shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred pursuant to section 1216. (2) The members of the controlled substances advisory commission shall serve for terms of 2 years. An individual shall not serve more than 2 terms and a partial term, consecutive or otherwise. A vacancy shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. (3) The controlled substances advisory commission shall meet at least once each 3 months and shall report on its activities and make recommendations as described in section 7113 to the administrator, the governor, and the legislature at least annually. 


Popular name: Act 368

333.7113 Controlled substances advisory commission; monitoring; investigations; plan of action; annual report; establishment and use of standardized data base format; transmission of information.

Sec. 7113. (1) The controlled substances advisory commission shall monitor indicators of controlled substance abuse and diversion. If that data shows that Michigan exceeds the average national per capita consumption of a controlled substance, the controlled substances advisory commission shall investigate and determine if there is a legitimate reason for the excess consumption. If the controlled substances advisory commission determines there is not a legitimate reason for the excess consumption, the controlled substances advisory commission shall recommend to the administrator a plan of action to overcome the problem. The controlled substances advisory commission may also recommend action to the administrator if other indicators show that a special problem is developing with any controlled substance available by prescription.

(2) The controlled substances advisory commission shall publicly issue an annual report to the administrator, the governor, and the legislature on the current status of the abuse and diversion of controlled substances in this state. The report shall also identify existing efforts to overcome the abuse and diversion of controlled substances in this state and make recommendations for needed legislative, administrative, and interagency activities.

(3) The controlled substances advisory commission may include in the report required by subsection (2) recommendations for action that involve licensing, law enforcement, substance abuse treatment and prevention, education, professional associations, pharmaceutical manufacturers, and other relevant individuals and agencies.

(4) By December 31, 1993, the department of commerce, in consultation with the Michigan pharmacists association, shall establish a standardized data base format consistent with the standards of the national council for prescription drug programs that may be used by dispensing pharmacies or a practitioner described in section 7334(2) to transmit the prescription-related information required under section 7334 to the department of commerce electronically or on storage media including, but not limited to, disks, tapes, and cassettes. The controlled substances advisory commission shall approve or revise the standardized data base format within 3 months after the department of commerce establishes the format. Upon commission approval or revision, the department of commerce shall implement transmission of information under the format and prescription-related information required under section 7334 may be transmitted to the department of commerce electronically or on storage media. 


Popular name: Act 368

333.7121 Application and construction of article.

Sec. 7121. (1) This article applies to violations of law, seizures and forfeitures, injunctive proceedings, administrative proceedings, and investigations which occur after its effective date. (2) This article shall be applied and construed to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law with respect to the subject of this article among those states which enact laws similar to it.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7123 Effect of article on rights and duties, penalties, proceedings, prosecutions, sentencing, civil seizures or forfeitures, injunctive proceedings, and administrative proceedings.

Sec. 7123. (1) Rights and duties which have matured, penalties which have been incurred, proceedings which have been commenced and prosecutions for violations of law occurring before the effective date of this article are not affected or abated by this article. If, before April 1, 1972, an individual committed an offense similar to an offense set forth in part 74 but has not been sentenced as of the effective date of this article, the sentencing judge
shall not impose a sentence in excess of the penalty prescribed in part 74 for the similar offense.

(2) Civil seizures or forfeitures and injunctive proceedings commenced before the effective date of this article are not affected by this article.

(3) Administrative proceedings pending under Act No. 196 of the Public Acts of 1971, as amended, being sections 335.301 to 335.367 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, shall be continued and brought to a final determination in accordance with the laws and rules in effect before the effective date of this article.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7125 Continuation of order or rule.
Sec. 7125. An order or rule promulgated under a law affected by this article and in effect on the effective date of this article and not in conflict with this article shall continue in effect until modified, superseded, or rescinded.

Popular name: Act 368

PART 72
STANDARDS AND SCHEDULES

333.7201 Administration of article; adding, deleting, or rescheduling substances.
Sec. 7201. The administrator shall administer this article and may add substances to, or delete or reschedule all substances enumerated in the schedules in sections 7212, 7214, 7216, 7218, and 7220 pursuant to the procedures of the administrative procedures act of 1969.

Constitutionality: The Legislature’s delegation to the Board of Pharmacy of the authority to schedule controlled substances in accordance with detailed criteria is not an unlawful delegation of power. People v. Turmon, 417 Mich. 638, 340 N.W.2d 620 (1983).
Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
Popular name: Act 368

333.7202 Considerations in making determination regarding substance.
Sec. 7202. In making a determination regarding a substance, the administrator shall consider all of the following:
(a) The actual or relative potential for abuse.
(b) The scientific evidence of its pharmacological effect, if known.
(c) The state of current scientific knowledge regarding the substance.
(d) The history and current pattern of abuse.
(e) The scope, duration, and significance of abuse.
(f) The risk to the public health.
(g) The potential of the substance to produce psychic or physiological dependence liability.
(h) Whether the substance is an immediate precursor of a substance already controlled under this article.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7203 Findings; rule controlling substance; substance as precursor of controlled precursor.
Sec. 7203. (1) After considering the factors enumerated in section 7202, the administrator shall make findings with respect thereto and promulgate a rule controlling the substance if the administrator finds the substance has a potential for abuse.

(2) If the administrator designates a substance as an immediate precursor, a substance which is a precursor of the controlled precursor is not subject to control solely because it is a precursor of the controlled precursor.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7204 Substance designated, rescheduled, or deleted as controlled substance under federal law; notice; board meeting; similar control of substance by administrator; publication of reasons for determination.
Sec. 7204. If a substance is designated, rescheduled, or deleted as a controlled substance under federal law and notice of that designation, rescheduling, or deletion is given to the administrator, the administrator shall hold a board meeting within the expiration of 91 days after notice is received to determine whether the substance should be similarly controlled pursuant to section 7201. If the administrator decides not to similarly control the substance, the administrator shall, within 91 days after that decision is made, publish the reasons for that determination.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7206 Scientific advisory commission; creation; purpose; appointment and terms of members; recommendations.

Sec. 7206. (1) A 7-member scientific advisory commission is created to serve as a consultative and advisory body to the administrator in all matters relating to the classification, reclassification, addition to, or deletion from, all substances presently classified as controlled substances in schedules 1 to 5, or substances not presently controlled or yet to come into being. The scientific advisory commission shall be composed of 2 physicians to be appointed by the director of public health; 2 pharmacists to be appointed by the director of commerce; the chief of the crime detection laboratory of the department of public health; the director of mental health or his or her designee; and the director of the department of state police or his or her designee. The physician and pharmacist appointments shall be for 2-year terms.

(2) The administrator shall receive the recommendations of the scientific advisory commission pursuant to administration over the controlled substances for inclusion in or exclusion from schedules 1 to 5, especially in the implementation of scheduled substances changes as provided in section 7201, except that the administrator is not bound by recommendations of the scientific advisory commission.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7208 Authority to control; exclusions.

Sec. 7208. (1) Authority to control under this article does not extend to distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages, or tobacco.

(2) Except as provided in section 7220(1)(c), the administrator shall exclude a nonnarcotic substance from a schedule if the substance, under the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act of 1938, 21 U.S.C. 301 to 392, and the laws of this state, may be lawfully sold over the counter without a prescription.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7210 Inclusion of controlled substances by whatever name designated.

Sec. 7210. The controlled substances listed or to be listed in the schedules in sections 7212, 7214, 7216, 7218, and 7220 are included by whatever official, common, usual, chemical, or trade name designated.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7211 Schedule 1; placement of substance.

Sec. 7211. The administrator shall place a substance in schedule 1 if it finds that the substance has high potential for abuse and has no accepted medical use in treatment in the United States or lacks accepted safety for use in treatment under medical supervision.


Constitutionality: The Legislature's delegation to the Board of Pharmacy of the authority to schedule controlled substances in accordance with detailed criteria is not an unlawful delegation of power. People v. Turmon, 417 Mich. 638, 340 N.W.2d 620 (1983).

Popular name: Act 368

333.7212 Schedule 1; controlled substances included.

Sec. 7212. (1) The following controlled substances are included in schedule 1:

(a) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, the ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless specifically excepted, when the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
(b) Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, when the existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acetorphine</th>
<th>Drotebanol</th>
<th>Morphine-N-Oxide</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetyldihydrocodeine</td>
<td>Etorphine</td>
<td>Myrophine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzylmorphine</td>
<td>Heroin</td>
<td>Nicocodeine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Codeine methylbromide</td>
<td>Hydromorphinol</td>
<td>Nicomorphine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Codeine-N-Oxide</td>
<td>Methyldesorphine</td>
<td>Normorphine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyprenorphine</td>
<td>Methylidihydromorphine</td>
<td>Pholcodine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desomorphine</td>
<td>Morphine methylbromide</td>
<td>Thebacon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dihydromorphine</td>
<td>Morphine methylsulfonate</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

(c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, when the existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

2-Methylamino-1-phenylpropan-1-one

Some trade and other names:

Methcathinone

Cat
Ephedrone

3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine
    5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy

amphetamine

3, 4, 5-trimethoxy amphetamine
    Bufotenine

    Some trade and other names:
    3-(B-dimethylaminoethyl)-5 hydroxyindole
    3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5 indolol
    N,N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N-dimethyltryptamine

Mappine

2, 5-Dimethoxyamphetamine
    Some trade or other names:

2, 5-Dimethoxy-a-methylphenethyamine; 2,5-DMA

4-Bromo-2, 5-Dimethoxyamphetamine
    Some trade or other names:
    4-bromo-2, 5 dimethoxy-a-methylphenethyamine; 4-bromo

2,5-DMA

Diethyltryptamine
    Some trade and other names:

N,N-Diethyltryptamine; DET
Dimethyltryptamine

Some trade or other names:

DMT

4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine

Some trade and other names:

4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxy-a-methyl-phenethylamine

DOM, STP

4-methoxyamphetamine

Some trade or other names:

4-methoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; paramethoxy amphetamine;

PMA

Ibogaine

Some trade and other names:

7-Ethyl-6,6a,7,8,9,10,12,13

Octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-

pyrido (1, 2:1, 2 azepino 4, 5-b) indole

tabernanthe iboga

Lysergic acid diethylamide

Marihuana, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2)

Mecloqualone
Mescaline

Peyote

N-ethyl-3 piperidyl benzilate

N-methyl-3 piperidyl benzilate

Psilocybin

Psilocyn

Thiophene analog of phencyclidine

Some trade or other names:

1-(1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl) piperidine)

2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TPCP

(d) Except as provided in subsection (2), synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant, or in the resinous extractives of cannabis and synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure or pharmacological activity, or both, such as the following, are included in schedule 1:

(i) \(\Delta^1\) cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers.
(ii) \(\Delta^6\) cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers.
(iii) \(\Delta^4\) cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers.

(e) Compounds of structures of substances referred to in subdivision (d), regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions, are included.

(f) Gamma-hydroxybutyrate and any isomer, salt, or salt of isomer of gamma-hydroxybutyrate.

Some trade and other names:

Sodium oxybate

4-hydroxybutanoic acid monosodium salt

(g) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine.

Some trade and other names:

Ecstasy

MDMA

(2) Marihuana and the substances described in subsection (1) (d) and (e) in schedule 1 shall be regulated as provided in schedule 2, if they are dispensed in the manner provided in sections 7335 and 7336.

(3) For purposes of subsection (1), “isomer” includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7213 Schedule 2; placement of substance.

Sec. 7213. The administrator shall place a substance in schedule 2 if it finds all of the following:

(a) The substance has high potential for abuse.
(b) The substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States, or currently accepted
medical use with severe restrictions.

(c) The abuse of the substance may lead to severe psychic or physical dependence.


Popular name: Act 368

*****333.7214 SUBDIVISION (e) IS NOT APPLICABLE AFTER NOVEMBER 1, 1987: See (7) of 333.7336
*****

333.7214  Schedule 2; controlled substances included.

Sec. 7214.  The following controlled substances are included in schedule 2:

(a) Any of the following substances, except those narcotic drugs listed in other schedules, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(i) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium or opiate excluding nalaxone and its salts, and excluding naltrexone and its salts, but including the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Raw opium</th>
<th>Etorphine hydrochloride</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Opium extracts</td>
<td>Hydrocodone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opium Fluid-extracts</td>
<td>Hydromorphone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Powdered opium</td>
<td>Metopon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Granulated opium</td>
<td>Morphine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tincture of opium</td>
<td>Oxycodone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Codeine</td>
<td>Oxymorphone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethylmorphine</td>
<td>Thebaine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(ii) A salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with a substance referred to in subdivision (a), except that these substances do not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium.

(iii) Opium poppy, poppy straw, and concentrate of poppy straw, the crude extract of poppy straw in either liquid, solid, or powder form, which contains the phenanthrene alkaloids of the opium poppy.

(iv) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of these substances, except that the substances do not include decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves which extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine. The substances include cocaine, its salts, stereoisomers, and salts of stereoisomers when the existence of the salts, stereoisomers, and salts of stereoisomers is possible within the specific chemical designation.

(b) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, when the existence of these isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

| Alphaprodine | Fentanyl |
| Anileridine | Isomethadone |
| Bezitramide | Levomethorphan |
| Dihydrocodeine | Levorphanol |
| Diphenoxylate | Metazocine |
Methadone
Methadone-Intermediate, 4-cyano-2dimethylamino-4, 4-diphenyl butane
Moramide-Intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1,
1-diphenylpropane-carboxylic acid

Pethidine
Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid

Phenazocine  Racemethorphan
Piminodine  Racemorphan

(c) Unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having potential for abuse associated with a stimulant effect on the nervous system:
(i) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its optical isomers.
(ii) Any substance which contains any quantity of methamphetamine, including its salts, stereoisomers, and salts of stereoisomers.
(iii) Phenmetrazine and its salts.
(iv) Methylphenidate and its salts.
(d) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers when the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation as listed in schedule 2, which contains any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with the depressant effect on the central nervous system: methaqualone, amobarbital, pentobarbital, or secobarbital; or, any compound, mixture, or preparation containing amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt thereof in combination with itself, with another, or with 1 or more other controlled substances.
(e) Marihuana, but only for use as provided in sections 7335 and 7336.


Popular name: Act 368
the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

Benzphetamine  Mediatric tabs
Chlorphentermine  Mediatric liquid
Clorgetmine  Phendimetrazine
Edrisal tabs  Special formula 711 tabs
Genegesic caps  Thora Dex No. 1 tab
Hovizyme tabs  Thora Dex No. 2 tab
Mazindol

(b) Unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, including optical, position, or geometric isomers, and salts of the isomers if the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

Chlorhexadol  Phencyclidine
Glutethimide  Sulfondiethylmethane
Lysergic acid  Sulfonethylmethane
Lysergic acid amide  Sulfonmethane
Methylprylon

(c) Nalorphine.
(d) Any substance that contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid, or any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid, except those substances that are specifically listed in other schedules.
(e) A compound, mixture, or preparation containing amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or a salt of amobarbital, secobarbital, or pentobarbital, and 1 or more other active medicinal ingredients that are not listed in a schedule.
(f) A suppository dosage form containing amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or a salt of amobarbital, secobarbital, or pentobarbital and approved by the food and drug administration for marketing only as a suppository.
(g) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs or their salts:
(i) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.
(ii) Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with 1 or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.
(iii) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.
(iv) Not more than 300 milligrams of dihydrocodeinone, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with 1 or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

(v) Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with 1 or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

(vi) Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with 1 or more ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

(vii) Not more than 500 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, or not more than 25 milligrams per dosage unit, with 1 or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

(viii) Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, with 1 or more active nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

(h) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of ketamine, a salt of ketamine, an isomer of ketamine, or a salt of an isomer of ketamine.

(2) The administrator may promulgate rules to except a compound, mixture, or preparation containing any stimulant or depressant substance listed in subsection (1)(a) and (b) from the application of all or any part of this article if the compound, mixture, or preparation contains 1 or more active medicinal ingredients not having a stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system and if the admixtures are in combinations, quantity, proportion, or concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of the substances having a stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7217 Schedule 4; placement of substance.

Sec. 7217. The administrator shall place a substance in schedule 4 if it finds all of the following:

(a) The substance has a low potential for abuse relative to substances in schedule 3.

(b) The substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States.

(c) Abuse of the substance may lead to limited physical dependence or psychological dependence relative to the substances in schedule 3.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7218 Schedule 4; controlled substances included.

Sec. 7218. (1) The following controlled substances are included in schedule 4:

(a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers if the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- Barbital
- Flurazepam
- Chlormelazine
- Lorazepam
- Chloral Hydrate
- Mebutamate
- Chlordiazepoxide
- Meprobamate
- Clonazepam
- Methohexital
- Clorazepate
- Methylphenobarbital
- Dextropropoxyphene
- Oxazepam
(b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with an effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, optical, positional, or geometric isomers, and salts of the isomers if the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible.

- Fenfluramine

(c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including their salts, optical, positional, or geometric isomers, and salts of the isomers if the existence of the salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation.

- Diethylpropion
- Phentermine
- Pemoline, including organometallic complexes and chelates of pemoline.

(2) The administrator may except by rule any compound, mixture or preparation containing any substance listed in subsection (1) from the application of all or any part of this article if the compound, mixture or preparation contains 1 or more active medicinal ingredients not having a depressant or stimulant effect on the central nervous system and if the admixtures are in combinations, quantity, proportion, or concentration that vitiate the potential for abuse of the substances having a depressant or stimulant effect on the central nervous system.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7219 Schedule 5; placement of substance.

Sec. 7219. The administrator shall place a substance in schedule 5 if it finds all of the following:
(a) The substance has low potential for abuse relative to the controlled substances listed in schedule 4.
(b) The substance has currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States.
(c) The substance has limited physical dependence or psychological dependence liability relative to the controlled substances listed in schedule 4 or the incidence of abuse is such that the substance should be dispensed by a practitioner.


Constitutionality: The Legislature's delegation to the Board of Pharmacy of the authority to schedule controlled substances in accordance with detailed criteria is not an unlawful delegation of power. People v. Turmon, 417 Mich. 638, 340 N.W.2d 620 (1983).

Popular name: Act 368

333.7220 Schedule 5; controlled substances included.

Sec. 7220. (1) The following controlled substances are included in schedule 5:
(a) The following drugs and other substances, by whatever official name, common or usual name, chemical name, or brand name designated:

- Loperamide

(b) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the following limited quantities of narcotic drugs or salts of narcotic drugs, which includes 1 or more nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:

(i) Not more than 200 milligrams of codeine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams and not more than 10 milligrams per dosage unit.
(ii) Not more than 100 milligrams of dihydrocodeine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams and not more than 5 milligrams per dosage unit.
(iii) Not more than 100 milligrams of ethylmorphine, or any of its salts, per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams and not more than 5 milligrams per dosage unit.

(iv) Not more than 2.5 milligrams of diphenoxylate and not less than 25 micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.

(v) Not more than 100 milligrams of opium per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams and not more than 5 milligrams per dosage unit.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, ephedrine, a salt of ephedrine, an optical isomer of ephedrine, a salt of an optical isomer of ephedrine, or a compound, mixture, or preparation containing ephedrine, a salt of ephedrine, an optical isomer of ephedrine, or a salt of an optical isomer of ephedrine. However, the following are not included in schedule 5:

(i) A product containing ephedrine, a salt of ephedrine, an optical isomer of ephedrine, or a salt of an optical isomer of ephedrine if the drug product may lawfully be sold over the counter without a prescription under federal law, is labeled and marketed in a manner consistent with the pertinent OTC tentative final or final monograph, is manufactured and distributed for legitimate medical use in a manner that reduces or eliminates the likelihood for abuse, and is not marketed, advertised, or labeled for an indication of stimulation, mental alertness, energy, weight loss, appetite control, or muscle enhancement and if the drug product is 1 of the following:

A) A solid dosage form, including but not limited to a soft gelatin caplet, that combines as active ingredients not less than 400 milligrams of guaifenesin and not more than 25 milligrams of ephedrine per dose, packaged in blister packs with not more than 2 tablets or caplets per blister.

B) An anorectal preparation containing not more than 5% ephedrine.

(ii) A food product or a dietary supplement containing ephedrine, if the food product or dietary supplement meets all of the following criteria:

A) It contains, per dosage unit or serving, not more than the lesser of 25 milligrams of ephedrine alkaloids or the maximum amount of ephedrine alkaloids provided in applicable regulations adopted by the United States food and drug administration and contains no other controlled substance.

B) It contains no hydrochloride or sulfate salts of ephedrine alkaloids.

C) It is packaged with a prominent label securely affixed to each package that states the amount in milligrams of ephedrine in a serving or dosage unit; the amount of the food product or dietary supplement that constitutes a serving or dosage unit; that the maximum recommended dosage of ephedrine for a healthy adult human is the lesser of 100 milligrams in a 24-hour period or the maximum recommended dosage or period of use provided in applicable regulations adopted by the United States food and drug administration; and that improper use of the product may be hazardous to a person's health.

(2) Inclusion of the substances described in subsection (1)(c) into schedule 5 does not preclude prosecution for a crime involving those schedule 5 substances under section 17766c.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7227 Substances excluded from schedules of controlled substances; excluded substance as deleterious drug; manufacturing, distributing, or dispensing excluded substance.

Sec. 7227. (1) A nonnarcotic substance that under the federal food, drug and cosmetic act may be lawfully dispensed without a prescription is excluded from all schedules pursuant to section 7208(2). A substance that contains 1 or more controlled substances in a proportion or concentration to vitiate the potential for abuse is excluded.

(2) Substances included in schedule 5 under section 7220(1)(c) are not excluded under subsection (1).

(3) An excluded substance is a deleterious drug and may be manufactured, distributed, or dispensed only by a person who is registered to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance under section 7208(2).


Popular name: Act 368

333.7229 Excepted compound, mixture, or preparation; compliance.

Sec. 7229. A compound, mixture, or preparation containing a depressant or stimulant substance or of similar quantitative composition shown in federal regulations as an excepted compound or which is the same except that it contains a lesser quantity of a controlled substance or other substances which do not have a stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic effect, and which is restricted by law to dispensing on prescription is excepted from sections 7212, 7214, 7216, 7218, and 7220. Compliance with federal law respecting an excepted compound is considered
333.7231 Notice of change in scheduling or rescheduling.
Sec. 7231. The administrator shall notify all registrants under this article, the secretary of the senate, the clerk of the house of representatives, the attorney general, and the director of the department of state police of any change in scheduling or rescheduling not later than 30 days before the change is effective.

333.7301 Rules.
Sec. 7301. The administrator may promulgate rules relating to the licensure and control of the manufacture, distribution, prescribing of controlled substances included in schedule 2, and dispensing of controlled substances in this state.

333.7301a Licensing activities subject to certain provisions.
Sec. 7301a. Licensing activities conducted under this part are subject to sections 16201, 16203, 16263, 16299, 16303, 16305, 16307, 16309, and 16313.  

333.7302 Labeling controlled substances; contents of label; altering, defacing, or removing label.
Sec. 7302. (1) Controlled substances manufactured or distributed in this state shall have affixed upon each package and container in which the substances are contained, a label showing in legible English the name and address of the principal manufacturer or the distributor, and the name, quantity, kind, and form of controlled substance contained in the package or container.

(2) A person, except a practitioner for the lawful purpose of dispensing controlled substances under this article, shall not alter, deface, or remove a label affixed as required in subsection (1).

333.7302a Identification of certain prescription drugs and manufacturer or distributor; descriptive material; national registry of prescription drugs; exemptions; rules; “prescription drug” defined; violation as misdemeanor; penalty.
Sec. 7302a. (1) A prescription drug that is in finished solid oral dosage form shall not be manufactured or distributed in this state after June 1, 1985 unless the drug is clearly and prominently marked or imprinted with an individual symbol, number, company name, words, letters, marking, national drug code, or a combination of any of the foregoing that identifies the prescription drug and the manufacturer or distributor of the drug.

(2) A person licensed by the administrator under this article to manufacture or distribute prescription drugs shall supply to the department of commerce descriptive material that will identify each current mark or imprint under subsection (1) used by the person who distributes or manufactures the prescription drug.

(3) It is the intent of the legislature that the descriptive material received by the department of commerce pursuant to subsection (2) shall be used in conjunction with similar information from other states by the United States Drug Enforcement Administration.
States department of health and human services, food and drug administration, or other national agency or organization, to compile a national registry of prescription drugs manufactured or distributed in the United States.  

(4) The department of commerce, upon the application of a person who distributes or manufactures a prescription drug, shall exempt a particular prescription drug from the requirements of this section if the department of commerce determines that marking or imprinting the prescription drug is not feasible because of the drug's size, texture, or other unique characteristic.

(5) This section does not apply to a prescription drug that is compounded by a pharmacist licensed under article 15.

(6) The department of commerce may promulgate rules pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969, for purposes of implementing and enforcing this section.

(7) As used in this section, “prescription drug” means a prescription drug as defined in section 17708(4).

(8) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or a fine of not more than $25,000.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7303 License required; renewal; scope of authority; compliance; persons exempted; waiving or imposing requirement for licensure; separate license for each principal place of business or professional practice; inspection; quarterly report.

Sec. 7303. (1) A person who manufactures, distributes, prescribes, or dispenses a controlled substance in this state or who proposes to engage in the manufacture, distribution, prescribing, or dispensing of a controlled substance in this state shall obtain a license issued by the administrator in accordance with the rules. A person who has been issued a controlled substances license by the administrator under this article and a license under article 15 shall renew the controlled substances license concurrently with the renewal of the license issued under article 15, and for an equal number of years.

(2) A person licensed by the administrator under this article to manufacture, distribute, prescribe, dispense, or conduct research with controlled substances may possess, manufacture, distribute, prescribe, dispense, or conduct research with those substances to the extent authorized by its license and in conformity with the other provisions of this article.

(3) The following persons need not be licensed and may lawfully possess controlled substances or prescription forms under this article:

(a) An agent or employee of a licensed manufacturer, distributor, prescriber, or dispenser of a controlled substance if acting in the usual course of the agent's or employee's business or employment.

(b) A common or contract carrier or warehouseman, or an employee thereof, whose possession of a controlled substance or prescription form is in the usual course of business or employment.

(c) An ultimate user or agent in possession of a controlled substance or prescription form pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner or in lawful possession of a schedule 5 substance.

(4) The administrator may waive or include by rule the requirement for licensure of certain manufacturers, distributors, prescribers, or dispensers, if it finds the waiver or inclusion is consistent with the public health and safety.

(5) A separate license is required at each principal place of business or professional practice where the applicant manufactures, distributes, prescribes, or dispenses controlled substances.

(6) As a requisite for licensure, the administrator may inspect the establishment of a licensee or applicant for licensure in accordance with the administrator's rule.

(7) A person licensed under this article to distribute controlled substances shall report to the administrator on a quarterly basis all schedule 2 controlled substances and those controlled substances designated by the administrator pursuant to this subsection which are sold to licensed practitioners and retail pharmacies. The report shall be in writing and shall include the name of each licensed practitioner and retail pharmacy to whom the controlled substance was distributed. A report under this subsection may be transmitted electronically, if the transmission is ultimately reduced to writing. The administrator shall designate by rule the controlled substances in schedules 3 to 5 to be reported under this subsection.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”
333.7303a Licensed prescriber; administering or dispensing controlled substance without separate license; use of other controlled substances; recording response; records required to be maintained; waiver of requirement under § 333.7303.

Sec. 7303a. (1) A prescriber who holds a controlled substances license may administer or dispense a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5 without a separate controlled substances license for those activities.

(2) Before prescribing or dispensing a controlled substance to a patient, a licensed prescriber shall ask the patient about other controlled substances the patient may be using. The prescriber shall record the patient's response in the patient's medical or clinical record.

(3) A licensed prescriber who dispenses controlled substances shall maintain all of the following records separately from other prescription records:
   (a) All invoices and other acquisition records for each controlled substance acquired by the prescriber for not less than 5 years after the date the prescriber acquires the controlled substance.
   (b) A log of all controlled substances dispensed by the prescriber for not less than 5 years after the date the controlled substance is dispensed.
   (c) Records of all other dispositions of controlled substances under the licensee's control for not less than 5 years after the date of the disposition.

(4) The requirement under section 7303 for a license is waived in the following circumstances:
   (a) When a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5 is administered on the order of a licensed prescriber by an individual who is licensed under article 15 as a practical nurse, a registered professional nurse, or a physician's assistant.
   (b) When methadone or a methadone congener is dispensed on the order of a licensed prescriber in a methadone treatment program licensed under article 6 or when a controlled substance listed in schedules 2 to 5 is dispensed on the order of a licensed prescriber in a hospice rendering emergency care services in a patient's home as described in section 17746 by a registered professional nurse or a physician's assistant licensed under article 15.


333.7304 Exemptions from licensure.

Sec. 7304. (1) The requirement of licensure is waived for the following persons in the circumstances described in this section:
   (a) An officer or employee of the drug enforcement administration while engaged in the course of official duties.
   (b) An officer of the United States customs service while engaged in the course of official duties.
   (c) An officer or employee of the United States food and drug administration while engaged in the course of official duties.
   (d) A federal officer who is lawfully engaged in the enforcement of a federal law relating to controlled substances, drugs, or customs and who is authorized to possess controlled substances in the course of that person's official duties.
   (e) An officer or employee of this state, or a political subdivision or agency of this state who is engaged in the enforcement of a state or local law relating to controlled substances and who is authorized to possess controlled substances in the course of that person's official duties.

(2) An official exempted from licensure by this section, when acting in the course of that person's official duties, may possess a controlled substance and may transfer a controlled substance to any other official who is exempted and who is acting in the course of that person's official duties.

(3) An official exempted by this section may procure a controlled substance in the course of an administrative inspection or investigation or in the course of a criminal investigation involving the person from whom the substance was procured.

(4) A law enforcement officer exempted by this section may distribute a controlled substance to another person in the course of that officer's official duties as a means to detect criminal activity or to conduct a criminal investigation.


Popular name: Act 368
333.7305  Permitting certain persons to apply for license; application upon expiration of existing license.

Sec. 7305. The administrator shall initially permit a person who owns, or operates an establishment engaged in the manufacture, distribution, prescription, or dispensing of a controlled substance before September 30, 1978 and who is licensed by this state to apply for a license pursuant to this article. However, a person who is licensed under existing state law with the administrator or department of commerce is not required to apply for a license pursuant to this article until the expiration of the person's existing license.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7306  License to be granted unless inconsistent with public interest; factors in determining public interest; scope of licensure; license to dispense, prescribe, or conduct research with controlled substances in schedules 2 to 5; registration under federal law to conduct research with schedule 1 substances; effect of compliance with federal law as to registration; limitation on licensure.

Sec. 7306. (1) The administrator shall grant a license to an applicant to manufacture or distribute controlled substances included in sections 7212 to 7220, unless the administrator determines that the issuance of that license would be inconsistent with the public interest. In determining the public interest, the administrator shall consider all of the following factors:

(a) Maintenance of effective controls against diversion of controlled substances to other than legitimate and professionally recognized therapeutic, scientific, or industrial channels.

(b) Compliance with applicable state and local law.

(c) A conviction of the applicant under a federal or state law relating to a controlled substance.

(d) Past experience in the manufacture or distribution of controlled substances, and the existence in the applicant's establishment of effective controls against diversion.

(e) Furnishing by the applicant of false or fraudulent material in an application filed under this article.

(f) Suspension or revocation of the applicant's federal registration to manufacture or distribute controlled substances as authorized by federal law.

(g) Any other factor relevant to and consistent with the public health and safety.

(2) Licensure under subsection (1) does not entitle a licensee to manufacture and distribute controlled substances in schedules 1 or 2 other than those specified in the license.

(3) A practitioner shall be licensed to dispense or prescribe any controlled substances or to conduct research with controlled substances in schedules 2 to 5 if the practitioner is authorized to dispense, prescribe, or conduct research under the laws of this state. The administrator need not require separate licensure under this article for a practitioner engaging in research with nonnarcotic controlled substances in schedules 2 to 5 if the licensee is licensed under this article in another capacity. A practitioner registered under federal law to conduct research with schedule 1 substances may conduct research with schedule 1 substances in this state upon furnishing the administrator evidence of that federal registration.

(4) Compliance by a manufacturer or distributor with the provisions of the federal law as to registration, excluding fees, entitles the manufacturer or distributor to be licensed under this article.

(5) Licensure under subsection (1) does not authorize a licensee to dispense, manufacture, distribute, or prescribe a controlled substance if the dispensing, manufacture, distribution, or prescribing is not for legitimate and professionally recognized therapeutic, scientific, or industrial purposes or is not in the scope of practice of a practitioner-licensee.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.7311  Actions by disciplinary subcommittee; grounds; limitation; conviction of felony; placing under seal or seizing controlled substances; disposition of controlled substances; judicial order for sale; deposit of proceeds; forfeiture of controlled substances; notice of orders and forfeitures; voiding license under § 333.7306; effect of conviction; applicability of subsection (7).

Sec. 7311. (1) A license under section 7306 to manufacture, distribute, prescribe, or dispense a controlled
PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

substance may be denied, suspended, or revoked or a licensee may be fined, reprimanded, ordered to perform community service or make restitution, or placed on probation by the disciplinary subcommittee upon a finding that an applicant for licensure or a licensee is subject to any of the following:

(a) The applicant or licensee has furnished false or fraudulent material information in an application filed under this article.

(b) The applicant’s or licensee’s federal registration to manufacture, distribute, or dispense controlled substances has been surrendered, suspended, or revoked.

(c) The applicant or licensee has promoted a controlled substance to the general public.

(d) The applicant or licensee is not a practitioner, manufacturer, or distributor.

(e) The applicant or licensee has not maintained effective controls against diversion of controlled substances to other than legitimate and professionally recognized therapeutic, scientific, or industrial uses.

(f) The applicant or licensee is not in compliance with applicable federal, state, and local laws.

(g) The applicant or licensee has manufactured, distributed, or dispensed a controlled substance for other than legitimate or professionally recognized therapeutic, scientific, or industrial purposes or outside the scope of practice of the practitioner-licensee or applicant.

(h) The applicant or licensee has violated or attempted to violate, directly or indirectly, assisted in or abetted the violation of, or conspired to violate this article or rules of the administrator promulgated under this article.

(2) The disciplinary subcommittee may limit a license under subsection (1) to a particular controlled substance.

(3) A license under section 7306 to manufacture, distribute, prescribe, or dispense a controlled substance shall be denied or revoked by the disciplinary subcommittee if the applicant or licensee has been convicted of a felony under a state or federal law relating to a controlled substance.

(4) If the disciplinary subcommittee suspends or revokes a license or if a license is void under subsection (6), all controlled substances owned or possessed by the licensee at the time of suspension or the effective date of the revocation order may be placed under seal or seized at the discretion of the disciplinary subcommittee. The department shall not dispose of controlled substances under seal or seizure until the time for taking an appeal has elapsed or until all appeals have been concluded, unless a court, upon application therefor, orders the sale of perishable controlled substances and the deposit of the proceeds of the sale with the court. Upon a revocation order becoming final or after a license becomes void under subsection (6) because the licensee's license to practice is revoked under article 15 and that revocation order becomes final, the disciplinary subcommittee may order all controlled substances under seal or seizure to be forfeited to this state.

(5) The disciplinary subcommittee shall promptly notify the bureau of all orders suspending or revoking a license and all forfeitures of controlled substances.

(6) A license under section 7306 to manufacture, distribute, prescribe, or dispense a controlled substance is automatically void if the licensee's license to practice is suspended or revoked under article 15.

(7) Subject to subsection (8), if the administrator or the disciplinary subcommittee finds that an applicant or licensee has been convicted of a misdemeanor or a felony under a state or federal law relating to a controlled substance, the applicant or licensee shall not have a direct financial interest in or be employed by a person who is licensed under this article to manufacture, distribute, prescribe, or dispense a controlled substance in a capacity in which the individual has direct access to controlled substances for a period of not less than 3 years after the date of conviction. An individual who violates this subsection is subject to a civil fine of not more than $25,000.00 in a proceeding in the circuit court.

(8) Subsection (7) applies only to a conviction for a misdemeanor that is directly related to the manufacture, delivery, possession, possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, use, distribution, prescription, or dispensing of a controlled substance. Subsection (7) does not apply to a conviction for a misdemeanor based upon an unintentional error or omission involving a clerical or record-keeping function.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: "This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986."

Popular name: Act 368

333.7314 Denial, suspension, revocation, or limitation of license; order to show cause; service of order; conduct of proceedings; effect of proceeding on existing license; suspension of license on finding of imminent danger; duration of suspension; applicability of subsection (1).
Sec. 7314. (1) Before the disciplinary subcommittee suspends or revokes or limits a license or denies an application or a renewal of a license, the disciplinary subcommittee shall serve on the applicant or licensee an order to show cause why the application or license should not be denied, limited, revoked, or suspended, or why the renewal should not be denied. The order to show cause shall contain a statement of the basis for the order and shall call upon the applicant or licensee to appear before the disciplinary subcommittee or a hearings examiner at a time and place not less than 30 days after the date of service of the order. A show cause order for a denial of renewal of a license shall be served not later than 30 days before expiration of the license. The proceedings described in this subsection shall be conducted without regard to any criminal prosecution or other proceeding. A proceeding to deny renewal of a license does not abate the existing license, which remains in effect pending the outcome of the administrative hearing.

(2) Pursuant to procedural guidelines adopted by the department, the department may suspend a license, without an order to show cause, simultaneously with the institution of proceedings under section 7311 or if renewal of licensure is refused, if the department finds that there is an imminent danger to the public health or safety that warrants this action. The suspension shall continue in effect until conclusion of the proceedings, including judicial review, unless sooner withdrawn by a hearings examiner or dissolved by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(3) Subsection (1) does not apply to the suspension or revocation of a license by the administrator pursuant to section 7311(6).


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.7315 Reinstatement of license; application; hearing.

Sec. 7315. (1) An individual whose license is limited, suspended, or revoked under this part may apply to the board for a reinstatement of a revoked or suspended license or for removal of a limitation as to a particular controlled substance.

(2) In the case of a revoked license, an applicant shall not apply for reinstatement before the expiration of 5 years after the effective date of the revocation. The department shall return an application for reinstatement received before the expiration of the 5-year period.

(3) The department shall provide an opportunity for a hearing before final rejection of an application for reinstatement.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7316 Reinstatement of license; good moral character; public interest; disciplinary or corrective measure.

Sec. 7316. The administrator may reinstate a revoked or suspended license to an individual whose license has been suspended or revoked under this article or remove a limitation as to a particular controlled substance if, after a hearing, the administrator is satisfied that the applicant is of good moral character, has met the criteria in the rules promulgated under section 16245(6), and should be permitted in the public interest to have his or her license reinstated or the limitation removed. As a condition of reinstatement, the disciplinary subcommittee, upon the recommendation of the administrator, may impose a disciplinary or corrective measure authorized under this article. In determining the public interest, the administrator shall consider the factors set forth in section 7306(1)(a) to (g).


Popular name: Act 368

333.7321 Records; inventories; annual report; violation; civil fine.

Sec. 7321. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a person licensed to manufacture, distribute, prescribe, or dispense controlled substances under this article shall keep records and maintain inventories in conformance with the record-keeping and inventory requirements of federal law and with any additional rules the administrator promulgates, unless exempted by those rules.

(2) Beginning May 1, 1989, and annually thereafter, each person licensed under this article to manufacture, distribute, prescribe, or dispense controlled substances shall inventory and report to the administrator all schedule 2 to 5 controlled substances possessed by the person at the time of the inventory. The annual report required under this subsection may be conducted and submitted to the administrator not more than 30 days before May 1, but shall
be conducted and submitted to the administrator not later than 60 days after May 1. A person who violates this subsection may be punished by a civil fine of not more than $25,000.00 in a proceeding in the circuit court.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Administrative rules:** R 338.471 et seq. and R 338.3101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

### 333.7331 Authority to purchase schedule 1 or 2 controlled substance; order form.

Sec. 7331. (1) Only a practitioner who holds a license under this article to prescribe or dispense controlled substances may purchase from a licensed manufacturer or distributor a schedule 1 or 2 controlled substance. The authority granted under this subsection to purchase a schedule 1 or 2 controlled substance is not assignable or transferable.

(2) A purchase of a schedule 1 or 2 controlled substance under subsection (1) shall be made only pursuant to an order form which is in compliance with federal law.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.7333 “Good faith” defined; dispensing controlled substances included in schedule 2; prescription form; emergency; filling and refilling prescription; dispensing controlled substance included in schedule 3, 4, or 5; requirements and use of written prescription; dog pound, animal shelter, or class B dealer practicing euthanasia on animals; “class B dealer” defined.

Sec. 7333. (1) As used in this section, “good faith” means the prescribing or dispensing of a controlled substance by a practitioner licensed under section 7303 in the regular course of professional treatment to or for an individual who is under treatment by the practitioner for a pathology or condition other than that individual’s physical or psychological dependence upon or addiction to a controlled substance, except as provided in this article. Application of good faith to a pharmacist means the dispensing of a controlled substance pursuant to a prescriber’s order which, in the professional judgment of the pharmacist, is lawful. The pharmacist shall be guided by nationally accepted professional standards including, but not limited to, all of the following, in making the judgment:

(a) Lack of consistency in the doctor-patient relationship.

(b) Frequency of prescriptions for the same drug by 1 prescriber for larger numbers of patients.

(c) Quantities beyond those normally prescribed for the same drug.

(d) Unusual dosages.

(e) Unusual geographic distances between patient, pharmacist, and prescriber.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a practitioner, in good faith, may dispense a controlled substance included in schedule 2 upon receipt of a prescription of a practitioner licensed under section 7303 on a prescription form. A practitioner shall not issue more than 1 prescription for a controlled substance included in schedule 2 on a single prescription form.

(3) In an emergency situation, as described in R 338.3165 of the Michigan administrative code, a controlled substance included in schedule 2 may be dispensed upon the oral prescription of a practitioner if, the prescribing practitioner promptly fills out a prescription form and forwards the prescription form to the dispensing pharmacy within 7 days after the oral prescription is issued. Except for a terminally ill patient whose terminal illness the pharmacist documents pursuant to rules promulgated by the administrator, a prescription for a controlled substance included in schedule 2 shall not be filled more than 60 days after the date on which the prescription was issued. A prescription for a controlled substance included in schedule 2 for a terminally ill patient whose terminal illness the pharmacist documents pursuant to rules promulgated by the administrator may be partially filled in increments for not more than 60 days after the date on which the prescription was issued.

(4) A practitioner, in good faith, may dispense a controlled substance included in schedule 3, 4, or 5 that is a prescription drug as determined under section 503(b) of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, chapter 675, 52 Stat. 1051, 21 U.S.C. 353, or section 17708, upon receipt of a prescription on a prescription form or an oral prescription of a practitioner. A prescription for a controlled substance included in schedule 3 or 4 shall not be filled or refilled without specific refill instructions noted by the prescriber. A prescription for a controlled substance included in schedule 3 or 4 shall not be filled or refilled later than 6 months after the date of the prescription or be refilled more than 5 times, unless renewed by the prescriber in accordance with rules promulgated by the administrator.

(5) A controlled substance included in schedule 5 shall not be distributed or dispensed other than for a medical use by a class B dealer.
purpose, or in any manner except in accordance with rules promulgated by the administrator.

(6) If a prescription is required under this section, the prescription shall contain the quantity of the controlled substance prescribed in both written and numerical terms. A prescription is in compliance with this subsection if, in addition to containing the quantity of the controlled substance prescribed in written terms, it contains preprinted numbers representative of the quantity of the controlled substance prescribed next to which is a box or line the prescriber may check.

(7) A prescribing practitioner shall not use a prescription form for a purpose other than prescribing. A prescribing practitioner shall not postdate a prescription form that contains a prescription for a controlled substance. A prescriber may transmit a prescription by facsimile of a printed prescription form and by electronic transmission of a printed prescription form, if not prohibited by federal law. If, with the patient's consent, a prescription is electronically transmitted, it shall be transmitted directly to a pharmacy of the patient's choice by the prescriber or the prescriber's authorized agent, and the data shall not be altered, modified, or extracted in the transmission process.

(8) Notwithstanding subsections (1) to (5), a dog pound or animal shelter licensed or registered by the department of agriculture pursuant to 1969 PA 287, MCL 287.331 to 287.340, or a class B dealer may acquire a limited permit only for the purpose of buying, possessing, and administering a commercially prepared, premixed solution of sodium pentobarbital to practice euthanasia on injured, sick, homeless, or unwanted domestic pets and other animals, if the dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer does all of the following:

(a) Applies to the administrator for a permit in accordance with rules promulgated under this part. The application shall contain the name of the individual in charge of the day to day operations of the dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer's facilities and the name of the individual responsible for designating employees who will be practicing euthanasia on animals pursuant to this act.

(b) Complies with the rules promulgated by the administrator for the storage, handling, and use of commercially prepared, premixed solution of sodium pentobarbital to practice euthanasia on animals. A record of use shall be maintained and shall be available for inspection.

(c) Certifies that an employee of the dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer has received, and can document completion of, a minimum of 8 hours of training given by a licensed veterinarian in the use of sodium pentobarbital to practice euthanasia on animals pursuant to rules promulgated by the administrator, in consultation with the Michigan board of veterinary medicine as these rules relate to this training, and that only an individual described in this subdivision or an individual otherwise permitted to use a controlled substance pursuant to this article will administer the commercially prepared, premixed solution of sodium pentobarbital according to written procedures established by the dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer.

(9) The application described in subsection (8) shall include the names and addresses of all individuals employed by the dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer who have been trained as described in subsection (8)(c) and the name of the veterinarian who trained them. The list of names and addresses shall be updated every 6 months.

(10) If a dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer issued a permit pursuant to subsection (8) does not have in its employ an individual trained as described in subsection (8)(c), the dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer shall immediately notify the administrator and shall cease to administer any commercially prepared, premixed solution of sodium pentobarbital until the administrator is notified that 1 of the following has occurred:

(a) An individual trained as described in subsection (8)(c) has been hired by the dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer.

(b) An employee of the dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer has been trained as described in subsection (8)(c).

(11) A veterinarian, including a veterinarian who trains individuals as described in subsection (8)(c), is not civilly or criminally liable for the use of a commercially prepared, premixed solution of sodium pentobarbital by a dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer unless the veterinarian is employed by or under contract with the dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer and the terms of the veterinarian's employment or the contract require the veterinarian to be responsible for the use or administration of the commercially prepared, premixed solution of sodium pentobarbital.

(12) A person shall not knowingly use or permit the use of a commercially prepared, premixed solution of sodium pentobarbital in violation of this section.

(13) This section does not require that a veterinarian be employed by or under contract with a dog pound or animal shelter or class B dealer to obtain, possess, or administer a commercially prepared, premixed solution of sodium pentobarbital pursuant to this section.

(14) As used in this section, “class B dealer” means a class B dealer licensed by the United States department of
agriculture pursuant to the animal welfare act, Public Law 89-544, 7 U.S.C. 2131 to 2147, 2149, and 2151 to 2159 and the department of agriculture pursuant to 1969 PA 224, MCL 287.381 to 287.395.


Compiler's note: Enacting section 2 of Act 231 of 2001 provides:

"Enacting section 2. Section 7333 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333, as amended by this amendatory act, takes effect upon promulgation of the rules required under section 7333a(1) of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, as added by this amendatory act, and receipt by the secretary of state of written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, as added by this amendatory act, is operational. The notice to the secretary of state shall include a statement that the department of consumer and industry services is able to receive data from at least 80% of those required to report under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, as added by this amendatory act, and is able to respond to requests for data from persons authorized to make such requests and to review and utilize the data.

The rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, pertaining to the operation of the electronic monitoring system, were promulgated on December 30, 2002. In addition, a written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code is operational was filed with, and received by, the secretary of state on January 6, 2003.

Popular name: Act 368


333.7333a Electronic monitoring system.

Sec. 7333a. (1) The department shall establish, by rule, an electronic system for monitoring schedule 2, 3, 4, and 5 controlled substances dispensed in this state by veterinarians, and by pharmacists and dispensing prescribers licensed under part 177 or dispensed to an address in this state by a pharmacy licensed in this state. The rules shall provide an appropriate electronic format for the reporting of data including, but not limited to, patient identifiers, the name of the controlled substance dispensed, date of dispensing, quantity dispensed, prescriber, and dispenser. The department shall require a veterinarian, pharmacist, or dispensing prescriber to utilize the electronic data transmittal process developed by the department or the department's contractor. A veterinarian, pharmacist, or dispensing prescriber shall not be required to pay a new fee dedicated to the operation of the electronic monitoring system and shall not incur any additional costs solely related to the transmission of data to the department. The rules promulgated under this subsection shall exempt both of the following circumstances from the reporting requirements:

(a) The administration of a controlled substance directly to a patient.
(b) The dispensing from a health facility or agency licensed under article 17 of a controlled substance by a dispensing prescriber in a quantity adequate to treat a patient for not more than 48 hours.

(2) Notwithstanding any practitioner-patient privilege, the director of the department may provide data obtained under this section to all of the following:

(a) A designated representative of a board responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of a practitioner, pharmacist, or other person who is authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled substances.
(b) An employee or agent of the department.
(c) A state, federal, or municipal employee or agent whose duty is to enforce the laws of this state or the United States relating to drugs.
(d) A state-operated medicaid program.
(e) A state, federal, or municipal employee who is the holder of a search warrant or subpoena properly issued for the records.
(f) A practitioner or pharmacist who requests information and certifies that the requested information is for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment to a bona fide current patient.
(g) An individual with whom the department has contracted under subsection (9).

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this part, information submitted under this section shall be used only for bona fide drug-related criminal investigatory or evidentiary purposes or for the investigatory or evidentiary purposes in connection with the functions of a disciplinary subcommittee or 1 or more of the licensing or registration boards created in article 15.

(4) A person who receives data or any report under subsection (2) containing any patient identifiers of the system from the department shall not provide it to any other person or entity except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(5) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, reporting under subsection (1) is mandatory for a
veterinarian, pharmacist, and dispensing prescriber. However, the department may issue a written waiver of the electronic reporting requirement to a veterinarian, pharmacist, or dispensing prescriber who establishes grounds that he or she is unable to use the electronic monitoring system. The department shall require the applicant for the waiver to report the required information in a manner approved by the department.

(6) In addition to the information required to be reported annually under section 7112(3), the controlled substances advisory commission shall include in the report information on the implementation and effectiveness of the electronic monitoring system.

(7) The department, in consultation with the controlled substances advisory commission, the Michigan board of pharmacy, the Michigan board of medicine, the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery, the Michigan state police, and appropriate medical professional associations, shall examine the need for and may promulgate rules for the production of a prescription form on paper that minimizes the potential for forgery. The rules shall not include any requirement that sequential numbers, bar codes, or symbols be affixed, printed, or written on a prescription form or that the prescription form be a state produced prescription form. In examining the need for rules for the production of a prescription form on paper that minimizes the potential for forgery, the department shall consider and identify the following:

(a) Cost, benefits, and barriers.
(b) Overall cost-benefit analysis.
(c) Compatibility with the electronic monitoring system required under this section.

(8) The department shall report its findings under subsection (7) to the members of the house and senate standing committees having jurisdiction over health policy issues not later than October 1, 2002, and before the electronic monitoring system required under this section becomes operational.

(9) The department may enter into 1 or more contractual agreements for the administration of this section.

(10) The department, all law enforcement officers, all officers of the court, and all regulatory agencies and officers, in using the data for investigative or prosecution purposes, shall consider the nature of the prescriber's and dispenser's practice and the condition for which the patient is being treated.

(11) The data and any report containing any patient identifiers obtained therefrom is not a public record, and is not subject to the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246.

(12) As used in this section, “department” means the department of consumer and industry services.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to official prescription form.

Popular name: Act 368


333.7335 Marihuana controlled substances therapeutic research program; establishment and administration; participation; limitations; certification; approving use of marihuana obtained from law enforcement agencies; condition; standards of purity and dosage; testing.

Sec. 7335. (1) There shall be established in the department a marihuana controlled substances therapeutic research program. The administration of the program shall conform with pertinent rules and regulations of the drug enforcement agency, food and drug administration, and the national institute on drug abuse relative to the use of marihuana for therapeutic purposes.

(2) Participation in the marihuana controlled substances therapeutic research program shall be limited to cancer chemotherapy patients and glaucoma patients who are certified to the department by a physician as being involved in a life-threatening or sense-threatening situation, and who is not responding to conventional medical treatment or when conventional medical treatment administered has proven to be effective, but the patient has incurred severe side effects. A physician who certifies a patient for participation in the marihuana controlled substances research program shall be a physician as defined in section 17001 or 17501 and shall be certified by the department.

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), the department may include any other disease groups for participation in the
marihuana controlled substances therapeutic research program for which the department has obtained an
investigational new drug permit from the food and drug administration.

(4) If federal sources do not provide supplies of marihuana adequate for patient use pursuant to this section and
section 7336, the department shall approve the use of marihuana obtained from law enforcement agencies in this
state, until adequate marihuana is received from federal sources. Any marihuana obtained from law enforcement
agencies in this state shall be tested for purity and dosage by the department or a laboratory designated by the
department. Any marihuana distributed pursuant to this section and section 7336 shall meet standards of purity and
dosage as determined by the department.


Compiler's note: Former § 333.7335, pertaining to marihuana controlled substances therapeutic research program, expired November 1, 1982, pursuant to Act 125 of 1979.

Popular name: Act 368

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333.7336 THIS SECTION IS NOT APPLICABLE AFTER NOVEMBER 1, 1987: See (7) of
333.7336-----

333.7336 Patient qualification review board; reimbursement; certification of designated
pharmacies for participation in marihuana distribution; contract with national institute on drug
abuse for receipt of marihuana; transfer of marihuana to certified pharmacy for distribution to
patient; prescription; annual report; sections inapplicable after November 1, 1987.

Sec. 7336. (1) If necessary in order to meet federal requirements, the director may appoint a patient qualification
review board to serve at the director's pleasure.

(2) Members of the board may be reimbursed for their attendance at meetings at a rate established pursuant to
section 1216.

(3) The Michigan board of pharmacy shall certify to the department designated pharmacies licensed under part
177 for participation regarding the distribution of marihuana pursuant to section 7335 and this section. The
designated pharmacies shall be representative of the most extensive geographical location area of this state as the
Michigan board of pharmacy determines is feasible.

(4) The department shall apply to contract with the national institute on drug abuse for receipt of marihuana
pursuant to regulations promulgated by the national institute on drug abuse, the food and drug administration, and
the drug enforcement agency, and pursuant to section 7335 and this section.

(5) The department shall cause the marihuana to be used by a patient in the marihuana controlled substances
therapeutic research program to be transferred to a certified pharmacy for distribution to the certified patient upon
the written prescription of the certified physician pursuant to section 7335 and this section. The marihuana
distributed under section 7335 and this section shall be distributed at cost.

(6) The department, in conjunction with the patient qualification review board, if appointed, annually shall report
its findings and recommendations to the governor and the legislature, regarding the effectiveness of the marihuana
controlled substances therapeutic research program.

(7) This section and sections 7212(2), 7214(e), and 7335 shall not apply after November 1, 1987.


Compiler's note: Former § 333.7336, pertaining to patient qualification review board and certification of designated pharmacies for
participation in marihuana distribution, expired November 1, 1982, pursuant to Act 125 of 1979.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7339 Dispensing, selling, or giving product to individual less than 18 years of age; violation
as misdemeanor; penalty.

Sec. 7339. (1) A person shall not dispense, sell, or otherwise give a product described in section 7220(1)(c)(ii)
to an individual less than 18 years of age. This section does not apply to a physician or pharmacist who prescribes,
dispenses, administers, or delivers a product described in section 7220(1)(c)(ii) to an individual less than 18 years of
age, to a parent or guardian of an individual less than 18 years of age who delivers the product to the individual,
or to a person authorized by the individual's parent or legal guardian who dispenses or delivers the product to the
individual.

(2) In the course of selling, offering for sale, or otherwise distributing a product described in section 7220(1)(c)(ii)
, a person shall not advertise or represent in any manner that the product causes euphoria, ecstasy, a “buzz” or


“high”, or an altered mental state, heightens sexual performance, or, because it contains ephedrine alkaloids, increases muscle mass.

(3) A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 93 days or a fine of not more than $100.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7341 Definitions; factors in determining imitation controlled substance; prohibited conduct; violation; civil fine; misdemeanor; penalty; default in payment of civil fine or costs; collection; prohibited advertisement or solicitation; violation as misdemeanor; penalty; section inapplicable to certain persons; violation as felony; penalty.

Sec. 7341. (1) As used in this section:
(a) “Distribute” means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer, sale, delivery, or dispensing from one person to another of an imitation controlled substance.
(b) “Imitation controlled substance” means a substance that is not a controlled substance or is not a drug for which a prescription is required under federal or state law, which by dosage unit appearance including color, shape, size, or markings, and/or by representations made, would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a controlled substance. However, this subsection does not apply to a drug that is not a controlled substance if it was marketed before the controlled substance that it physically resembles.
(c) “Manufacture” means the production, preparation, compounding, conversion, encapsulating, packaging, repackaging, labeling, relabeling, or processing of an imitation controlled substance, directly or indirectly.
(d) In addition to all logically relevant factors, the following factors as related to “representations made” shall be considered in determining whether a substance is an imitation controlled substance:

- Any express or implied representation made that the nature of the substance or its use or effect is similar to that of a controlled substance.
- Any express or implied representation made that the substance may be resold for an amount considerably in excess of the reasonable value of the composite ingredients and the cost of processing.
- Any express or implied representation made that the substance is of a nature or appearance that the recipient of the substance will be able to distribute the substance as a controlled substance.
- That the substance’s package, label, or name is substantially similar to that of a controlled substance.
- That the physical appearance of the substance is substantially identical to a specific controlled substance, including any numbers or codes thereon, and the shape, size, markings, or color.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (7), a person shall not manufacture, distribute, or possess with intent to distribute, an imitation controlled substance.

(4) A person shall not use, or possess with intent to use, an imitation controlled substance, except under the direction of a person authorized pursuant to subsection (7). A person who violates this subsection is subject to a civil fine of not more than $100.00 and costs. Upon a second or subsequent violation of this subsection, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or a fine of not more than $100.00, or both.

(5) A default in the payment of a civil fine or costs ordered under subsection (4) or an installment thereof may be collected by any means authorized for the enforcement of a judgment under chapter 40 of the revised judicature act of 1961, Act No. 236 of the Public Acts of 1961, being sections 600.4001 to 600.4065 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or under chapter 60 of Act No. 236 of the Public Acts of 1961, being sections 600.6001 to 600.6097 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(6) A person shall not place an advertisement or solicitation in this state to be distributed by any electronic media in this state, or place an advertisement or solicitation in this state in any newspaper, magazine, handbill, or other publication; or post or distribute an advertisement or solicitation in any public place in this state, knowing or having reason to know that the purpose of the advertisement or solicitation is to promote the distribution of an imitation controlled substance. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or a fine of not more than $5,000.00, or both.

(7) This section does not apply to any person who is authorized by the administrator or the federal food and drug administration to manufacture, distribute, prescribe, or possess an imitation controlled substance for use as a placebo for legitimate medical, therapeutic, or research purposes.
PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

(8) Except as provided in subsections (4) and (6), a person who violates this section is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or by a fine of not more than $10,000.00, or both.


PART 74
OFFENSES AND PENALTIES

333.7401 Manufacturing, creating, delivering, or possessing with intent to manufacture, create, or deliver controlled substance, prescription form, or counterfeit prescription form; dispensing, prescribing, or administering controlled substance; violations; penalties; consecutive terms; discharge from lifetime probation; “plant” defined.

Sec. 7401. (1) Except as authorized by this article, a person shall not manufacture, create, deliver, or possess with intent to manufacture, create, or deliver a controlled substance, a prescription form, or a counterfeit prescription form. A practitioner licensed by the administrator under this article shall not dispense, prescribe, or administer a controlled substance for other than legitimate and professionally recognized therapeutic or scientific purposes or outside the scope of practice of the practitioner, licensee, or applicant.

(2) A person who violates this section as to:

(a) A controlled substance classified in schedule 1 or 2 that is a narcotic drug or a drug described in section 7214(a)(iv) and:

(i) Which is in an amount of 1,000 grams or more of any mixture containing that substance is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for life or any term of years or a fine of not more than $1,000,000.00, or both.

(ii) Which is in an amount of 450 grams or more, but less than 1,000 grams, of any mixture containing that substance is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 30 years or a fine of not more than $500,000.00, or both.

(iii) Which is in an amount of 50 grams or more, but less than 450 grams, of any mixture containing that substance is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $250,000.00, or both.

(iv) Which is in an amount less than 50 grams, of any mixture containing that substance is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $25,000.00, or both.

(b) Either of the following:

(i) A substance described in section 7212(1)(g) or 7214(c)(ii) is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $25,000.00, or both.

(ii) Any other controlled substance classified in schedule 1, 2, or 3, except marihuana is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 7 years or a fine of not more than $10,000.00, or both.

(c) A substance classified in schedule 4 is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(d) Marihuana or a mixture containing marihuana is guilty of a felony punishable as follows:

(i) If the amount is 45 kilograms or more, or 200 plants or more, by imprisonment for not more than 15 years or a fine of not more than $10,000,000.00, or both.

(ii) If the amount is 5 kilograms or more but less than 45 kilograms, or 20 plants or more but fewer than 200 plants, by imprisonment for not more than 7 years or a fine of not more than $500,000.00, or both.

(iii) If the amount is less than 5 kilograms or fewer than 20 plants, by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than $20,000.00, or both.

(e) A substance classified in schedule 5 is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(f) A prescription form or a counterfeit prescription form is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 7 years or a fine of not more than $5,000.00, or both.

(3) A term of imprisonment imposed under subsection (2)(a) may be imposed to run consecutively with any term of imprisonment imposed for the commission of another felony.

(4) If an individual was sentenced to lifetime probation under subsection (2)(a)(iv) before the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection and the individual has served 5 or more years of that probationary period, the probation officer for that individual may recommend to the court that the court discharge the individual from probation. If an individual's probation officer does not recommend discharge as provided in this subsection, with


notice to the prosecutor, the individual may petition the court seeking resentencing under the court rules. The court may discharge an individual from probation as provided in this subsection. An individual may file more than 1 motion seeking resentencing under this subsection.

(5) As used in this section, “plant” means a marihuana plant that has produced cotyledons or a cutting of a marihuana plant that has produced cotyledons.


**Compiler’s note:** For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Enacting section 2 of Act 236 of 2001 provides:

“Enacting section 2. Sections 7401, 7403, 7407, and 7521 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401, 333.7403, 333.7407, and 333.7521, as amended by this amendatory act, take effect upon promulgation of the rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and receipt by the secretary of state of written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, is operational. The notice to the secretary of state shall include a statement that the department of consumer and industry services is able to receive data from at least 80% of those required to report under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and is able to respond to requests for data from persons authorized to make such requests and to review and utilize the data.”

The rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, pertaining to the operation of the electronic monitoring system, were promulgated on December 30, 2002. In addition, a written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code is operational was filed with, and received by, the secretary of state on January 6, 2003.

**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.7401a Delivery of controlled substance; violation of §§ 750.520b to 750.520e or § 750.520g.

Sec. 7401a. (1) A person who, without an individual's consent, delivers a controlled substance or a substance described in section 7401b or causes a controlled substance or a substance described in section 7401b to be delivered to that individual to commit or attempt to commit a violation of section 520b, 520c, 520d, 520e, or 520g of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.520b, 750.520c, 750.520d, 750.520e, and 750.520g, against that individual is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 20 years.

(2) A conviction or sentence under this section does not prohibit a conviction or sentence for any other crime arising out of the same transaction.

(3) This section applies regardless of whether the person is convicted of a violation or attempted violation of section 520b, 520c, 520d, 520e, or 520g of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.520b, 750.520c, 750.520d, 750.520e, and 750.520g, against that individual is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 20 years.


**Popular name:** Act 368
**Popular name:** Date Rape
**Popular name:** Date Rape Drug

### 333.7401b Manufacture, delivery, or possession of gamma-butyrolactone prohibited; exception; violation; definitions.

Sec. 7401b. (1) A person shall not do any of the following:

(a) Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to manufacture or deliver gamma-butyrolactone or any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing gamma-butyrolactone.

(b) Knowingly or intentionally possess gamma-butyrolactone or any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing gamma-butyrolactone.

(2) Subsection (1) does not prohibit manufacturing, delivering, possessing with intent to manufacture or deliver, or possessing gamma-butyrolactone or any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing gamma-butyrolactone for use in a commercial application and not for human consumption. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this section that the person manufactured, delivered, possessed with intent to manufacture or deliver, or possessed gamma-butyrolactone or the material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing gamma-butyrolactone in compliance with this subsection.

(3) A person who violates this section is guilty of a crime as follows:

(a) For a violation of subsection (1)(a), the person is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 7 years or a fine of not more than $5,000.00, or both.

(b) For a violation of subsection (1)(b), the person is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more
than 2 years or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(4) As used in this section:
   (a) “Commercial application” means as an ingredient in a lawful product, for use in the process of manufacturing a lawful product, or for lawful use as a solvent.
   (b) “Deliver” means the actual, constructive, or attempted transfer from 1 person to another of gamma-butyrolactone or any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing gamma-butyrolactone, whether or not there is an agency relationship.
   (c) “Manufacture” means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of gamma-butyrolactone or any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing gamma-butyrolactone, directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis. It includes the packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container.
   (d) “Person” means that term as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.


Popular name: Act 368
Popular name: Date Rape
Popular name: Date Rape Drug

***** 333.7401c THIS SECTION IS AMENDED EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2004: See 333.7401c.amended
*****

333.7401c Manufacture of controlled substance; prohibited acts; violation as felony; exceptions; imposition of consecutive terms; court order to pay response activity costs; definitions.

Sec. 7401c. (1) A person shall not do any of the following:
   (a) Own, possess, or use a vehicle, building, structure, place, or area that he or she knows or has reason to know is to be used as a location to manufacture a controlled substance in violation of section 7401 or a counterfeit substance or a controlled substance analogue in violation of section 7402.
   (b) Own or possess any chemical or any laboratory equipment that he or she knows or has reason to know is to be used for the purpose of manufacturing a controlled substance in violation of section 7401 or a counterfeit substance or a controlled substance analogue in violation of section 7402.
   (c) Provide any chemical or laboratory equipment to another person knowing or having reason to know that the other person intends to use that chemical or laboratory equipment for the purpose of manufacturing a controlled substance in violation of section 7401 or a counterfeit substance or a controlled substance analogue in violation of section 7402.
   (2) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony punishable as follows:
   (a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) to (e), by imprisonment for not more than 10 years or a fine of not more than $100,000.00, or both.
   (b) If the violation is committed in the presence of a minor, by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $100,000.00, or both.
   (c) If the violation involves the unlawful generation, treatment, storage, or disposal of a hazardous waste, by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $100,000.00, or both.
   (d) If the violation occurs within 500 feet of a residence, business establishment, school property, or church or other house of worship, by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $100,000.00, or both.
   (e) If the violation involves the possession, placement, or use of a firearm or any other device designed or intended to be used to injure another person, by imprisonment for not more than 25 years or a fine of not more than $100,000.00, or both.
   (3) This section does not apply to a violation involving only a substance described in section 7214(a)(iv) or marihuana, or both.
   (4) This section does not prohibit the person from being charged with, convicted of, or punished for any other violation of law committed by that person while violating or attempting to violate this section.
   (5) A term of imprisonment imposed under this section may be served consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for a violation of law arising out of the same transaction.
(6) The court may, as a condition of sentence, order a person convicted of a violation punishable under subsection (2)(c) to pay response activity costs arising out of the violation.

(7) As used in this section:
(a) “Hazardous waste” means that term as defined in section 11103 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.11103.
(b) “Laboratory equipment” means any equipment, device, or container used or intended to be used in the process of manufacturing a controlled substance, counterfeit substance, or controlled substance analogue.
(c) “Manufacture” means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis. Manufacture does not include any of the following:
(i) The packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container.
(ii) The preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by any of the following:
(A) A practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of his or her professional practice.
(B) A practitioner, or by the practitioner's authorized agent under his or her supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.
(d) “Minor” means an individual less than 18 years of age.
(e) “Response activity costs” means that term as defined in section 20101 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.
(f) “School property” means that term as defined in section 7410.
(g) “Vehicle” means that term as defined in section 79 of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.79.


Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.7401c.amended THIS AMENDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2004 *****

333.7401c.amended Manufacture of controlled substance; prohibited acts; violation as felony; exceptions; imposition of consecutive terms; court order to pay response activity costs; definitions.
Sec. 7401c. (1) A person shall not do any of the following:
(a) Own, possess, or use a vehicle, building, structure, place, or area that he or she knows or has reason to know is to be used as a location to manufacture a controlled substance in violation of section 7401 or a counterfeit substance or a controlled substance analogue in violation of section 7402.
(b) Own or possess any chemical or any laboratory equipment that he or she knows or has reason to know is to be used for the purpose of manufacturing a controlled substance in violation of section 7401 or a counterfeit substance or a controlled substance analogue in violation of section 7402.
(c) Provide any chemical or laboratory equipment to another person knowing or having reason to know that the other person intends to use that chemical or laboratory equipment for the purpose of manufacturing a controlled substance in violation of section 7401 or a counterfeit substance or a controlled substance analogue in violation of section 7402.
(2) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony punishable as follows:
(a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) to (f), by imprisonment for not more than 10 years or a fine of not more than $100,000.00, or both.
(b) If the violation is committed in the presence of a minor, by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $100,000.00, or both.
(c) If the violation involves the unlawful generation, treatment, storage, or disposal of a hazardous waste, by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $100,000.00, or both.
(d) If the violation occurs within 500 feet of a residence, business establishment, school property, or church or other house of worship, by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $100,000.00, or both.
(e) If the violation involves the possession, placement, or use of a firearm or any other device designed or intended to be used to injure another person, by imprisonment for not more than 25 years or a fine of not more than
PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

$100,000.00, or both.

(f) If the violation involves or is intended to involve the manufacture of a substance described in section 7214(c)(ii), by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $25,000.00, or both.

(3) This section does not apply to a violation involving only a substance described in section 7214(a)(iv) or marihuana, or both.

(4) This section does not prohibit the person from being charged with, convicted of, or punished for any other violation of law committed by that person while violating or attempting to violate this section.

(5) A term of imprisonment imposed under this section may be served consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for a violation of law arising out of the same transaction.

(6) The court may, as a condition of sentence, order a person convicted of a violation punishable under subsection (2)(c) to pay response activity costs arising out of the violation.

(7) As used in this section:

(a) “Hazardous waste” means that term as defined in section 11103 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.11103.

(b) “Laboratory equipment” means any equipment, device, or container used or intended to be used in the process of manufacturing a controlled substance, counterfeit substance, or controlled substance analogue.

(c) “Manufacture” means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis. Manufacture does not include any of the following:

(i) The packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container.

(ii) The preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by any of the following:

(A) A practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of his or her professional practice.

(B) A practitioner, or by the practitioner's authorized agent under his or her supervision, for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale.

(d) “Minor” means an individual less than 18 years of age.

(e) “Response activity costs” means that term as defined in section 20101 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.20101.

(f) “School property” means that term as defined in section 7410.

(g) “Vehicle” means that term as defined in section 79 of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.79.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7402 Creating, manufacturing, delivering, or possessing with intent to deliver counterfeit substance or controlled substance analogue intended for human consumption; applicability of section and certain federal provisions; violations; penalties.

Sec. 7402. (1) Except as authorized by this article, a person shall not create, manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver a counterfeit substance or a controlled substance analogue intended for human consumption. This section does not apply to a person who manufactures or distributes a substance in conformance with the provisions of an approved new drug application or an exemption for investigational use within the meaning of section 505 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. 355. For purposes of this section, section 505 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act shall be applicable to the introduction or delivery for introduction of any new drug into intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce.

(2) A person who violates this section as to:

(a) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule 1 or 2 which is either a narcotic drug or a drug described in section 7212(1)(g) or 7214(a)(iv) or (c)(ii), is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 10 years or a fine of not more than $10,000.00, or both.

(b) Any other counterfeit substance classified in schedule 1, 2, or 3, is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 5 years or a fine of not more than $5,000.00, or both.

(c) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule 4, is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(d) A counterfeit substance classified in schedule 5, is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(e) A controlled substance analogue, is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 15 years.
or a fine of not more than $250,000.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7403 Knowingly or intentionally possessing controlled substance, controlled substance analogue, or prescription form; violations; penalties; discharge from lifetime probation.

Sec. 7403. (1) A person shall not knowingly or intentionally possess a controlled substance, a controlled substance analogue, or a prescription form unless the controlled substance, controlled substance analogue, or prescription form was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of the practitioner's professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this article.

(2) A person who violates this section as to:

(a) A controlled substance classified in schedule 1 or 2 that is a narcotic drug or a drug described in section 7214(a)(iv), and:

(i) Which is in an amount of 1,000 grams or more of any mixture containing that substance is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for life or any term of years or a fine of not more than $1,000,000.00, or both.

(ii) Which is in an amount of 450 grams or more, but less than 1,000 grams, of any mixture containing that substance is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 30 years or a fine of not more than $500,000.00, or both.

(iii) Which is in an amount of 50 grams or more, but less than 450 grams, of any mixture containing that substance is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 20 years or a fine of not more than $250,000.00, or both.

(iv) Which is in an amount of 25 grams or more, but less than 50 grams of any mixture containing that substance is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than $25,000.00, or both.

(v) Which is in an amount less than 25 grams of any mixture containing that substance is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than $25,000.00, or both.

(b) Either of the following:

(i) A substance described in section 7212(1)(g) or 7214(c)(ii) is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 10 years or a fine of not more than $15,000.00, or both.

(ii) A controlled substance classified in schedule 1, 2, 3, or 4, except a controlled substance for which a penalty is prescribed in subdivision (a), (b)(i), (c), or (d), or a controlled substance analogue is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(c) Lysergic acid diethylamide, peyote, mescaline, dimethyltryptamine, psilocyn, psilocybin, or a controlled substance classified in schedule 5 is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(d) Marihuana is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(e) A prescription form is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than $1,000.00, or both.

(3) If an individual was sentenced to lifetime probation under subsection (2)(a)(iv) before the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection and the individual has served 5 or more years of that probationary period, the probation officer for that individual may recommend to the court that the court discharge the individual from probation. If an individual's probation officer does not recommend discharge as provided in this subsection, with notice to the prosecutor, the individual may petition the court seeking resentencing under the court rules. The court may discharge an individual from probation as provided in this subsection. An individual may file more than 1 motion seeking resentencing under this subsection.


Constitutionality: A mandatory sentence of life without parole does not violate the prohibition against cruel and unusual punishments of the Eighth Amendment to the United States Constitution, because the Eighth Amendment contains no proportionality guarantee. Neither does the Eighth Amendment prohibit the imposition of mandatory sentences -- "severe, mandatory penalties may be cruel, but they are not unusual in the constitutional sense ... " -- nor does it require consideration of individualized, mitigating circumstances beyond those cases in which a capital sentence is imposed. Harmelin v. Michigan, 111 S.Ct. 2680 (1991).
In People v. Bullock, 440 Mich 15 (1992), the Michigan Supreme Court held that the Michigan Constitution prohibits cruel or unusual punishment while the Eighth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution bars only punishment that is both cruel and unusual. Basing its decision on the textual difference, the Michigan Supreme Court held that the statutory penalty of mandatory life in prison without parole for possession of 650 grams or more of any mixture containing cocaine is so grossly disproportionate as to be cruel or unusual, the result being that those portions of the statutes denying parole consideration are struck down.

Compiler's note: Enacting section 2 of Act 236 of 2001 provides:

“Enacting section 2, Sections 7401, 7403, 7407, and 7521 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401, 333.7403, 333.7407, and 333.7521, as amended by this amendatory act, take effect upon promulgation of the rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and receipt by the secretary of state of written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, is operational. The notice to the secretary of state shall state that the department of consumer and industry services is able to receive data from at least 80% of those required to report under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and is able to respond to requests for data from persons authorized to make such requests and to review and utilize the data.”

The rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, pertaining to the operation of the electronic monitoring system, were promulgated on December 30, 2002. In addition, a written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code is operational was filed with, and received by, the secretary of state on January 6, 2003.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7404 Use of controlled substance or controlled substance analogue; violations; penalties.

Sec. 7404. (1) A person shall not use a controlled substance or controlled substance analogue unless the substance was obtained directly from, or pursuant to, a valid prescription or order of a practitioner while acting in the course of the practitioner's professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this article.

(2) A person who violates this section as to:

(a) A controlled substance classified in schedule 1 or 2 as a narcotic drug or a drug described in section 7212(1) (g) or 7214(a)(iv) or (c)(ii) is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(b) A controlled substance classified in schedule 1, 2, 3, or 4, except a controlled substance for which a penalty is prescribed in subdivision (a), (c), or (d), or a controlled substance analogue, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than $1,000.00, or both.

(c) Lysergic acid diethylamide, peyote, mescaline, dimethyltryptamine, psilocyn, psilocybin, or a controlled substance classified in schedule 5, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 6 months or a fine of not more than $500.00, or both.

(d) Marihuana, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not more than $100.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7405 Prohibited conduct generally; penalties.

Sec. 7405. (1) A person:

(a) Who is licensed by the administrator under this article shall not distribute, prescribe, or dispense a controlled substance in violation of section 7333.

(b) Who is a licensee shall not manufacture a controlled substance not authorized by his or her license or distribute, prescribe, or dispense a controlled substance not authorized by his or her license to another licensee or other authorized person, except as authorized by rules promulgated by the administrator.

(c) Shall not refuse an entry into any premises for an inspection authorized by this article.

(d) Shall not knowingly keep or maintain a store, shop, warehouse, dwelling, building, vehicle, boat, aircraft, or other structure or place, that is frequented by persons using controlled substances in violation of this article for the purpose of using controlled substances, or that is used for keeping or selling controlled substances in violation of this article.

(e) Who is a practitioner shall not dispense a prescription for a controlled substance written and signed or transmitted by a physician prescriber licensed to practice in a state other than Michigan, unless the prescription is issued by a physician prescriber residing adjacent to the land border between this state and an adjoining state who is authorized under the laws of that state to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery and to prescribe controlled substances and whose practice may extend into this state, but who does not maintain an office or designate a place to meet patients or receive calls in this state.

(2) A person who violates subsection (1) is subject to the penalties prescribed in section 7406.
333.7406 Violation of § 333.7405; penalty.

Sec. 7406. A person who violates section 7405 may be punished by a civil fine of not more than $25,000.00 in a proceeding in the circuit court. However, if the violation is prosecuted by a criminal indictment alleging that the violation was committed knowingly or intentionally, and the trier of the fact specifically finds that the violation was committed knowingly or intentionally, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or a fine of not more than $25,000.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7407 Prohibited conduct; violation as felony; penalty.

Sec. 7407. (1) A person shall not knowingly or intentionally:

(a) Distribute as a licensee a controlled substance classified in schedule 1 or 2, except pursuant to an order form as required by section 7331.

(b) Use in the course of the manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance a license number that is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or issued to another person.

(c) Acquire or obtain possession of a controlled substance by misrepresentation, fraud, forgery, deception, or subterfuge.

(d) Furnish false or fraudulent material information in, or omit any material information from, an application, report, or other document required to be kept or filed under this article, or any record required to be kept by this article.

(e) Make, distribute, or possess a punch, die, plate, stone, or other thing designed to print, imprint, or reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, or device of another or any likeness of any of the foregoing upon a drug or container or labeling thereof so as to render the drug a counterfeit substance.

(f) Possess counterfeit prescription forms, except as an agent of government while engaged in the enforcement of this part.

(2) A person shall not refuse or knowingly fail to make, keep, or furnish any record, notification, order form, statement, invoice, or other information required under this article.

(3) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years, or a fine of not more than $30,000.00, or both.


Compiler's note: Enacting section 2 of Act 236 of 2001 provides:

“Enacting section 2. Sections 7401, 7403, 7407, and 7521 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401, 333.7403, 333.7407, and 333.7521, as amended by this amendatory act, take effect upon promulgation of the rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and receipt by the secretary of state of written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, is operational. The notice to the secretary of state shall include a statement that the department of consumer and industry services is able to receive data from at least 80% of those required to report under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and is able to respond to requests for data from persons authorized to make such requests and to review and utilize the data.”

The rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, pertaining to the operation of the electronic monitoring system, were promulgated on December 30, 2002. In addition, a written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code is operational was filed with, and received by, the secretary of state on January 6, 2003.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7407a Attempt to violate or knowingly or intentionally solicit, induce, or intimidate another person to violate part; penalty.

Sec. 7407a. (1) A person shall not attempt to violate this part.

(2) A person shall not knowingly or intentionally solicit, induce, or intimidate another person to violate this part.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in section 7416, a person who violates this section is guilty of a crime punishable by the penalty for the crime he or she attempted to commit, or by the penalty for the crime he or she solicited, induced, or intimidated another person to commit.

333.7408 Penalty cumulative.

Sec. 7408. A penalty imposed for violation of this article is in addition to, and not in lieu of, a civil or administrative penalty or sanction otherwise authorized by law.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7408a Licensing sanctions.

Sec. 7408a. (1) As part of the sentence or juvenile disposition for an attempt to violate, a conspiracy to violate, or a violation of this part or section 17766a or of a local ordinance that prohibits conduct prohibited under this part or section 17766a, the court shall consider all prior convictions currently entered upon the criminal history record and Michigan driving record of the person, except those convictions which, upon motion of the defendant, are determined by the court to be constitutionally invalid, and, subject to subsection (11), shall impose the following licensing sanctions in addition to any other penalty or sanction imposed for the violation:

(a) If the court finds that the person does not have a prior conviction within 7 years of the violation, the court shall order the secretary of state to suspend the operator's or chauffeur's license of the person for 6 months. If the court finds compelling circumstances under subsection (8) sufficient to warrant the issuance of a restricted license, the court may order the secretary of state to issue to the person a restricted license during all or a specified portion of the period of suspension, except that a restricted license shall not be issued during the first 30 days of the period of suspension.

(b) If the court finds that the person has 1 or more prior convictions within 7 years of the violation, the court shall order the secretary of state to suspend the operator's or chauffeur's license of the person for 1 year. If the court finds compelling circumstances under subsection (8) sufficient to warrant the issuance of a restricted license, the court may order the secretary of state to issue to the person a restricted license during all or any portion of the period of suspension, except that a restricted license shall not be issued during the first 60 days of the period of suspension.

(2) The person whose operator's or chauffeur's license is ordered suspended under this section shall immediately surrender his or her operator's or chauffeur's license to the court. The court shall immediately destroy the license and forward an abstract of conviction with court-ordered license sanctions to the secretary of state. Upon receipt of, and pursuant to, the abstract of conviction with court-ordered license sanctions, the secretary of state shall suspend the person's license and, if ordered by the court and if the person is otherwise eligible for a license, issue to the person a restricted license stating the limited driving privileges indicated on the abstract. If the judgment is appealed to circuit court, the court may, ex parte, order the secretary of state to stay the suspension or license restriction issued under this section pending the outcome of the appeal.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5), before imposing sentence or entering a juvenile disposition, other than court-ordered license sanctions under this section, for an attempt to violate, a conspiracy to violate, or a violation of this part or section 17766a or of a local ordinance that prohibits conduct prohibited under this part or section 17766a, the court may order the person to undergo screening and assessment by a person or agency as designated by the office of substance abuse services, to determine whether the person is likely to benefit from rehabilitative services, including alcohol or drug education and alcohol or drug treatment programs. The person shall pay for the costs of the screening and assessment services.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5), as part of the sentence or juvenile disposition for an attempt to violate, a conspiracy to violate, or a violation of this part or section 17766a or of a local ordinance that prohibits conduct prohibited under this part or section 17766a, the court may order the person to do 1 or both of the following:

(a) Perform service to the community for not more than 90 days. A person ordered to perform service to the community under this subdivision shall not receive compensation, and shall reimburse the state or appropriate local unit of government for the cost of supervision incurred by the state or local unit of government as a result of the person's activities in that service.

(b) Participate in and successfully complete 1 or more appropriate rehabilitative programs. The person shall pay for the costs of the rehabilitative services.

(5) Subsections (3) and (4) do not apply to a person who is not eligible for probation under chapter XI of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 777.1 to 777.14a.

(6) A restricted license issued in compliance with an order under this section shall permit the person to whom it is issued to drive under the following circumstances:
(a) In the course of the person's employment or occupation.
(b) To and from any combination of the following:
   (i) The person's residence.
   (ii) The person's work location.
   (iii) An alcohol or drug education or treatment program as ordered by the court.
   (iv) The court probation department.
   (v) A court-ordered community service program.
   (vi) An educational institution at which the person is enrolled as a student.
   (vii) A place of regularly occurring medical treatment for a serious condition for the person or a member of the person's household or immediate family.

(7) The court shall not order the secretary of state under this section to issue a restricted license that would permit a person to operate a commercial motor vehicle that hauls hazardous material.

(8) The court shall not order the secretary of state under this section to issue a restricted license unless the person states under oath, and the court finds by testimony taken in open court or by statements contained in a sworn affidavit on a form prescribed by the state court administrator, that both of the following apply:
   (a) The person needs vehicular transportation to and from his or her work location, place of alcohol or drug education treatment, court probation department, court-ordered community service program, or educational institution, or in the course of the person's employment or occupation.
   (b) The person is unable to take public transportation and does not have any family members or other individual able to provide transportation to a destination or for a purpose described in subdivision (a).

(9) Regardless of a court order issued under this section, the secretary of state shall not issue a restricted license to a person whose license is suspended under this section unless a restricted license is authorized under this section and the person is otherwise eligible for a license.

(10) While driving, the person shall carry proof of his or her destination and the hours of any employment, class, or other reason for traveling and shall display that proof upon a peace officer's request.

(11) A court shall not order the suspension of a person's license if the person is sentenced to life imprisonment or to a minimum term of imprisonment that exceeds 1 year for an attempt to violate, a conspiracy to violate, or a violation of part 74 or section 17766a.

(12) The court shall do both of the following:
   (a) Transmit a record of each order issued under this section to the secretary of state.
   (b) Forward to the department of state police, on a form or forms prescribed by the state court administrator, a record that specifies the penalties imposed by the court for an offense described in subsection (1), including a licensing sanction ordered under this section and a term of imprisonment imposed for the offense.

(13) Except as otherwise provided by law, a record described in subsection (12) is a public record, and the department of state police shall retain the information contained in that record for not less than 7 years.

(14) As used in this section:
   (a) “Commercial motor vehicle” means that term as defined in section 7a of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.7a.
   (b) “Conviction” means a final conviction, a plea of guilty or nolo contendere if accepted by the court, a finding of guilt, a probate court disposition, or a juvenile adjudication, for a criminal law violation, regardless of whether the penalty is rebated or suspended.
   (c) “Hazardous material” means that term as defined in section 19b of 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.19b.
   (d) “Juvenile disposition” means either of the following:
      (ii) The entry of a judgment or order of disposition by a court of another state that states or is based upon a finding that a juvenile violated a law of another state that would have been a criminal offense if committed by an adult in that state.
   (e) “Law of another state” means a law or ordinance enacted by another state or by a local unit of government in another state.
   (f) “Office of substance abuse services” means the agency created by section 6201.
   (g) “Prior conviction” means either of the following:
      (i) A conviction for an attempt to violate, a conspiracy to violate, or a violation of part 74 or section 17766a, a local ordinance that prohibits conduct prohibited under part 74 or section 17766a, or a law of another state that prohibits conduct prohibited under part 74 or section 17766a.
(iii) A conviction for an attempt to violate, a conspiracy to violate, or a violation of the controlled substances act, title II of the comprehensive drug abuse prevention and control act of 1970, Public Law 91-513, 84 Stat. 1242.

(h) “Probate court disposition” means the entry of a probate court order of disposition for a child found to be within the provisions of chapter XIIA of the probate code of 1939, 1939 PA 288, MCL 712A.1 to 712A.28.

(i) “Work location” means, as applicable, either the specific place or places of employment, or the territory or territories regularly visited by the person in pursuance of the person’s occupation, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7409 Conviction or acquittal under federal law or law of other state as bar to prosecution.

Sec. 7409. If a violation of this article is a violation of a federal law or the law of another state, a conviction or acquittal under federal law or the law of another state for the same act is a bar to prosecution in this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7410 Violations by individual 18 years of age or over; “school property” defined; distribution of marihuana; penalties.

Sec. 7410. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (2) and (3), an individual 18 years of age or over who violates section 7401(2)(a)(iv) by delivering or distributing a controlled substance listed in schedule 1 or 2 that is either a narcotic drug or described in section 7214(a)(iv) to an individual under 18 years of age who is at least 3 years the deliverer's or distributor's junior may be punished by the fine authorized by section 7401(2)(a)(iv) or by a term of imprisonment of not less than 1 year nor more than twice that authorized by section 7401(2)(a)(iv), or both. An individual 18 years of age or over who violates section 7401 or 7401b by delivering or distributing any other controlled substance listed in schedules 1 to 5 or gamma-butyrolactone to an individual under 18 years of age who is at least 3 years the distributor's junior may be punished by the fine authorized by section 7401(2)(b), (c), or (d) or 7401b, or by a term of imprisonment not more than twice that authorized by section 7401(2)(b), (c), or (d) or 7401b, or both.

(2) An individual 18 years of age or over who violates section 7401(2)(a)(iv) by delivering a controlled substance described in schedule 1 or 2 that is either a narcotic drug or described in section 7214(a)(iv) to another person on or within 1,000 feet of school property shall be punished, subject to subsection (5), by a term of imprisonment of not less than 2 years or more than 3 times that authorized by section 7401(2)(a)(iv) and, in addition, may be punished by a fine of not more than 3 times that authorized by section 7401(2)(a)(iv).

(3) An individual 18 years of age or over who violates section 7401(2)(a)(iv) by possessing with intent to deliver to another person on or within 1,000 feet of school property a controlled substance described in schedule 1 or 2 that is either a narcotic drug or described in section 7214(a)(iv) shall be punished, subject to subsection (5), by a term of imprisonment of not less than 2 years or more than twice that authorized by section 7401(2)(a)(iv) and, in addition, may be punished by a fine of not more than 3 times that authorized by section 7401(2)(a)(iv).

(4) An individual 18 years of age or over who violates section 7401b or 7403(2)(a)(v), (b), (c), or (d) by possessing gamma-butyrolactone or a controlled substance on school property shall be punished by a term of imprisonment or a fine, or both, of not more than twice that authorized by section 7401b or 7403(2)(a)(v), (b), (c), or (d).

(5) The court may depart from the minimum term of imprisonment authorized under subsection (2) or (3) if the court finds on the record that there are substantial and compelling reasons to do so.

(6) As used in this section, “school property” means a building, playing field, or property used for school purposes to impart instruction to children in grades kindergarten through 12, when provided by a public, private, denominational, or parochial school, except those buildings used primarily for adult education or college extension courses.

(7) A person who distributes marihuana without remuneration and not to further commercial distribution and who does not violate subsection (1) is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not more than $1,000.00, or both, unless the distribution is in accordance with the federal law or the law of this state.


Popular name: Act 368
333.7410a Delivery or intent to deliver controlled substance in or within public or private park; term of imprisonment; definitions.

Sec. 7410a. (1) An individual 18 years of age or over who does any of the following may be punished by a term of imprisonment of not more than 2 years:

(a) Violates section 7401(2)(a)(iv) or (2)(b)(i) or section 7401b by delivering a controlled substance or gamma-butyrolactone to a minor who is in a public park or private park or within 1,000 feet of a public park or private park.

(b) Violates section 7401(2)(a)(iv) or (2)(b)(i) or section 7401b by possessing with intent to deliver a controlled substance or gamma-butyrolactone to a minor who is in a public park or private park or within 1,000 feet of a public park or private park.

(c) Violates section 7403(2)(a)(v), (b), (c), or (d) or section 7401b by possessing a controlled substance or gamma-butyrolactone in a public park or private park.

(d) Violates section 7401c within 1,000 feet of a public park or private park.

(2) The term of imprisonment authorized under subsection (1) is in addition to the term of imprisonment authorized for the violation of section 7401(2)(a)(iv) or (2)(b)(i), section 7401b, section 7401c, or section 7403(2)(a)(v), (b), (c), or (d).

(3) As used in this section:

(a) “Private park” means real property owned or maintained by a private individual or entity and that is open to the general public or local residents for recreation or amusement.

(b) “Public park” means real property owned or maintained by this state or a political subdivision of this state that is designated by this state or by that political subdivision as a public park.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7411 Probation of individual with no previous conviction; entering adjudication of guilt upon violation of probation; discharge and dismissal without adjudication of guilt; nonpublic record of arrest and discharge and dismissal; effect of civil fine for first violation; requiring individual to attend course of instruction or rehabilitation program; failure to complete instruction or program as violation of probation; screening and assessment; participation in rehabilitative programs; payment of costs; failure to complete program as violation of probation.

Sec. 7411. (1) When an individual who has not previously been convicted of an offense under this article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to narcotic drugs, coca leaves, marihuana, or stimulant, depressant, or hallucinogenic drugs, pleads guilty to or is found guilty of possession of a controlled substance under section 7403(2)(a)(iv), 7403(2)(b), (c), or (d), or of use of a controlled substance under section 7404, or possession or use of an imitation controlled substance under section 7341 for a second time, the court, without entering a judgment of guilt with the consent of the accused, may defer further proceedings and place the individual on probation upon terms and conditions that shall include, but are not limited to, payment of a probation supervision fee as prescribed in section 3c of chapter XI of the code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 771.3c. Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the individual and dismiss the proceedings. Discharge and dismissal under this section shall be without adjudication of guilt and, except as provided in subsection (2)(b), is not a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime, including the additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent convictions under section 7413. There may be only 1 discharge and dismissal under this section as to an individual.

(2) The records and identifications division of the department of state police shall retain a nonpublic record of an arrest and discharge or dismissal under this section. This record shall be furnished to either or both of the following:

(a) To a court or police agency upon request for the purpose of showing that a defendant in a criminal action involving the possession or use of a controlled substance, or an imitation controlled substance as defined in section 7341, covered in this article has already once utilized this section.

(b) To the state department of corrections or a law enforcement agency, upon the department's or law enforcement agency's request, subject to all of the following conditions:

(i) At the time of the request, the individual is an employee of the department or the law enforcement agency or an applicant for employment with the department or the law enforcement agency.

(ii) If the individual is an employee of the department or the law enforcement agency, the date on which the court
333.7413 Conviction of second or subsequent violation; penalty.

Sec. 7413. (1) An individual who was convicted previously for a violation of any of the following offenses and is thereafter convicted of a second or subsequent violation of any of the following offenses shall be imprisoned for life and shall not be eligible for probation, suspension of sentence, or parole during that mandatory term:

(a) A violation of section 7401(2)(a)(ii) or (iii).
(b) A violation of section 7403(2)(a)(ii) or (iii).
(c) Conspiracy to commit an offense proscribed by section 7401(2)(a)(ii) or (iii) or section 7403(2)(a)(ii) or (iii).

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (1) and (3), an individual convicted of a second or subsequent offense under this article may be imprisoned for a term not more than twice the term otherwise authorized or fined an amount not more than twice that otherwise authorized, or both.

(3) An individual convicted of a second or subsequent offense under section 7410(2) or (3) shall be punished, subject to subsection (4), by a term of imprisonment of not less than 5 years nor more than twice that authorized under section 7410(2) or (3) and, in addition, may be punished by a fine of not more than 3 times that authorized by section 7410(2) or (3); and shall not be eligible for probation or suspension of sentence during the term of imprisonment.

(4) The court may depart from the minimum term of imprisonment authorized under subsection (3) if the court finds on the record that there are substantial and compelling reasons to do so.

(5) For purposes of subsection (2), an offense is considered a second or subsequent offense, if, before conviction of the offense, the offender has at any time been convicted under this article or under any statute of the United States or of any state relating to a narcotic drug, marihuana, depressant, stimulant, or hallucinogenic drug.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7415 Dismissal of case; reduction of charge; plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill, or nolo contendere.

Sec. 7415. (1) After the arraignment of a defendant on a warrant charging the defendant with the commission of any of the offenses specified in section 7401(2)(a)(ii) or (ii) or 7403(2)(a)(ii) or (ii), or with conspiracy to commit an offense specified in section 7401(2)(a)(ii) or (ii) or 7403(2)(a)(ii) or (ii), the examining magistrate shall not dismiss the case upon motion of the prosecuting attorney unless the dismissal is with prejudice, nor shall the examining magistrate permit the prosecuting attorney to reduce the charge if it appears to the examining magistrate at the
conclusion of the preliminary examination that 1 or more of the offenses set forth in this subsection was committed and that there is probable cause for charging the defendant with a violation of 1 or more of the offenses.

(2) At or after the arraignment of a defendant on an indictment or information charging the defendant with the commission of any of the offenses specified in section 7401(2)(a)(i) or (ii) or 7403(2)(a)(i) or (ii), or with conspiracy to commit an offense specified in section 7401(2)(a)(i) or (ii) or 7403(2)(a)(i) or (ii), the court in which the indictment or information is filed shall not dismiss the case upon motion of the prosecuting attorney unless the dismissal is with prejudice, and the court shall not accept a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill, or nolo contendere unless, with the consent of the prosecuting attorney on the record, the defendant enters a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill, or nolo contendere to not less than 1 of the following felonies:

(a) An offense described in section 7401(2)(a)(i) , (ii), (iii), or (iv).
(b) An offense described in section 7403(2)(a)(i) , (ii), (iii), or (iv).
(c) Conspiracy to commit an offense described in subdivision (a) or (b).


Popular name: Act 368

333.7416 Recruiting, inducing, soliciting, or coercing minor to commit felony; penalties; exception.

Sec. 7416. (1) A person 17 years of age or over who recruits, induces, solicits, or coerces a minor less than 17 years of age to commit or attempt to commit any act that would be a felony under this part if committed by an adult is guilty of a felony and may be punished by a fine of not more than the fine authorized by this part for an adult who commits such an act, and shall be punished, subject to subsection (3), as follows:

(a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), by imprisonment for not less than 1/2 of the maximum term of imprisonment authorized by this part for an adult who commits such an act and not more than the maximum term of imprisonment authorized by this part for an adult who commits such an act.
(b) If the act to be committed or attempted by the minor is a violation of section 7401(2)(a)(i) , by imprisonment for life.

(2) A person subject to a sentence under subsection (1) shall not be subject to a delayed sentence or a suspended sentence and shall not be eligible for probation.

(3) The court may depart from a minimum term of imprisonment authorized under subsection (1)(a) or (b) if the court finds on the record that there are substantial and compelling reasons to do so.

(4) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to an act that is a violation of section 7401(2)(d) and that involves the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver of marihuana. This section applies whether or not the person 17 years of age or older knew or had reason to know the age of the minor less than 17 years of age.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7451 “Drug paraphernalia” defined.

Sec. 7451. As used in sections 7453 to 7461 and section 7521, “drug paraphernalia” means any equipment, product, material, or combination of equipment, products, or materials, which is specifically designed for use in planting; propagating; cultivating; growing; harvesting; manufacturing; compounding; converting; producing; processing; preparing; testing; analyzing; packaging; repackaging; storing; containing; concealing; injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance; including, but not limited to, all of the following:

(a) An isomerization device specifically designed for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant which plant is a controlled substance.
(b) Testing equipment specifically designed for use in identifying or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness, or purity of a controlled substance.
(c) A weight scale or balance specifically designed for use in weighing or measuring a controlled substance.
(d) A diluent or adulterant, including, but not limited to, quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose, and lactose, specifically designed for use with a controlled substance.
(e) A separation gin or sifter specifically designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining, marihuana.
(f) An object specifically designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marihuana, cocaine, hashish, or hashish oil into the human body.
(g) A kit specifically designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, or harvesting any species of
plant which is a controlled substance or from which a controlled substance can be derived.

(h) A kit specifically designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, or preparing controlled substances.

(i) A device, commonly known as a cocaine kit, that is specifically designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing controlled substances into the human body, and which consists of at least a razor blade and a mirror.

(j) A device, commonly known as a bullet, that is specifically designed to deliver a measured amount of controlled substances to the user.

(k) A device, commonly known as a snorter, that is specifically designed to carry a small amount of controlled substances to the user's nose.

(l) A device, commonly known as an automotive safe, that is specifically designed to carry and conceal a controlled substance in an automobile, including, but not limited to, a can used for brake fluid, oil, or carburetor cleaner which contains a compartment for carrying and concealing controlled substances.

(m) A spoon, with or without a chain attached, that has a small diameter bowl and that is specifically designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing controlled substances into the human body.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7453 Sale of drug paraphernalia prohibited; notice; compliance.

Sec. 7453. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a person shall not sell or offer for sale drug paraphernalia, knowing that the drug paraphernalia will be used to plant, propagate, cultivate, grow, harvest, manufacture, compound, convert, produce, process, prepare, test, analyze, pack, repack, store, contain, conceal, inject, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance.

(2) Before a person is arrested for a violation of subsection (1), the attorney general or a prosecuting attorney shall notify the person in writing, not less than 2 business days before the person is to be arrested, that the person is in possession of specific, defined material that has been determined by the attorney general or prosecuting attorney to be drug paraphernalia. The notice also shall request that the person refrain from selling or offering for sale the material and shall state that if the person complies with the notice, no arrest will be made for a violation of subsection (1).

(3) If a person complies with a notice sent under subsection (2), the compliance is a complete defense for the person against a prosecution under section 7453, as long as the compliance continues.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7455 Violation of § 333.7453 as misdemeanor; penalty.

Sec. 7455. (1) A person who violates section 7453 is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or a fine of not more than $5,000.00, or both.

(2) A person 18 years of age or older who violates section 7453 by selling or offering to sell drug paraphernalia to a person less than 18 years of age is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or a fine of not more than $7,500.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7457 Applicability of §§ 333.7451 to 333.7455.

Sec. 7457. Sections 7451 to 7455 do not apply to any of the following:

(a) An object sold or offered for sale to a person licensed under article 15 or under the occupational code, Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980, being sections 339.101 to 339.2721 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or any intern, trainee, apprentice, or assistant in a profession licensed under article 15 or under Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980 for use in that profession.

(b) An object sold or offered for sale to any hospital, sanitarium, clinical laboratory, or other health care institution including a penal, correctional, or juvenile detention facility for use in that institution.

(c) An object sold or offered for sale to a dealer in medical, dental, surgical, or pharmaceutical supplies.

(d) Equipment, a product, or material which may be used in the preparation or smoking of tobacco or smoking herbs other than a controlled substance.

(e) A blender, bowl, container, spoon, or mixing device not specifically designed for a use described in section...
7451.

(f) A hypodermic syringe or needle sold or offered for sale for the purpose of injecting or otherwise treating livestock or other animals.

(g) An object sold, offered for sale, or given away by a state or local governmental agency or by a person specifically authorized by a state or local governmental agency to prevent the transmission of infectious agents.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7459 Action for declaratory judgment; defendant.

Sec. 7459. (1) A person who has received a notice under section 7453(2) may commence an action for a declaratory judgment to obtain an adjudication of the legality of the intended sale or offer to sell.

(2) The attorney general or the prosecuting attorney who sent the notice under section 7453(2) shall be made the defendant to an action commenced under subsection (1).


Popular name: Act 368

333.7461 Declaratory judgment as complete defense.

Sec. 7461. If a declaratory judgment has been issued pursuant to section 7459 stating that sale or offer to sell specified material does not violate section 7453, the declaratory judgment is a complete defense for the person obtaining such a judgment against a prosecution under section 7453.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 75
ENFORCEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION

333.7501 Arrest without warrant.

Sec. 7501. A sheriff, deputy sheriff, or local or state police officer who has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this article punishable by imprisonment for 1 year or more has taken place or is taking place and reasonable cause to believe that an individual has committed or is committing the violation, may arrest that individual without a warrant for that violation whether or not the violation was committed in the law enforcement officer's presence.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7502 Powers of agents.

Sec. 7502. (1) An inspection agent or investigatory agent of the department of commerce may do any of the following:

(a) Execute and serve search warrants, arrest warrants, administrative inspection warrants, subpoenas, and summonses issued under the authority of this state.

(b) Seize property pursuant to this article.

(c) Perform other law enforcement duties the administrator or the department of commerce designates.

(2) An agent of the department of treasury designated by the commissioner of revenue may exercise the powers specified in subsection (1) with regard to the seizure of property under section 7521(e) and (f) after notification of the department of state police or any other local law enforcement agency having jurisdiction.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7504 Administrative inspection warrants; issuance; execution; oath or affirmation showing probable cause; seizure of property; existence of probable cause; affidavit; contents of warrant.

Sec. 7504. (1) Administrative inspection warrants shall be issued and executed as prescribed in this part.

(2) A magistrate within the magistrate's jurisdiction, upon proper oath or affirmation showing probable cause,
may issue a warrant for the purpose of conducting an administrative inspection authorized by this article or the rules promulgated under this article and seizures of property appropriate to the inspection. Probable cause exists upon showing a valid public interest in the effective enforcement of this article or the rules promulgated under this article sufficient to justify administrative inspection of the area, premises, building, or conveyance in the circumstances specified in the application for the warrant.

(3) A warrant shall issue only upon an affidavit of a designated officer or employee having knowledge of the facts alleged, sworn to before the magistrate and establishing the grounds for issuing the warrant. The magistrate, if satisfied that the grounds for the application exist or that there is probable cause to believe they exist, shall issue a warrant identifying the area, premises, building, or conveyance to be inspected, the purpose of the inspection, and, if appropriate, the type of property to be inspected.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7505 Contents, execution, and return of warrant; copy of warrant and receipt for property seized; inventory of property taken; delivering copy of inventory; filing warrant with copy of return and papers returnable.

Sec. 7505. (1) The warrant shall:

(a) State the grounds for its issuance and the name of each person whose affidavit has been taken in support thereof.

(b) Be directed to a person described in section 7502.

(c) Command the person to whom it is directed to inspect the area, premises, building, or conveyance identified for the purpose specified and, if appropriate, direct the seizure of the property specified.

(d) Identify the item or types of property to be seized, if any.

(e) Designate the magistrate to whom it shall be returned.

(2) A warrant issued pursuant to this section shall be executed and returned within 10 days after its date unless, upon a showing of a need for additional time, the court orders otherwise. If property is seized pursuant to a warrant, a copy shall be given to the person from whom or from whose premises the property is taken, together with a receipt for the property taken. The return of the warrant shall be made promptly, accompanied by a written inventory of any property taken. The inventory shall be made in the presence of the person executing the warrant and of the person from whose possession or premises the property was taken, if present, or in the presence of at least 1 credible person other than the person executing the warrant. A copy of the inventory shall be delivered to the person from whom or from whose premises the property was taken and to the applicant for the warrant.

(3) The magistrate who issues a warrant shall attach thereto a copy of the return and all papers returnable in connection therewith and file them with the clerk of the magistrate's court in which the inspection was made.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7507 Administrative inspections of controlled premises.

Sec. 7507. (1) The department of commerce may make administrative inspections of controlled premises in accordance with this section.

(2) When authorized by an administrative inspection warrant, an officer or employee designated by the department of commerce, upon presenting the warrant and appropriate credentials to the owner, operator, or agent in charge, may enter controlled premises for the purpose of conducting an administrative inspection.

(3) When authorized by an administrative inspection warrant, an officer or employee designated by the department of commerce may:

(a) Inspect and copy records required to be kept by this article.

(b) Inspect, within reasonable limits and in a reasonable manner, controlled premises and all pertinent equipment, finished and unfinished material, containers, and labeling found therein and, except as provided in subsection (5) all other things therein, including records, files, papers, processes, controls, and facilities bearing on violation of this article.

(c) Inventory any stock of a controlled substance therein and obtain samples thereof.

(4) This section does not prevent the inspection without a warrant of books and records pursuant to an administrative subpoena issued in accordance with law, nor does it prevent entries and administrative inspections, including seizures of property, without a warrant:

(a) If the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the controlled premises consents.
(b) In situations presenting imminent danger to health or safety.
(c) In situations involving inspection of conveyances if there is reasonable cause to believe that the mobility of the conveyance makes it impracticable to obtain a warrant.
(d) In any other exceptional or emergency circumstance where time or opportunity to apply for a warrant is lacking.
(e) In any other situation in which a warrant is not constitutionally required.

(5) An inspection authorized by this section shall not extend to financial data or sales data, other than shipment data or pricing data, unless the owner, operator, or agent in charge of the controlled premises consents in writing.

(6) For purposes of this section only, "controlled premises" means:
(a) A place where a person licensed or exempted from licensure requirements under this article is required to keep records.
(b) A place including a factory, warehouse, establishment, and conveyance in which a person licensed or exempted from licensure requirements under this article is permitted to hold, manufacture, compound, process, sell, deliver, or otherwise dispose of a controlled substance.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7511 Restraining or enjoining violation; trial by jury.
Sec. 7511. (1) The circuit court of a county having jurisdiction over an alleged violator of this article has jurisdiction to restrain or enjoin a violation of this article.
(2) The defendant may demand a trial by jury for an alleged violation of an injunction or restraining order issued under this section.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7515 Cooperation with federal and other state agencies; relying and acting upon results, information, and evidence.
Sec. 7515. (1) The administrator may cooperate with federal and other state agencies in discharging its responsibilities as to traffic in controlled substances and in suppressing the abuse of controlled substances. To this end, the administrator may:
(a) Arrange for the exchange of information among governmental officials as to the use and abuse of controlled substances.
(b) Coordinate and cooperate in training programs as to controlled substance law enforcement at local and state levels.
(c) Cooperate with the bureau by establishing a centralized unit to accept, catalogue, file, and collect statistics, including records of drug dependent individuals and other controlled substance law offenders in this state, and make the information available for federal, state, and local law enforcement purposes. The administrator shall not furnish the name or identity of a patient or research subject whose identity could not be obtained under section 7516.
(d) Conduct programs of eradication aimed at destroying wild or illicit growth of plant species from which controlled substances may be extracted.
(2) Results, information, and evidence received from the bureau relating to the regulatory functions of this article, including results of inspections conducted by it, may be relied and acted upon by the disciplinary subcommittee in the exercise of its regulatory functions under this article.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7516 Name or identity of patient, research, or individual.
Sec. 7516. A practitioner engaged in professional practice or research is not required or compelled to furnish the name or identity of a patient or research subject to the practitioner's licensing agency, and may not be compelled in any state or local civil, criminal, administrative, legislative, or other proceeding to furnish the name or identity of an individual that the practitioner is obligated to keep confidential.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7521 Property subject to forfeiture; “imitation controlled substance” defined.
Sec. 7521. (1) The following property is subject to forfeiture:

(a) A prescription form, controlled substance, an imitation controlled substance, a controlled substance analogue, or other drug that has been manufactured, distributed, dispensed, used, possessed, or acquired in violation of this article.

(b) A raw material, product, or equipment of any kind that is used, or intended for use, in manufacturing, compounding, processing, delivering, importing, or exporting a controlled substance, a controlled substance analogue, or other drug in violation of this article; or a raw material, product, or equipment of any kind that is intended for use in manufacturing, compounding, processing, delivering, importing, or exporting an imitation controlled substance in violation of section 7341.

(c) Property that is used, or intended for use, as a container for property described in subdivision (a) or (b).

(d) Except as provided in subparagraphs (i) to (iv), a conveyance, including an aircraft, vehicle, or vessel used or intended for use, to transport, or in any manner to facilitate the transportation, for the purpose of sale or receipt of property described in subdivision (a) or (b):

(i) A conveyance used by a person as a common carrier in the transaction of business as a common carrier is not subject to forfeiture unless it appears that the owner or other person in charge of the conveyance is a consenting party or privy to a violation of this article.

(ii) A conveyance is not subject to forfeiture by reason of any act or omission established by the owner of that conveyance to have been committed or omitted without the owner's knowledge or consent.

(iii) A conveyance is not subject to forfeiture for a violation of section 7403(2)(c) or (d), section 7404, or section 7341(4).

(iv) A forfeiture of a conveyance encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party who neither had knowledge of nor consented to the act or omission.

(e) Books, records, and research products and materials, including formulas, microfilm, tapes, and data used, or intended for use, in violation of this article.

(f) Any thing of value that is furnished or intended to be furnished in exchange for a controlled substance, an imitation controlled substance, or other drug in violation of this article that is traceable to an exchange for a controlled substance, an imitation controlled substance, or other drug in violation of this article or that is used or intended to be used to facilitate any violation of this article including, but not limited to, money, negotiable instruments, or securities. To the extent of the interest of an owner, a thing of value is not subject to forfeiture under this subdivision by reason of any act or omission that is established by the owner of the item to have been committed or omitted without the owner's knowledge or consent. Any money that is found in close proximity to any property that is subject to forfeiture under subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) is presumed to be subject to forfeiture under this subdivision. This presumption may be rebutted by clear and convincing evidence.

(g) Any other drug paraphernalia not described in subdivision (b) or (c).

(2) As used in this section, “imitation controlled substance” means that term as defined in section 7341.


Compiler's note: Enacting section 2 of Act 236 of 2001 provides:

“Enacting section 2. Sections 7401, 7403, 7407, and 7521 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7401, 333.7403, 333.7407, and 333.7521, as amended by this amendatory act, take effect upon promulgation of the rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and receipt by the secretary of state of written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, is operational. The notice to the secretary of state shall include a statement that the department of consumer and industry services is able to receive data from at least 80% of those required to report under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, and is able to respond to requests for data from persons authorized to make such requests and to review and utilize the data.”

The rules required under section 7333a of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.7333a, pertaining to the operation of the electronic monitoring system, were promulgated on December 30, 2002. In addition, a written notice from the director of the department of consumer and industry services that the electronic monitoring system required by section 7333a of the public health code is operational was filed with, and received by, the secretary of state on January 6, 2003.

Popular name: Act 368

333.7522 Property subject to forfeiture; seizure; process; seizure without process.

Sec. 7522. Property that is subject to forfeiture under this article or pursuant to section 7521 may be seized upon process issued by the circuit court having jurisdiction over the property. Seizure without process may be made under any of the following circumstances:

(a) Incident to a lawful arrest, pursuant to a search warrant, or pursuant to an inspection under an administrative
disposition in accordance with law.

(b) The property is the subject of a prior judgment in favor of this state in an injunction or forfeiture proceeding under this article or pursuant to section 17766a.

(c) There is probable cause to believe that the property is directly or indirectly dangerous to health or safety.

(d) There is probable cause to believe that the property was used or is intended to be used in violation of this article or section 17766a.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7523  Seizure pursuant to § 333.7522; institution of proceedings; procedure; property subject only to section or to order and judgment of court; powers of seizing agency; determining title to forfeited real property; forfeiture of real property encumbered by bona fide security interest.

Sec. 7523. (1) If property is seized pursuant to section 7522, forfeiture proceedings shall be instituted promptly. If the property is seized without process as provided under section 7522, and the total value of the property seized does not exceed $50,000.00, the following procedure shall be used:

(a) The local unit of government that seized the property, or, if the property was seized by the state, the state shall notify the owner of the property that the property has been seized, and that the local unit of government or, if applicable, the state intends to forfeit and dispose of the property by delivering a written notice to the owner of the property or by sending the notice to the owner by certified mail. If the name and address of the owner are not reasonably ascertainable, or delivery of the notice cannot be reasonably accomplished, the notice shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the property was seized, for 10 successive publishing days.

(b) Unless all criminal proceedings involving or relating to the property have been completed, the seizing agency shall immediately notify the prosecuting attorney for the county in which the property was seized or, if the attorney general is actively handling a case involving or relating to the property, the attorney general of the seizure of the property and the intention to forfeit and dispose of the property.

(c) Any person claiming an interest in property which is the subject of a notice under subdivision (a) may, within 20 days after receipt of the notice or of the date of the first publication of the notice, file a written claim signed by the claimant with the local unit of government or the state expressing his or her interest in the property. Upon the filing of the claim, and the giving of a bond to the local unit of government or the state in the amount of 10% of the value of the claimed property, but not less than $250.00 or greater than $5,000.00, with sureties approved by the local unit of government or the state conditioned that if the property is ordered forfeited by the court the obligor shall pay all costs and expenses of the forfeiture proceedings. The local unit of government or, if applicable, the state shall transmit the claim and bond with a list and description of the property seized to the attorney general, the prosecuting attorney for the county, or the city or township attorney for the local unit of government in which the seizure was made. The attorney general, the prosecuting attorney, or the city or township attorney shall promptly institute forfeiture proceedings after the expiration of the 20-day period. However, unless all criminal proceedings involving or relating to the property have been completed, a city or township attorney shall not institute forfeiture proceedings without the consent of the prosecuting attorney or, if the attorney general is actively handling a case involving or relating to the property, the attorney general.

(d) If no claim is filed or bond given within the 20-day period as described in subdivision (c), the local unit of government or the state shall declare the property forfeited and shall dispose of the property as provided under section 7524. However, unless all criminal proceedings involving or relating to the property have been completed, the local unit of government or the state shall not dispose of the property pursuant to this subdivision without the written consent of the prosecuting attorney or, if the attorney general is actively handling a case involving or relating to the property, the attorney general.

(2) Property taken or detained under this article or pursuant to section 17766a shall not be subject to an action to recover personal property, but is deemed to be in the custody of the seizing agency subject only to this section or an order and judgment of the court having jurisdiction over the forfeiture proceedings. When property is seized under this article or pursuant to section 17766a, the seizing agency may do any of the following:

(a) Place the property under seal.

(b) Remove the property to a place designated by the court.

(c) Require the administrator to take custody of the property and remove it to an appropriate location for disposition in accordance with law.

(3) Title to real property forfeited under this article or pursuant to section 17766a shall be determined by a court
of competent jurisdiction. A forfeiture of real property encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party who neither had knowledge of nor consented to the act or omission.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7524 Disposition of forfeited property; donation of lights and scales for education purposes; appointment, compensation, and authority of receiver to dispose of forfeited real property; expenses of forfeiture proceedings; court order.

Sec. 7524. (1) When property is forfeited under this article or pursuant to section 17766a, the local unit of government that seized the property may do any of the following, or if the property is seized by or in the custody of the state, the state may do any of the following, subject to section 7523(1)(d):

(a) Retain it for official use.

(b) Sell that which is not required to be destroyed by law and which is not harmful to the public. The proceeds and any money, negotiable instruments, securities, or any other thing of value as described in section 7521(1)(f) that are forfeited pursuant to this article shall be deposited with the treasurer of the entity having budgetary authority over the seizing agency and applied as follows:

(i) For the payment of proper expenses of the proceedings for forfeiture and sale, including expenses incurred during the seizure process, maintenance of custody, advertising, and court costs, except as otherwise provided in subsection (4).

(ii) The balance remaining after the payment of expenses shall be distributed by the court having jurisdiction over the forfeiture proceedings to the treasurer of the entity having budgetary authority over the seizing agency. If more than 1 agency was substantially involved in effecting the forfeiture, the court having jurisdiction over the forfeiture proceeding shall equitably distribute the money among the treasurers of the entities having budgetary authority over the seizing agencies. The money received under this subparagraph and all interest and other earnings on money received under this subparagraph shall be used to enhance law enforcement efforts pertaining to this article or section 17766a, as appropriated by the entity having budgetary authority over the seizing agency. A distribution made under this subparagraph shall serve as a supplement to, and not a replacement for, the funds budgeted on January 1, 1991, for law enforcement efforts pertaining to this article or section 17766a.

(c) Require the administrator to take custody of the property and remove it for disposition in accordance with law.

(d) Forward it to the bureau for disposition.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), this state or local units of government may donate lights for plant growth or scales forfeited under this article or section 17766a to elementary or secondary schools or institutions of higher education that request in writing to receive those lights or scales pursuant to this subsection, for educational purposes. This state or local units of government shall donate lights and scales pursuant to this subsection to elementary or secondary schools or institutions of higher education in the order in which the written requests are received. This state or local units of government may limit the number of lights and scales available to each requestor.

(3) In the course of selling real property pursuant to subsection (1)(b), the court that has entered an order of forfeiture may, on motion of the agency to whom the property has been forfeited, appoint a receiver to dispose of the real property forfeited. The receiver shall be entitled to reasonable compensation. The receiver shall have authority to do all of the following:

(a) List the forfeited real property for sale.

(b) Make whatever arrangements are necessary for the maintenance and preservation of the forfeited real property.

(c) Accept offers to purchase the forfeited real property.

(d) Execute instruments transferring title to the forfeited real property.

(4) If a court enters an order of forfeiture, the court may order a person who claimed an interest in the forfeited property pursuant to section 7523(1)(c) to pay the expenses of the proceedings of forfeiture to the entity having budgetary authority over the seizing agency.


Popular name: Act 368
333.7524a Annual report by local unit of government regarding forfeiture activities; contents; audit of records.

Sec. 7524a. (1) Before February 1 of each year, each local unit of government that had forfeiture proceedings pending in the circuit court pursuant to section 7523; or effectuated a forfeiture of property pursuant to section 7523 without a forfeiture proceeding in the circuit court; or received money, negotiable instruments, securities, or any other thing of value pursuant to section 7524 during the fiscal year for the local unit of government ending in the immediately preceding calendar year shall submit a report to the office of drug agencies for analysis and transmittal to the secretary of the senate and the clerk of the house of representatives. The annual report shall be a summary of the local unit of government’s activities regarding the forfeiture of property under this article and pursuant to section 17766a for the fiscal year and shall contain the following information, as applicable:

(a) The number of forfeiture proceedings that were instituted in the circuit court by the local unit of government.
(b) The number of forfeiture proceedings instituted by the local unit of government that were concluded in the circuit court.
(c) The number of all forfeiture proceedings instituted by the local unit of government that were pending in the circuit court at the end of the year.
(d) The number of forfeitures accomplished by the local unit of government without filing a forfeiture proceeding in the circuit court.
(e) The net total proceeds of all property forfeited under this article and pursuant to section 17766a through forfeitures instituted by the local unit of government that the local unit of government is required to account for and report to the state treasurer pursuant to either of the following, as applicable:
(f) An inventory of property received by the local unit of government pursuant to section 7524 and section 17766a, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
   (i) all of the following real property:
      (A) Single-family residential.
      (B) Multiple-family residential.
      (C) Industrial.
      (D) Commercial.
      (E) Agricultural.
   (ii) Any type of conveyance described in section 7521(1)(d), including the year, make, and model.
   (iii) Money, negotiable instruments, and securities.
   (iv) The total value of personal property, excluding personal property described in subparagraphs (ii) and (iii).
   (g) A statement explaining how the money received by the local unit of government pursuant to section 7524(1)(b)(ii) has been used or is being used to enhance the law enforcement efforts pertaining to this article or section 17766a.
   (h) A statement of the number of lights for plant growth or scales donated under section 7524(2), the total value of those lights or scales, and the elementary or secondary schools or institutions of higher education to which they were donated.

(2) The records of a local unit of government described in subsection (1) regarding the forfeiture of property under this article or pursuant to section 17766a shall be audited in accordance with 1 of the following, as applicable:
   (b) The uniform budgeting and accounting act, Act No. 2 of the Public Acts of 1968, being sections 141.421 to 141.440a of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
(3) The records of a local unit of government described in subsection (1) regarding the forfeiture of property under this article or pursuant to section 17766a may be audited by an auditor of the local unit of government.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7525 Controlled substance as contraband; seizure and summary forfeiture; seizure and forfeiture of species of plants.

Sec. 7525. (1) A controlled substance listed in schedule 1 that is possessed, transferred, sold, or offered for sale in violation of this article is contraband and shall be seized and summarily forfeited to this state. A controlled substance listed in schedule 1 which is seized or comes into the possession of this state, the owner of which is
unknown, is contraband and shall be summarily forfeited to this state.

(2) Species of plants from which controlled substances in schedules 1 and 2 may be derived which have been
planted or cultivated in violation of this article, or of which the owner or cultivator is unknown, or which are wild
growths, may be seized and summarily forfeited to this state.

(3) The failure, upon demand by the administrator or its authorized agent, of the person in occupancy or in
control of land or premises upon which the species of plants are growing or being stored to produce an appropriate
license or proof that he or she is the holder thereof, constitutes authority for the seizure and forfeiture of the plants.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7527 Destruction of controlled substance seized as evidence.
Sec. 7527. (1) Prior to trial the prosecuting attorney may move in writing for an order permitting the destruction
of all or part of a controlled substance, controlled substance analogue, counterfeit substance, or imitation controlled
substance seized as evidence in connection with a violation of this article. The motion shall specify the reasons
supporting the destruction. The prosecuting attorney shall serve a copy of the motion, and any supporting materials,
on the defendant or his or her attorney.

(2) If the defendant objects, the defendant or his or her attorney shall file specific objections within 21 days after
receiving the motion described in subsection (1). Failing to comply with this time limit waives any objection to the
destruction of the evidence.

(3) Before any hearing on the motion, the defendant or his or her attorney shall have an adequate opportunity to
inspect or test, or both, the evidence sought to be destroyed, subject to reasonable supervision by laboratory or law
enforcement personnel.

(4) Following a hearing, the court may order destruction of all or part of the controlled substance, controlled
substance analogue, counterfeit substance, or imitation controlled substance if the court determines on the record
that the destruction is warranted. The court shall specify the evidence to be destroyed and may include further
provisions in the order as the interests of justice require.

(5) The law enforcement agency having custody of the evidence shall destroy the controlled substance, controlled
substance analogue, counterfeit substance, or imitation controlled substance in accordance with an order entered
under subsection (4). Before destroying the evidence, the law enforcement agency shall make an accurate
photographic record of the controlled substance, controlled substance analogue, counterfeit substance, or imitation
controlled substance. The court may order that further records be made before the evidence is destroyed.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7531 Burden of proof of exemption or exception; presumption as to license or order form;
burden of rebutting presumption; liability not imposed for lawful performance of duties.
Sec. 7531. (1) It is not necessary for this state to negate any exemption or exception in this article in a
complaint, information, indictment, or other pleading or in a trial, hearing, or other proceeding under this article.
The burden of proof of an exemption or exception is upon the person claiming it.

(2) In the absence of proof that a person is the authorized holder of an appropriate license or order form issued
under this article, the person is presumed not to be the holder of the license or order form. The burden of proof is
upon the person to rebut the presumption.

(3) A liability is not imposed by this article or an authorized state, county, or local officer, engaged in the lawful
performance of the officer's duties.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7533 Judicial review.
Sec. 7533. Judicial review of a final determination, finding, or conclusion of the administrator shall be governed
by the administrative procedures act of 1969.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7541 Educational programs; powers of administrator.
Sec. 7541. The administrator, if funds are appropriated therefor, may carry out educational programs designed to
prevent and deter misuse and abuse of controlled substances. In connection with these programs the administrator may:

(a) Promote better recognition of the problems of misuse and abuse of controlled substances within the regulated industry and among interested groups and organizations in contributing to the reduction of misuse and abuse of controlled substances.

(b) Assist the regulated industry and interested groups and organizations in contributing to the reduction of misuse and abuse of controlled substances.

(c) Consult with interested groups and organizations to aid them in solving administrative and organizational problems.

(d) Evaluate procedures, projects, techniques, and controls conducted or proposed as part of educational programs on misuse and abuse of controlled substances.

(e) Disseminate the results of research on misuse and abuse of controlled substances to promote a better public understanding of what problems exist and what can be done to combat them.

(f) Assist in the education and training of state and local law enforcement officials in their efforts to control misuse and abuse of controlled substances.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7543  Research and enforcement; duties of administrator.

Sec. 7543. The administrator shall encourage research on misuse and abuse of controlled substances. In connection with the research and furtherance of the enforcement of this article, the administrator may:

(a) Establish methods to assess accurately the effects of controlled substances and identify and characterize those with potential for abuse.

(b) Make studies and undertake programs of research to:

(i) Develop new or improved approaches, techniques, systems, equipment, and devices to strengthen the enforcement of this article.

(ii) Determine patterns of misuse and abuse of controlled substances and the social effects thereof.

(iii) Improve methods for preventing, predicting, understanding, and dealing with the misuse and abuse of controlled substances.

(c) Enter into contracts with public agencies, institutions of higher education, and private organizations or individuals for the purpose of conducting research, demonstrations, or special projects which bear directly on misuse and abuse of controlled substances.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7544  Authorization to withhold names and other identifying characteristics of individuals who are subjects of research; authorization of persons engaged in research to possess and distribute controlled substances; exemption from prosecution.

Sec. 7544. (1) The administrator may authorize persons engaged in research on the use and effects of controlled substances to withhold the names and other identifying characteristics of individuals who are the subjects of the research. Persons who obtain this authorization are not compelled in a civil, criminal, administrative, legislative, or other proceeding to identify the individuals who are the subjects of research for which the authorization was obtained.

(2) The administrator may authorize the possession and distribution of controlled substances by persons engaged in research. Persons who obtain this authorization are exempt from state prosecution for possession and distribution of controlled substances to the extent of the authorization.


Popular name: Act 368

333.7545  Contracts for educational and research activities.

Sec. 7545. The administrator may enter into contracts for educational and research activities without performance bonds.


Popular name: Act 368
333.9101 Plan for health services for pupils in elementary and secondary schools; establishment; contents; cooperation in developing plan; consistency with program of school nursing services; employment of certified school nurses; excusing pupils from health instructions and class attendance.

Sec. 9101. (1) The department shall establish a plan for health services for pupils in the elementary and secondary schools of this state. The plan shall include a definition of school health services and standards for the implementation of the plan. The department shall cooperate with the department of education and the state health planning and development agency in developing the plan to ensure coordination among those agencies.

(2) The plan may include the provision of health services by and through intermediate and local school districts.

(3) The plan shall be consistent with the program of school nursing services adopted pursuant to section 1252 of Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1976, being section 380.1252 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and shall encourage employment of individuals certified by the department of education as school nurses pursuant to that section.

(4) The plan shall not require health instructions for a pupil whose parent or guardian objects in writing and specifically requests that the pupil be excused. The plan shall not require a pupil to attend a class for which the pupil is excused pursuant to Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1976, as amended, being sections 380.1 to 380.1853 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the bureau of child and family services, with the exception of the women, infants, and children division, from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.9105 Examinations or health services provided on equal basis to school children.

Sec. 9105. Examinations or health services provided to school children in attendance in the elementary and secondary grades shall be provided on an equal basis to school children in attendance in both public and nonpublic schools.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9111 Pharmaceutical, biologic, and diagnostic products and by-products for human, veterinary, or agricultural use; developing, producing, purchasing, and receiving by gift; research; distribution; costs.

Sec. 9111. (1) The department may develop, produce, purchase, and receive by gift pharmaceutical, biologic, and diagnostic products and by-products for human, veterinary, or agricultural use. The department, when necessary, may engage in research to improve these products or develop new products. The department may distribute the products and by-products within this state and recover the actual costs associated with the products and by-products. The department shall provide and distribute these products and by-products at no cost upon request of local health departments, hospitals, or physicians for use within this state if considered necessary by the department to protect the public health.

(2) The department may develop and produce pharmaceutical, biologic, and diagnostic products and by-products for human, veterinary, or agricultural use for distribution or sale outside this state for both public and private use, if the distribution or sale will not impair any program in this state. Compensation for these products and by-products distributed or sold under this subsection shall cover the actual costs associated with the products and by-products. Distribution outside this state may be made without cost if approved by the governor in emergency situations and if the products and by-products are available and are not required for immediate needs in this state.


Popular name: Act 368
333.9112  Pharmaceutical products fund.

Sec. 9112.  (1)  The pharmaceutical products fund is created in the state treasury and shall be administered by the department. The fund shall only be expended as provided in this section.

(2)  The state treasurer shall credit to the pharmaceutical products fund all revenues received by the department pursuant to section 9111.

(3)  The department shall utilize the pharmaceutical products fund to update and improve the facilities used to develop and produce pharmaceutical, biologic, and diagnostic products pursuant to section 9111, or to otherwise improve the biologics products program, pursuant to appropriations.


Popular name:  Act 368

333.9121  Blood, blood plasma, blood products, blood derivatives, and human and artificial tissues; standards regulating procurement, processing, distribution, and use; rendition of service; warranty; liability.

Sec. 9121.  (1)  The department shall establish standards pursuant to section 9133 to regulate the procurement, processing, distribution, and use of blood, blood plasma, blood products, blood derivatives, and human and artificial tissues.

(2)  The procurement, processing, distribution, and use of whole blood, blood plasma, blood products, blood derivatives, and human and artificial tissues including, but not limited to, corneas, bones, organs, or parts of organs for the purpose of injecting, transfusing, or transplanting into a human body, is for all purposes the rendition of a service by a person participating therein and, whether or not remuneration is paid to the person, is not a sale for any purpose.

(3)  An express, implied, or other warranty does not attach to services described in subsection (2). A person involved in the rendition of the service is not liable as a result thereof, except for the person's own negligence or willful misconduct.


Popular name:  Act 368

333.9123  Testing of donor, sample, specimen, or organ for presence of HIV or antibody to HIV; applicability of subsection (1); effect of positive test results; inability to perform test; written consent to use blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen; donation of blood exclusively for own use; use of self-replicating body fluids; informing donor of positive test result; violation; liability; definitions.

Sec. 9123.  (1)  Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a person, including, but not limited to, a licensee under article 15 or article 17 who procures or collects blood or human tissues, organs, or other specimens for purposes of transplantation, transfusion, introduction, or injection into a human body shall test or provide for the testing of each potential donor or each sample or specimen of blood or tissue, or each organ or other human specimen for the presence in the donor, sample, specimen, or organ of HIV or an antibody to HIV.

(2)  Subsection (1) does not apply if a test for HIV or an antibody to HIV cannot be performed in the time during which the blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen is viable for purposes of transplantation, transfusion, introduction, or injection into a human body, due to emergency or other exigent circumstances.

(3)  Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4), if the results of a test performed under subsection (1) are positive, the blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen shall not be used for purposes of transplantation, transfusion, introduction, or injection into a human body. If a test for HIV or an antibody to HIV cannot be performed in the time during which the blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen is viable for purposes of transplantation, transfusion, introduction, or injection into a human body, due to emergency or other exigent circumstances, then the blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen may be used for purposes of transplantation, transfusion, introduction, or injection into a human body if the person responsible for the transplantation, transfusion, introduction, or injection and the person who intends to receive the blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen have been informed that there was insufficient time to perform a test for HIV or an antibody to HIV, and have agreed in writing to the use of the blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen. If the person who intends to receive the blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen is a minor, then the parent, legal guardian, or person in loco parentis of the minor shall have been informed that there was insufficient time to perform a test for HIV or an antibody to HIV and shall have agreed in writing to the use of the blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen. If the person who intends to receive the blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen is otherwise unable to give
informed consent, then any of the following persons, in order of priority stated, when persons in prior classes are not available at the time the transplantation, transfusion, introduction, or injection is to be performed, shall have been informed that there was insufficient time to perform a test for HIV or an antibody to HIV and shall have agreed in writing to the use of the blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen:

(i) The spouse.
(ii) An adult son or daughter.
(iii) Either parent.
(iv) An adult brother or sister.
(v) A guardian of the person at the time the transplantation, transfusion, introduction, or injection is to be performed.

(4) If a person donates blood exclusively for his or her own transfusion needs, and if the results of a test performed under subsection (1) are positive, the person may use the blood for that purpose if both the person responsible for the transfusion and the person who intends to receive the blood have been informed of the positive test result and have consented in writing to the use of the blood.

(5) A person, including, but not limited to, a licensee under article 15 or article 17, who procures or collects self-replicating body fluids for purposes of introduction into a human body shall test each potential donor, and, if the donor donates on a regular basis, not less than every 3 months, for the presence in the donor of HIV or an antibody to HIV. If at any time the test results are positive, the self-replicating body fluids of the donor shall not be used for introduction into a human body.

(6) A person, including, but not limited to, a licensee under article 15 or article 17 who orders or performs, or both, a test for HIV or an antibody to HIV under this section shall, if the test result is positive, inform the donor of the positive test result. For purposes of this subsection, a positive test result is a double positive enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay test, combined with a positive western blot assay test, or a positive result under an HIV test that is considered reliable by the federal centers for disease control and is approved by the department.

(7) A person who violates this section shall be liable in a civil action for damages for the loss or damage resulting from the violation.

(8) As used in this section:
(a) “Blood” includes whole blood, blood plasma, blood products, and blood derivatives.
(b) “HIV” means human immunodeficiency virus.
(c) “Self-replicating body fluids” means bodily fluids that are reproduced by the body including, but not limited to, breast milk. Self-replicating body fluids does not include blood or sperm.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9131 Family planning services; publicity; request by medically indigent individual; clinical abortions.

Sec. 9131. (1) The department, and under its supervision a local health department, shall publicize the places where family planning services are available. The publicity shall state that receipt of public health services is not dependent on a request or nonrequest for family planning services.

(2) An effort shall not be made to coerce a medically indigent individual to request or not request family planning services. The department, and under its supervision a local health department, shall provide family planning services to a medically indigent individual upon the individual’s request in accordance with standards established under section 9133. Clinical abortions shall not be considered a method of family planning.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9132 Consent of minor to provision of health care; notice; permission to contact parents for additional medical information; giving or withholding information without consent of minor; “health care” defined.

Sec. 9132. (1) If a minor consents to the provision of prenatal and pregnancy related health care or to the provision of health care for a child of the minor by a health facility or agency licensed under article 17 or a health professional licensed under article 15, the consent shall be valid and binding as if the minor had achieved the age of majority. The consent is not subject to later disaffirmance by reason of minority. The consent of any other person, including the putative father of the child or a spouse, parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis, is not necessary to authorize the provision of health care to a minor or to a child of a minor.
(2) Before providing health care to a minor pursuant to this section, a health facility or agency or a health professional shall inform the minor that the putative father of the child or the minor's spouse, parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis may be notified pursuant to subsection (4).

(3) At the initial visit to the health facility or health professional, permission shall be requested of the minor to contact the minor's parents for any additional medical information which may be necessary or helpful to the provision of proper health care.

(4) For medical reasons, the treating physician, and on the advice and direction of the treating physician, a member of the medical staff of a health facility or agency or other health professional may, but is not obligated to, inform the putative father of the child or the spouse, parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis as to the health care given or needed. The information may be given to or withheld from these persons without consent of the minor and notwithstanding the express refusal of the minor to the providing of the information.

(5) As used in this section, “health care” means only treatment or services intended to maintain the life and improve the health of both the minor and the minor's child or fetus.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9133 Rules.

Sec. 9133. The department may promulgate rules to implement this part which shall include rules to establish the plan developed under section 9101 and to implement sections 9121 and 9131.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.2941 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.9152 Screening pupils for scoliosis and other spinal disorders; guidelines; participation; written statement; short title of section.

Sec. 9152. (1) The department, in cooperation with the department of education, shall develop guidelines for the screening of pupils in the schools of this state for scoliosis and other spinal disorders, including grades to be screened annually, reporting forms to be used, procedures for rescreening, and procedures for referral of children who fail the rescreening, and shall provide technical, educational, and other assistance to local public health departments for the implementation of scoliosis and other spinal disorder detection programs. In developing the guidelines, the department shall consult with public and private agencies and organizations involved in similar screening programs. The guidelines shall be distributed to all local health departments and school districts within this state.

(2) A pupil shall not be required to participate in a scoliosis or other spinal disorder screening program if a parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of the pupil presents a written statement to the administrator of the pupil's school stating that participation in a spinal disorder screening program violates the personal religious beliefs of the pupil, parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis.

(3) This section shall be known and may be cited as “the Ogonowski scoliosis screening act”.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9161 Pamphlet; contents; printing; distribution.

Sec. 9161. (1) The department, in consultation with appropriate professional organizations and other appropriate state departments and agencies, shall distribute a pamphlet that contains information regarding prenatal care and parenting. The department may use an existing pamphlet or pamphlets containing information regarding prenatal care or parenting, or both, to comply with the requirements of this subsection. Whether the department develops its own pamphlet or uses an existing pamphlet or pamphlets to comply with this subsection, the department shall print copies of the pamphlet in English, Spanish, and in other languages, as determined appropriate by the department, and shall assure that the pamphlet is written in easily understood, nontechnical terms.

(2) The department shall distribute copies of the pamphlet required under subsection (1) to the Michigan board of medicine and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery. The department shall distribute copies of the pamphlet required under subsection (1) to other persons upon written request, at cost, and shall also distribute copies of the pamphlet upon request, free of charge, to physicians and to local health departments.


Popular name: Act 368
333.9201 Definitions; principles of construction.

Sec. 9201. (1) As used in this part:
   (a) “Camping” means attendance at a residential, day, troop, or travel camp conducted for more than 4 school-age children, apart from their parents, guardians, or persons in loco parentis for 5 or more days or parts of days in a 14-day period.
   (b) “Immunizing agent” means a vaccine, antibody preparation, or other substance used to increase an individual's immunity to a disease or infectious agent.
   (c) “Infectious agent” means that term as defined in R 325.9031 of the Michigan administrative code.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the bureau of child and family services, with the exception of the women, infants, and children division, from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.9203 Free immunization treatments; free periodic immunization clinics for children; publicity; mass immunization programs; liability.

Sec. 9203. (1) A local health department shall offer free immunization treatments to the public for protection in case of an epidemic or threatened epidemic of a disease as ordered by the director.

(2) A local health department shall conduct free periodic immunization clinics for children residing in its jurisdiction. The local health department shall publicize the free immunization service and the time and place of the clinics.

(3) When the department approves a mass immunization program to be administered in this state, health personnel employed by a governmental entity who are required to participate in the program, or any other individual authorized by the director or a local health officer to participate in the program without compensation, is not liable to any person for civil damages as a result of an act or omission causing illness, reaction, or adverse effect from the use of a drug or vaccine in the program, except for gross negligence or willful and wanton misconduct. This subsection does not exempt a drug manufacturer from liability for a drug or vaccine used in the program.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9204 Administration of immunizing agent.

Sec. 9204. A health professional other than a physician may administer an immunizing agent when authorized by a local health department and when the agent is administered under the direction of a physician.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9205 Immunization of child required.

Sec. 9205. A parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of a child shall provide for the child's immunization by an authorized health professional, physician, local health department, clinic, or other agency offering immunizations for diseases and within an age period prescribed by the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9205a Risks associated with meningococcal disease; materials; notice; availability; “institution of higher education” defined.

Sec. 9205a. (1) The department shall identify materials that contain information regarding the risks associated with meningococcal disease and the availability, effectiveness, and potential risks of immunization for meningococcal disease, and other diseases about which the department may recommend immunization or immunization information.

(2) The department shall notify each institution of higher education and high school in this state of the
availability of the materials described in subsection (1) and post the materials on its website.

(3) The department shall encourage each institution of higher education in this state to provide or make available to students enrolled in the institution of higher education, and each high school in this state to provide or make available to parents of students attending the high school, information regarding the risks associated with meningococcal disease and the availability, effectiveness, and potential risks of immunization for meningococcal disease and other diseases about which the department may recommend immunization or immunization information.

(4) As used in this section, “institution of higher education” means a degree or certificate granting public or private college or university, junior college, or community college.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9206 Certificate of immunization required; form; contents; right to object to reporting requirement; report to department; failure to comply with subsection (3); “health care provider” defined.

Sec. 9206. (1) The health care provider administering an immunizing agent to a child shall present the person accompanying the child with a written certificate of immunization, or make an entry of the immunization on a certificate in the person’s possession. The certificate shall be in a form prescribed by the department and shall indicate the diseases or infections for which the child has been immunized, the number of doses given, the dates when administered, and whether further immunizations are indicated.

(2) Before administering an immunizing agent to a child, a health care provider shall notify the parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of the child, on a form provided by the department, of the right to object to the reporting requirement of subsection (3).

(3) Unless the parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of the child who received the immunizing agent objects by written notice received by the health care provider prior to reporting, a health care provider shall report to the department each immunization administered by the health care provider, pursuant to rules promulgated under section 9227. If the parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of the child who was immunized objects to the reporting requirement of this subsection by written notice received by the health care provider prior to notification, the health care provider shall not report the immunization.

(4) A health care provider who complies or fails to comply in good faith with subsection (3) is not liable in a civil action for damages as a result of an act or omission during the compliance, except an act or omission constituting gross negligence or willful and wanton misconduct.

(5) As used in this section, “health care provider” means a health professional, health facility, or local health department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9207 Childhood immunization registry; establishment; purpose; confidentiality and disclosure requirements; use of information.

Sec. 9207. (1) The department shall establish a registry, to be known as the “childhood immunization registry”, to record information regarding immunizations performed under this part. The department shall enter information received under sections 2821 and 9206 in the registry.

(2) The information contained in the childhood immunization registry is subject to the confidentiality and disclosure requirements of this section and sections 2637 and 2888 and to the rules promulgated under section 9227. The department may access the information contained in the childhood immunization registry when necessary to fulfill its duties under this part.

(3) The department shall use the information in the childhood immunization registry only for immunization purposes. The department shall delete information in the childhood immunization registry pertaining to an individual child immediately upon the child reaching the age of 20.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9208 Certificate of immunization or statement of exemption; presentation to school officials; minimum doses of immunizing agent; updated certificate.

Sec. 9208. (1) A parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis applying to have a child registered for the first time
in a school in this state and, beginning in 2002-2003, a parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of a child entering the sixth grade, shall present to school officials, at the time of registration or not later than the first day of school, a certificate of immunization or statement of exemption under section 9215.

(2) A teacher or principal shall not permit a child to enter or attend school unless a certificate indicating that a minimum of 1 dose of an immunizing agent against each of the diseases specified by the department has been received and certified to by a health professional or local health department. A parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis having a child registered with only these minimum doses of immunizing agents shall present an updated certificate of immunization within 4 months after initial attendance showing that the immunizations have been completed as prescribed by the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9209 Immunization status of kindergarten and first grade students; minimum percentage levels of immunization; raising immunization level; report of additional immunizations; form of report; exclusion of child from school attendance.

Sec. 9209. (1) Before November 1 of each year, the principal or administrator of each school shall deliver to the state and local health departments a list of the immunization status at the time of school entry of new entering kindergarten and first grade students.

(2) The department shall prescribe minimum percentage levels of immunization for children in a school.

(3) As a result of the information collected pursuant to subsection (1), the local health officer shall take appropriate action, including immunization clinics, to raise the immunization level of children entering school to the levels established pursuant to subsection (2).

(4) Before the following February 1, the principal or administrator of each school shall update the list to show the additional immunizations received by each child since entering the school. The reports shall be made on forms provided or approved by the department. A child who enters school in September and who has not completed the immunizations required under section 9227 and has not filed an exemption under section 9215 before February 1 shall be excluded from school attendance. A child who enters school at any other time of the school year and who has not completed the immunizations required under section 9227 and has not filed an exemption under section 9215 within 4 months after entrance shall be excluded from school attendance.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9211 Preschool aged child registered in program of group residence, care, or camping; certificate of immunization or statement of exemption; minimum dose of immunizing agent; updated certificate; report of immunization status.

Sec. 9211. (1) A parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis applying to have a preschool aged child registered in a program of group residence, care, or camping shall present to the operator of the program at the time of registration or not later than the first day of the program a certificate of immunization or a statement of exemption under section 9215. The operator of the group program shall not permit a child to attend the group activity unless a minimum of 1 dose of an immunizing agent against each of the diseases specified by the department has been received and certified to by a health professional or local health department. A parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of a child registered with only these minimum doses of an immunizing agent and continuing enrollment in the group program shall present an updated certificate of immunization within 4 months after initial attendance showing that the immunizations have been completed as prescribed by the department, if the child remains in the program.

(2) Upon request by the department or local health department, a program operator shall report to the state and local health departments the immunization status of each child accepted.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9212 Immunization requirements of § 333.9208 as condition for admission to grade in public or nonpublic school.

Sec. 9212. If the immunization level in any grade in a public or nonpublic school in this state falls below the level necessary to guard against the spread of disease within the grade or school as determined by the director or the local health department, the board of the local school district in which the public school is located or the governing
body of the nonpublic school may designate the immunization requirements set forth in section 9208 as a condition for admission to the grade in which the immunization level is low.

Popular name: Act 368

333.9215 Exemptions.
Sec. 9215. (1) A child is exempt from the requirements of this part as to a specific immunization for any period of time as to which a physician certifies that a specific immunization is or may be detrimental to the child's health or is not appropriate.

(2) A child is exempt from this part if a parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of the child presents a written statement to the administrator of the child's school or operator of the group program to the effect that the requirements of this part cannot be met because of religious convictions or other objection to immunization.

Popular name: Act 368

333.9221 Enforcement; cooperation.
Sec. 9221. The departments of education and social services shall cooperate with the department in the administration and enforcement of this part.

Popular name: Act 368

333.9227 Rules.
Sec. 9227. The department shall promulgate rules to implement this part, including, but not limited to, rules governing all of the following:

(a) Age periods for immunizations.
(b) The minimum ages at which immunization may be commenced.
(c) The minimum number of doses required during a specified time period.
(d) Minimum levels of immunization for children in school.
(e) Reporting under section 9206(3).
(f) The acquisition, maintenance, and dissemination of information contained in the childhood immunization registry established under section 9207.

Popular name: Act 368
Administrative rules: R 325.171 et seq. and R 325.3501 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.9229 Violation as misdemeanor.
Sec. 9229. A person who violates this part or a rule promulgated under this part is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Popular name: Act 368

PART 93
HEARING AND VISION

333.9301 Free hearing and vision testing and screening programs; publicity.
Sec. 9301. A local health department shall conduct periodic hearing and vision testing and screening programs without charge for children residing in its jurisdiction. The local health department shall publicize the free testing and screening service and the time and place of the clinics.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the bureau of child and family services, with the exception of the women, infants, and children division, from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
Popular name: Act 368

333.9302 Duty of parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis; time and frequency of testing and screening.
Sec. 9302. A parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of a child shall provide for the child's hearing and vision testing and screening by an agency designated by the local health department. The testing and screening shall be given during an age period and at a frequency specified by the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9303 Program to assist local health departments; establishment and administration.

Sec. 9303. (1) The department shall establish and administer a program to assist local health departments in developing and maintaining periodic hearing and vision testing and screening programs for children.

(2) The department may establish and administer a program to assist local health departments in developing and maintaining periodic hearing and vision testing and screening programs for adults.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9305 Follow-up treatment; statement; information.

Sec. 9305. (1) When the result of a hearing or vision testing or screening indicates that a child requires follow-up care, a professional authorized by law, a local health department, or other agency shall present the person bringing the child a written statement clearly indicating that follow-up treatment is required.

(2) The local health department, upon request, shall provide information concerning the availability and sources of vision and hearing treatment required to eliminate or reduce an identified problem.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9307 Registration of child for kindergarten or first grade; certificate of hearing and vision testing or screening or statement of exemption required; summary of hearing or vision reports; forms; records.

Sec. 9307. (1) A parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis applying to have a child registered for the first time in a kindergarten or first grade in a school in this state shall present to school officials, at the time of registration or not later than the first day of school, a certificate of hearing and vision testing or screening or statement of exemption under section 9311.

(2) Before November 1 of each year, the principal or administrator of each school shall give the state and local health departments a summary of the hearing and vision reports at the time of school entry of new entering kindergarten and first grade students. The reports shall be made on forms provided or approved by the department.

(3) Records of testing and screening administered and conducted shall be made and preserved as provided by the department. The records shall be available to health agencies and other persons to assist in obtaining proper and necessary health and educational care, attention, and treatment as permitted by the department. Individual testing and screening records shall be confidential as required by section 2637.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9309 Individual testing and screening to determine hearing efficiency.

Sec. 9309. If it appears as the result of a testing and screening program that the hearing of a child may be impaired, the department shall conduct or cause to be administered individual testing and screening with approved scientific instruments for determining the hearing efficiency of the child.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9311 Exemption.

Sec. 9311. A child is exempt from this part if a parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis of the child presents a written statement to the administrator of the child's school stating that the requirement violates the personal religious beliefs of the parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9315 Advisory committee; appointment of members; duties; cooperation of department.

Sec. 9315. (1) The director may appoint an advisory committee consisting of health professionals in hearing and
vision, physicians and optometrists, and individuals representing schools. The advisory committee shall assist the department with hearing and vision programs and shall conform to the requirements of section 2215.

(2) The department shall cooperate with any agency of the state charged with the administration of laws providing for children with disabilities, and with a local health department or other community group in encouraging remedial measures and correctional devices available for children with hearing or vision impairment.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9321 Rules.

Sec. 9321. The department may promulgate rules to implement this part, including the age and frequency for testing and screening under section 9302 and the maintenance and disclosure of records under section 9307.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.3271 et seq. and R 325.13091 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.9329 Violation as misdemeanor.

Sec. 9329. A person who violates this part or a rule promulgated under this part is guilty of a misdemeanor.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 95

BREAST CANCER PROGRAM

333.9501 Breast cancer mortality reduction program; creation; scope.

Sec. 9501. The breast cancer mortality reduction program is created in the department. The program shall include, but is not limited to, all of the following:

(a) Professional education programs for health professionals to develop state-of-the-art skills in cancer screening, diagnosis, referral, treatment, and rehabilitation.

(b) Public education programs to assist the public in understanding all of the following:

(i) The benefits of regular breast cancer screening.

(ii) How to make the best use of the medical care system for cancer screening, diagnosis, referral, treatment, and rehabilitation.

(iii) The available options for treatment of cancer.

(c) An applied research and community demonstration grant program that provides grants to local communities to demonstrate and evaluate 1 or more of the following:

(i) Methods to reduce cancer morbidity and mortality.

(ii) Economical and effective methods of providing access to breast cancer screening, diagnosis, referral, treatment, and rehabilitation services for populations with higher than expected rates of breast cancer morbidity or mortality.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the center for health promotion and chronic disease prevention from the department of public health to the director of the department community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.9503 Report.

Sec. 9503. The department shall biennially submit a report to the senate and house committees with jurisdiction over matters pertaining to public health. The report shall evaluate the effectiveness of the breast cancer mortality reduction program. The report shall include, but is not limited to, data describing the rate of breast cancer morbidity and mortality in this state and the extent of participation in breast cancer screening.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 96
333.9601 Laboratories; establishment, operation, and maintenance; services; continuation of existing laboratories; location; agreements and contracts; fees; development and publication of comprehensive schedule of testing services and fees; report.

Sec. 9601. (1) The department shall maintain and operate laboratories for the protection of the public health by developing or otherwise providing for adequate laboratory services to support public health programs and to fulfill the requirements of law. The director shall determine the services to be offered by the laboratories. Laboratories established by law on the effective date of this part shall be continued until otherwise provided by law. Other laboratories shall be located at places designated by the department.

(2) The state, counties, and cities may enter into agreements and contracts necessary or appropriate to the establishment, operation, and maintenance of the laboratories required under subsection (1).

(3) Beginning October 1, 1991, the director may charge a reasonable fee for a testing service provided by a laboratory maintained and operated by the department under subsection (1). For fiscal year 1991-92 and subsequent fiscal years, the director shall not charge a fee under this subsection that is greater than the fees established under Executive Order No. 1991-17. Before collecting a fee under this subsection, the department shall develop and publish a comprehensive schedule of testing services and fees. The schedule shall include a description of each testing service and the maximum fee charged for each testing service. Along with the schedule submitted to the director of the department of management and budget for approval under this subsection, the department shall submit a statement of the rationale used in determining the fees contained in the schedule. The department shall submit the schedule for approval to the director of the department of management and budget. The fees contained in the schedule shall not exceed the amount necessary to fund the testing service provided. The department also shall submit to the director of the department of management and budget for approval any revision to the original schedule of testing services and fees.

(4) The department shall submit to the director of the department of management and budget and to the legislature an annual report that contains all of the following information:

(a) The number of tests performed in the preceding year for which a fee can be charged under this section.
(b) The total amount of fees collected under this section.
(c) Any costs related to providing testing services for which a fee can be charged under this section.

Compiler’s note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the bureau of infectious disease control from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.9611 Agreements relating to laboratory services.

Sec. 9611. Before an existing agreement relating to laboratory services between the state and county or city, or both, expires, the parties thereto may enter into further agreements covering the same general subject matter on terms acceptable to all the parties. Repeal by this code of prior statutory authority relating to such agreements does not affect any agreement made pursuant thereto, nor the authority conferred by this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9621 Microbiological examination and analysis; container for sample; statement; no charge.

Sec. 9621. A local health department, a state institution, or a physician may require a microbiological examination and analysis of blood, sputum, urine, water, milk, or other substance from a locality where there is an outbreak of a communicable disease or epidemic requiring the examination or analysis to protect the public health or for locating sources of infection. These agencies may also require examination and analysis of public water supplies and water used by the public to assure quality and safety. These agencies shall forward or deliver to the department a sample of the substance to be examined and analyzed in an appropriate container, accompanied by a statement indicating the examination and analyses requested. The examination and analyses for these purposes shall be without charge.


Popular name: Act 368

333.9623 Laboratory testing fund; creation; use; unexpended funds.
PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

Sec. 9623. (1) The laboratory testing fund is created in the state treasury. The department shall expend the fund only as provided in this section.

(2) The state treasurer shall credit to the laboratory testing fund all fees received by the department under this part.

(3) The department shall use the laboratory testing fund only to develop and provide laboratory services under this part including, but not limited to, purchasing equipment, developing procedures, and making other improvements to the laboratory testing program determined necessary by the department.

(4) Unexpended funds remaining in the laboratory testing fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the laboratory testing fund and shall not revert to the general fund.


Popular name: Act 368

ARTICLE 10
ANATOMICAL GIFTS AND DISPOSITION OF HUMAN BODY PARTS

PART 101
UNIFORM ANATOMICAL GIFT LAW

333.10101 Definitions.

Sec. 10101. As used in this part:

(a) “Bank or storage facility” means a facility licensed, accredited, or approved under the laws of any state for storage of human bodies or physical parts thereof.

(b) “Decedent” means a deceased individual and includes a stillborn infant or fetus.

(c) “Donor” means an individual who makes a gift of all or a physical part of his or her body.

(d) “Hospital” means a hospital licensed, accredited, or approved under the laws of any state. It includes a hospital operated by the United States government, a state or a subdivision thereof, although not required to be licensed under state laws.

(e) “Person” means an individual, corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association, or any other legal entity.

(f) “Physical part” means organs, tissues, eyes, bones, arteries, blood, other fluids, and any other portions of a human body.

(g) “Physician” or “surgeon” means a physician or surgeon licensed or authorized to practice under the laws of any state.

(h) “State medical school” means the university of Michigan school of medicine, the Michigan state university college of human medicine, the Michigan state university college of osteopathic medicine, or the Wayne state university school of medicine.


Popular name: Act 368

Popular name: Uniform Anatomical Gift Act

333.10102 Gift of all or physical part of individual's body; gift effective upon death; authorized persons; priority; circumstances; revocation; notice of opposition; time of making gift; examination; rights of donee.

Sec. 10102. (1) An individual of sound mind and 18 years of age or more may make a gift of all or a physical part of his or her body for a purpose specified in section 10103, effective upon that individual's death.

(2) Upon or immediately before the death of an individual who has not made a gift of all or a physical part of his or her body under this part, an individual having the following relationship to that individual may, in the following order of priority and subject to subsection (3), make a gift of all or a physical part of the deceased individual's body for a purpose specified in section 10103:

(a) A patient advocate designated under section 5506 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.5506, who is authorized to make such a gift.

(b) The spouse.

(c) An adult son or daughter.
(d) Either parent.
(e) An adult brother or sister.
(f) A guardian of the person of the decedent at the time of the death.
(g) An individual other than an individual described in subdivisions (a) to (f), who is authorized or under obligation to dispose of the body.

(3) An individual described in subsection (2) may make a gift of all or a physical part of a decedent’s body in accordance with this part if each of the following circumstances exists:
   (a) An individual having a higher priority under subsection (2) to make the gift is not available or is not capable of making the decision at the time of the decedent’s death.
   (b) The individual making the gift has not received actual notice that the decedent had expressed an unwillingness to make the gift.
   (c) The individual making the gift has not received actual notice that an individual having equal or greater priority under subsection (2) opposes the making of the gift.

(4) A gift made by an individual described in subsection (2) is not revocable by an individual having a lower priority under subsection (2).

(5) If the donee has actual notice that the decedent had expressed an unwillingness to make the gift, or actual notice that an individual having a higher priority under subsection (2) opposes the making of the gift, the donee shall not accept the gift.

(6) A gift of all or a physical part of a body under this section authorizes any examination necessary to assure medical acceptability of the gift for the purposes intended.

(7) The rights of the donee created by the gift are paramount to the rights of others except as provided by section 10108(4).

Popular name: Act 368
Popular name: Uniform Anatomical Gift Act

333.10102a Requesting consent to gift of all or any physical part of decedent's body; conditions prohibiting request for consent; organ donation log; transmitting summary of information in log to department; execution of gift; development and implementation of policy regarding requests; revocation; rules; withdrawal or withholding of medical care not authorized.

Sec. 10102a. (1) Subject to section 10102 and subsections (2) to (8), an individual designated under subsection (7) shall, at or near the death of a patient whose body, according to accepted medical standards, is suitable for donation or for the donation of physical parts, request 1 of the individuals listed in section 10102(2), in the order of priority stated, to consent to the gift of all or any physical part of the decedent's body.

(2) The individual designated under subsection (7) shall not make a request for consent pursuant to subsection (1) if 1 or more of the following conditions exist:
   (a) The individual designated under subsection (7) has actual notice that the patient or decedent had expressed an unwillingness to make the gift.
   (b) The individual designated under subsection (7) has actual notice that an individual with a higher priority or equal priority listed in section 10102(2) opposes the making of a gift.
   (c) The individual designated under subsection (7) has knowledge that the gift of all or any physical part of a body is contrary to the religious beliefs of the decedent.

(3) Each hospital shall maintain a hospital organ donation log sheet on a form provided by the department. The organ donation log sheet shall include all of the following information:
   (a) The name and age of the patient or decedent for whom a request is made under this section.
   (b) A list of patients or decedents for whom a request was not made pursuant to this section and the reason for not making the request, as set forth in subsection (2) or (8).
   (c) An indication that a request for consent to a gift of all or any physical part of a body has been made.
   (d) An indication of whether or not consent was granted.
   (e) If consent was granted, an indication of which physical parts of the body were donated or whether the entire body was donated.

(4) After making a request for a gift under subsection (1) or after the death of a patient or decedent who made a gift under section 10102(1), the individual designated under subsection (7) shall complete the hospital’s organ donation log sheet.

(5) A summary of the information contained in the organ donation log sheets annually shall be transmitted by
each hospital to the department. The summary shall include all of the following:

(a) The number of deaths.
(b) The number of requests made.
(c) The number of consents granted.
(d) The number of bodies or physical parts donated in each category as specified on the organ donation log sheet.

(6) A gift made pursuant to a request required by this section shall be executed pursuant to this part. The chief executive officer of each hospital shall develop and implement a policy regarding requests made under this section. The policy shall provide, at a minimum, for all of the following:

(a) The designation of individuals who shall make requests under this section.
(b) That if a patient's religious preference is known, a clergy of that denomination shall, if possible, be made available upon request to the individuals to whom a request under this section is made.
(c) The development of a support system that facilitates the making of requests under this section.
(d) The maintenance of the organ donation log sheet required by subsection (3).

(8) If an individual has made a gift under section 10102(1), the gift is not revocable after the death of that individual and the individual designated under subsection (7) is not required to make a request for consent under this section unless the decedent had revoked the gift under section 10107.

(9) The director may promulgate rules to establish minimum training standards for persons required to make requests pursuant to this section and to revise the organ donation log sheet required by subsection (3). The section shall not be construed to authorize the withdrawal or withholding of medical care for a patient who is a possible donor and who is near death.


Popular name: Act 368
Popular name: Uniform Anatomical Gift Act

333.10103 Authorized donees.

Sec. 10103. The following persons may become donees of gifts of bodies or physical parts thereof for the purposes stated:

(a) Any hospital, surgeon, or physician for medical or dental education, research, advancement of medical or dental science, therapy, or transplantation.
(b) Any accredited medical or dental school, college, or university for education, research, advancement of medical or dental science, or therapy.
(c) Any bank or storage facility for medical or dental education, research, advancement of medical or dental science, therapy, or transplantation.
(d) Any specified individual for therapy or transplantation needed by that individual.
(e) Any approved or accredited school of optometry, nursing, or veterinary medicine.


Popular name: Act 368
Popular name: Uniform Anatomical Gift Act

333.10104 Gift by will or document other than will.

Sec. 10104. (1) A gift of all or a physical part of the donor's body under section 10102(1) may be made by will. The gift becomes effective upon the death of the testator without waiting for probate. If the will is not probated, or if the will is declared invalid for testamentary purposes, the gift, to the extent that the gift has been acted upon in good faith, is nevertheless valid and effective.

(2) A gift of all or a physical part of the donor's body under section 10102(1) may also be made by document of gift other than a will. A gift made by a document of gift described in this subsection becomes effective upon the death of the donor. Subject to subsections (3) and (4), a document of gift other than a will may be 1 or more of the following:

(a) A personal identification card issued to the donor by the secretary of state under 1972 PA 222, MCL 28.291 to 28.300, that contains a statement that the holder of the personal identification card is an organ and tissue donor under this part, along with the signature of the holder and the signature of at least 1 witness to the holder's signature, as described in section 2 of 1972 PA 222, MCL 28.292.
(b) A motor vehicle operator's or chauffeur's license issued to the donor by the secretary of state under the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1 to 257.923, that contains a statement that the licensee is an organ and tissue donor under this part, along with the signature of the licensee and the signature of at least 1 witness to the
licensee's signature, as described in section 310 of the Michigan vehicle code, 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.310.

(c) A document of gift that conforms substantially to the following form:

Uniform Donor Card

of ........................................................................................................................................................................................

Print or type name of donor

In the hope that I may help others, I hereby make this anatomical gift if medically acceptable, to take effect upon my death. The words and marks below indicate my desires.

I give:  
(a) ............................................................. any needed organs or physical parts

(b) .............................................................. only the following organs or physical parts

Specify the organ(s) or physical part(s)

For the purposes of transplantation, therapy, medical research or education;

(c) ............................................................. my body for anatomical study if needed.

Limitations or special wishes, if any:

Signed by the donor and at least 1 witness, in the presence of each other:

_________________________________________  __________________________________________
Signature of donor                                 Date of birth of donor

_________________________________________  __________________________________________
Date signed                                      City and state

_________________________________________  __________________________________________
Witness                                          Witness

(3) If a donor does not specify a gift of his or her entire body in the statement described in subsection (2)(a) or (b) on the individual's personal identification card or motor vehicle operator's or chauffeur's license, the gift is limited to physical parts of the donor's body and does not include the donor's entire body.

(4) A gift under section 10102 may be made to a specified or unspecified donee. If the donee is not specified, the attending physician may accept the gift as donee upon or following the donor's death. If the gift is made to a specified donee who is not available at the time and place of death, the attending physician may, upon or following the donor's death, and in the absence of any expressed indication that the donor desired otherwise, accept the gift as donee. An attending physician who becomes a donee under this subsection shall not participate in the procedures for removing or transplanting a physical part.

(5) Notwithstanding section 10108(4), the donor may designate in his or her will or other document of gift described in subsection (2) the physician who is to carry out the procedures necessary to effectuate the gift.
absence of a designation under this subsection or if the designee is not available, the donee or other person authorized to accept the gift may employ or authorize another physician for the purpose of effectuating the gift.

(6) A donor who is unable to sign a document of gift may direct another individual to sign the document of gift on his or her behalf if the signature of the other individual is made in the donor's presence and in the presence of at least 1 witness. The witness shall also sign the document of gift in the donor's presence.

(7) A gift of all or a physical part of a donor's body made by will as authorized by subsection (1) or by a document of gift other than a will as authorized by subsection (2) is not revocable after the death of the donor.

(8) A gift by an individual designated in section 10102(2) shall be made by a document signed by the individual or made by the individual's telegraphic, electronic, recorded telephonic, or other recorded message.

(9) A document of gift executed in another state or foreign country and in accord with the laws of that state or country is valid as a document of gift in this state, even if the document does not conform substantially to the form set forth in subsection (2)(c).


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Popular name:** Uniform Anatomical Gift Act

**333.10105 Excising eye or physical part thereof; operation and placement of gift in eye bank; persons qualified to perform operation.**

Sec. 10105. In the absence of designation of a physician or surgeon by either the donor or the donee of an eye or a physical part thereof of a decedent, or because the physician or surgeon is not readily available to excise the eye or physical part thereof as specified in a donor card or will, a licensed physician or a person who is certified by a state medical school may perform the operation and arrange for placement of the gift in the nearest eye bank. A state medical school may certify a person as qualified to perform the operation required for the removal of an eye or a physical part thereof only after successfully completing a comprehensive course in eye enucleation organized and conducted by the state medical school or who has successfully completed a similar course offered by a nationally accredited medical school located outside this state.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Popular name:** Uniform Anatomical Gift Act

**333.10106 Gift to specified donee; delivery and deposit of will, card, or other document, or executed copy thereof; examination of document.**

Sec. 10106. If the gift is made by the donor to a specified donee, the will, card, or other document, or an executed copy thereof, may be delivered to the donee to expedite the appropriate procedures immediately after death. Delivery is not necessary to the validity of the gift. The will, card, or other document, or an executed copy thereof, may be deposited in any hospital, bank or storage facility, or registry office that accepts it for safekeeping or for facilitation of procedures after death. On request of any interested party upon or after the donor's death, the person in possession shall produce the document for examination.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Popular name:** Uniform Anatomical Gift Act

**333.10107 Methods of amending or revoking gift.**

Sec. 10107. (1) If the will, card, or other document or executed copy thereof, has been delivered to a specified donee, the donor may amend or revoke the gift by any of the following methods:

(a) The execution and delivery to the donee of a signed statement.

(b) An oral statement made in the presence of 2 persons and communicated to the donee.

(c) A statement during a terminal illness or injury addressed to an attending physician and communicated to the donee.

(d) A signed card or document found on the donor's person or in the donor's effects.

(2) Any document of gift which has not been delivered to the donee may be revoked by the donor in the manner set out in subsection (1), or by destruction, cancellation, or mutilation of the document and all executed copies thereof.

(3) Any gift made by a will may also be amended or revoked in the manner provided for amendment or revocation of wills, or as provided in subsection (1).

333.10108 Acceptance or rejection of gift by donee; embalming and use of body in funeral services; custody of remainder of body after removal of physical part; liability of holder of license for practice of mortuary science; determining time of death; restriction on attending or certifying physician; immunity of person acting in good faith; applicability of laws with respect to autopsies.

Sec. 10108. (1) The donee may accept or reject the gift. If the donee accepts a gift of the entire body, the surviving spouse, next of kin, or other persons having authority to direct and arrange for the funeral and burial or other disposition of the body, subject to the terms of the gift, may authorize embalming and the use of the body in funeral services. If the gift is a physical part of the body, the donee, upon the death of the donor and prior to embalming, shall cause the physical part to be removed without unnecessary mutilation. After removal of the physical part, custody of the remainder of the body vests in the surviving spouse, next of kin, or such other persons having authority to direct and arrange for the funeral and burial or other disposition of the remainder of the body. The holder of a license for the practice of mortuary science under article 18 of the occupational code, Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980, being sections 339.1801 to 339.1812 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, who acts pursuant to the directions of persons alleging to have authority to direct and arrange for the funeral and burial or other disposition of the remainder of the body, is relieved of any liability for the funeral and for the burial or other disposition of the remainder of the body. A holder of a license for the practice of mortuary science under that act may rely on the instructions and directions of any person alleging to be either a donee or a person authorized under this part to donate a body or any physical part thereof. A holder of a license for the practice of mortuary science under that act is not liable for removal of any physical part of a body donated under this part.

(2) The time of death shall be determined by a physician who attends the donor at the death, or, if none, the physician who certifies the death. The attending or certifying physician shall not participate in the procedures for removing or transplanting a physical part.

(3) A person, including a hospital, who acts in good faith in accord with the terms of this part or with the anatomical gift laws of another state or a foreign country is not liable for damages in any civil action or subject to prosecution in any criminal proceeding for the act.

(4) This part is subject to the laws of this state prescribing powers and duties with respect to autopsies.


333.10109 Construction.

Sec. 10109. This part shall be construed to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it.


333.10201 Definitions.

Sec. 10201. As used in this part:

(a) “Bank or storage facility” means a facility licensed, accredited, or approved under the laws of any state for storage of human bodies or physical parts of human bodies.

(b) “Next of kin” means the spouse of a deceased individual or a person related to a deceased individual within the third degree of consanguinity as determined by the civil law method.


333.10202 Removal of cornea; circumstances.

Sec. 10202. (1) In any case in which an autopsy is to be done by a county medical examiner or a county medical
examiner causes an autopsy to be done, the cornea of the deceased person may be removed by a person authorized
by the county medical examiner.

(2) Removal under subsection (1) may be made only under the following circumstances:
(a) An autopsy has already been authorized by the county medical examiner.
(b) The county medical examiner does not have knowledge of an objection by the next of kin of the decedent to
the removal of the cornea.
(c) The removal of the cornea will not interfere with the course of any subsequent investigation or autopsy or
alter post-mortem facial appearance.

Popular name: Act 368

333.10203 Removal of cornea; liability.
Sec. 10203. The county medical examiner, the assistant county medical examiner, a bank or storage facility, or
any person authorized by the county medical examiner to remove the cornea of a deceased person, shall not be
liable in a civil action if it is subsequently alleged that authorization for the removal was required of the next of kin.

Popular name: Act 368

333.10204 Prohibited conduct; felony; permissible practices; definitions; rules.
Sec. 10204. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a person shall not knowingly acquire, receive, or
otherwise transfer a human organ or part of a human organ for valuable consideration for any purpose, including
but not limited to transplantation, implantation, infusion, injection, or other medical or scientific purpose. A person
who violates this subsection is guilty of a felony.

(2) Subsection (1) does not prohibit 1 or more of the following practices:
(a) The removal and use of a human cornea pursuant to section 10202, or the removal and use of a human
pituitary gland pursuant to section 2855.
(b) An anatomical gift pursuant to part 101, or the acquisition or distribution of bodies or parts by the director
pursuant to sections 2651 to 2663.
(c) Financial assistance payments provided under a plan of insurance or other health care coverage.

(3) Only an individual who is 1 of the following may surgically remove a human organ for transplantation,
implantation, infusion, injection, or any other medical or scientific purpose:
(a) A physician licensed under article 15.
(b) An individual acting under the delegatory authority and supervision of a physician pursuant to section
16215(2), but not including an individual whose license has been suspended under article 15. This subdivision
includes, but is not limited to, an individual described in section 16215(3).
(c) For the purposes of surgically removing a human organ that is an eye or a physical part of an eye only, an
individual certified by a state medical school as described in section 10105.
(d) An individual residing in another state and authorized to practice allopathic medicine or osteopathic medicine
and surgery in that state who is called into this state by a physician licensed under article 15 and is authorized by a
hospital licensed under article 17 to surgically remove 1 or more of the following organs for transport back to the
other state:
(i) A heart.
(ii) A liver.
(iii) A lung.
(iv) A pancreas.
(v) A kidney.
(vi) All or part of an intestine.
(vii) Any other human organ specified by rule promulgated by the department under subsection (6).

(4) An individual who violates subsection (3) is guilty of a felony.

(5) As used in this section:
(a) “Human organ” means the human kidney, liver, heart, lung, pancreas, intestine, bone marrow, cornea, eye,
bone, skin, cartilage, dura mater, ligaments, tendons, fascia, pituitary gland, and middle ear structures and any other
human organ specified by rule promulgated by the department under subsection (6). Human organ does not include
whole blood, blood plasma, blood products, blood derivatives, other self-replicating body fluids, or human hair.
(b) “Valuable consideration” does not include the reasonable payments associated with the removal,
transportation, implantation, processing, preservation, quality control, and storage of a human organ or the medical expenses and expenses of travel, housing, and lost wages incurred by the donor of a human organ in connection with the donation of the human organ.

(6) The department may promulgate rules to specify human organs in addition to the human organs listed in subsection (3)(d)(i) to (vi) or (5)(a).


Popular name: Act 368

333.10205 Surgical removal of human organ for transplant, implant, infusion, injection or other purpose.

Sec. 10205. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (2) and (3), an individual who surgically removes a human organ for transplantation, implantation, infusion, injection, or any other medical or scientific purpose shall perform the surgery only in 1 of the following facilities:

(a) A hospital licensed under article 17.

(b) A facility approved by the director of the department of consumer and industry services under subsection (4).

(2) An individual who surgically removes a human organ consisting of tissue, a cornea, or a whole eye for transplantation, implantation, infusion, injection, or any other medical or scientific purpose shall perform the removal surgery only in 1 of the following facilities or in a hospital or other facility described in subsection (1)(a) or (b):

(a) A mortuary that is part of a funeral establishment owned or operated by the holder of a license for the practice of mortuary science issued under article 18 of the occupational code, 1980 PA 299, MCL 339.1801 to 339.1812.

(b) A morgue or a facility operated by a county medical examiner appointed under 1953 PA 181, MCL 52.201 to 52.216.

(3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply to a licensed allopathic physician or osteopathic physician who performs a biopsy or the routine removal of human tissue from a patient in the physician's private practice office or other health facility licensed under article 17 for the diagnosis or treatment of that patient and not for purposes of transplantation, implantation, infusion, or injection.

(4) The director of the department of consumer and industry services may promulgate rules to designate 1 or more approved facilities for purposes of subsection (1)(b).

(5) An individual who violates subsection (1) or (2) is guilty of a felony.


Popular name: Act 368

333.11101 Prohibited donation or sale of blood or blood products; notice of violation.

Sec. 11101. An individual shall not donate or sell his or her blood or blood products to a blood bank or storage facility or to an agency or organization that collects blood or blood products for a blood bank or storage facility knowing that he or she has tested positive for the presence of HIV or an antibody to HIV. A blood bank or other health facility to which blood or blood products is donated in violation of this section immediately shall notify the local health department of the violation. The local health facility will immediately proceed under part 52.


Popular name: Act 368

ARTICLE 12
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

PART 121
GENERAL PROVISIONS

333.12101 “Environmental health” defined; general definitions and principles of construction.

Sec. 12101. (1) As used in this article, “environmental health” means the area of activity which deals with the protection of human health through the management, control, and prevention of environmental factors which may adversely affect the health of individuals. This activity is concerned with the existence of substances, conditions, or
facilities in quantities, of characteristics, and under conditions, circumstances, or duration which are or can be injurious to human health.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of environmental health, with the exception of the food service sanitation program and the shelter environment program, from the director of the department of public health to the director of the department of environmental quality, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12103 Department as environmental health agency; purpose; duties.

Sec. 12103. The department shall serve as the environmental health agency for this state to facilitate a uniform approach to environmental health by the various public and private entities involved in that field and shall:

(a) Advise the governor, boards, commissions, and state agencies on matters of the environment as those matters affect the health of the people of this state.

(b) Cooperate with and provide environmental health resource support to state and local health planning agencies and other state, district, and local agencies mandated by law or otherwise designated to develop, maintain, or administer state and local health programs and plans, and other public and private entities involved in environmental health activities.

(c) Develop and maintain the capability to monitor and evaluate conditions which represent potential and actual environmental health hazards, reporting its findings to appropriate state departments and local jurisdictions, and to the public as necessary.

(d) Provide an environmental health policy for the state and an environmental health services plan to include environmental health activities of local health jurisdictions.

(e) Serve as the central repository and clearinghouse for the collection, evaluation, and dissemination of data and information on environmental health hazards, programs, and practices.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12104 Statutes which impact on environmental health; review; recommendations; state programs related to lead-based paint poisoning and rodent control.

Sec. 12104. (1) The department shall continually review all statutes which impact on environmental health and may recommend the updating or incorporation of those statutes into this code. Recommendations for inclusion of environmental health statutes in this code shall take cognizance of the alternative preventive health and engineering approaches to environmental health issues and fully consider the roles of local health departments and local governing and planning entities in the implementation of authorized programs and assure their participation in the consideration of their roles.

(2) Not later than 12 months after the effective date of this section, the director shall make recommendations to the governor and legislature for state programs related to lead-based paint poisoning and rodent control.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12105 Organizational structure; creation; purpose.

Sec. 12105. The director shall create an organizational structure within the department to carry on the functions required by this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12106 Delegation of license inspection function to local health department; denial or granting of license; explanatory statement.

Sec. 12106. If the state department of public health delegates a license inspection function under this article to a local health department and the local health department recommends denial of the license, based on a local inspection, the license shall be denied unless the state department of public health upon prompt inspection determines that the license shall be granted. The state department of public health shall issue an explanatory statement when granting a license not recommended by a local health department.

PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

Popular name: Act 368

333.12195 Alternative waste disposal systems.
Sec. 12195. This article shall not limit the exploration of alternative waste disposal systems in a manner consistent with state and federal law.

PART 122
HOUSING


PART 124
AGRICULTURAL LABOR CAMPS

333.12401 Definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 12401. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Advisory board” means the board appointed pursuant to section 12421.
(b) “Agricultural labor camp” means a tract of land and all tents, vehicles, buildings, or other structures pertaining thereto, part of which is established, occupied, or used as living quarters for 5 or more migratory laborers engaged in agricultural activities, including related food processing.
(c) “Camp operator” means a person who owns, establishes, operates, conducts, manages, or maintains an agricultural labor camp or who causes or permits the occupancy or use of an agricultural labor camp whether or not rent is charged for housing and facilities.
(d) “Fund” means the migratory labor housing fund.
(e) “Migratory laborer” means a person working, or available for work, who moves seasonally 1 or more times from 1 place to another from within or without the state for the purpose of such employment or availability or who is employed in the growing of mushrooms.
(f) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.
(g) “Remodeling” means the remodeling, improving, or reconstruction of existing housing or facilities which are incidental or appurtenant thereto for migratory laborers or the construction of new housing or facilities which are incidental or appurtenant thereto for migratory laborers.
(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.
Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of environmental health, with the exception of the food service sanitation program and the shelter environment program, from the director of the department of public health to the director of the department of environmental quality, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

333.12411 License for operation of agricultural labor camp required; posting license or license placard; notice of construction, enlargement, or conversion.
Sec. 12411. (1) A person shall not operate an agricultural labor camp or cause to be operated or allow an agricultural labor camp to be occupied and used as an agricultural labor camp, without a license. The agricultural labor camp shall be operated only while the license remains in effect. The camp operator shall post the license or the license placard issued by the department in a conspicuous place in the agricultural labor camp to which it applies. The license or placard shall continue to remain posted during the entire time the agricultural labor camp is operated.
(2) A person shall not construct or alter for occupancy or use, an agricultural labor camp or any portion or facility thereof, or convert a property for use or occupancy as an agricultural labor camp, without giving written notice of the intent to do so to the department at least 30 days before the date of beginning the construction, enlargement, or conversion. The notice shall give the name of the city, village, or township in which the property is located, the
location of the property within that area, a brief description of the proposed construction, enlargement, or conversion, the name and mailing address of the person giving the notice, and the person's telephone number, if any.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12412 License for operation of agricultural labor camp; form, contents, and time of application.
Sec. 12412. (1) A person desiring to operate an agricultural labor camp in this state shall make application to the department on the forms and in the manner prescribed by the department.

(2) The application shall include:
(a) The full name and address of the applicant. If the applicant is a corporation, partnership, firm, or association, the name and address of the principal officers or partners shall be stated.
(b) The location of the agricultural labor camp.
(c) The maximum number of people who will occupy the camp at any time.
(d) The months during which the camp will be used or occupied.
(e) A brief description of the tents, vehicles, buildings, or other structures in which individuals will be housed.
(f) A brief description of the sanitary, water, cooking, and sewage facilities available.
(g) Other information required by the department.

(3) An application for a license to operate an agricultural labor camp shall be made at least 30 days before the first day that the proposed camp is to be operated.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12413 License for operation of agricultural labor camp; issuance; duration; recital on face of license; transferability or assignability.
Sec. 12413. (1) The department shall issue a license for the operation of the agricultural labor camp, if after investigation and inspection, it finds that the camp and its proposed operation conforms or will conform to the minimum standards of construction, health, sanitation, sewage, water supply, plumbing, garbage and rubbish disposal, and operation set forth in the rules promulgated under section 12421. The license shall be valid for the balance of the calendar year during which it is issued.

(2) The license shall recite on its face that the camp operator shall comply with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(3) The license is not transferable or assignable, except with the express written consent of the department.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12414 Temporary license; renewal application.
Sec. 12414. (1) A temporary license may be issued for not more than 3 months pending the results of an inspection or pending the correction of certain designated items. Not more than 2 temporary licenses pending correction of the same violation shall be issued for a camp.

(2) A renewal application shall be filed after January of each year to operate the agricultural labor camp during the year, but at least 30 days before the agricultural labor camp is to commence operation.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12415 Denial of application for license; notice; hearing.
Sec. 12415. When the department denies an application for a license to operate an agricultural labor camp, it shall give written notice of the denial by certified mail to the applicant stating reasons for the denial. An applicant denied a license may request a hearing before the department on the denial not later than 4 days after receipt of the denial. The department shall hold the hearing on the denial not later than 7 days after receipt of the request.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12416 Suspension or revocation of license; grounds; notice; hearing; appeal.
Sec. 12416. (1) The department may suspend or revoke the license of a camp operator, after due notice and hearing, upon a finding that the camp operator is in violation of this part or the rules promulgated pursuant to this part. If the department believes that a camp operator is violating this part or the rules, the department shall set a hearing, give written notice thereof by certified mail at least 4 days before the date of the hearing, and set forth in writing the charges against the camp operator. The hearing shall be conducted according to the administrative procedures act of 1969.

(2) After a hearing, the department may suspend the license of the camp operator for a fixed period of time or until the camp operator meets the requirements of this part and the rules or may revoke the license.

(3) A camp operator aggrieved by the decision of the department to suspend or revoke the license may appeal as provided by the administrative procedures act of 1969.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12421 Rules.
Sec. 12421. (1) The department shall promulgate rules for the protection of the health, safety, and welfare of migratory laborers and their families who occupy agricultural labor camps.

(2) The rules shall include provisions for:

(a) The appointment by the director of an advisory board representing, among others, growers, processors, local health departments, and religious or fraternal organizations. The advisory board shall advise the department on the allocation of the fund and any matter which pertains to this part and shall make recommendations to the department as to legislation or other measures necessary or advisable to alleviate a migratory farm labor housing problem.

(b) The collection, treatment, and disposal of human wastes and sewage at agricultural labor camps.

(c) The supply and maintenance of safe water at agricultural labor camps.

(d) The temporary storage and removal of food wastes and rubbish at agricultural labor camps.

(e) The housing of seasonal laborers and their families, including adequate and safe construction and repair, fire protection, facilities for laborers and their families to keep and prepare food, and other necessary matters relating to their good health, safety, and welfare.

(f) For the administration of migratory labor housing remodeling grants.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.1501 et seq. and R 325.1531 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.12425 Enforcement; inspection and investigation of premises; assistance; payments to local health departments.
Sec. 12425. (1) The department shall enforce this part and rules promulgated under this part.

(2) An authorized representative of the department may enter upon the premises of an agricultural labor camp at reasonable times to inspect and investigate the premises to ascertain whether the camp operator is in compliance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(3) The department may utilize the services of other state agencies and offices to assist in conducting investigations. The department may use the services of a local health department to inspect the premises before licensing the camp operator and to conduct investigations under rules promulgated under this part. The department may approve payments of $15.00 to local health departments for each licensed agricultural labor camp.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12426 Action for injunction or other process.
Sec. 12426. Notwithstanding the existence and pursuit of any other remedy, the department may maintain an action in the name of this state for an injunction or other process against a person to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management, maintenance, or operation of an agricultural labor camp without a license.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12431 Migratory labor housing fund; creation; appropriation; amount and basis of grant; prohibition.
Sec. 12431. (1) A migratory labor housing fund is created and shall receive funds appropriated by the
legislature.
(2) An employer of migratory farm laborers may receive a grant from the fund of not more than 50% of the costs of an extensive remodeling which costs shall not exceed $10,000.00.
(3) A grant pursuant to subsection (2) may be made on the basis of a matching payment, grant, or other aid from a person or the federal government.
(4) A grant shall not be made if the remodeling does not meet the requirements of a law or rule.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12432 Filing claim for grant; approval; priority list.
Sec. 12432. (1) A person who qualifies for a grant shall file a claim with the department following completion of construction. The department, after approving the claim, shall make payment to the claimant from the fund.
(2) If the fund is insufficient to cover all applications for grants approved by the department, the department shall establish a priority list which may be funded from subsequent allocations.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12433 Powers of department.
Sec. 12433. The department may:
(a) Contract or execute other instruments necessary to implement this part.
(b) Agree and comply with any condition for receiving federal financial assistance for purposes of remodeling migratory housing.
(c) Survey and investigate migratory labor housing conditions and needs and recommend to the governor and the legislature legislation or other measures necessary or advisable to alleviate an existing housing shortage in the state for migratory laborers.
(d) Encourage community organizations or private employers to assist in initiating remodeling projects as provided in this part.
(e) Enforce compliance with any law or rule regarding health or construction standards for remodeling projects which utilize grants made pursuant to this part.
(f) Provide inspection of remodeling projects to determine if they comply with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.
(g) Accept gifts, grants, or other aid from a person or the federal government for purpose of implementing this part.
(h) Enter into agreements with a recipient of a grant to insure that the purposes of this part are effectuated.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12434 Violation as misdemeanor; each day of violation as separate violation; wilful damage or destruction of camp.
Sec. 12434. (1) A person who violates this part or the rules promulgated under this part is guilty of a misdemeanor. Each day of the violation is considered a separate violation.
(2) A person who wilfully damages or destroys any part of a licensed agricultural labor camp is guilty of a misdemeanor.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 125
CAMPGROUNDS, SWIMMING AREAS, AND SWIMMERS' ITCH

333.12501 Definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 12501. (1) As used in sections 12501 to 12516:
(a) “Campground” means a parcel or tract of land under the control of a person in which sites are offered for the use of the public or members of an organization, either free of charge or for a fee, for the establishment of temporary living quarters for 5 or more recreational units. “Campground” shall not include a “seasonal mobile

(b) “Mobile home” means a structure, transportable in 1 or more sections, which is built on a chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without permanent foundation, when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and electrical systems contained in the structure.

(c) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.

(d) “Recreational unit” means a tent or vehicular-type structure, primarily designed as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, which either has its own motive power or is mounted on or drawn by another vehicle which is self-powered. A tent means a collapsible shelter of canvas or other fabric stretched and sustained by poles and used for camping outdoors. Recreational unit includes the following:

(i) A travel trailer, which is a vehicular portable structure, mounted on wheels, of such a size or weight as not to require special highway movement permits when drawn by a vehicle, primarily designed and constructed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use. Truck campers are of 2 basic types:

(A) A slide-in camper, which is a portable structure designed to be loaded onto and unloaded from the bed of a pickup truck, constructed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use.

(B) A chassis-mount camper, which is a portable structure designed to be affixed to a truck chassis, and constructed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use.

(ii) A camping trailer, which is a vehicular portable structure mounted on wheels and constructed with collapsible partial sidewalls of fabric, plastic, or other pliable material which fold for towing by another vehicle and unfold at the campsite to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use.

(iii) A motor home, which is a vehicular structure built on a self-propelled motor vehicle chassis, primarily designed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use.

(iv) A truck camper, which is a portable structure designed to be loaded onto, or affixed to, the bed or chassis of a truck, constructed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use. Truck campers are of 2 basic types:

(A) A slide-in camper, which is a portable structure designed to be loaded onto and unloaded from the bed of a pickup truck, constructed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use.

(B) A chassis-mount camper, which is a portable structure designed to be affixed to a truck chassis, and constructed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use.

(v) A single sectional mobile home used only to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use. Recreational unit does not include a mobile home used as a permanent dwelling, residence, or living quarters.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of environmental health, with the exception of the food service sanitation program and the shelter environment program, from the director of the department of public health to the director of the department of environmental quality, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12505 Construction permit for campground; application; contents; campground owned or operated by state.

Sec. 12505. (1) A person shall not begin to construct, alter, or engage in the development of a campground without first obtaining a construction permit from the department. Applications for a construction permit shall be submitted to the local health department which shall forward the application to the department. The application shall contain:

(a) A description of the proposed project.

(b) The name and address of the applicant.

(c) The location of the proposed project.

(2) A construction permit is not required for a campground owned or operated by the state, but the other requirements of sections 12501 to 12516 and rules specified for other campground owners shall apply.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12506 Campground license required; application; contents; fee; exemption; expiration; campground owned or operated by state.

Sec. 12506. (1) A person shall not operate a campground without a campground license issued by the department. An application for a campground license shall be submitted to the local health department which shall forward the application to the department. The application shall contain:
(a) The name and address of the applicant.
(b) The location of the campground.
(c) Information regarding physical facilities.

2. A fee of $25.00 shall accompany each application for a campground license. The license fee shall be deposited in the city or county general fund or other authorized fund. A governmental entity is exempt from payment of the license fee.

3. The license shall expire on December 31 of each year.

4. A campground license is not required for a campground owned or operated by the state, but the other requirements of sections 12501 to 12516 and rules governing other campground owners shall apply.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12507 Campground facilities to meet requirements prescribed under § 333.12511.
Sec. 12507. Before an application for a campground license is approved, the department or the local health department shall determine that the campground contains facilities which meet the requirements prescribed under section 12511.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12508 Campground license; issuance; display; notice of denial; statement of reasons; reconsideration; hearing; appeal.
Sec. 12508. (1) Upon approval of the application, the department shall issue a campground license which shall be displayed in a conspicuous place on the campground.

(2) If the application is not approved, the department shall give written notice of its denial to the applicant stating reasons for the denial. The applicant may request reconsideration of the application after correction of the reasons for the denial or may request a hearing before the director, or an authorized representative of the director, on the denial within 10 days after receipt of the denial. The hearing shall be held not later than 20 days after receipt of the request.

(3) A person aggrieved by the decision of the director may appeal to the courts as provided by the administrative procedures act of 1969.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12509 Campground license; transfer.
Sec. 12509. A campground license shall not be transferred to another person except where the transferee complies with all the requirements to be licensed under sections 12501 to 12516 and the department expressly consents to the transfer.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12511 Rules.
Sec. 12511. The department, with the advice, assistance, and approval of the advisory board, shall promulgate rules regarding sanitation and safety standards for campgrounds and public health. The rules shall recognize and provide controls for different types of campgrounds.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 323.3101 et seq.; R 325.1551 et seq.; R 325.2101 et seq.; and R 325.2111 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.12512 Notice of noncompliance; specifying particular violations; time for compliance; revocation of license; notice of hearing; charges; hearing; decision; appeal.
Sec. 12512. (1) The department shall give written notice to a licensee who fails to comply with sections 12501 to 12516 or a rule promulgated under those sections. The notice shall specify the particular violations and a date by which the licensee shall comply. The time given for compliance shall depend upon the nature of the violation.

(2) If the licensee does not comply within the time specified, the department may revoke the license.

(3) Before revocation the director, or an authorized representative of the director, shall hold a hearing and give
written notice thereof by certified mail at least 14 days before the date of the hearing, and shall set forth in writing the charges against the licensee. The hearing shall be held according to the administrative procedures act of 1969. After the hearing, the director shall decide whether the license shall be revoked.

(4) A licensee aggrieved by a decision of the director to revoke the license may appeal to the courts as provided by the administrative procedures act of 1969.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12513 Advisory board; purpose; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members.

Sec. 12513. (1) The director shall appoint an advisory board with broad geographical distribution of members to advise on the administration of sections 12501 to 12516 and the preparation and administration of rules promulgated under those sections.

(2) The board shall consist of 11 members as follows: 1 representing the Michigan mobile home and recreational vehicle institute; 2 representing consumers, including 1 who represents a recognized campground users association; 2 campground owners, including 1 who represents a primitive type of campground; 2 representing local health departments; the director of the department of natural resources or his or her authorized representative; and the director or his or her authorized representative.

(3) Except for the directors of the departments, or their authorized representatives, the members shall serve for a term of 3 years. However, of the members first appointed, 3 members shall serve for a 1-year term, 3 members shall serve for a 2-year term, and 3 members shall serve for a 3-year term.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12514 Access to campground; purpose.

Sec. 12514. An authorized representative of the department shall have access during all reasonable hours to a campground for the purpose of inspection or otherwise carrying out sections 12501 to 12516.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12515 Application and construction of §§ 333.12501 to 333.12516.

Sec. 12515. (1) Sections 12501 to 12516 do not apply to a campground used solely as a children's camp licensed by the department of social services or to properties owned by a person licensed pursuant to part 124, and used for housing seasonal agricultural workers employed by that person. A campground licensed under sections 12501 to 12516 shall not be used for the housing of seasonal agricultural workers unless also licensed under part 124.

(2) Sections 12501 to 12516 shall not be construed to interfere in any way with the enforcement of sanitary controls by a health officer having jurisdiction in the area.

(3) Sections 12501 to 12516 do not relieve a person from complying with local ordinances governing building permits or with a code, regulation, or ordinance not in conflict with sections 12501 to 12516.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12516 Violation as misdemeanor; action for injunction.

Sec. 12516. (1) A person who violates sections 12501 to 12515 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(2) Notwithstanding the existence of any other remedy, the department or the local health department may maintain an action in the name of the state for an injunction against a person to restrain or prevent the construction, enlargement, or alteration of a campground without a permit, or the operation or conduct of a campground without a license.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12521 Definitions used in §§ 333.12521 to 333.12534.

Sec. 12521. As used in sections 12521 to 12534:

(a) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.

(b) “Public swimming pool” means an artificial body of water used collectively by a number of individuals primarily for the purpose of swimming, wading, recreation, or instruction and includes related equipment.
structures, areas, and enclosures intended for the use of individuals using or operating the swimming pool such as equipment, dressing, locker, shower, and toilet rooms. Public swimming pools include those which are for parks, schools, motels, camps, resorts, apartments, clubs, hotels, mobile home parks, subdivisions, and the like. A pool or portable pool located on the same premises with a 1-, 2-, 3-, or 4-family dwelling and for the benefit of the occupants and their guests, a natural bathing area such as a stream, lake, river, or man-made lake, an exhibitor's swimming pool built as a model at the site of the seller and in which swimming by the public is not permitted, or a pool serving not more than 4 motel units is not a public swimming pool.

Popular name: Act 368
Administrative rules: R 325.5801 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.12522 Public swimming pool; review of design, construction, and operation; rules.
Sec. 12522. (1) The department shall review the design, construction, and operation of public swimming pools to protect the public health, prevent the spread of disease, and prevent accidents or premature deaths.
(2) The department shall promulgate rules to carry out sections 12521 to 12534.

Popular name: Act 368
Administrative rules: R 325.2111 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.12523 Construction and operation of public swimming pools; supervisory and visitorial power; control.
Sec. 12523. The department has supervisory and visitorial power and control as limited in sections 12521 to 12534 over persons engaged in the construction and operation of public swimming pools.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12524 Public swimming pools; periodic inspections; right of entry.
Sec. 12524. (1) The department, its agents or representatives, or representatives of a designated local health department shall make periodic inspections of public swimming pools.
(2) The department, its agents or representatives, or representatives of a designated local health department may enter upon the swimming pool premises and other property of a person at all reasonable times for the purpose of inspecting the swimming pool and carrying out the authority vested in the department under sections 12521 to 12534.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12525 Construction or modification of public swimming pool; review and approval of plans and specifications; fee; permit; responsibility of applicant or owner; nuisance or hazard to health or safety; description of swimming pool system and auxiliary structures.
Sec. 12525. (1) A person intending to construct a public swimming pool or intending to modify an existing public swimming pool shall submit plans and specifications for the proposed installation accompanied by a fee specified in section 12527a to the department for review and approval and shall secure a permit for the construction. A person shall not start or engage in the construction of a public swimming pool or modify an existing public swimming pool until the permit for the construction is issued by the department.
(2) Sections 12521 to 12534 or an action of the department shall not relieve the applicant or owner of a public swimming pool from responsibility for securing a building permit or complying with applicable local codes, regulations, or ordinances not in conflict with sections 12521 to 12534. Compliance with an approved plan does not authorize the owner constructing or operating a public swimming pool to create or maintain a nuisance or a hazard to health or safety.
(3) Plans and specifications submitted for the purpose of obtaining a construction permit shall include a true description of the entire swimming pool system and auxiliary structures or parts thereof as proposed to be constructed and operated.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12526 Examination of plans and specifications; determination; issuance of permit; notice of
deficiencies; resubmission of documents; duration of permit; written approval of change.

Sec. 12526. (1) The department shall examine the plans and specifications and determine whether the swimming pool facilities, if constructed in accordance therewith, are or would be sufficient and adequate to protect the public health and safety. If the plans and specifications are approved, the department shall issue a permit for construction. If the plans and specifications are not approved, the department shall notify the applicant or the applicant's representative of the deficiencies. The applicant may have the plans and specifications amended to remedy the deficiencies and resubmit the documents, without additional fee, for further consideration.

(2) A construction permit shall be valid for not more than 2 years after the date of issuance unless a written time extension is granted by the department.

(3) Each public swimming pool shall be constructed or modified in accordance with the approved plans and specifications unless written approval of a change is granted by the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12527 Operation permit required; fee; display; expiration; renewal; replacement.

Sec. 12527. (1) A public swimming pool shall not be operated without an operation permit.

(2) A person engaged in the operation of a public swimming pool shall obtain a permit to operate the swimming pool from the department and shall pay an initial operation permit fee as specified in section 12527a.

(3) An operation permit shall be displayed by the owner in a conspicuous place on the premises.

(4) An operation permit shall expire December 31 of each year.

(5) An operation permit shall be renewed upon receipt of a proper application, an annual renewal fee as specified in section 12527a, and evidence that the public swimming pool is being operated and maintained in accordance with sections 12521 to 12534 and the applicable rules and regulations.

(6) An operation permit shall not be transferred to another person but it may be replaced by another operation permit upon receipt of a proper application and the fee specified in section 12527a.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12527a Fees.

Sec. 12527a. The fees related to swimming pool regulation under this part are as follows:

(a) Construction permit fee for a swimming pool, except as provided in subdivision (b).........................$200.00

(b) Construction permit fee for each additional swimming pool of the same design, constructed at the same site, and at the same time.................................................................$100.00

(c) Initial operation permit fee for a swimming pool, except as provided in subdivision (d)...............$200.00

(d) Initial operation permit fee for each additional swimming pool of the same design, constructed at the same site, and at the same time.................................................................$100.00

(e) Renewal operation permit fee, to March 31................................................................................. $ 50.00

(f) Renewal operation permit fee, after March 31.................................................................$ 75.00

(g) Renewal operation permit fee, after lapse of 1 licensure year without an operation permit............$100.00

(h) Replacement operation permit fee for transfer to another person.............................................$ 50.00


Popular name: Act 368
333.12528 Denial of operation permit; grounds; notice; failure to correct deficiencies or noncomplying items.

Sec. 12528. If upon investigation, the department or designated local health department finds that a public swimming pool was not constructed or modified in accordance with the approved plans and specifications, the department or designated local health department shall give written notice to the applicant that the operation permit will not be issued, citing the deficiencies or noncomplying items that constitute the reasons for not issuing the operation permit. An applicant who fails to correct the deficiencies or noncomplying items shall be denied an operation permit.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12529 Revocation of operation permit; grounds; hearing; reissuance.

Sec. 12529. The department may revoke the operation permit upon a finding that the pool is not being operated or maintained in accordance with sections 12521 to 12534 or the rules. A person aggrieved by a decision of the department shall be granted a hearing. A permit that has been revoked shall be reissued only when the department determines the deficiencies are corrected.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12530 Periodic reports covering operation of public swimming pools.

Sec. 12530. The department shall provide for a system of periodic reports covering the operation of the public swimming pool so that the department may readily determine compliance with sections 12521 to 12534 and the rules.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12531 Ordering owner or operator to prohibit use of swimming pool.

Sec. 12531. If the department, its agent or representative, or a representative of a designated local health department considers that conditions warrant prompt closing of a swimming pool until sections 12521 to 12534 and the rules are complied with for the protection of the public health and safety, the department or designated local health department may order the owner or operator of the swimming pool to prohibit an individual from using it until corrections are made to protect adequately the public health and safety.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12531a Use of life jacket in public swimming pool.

Sec. 12531a. A person shall not prohibit the use of a coast guard approved life jacket in a public swimming pool by an individual who has in his or her possession a statement signed by a licensed physician stating that the individual has a physical disability or condition that necessitates the use of a life jacket. An individual assumes the risk of any injury to himself or herself caused by the use of a life jacket as provided in this section which is not otherwise caused by the pool operator's negligence.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12532 Payments to local health departments.

Sec. 12532. (1) The department may approve payments for each swimming pool granted an initial operation permit and each renewal operation permit to a designated local health department when the fees are collected by the state from the local health department's respective area, as follows:

(a) Initial operation permit for a swimming pool, except as provided in subdivision (b) $100.00

(b) Initial operation permit for each additional swimming pool of the same design, constructed at the same site, and at the same time $ 50.00

Public Health Code

(c) Renewal operation permit, to March 31 ............................................................... $ 30.00

(d) Renewal operation permit, after March 31 ......................................................... $ 45.00

(e) Renewal operation permit, after lapse of 1 licensure year without an operation permit .................$ 70.00

(2) The state treasurer shall make the payments upon receipt of approval from the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12533 Violation as misdemeanor; each day of violation as separate violation; prosecution.

Sec. 12533. A person who violates sections 12521 to 12531a or a rule promulgated under those sections is guilty of a misdemeanor. Each day upon which a violation occurs is a separate violation. The attorney general or local prosecuting attorney shall be responsible for prosecuting a person who violates sections 12521 to 12531a.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.2111 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.12534 Action for injunction or other process.

Sec. 12534. Notwithstanding the existence and pursuit of any other remedy, the department, its agent or representative, or a representative of a designated local health department may maintain an action in the name of the state for injunction or other process against a person to restrain or prevent the construction or modification of a public swimming pool without a construction permit, or the operation of a public swimming pool without an operation permit, or in a manner contrary to law.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12541 Testing and evaluating quality of water at bathing beaches; purpose; posting sign; injunction; definitions.

Sec. 12541. (1) The local health officer or an authorized representative of the local health department having jurisdiction may test and otherwise evaluate the quality of water at bathing beaches to determine whether the water is safe for bathing purposes. However, the local health officer or authorized representative shall notify the city, village, or township in which the bathing beach is located prior to conducting the test or evaluation.

(2) If a local health officer or an authorized representative of a local health department conducts a test or evaluation of a bathing beach under subsection (1), within 36 hours of conducting the test or evaluation, he or she shall notify the department, the city, village, or township in which the bathing beach is located, and the owner of the bathing beach of the results of the test or evaluation.

(3) The owner of the bathing beach shall post at the main entrance to the bathing beach or other visible location a sign that states whether or not the bathing beach has been tested or evaluated under subsection (1) and, if the bathing beach has been tested, the location of where test results may be reviewed. Open stretches of beach or beaches at road ends that are not advertised or posted as public bathing beaches do not need to have signs posted.

(4) If a local health officer or authorized representative of the local health department conducts a test or evaluation under subsection (1) and, based upon the standards promulgated under section 12544, the health officer or the authorized representative determines that the water is unsafe for bathing, he or she may petition the circuit court of the county in which the bathing beach is located for an injunction ordering the person owning or operating the bathing beach to close the bathing beach for use by bathers or ordering other measures to keep persons from entering on the bathing beach. Upon receipt of a petition under this subsection, the court may grant an injunction if circumstances warrant it.

(5) As used in this section:

(a) “Bathing beach” means a beach or bathing area offered to the public for recreational bathing or swimming. It does not include a public swimming pool as defined in section 12521.

(b) “Department” means the department of environmental quality.

333.12542 Public bathing beach; safety and rescue equipment; communication with outside sources of assistance.
Sec. 12542. The owner or person in charge of a public bathing beach shall provide and maintain suitable and adequate safety and rescue equipment and suitable and adequate means of communication with outside sources of assistance, which shall be available and accessible at the public bathing beach when it is open to bathers.


333.12543 Consulting and cooperating with local health officers; training for employees; assistance.
Sec. 12543. The department or an authorized representative of the department shall consult and cooperate with local health officers and shall provide training for employees thereof and otherwise assist in the effective administration of sections 12541 to 12545.


333.12544 Rules; contents; use.
Sec. 12544. The department, in cooperation with local health departments, shall promulgate rules which shall contain minimum sanitation standards for determining water quality at bathing beaches open to the public. The rules shall be used by a local health department to establish the safety of the water for swimming. Water quality standards adopted under this section shall be in conformity with the official state water quality standards adopted by the department of environmental quality under the authority of part 31 (water resources protection) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.3101 to 324.3119 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


333.12545 Violation as misdemeanor.
Sec. 12545. A person who violates sections 12541 to 12543 is guilty of a misdemeanor.


333.12546 Local regulations.
Sec. 12546. Sections 12541 to 12544 shall not change the authority of local health departments or county boards of commissioners to enact local regulations governing public bathing beaches.


333.12561 Suppression of swimmers' itch and other nuisance-producing organisms; supervising chemical treatment of waters; experiments; equipment and materials; rules.
Sec. 12561. (1) The department of natural resources shall supervise the chemical treatment of the waters of the state for the suppression of swimmers' itch, and other nuisance-producing organisms, including aquatic plants, in accordance with sections 12561 to 12563.

(2) The department of natural resources may conduct experiments to ascertain the best methods for control, and may purchase equipment and materials for control.

(3) The department of natural resources may promulgate rules describing the type of chemicals to be used, the type of solutions to be used, the manner of applying the chemicals, the time of application, and public notice and permit granting procedures.


Administrative rules: R 323.3101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.12562 Application of chemicals lawful; permit to conduct control work; expiration; times, conditions, and safeguards; fee submitted with permit application; disposition of fee.
Sec. 12562. (1) The application to the waters of the state of chemicals necessary for the control of aquatic nuisances, such as swimmers' itch and aquatic plants, is lawful and not in contravention of the private or public rights to the use and enjoyment of abutting property by the owners or occupants of that property if the application complies with sections 12561 to 12563 and rules promulgated under section 12561.

(2) After obtaining a permit from the department of environmental quality, any of the following may conduct necessary control work authorized under this section:
(a) The state or a political subdivision.
(b) An organized lake or improvement association on behalf of its members.
(c) The owner of property abutting the waters of the state.
(d) An aquatic pest control applicator licensed under part 83 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.8301 to 324.8336.

(3) A permit required under this section may be obtained by application to the department of environmental quality. Unless revoked, the permit expires on December 31 of the calendar year in which it was issued.

(4) The necessary control work authorized under this section shall be conducted at those times, under those conditions, and with those safeguards, as the department of environmental quality requires. Persons issued permits under this section shall provide at their own expense chemicals and other equipment and services called for in the rules promulgated by the department of environmental quality.

(5) Until October 1, 2008, an application for a permit under this section for control work qualifying for a certificate of coverage under a general permit shall be accompanied by a fee of $75.00. Until October 1, 2008, an application for a permit under this section for any other control work shall be accompanied by the following fee, based on the size of the area of impact:
(a) Less than 1/2 acre, $75.00.
(b) One-half acre or more but less than 5 acres, $200.00.
(c) Five acres or more but less than 20 acres, $400.00.
(d) Twenty acres or more but less than 100 acres, $800.00.
(e) One hundred acres or more, $1,500.00.

(6) The department of environmental quality shall forward fees collected under this section to the state treasurer for deposit in the land and water management permit fee fund created in section 30113 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.30113.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12563 Failure to obtain permit; violation of rule or condition of permit; misdemeanor; revocation of permit.
Sec. 12563. A person who fails to obtain the necessary permit in advance of undertaking the control work, or who violates a rule of the department of natural resources or a condition of the valid permit is guilty of a misdemeanor. A permit issued under section 12562 shall automatically be revoked when the holder of the permit violates sections 12561 to 12563 or a rule promulgated under section 12561.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 126
SMOKING IN PUBLIC PLACES

333.12601 Definitions.
Sec. 12601. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Child caring institution” and “child care center” mean those terms as defined in section 1 of Act No. 116 of the Public Acts of 1973, being section 722.111 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
(b) “County medical care facility” means that term as defined in section 20104.
(c) “Educational facility” means a building owned, leased, or under the control of a public or private school system, college, or university.
(d) “Food service establishment” means a food service establishment as defined in section 12901.
(e) “Health facility” means a health facility or agency licensed under article 17, except a home for the aged,
nursing home, county medical care facility, hospice, or hospital long-term care unit.

(f) “Home for the aged” means that term as defined in section 20106.

(g) “Hospice” means that term as defined in section 20106.

(h) “Hospital long-term care unit” means that term as defined in section 20106.

(i) “Licensed premises” means any portion of a building, structure, room, or enclosure in which alcoholic liquor may be sold for consumption on the premises pursuant to a license issued by the Michigan liquor control commission.

(j) “Meeting” means a meeting as defined in section 2 of the open meetings act, Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976, being section 15.262 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(k) “Nursing home” means that term as defined in section 20109.

(l) “Public body” means a public body as defined in section 2 of the open meetings act, Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976.

(m) “Public place”, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), means both of the following:

(i) An enclosed, indoor area owned or operated by a state or local governmental agency and used by the general public or serving as a place of work for public employees or a meeting place for a public body, including an office, educational facility, home for the aged, nursing home, county medical care facility, hospice, hospital long-term care unit, auditorium, arena, meeting room, or public conveyance.

(ii) An enclosed, indoor area which is not owned or operated by a state or local governmental agency, is used by the general public, and is 1 of the following:

(A) An educational facility.

(B) A home for the aged, nursing home, county medical care facility, hospice, or hospital long-term care unit.

(C) An auditorium.

(D) An arena.

(E) A theater.

(F) A museum.

(G) A concert hall.

(H) Any other facility during the period of its use for a performance or exhibit of the arts.

(n) “Smoking” or “smoke” means the carrying by a person of a lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other lighted smoking device.

(2) Public place does not include a private, enclosed room or office occupied exclusively by a smoker, even if the room or enclosed office may be visited by a nonsmoker.

(3) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles of this code.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the center for health promotion and chronic disease prevention from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12603 Smoking in public place or at meeting of public body prohibited; exception; applicability of section.

Sec. 12603. (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, an individual shall not smoke in a public place or at a meeting of a public body, except in a designated smoking area.

(2) This section does not apply to a room, hall, or building used for a private function if the seating arrangements are under the control of the sponsor of the function and not under the control of the state or local governmental agency or the person who owns or operates the room, hall, or building.

(3) This section does not apply to a food service establishment or to licensed premises.

(4) This section shall not apply to a private educational facility after regularly scheduled school hours.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12604 Smoking in a child caring institution or child care center or on the real property under control of institution or center; violation; penalties.

Sec. 12604. (1) An individual shall not smoke in a child caring institution or child care center or on real property that is under the control of a child caring institution or a child care center and upon which the child caring
333.12604a Smoking in private practice office or health facility prohibited; exceptions.
Sec. 12604a. (1) An individual shall not smoke in the common or treatment area of a private practice office of an individual who is licensed under article 15.

(2) An individual shall not smoke in a health facility except under 1 or more of the following circumstances:
   (a) In cases where a prohibition on smoking would be detrimental to the patient's treatment as defined by medical conditions identified by the collective health facility medical staff. Patients who are permitted to smoke under this subdivision shall be placed in a separate room from nonsmoking patients.
   (b) If a health facility allows smoking, that smoking is allowed only in designated areas that are enclosed and ventilated or otherwise constructed which ensures a smoke free environment in patient care areas and common areas.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12605 Designation of smoking area; minimizing toxic effect of smoke; public place consisting of single room; written policy for separation of smokers and nonsmokers.
Sec. 12605. (1) A smoking area may be designated by the state or local governmental agency or the person who owns or operates a public place, except in a public place in which smoking is prohibited by law. If a smoking area is designated, existing physical barriers and ventilation systems shall be used to minimize the toxic effect of smoke in both smoking and adjacent nonsmoking areas.

(2) In the case of a public place consisting of a single room, the state or local governmental agency or the person who owns or operates the single room shall be in compliance with this part if 1/2 of the room is reserved and posted as a no smoking area.

(3) If smoking is permitted in a public place, the state or local governmental agency or the person who owns or operates the public place shall develop a written policy for the separation of smokers and nonsmokers which provides, at a minimum, for all of the following:
   (a) Nonsmokers to be located closest to the source of fresh air.
   (b) Special consideration to be given to individuals with a hypersensitivity to tobacco smoke.
   (c) A procedure to receive, investigate, and take action on complaints.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12607 Prevention of smoking; duties of state or local governmental agency.
Sec. 12607. The state or local governmental agency or the person who owns or operates a public place shall, at a minimum, do all of the following in order to prevent smoking:
   (a) Post signs which state that smoking in that public place is prohibited, except in designated smoking areas, pursuant to this part.
   (b) Arrange seating to provide, as nearly as practicable, a smoke-free area.
   (c) Implement and enforce the policy for the separation of smokers and nonsmokers developed under section 12605(3).


Popular name: Act 368

333.12609 Rules.
Sec. 12609. The department may promulgate rules to implement this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12611 Violation; compliance; civil fine.
Sec. 12611. A person who violates section 12603(1) or 12604a or a person or state or local governmental agency
that owns or operates a public place and that violates section 12605 or 12607 shall be directed to comply with this part and is subject to a civil fine of not more than $100.00 for a first violation and not more than $500.00 for a second or subsequent violation.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12613 Enforcement; civil fine; injunctive relief; remedies independent and cumulative.

Sec. 12613. (1) Subject to subsection (2), the department shall enforce this part and rules promulgated under this part pursuant to sections 2262(2) and 2263. In addition to the civil fine authorized under section 12611, the department may enforce this part and the rules promulgated under this part through an action commenced pursuant to section 2255 or any other appropriate action authorized by law.

(2) Pursuant to section 2235, the department may authorize a local health department to enforce this part and the rules promulgated under this part. A local health department authorized to enforce this part and the rules promulgated under this part shall enforce this part and the rules promulgated under this part pursuant to sections 2461(2) and 2462. In addition to the civil fine authorized under section 12611, a local health department may enforce this part and the rules promulgated under this part through an action commenced pursuant to section 2465 or any other appropriate action authorized by law.

(3) In addition to any other enforcement action authorized by law, a person alleging a violation of this part may bring a civil action for appropriate injunctive relief, if the person has used the public place, child caring institution, child care center, health facility, or private practice office of an individual who is licensed under article 15 within 60 days after the civil action is filed.

(4) The remedies under this part are independent and cumulative. The use of 1 remedy by a person shall not bar the use of other lawful remedies by that person or the use of a lawful remedy by another person.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12614 Reports.

Sec. 12614. (1) The director shall report biennially to the legislature on the effect and enforcement of this part. The report shall include, at a minimum, both of the following:

(a) The policy of each state agency that has developed a policy for the separation of smokers and nonsmokers.

(b) Compliance with section 12607.

(2) Upon request of the department, the director of the department of management and budget annually shall report to the department, at a minimum, all of the following:

(a) A list of each public place owned or operated by the state.

(b) Compliance with section 12607.

(c) The smoking policy, if any, adopted by each public place listed under subdivision (a).


Popular name: Act 368

333.12615 Part cumulative.

Sec. 12615. This part is in addition to, and does not supersede the requirements for a policy regulating the smoking of tobacco on the premises of a nursing home set forth in section 21733, or the requirements for a food service establishment set forth in section 12905.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12616 Short title.

Sec. 12616. This part shall be known and may be cited as the “Michigan clean indoor air act”.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12617 Effective date.

Sec. 12617. This part shall take effect January 1, 1987.

333.12701 Definitions used in §§ 333.12701 to 333.12715.
Sec. 12701. (1) As used in sections 12701 to 12715:
(a) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.
(b) “Pump” means a mechanical equipment or device used to remove water from a well.
(c) “Pump installer” means a person who is qualified to engage in the installation, removal, alteration, or repair of water well pumping equipment in connection with a water well.
(d) “Well” means an opening in the surface of the earth for the purpose of removing fresh water or a test well, recharge well, waste disposal well, or a well used temporarily for dewatering purposes during construction.
(e) “Well drilling contractor” means a person qualified to engage in well construction, well alteration, or well repair and pump installation, who supervises the construction of water wells and the installation of pumps, and who owns, rents, or leases equipment used in the construction of water wells.
(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.
Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of environmental health and the division of water supply from the director of the department of public health to the director of the department of environmental quality, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
Popular name: Act 368

333.12703 Applicability of §§ 333.12701 to 333.12715.
Sec. 12703. (1) Sections 12701 to 12715 shall not apply to:
(a) A well, pump, or other equipment used temporarily for dewatering purposes during construction when the well is not more than 2 inches in diameter and not more than 25 feet in total depth below the natural ground surface or is used in the relief of artesian pressure at hydroelectric projects or is used with the drilling of oil or gas wells.
(b) A brine, test, storage, or disposal well regulated pursuant to part 625 (mineral wells) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.62501 to 324.62518 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
(2) Sections 12701 to 12715 shall not prevent a person from constructing a well or installing a pump on property owned or leased by the person which is intended for use only in a single family house which is that person's permanent residence, or intended for use only for farming purposes on that person's farm, and where the waters to be produced are not intended for use by the public or in any residence other than his or her own. The person shall submit the drilling record required by section 12707 and comply with the rules and construction code promulgated under section 12714.
(3) Sections 12701 to 12715 shall not restrict a master plumber licensed under Act No. 266 of the Public Acts of 1929, being sections 338.901 to 338.917 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, from engaging in the licensee's legally recognized trade. A licensed master plumber may perform the work of a pump installer prescribed in sections 12701 to 12715 or rules and construction code promulgated under section 12714 without a certificate of registration as a pump installer.
Popular name: Act 368

333.12704 Certificate of registration as well drilling contractor, pump installer, water well drilling contractor, or dewatering well pump installer; application; fees; exemption.
Sec. 12704. (1) Before engaging in the business of well drilling or pump installing, a person shall obtain a certificate of registration annually as a well drilling contractor or pump installer, using an application prepared by the department.
(2) Before engaging in the business of constructing dewatering wells or installing dewatering well pumps, a person shall obtain a certificate of registration annually as a water well drilling contractor limited to the construction of dewatering wells or as a dewatering well pump installer, using an application prepared by the department.
(3) The applicant shall pay a registration fee with the application. The initial registration fee and the annual
renewal registration fee for a well drilling contractor is $40.00 and for a pump installer is $25.00. A well drilling
contractor shall pay an additional annual fee of $10.00 for each additional drilling machine. A registered well
drilling contractor may do any of the work of a pump installer without payment of the fee for a pump installer.

(4) A county, city, village, township, or other governmental unit engaged in well drilling or pump installing shall
be registered under sections 12701 to 12715, but shall be exempt from paying the registration fees if the drilling or
installing is done by regular employees of, and with equipment owned by, the governmental unit and the work is on
wells or pumps intended for use by the governmental unit.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12705 Certificate of registration; issuance; nontransferable; expiration; renewal;
examination; eligibility; reciprocity.
Sec. 12705. (1) The department shall issue certificates of registration to well drilling contractors and pump
installers who meet the requirements of sections 12701 to 12715.

(2) A certificate of registration is not transferable and expires on April 30 of each year. After July 1 of each year
a certificate of registration may be renewed only upon application for renewal and payment of a fee of 50% of the
basic registration fee in addition to the regular registration fee.

(3) A new applicant for a certificate of registration shall be examined in accordance with the rules and
construction code promulgated under section 12714. The advisory board created by section 12711 shall determine
and advise the department as to the eligibility of a well drilling contractor or pump installer for registration. A well
drilling contractor or pump installer which is a firm, partnership, or corporation shall designate at least 1 partner,
officer, or responsible full-time employee to take the examination on its behalf.

(4) The department, upon application and payment of the prescribed fees, may issue a certificate of registration as
a well drilling contractor or a pump installer to a person who holds a similar certificate of registration in another
state or a foreign country, if the requirements for the registration of a well drilling contractor and pump installer
under which the certificate of registration was issued do not conflict with this part, are of a standard not lower than
that specified by the rules and construction code promulgated under section 12714, and if equal reciprocal
privileges are granted to a registrant of this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12706 Numbers, seal, and words to be placed on well drilling machine.
Sec. 12706. A well drilling contractor shall place the registration number, including the county code number for
the business location, in figures not less than 2 inches high in a conspicuous location on both sides of the
contractor's well drilling machine. A seal furnished by the department designating the year the certificate of
registration was issued or renewed and the words “Michigan registered water well drilling contractor” shall be
affixed directly adjacent to the registration number.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12707 Record required; contents; copies; forms; sufficiency of record for drive point well.
Sec. 12707. Not later than 60 days after the completion of a well, a well drilling contractor shall provide the
owner with a copy and the department, or local health department, with 2 copies of a record indicating the well
owner's name, location of the well, well depth, geologic materials and thicknesses of materials penetrated, amount
of casing, static water levels, and any other information which may be required by the rules and construction code
promulgated under section 12714. The department or local health department shall send 1 copy of the record to the
director of the department of natural resources not later than 30 days after its receipt from the well drilling
contractor. Standard forms for the record shall be provided by the department or the contractor's forms may be used
if approved by the department. A record for a drive point well where no earth materials are removed from the well
bore is sufficient if the owner's name, well location, depth, casing, static water level, and screen data are stated.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12708 Entering and inspecting installation.
Sec. 12708. The department or local health department may enter and inspect, at reasonable hours, an installation on public or private property for the development or abandonment of ground water supplies.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12709 Inspection of violation; order; notice of suspension of certificate of registration; petition for hearing; revocation of certificate of registration.

Sec. 12709. (1) When the department or local health department determines that there are reasonable grounds to believe there has been a violation of sections 12701 to 12715 or a rule or the construction code promulgated under section 12714, the department or the local health department shall investigate the violation. If the department or local health department establishes that a violation has been committed, the department or the local health department shall order the responsible person to make the proper corrections.

(2) When the department finds that the holder of a certificate of registration has engaged in a practice in violation of sections 12701 to 12715 or a rule, construction code, or order issued pursuant to those sections, the department may give written notice to the holder of the certificate of registration that the certificate of registration is suspended. A person who receives notice from the department that his or her certificate of registration is suspended, upon request, shall be granted a hearing before the department or an authorized representative of the department. If a petition for a hearing is not filed within 30 days after the day on which the certificate of registration was suspended, the certificate of registration is automatically revoked.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12711 Advisory board; creation; appointment and qualifications of members.

Sec. 12711. An advisory board of 9 members is created in the department composed of the following: 5 members who are residents of this state registered under sections 12701 to 12715, at least 4 of whom are well drilling contractors, and who shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate; an employee of the bureau of environmental and occupational health of the department, and a representative of a local health department, each to be appointed by the director; an employee of the geological survey section of the department of natural resources appointed by the director of the department of natural resources; and an employee of the water resources commission appointed by the executive secretary of the water resources commission. Of 4 well drilling contractors 1 shall be from each of 4 geographic regions:

(a) Region 1: The Upper Peninsula.

(b) Region 2: That part of the Lower Peninsula bordered on the south by Oceana, Newaygo, Mecosta, Isabella, Midland, and Bay counties and the area north of those counties.

(c) Region 3: The area bordered on the north and west by Huron, Tuscola, Saginaw, Shiawassee, Livingston, Washtenaw, and Lenawee counties and the area south and east of those counties.

(d) Region 4: The area bordered on the east and north by Hillsdale, Jackson, Ingham, Clinton, Gratiot, Montcalm, Kent, and Muskegon counties and the area south and west of those counties.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of authority, powers, duties, functions, and responsibilities of the water well drillers advisory committee to the director of the Michigan state department of public health, see E.R.O. No. 1994-1, compiled at § 333.26322 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12712 Advisory board; terms of members; vacancies.

Sec. 12712. Each member of the advisory board shall be appointed for a 3-year term. The terms of the 5 members registered under sections 12701 to 12715 shall alternate so that not more than 2 are appointed each year, except that of the first appointees, 1 shall be appointed for 1 year and 2 each shall be appointed for 2 and 3 years. The terms of the members representing the department of natural resources, the water resources commission, and the local health department shall alternate so that only 1 is appointed each year, except that of the first appointees 1 member shall be appointed for 1 year, 1 for 2 years, and 1 for 3 years. Vacancies shall be filled by appointment for the balance of the unexpired terms by the respective officials designated in section 12711.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12713 Advisory board; election of chairperson; secretary; number of meetings; quorum; conducting business at public meeting; notice of meeting; compensation and expenses.
Sec. 12713. (1) The members of the advisory board, as soon as appointed, shall organize and elect from their number a chairperson. Thereafter, annually when new members are appointed to the board, a chairperson shall be elected at the next board meeting. The member from the department shall be the secretary of the board.

(2) The board shall hold not less than 1 meeting each year for the purpose of examining candidates for registration. Additional meetings may be called by the chairperson or director as may be reasonably necessary to carry out sections 12701 to 12715. Five members shall constitute a quorum. The business which the advisory board may perform shall be conducted at a public meeting of the advisory board held in compliance with Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976, as amended, being sections 15.261 to 15.275 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. Public notice of the time, date, and place of the meeting shall be given in the manner required by Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976, as amended.

(3) The per diem compensation of the members of the advisory board registered under sections 12701 to 12715 shall be established annually by the legislature. Expenses shall be reimbursed pursuant to section 1216.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12714 Rules and construction code.

Sec. 12714. The department, with the advice of the advisory board, shall promulgate rules and a construction code reasonably necessary to implement sections 12701 to 12715. The rules and construction code shall include provisions for qualifications and examination of well drilling contractors and pump installers, standards for the construction and installation of developments of ground water supplies, dewatering wells, abandonment of wells and dewatering wells, and for the administration of sections 12701 to 12715.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.1601 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.12715 Violation as misdemeanor; penalties; prosecution.

Sec. 12715. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), a person who violates sections 12701 to 12714, a rule or the construction code promulgated under section 12714, or an order issued by the department or local health department under sections 12701 to 12714 is guilty of a misdemeanor.

(2) A member of the advisory board who intentionally violates section 12713(2) shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976, as amended.

(3) The attorney general or local prosecuting attorney shall be responsible for prosecuting a person who violates sections 12701 to 12715.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12721 Adding fluoride to water.

Sec. 12721. (1) A state department, board, commission, or agency shall not order a county, city, township, village, or any combination thereof to add fluoride to water which is supplied to the public that may be consumed by human beings.

(2) A county, city, township, village or any combination thereof which supplies water to the public may add fluoride to the water, in a manner and amount to be prescribed by the department, unless the addition of fluoride is rejected by an ordinance of the or by a majority of the electors of the county, city, township, village or any combination thereof.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12751 Definitions used in §§ 333.12752 to 333.12758.

Sec. 12751. As used in sections 12752 to 12758:

(a) “Acceptable alternative greywater system” means a system for the treatment and disposal of waste water which normally does not receive human body wastes or industrial waste and is approved for use by a local health department.

(b) “Acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system” means a decentralized or individual waste system which has been approved for use by a local health department and which is properly operated and maintained so as not to cause a health hazard or nuisance. An acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment
system may include, but is not limited to, an organic waste treatment system or compost toilet which operates on
the principle of decomposition of heterogeneous organic materials by aerobic and facultatively anaerobic organisms
and utilizes an effectively aerobic composting process which produces a stabilized humus. Acceptable innovative or
alternative waste treatment system does not include a septic tankdrain field system or any other system which is
determined by the department to pose a similar threat to the public health, safety and welfare, and the quality of
surface and subsurface waters of this state.

(c) “Available public sanitary sewer system” means a public sanitary sewer system located in a right of way,
easement, highway, street, or public way which crosses, adjoins, or abuts upon the property and passing not more
than 200 feet at the nearest point from a structure in which sanitary sewage originates.

(d) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.

(e) “Public sanitary sewer system” means a sanitary sewer or a combined sanitary and storm sewer used or
intended for use by the public for the collection and transportation of sanitary sewage for treatment or disposal.

(f) “Structure in which sanitary sewage originates” or “structure” means a building in which toilet, kitchen,
laundery, bathing, or other facilities which generate water-carried sanitary sewage are used or are available for use
for household, commercial, industrial, or other purposes.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12752 Public sanitary sewer systems; declaration of necessity.

Sec. 12752. Public sanitary sewer systems are essential to the health, safety, and welfare of the people of the state.
Septic tank disposal systems are subject to failure due to soil conditions or other reasons. Failure or potential
failure of septic tank disposal systems poses a threat to the public health, safety, and welfare; presents a potential
for ill health, transmission of disease, mortality, and economic blight; and constitutes a threat to the quality of
surface and subsurface waters of this state. The connection to available public sanitary sewer systems at the earliest,
reasonable date is a matter for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare and necessary in the public
interest which is declared as a matter of legislative determination.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12753 Structures in which sanitary sewage originates to be connected to public sanitary
sewer; approval; time.

Sec. 12753. (1) Structures in which sanitary sewage originates lying within the limits of a city, village, or
township shall be connected to an available public sanitary sewer in the city, village, or township if required by the
city, village, or township.

(2) Structures in which sanitary sewage originates lying outside the limits of the city, village, or township in
which the available public sanitary sewer lies shall be connected to the available public sanitary sewer after the
approval of both the city, village, or township in which the structure and the public sanitary sewer system lies and if
required by the city, village, or township in which the sewage originates.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (4), the connection provided for in subsections (1) and (2) shall be
completed promptly but not later than 18 months after the date of occurrence of the last of the following events or
before the city, village, or township in which the sewage originates requires the connection:

(a) Publication of a notice by the governmental entity which operates the public sanitary sewer system of
availability of the public sanitary sewer system in a newspaper of general circulation in the city, village, or
township in which the structure is located.

(b) Modification of a structure so as to become a structure in which sanitary sewage originates.

(4) A city, village, or township may enact ordinances, or a county or district board of health, may adopt
regulations to require completion of the connection within a shorter period of time for reasons of public health.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12754 Failure to connect structure to public sanitary sewer; notice; action to compel
connection.

Sec. 12754. (1) When the structure in which sanitary sewage originates is not connected to an available public
sanitary sewer system within the time specified in section 12753, the governmental unit in which the structure lies
shall require the connection to be made immediately after notice, which may be by first class or certified mail to the
owner of the property or by posting on the property.

(2) The notice shall give the approximate location of the public sanitary sewer system which is available for connection of the structure involved and shall advise the owner of the requirements and enforcement provisions of sections 12752 to 12758 and any applicable ordinance or regulation.

(3) Where a structure in which sanitary sewage originates is not connected to an available public sanitary sewer system within 90 days after the date of mailing or posting of the written notice, the governmental unit which operates the available sanitary sewer system may bring an action for a mandatory injunction or order in the district, municipal, or circuit court in the county in which the structure is situated to compel the owner to connect to the available sanitary sewer system immediately. The governmental unit may join any number of owners of structures situated within the governmental unit in the action to compel each owner to connect to an available sanitary sewer system immediately.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12756 Tap-in fee for connection; deferment of payment by reason of hardship; application; evidence of hardship; ordinance defining hardship and permitting deferred or partial payment; condition to granting deferred or partial payment.

Sec. 12756. (1) An owner of property who by reason of hardship is unable to comply with provisions of sections 12752 to 12758 requiring connection to an available sanitary sewer system when the local unit of government charges a tap-in fee for connection may have the fee payment deferred by application to the assessing officer. Upon receipt of evidence of hardship, the local unit of government may defer partial or total payment of the fee.

(2) The local unit of government may enact ordinances to define hardship in its area and to permit deferred or partial payment of the tap-in fee. As a condition to the granting of the deferred or partial payment of the tap-in fee, the local unit of government may require mortgage security on the real property of the beneficiary payable on or before death, or, in any event, on the sale or transfer of the property.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12757 Installation and use of acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system alone or in combination with acceptable alternative greywater system; regulation by local health department; guidelines; exemption from special assessments not permitted; connection to available public sanitary sewer system not required; payment of sewer availability fee in lieu of connection or user fees; exemption from connection or user fees.

Sec. 12757. (1) Notwithstanding sections 12752 to 12756, a person may install and use in a structure an acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system or an acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system in combination with an acceptable alternative greywater system. The installation and use of an acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system or an acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system in combination with an acceptable alternative greywater system in a structure shall be subject to regulation by the local health department in accordance with the ordinances and regulations of the local units of government in which the structure lies. A local health department may inspect each acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system within its jurisdiction at least once each year to determine if it is being properly operated and maintained. A local health department may charge the owner of an acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system a reasonable fee for such an inspection and for the plan review and installation inspection. A copy of the approved application or permit to install and use an alternative system and a copy of each maintenance inspection report shall be forwarded to the department and to the local unit of government in which the structure lies. The department shall maintain a record of approved alternative systems and their maintenance and operation.

(2) The department, after consultation with the state plumbing board, shall adopt guidelines to assist local health departments in determining what are acceptable alternative greywater systems and what are acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment systems. The department shall advise local health departments regarding the appropriate installation and use of acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment systems and acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment systems in combination with acceptable alternative greywater systems.

(3) A person who installs and uses an acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system or an acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system in combination with an acceptable alternative greywater system shall not be exempt from any special assessments levied by a local unit of government for the purpose of
financing the construction of an available public sanitary sewer system.

(4) Notwithstanding sections 12752 to 12756, an owner of a structure using an acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system in combination with an acceptable alternative greywater system shall not be required to connect to an available public sanitary sewer system.

(5) An owner who does not connect to an available public sanitary sewer system pursuant to subsection (4), shall not be required to pay connection or user fees to a local unit of government except those connection or user fees which are allocated for financing of construction of an available public sanitary sewer system. In lieu of connection or user fees, an owner may be required by the local unit of government to pay a sewer availability fee if that fee is to be used for the purpose of paying a proportionate share of financing the construction of an existing available public sanitary sewer system. The exemption from connection or user fees under this subsection shall not apply to an owner connected to an available public sanitary sewer system on the effective date of this act.

(6) A local unit of government may exempt an owner proposing to use an acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system in combination with an acceptable alternative greywater system from connection or user fees related to the financing, construction, use, or maintenance of an available public sanitary sewer system.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12758 Voluntary connection to public sanitary sewer system; provisions cumulative. Sec. 12758. (1) Sections 12752 to 12758 shall not limit the right of the owner of a structure in which sanitary sewage originates voluntarily to connect the structure to a public sanitary sewer system where the operator of the system agrees to the connection.

(2) Sections 12752 to 12758 are in addition to and not in limitation of the power of a governmental unit to adopt, amend, and enforce ordinances relating to the connection of a structure in which sanitary sewage originates to its public sanitary sewer system.


Popular name: Act 368

333.12771 Outhouses; requirements; rules; violation as misdemeanor; public nuisance; “outhouse” defined. Sec. 12771. (1) A person shall not maintain, or permit to be maintained, on premises owned or controlled by the person an outhouse unless the outhouse is kept in a sanitary condition, and constructed and maintained in a manner which will not injure or endanger the public health.

(2) The department shall promulgate rules governing the construction and maintenance of outhouses to safeguard the public health and to prevent the spread of disease and the existence of sources of contamination.

(3) A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor. An outhouse not constructed or maintained as required by this section or the rules promulgated pursuant to this section shall be a public nuisance.

(4) As used in this section, “outhouse” means a building or other structure not connected with a sewer system or with a properly installed and operated sewage disposal system, and which is used for the reception, disposition, or storage, either temporarily or permanently, of feces or other excreta from the human body.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.421 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

PART 129
FOOD SERVICE SANITATION


Compiler's note: Compiler's note: The repealed sections pertained to definitions, preparation and service of wild game, creation of food service sanitation advisory board, and license to operate food service establishment.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12905 Public areas as nonsmoking; “public area” defined; seating designated for smokers; increasing seating for smokers prohibited; shopping malls; determination of compliance; criteria for denying, suspending, limiting, or revoking license; complaint of violation; investigation; order to cease food service operations; applicability of section to private facility,
Sec. 12905. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all public areas of a food service establishment shall be nonsmoking. As used in this subsection, “public area” includes, but is not limited to, a bathroom, a coatroom, and an entrance or other area used by a patron when not seated at a food service table or counter. Public area does not include the lobby, waiting room, hallways, and lounge areas of a food service establishment, but these areas are not required to be designated as smoking areas.

(2) Subject to subsection (3), a food service establishment with a seating capacity of fewer than 50, whether or not it is owned and operated by a private club, and a food service establishment that is owned and operated by a private club may designate up to 75% of its seating capacity as seating for smokers. A food service establishment with a seating capacity of 50 or more that is not owned or operated by a private club may designate up to 50% of its seating capacity as seating for smokers. A food service establishment that designates seating for smokers shall clearly identify the seats for nonsmokers as nonsmoking, place the seats for nonsmokers in close proximity to each other, and locate the seats for nonsmokers so as not to discriminate against nonsmokers.

(3) A food service establishment shall not use the definition of seating capacity and the exemption from that definition set forth in subsection (9)(c) to increase the amount of seating for smokers above 75%.

(4) In addition to a food service establishment that provides its own seating, subsections (1), (2), and (3) also apply to a food service establishment or group of food service establishments that are located in a shopping mall where the seating for the food service establishment or group of food service establishments is provided or maintained, or both, by the person who owns or operates the shopping mall. As used in this subsection, “shopping mall” means a shopping center with stores facing an enclosed mall.

(5) The director, an authorized representative of the director, or a representative of a local health department to which the director has delegated responsibility for enforcement of this part shall, in accordance with R 325.25902 of the Michigan administrative code, inspect each food service establishment that is subject to this section. The inspecting entity shall determine compliance with this section during each inspection.

(6) The department or a local health department shall utilize compliance or noncompliance with this section or with rules promulgated to implement this section as criteria in the determination of whether to deny, suspend, limit, or revoke a license pursuant to section 12907(1).

(7) Within 5 days after receipt of a written complaint of violation of this section, a local health department shall investigate the complaint to determine compliance. If a violation of this section is identified and not corrected as ordered by the local health department within 2 days after receipt of the order by the food service establishment, the local health officer may issue an order to cease food service operations until compliance with this section is achieved.

(8) This section does not apply to a private facility that is serviced by a catering kitchen or to a separate room in a food service establishment that is used for private banquets. This section does not apply to a food service establishment that is owned and operated by a fraternal organization, if service is limited to members of the fraternal organization and their guests.

(9) As used in this section:

(a) “Bar” means that term as defined in section 2a of the Michigan liquor control act, Act No. 8 of the Public Acts of the Extra Session of 1933, being section 436.2a of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(b) “Room” means an area that is physically distinct from the main dining area of a food service establishment and from which smoke cannot pass into the main dining area.

(c) “Seating capacity” means the actual number of seats for patrons in a food service establishment. Seating capacity does not include seats located at a bar or seats at tables that are located adjacent to a bar, if meals are not served at those tables.

(d) “Smoking” means the carrying by an individual of a lighted cigar, cigarette, or other lighted smoking device.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed sections pertained to display of poster diagramming and explaining antichoking techniques in food service establishment; payment of sanitation service and state license fees; denial, suspension, limitation, or revocation of license; and delegation of authority and responsibility for enforcement of requirements.

Popular name: Act 368
333.12909 Rules; manufacturing, processing, or freezing frozen desserts; compliance with standards; adoption of federal provisions by reference; recognition of other enforcement procedures; meanings of certain terms; expiration of subsection (3); food service establishment or vending machine in place before effective date of part; food service sanitation program as required service.

Sec. 12909. (1) The department shall promulgate rules to prescribe criteria for programs by local health departments and procedures for the administration and enforcement of this part. The department may promulgate rules to prescribe minimum standards of sanitation for the protection of the public health and otherwise provide for the implementation of this part. The department in promulgating these rules shall seek the advice and counsel of local health departments and the food service industry.

(2) The manufacturing, processing, or freezing of frozen desserts as defined in section 2 of the frozen desserts act of 1968, Act No. 298 of the Public Acts of 1968, being section 288.322 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, in food service establishments licensed pursuant to this part, which frozen desserts are intended only for use in the soft form by patrons, guests, patients, or employees, shall comply with the standards of this part and rules promulgated pursuant to this part.

(3) Except as otherwise specifically defined or described in this part, the provisions of the 1976 recommendations of the United States food and drug administration for a food service sanitation manual, including a model food service sanitation ordinance and the unabridged form of “the vending of food and beverages—a sanitation ordinance and code—1965 recommendations of the public health service” are adopted, except any reference in these ordinances and codes to adulteration, misbranding, advertising, and enforcement procedures. Upon written request from a local health department, the department may recognize certain enforcement procedures other than those contained in this part and rules promulgated under this part, when the procedures will result in enforcement which is equivalent in effectiveness and have been legally adopted by the local department of health. The words “municipality of . . .” as used in the recommendations for a model food service sanitation ordinance shall mean the state and the term “regulatory authority” shall mean the local health officer in charge of a local health department or the local health officer’s designated representative. This subsection shall expire September 30, 1981 or when the rules promulgated under subsection (1) are promulgated, whichever is sooner.

(4) The design, construction, and equipment of a food service establishment or vending machine which was in place before the effective date of standards developed or adopted under this part shall be considered to be in compliance with this part if they are in compliance with the standards in effect on the date they were installed and if they are in good repair and are being maintained in a sanitary condition.

(5) A food service sanitation program which meets the requirements of this part is a required service under part 24.


Compiler’s note: Subsection (3) of this section expired August 17, 1981, the date rules authorized under subsection (1) were promulgated, being R 325.25101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

For transfer of powers and duties of the food service sanitation program from the department of public health to the director of the department of agriculture, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368


Compiler’s note: The repealed sections pertained to transitory food units; construction, remodeling, or alteration of food service establishments; investigation of food-borne diseases and poisonings; and storage or application of sulfiting agents prohibited.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12915 Local authority limited; exception; local permit; compliance with local codes, regulations, or ordinances.

Sec. 12915. A county, city, village, or township shall not regulate those aspects of food service establishments or vending machines which are subject to regulation under this part except to the extent necessary to carry out the responsibility of a local health department pursuant to sections 12906 and 12908. This part shall not relieve the applicant for a license or a licensee from responsibility for securing a local permit or complying with applicable local codes, regulations, or ordinances not in conflict with this part.

Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to food establishment, delicatessen, or bakery offering certain food for sale.

Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to injunction or other process.

Popular name: Act 368

333.12922  **Violation as misdemeanor.**

Sec. 12922. A person who violates this part or a rule promulgated under this part is guilty of a misdemeanor.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 131

**TATTOO PARLORS**

333.13101  **Definitions.**

Sec. 13101. As used in this part:

(a) “Body-piercing” means the perforation of human tissue other than an ear for a nonmedical purpose.

(b) “Branding” means a permanent mark made on human tissue by burning with a hot iron or other instrument.

(c) “Controlled substance” means that term as defined in section 7104.

(d) “Minor” means an individual under 18 years of age who is not emancipated under section 4 of Act No. 293 of the Public Acts of 1968, being section 722.4 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(e) “Tattoo” means 1 or more of the following:

(i) An indelible mark made upon the body of another individual by the insertion of a pigment under the skin.

(ii) An indelible design made upon the body of another individual by production of scars other than by branding.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13102  **Tattoo, brand, or body piercing on minor; consent of parent or guardian required; individual under influence of intoxicating liquor or controlled substance.**

Sec. 13102. (1) An individual shall not tattoo, brand, or perform body-piercing on a minor unless the individual obtains the prior written informed consent of the minor's parent or legal guardian. The minor's parent or legal guardian shall execute the written, informed consent required under this subsection in the presence of the individual performing the tattooing, branding, or body-piercing on the minor or in the presence of an employee or agent of that individual. For purposes of this section, “minor” does not include a minor who is emancipated pursuant to section 4 of Act No. 293 of the Public Acts of 1968, being section 722.4 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(2) An individual shall not tattoo, brand, or perform body-piercing on another individual if the other individual is under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13103  **Violation as misdemeanor; penalty; liability in civil action; damages, court costs, and attorney fees.**

Sec. 13103. (1) A person who violates section 13102 is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or a fine of not more than $500.00, or both, for each violation.

(2) A person who violates section 13102 is liable in a civil action for actual damages or $1,000.00, whichever is greater, plus reasonable court costs and attorney fees.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 133
333.13301 Definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 13301. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Approved” means acceptable to the department.
(b) “Class IV installation” means a dry cleaning system utilizing solvents classified as nonflammable or as nonflammable at ordinary temperatures and only slightly flammable at higher temperatures.
(c) “Dry cleaning” includes dry dyeing and means the process of removing dirt, grease, paints, and other stains from wearing apparel, textiles, fabrics, and rugs by use of nonaqueous liquid solvents, including:
(i) Immersion and agitation in open vessels.
(ii) Immersion and agitation in closed machines.
(iii) Spotting or local application of flammable liquid solvents to spots of dirt, grease, paints, and stains not removed by the immersion and agitation process.
(iv) Brushing or scouring with inflammable solutions.
(d) “Dry dyeing” means the process of dyeing clothes or other fabrics of textiles in a solution of dye colors and nonaqueous solvents.
(e) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.
(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.
Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the dry cleaning program in the division of occupational health, with the exception of the division of health risk assessment and the division of occupational health, from the director of the department of public health to the director of the department of environmental quality, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
Popular name: Act 368

333.13303 Class IV cleaning installation; establishment or remodeling; examination and approval of drawings; scale and contents of drawings; specifications.
Sec. 13303. Before a class IV installation is established or before an existing plant is remodeled, complete drawings shall be submitted to the department for examination and approval. The drawings shall be drawn to an indicated scale, give the relative location of dry cleaning building, boiler room, finishing building or department, storage tanks for solvents, pumps, washers, drying tumblers, extractors, filter traps, stills, condensers, piping, and show elevation of the buildings, including lowest floors or pits, tanks, and their fittings and devices. Specifications prescribed by rules promulgated pursuant to this part shall accompany the drawings.
Popular name: Act 368

333.13304 Inspection of building and premises; conformity as condition to issuance of license.
Sec. 13304. When the construction and establishment of a class IV installation is completed, the department shall be notified and it shall inspect the buildings and premises in which the dry cleaning operations are contemplated. If the building and premises conform to the approved plans submitted in accordance with this part or rules promulgated pursuant to this part, the department shall issue to the applicant a license to conduct a class IV installation.
Popular name: Act 368

333.13305 License required.
Sec. 13305. A person shall not operate a class IV installation until issued a license under this part.
Popular name: Act 368

333.13306 License; application; issuance; duration; fee; fee adjustment; “Detroit consumer price index” defined.
Sec. 13306. (1) The department may receive license applications for the operation of a class IV installation. Upon compliance by an applicant with the requirements of this part and rules promulgated pursuant to this part, the department shall issue a class IV installation license.
(2) The department shall issue a license under this part for a period of 1 year.
(3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4), the initial application and annual license fee for a class IV installation license is $100.00 for each class IV installation with operating equipment and an additional $2.75 per pound of rated capacity per cleaning wheel for each dry cleaning machine.
(4) The department shall adjust on an annual basis the installation license fees prescribed by subsection (3) by an amount determined by the state treasurer to reflect the cumulative annual percentage change in the Detroit consumer price index, not to exceed 5%. As used in this subsection, “Detroit consumer price index” means the most comprehensive index of consumer prices available for the Detroit area from the bureau of labor statistics of the United States department of labor.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.17101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.13307 Inspections; delegation to local health department; costs; local ordinance prohibited; staff.
Sec. 13307. (1) The department shall conduct annual inspections of class IV installations to insure compliance with the requirements of this part and rules promulgated pursuant to this part.
(2) The department may delegate the duty of inspections for approval of class IV installation permits to a local health department which has the technical and other capabilities to protect the public health, safety, and welfare in this field. The delegation shall not take place unless the department has first consulted with an ad hoc committee which shall be appointed by the department for the purpose of advising on such delegation. Membership on the ad hoc committee shall include representatives of the department, local public health agencies, and an association which represents the class IV installations which would be subject to the inspections. The state shall reimburse each local health department the full amount of the fees collected, as reimbursement for cost of inspection, on vouchers certified by the local health officer and approved by the department.
(3) A local governmental unit shall not enact or enforce an ordinance which duplicates the standards regarding class IV installations imposed in this part.
(4) The department shall adequately staff the dry cleaning section to carry out the duties of the department under this section.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.17101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.13308 License renewal; application; fee; issuance.
Sec. 13308. (1) A person operating a class IV installation shall apply for license renewal and shall pay a fee as prescribed by section 13306.
(2) Upon compliance by an applicant with the requirements of this part and rules promulgated pursuant to this part and payment of the license renewal fee, the department shall issue a renewal license.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13309 Exhibition of license.
Sec. 13309. A license shall be exhibited at all times in the customer area of a class IV installation in a conspicuous place.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13310 Applicability of § 29.5i.
Sec. 13310. When a class IV installation is operated in the same building or establishment as other classes of dry cleaning installations, section 5i of the fire prevention code, Act No.207 of the Public Acts of 1941, being section 29.5i of the Michigan Compiled Laws, applies.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13311 Installation in building approved by department.
Sec. 13311. A class IV installation in which no flammable liquids as defined in section 1 of the fire prevention
code, Act No. 207 of the Public Acts of 1941, being section 29.1 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, are employed for other than spotting purposes may be installed in a building approved by the department.

Popular name: Act 368

333.13312 Prohibited installation; exception.
Sec. 13312. A class IV installation shall not be located in a building occupied in part as a dwelling. An exception may be granted when due to special construction, location, or use the class IV installation will not create injury or hazard to health as determined by the department.

Popular name: Act 368

333.13313 Preventing escape of vapors; ventilation; exception.
Sec. 13313. (1) A class IV installation shall be constructed and installed so as to prevent the escape of substantially all vapors into the atmosphere of the dry cleaning room.
(2) Ventilation shall be installed in a class IV installation to meet the requirements of rules promulgated pursuant to this part.
(3) A class IV installation shall not be installed in a basement or other location difficult to ventilate. An exception may be granted when due to special construction, location, or use the class IV installation will not create injury or hazard to health as determined by the department.

Popular name: Act 368

333.13314 Use of flammable solvent.
Sec. 13314. A class IV installation shall not use a flammable solvent for brushing, scouring, or scrubbing. The use of a flammable solvent for spotting purposes shall be limited to 1 quart with storage and application from an approved safety can.

Popular name: Act 368

333.13315 Fire extinguishers.
Sec. 13315. One or more fire extinguishers, of either the carbon dioxide or dry chemical type shall be provided for use against A, B, and C class fires for every room in which the dry cleaning or spotting operations are carried on.

Popular name: Act 368

333.13316 Installation to be kept in clean and sanitary condition.
Sec. 13316. A person engaged in conducting a class IV installation shall keep the installation in a clean and sanitary condition free from the accumulation of dirt, waste, and fire hazards.

Popular name: Act 368

333.13321 Enforcement; suspension, revocation, or denial of license; finding of emergency; emergency order; hearing; continuing, modifying, or revoking order.
Sec. 13321. (1) The department shall enforce this part and the rules promulgated pursuant to this part.
(2) The department may suspend, revoke, or deny a class IV installation license.
(3) Upon a finding that an emergency exists requiring immediate action to protect occupational or public health and safety, the department may issue an order, without notice or hearing, reciting the existence of the emergency and providing for the protection of public health and safety. Notwithstanding this part or the administrative procedures act of 1969, the order shall be effective immediately. A person to whom the order is directed shall comply immediately but on application to the department shall be afforded a hearing within 15 days. On the basis of the hearing, the emergency order shall be continued, modified, or revoked not later than 30 days after the hearing.

Popular name: Act 368
333.13322  Rules; appointment of advisory committee.
Sec. 13322. The department shall promulgate rules necessary to carry out this part, and may appoint an advisory committee to assist in rule development. The rules shall include the following:
(a) Plans.
(b) Drawings.
(c) Specifications.
(d) Construction.
(e) Installation of equipment standards.
(f) Inspections.
(g) Other matters necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.
Popular name: Act 368
Administrative rules: R 325.17101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.13325  Violations; penalties.
Sec. 13325. (1) The owner or lessee of a class IV installation who uses a liquid other than that for which the owner or lessee is licensed is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days, or a fine of not less than $10.00 nor more than $100.00, or both.
(2) The owner, occupant, or lessee of a class IV installation, or an agent thereof who fails to comply with this part or rules promulgated pursuant to this part within the time specified by the department, or who builds in violation of a detailed statement of specifications, plans, or license approved by the department, is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not less than 30 days nor more than 90 days, or a fine of not less than $10.00 nor more than $100.00, or both for each violation or noncompliance.
Popular name: Act 368

333.13407  Use of tanning device by minor; consent of parent or guardian required; minor less than 14 years to be accompanied by parent or guardian; protective eyewear; “minor” defined.
Sec. 13407. (1) Before allowing a minor who is under 18 years of age to use a tanning device in a tanning facility, the owner or operator of the tanning facility shall require the presentment of a statement similar to the statement required under section 13405 signed by the minor's parent or legal guardian indicating that the parent or legal guardian has read and understood the statement required under section 13403(1), consents to the minor's use of a tanning device, and agrees that the minor will use protective eyewear.
(2) The owner or operator of a tanning facility shall not allow a minor who is less than 14 years of age to use a tanning device in the tanning facility unless the minor is accompanied to the tanning facility by a parent or legal guardian and the parent or legal guardian signs a statement in the same manner as required under subsection (1).
(3) An individual who uses a tanning device in a tanning facility shall use protective eyewear.
(4) For purposes of this section, “minor” does not include a minor who is emancipated pursuant to section 4 of Act No. 293 of the Public Acts of 1968, being section 722.4 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 228 of 1996, which provided “This amendatory act shall not take effect unless Senate Bill No. 839 of the 88th Legislature is enacted into law.” was repealed by Act 370 of 1996, Imd. Eff. July 3, 1996.
Popular name: Act 368

PART 135
RADIATION CONTROL

333.13501  Definitions; principles of construction.
Sec. 13501. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “General license” means a license, effective pursuant to rules promulgated by the department without the filing of an application, to transfer, acquire, own, possess, or use quantities of, or devices or equipment utilizing, radioactive material.
(b) “Ionizing radiation” means gamma rays and x-rays, alpha particles, beta particles, high speed electrons, neutrons, protons, high speed ions, and other high speed nuclear particles.
(c) “Mammography” means radiography of the breast for the purpose of enabling a physician to determine the
presence, size, location, and extent of cancerous or potentially cancerous tissue in the breast.

(d) “Mammography authorization” means authorization under section 13523 to use a radiation machine for mammography.

(e) “Mammography interpreter” means an individual who meets the requirements set forth in section 13523(2)(g) and is responsible for evaluating and interpreting mammographic images.

(f) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.

(g) “Radioactive material” means a solid, liquid, or gas material which emits ionizing radiation spontaneously.

(h) “Radiography” means the making of a film or other record of an internal structure of the body by passing x-rays or gamma rays through the body to act on film or other image receptor.

(i) “Registration” means registration of a source of ionizing radiation in writing with the department.

(j) “Source of ionizing radiation” means a device or material that emits ionizing radiation.

(k) “Specific license” means a license issued to use, manufacture, produce, transfer, receive, acquire, own, or possess quantities of, or devices or equipment utilizing, radioactive material.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the radiation machine licensing and registration program in the division of radiological health in the bureau of environmental and occupational health from the department of public health to the director of the department of commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

For transfer of powers and duties of the division of radiological health, with the exception of the radiation machine licensing and registration program, from the director of the department public health to the director of the department of environmental quality, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.5001 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.13505 License, registration, or exemption required.

Sec. 13505. A person shall not manufacture, produce, transport, transfer, dispose of, acquire, own, possess, or use a radioactive material or other source of ionizing radiation unless licensed, registered, or exempted by the department in accordance with rules promulgated pursuant to this part or unless exempted by this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13506 Applicability of §§ 333.13505 and 333.13515 to 333.13536.

Sec. 13506. Sections 13505 and 13515 to 13536 do not apply to the following sources or conditions, except as noted:

(a) Electrical or other equipment or material not intended primarily to produce radiation which, by nature of design, does not produce radiation at the point of nearest approach at a weekly rate higher than 1/10 the appropriate limit generally accepted by the medical profession for any critical organ exposed. The production testing or production servicing of the equipment is not exempt.

(b) A radiation machine during process of manufacture or in storage or transit. The production testing or production servicing of the machine is not exempt.

(c) A radioactive material while being transported under the jurisdiction of and in conformity with regulations adopted by the nuclear regulatory commission or the United States department of transportation, or their successors, specifically applicable to the transportation of such radioactive material.

(d) Sound waves, radio waves, and visible, infrared, or ultraviolet light.

(e) A production or utilization facility, as defined in the federal atomic energy act of 1954, 42 U.S.C. 2011 to 2281, or a source of ionizing radiation used in or in connection with the operation of a production or utilization facility pursuant to a license from the federal nuclear regulatory commission or successor thereto. However, the department may collect radiation data and perform environmental monitoring in connection with the operation of the facility in accordance with this part.

(f) A source material, by-product material, or special nuclear material over which the federal nuclear regulatory commission or a successor thereto has exclusive regulatory jurisdiction under the federal atomic energy act of 1954, which jurisdiction has not been transferred to this state pursuant to an agreement under Act No. 54 of the Public Acts of 1965, being sections 3.801 and 3.802 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Popular name: Act 368
333.13511  Agreements as to inspections, environmental monitoring, or other functions.
Sec. 13511. (1) The governor may enter into agreements with the federal government, other states, or interstate agencies, whereby the department shall perform for or on a cooperative basis with the federal government, other states, or interstate agencies inspections, environmental monitoring, or other functions relating to control of sources of ionizing radiation.
(2) An agreement entered into pursuant to subsection (1) does not transfer, delegate, or impose upon the department any power, authority, or responsibility that is not fully consistent with this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13515  Department as radiation control agency; duties generally.
Sec. 13515. (1) The department is designated as the radiation control agency of this state and shall coordinate radiation control programs of state departments acting within their statutory authorities.
(2) Pursuant to rules promulgated under this part, the department shall require licensing and registration of radioactive materials and other sources of ionizing radiation.
(3) The department shall develop and conduct programs for evaluation and control of hazards associated with the use of radioactive materials and other sources of ionizing radiation.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13516  Finding of emergency; emergency order; hearing; continuing, modifying, or revoking order.
Sec. 13516. When the department finds that an emergency exists requiring immediate action to protect occupational or public health and safety, the department shall issue an order, with or without notice or hearing, reciting the existence of the emergency and providing for the protection of public health and safety. Notwithstanding this act or the administrative procedures act of 1969, the order shall be effective immediately. A person to whom the order is directed shall comply therewith immediately but on request to the department shall be granted a hearing within 15 days. On the basis of the hearing, the emergency order shall be continued, modified, or revoked within 30 days after the hearing.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13517  Right of entry to determine compliance or violation; warrant; search and seizure.
Sec. 13517. (1) The department may enter at all reasonable times upon private or public property upon which sources of ionizing radiation are reasonably believed to be located, with the permission of the owner or custodian thereof, to determine if there is compliance with or violation of this part or a rule or license.
(2) If the department has reasonable or probable cause to believe that a violation of this part or a rule or license is being committed on private or public property or that there exists on the property evidence of a violation, and permission to enter thereon is denied by the owner or custodian thereof, the department may apply to the proper judicial officer under Act No. 189 of the Public Acts of 1966, being sections 780.651 to 780.659 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, for a warrant commanding the sheriff or a law enforcement officer, with the aid of the department, to search the property and seize any source of ionizing radiation that is possessed, controlled, or used wholly or partially in violation of this part or a rule or license, or any evidence of a violation of this part or a rule or license.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13518  Operation of environmental monitoring systems; collection and coordination of radiation data.
Sec. 13518. The department shall operate and collect data from environmental monitoring systems in the environs of facilities which emit or could emit significant quantities of radioactive material effluents to measure the effect on public health and safety. The department shall receive and coordinate radiation data collected by other state departments.


Popular name: Act 368
333.13521  Rules generally.

Sec. 13521.  (1) The department shall promulgate rules providing for general or specific licenses or registration, or exemption from licensing or registration, for radioactive materials and other sources of ionizing radiation. The rules shall provide for amendment, suspension, or revocation of licenses. In connection with those rules, the department may promulgate rules to establish requirements for record keeping, permissible levels of exposure, notification and reports of accidents, protective measures, technical qualifications of personnel, handling, transportation, storage, waste disposal, posting and labeling of hazardous sources and areas, surveys, and monitoring.

(2) The rules shall not limit the intentional exposure of patients to radiation for the purpose of lawful therapy or research conducted by licensed health professionals.

(3) The department shall promulgate rules specifying the minimum training and performance standards for an individual using a radiation machine for mammography as set forth in section 13523.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.5001 et seq., R 325.5801 et seq., and R 325.5901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.13522  Rules; avoiding dual licensing; recognition of other state or federal licenses; schedule of fees; deposit of fees; nonrefundable fees in connection with mammography authorization; waiver of fee; waiver prohibited; adjustment of fees.

Sec. 13522.  (1) In promulgating rules pursuant to this part, the department shall avoid requiring dual licensing, insofar as practical. Rules promulgated by the department may provide for recognition of other state or federal licenses as the department considers desirable, subject to registration requirements prescribed by the department. A person who, on the effective date of an agreement under Act No. 54 of the Public Acts of 1965, being sections 3.801 to 3.802 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, possesses a license issued by the federal government for a source of ionizing radiation of the type for which the state assumes regulatory responsibility under the agreement, is considered to possess an identical license issued pursuant to this part, which license expires either 90 days after receipt of a written notice of termination from the department or on the date of expiration stated in the federal license, whichever occurs first.

(2) The department may promulgate rules to establish a schedule of fees to be paid by applicants for licenses for radioactive materials and devices utilizing the radioactive materials.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the department may promulgate rules to establish a schedule of fees to be paid by an applicant for a license for other sources of ionizing radiation and the renewal of the license, and by a person possessing sources of ionizing radiation that are subject to registration. The registration or registration renewal fee for a radiation machine registered under this part is $43.00 for the first veterinary or dental x-ray or electron tube and $25.00 for each additional veterinary or dental x-ray or electron tube annually, or $75.00 annually per nonveterinary or nondental x-ray or electron tube. The department shall not assess a fee for the amendment of a radiation machine registration certificate. In addition, the department shall assess a fee of $100.00 for each follow-up inspection due to noncompliance during the same year. The department may accept a written certification from the licensee or registrant that the items of noncompliance have been corrected instead of performing a follow-up inspection. If the department does not inspect a source of ionizing radiation for a period of 5 consecutive years, the licensee or registrant of the source of ionizing radiation does not have to pay further license or registration fees as to that source of ionizing radiation until the first license or registration renewal date following the time an inspection of the source of ionizing radiation is made.

(4) A fee collected under this part shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general fund of this state.

(5) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (6), the department shall assess the following nonrefundable fees in connection with mammography authorization:

(a) Inspection, per radiation machine ................................................................. $  100.00

(b) Reinspection for reinstatement of mammography authorization, per radiation machine .......... $  100.00

(c) Department evaluation of compliance with section 13523(2)(a), per radiation machine .............. $  700.00
Each reevaluation of a radiation machine due to failure during the previous evaluation, relocation of the radiation machine, or similar changes that could affect earlier evaluation results .................

$ 300.00.

(6) If an applicant for mammography authorization submits an evaluation report issued by the American college of radiology that evidences compliance with section 13523(2)(a), the department shall waive the fee under subsection (5) for department evaluation of compliance with that provision.

(7) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (3) and (6), the department shall not waive a fee required under this section.

(8) The department shall adjust on an annual basis the fees prescribed by subsections (3) and (5) by an amount determined by the state treasurer to reflect the cumulative annual percentage change in the Detroit consumer price index, not to exceed 5%. As used in this subsection, “Detroit consumer price index” means the most comprehensive index of consumer prices available for the Detroit area from the bureau of labor statistics of the United States department of labor.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Administrative rules:** R 325.5001 et seq., R 325.5801 et seq., and R 325.5901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

**333.13523 Radiation machine; registration; temporary authorization; authorization; standards; application; certificate; inspections; denial or withdrawal of authorization; hearing; emergency order; reinstatement of authorization; fine; notice; rules; definitions.**

Sec. 13523. (1) Beginning August 16, 1989, a person shall not use a radiation machine to perform mammography unless the radiation machine is registered with the department under department rules for registration of radiation machines and is specifically authorized under this section for use for mammography.

(2) The department shall authorize a radiation machine for use for mammography if the radiation machine, the personnel operating the radiation machine, and the facility in which the radiation machine is used meet all of the following standards:

(a) The radiation machine and the facility in which the radiation machine is used meet the criteria for the American college of radiology mammography accreditation program dated August, 1993 and published by the American college of radiology in the documents entitled “overview, mammography accreditation program, and ACR standards for the performance of screening mammography”, which documents and criteria are incorporated by reference, excluding the physician interpreter and the accreditation fee schedule. The department shall make copies of those criteria available to the public and may by rule adopt modified criteria. The department may accept an evaluation report issued by the American college of radiology as evidence that a radiation machine, the personnel operating the radiation machine, and the facility in which the radiation machine is used meet those criteria. If at any time the department determines that it will not accept any evaluation reports issued by the American college of radiology as evidence that a radiation machine, the personnel operating the radiation machine, and the facility in which the radiation machine is used meet those criteria, the department shall promptly notify each person who has registered a radiation machine used exclusively to perform mammography under this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(b) The radiation machine, the film or other image receptor used in the radiation machine, and the facility in which the radiation machine is used meet the requirements set forth in department rules for radiation machines.

(c) The radiation machine is specifically designed to perform mammography.

(d) The facility in which the radiation machine is used does all of the following:

(i) At least annually has a qualified radiation physicist provide on-site consultation to the facility, including, but not limited to, a complete evaluation of the entire mammography system to ensure compliance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(ii) Maintains for at least 7 years records of the consultation required in subparagraph (i) and the findings of the consultation.

(iii) Designates a physician or osteopathic physician licensed under article 15 to provide medical direction for the delivery of mammography services and to be responsible for the clinical aspects of the x-ray examinations and other procedures related to mammography. The physician designated under this subparagraph is responsible for conducting an on-site visit to each mammography station within the facility at least monthly for the purpose of...
the radiation machine, and the facility in which the radiation machine is operated for which the mammography
mammography authorization is effective for 3 years contingent upon the radiation machine, the personnel operating
the certificate of registration specifying mammography authorization for each authorized radiation machine. A

Upon determining to grant mammography authorization for a radiation machine, the department shall issue a

the department shall process and respond to an application within 30 days after the date of receipt of the application.

than 1 radiation machine used for mammography shall obtain authorization for each radiation machine. The

mammography authorization on an application form provided by the department and shall provide all of the

information required by the department as specified on the application form. A person who owns or leases more

owns or leases the radiation machine or an authorized agent of the person shall apply to the department for

meets 1 or more of the standards set forth in subsection (2).

granted under this subsection after February 16, 1991 is effective for no more than 12 months. The department may

withdraw a temporary authorization before its expiration if the radiation machine, the personnel operating the

radiation machine, or the facility in which the radiation machine is used does not meet 1 or more of the standards

mammography if additional time is needed to allow submission of evidence satisfactory to the department that the

requirement of this subdivision in the technical aspects or clinical aspects, (2) the individual provides evidence that

radiology or diagnostic radiology by another professional organization approved by the radiation advisory board appointed

under section 13531. Until the expiration of 2 years after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this

subdivision, a physician or osteopathic physician licensed under article 15 who has been eligible for certification in

radiology or diagnostic radiology for more than 2 years shall be considered to meet the requirement of this

subdivision, a physician or osteopathic physician licensed under article 15 who has been eligible for certification in

radiology or diagnostic radiology for not more than 2 years, or is certified or determined to be qualified in radiology

or diagnostic radiology by another professional organization approved by the radiation advisory board appointed

the requirements of subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), and (v):

(ii) Shall successfully complete or teach not less than 15 hours of continuing medical education every 3 years

after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subdivision in the technical aspects or clinical aspects,

or both, of mammography in courses or programs approved by the individual’s respective specialty organization and

licensing board and has documentation of successful completion or teaching that is satisfactory to the department.

(ii) Shall have successfully completed not less than 2 months of formal training in reading mammograms with

instruction in medical radiation physics, radiation effects, and radiation protection and has documentation of

successful completion of the training that is satisfactory to the department. For purposes of this subparagraph, the
department may accept time spent in a residency program that includes specific training in mammography if the

individual has documentation of the residency program that is satisfactory to the department.

(iv) Interprets not less than 520 mammographic examinations each year.

(v) Maintains annual records concerning outcome data for correlation of positive mammograms to biopsies done,

and the number of cancers detected.

(3) The department may issue a nonrenewable temporary authorization for a radiation machine for use for
mammography if additional time is needed to allow submission of evidence satisfactory to the department that the
radiation machine, the personnel operating the radiation machine, and the facility in which the radiation machine is
used meet the standards set forth in subsection (2) for approval for mammography. A temporary authorization
granted under this subsection after February 16, 1991 is effective for no more than 12 months. The department may
withdraw a temporary authorization before its expiration if the radiation machine, the personnel operating the
radiation machine, or the facility in which the radiation machine is used does not meet 1 or more of the standards
set forth in subsection (2).

(4) To obtain authorization from the department to use a radiation machine for mammography, the person who
owns or leases the radiation machine or an authorized agent of the person shall apply to the department for
mammography authorization on an application form provided by the department and shall provide all of the
information required by the department as specified on the application form. A person who owns or leases more
than 1 radiation machine used for mammography shall obtain authorization for each radiation machine. The
department shall process and respond to an application within 30 days after the date of receipt of the application.
Upon determining to grant mammography authorization for a radiation machine, the department shall issue a
certificate of registration specifying mammography authorization for each authorized radiation machine. A
mammography authorization is effective for 3 years contingent upon the radiation machine, the personnel operating
the radiation machine, and the facility in which the radiation machine is operated for which the mammography
authorization is issued meeting 1 of the following requirements:

(a) Maintaining continued accreditation by the American college of radiology.
(b) Having an active accreditation application in process with the American college of radiology.
(c) Maintaining approval or being in the process of obtaining approval under a department evaluation process equivalent to that described in subdivisions (a) and (b).

(5) No later than 60 days after initial mammography authorization of a radiation machine under this section, the department shall inspect the radiation machine. After that initial inspection, the department shall annually inspect the radiation machine and may inspect the radiation machine more frequently. The department shall make reasonable efforts to coordinate the inspections under this section with the department's other inspections of the facility in which the radiation machine is located.

(6) After each satisfactory inspection by the department, the department shall issue a certificate of radiation machine inspection or a similar document identifying the facility and radiation machine inspected and providing a record of the date the radiation machine was inspected. The facility shall post the certificate or other document near the inspected radiation machine.

(7) The department may withdraw the mammography authorization for a radiation machine if it does not meet 1 or more of the standards set forth in subsection (2).

(8) The department shall provide an opportunity for a hearing in connection with a denial or withdrawal of mammography authorization.

(9) Upon a finding that a deficiency in a radiation machine used for mammography or a violation of this part or the rules promulgated under this part seriously affects the health, safety, and welfare of individuals upon whom the radiation machine is used for mammography, the department may issue an emergency order summarily withdrawing the mammography authorization of the radiation machine. The department shall incorporate its findings in the order and shall provide an opportunity for a hearing within 5 working days after issuance of the order. The order is effective during the proceedings.

(10) If the department withdraws the mammography authorization of a radiation machine, the radiation machine shall not be used for mammography. An application for reinstatement of a mammography authorization shall be filed and processed in the same manner as an application for mammography authorization under subsection (4), except that the department shall not issue a reinstated certificate of mammography registration until the department receives the reinspection fee required under section 13522(5), inspects the radiation machine, and determines that it meets the standards set forth in subsection (2). The department shall conduct an inspection required under this subsection no later than 60 days after receiving a proper application for reinstatement of a mammography authorization.

(11) In addition to the penalties provided in section 13535 and the reinspection fee required under section 13522(5), if a person violates subsection (1), the department may impose an administrative fine against the owner of the radiation machine or, if a lessee of the radiation machine has effective control of the radiation machine, the lessee, of not more than $500.00 for each calendar week in which a mammography is performed in violation of subsection (1). If a person continues to violate subsection (1) for a period of 2 weeks after a fine is imposed under this subsection, the department shall post a conspicuous notice on the unauthorized radiation machine and at the entry to the facility where the radiation machine is located warning the public that the facility is performing mammography using a radiation machine that is a substantial hazard to the public health.

(12) The department may promulgate rules necessary to implement this section after consultation with the radiation advisory board established under section 13531.

(13) As used in this section:

(a) “Radiation machine” means a machine, other than those exempted by department rule, that emits ionizing radiation.
(b) “Mammography system” means the radiation machine used for mammography; automatic exposure control devices; films, screens, and cassettes; image processor; darkroom; and viewboxes.


Popular name: Act 368
Administrative rules: R 325.5001 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.13525 Licensing, regulation, or registration by municipalities prohibited.

Sec. 13525. A municipality or a department, agency, or official of a municipality may not license, regulate, or require the registration of a radioactive material or other source of ionizing radiation.

333.13531 Radiation advisory board; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; expenses; duty to furnish technical advice.
   Sec. 13531. The governor shall appoint, with the advice and consent of the senate, a radiation advisory board of 9 members, 3 of whom shall represent industry, 3 the healing arts, and 3 the public and private institutions of higher learning. Members of the board shall serve at the pleasure of the governor. The members shall be reimbursed for necessary and actual expenses incurred in attendance at meetings or for authorized business of the board pursuant to section 1216. The board shall furnish to the department technical advice the board deems desirable or the department may reasonably request on matters relating to the radiation control program.
   Compiler's note: For transfer of authority, powers, duties, functions, and responsibilities of the radiation advisory board to the director of the Michigan state department of public health, see E.R.O. No. 1994-1, compiled at § 333.26322 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
   Popular name: Act 368

333.13535 Violations; penalties.
   Sec. 13535. A person who violates this part or a rule promulgated under this part or who fails to obtain or comply with conditions of licensure or registration under this part is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 180 days, or a fine of not more than $10,000.00, or both. A court may fine a person not more than $2,000.00 for each violation of this part. Each day a violation continues shall be a separate violation.
   Popular name: Act 368

333.13536 Injunction; order directing compliance.
   Sec. 13536. If, after thorough investigation by the department, it is the judgment of the department that a person has engaged in or is about to engage in an act or practice which constitutes a violation of this part or a rule or order, the attorney general, at the request of the department, shall make application to the appropriate circuit court for an order enjoining the act or practice or for an order directing compliance with this part or a rule or order issued pursuant to this part.
   Popular name: Act 368

PART 136
RADIOACTIVE WASTE CONTROL COMMITTEE

   Compiler's note: The repealed sections pertained to the radioactive waste control committee.
   Popular name: Act 368

333.13607 Repeal of §§ 333.13601 to 333.13606.
   Popular name: Act 368

PART 137

333.13701 Meanings of words and phrases.
   Sec. 13701. As used in this part, the words and phrases defined in sections 13702 to 13704 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
   Popular name: Act 368
333.13702 Definitions; A to H.

Sec. 13702. (1) “Above ground vault” means an engineered structure with a floor, walls, and a roof constructed at least partially above grade that is designed in a manner that is compatible with the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(2) “Above or below ground canisters” are individual, engineered modular containers that contain 1 or more waste packages that are approved by the department, in compliance with applicable federal law, and designed in a manner that meets all of the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(3) “Authority” means the low-level radioactive waste authority created in the low-level radioactive waste authority act, Act No. 204 of the Public Acts of 1987, being sections 333.26201 to 333.26226 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(4) “Below ground vault” means an engineered structure with a floor, walls, and a roof constructed entirely below grade that is designed in a manner that is compatible with the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(5) “Candidate site” means a site designated by the authority as a possible host site.

(6) “Carrier” means a person authorized pursuant to this part who is engaged in the transportation of waste by air, rail, highway, or water.

(7) “Collector” means a person authorized pursuant to this part who receives prepackaged waste from a generator and who does not treat or repackage that waste.

(8) “Compact” means a contractual, cooperative agreement among 2 or more states to provide for the disposal of low-level radioactive waste, that is reflected in the passage of statutes by the participating states.

(9) “Disposal” means the isolation of waste from the biosphere by emplacement in the disposal site or as otherwise authorized in section 13709(3).

(10) “Disposal site” means a geographic location in this state upon which the disposal unit and any other structures and appurtenances are located, the property upon which any monitoring equipment is located, and the isolation distance from the disposal unit to adjacent property lines.

(11) “Disposal unit” means the portion of the disposal site into which waste is placed for disposal.

(12) “Host site” means the candidate site that is designated by the commissioner as the location for the disposal site in this state.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of radiological health, with the exception of the radiation machine licensing and registration program, from the director of the department public health to the director of the department of environmental quality, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.13703 Definitions; G to M.

Sec. 13703. (1) “Generator” means any person licensed as a generator by the nuclear regulatory commission and authorized pursuant to this part whose act or process results in the production of waste or whose act first causes waste to become subject to regulation under this part or federal law.

(2) “Groundwater” means water below the land surface in a zone of saturation.

(3) “Hazardous waste” has the meaning attributed to it in part 111 (hazardous waste management) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.11101 to 324.11152 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(4) “Host site” means the candidate site that is designated by the authority as the location for the disposal site in this state.

(5) “Host site community” means the municipality that is designated by the authority as the host site.

(6) “Institutional control” means the continued surveillance, monitoring, and care of the disposal site after site closure and stabilization to insure the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare, and the environment until the contents of the disposal site no longer have a radioactive content that is greater than the natural background radiation of the host site as determined during its site characterization.

(7) “Local monitoring committee” means a committee established pursuant to the low-level radioactive waste authority act to provide for the participation of the residents of a candidate site community.

(8) “Low-level radioactive waste” or “waste” means radioactive material that consists of or contains class A, B, or C radioactive waste as defined by 10 C.F.R. 61.55, as in effect on January 26, 1983 but does not include waste or material that is any of the following:

(a) Owned or generated by the department of energy.
(b) Generated by or resulting from the operation or closure of a superconducting super collider.
(c) Owned or generated by the United States navy as a result of the decommissioning of vessels of the United States navy.
(d) Owned or generated as a result of any research, development, testing, or production of an atomic weapon.
(e) Identified under the formerly utilized sites remedial action program.
(f) High-level radioactive waste, spent nuclear fuel, or byproduct material as defined in section 11(e)(2) of the atomic energy act of 1954, chapter 1073, 68 Stat. 922, 42 U.S.C.2014.
(g) Contains greater than or equal to 100 nanocuries per gram of transuranic elements.
(h) Contains concentrations of radionuclides that exceed the limits established by the nuclear regulatory commission for class C radioactive waste as defined by 10 C.F.R. 61.55, as in effect on January 26, 1983.
(i) Classified as naturally occurring or accelerator-produced radioactive materials known as N.A.R.M. waste.
(j) Waste that after the effective date of this part is determined by the nuclear regulatory commission to be waste that is beneath regulatory concern, or B.R.C. waste as defined by the nuclear regulatory commission, unless the department and the authority concur with this designation.

(9) “Low-level radioactive waste management fund” or “fund” means the fund created in section 20 of the low-level radioactive waste authority act, Act No. 204 of the Public Acts of 1987, being section 333.26220 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
(10) “Management” means the collection, storage, packaging, processing, transportation, or disposal, where applicable, of low-level radioactive waste.
(11) “Manifest” means a form provided or approved by the department that is used for identifying the quantity; composition, including the class, curie count, and radioactive nuclides; origin; routing; and destination of waste from the point of generation to the point of processing, collection, or disposal.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13704 Definitions; M to S.

Sec. 13704. (1) “Municipality” means a city, village, township, or Indian tribe.
(2) “Operation” means the control, supervision, or implementation of the actual physical activities involved in the acceptance, storage, disposal, and monitoring of waste at the disposal site, the maintenance of the disposal site, and any other responsibility pertaining to the disposal unit and the disposal site.
(3) “Performance assessment” means an analysis of the potential pathways for release of waste to the environment and the potential impacts of a release during the transportation of radioactive waste to the disposal site and during the handling and disposal of waste at the disposal site, including, but not limited to:
(a) A description of the potential pathways for radioactive nuclide migration beyond the boundaries of the disposal site during the operation of the site and in the event there is a release.
(b) A description of the potential pathways for radioactive nuclide migration beyond the packaging boundaries in the event of a release that occurs during transportation.
(c) An analysis of safety factors pertaining to the transportation of waste.
(d) The identification of the potential impacts to air, surface water, and groundwater quality, and vegetation, animals, and humans, or any other living thing beyond the boundaries of the disposal site.
(e) A description of potential mechanisms for radioactive release, including, but not limited to, mechanical failure, structural failure, and human error.
(4) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106, and, for the purposes of this part, includes the authority, a municipality, county, the state, and any subdivision of the state.
(5) “Postclosure observation and maintenance” means the surveillance, monitoring, and maintenance of the disposal site after it has been closed and continuing through site closure and stabilization and institutional control.
(6) “Processing” means any method, technique, or process, including storage to facilitate radioactive decay, designed to change the physical, chemical, radioactive concentration, or biological characteristics or composition of the waste, in order to render the waste safer for transport, storage, or disposal, amenable to recovery, convertible to another usable material, or to reduce the volume of waste. Processing does not include incineration or dilution of a material that has a radioactive concentration that is greater than the radioactive concentration of low-level radioactive waste.
(7) “Processor” means a person authorized pursuant to this part who processes or repackages waste.
(8) “Release” means any intentional or unintentional spilling, leaking, pumping, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, disposing, or placing of waste into the environment, except in compliance
with all of the following:

(a) This part.
(b) The rules promulgated under part 135.
(c) Any rules promulgated under this part.
(d) Federal law.
(e) A permit or license issued pursuant to federal law, if the person who is responsible for the release holds such a permit or license.
(f) A permit or license issued pursuant to this part, if the person who is responsible for the release holds such a permit or license.

(9) “Remedial actions” means those actions taken in the event of a radioactive release or threatened release into the environment to prevent or minimize the radioactive release so that it does not migrate and cause significant danger to the present or future public health, safety, or welfare, or to the environment. Remedial action includes, but is not limited to, actions at the location of the release such as storage, confinement, perimeter protection which may include dikes, trenches, and ditches, clay cover, neutralization, dredging or excavation, repair or replacement of leaking containers, collection of leachate and runoff, efforts to minimize the social and economic harm of processing, provision of alternative water supplies, and any required monitoring to assure that the actions taken are sufficient to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, and the environment.

(10) “Shallow land burial” means the disposal of waste in an excavated trench constructed entirely below grade without a below-ground vault and without below-ground canisters.

(11) “Site characterization” means the site specific investigation of a candidate site undertaken pursuant to section 12 of the low-level radioactive waste authority act.

(12) “Site closure and stabilization” means the actions taken at the disposal site during the time period after the closure of the disposal unit during which on-site low-level radioactive waste is disposed in accordance with this part, equipment is dismantled, decontaminated, removed for reuse or disposed of, and radioactive residues are removed from, or properly isolated on, the disposal site.

(13) “Storage” means the temporary holding of low-level radioactive waste prior to processing or disposal.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.5001 et seq., R 325.5801 et seq., and R 325.5901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.13705 Regulatory responsibility.

Sec. 13705. Subject to any limitations in this part, the department shall have the regulatory responsibility that is held by this state in all matters related to the generating, storage, processing, handling, transporting, possession, or disposal of waste.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13706 Implementation and enforcement of part; coordination of regulatory activities; consultation, cooperation, and assistance.

Sec. 13706. (1) The department shall implement and enforce this part, and shall coordinate all regulatory activities of state agencies and departments acting within the scope of their responsibilities related to waste.

(2) The departments of agriculture, management and budget, commerce, natural resources, state police, the state transportation department, and other state departments and agencies shall consult and cooperate with the department and shall assist the department in the implementation of this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13707 Review and recommendations; conflicting laws and rules.

Sec. 13707. (1) The department shall enter into negotiations with the federal government on behalf of this state for full agreements providing for the discontinuance of specified federal authority with regard to waste disposal, radioactive by-product, source and special nuclear material, or for other authority over radioactive materials or sources of ionizing radiation in this state and assumption of that authority by this state. The governor with the advice and consent of the senate may enter into 1 or more agreements with the federal government negotiated pursuant to this subsection.

(2) The department and the attorney general shall review this part and all applicable federal and state laws and
rules pertaining to the authority, the disposal site, and to generators, carriers, collectors, and processors and shall submit written recommendations to the legislature and the governor regarding whether this state should require additional or more stringent regulations for generators, carriers, collectors, or processors to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, and the environment. In addition, the department and the attorney general shall submit written recommendations and the rationale supporting the recommendations to the legislature regarding whether this state should include naturally occurring or accelerator produced radioactive materials known as N.A.R.M. waste in the definition of waste that may be disposed of in the disposal site. The recommendation required in this subsection shall be submitted by April 1, 1988.

(3) If a portion of this part or a rule that is promulgated under this part conflicts with part 135 or with a rule that is promulgated under part 135 prior to the effective date of this part, this part and any rules promulgated under this part shall be given precedence unless a contrary legislative intent is evident.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.5001 et seq., R 325.5801 et seq., and R 325.5901 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.13708 Duties of director or director's designee.

Sec. 13708. The director or the director's designee, with the assistance of other state departments and agencies, shall do all of the following:

(a) Implement a regulatory, inspection, and enforcement program to carry out the provisions of this part.

(b) Issue a construction and operating license to the authority upon the submittal by the authority of an application for a license for the construction and operation of the disposal unit on the disposal site that is in compliance with the requirements of this part and with rules promulgated under this part.

(c) Issue permits to generators, carriers, collectors, and processors if all the requirements of this part and rules promulgated under this part are met.

(d) Assure that the authority fulfills its responsibilities under this act and under the low-level radioactive waste authority act.

(e) Promulgate rules and take any other action considered necessary by the department as authorized under the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, being sections 24.201 to 24.328 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. In fulfilling the requirement to promulgate rules, the director shall promulgate rules necessary to implement the provisions of this part that pertain to the issuance of permits to generators, transporters, collectors, and processors, including rules pertaining to the possession of waste by a generator, transporter, collector, or processor that is incidental to the regulated activity of the permit holder.

(f) Contract as necessary for research and services to assist in the implementation of the department's powers and duties under this part.

(g) Insure the permanent maintenance of records that are sufficient to assure a complete accounting of all waste that is generated, transported, processed, collected, and disposed of in this state, and which includes the maintenance of records pertaining to the operation of the disposal site, the site, site closure and stabilization, and institutional control.

(h) Review the monthly report submitted by the authority to the department as required in section 18 of the low-level radioactive waste authority act.

(i) Take responsive action regarding any discrepancy or other matter considered necessary by the department after reviewing the monthly report described in subdivision (h).

(j) Biannually audit all of the records pertaining to manifests that are maintained by the authority.

(k) Develop and implement policies and programs to insure adequate and informed public participation in matters pertaining to the regulation of the disposal site.

(l) Review and comment on the site selection process developed by the authority pursuant to the low-level radioactive waste authority act.

(m) Review and approve or disapprove the weekly construction inspection submitted by the authority during the construction of the disposal site.

(n) Review for completeness only the contracts entered into by the authority pursuant to the low-level radioactive waste authority act.

(o) Review the authority's recommendation regarding sanctions against a generator, carrier, collector, or processor who the authority suspects has violated this part, rules promulgated under this part, or a permit issued under this part and respond by taking appropriate regulatory action.

(p) Assure that the authority charges just and reasonable fees and surcharges for the disposal of waste and obtains
sufficient funds to cover expenses incurred under this part and as required in the low-level radioactive waste
authority act.

(q) Seek appropriations from the general fund and from the low-level radioactive waste management fund from
the legislature in amounts that are sufficient to fulfill the department's responsibilities under this part.

(r) Approve or disapprove a waiver by the authority of 1 or more of the criteria for the selection of 3 candidate
sites provided for in section 11(4) of the low-level radioactive waste authority act. If the director approves the
waiver, the approval shall indicate why the director concludes that the waiver will not compromise the public
health, safety, or welfare, or the environment and that a candidate site for which a waiver is sought is an appropriate
candidate site despite the site's inability to meet 1 or more of the criteria in section 11(3) of the low-level
radioactive waste authority act. Prior to approving a waiver under this subdivision, the director shall forward the
proposed approval and supporting documentation to the department of natural resources for review and written
comments.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13709 Compliance; disposal of waste; full agreement state status; waiver; acceptance of
waste for disposal.

Sec. 13709. (1) A person shall not possess, generate, collect, process, package, store, transport, or dispose of
waste in this state without complying with the requirements of this part.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), if this state has not obtained full agreement state status with
the federal government, a person shall not dispose of waste in this state except in the disposal site licensed by the
United States nuclear regulatory commission, or its successor agency, and by the director through the issuance of a
construction and operating license under this part. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), if this state has
full agreement state status, a person shall not dispose of waste in this state except at the disposal site licensed by the
director through the issuance of a construction and operating license under this part.

(3) Prior to the issuance of a construction and operating license under this part, if a person obtains a waiver
pursuant to 10 C.F.R. 20.302, the requirement that waste be disposed of only in the disposal site shall be waived by
the director upon receipt of notice and evidence of such a waiver. Following the issuance of a construction and
operating license under this part, the director with the written concurrence of the authority may grant or deny an
application for a waiver of the requirement that waste be disposed of only in the disposal site if either of the
following occurs:

(a) If this state has obtained full agreement state status with the federal government, the department approves the
disposal of the waste in a location other than the disposal site and concludes that the waiver will not harm the public
health, safety, or welfare, or the environment and will not substantially impact on the volume of waste available for
disposal in the disposal site or the financial solvency of the disposal site.

(b) If this state has not obtained a full agreement state status with the federal government, the department
concludes that any waiver granted by the nuclear regulatory commission will not harm the public health, safety, or
welfare, or the environment and will not substantially impact on the volume of waste available for disposal in the
disposal site or the financial solvency of the disposal site.

(4) The department shall assure that waste that is not generated in this state or in a state with which this state may
elect to enter a compact shall not be accepted for disposal at the disposal site. In addition, if this state is a member
of a compact the department shall assure that this state does not accept waste for disposal from any member of the
compact that does either of the following:

(a) Is delinquent in paying dues or fees payable under the compact.

(b) Fails to establish or maintain a permitting and regulatory system, including penalties and remedies, that
equals or exceeds the laws and rules of this state as they apply to generators, carriers, processors, and collectors.

(5) If this state is not a member of a compact, the department shall assure that the disposal site accepts only waste
generated in this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13710 Minimum criteria for design, construction, and operation of disposal site.

Sec. 13710. (1) The director, following consultation with the department of natural resources, shall establish
minimum criteria for the design, construction, and operation of the disposal site. The minimum criteria shall reflect
and shall be updated to include state-of-the-art technology in regard to disposal site design, construction, operation,
and waste disposal technology. The criteria shall be developed and prepared in the form of specifications to be included in the construction and operating license issued to the authority pursuant to sections 13712 to 13714 and in any modification of that license. The criteria at a minimum shall comply with criteria adopted under the atomic energy act of 1954, 42 U.S.C. 2011 to 2296 and regulations pertaining to licensing requirements for land disposal of waste under 10 C.F.R. 61.1 to 61.81 and shall require that the isolation distance between the disposal unit and adjacent property lines be at least 3,000 feet.

(2) Shallow land burial shall not be permitted. Acceptable disposal technologies shall be limited to above and below ground canisters or above and below ground vaults, or both. The criteria shall also include provisions for monitoring at the disposal site and within the disposal unit and provisions for the recoverability of waste that has been disposed of in the disposal site.


333.13711 Licensing requirements for design, construction, and operation of disposal site.

Sec. 13711. The licensing requirements for the design, construction, and operation of the disposal site shall be at least as stringent as all applicable federal design, construction, and operating requirements. The director, following consultation with the department of natural resources, shall establish requirements for the design, construction, and operation of the disposal site that reflect those practices that are necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, and the environment, and that include at least all of the following:

(a) Requirements and performance standards for the operation of the disposal site.
(b) Requirements and standards for the keeping of records and the reporting and retaining of data collected by the authority.
(c) Requirements, training, and standards for the personnel who operate, monitor, and maintain the disposal site.
(d) Requirements and standards for the emergency closure of the disposal site.
(e) Requirements and standards for the postclosure observation and maintenance, and postclosure ownership, monitoring, maintenance, and use, if any, of the disposal site.
(f) Specifications regarding the amounts, sources, form, chemical, and physical composition, and concentrations of the waste that may be accepted at the disposal site.


333.13712 Construction and operating license; application; additional information; fee; license nontransferable.

Sec. 13712. (1) The disposal site shall not be constructed or operated in this state except upon issuance of a construction and operating license issued under this part by the director. The director shall consider only an application submitted by the authority for a construction and operating license. However, the authority may submit a license that has been prepared for the authority pursuant to a contract entered into by the authority as provided in the low-level radioactive waste authority act.

(2) An application for a construction and operating license shall contain all of the following information pertaining to the disposal site:

(a) The mailing address of the authority.
(b) The location of the host site.
(c) A hydrogeological report specifying the existing hydrogeological characteristics.
(d) A monitoring program acceptable to the department and consistent with all applicable federal and state laws and rules pertaining to the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare, and the environment.
(e) A performance assessment.
(f) Engineering plans and specifications for construction.
(g) A detailed basis for design specifications.
(h) The disposal technology.
(i) Procedures for the pre-closure monitoring.
(j) Operating procedures.
(k) A site closure and stabilization plan.
(l) A postclosure observation and maintenance plan and an institutional control plan, both of which shall contain specific provisions as to who is responsible for all aspects of monitoring, maintenance, and other procedures necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, and the environment for as long as the waste is in the
disposal site.

(m) Estimates of the quantities and types of wastes to be stored, treated, or disposed of at the disposal site.

(n) The personnel information necessary to assure the integrity and qualifications of the personnel hired by the authority.

(o) A contingency plan to establish the procedures to be followed in the event of a release.

(3) If any information required to be included in the application regarding a person undertaking a responsibility of the authority changes, or is supplemented after the filing of the statement, the person undertaking a responsibility of the authority shall provide that information to the department in writing, within 30 days of the change or addition.

(4) An application for a construction and operating license shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee that is determined by the department to be sufficient to cover the costs of processing the application.

(5) A construction and operating license shall not be transferable from the office of the authority.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13713 Application for construction and operating license; additional information; nullification of contract; supplementing and keeping current information.

Sec. 13713. (1) The application for a construction and operating license shall contain such additional information as may be required by the department, and shall disclose all of the following information regarding persons with whom the authority enters into agreements or contracts to prepare a construction and operating license for the disposal site or for the construction or operation of the disposal site, if known:

(a) The full name and business address of all of the following:

(i) Each person who enters into a contract to undertake a responsibility of the authority.

(ii) The 5 persons holding the largest shares of the equity in or debt liability of the person undertaking a responsibility of the authority. The director may waive all or any portion of this requirement for a person who is a corporation with publicly traded stock.

(iii) If known, the 3 employees of the person who contracts with the authority who will have the most responsibility for the day-to-day operation of the site.

(iv) Any other business entity listed in which any person listed in subdivisions (i) to (iii) has at any time had 25% or more of the equity in or debt liability of that business entity.

(b) A listing of all convictions for criminal violations of an environmental statute promulgated by a federal, state, Canadian, or provincial agency for each person required to be listed under this subsection. If debt liability is held by a chartered lending institution, information required in this subsection shall not be required from that institution.

(c) A listing of all civil judgments resulting from a violation of an environmental statute promulgated by a federal, state, Canadian, or provincial agency for each person required to be listed under this subsection. If debt liability is held by a chartered lending institution, information required in this subsection shall not be required from that institution.

(d) A listing of all environmental permits or licenses issued by a federal, state, Canadian, or provincial agency held by each person required to be listed under this subsection and a listing of any of those permits or licenses that were permanently revoked because of noncompliance.

(e) A listing of all activities at property owned or operated by each person required to be listed under this subsection, if the incident resulted in a threat or potential threat to the environment.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the director may nullify a contract between the authority and a person who undertakes or may undertake a responsibility of the authority if there are any listings as originally disclosed or as supplemented pursuant to subsection (1)(b), (c), or (e) or subsection (1)(d) as it pertains to permits or licenses that were permanently revoked because of noncompliance.

(3) The authority shall have the continuous responsibility to supplement and keep current the information required in subsection (1). The authority shall provide the department with the information required in subsection (1) for persons with whom the authority enters into contracts following the original submittal of an application for a construction and operating license.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13714 Surety bond, secured trust fund, or other suitable secured instrument or mechanism.

Sec. 13714. The authority shall file as a part of the application for a construction and operating license a surety
bond, secured trust fund, or other suitable secured instrument or mechanism that shall be approved by the
department and shall cover the cost of site closure and stabilization. In addition, the authority shall file a surety
bond, secured trust fund, or other suitable secured instrument or mechanism that shall be approved by the
department, and shall cover the cost of the postclosure observation and maintenance of the disposal site and
institutional control. The authority may use a combination of bonds, instruments, mechanisms, or funds, as
approved by the department, to satisfy the requirements of this section. The bond, instrument, mechanism, or fund,
or combination of these methods of assurance, shall be in an amount equal to a reasonable estimate of the site
closure and stabilization costs, based on the level of operations proposed in the application for the construction and
operating license, and for institutional control. The bond, instrument, mechanism, or fund, or the combination of
these methods of assurance, shall be adjusted periodically as determined by the department to account for inflation
or changes in the permitted level of operation of the disposal site. A failure to maintain the bond, instrument,
mechanism, or fund, or combination of these methods of assurance, constitutes a violation of this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13715 Financial responsibility.

Sec. 13715. The authority, as part of the application for a construction and operating license, shall demonstrate
financial responsibility through the establishment of a fully funded trust fund or a liability bond, or both, providing
for bodily injury and property damage to third parties caused by sudden and accidental releases arising from
operations of the disposal site. The authority shall obtain and maintain liability coverage for sudden and accidental
releases in an amount of not less than $3,000,000.00 per occurrence with an annual aggregate of not less than
$6,000,000.00, and additional coverage sufficient to meet anticipated legal defense costs.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13716 Duties of department; issuance or denial of license; consultation; cooperation;
assistance; exemption; effect of local requirements.

Sec. 13716. (1) Upon receipt of an application for a construction and operating license, the department shall do
all of the following:

(a) Within 45 days, determine whether the application is complete. If the application is not complete, the
department shall notify the authority of all deficiencies and request that the additional information that the
department considers necessary to make the application complete be supplied by the authority within 15 days. If the
authority is unable to supply the requested information within 15 days, the authority shall notify the department in
writing of the reason for any delay and when the requested information will be forwarded.

(b) Immediately notify the local monitoring committee of the host site community, the governing body of the
county in which the host site is located, and impacted state departments and agencies as determined by the
department of the receipt of an application for a construction and operating license and the procedure by which the
license may be approved or denied.

(c) Publish a notice in a newspaper that has statewide circulation, and a newspaper that has major circulation in
the municipality in the immediate vicinity of the host site, and a newspaper that is circulated in the county in which
the host site is located. The published notice shall contain a map indicating the location of the host site and shall
contain a description of the host site and the location where the complete application package may be reviewed and
where copies may be obtained. The notice shall describe the procedure by which the construction and operating
license may be granted or denied. The director shall provide an opportunity for public comment at least 60 days
before making a final decision to grant or deny an application for a construction and operating license.

(d) Along with other impacted state departments and agencies as determined by the department, review the entire
application for a construction and operating license. The review shall include, but not be limited to, considerations
pertaining to air quality, water quality, waste management, hydrogeology, and proposed waste transportation routes,
and the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare, and the environment. The review shall be completed
within 140 days after a complete application is received. Following the completion of the 140-day review, the
department shall prepare a draft version of a construction and operating license that the department is considering
issuing. Before the department prepares a draft construction and operating license, the department shall assure that
all concerns expressed by the review board created in section 13 of the low-level radioactive waste authority act, the
local monitoring committee of the host site community, the governing body of the county in which the host site is
located, and impacted state departments and agencies during the review process are considered. A written and
signed review by each person representing a department who reviews the application and plans shall be reviewed and recorded by the department before a draft license is prepared by the department. In addition, before a draft license is prepared, but following the completion of the 140-day review, the department shall prepare a responsive summary that describes any public comments received by the department and describes how those comments have been evaluated and addressed by the department.

(e) Insure that the draft construction and operating license, written and signed reviews, and the responsive summary provided for in subdivision (d) are submitted to impacted state agencies as determined by the director and to the department of environmental quality.

(2) The director shall make a decision to issue a construction and operating license or deny the application for a construction and operating license as soon as practicable but not later than 12 months after the receipt of a complete application that is in compliance with this part. If the director denies the authority's application for a construction and operating license, the director shall state his or her reason or reasons in writing. If the construction and operating license application meets the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part, the department shall, after preparing a draft version, prepare and issue to the authority a construction and operating license.

(3) The departments of agriculture, natural resources, environmental quality, state police, the state transportation department, and other state departments and agencies shall consult and cooperate with the department in a timely manner in the review of an application for a construction and operating license. The department may also seek the assistance of any other person in evaluating the application for a construction and operating license and in the development of a draft or final construction and operating license, or both.

(4) Except as provided in this subsection, the issuance of a construction and operating license by the director pursuant to this part shall exempt the authority from obtaining other permits, licenses, or registrations which may be required under other applicable state laws, but shall not exempt the authority from meeting other standards and requirements of applicable state laws or federal laws or from obtaining an operating license pursuant to part 111 (hazardous waste management) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.11101 to 324.11152 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, before construction commences.

(5) A local ordinance or permit requirement or other local requirement shall not prohibit, restrict, or regulate the construction or operation of the disposal site.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13717 Independent contractor; inspecting and verifying construction of disposal site; qualification of contractor; certification; compliance; filing and availability of inspection results; addressing deficiencies.

Sec. 13717. (1) Prior to the commencement of the construction of the disposal site, the department shall enter into a contract with an independent contractor who shall inspect and verify that the construction of the disposal site is progressing according to this part, rules promulgated under this part, and the conditions and stipulations included in the construction and operating license. The contractor hired under this subsection shall be knowledgeable in construction projects of the scope and complexity of the disposal site and shall not be associated in any business capacity with a contractor hired by the authority to construct the disposal site. A representative of the local monitoring committee for the host site community may be present during an inspection of the disposal site by the independent contractor.

(2) Prior to the commencement of the operation of the disposal site, the authority shall submit to the director a certification under the seal of a registered professional engineer who contracted with the authority verifying that the construction of the disposal site has proceeded according to the plans approved by the department and the construction and operating license. The department may require additional certification periodically during the operation of the disposal site.

(3) Following the construction of the disposal site and receipt of the certification required under subsection (2), the department and the independent contractor hired pursuant to subsection (1) shall inspect the disposal site and determine if the site complies with this part, rules promulgated under this part, and the conditions and stipulations included in the construction and operating license. The results of the inspection shall be filed in writing with the department before the operation of the disposal site is authorized, and shall be made available to the local monitoring committee of the host site community, the governing body of the county in which the host site is located, and to the public for review. The department shall assure that all deficiencies noted in the inspection shall...
be addressed to the satisfaction of the department prior to the commencement of the operation of the disposal site.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.13718 Temporary or permanent closure of disposal site; reopening.

Sec. 13718. The director may issue an order temporarily or permanently closing the disposal site prior to its scheduled closing date if the director finds that there is a potential hazard to the public health, safety, or welfare or to the environment that justifies a temporary or permanent closure. A disposal site that is temporarily closed shall not receive waste and shall remain closed while remedial action is taken. Before authorizing the reopening of a temporarily closed disposal site, the department shall seek the advice of the local monitoring committee of the host site community and the department of natural resources, and shall provide a documented explanation of its reasons for authorizing the reopening.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.13719 Release of waste or hazardous waste; remedial action; site closure and stabilization; cost.

Sec. 13719. (1) If there has been a release of waste or hazardous waste at the disposal site during its operation, closure, or postclosure, the department shall assure that the authority takes appropriate remedial action.

(2) If there is a release that requires the disposal site to be closed permanently, the department shall insure that site closure and stabilization is complete and adequate and that the authority retains control of the disposal site through the period of institutional control. The cost of site closure and stabilization shall be paid from the low-level radioactive waste management fund.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.13720 Site closure and stabilization; control; cost; rules; surveillance and maintenance of disposal site.

Sec. 13720. (1) Beginning on January 1, 2014, or prior to that date if the disposal site has been permanently closed for any reason, the authority shall begin site closure and stabilization. The department shall assure that site closure and stabilization is complete and adequate and that the authority retains control of the disposal site. The cost of site closure and stabilization shall be borne by the authority.

(2) The department shall promulgate rules pertaining to site closure and stabilization and the active surveillance and maintenance of the disposal site.

(3) After completing site closure and stabilization, the authority shall be required by the department to assure that surveillance and maintenance of the disposal site occurs in accordance with the requirements and conditions of the construction and operating license and with any rules promulgated under this part. The department shall assure that the authority retain control of the site through the period of institutional control.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.13721 Amendment to construction and operating license.

Sec. 13721. If the authority proposes an amendment to the construction and operating license for the disposal site to conform to the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part, or if the director determines that amendments are necessary to conform to the requirements of this part or the rules promulgated under this part, the director may amend the construction and operating license issued to the authority as necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, and the environment. However, prior to authorizing an amendment to a construction and operating license, the director shall submit a proposed amendment to the department of natural resources for review and comment. The director shall submit the department of natural resources' comments and the director's response to those comments to the review board created in the low-level radioactive waste authority act, and to the local monitoring committees. An amendment to a construction and operating license shall specify the time required to complete any required modifications. The director may prescribe a fee to be paid by the authority from revenues collected by the disposal site that is sufficient to cover the department's administrative costs associated with the processing and modification of the construction and operating license. A construction and operating license issued under this part is subject to amendment, as provided in the administrative procedures act of
333.13721a Disposal shipment registration system; validity and contents of approved disposal shipment certificate; application for certificate; duty of generator, processor, or collector; duty of carrier; approval or denial of application for certificate; amended certificate.

Sec. 13721a. (1) The authority shall establish and implement a disposal shipment registration system which shall at a minimum require a valid disposal shipment certificate to accompany each shipment of waste to be delivered to the disposal site.

(2) An approved disposal shipment certificate shall be valid for not more than 3 days, and shall specify, at a minimum, all of the following:
   (a) The date on which a designated shipment shall be delivered to the disposal site. The date shall be 1 of the 3 days for which the disposal certificate is valid.
   (b) The hours during which a designated shipment shall be delivered to the disposal site.
   (c) The name of the carrier, type of transport vehicle, type of shipping container or cask, type of disposal container, and applicable department of transportation hazard classifications.
   (d) The transportation route that a carrier who is specified by the generator shall use to deliver a designated shipment.
   (e) The amount, type, class, and curie count of waste to be included in a designated shipment.

(3) A generator, processor, or collector who is arranging the transport of waste to the disposal site shall submit to the authority an application for a disposal shipment certificate for each shipment of waste to be delivered to the disposal site. The application shall be made on a form provided by or approved by the authority. The generator, processor, or collector shall submit the application at least 15 days, but not more than 30 days, prior to the date requested by the generator, processor, or collector for a carrier to transport the waste shipment to the disposal site.

(4) A generator, processor, or collector who is arranging the transport of waste to the disposal site shall ensure that a carrier who transports waste to the disposal site shall comply with the requirements of the disposal shipment certificate.

(5) The authority shall approve or deny within 10 days each complete application for a disposal shipment certificate that is submitted by a generator, processor, or collector who is arranging the transport of waste to the disposal site. An application shall not be approved unless the authority has signed the certificate and has assigned to it a disposal shipment certificate number. The disposal shipment certificate number shall be placed on each manifest that is a part of the waste shipment approved on the disposal shipment certificate.

(6) Without requiring submission of a new application for a disposal shipment certificate, upon the written request of a generator, processor, or collector, the authority may issue an amended disposal shipment certificate that is valid for 3 days, within 15 days of the original delivery date designated by the authority.

(7) Upon written prenotification by the authority to a generator, carrier, or processor within 72 hours of the original delivery date designated by the authority, the authority may issue an amended disposal shipment certificate. If the amended date is unacceptable to the generator, processor, or collector, a new application for a disposal shipment certificate shall be submitted.

333.13722 Manifest; duties of authority accepting waste at disposal site.

Sec. 13722. (1) The authority or any other person shall not accept delivery of waste unless the waste is accompanied by a manifest certified by each generator, carrier, processor, or collector who possessed the waste and who is authorized to possess waste under this part, and the location of acceptance is the destination indicated on the manifest.

(2) When the authority accepts waste at the disposal site, the authority shall do all of the following:
   (a) Keep permanent records as required by the department.
   (b) Compile an annual report pertaining to the operation of the disposal site, the volume and type of waste placed in the disposal unit, and any other information required by the department.
   (c) Make manifest copies, certificates of disposal, and reports available for review and inspection at reasonable
times by the department or a peace officer.

(d) Certify on the manifest receipt of the waste and furnish a copy of the manifest to the generator within 10 days after receipt of the waste.

(e) Within 30 days of receipt of waste, notify the generator whether the manifest was properly completed.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13723 Operation of disposal site; inspection of shipment; refusal to accept waste; return of waste; seizure and impoundment of vehicle and contents; imposition of surcharges; notice; unloading; requirements as to transport vehicle; informing department of violations.

Sec. 13723. (1) The disposal site shall be operated in accordance with this part, the rules promulgated under this part, and in compliance with the terms and conditions of the construction and operating license and any applicable federal requirements.

(2) Each shipment of waste that arrives at the disposal site shall not proceed into the unloading area until inspected by both the authority and the department and found by the authority and the department to be in compliance with this part, the rules promulgated under this part, the manifest, and any applicable provisions of the construction and operating license. Shipments that are not in compliance shall proceed to a controlled area for appropriate action to remedy the noncompliance or the authority may refuse to accept the waste. If the authority refuses to accept the waste, the authority may order the waste returned by the carrier to the generator or processor who contracted with the carrier to transport the waste to the disposal site. If the waste is ordered to be returned, the authority shall specify on the manifest the address of the generator or processor to whom the waste shall be returned. The authority may seize and impound a vehicle and the contents of that vehicle if it transports waste in a manner that is not in compliance with this part or the rules promulgated under this part or if the contents of the truck are not in compliance with this part or the rules promulgated under this part. In addition, the authority may impose surcharges as provided in the low-level radioactive waste authority act. A vehicle and its contents that are impounded as provided in this subsection shall not be released until the department informs the authority that appropriate remedial and enforcement action has been concluded. The authority or his or her authorized agent shall notify the department and the local monitoring committee of the host site community of the noncomplying shipment. Shipment that is found to be in compliance shall proceed to the unloading area. After a transport vehicle is unloaded, or leaves the unloading area without being unloaded, it shall not leave the disposal site until it is inspected by the authorized agent of the authority and the department and is decontaminated, if necessary.

(3) The authority shall promptly inform the department of any violation of this part, the rules promulgated under this part, a permit issued under this part, or the low-level radioactive waste authority act, that is committed or that the authority suspects was committed by a generator, collector, carrier, or processor.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13724 Compact member states; list of generators, carriers, processors, and collectors; state laws and rules; valid permits; permitting and regulatory system; permission to receive waste; equivalent privileges; expenses; liabilities; primary place of business; eligibility for permit.

Sec. 13724. (1) If this state is a member of a compact, the department shall obtain from each compact member a list of generators, carriers, processors, and collectors who hold permits to generate, transport, process, or collect waste in each compact member state. The department shall also obtain an updated list of the generators, carriers, processors, and collectors as necessary. In addition, the department shall obtain from each state that is a member of a compact with this state the state laws and rules that regulate generators, carriers, processors, and collectors in each compact member state.

(2) The department shall compile and maintain a list of all generators, carriers, processors, and collectors who hold valid permits issued in this state under this part, including updated information regarding any change in the status of a permit issued in this state under this part.

(3) If this state is a member of a compact, the department shall determine which compact member states have established and maintained to the satisfaction of the department a permitting and regulatory system, including penalties and remedies, that equals or exceeds the laws and rules of this state as they apply to generators, carriers, processors, and collectors, and the department shall prepare a master list that includes only the names of generators, carriers, processors, and collectors who hold permits under those compact member states and the names of generators, carriers, processors, and collectors who hold permits under this part.
(4) The department shall permit the authority to receive waste only from a generator, carrier, processor, or collector whose name is on the master list and who holds a valid permit issued in this state under this part or who holds a valid permit issued by a compact member state that has equivalent privileges in this state because the state in which that person generates, carries, processes, or collects waste has established and maintains to the satisfaction of the department a permitting and regulatory system, including penalties and remedies, that equals or exceeds the laws and rules of this state as they pertain to generators, carriers, processors, and collectors. If this state is a member of a compact, a compact member state that establishes and maintains a permitting and regulatory system that the department determines equals or exceeds this state's system as provided in subsection (3) shall, by accepting equivalent privileges in this state as provided in this subsection, give its consent to the requirements of this part, the rules promulgated under this part, and the provisions of the low-level radioactive waste authority act. In addition, each of the compact member states shall be considered to have consented to share with this state and any other compact member states the expenses incurred in the construction, operation, site closure and stabilization, postclosure observation and maintenance, and institutional control of the disposal site and liabilities incurred as a result of the locating of the disposal site in this state.

(5) A carrier, processor, or collector whose primary place of business is in this state shall be eligible to seek a permit from the department under this part to transport, process, or collect waste in this state. A carrier, processor, or collector whose primary place of business is in a state that is not a compact member state shall be eligible to seek a permit from the department under this part to transport, process, or collect waste generated in this state. The department shall issue a permit only to a generator who generates waste in this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13725 Generator's permit; identification number; requirements; conditions; validity; issuance or renewal; application; nontransferable; applicability; fee; modification of permit; administrative costs; automatic issuance of permit.

Sec. 13725. (1) After the issuance of a construction and operating license for a disposal site under this part, a person shall not generate waste in this state unless the person holds a generator's permit issued under this section. The department shall assign an identification number to each generator who is issued a permit or who has been granted equivalent privileges in this state under section 13724.

(2) A generator's permit shall include requirements as provided in this part and any rules promulgated under this part, in the low-level radioactive waste authority act, and conditions that are equivalent to applicable federal requirements. Other conditions as necessary and provided by law may be imposed after the department has submitted to the governor and the legislature the written recommendations required under section 13707(2). A generator's permit is valid for 3 years after the date of issuance.

(3) Upon receipt of the application and a fee as required in subsection (6), the department shall issue or renew a generator's permit if it determines that the generator meets the requirements of this part.

(4) An application for a generator's permit shall contain information required by the department to implement and enforce this part, including all of the following:

(a) The estimated quantities and types of waste generated.

(b) The procedures and methods to be used for responding to a release of waste.

(c) The location and use of storage and transfer facilities, if any.

(5) A generator's permit is not transferable, and shall state with particularity the persons and real or personal property to which it applies.

(6) Each person who submits an application for a generator's permit or permit renewal in this state under this section shall pay a permit application fee of $500.00.

(7) If a generator requests modification of a generator's permit, or if the director determines that modifications are necessary to conform to the requirements of this part, the director may invoke permit modifications which the director considers necessary and may specify the time required to complete the modifications. The director may prescribe a fee not to exceed $500.00 for administrative costs associated with the processing of a modification of a generator permit.

(8) The department shall automatically issue a generator's permit to an applicant who makes an initial application for a generator's permit under this part if that person holds a valid permit or other authorization to generate waste issued by the nuclear regulatory commission at the time of the initial application. A person granted a generator's permit under this subsection is subject to all the applicable provisions of this part, rules promulgated under this part, and the provisions of the permit.
333.13726 Duties of generator; generator acting as carrier, collector, or processor.

Sec. 13726. (1) A generator required to be permitted under this part or who has privileges in this state pursuant to section 13724 shall do all of the following:

(a) Prepare a manifest for each shipment of waste.
(b) Provide a separate manifest for each unit of waste as determined by the department that is to be transported to or collected or processed on property other than the property to which the generator's permit applies.
(c) Include with each manifest details as specified by the department, including sufficient qualitative and quantitative analysis and physical description of the waste to permit an evaluation of the potential hazards associated with the waste and to determine proper methods of transportation, processing, collecting, storage, and disposal. The manifest shall also indicate any safety or transportation requirements required by law for each shipment of waste.
(d) Within 10 days after the transfer of the waste to a carrier, processor, or collector, or to the disposal site, submit a copy of the manifest to the authority.
(e) Compile and maintain information and records regarding the quantities and the disposition of waste shipped.
(f) Package waste in accordance with applicable federal requirements, this part, rules promulgated under this part, and any requirements under the low-level radioactive waste authority act.
(g) Label each container of waste with the generator's identification number and an identification number that corresponds to the number listed on the manifest for that waste and comply with all lawful requirements for labeling and containerization of waste for shipment.
(h) Keep all records and copies of manifests available for review and inspection at reasonable times by the department or a peace officer.
(i) Retain all records and manifest copies for 3 years. The retention period required by this subdivision shall be automatically extended during the course of an unresolved enforcement action regarding a regulated activity or as required by the director.
(j) Certify that the information contained in each manifest is accurate.
(k) Provide for the transport, collection, or processing of waste only by persons holding a carrier's, collector's, or processor's permit issued under this part or who has equivalent privileges in this state under section 13724.

(2) Without obtaining an additional permit under this part, a person who holds a generator's permit issued in this state may act as a carrier, collector, or processor in regard to waste that is generated by the holder under the generator's permit. A generator who acts as a carrier, collector, or processor pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the same requirements provided for in this part for a carrier, collector, or a processor.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13727 Carrier's permit; identification number; requirements; conditions; validity; issuance or renewal; application; registration and inspection of vehicle; inspection fee; vehicle tag; permit nontransferable; applicability; application fee; modification of permit; administrative costs; specifying available routes.

Sec. 13727. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 13726(2), a person shall not transport waste in this state after the issuance of a construction and operating license for a disposal site under this part unless the person holds a carrier's permit issued under this section or issued by a state that has been granted equivalent privileges in this state under section 13724. The department shall assign an identification number to each carrier who is issued a permit or who has equivalent privileges in this state under section 13724.

(2) A carrier's permit shall include requirements as provided in this part and in any rules promulgated under this part, in the low-level radioactive waste authority act, and conditions that are equivalent to applicable federal requirements. Other conditions as necessary and provided by law may be imposed after the department has submitted to the governor and the legislature the written recommendations required under section 13707(2). A carrier's permit is valid for 3 years after the date of issuance.

(3) Upon receipt of the application and fee required in subsection (7), the department shall issue or renew a carrier's permit if it determines that the carrier meets the requirements of this part.

(4) An application for a carrier's permit shall contain information required by the department to implement and enforce this part, including all of the following information:
(a) The estimated quantities and types of wastes to be transported.
(b) The procedures and methods to be used for responding to a release of waste.
(c) The location and use of storage and transfer facilities, if any.

(5) As a condition of a carrier's permit from this state, each vehicle used by a carrier to transport waste shall be
registered and inspected by the department of state police annually to insure compliance with applicable state and
federal law. The department of state police may collect a fee of $200.00 for each vehicle that is inspected. The
department of state police shall supply the carrier with a vehicle tag for each vehicle registered under this
subsection. The vehicle tag shall be displayed by the carrier on each registered vehicle.

(6) A carrier's permit is not transferable, and shall state with particularity the persons and real or personal
property to which it applies.

(7) Each person who submits an application for a carrier's permit or permit renewal in this state under this section
shall pay a permit application fee of $500.00.

(8) If a carrier requests modification of a carrier's permit, or if the director determines that modifications are
necessary to conform to the requirements of this part, the director may invoke permit modifications which the
director considers necessary and may specify the time required to complete the modifications. The director may
prescribe a fee not to exceed $500.00 for administrative costs associated with the processing of a modification to a
carrier permit.

(9) The department with the assistance of the department of state police and the state transportation department
shall specify the routes available in this state for the transportation of waste.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13728 Manifest as condition to transporting of waste by carrier; certification; contents;
delivery; retaining copy of manifest; forwarding copy of manifest.
Sec. 13728. (1) A carrier shall not transport waste unless each shipment of waste is accompanied by a manifest.

(2) A carrier shall certify on the manifest the receipt of waste for transportation, and shall specify on the manifest
the number of containers of waste received and actually delivered and the corresponding identification numbers for
each container of waste, and the carrier's identification number. The carrier shall deliver the waste and the manifest
only to the destination specified on the manifest.

(3) A carrier shall retain a copy of each manifest for 3 years. The retention period required by this subsection
shall be automatically extended during the course of an unresolved enforcement action regarding a regulated
activity or as required by the director. The carrier shall forward a copy of the manifest to the authority within 10
days of its delivery to a processor, collector, or to the disposal site.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13729 Collector's permit; identification number; requirements; conditions; validity; issuance
or renewal; application; nontransferable; applicability; fee; modification of permit;
administrative costs.
Sec. 13729. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 13726(2), a person shall not collect waste for disposal
in this state after the issuance of a construction and operating license for a disposal site under this part unless the
person holds a collector's permit issued under this section or issued by a state that has been granted equivalent
privileges in this state under section 13724. The department shall assign an identification number to each collector
who is issued a permit or who has equivalent privileges in this state pursuant to section 13724.

(2) A collector's permit shall include requirements as provided in this part and any rules promulgated under this
part, in the low-level radioactive waste authority act, and conditions that are equivalent to applicable federal
requirements. Other conditions as necessary and provided by law may be imposed after the department has
submitted to the governor and the legislature the written recommendations required under section 13707(2). A
collector's permit is valid for 3 years after the date of issuance.

(3) Upon receipt of the application and fee required in subsection (6), the department shall issue or renew a
collector's permit if it determines that the collector meets the requirements of this part.

(4) An application for a collector's permit shall contain information required by the department to implement and
enforce this part, including all of the following information:

(a) The estimated quantities and types of wastes to be collected.
(b) The procedures and methods to be used for responding to the release of waste.
(c) The location and use of storage and transfer facilities, if any.

(5) A collector's permit is not transferable, and shall state with particularity the persons and real or personal property to which it applies.

(6) Each person who submits an application for a permit or permit renewal in this state under this section shall pay a permit application fee of $500.00.

(7) If a collector requests modification of a collector's permit or if the director determines that modifications are necessary to conform to the requirements of this part, the director may invoke permit modifications which the director considers necessary and may specify the time required to complete the modifications. The director may prescribe a fee not to exceed $500.00 for administrative costs associated with the processing of a modification to a collector permit.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13730 Manifest as condition to collector accepting delivery of waste; certification; contents; transfer; retaining copy of manifest; forwarding copy of manifest.

Sec. 13730. (1) A collector shall not accept the delivery of waste unless the waste is accompanied by a manifest.

(2) A collector shall certify on the manifest the receipt of waste and shall specify on the manifest the number of containers of waste received and actually delivered and the corresponding identification numbers for each container of waste, and the collector's identification number. The collector shall transfer the manifest with the waste to a carrier for transportation.

(3) The collector shall retain a copy of each manifest for 3 years. The retention period required by this subsection shall be automatically extended during the course of an unresolved enforcement action regarding the regulated activity or as required by the director.

(4) The collector shall forward a copy of the manifest to the authority within 10 days of transferring the waste to a carrier for transportation.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13731 Processor's permit; identification number; requirements; conditions; validity; issuance or renewal; application; nontransferable; applicability; fee; modification of permit; administrative costs.

Sec. 13731. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 13726(2), a person shall not process waste in this state after the issuance of a construction and operating license for a disposal site under this part unless the person holds a processor's permit issued under this section or issued in a state that has been granted equivalent privileges in this state under section 13724. The department shall assign an identification number to each processor who is issued a permit or who has equivalent privileges in this state pursuant to section 13724.

(2) A processor's permit shall include requirements as provided in this part, and in any rules promulgated under this part, in the low-level radioactive waste authority act, and conditions that are equivalent to applicable federal requirements. Other conditions as necessary and provided by law may be imposed after the department has submitted to the governor and the legislature the written recommendations required under section 13707(2). A processor's permit is valid for 3 years after the date of issuance.

(3) Upon receipt of the application and fee in subsection (6), the department shall issue or renew a processor's permit if it determines that the processor meets the requirements of this part.

(4) An application for a processor's permit shall contain information required by the department to implement and enforce this part, including all of the following information:

(a) The estimated quantities and types of waste to be processed.

(b) The procedures and methods to be used for responding to the release of waste, including an analysis of the potential pathways for a release of waste to the environment and the potential impact of such a release.

(c) The location and use of storage and transfer facilities, if any.

(5) A processor's permit shall not be transferable, and shall state with particularity the persons and real or personal property to which it applies.

(6) Each person who submits an application for a processor's permit or permit renewal under this section shall pay a permit application fee of $500.00.

(7) If a processor requests modification of a processor's permit, or if the director determines that modifications are necessary to conform to the requirements of this part, the director may invoke permit modifications which the
333.13732  Manifest as condition to processor accepting delivery of waste; certification; contents; transportation of waste; forwarding copy of certified manifest to generator; retaining copy of manifest; preparation of manifest; compliance; records; packaging waste; labeling containers.

Sec. 13732.  (1) A processor shall not accept the delivery of waste unless the waste is accompanied by a manifest.

(2) A processor shall certify on the manifest the receipt of waste, the amount, and the type of waste received for processing, and shall include on the manifest the processor's identification number. A processor shall provide for the transportation of waste only by a person holding a carrier's permit authorized under this part.

(3) A processor shall forward a copy of the certified manifest to the generator within 10 days of receiving the waste. The processor shall retain a copy of each manifest for a period of 3 years. The retention period required by this subsection shall be automatically extended during the course of an unresolved enforcement action regarding the regulated activity or as required by the director.

(4) A processor shall prepare a manifest for each shipment of waste it transfers to a person holding a carrier's permit issued under this part. A processor shall comply with the requirements of section 13726(c) to (k).

(5) A processor shall maintain any records necessary to trace a generator's shipment from the point of receipt by the processor to the point of transfer to a carrier.

(6) A processor shall package waste in accordance with applicable federal requirements, this part, and any requirements under the low-level radioactive waste authority act.

(7) If a processor places waste in a different container than the container in which the generator places that waste, the processor shall label each new container of waste with the generator's identification number, an identification number that corresponds to the number listed on the manifest by the generator for that waste, the processor's identification number, and the identification number listed on the manifest by the processor for that repackaged waste.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13733 Condition to possession of waste; data as public information.

Sec. 13733.  (1) A person shall not possess waste in this state without complying with the manifest requirements of this part.

(2) Data obtained from any person on a manifest required under this part is public information.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13734 Implied consent; due process rights; surety bond, secured trust fund, or other secured instrument or mechanism; reimbursement of costs resulting from violation; conduct constituting violation.

Sec. 13734.  (1) A generator, carrier, processor, and a collector who holds a permit issued under this part or who holds a permit in a state that has been granted equivalent privileges in this state under section 13724 shall by utilizing the disposal site in this state be considered to have given implied consent to the duties and responsibilities imposed on that person under this part, rules promulgated under this part, and the low-level radioactive waste management act.

(2) Nothing in subsection (1) shall be construed to impact upon the due process rights, including any appellate rights, of a generator, carrier, processor, or a collector who gives implied consent as provided in subsection (1).

(3) A generator, carrier, processor, and collector who holds a permit issued under this part shall post a surety bond or present evidence of a secured trust fund or other suitable secured instrument or mechanism in an amount determined by the department. The bond, trust fund, or other instrument or mechanism shall be payable to the department and conditioned upon performance in accordance with the terms and conditions of the permit of the generator, carrier, collector, or processor. The bond, trust fund, or other instrument or mechanism shall provide that if the generator, carrier, processor, or collector violates the provisions of this part, any rules promulgated under this...
part, or any terms or conditions of a permit issued under this part, the department shall be reimbursed for the costs that are incurred as a result of the violation. The failure to maintain a surety bond, secured trust fund, or other suitable instrument or mechanism constitutes a violation of this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13735 Notice of release of waste; report.

Sec. 13735. A generator, carrier, processor, and collector shall be responsible for giving immediate oral notice to the department, the law enforcement agency and governing body of the municipality and county in which a release occurs, the local monitoring committee of the host site community, and the authority regarding any known release of waste in this state. Within 10 days after the release, a written report shall be submitted by the generator, carrier, processor, or collector to the department, the local monitoring committee, and the authority, which shall include all of the following information:

(a) The date, time, and location of the release.
(b) The cause, nature, and details of the release.
(c) The remedial actions, if any, taken to effectuate corrective measures and to mitigate the impact of the release.
(d) The measures to be taken to prevent the occurrence of future releases.
(e) Other information as may be required by the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13736 Sanctions for negligence or failure to exercise due care; grounds for suspending, revoking, annulling, withdrawing, recalling, or cancelling license or permit; order; procedures, hearings, oaths, subpoenas, and testimony; books, papers, or documents; aid of circuit court; grounds for denial of application for license or permit; monitoring, surveillance, and inspection; spot checks; advising authority of regulatory actions; administrative inspection warrant; search warrant; probable cause.

Sec. 13736. (1) A person who holds a license or permit issued under this part may be subject to sanctions as provided in subsection (2) for negligence or a failure to exercise due care, including negligent supervision, regarding the license or permit holder's contractors, employees, agents, or subordinates.

(2) The department may suspend, revoke, annul, withdraw, recall, or cancel a license or permit issued under this part in accordance with the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act No. 306 of the Public Acts of 1969, being sections 24.201 to 24.328 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, if any of the following exists:

(a) Fraud or deceit in obtaining a permit or license or in registering under this part.
(b) A violation of this part, an order issued or a rule promulgated under this part, or the conditions of a registration, permit, or license under this part.
(c) Negligence or failure to exercise due care, including negligent supervision, regarding contractors, employees, agents, or subordinates.

(3) In addition to or in lieu of any action authorized in subsection (2), if the department finds any of the circumstances listed in subsection (2)(a) to (c), the department may issue an order directing the person to do either of the following:

(a) Discontinue handling or otherwise possessing waste.
(b) Comply with specific requirements of a permit or license issued under this part.

(4) The department may establish procedures, hold hearings, administer oaths, issue subpoenas, and order testimony to be taken at a hearing or by deposition in a proceeding under this part. A person may be compelled to appear and testify and to produce books, papers, or documents in a proceeding. In case of disobedience of a subpoena, a party to a hearing may invoke the aid of the circuit court of the county in which the hearing is held to require the attendance and testimony of witnesses. The circuit court may issue an order requiring an individual to appear and give testimony.

(5) An application for a license or permit under this part may be denied on a finding of any condition or practice that would constitute a violation of this part or any rules promulgated under this part if the applicant were a holder of the permit or a license that the applicant seeks or if there is fraud or deceit in attempting to obtain a permit or license under this part.

(6) The director or his or her authorized representatives may enter the disposal site or other location where waste is located or reasonably believed to be located at any time for the purpose of monitoring, surveillance, and
inspection, and may enter at all reasonable times upon any public or private property, building, premises, place, or
vehicle for the purpose of determining compliance with this part, or a permit, registration, or license condition, rule,
or an order issued pursuant to this part. In the conduct of an investigation, the director or his or her authorized
representatives may collect samples, conduct tests and inspections, and examine any book, record, paper, document,
or other physical evidence related to the generation, management, processing, collecting, transport, storage, or
disposal of waste.

(7) The department shall conduct unannounced spot checks of the premises of generators and processors who
hold permits issued under this part to assure the proper packaging of waste. The unannounced spot checks provided
for in this subsection shall only occur to the extent that the department has access to the premises of the generator
and processor under federal law.

(8) The department shall advise the authority of regulatory actions taken under this part and shall evaluate and
respond within 30 days to information received from the authority in which the authority recommends that
regulatory action should be undertaken by the department.

(9) An agent or employee of the department may apply for an administrative inspection warrant pursuant to
sections 2241 to 2247, or for a search warrant for purposes of collecting samples, testing, inspecting, or examining
any radioactive material or any public or private property, building, premises, place, vehicle, book, record, paper,
sample results, or other physical evidence related to the generation, processing, collecting, management, transport,
storage, disposal, or possession of waste. It shall be sufficient probable cause to show any of the following:

(a) The sample collection, test, inspection, or examination is pursuant to a general administrative action to
determine compliance with this part.

(b) An agent or employee of the department has reason to believe that a violation of this part has occurred or may
occur.

(c) An agent or employee of the department has been refused access to the waste, property, building, premise,
place, vehicle, book, record, document, paper, sample results, or other physical evidence related to the generation,
management, processing, collecting, transport, or disposal of waste, or has been prevented from collecting samples
or conducting tests, surveillance, inspections, monitoring, or examinations.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13737 Action to restrain, enjoin, prevent, or correct violation; rules adopting schedule of
monetary civil fines.

Sec. 13737. (1) Notwithstanding the existence and pursuit of any other remedy, the director, without posting a
bond, may request the attorney general to bring an action in the name of the people of this state to restrain, enjoin,
prevent, or correct a violation of this part, rules promulgated under this part, or a permit or license or order issued
under this part.

(2) The department may promulgate rules to adopt a schedule of monetary civil fines in accordance with sections
2262 and 2263 to enforce this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13738 Order requiring compliance or remedial action; emergency order; civil action; venue;
civil fine; violation as misdemeanor or felony; penalty; “state of mind”; “placing person in
imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury”; affirmative defense; “serious bodily injury”;
action for damage; costs of litigation; intervention.

Sec. 13738. (1) If the director finds that a person is in violation of this part, a rule promulgated under this part,
or a permit or license issued under this part, the director may issue an order requiring the person to comply with this
part, rule, permit, or license. An order issued pursuant to this section may require remedial actions considered
necessary by the department to correct violations. An order issued by the director pursuant to this section may be an
emergency order as authorized by section 2251 upon a finding and determination that an imminent danger to the
health or lives of individuals exists as a result of conditions associated with the generation, processing, collecting,
management, transporting, handling, disposal, or possession of waste. The attorney general may commence a civil
action against a person for appropriate relief, including injunctive relief for a violation of this part or a rule
promulgated under this part. An action under this subsection may be brought in the circuit court for the county of
Ingham or for the county in which the defendant is located, resides, or is doing business. In addition to any other
relief granted under this subsection, the court may impose a civil fine of not more than $25,000.00 for each instance
of violation and, if the violation is continuous, for each day of continued noncompliance. A fine collected under this subsection shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund.

(2) A person who possesses, generates, processes, collects, transports, or disposes of waste in violation of this part, or contrary to a license, permit, order, or rule issued or promulgated under this part, or who makes a false statement, representation, or certification in an application for, or form pertaining to, a permit or license, is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than $25,000.00 for each instance of violation and, if the violation is continuous, for each day of violation, or imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both. If the conviction is for a violation committed after a first conviction of the person under this subsection, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than $50,000.00 for each instance of violation and, if the violation is continuous, for each day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than 5 years, or both.

(3) Any person who knowingly possesses, generates, processes, collects, transports, or disposes of waste in violation of subsection (2) and who knows at that time that he or she thereby places another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, and if his or her conduct in the circumstances manifests an unjustified and inexcusable disregard for human life, or if his or her conduct in the circumstances manifests an extreme indifference for human life, is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than $250,000.00 or imprisonment for not more than 2 years, or both, except that any person whose actions constitute an extreme indifference for human life is guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of not less than $250,000.00 and not more than $500,000.00 and imprisonment for not less than 5 years and not more than 20 years. A defendant that is not an individual and not a governmental entity shall be subject, upon conviction, to a fine of not more than $1,000,000.00.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (3), a person’s state of mind is knowing with respect to:
   (a) His or her conduct, if he or she is aware of the nature of his or her conduct.
   (b) An existing circumstance, if he or she is aware or believes that the circumstance exists.
   (c) A result of his or her conduct, if he or she is aware or believes that his or her conduct is substantially certain to cause danger of death or serious bodily injury.

(5) For purposes of subsection (3), in determining whether a defendant who is an individual knew that his or her conduct placed another person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, both of the following apply:
   (a) The person is responsible only for actual awareness or actual belief that he or she possessed.
   (b) Knowledge possessed by a person other than the defendant but not by the defendant himself or herself may not be attributed to the defendant. However, in proving the defendant’s possession of actual knowledge, circumstantial evidence may be used, including evidence that the defendant took affirmative steps to shield himself or herself from relevant information.

(6) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under this part that the conduct charged was consented to by the person endangered and that the danger and conduct charged were reasonably foreseeable hazards of either of the following:
   (a) An occupation, business, profession, or through the undertaking of an inspection of the disposal site as a representative of the local monitoring committee of the host site community.
   (b) Medical treatment or professionally approved methods and such other person had been made aware of the risks involved prior to giving consent.

(7) The defendant may establish an affirmative defense under subsection (6) by a preponderance of the evidence.

(8) For purposes of subsection (3), “serious bodily injury” means each of the following:
   (a) Bodily injury which involves a substantial risk of death.
   (b) Unconsciousness.
   (c) Extreme physical pain.
   (d) Protracted and obvious disfigurement.
   (e) Protracted loss or impairment of the function of a bodily member, organ, or mental faculty.

(9) In addition to a fine, the attorney general may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover the full value of the damage done to the natural resources of this state and the costs of surveillance and enforcement by the state resulting from the violation. The damages and cost collected under this subsection shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund.

(10) The court, in issuing a final order in an action brought under this part, may award costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney and expert witness fees to a party, including the state, if the court determines that the award is appropriate.

(11) A person who has an interest which is or may be affected by a civil or administrative action commenced under this part shall have a right to intervene in that action.

333.13739 Action for injunction; noncompliance by department.
Sec. 13739. (1) A person may bring an action for an injunction against the director to compel the director to fulfill a requirement of this part.
(2) The failure of the department to comply with a requirement of this part that pertains to specified dates by which certain acts are to occur shall not invalidate an action taken by the department after the specified date if that action is otherwise in compliance with this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13740 Disposition of receipts from civil fines and fees; appropriations; construction of section; expenditures required as result of release.
Sec. 13740. (1) The department shall deposit all receipts from civil fines and fees collected pursuant to this part and from judgments, settlements, and any other payments collected pursuant to this part in the state treasury to the credit of the general fund.

(2) Funds credited to the general fund as required by this section shall be appropriated for the purposes provided in this section and if insufficient funds are available or appropriated from the general fund, the department may seek appropriations by the legislature from the low-level radioactive waste management fund for purposes authorized by this part, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
   (a) Hiring personnel and any other operating and contingent expenses necessary for the proper administration of this part, to fulfill the state's obligations under the low-level radioactive waste policy act, Public Law 96-573, 42 U.S.C. 2021b to 2021d, and if this state is a member of a compact to assure adequate involvement by this state in any compact activities and responsibilities.
   (b) Regulatory costs, including, but not limited to, the costs of promulgating and enforcing administrative rules if this state enters into an agreement with the United States nuclear regulatory commission as provided in section 13707.
   (c) Contracting with any person or vendor for the purpose of carrying out this part and the rules promulgated under this part.
   (d) Taking any actions necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, and the environment from actual or threatened harm from activities regulated under this part.

(3) This section shall not be construed to limit the financial responsibilities of a person who holds a permit or license under this part, or establish or imply any liability on the part of the state.

(4) If expenditures are required as a result of a release or threatened release, the department, the attorney general on behalf of the department, the department of natural resources, and the authority shall seek to obtain funds from a responsible party including a surety bond, secured trust fund, or other instrument, mechanism, fund, or liability insurance held by that party.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13741 Lawful activity not prohibited or restricted.
Sec. 13741. A municipality or county shall not prohibit or restrict a lawful activity regulated under this part.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 138
MEDICAL WASTE

333.13801 Short title.
Sec. 13801. This part shall be known and may be cited as the “medical waste regulatory act”.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13803 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 13803. (1) For purposes of this part, the words and phrases defined in sections 13805 and 13807 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13805 Definitions; A to M.

Sec. 13805. (1) “Advisory council” means the interdepartmental medical waste advisory council created in section 13827.

(2) “Autoclave” means to sterilize using superheated steam under pressure.

(3) “Decontamination” means rendering medical waste safe for routine handling as solid waste.

(4) “Fund” means the medical waste emergency response fund created in section 13829.

(5) “Health facility or agency” means that term as defined in section 20106.

(6) “Household” means a single detached dwelling unit or a single unit of a multiple dwelling.

(7) “Infectious agent” means a pathogen that is sufficiently virulent so that if a susceptible host is exposed to the pathogen in an adequate concentration and through a portal of entry, the result could be transmission of disease to a human.

(8) “Medical waste” means any of the following that are not generated from a household, a farm operation or other agricultural business, a home for the aged, or a home health care agency:

(a) Cultures and stocks of infectious agents and associated biologicals, including laboratory waste, biological production wastes, discarded live and attenuated vaccines, culture dishes, and related devices.

(b) Liquid human and animal waste, including blood and blood products and body fluids, but not including urine or materials stained with blood or body fluids.

(c) Pathological waste.

(d) Sharps.

(e) Contaminated wastes from animals that have been exposed to agents infectious to humans, these being primarily research animals.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13807 Definitions; P to T.

Sec. 13807. (1) “Pathogen” means a microorganism that produces disease.

(2) “Pathological waste” means human organs, tissues, body parts other than teeth, products of conception, and fluids removed by trauma or during surgery or autopsy or other medical procedure, and not fixed in formaldehyde.

(3) “Point of generation” means the point at which medical waste leaves the producing facility site.

(4) “Producing facility” means a facility that generates, stores, decontaminates, or incinerates medical waste.

(5) “Release” means any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, or disposing of medical waste into the environment in violation of this part.

(6) “Response activity” means an activity necessary to protect the public health, safety, welfare, and the environment, and includes, but is not limited to, evaluation, cleanup, removal, containment, isolation, treatment, monitoring, maintenance, replacement of water supplies, and temporary relocation of people.

(7) “Sharps” means needles, syringes, scalpels, and intravenous tubing with needles attached.

(8) “Storage” means the containment of medical waste in a manner that does not constitute disposal of the medical waste.

(9) “Transport” means the movement of medical waste from the point of generation to any intermediate point and finally to the point of treatment or disposal. Transport does not include the movement of medical waste from a health facility or agency to another health facility or agency for the purposes of testing and research.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13809 Producing facility not incinerating medical waste on site; containment of medical waste.

Sec. 13809. A producing facility that does not incinerate medical waste on site shall do all of the following to contain medical waste:
(a) Package, contain, and locate medical waste in a manner that protects and prevents the medical waste from release at the producing facility or at any time before ultimate disposal.

(b) Separate the categories of medical waste at the point of origin into appropriate containers that are labelled as required under subdivision (c).

(c) Label the containers required under subdivision (b) with a biohazard symbol or the words “medical waste” or “pathological waste” in letters not less than 1 inch high.

(d) Not compact or mix medical waste with other waste materials before decontamination, incineration, and disposal.

(e) If decontaminated medical waste is mixed with other solid waste, clearly label the container to indicate that it contains decontaminated medical waste.

(f) Store medical waste in such a manner that prevents putrefaction and also prevents infectious agents from coming in contact with the air or with individuals.

(g) If medical waste is stored outside of the producing facility, store the medical waste in a secured area or locked in a container that weighs more than 500 pounds and prevent access to the area or container by vermin or unauthorized individuals.

(h) Not store medical waste on the premises of the producing facility for more than 90 days.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13810 Producing facility incinerating medical waste on site; containment of medical waste.
Sec. 13810. A producing facility that incinerates medical waste on site shall do all of the following to contain medical waste:

(a) Package, contain, and locate medical waste in a manner that protects and prevents the medical waste from release at the producing facility or at any time before ultimate disposal.

(b) Separate and dispose of sharps in the manner described in section 13811(d).

(c) Label the containers required under subdivision (a) with a biohazard symbol or the words “medical waste” or “pathological waste” in letters not less than 1 inch high.

(d) Not store medical waste on premises of the producing facility for more than 90 days.


Compiler's note: In subsection (a), the words “Package, contain, and locate medical waste in a matter” evidently should read “Package, contain, and locate medical waste in a manner.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.13811 Storage, decontamination, and disposal of medical waste.
Sec. 13811. A producing facility shall store, decontaminate, and dispose of medical waste pursuant to the following:

(a) Cultures and stocks of material contaminated with an infectious agent shall be stored in closed, puncture-resistant containers, decontaminated by autoclaving or incineration, and disposed of in a sanitary landfill.

(b) Blood and blood products and body fluids shall be disposed of by 1 or more of the following methods:

(i) Flushing down a sanitary sewer.

(ii) Decontaminating by autoclaving or incineration.

(iii) Solidifying.

(iv) If not in liquid form, transferring to a sanitary landfill.

(v) A process approved by the department.

(c) Pathological waste shall be disposed of by 1 or more of the following methods:

(i) Incineration or cremation.

(ii) Grinding and flushing into a sanitary sewer.

(iii) Burial in a cemetery, if transported in leakproof containers of sufficient integrity to prevent rupture.

(iv) Grinding until rendered unrecognizable, stored in closed, puncture-resistant, properly labeled containers, and, if not in liquid form, disposed of in a sanitary landfill.

(v) A process approved by the department.

(d) Sharps shall be disposed of by 1 of the following methods:

(i) Placement in rigid, puncture-resistant containers that are appropriately labeled and transported to a sanitary landfill in a manner that retains the integrity of the container.

(ii) Incineration or decontamination and grinding that renders the objects unrecognizable. Ground sharps shall be
placed in a sealed, rupture-resistant container and transported to a sanitary landfill.

(iii) A process approved by the department.

(e) Animal waste contaminated with organisms infectious to humans shall be disposed of by incineration or by burial in a sanitary landfill in properly labeled, double containers that are leakproof and puncture-resistant and are tightly sealed to prevent escape of fluids or material. Contaminated animal organs disposed of separately shall be rendered unrecognizable.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13813 Producing facility; registration; form; medical waste management plan required; registration fee; certificate of registration; investigation of complaint; inspection of facility; disposition of fees.

Sec. 13813. (1) Each producing facility shall register with the department on a form prescribed by the department. A producing facility shall have a written medical waste management plan that contains information required in section 13817 on file on the premises within 90 days after registration.

(2) A producing facility shall submit the following registration fee with the registration form:

(a) For a producing facility that is a private practice office with fewer than 4 licensees under article 15 who are physicians, dentists, podiatrists, certified nurse practitioners, certified nurse midwives, or veterinarians employed by, under contract to, or working at the producing facility, a registration fee of $50.00.

(b) For a producing facility that is a private practice office with 4 or more licensees under article 15 who are physicians, dentists, podiatrists, certified nurse practitioners, certified nurse midwives, or veterinarians employed by, under contract to, or working at the producing facility, a registration fee of $20.00 for each licensee, up to a maximum total registration fee of $80.00.

(3) Upon receipt of a complete registration form and registration fee under this section or section 13815, the department shall issue a certificate of registration to the producing facility. A certificate of registration issued under this section is valid for 3 years from its date of issuance. The department shall investigate each complaint received and may inspect a producing facility registered under this section pursuant to the receipt of a complaint.

(4) Registration fees collected pursuant to this section and section 13815 shall be forwarded to the state treasury and deposited pursuant to section 13829.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13815 Registration fee.

Sec. 13815. A producing facility shall submit the following registration fee with the registration form required under section 13813:

(a) For a producing facility that is a health facility or agency other than a hospital described in subdivision (b) and for a producing facility that is not a health facility or agency, a registration fee of $75.00.

(b) For a producing facility that is a health facility or agency that is a hospital with 150 or more licensed beds or a clinical laboratory, a registration fee of $150.00.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13817 Medical waste management plan; contents; compliance; update; availability.

Sec. 13817. (1) The medical waste management plan required in section 13813 shall contain information relating to the handling of all medical waste generated, stored, decontaminated, or incinerated at each producing facility or transported from the producing facility for handling by another facility for storage, decontamination, incineration, or for disposal in a sanitary landfill, cemetery, or other disposal site. A professional corporation may identify and prepare a common medical waste management plan for all producing facilities owned and operated by the corporation. The medical waste management plan shall describe each of the following, to the extent the information is applicable to the producing facility:

(a) The types of medical waste handled.

(b) The segregation, packaging, labeling, and collection procedures used.

(c) The use and methods of on-site or off-site storage.

(d) The use and methods of on-site or off-site decontamination.

(e) The use of on-site or off-site incineration.
(f) The corporate or other legally recognized business name of solid waste haulers who transport medical waste for the producing facility.

(g) The use of sanitary landfills, cemeteries, and other disposal sites.

(h) The measures to minimize exposure of the facility's employees to infectious agents throughout the process of handling and disposing of the medical waste, including, where applicable, the use of protocols, procedures and training, personal protective devices and clothing, physical containment or isolation devices or systems, and prevention or control of aerosols.

(i) The name of the individual responsible for the management of the medical waste.

(2) A medical waste management plan shall comply with the requirements of this act.

(3) A producing facility shall update a medical waste management plan each time there is a change in either of the following, within 30 days after the change occurs:

(a) A person or site named in the plan.

(b) The types of medical waste handled or the methods of handling medical waste at the facility.

(4) Upon request, a producing facility shall make its medical waste management plan available to the department pursuant to a routine or unannounced inspection or the investigation of a complaint.

(5) Upon receipt of 24 hours' advance notice, a producing facility shall make its medical waste management plan available to an employee of the producing facility for inspection on the premises or provide a copy of the medical waste management plan to the employee.

(6) A producing facility shall comply with its medical waste management plan.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.13819 Medical waste management plan; modification; warning.

Sec. 13819. (1) Upon review of a medical waste management plan under section 13817(4), the department may require a producing facility to modify the medical waste management plan at any time the department determines the plan is not adequate to protect the public health or is inconsistent with state or federal law. Upon determining that the plan is inadequate or inconsistent under this section, the department shall notify the producing facility in writing of its determination and the specific modifications necessary for compliance. The producing facility shall modify the plan within 10 days after receipt of the notice from the department.

(2) The department may issue a warning to a producing facility that fails to modify a plan within the 10-day period.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.13821 Manner of packaging medical waste.

Sec. 13821. A producing facility that transports medical waste off the premises of the producing facility shall package the medical waste in the following manner:

(a) Sharps that are not ground or incinerated as described in section 13811(d) shall be contained for disposal in individual leakproof, rigid, puncture-resistant containers that are secured to preclude loss of the contents. In addition, a container used to store or transport a number of individual sharps containers shall be leakproof. These containers shall be conspicuously labeled with the word “sharps”. Sharps that are contained pursuant to this subdivision may be disposed of as solid waste pursuant to part 115 (solid waste management) of the natural resources and environmental protection act, Act No. 451 of the Public Acts of 1994, being sections 324.11501 to 324.11549 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. However, sharps shall not be compacted or handled during transport in a manner that will result in breakage of a sharps container.

(b) Medical waste other than sharps shall be contained in bags other than body pouches or other containers that are impervious to moisture and have a strength sufficient to resist ripping, tearing, breaking, or bursting under normal conditions of usage or handling. The bags or containers shall be secured so as to prevent leakage during storage, handling, or transport.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.13823 Investigation and confirmation of reported medical waste on land or water; report; protective measures; consultations; information on results of investigation.

Sec. 13823. (1) If suspected medical waste is discovered on any land or water in the state and reported to the
333.13825 Investigation and confirmation of violation; report; corrective and protective measures; consultations; assistance; information on results of investigation.

Sec. 13825.  (1) If there is a suspected violation of this part on the premises of a health facility or agency or on the premises of an incinerator owned and operated by a health facility or agency, the department of public health shall promptly conduct an investigation to confirm the violation. If the suspected violation is reported to the department of natural resources, a local health department, the department of state police, or any other state or local governmental agency, the report immediately shall be transmitted to the department of public health. If the investigation confirms the existence of a violation of this part, the department of public health may if appropriate take measures to correct the violation and to do all things necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare and the environment.

(2) The department of public health may consult with the department of natural resources, the appropriate local health department, the department of state police, and the department of attorney general on the actions taken by the department of public health under this section.

(3) If the department of public health confirms the existence of a violation under this section, the department of public health shall inform the legislature, the governor, the advisory council, and the public on the results of any investigation conducted within 30 days after the investigation is completed.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13827 Interdepartmental medical waste advisory council; creation; appointment and qualifications of members; chairperson; duties of advisory council.

Sec. 13827. (1) The interdepartmental medical waste advisory council is created in the department. The council shall consist of the following members appointed as follows:

(a) One individual appointed by the director of public health representing the department.

(b) One individual appointed by the director of the department of natural resources representing the department of natural resources.

(c) One individual appointed by the director of the department of state police representing the department of state police.

(d) One individual appointed by the director of commerce representing the department of commerce, who has knowledge of tourism in the state.

(e) One individual appointed by the attorney general representing the department of the attorney general.

(2) The representative of the department shall serve as chairperson.

(3) The advisory council shall do all of the following:

(a) Collect data pertaining to medical waste reports and investigations under this part.

(b) Annually report to the governor, the standing committees in the senate and house of representatives with jurisdiction over public health matters, the department of public health, and the department of natural resources on
all of the following:
   (i) The number of medical waste reports received and investigations conducted under this part.
   (ii) The implementation and effectiveness of this part.
   (iii) Changes in the overall regulatory scheme pertaining to medical waste, including, but not limited to, the
         enactment of pertinent federal law.
   (iv) Recommendations, if any, that the advisory council has for changes to this part or any other state statute or
        rule that pertains to medical waste.
   (v) Coordinate reports and investigations under this part between the department of public health and the
       department of natural resources.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13829 Medical waste emergency response fund; creation; deposits; investments; interest
and earnings; no reversion to general fund; use of fund.

Sec. 13829. (1) The medical waste emergency response fund is created in the state treasury.
(2) The state treasurer shall deposit in the fund all money received pursuant to this act and all money received by
the fund as otherwise provided by law.
(3) The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the fund. Interest and earnings of the fund shall be credited to
the fund. Money in the fund at the close of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund and shall not revert to the general
fund.
(4) Not more than 80% of the total amount in the fund shall be used by the department of public health for
administrative expenses related to the implementation of this part, and the balance may be used by the department
of natural resources for response activities necessitated by the release of medical waste into the environment.


Popular name: Act 368

333.13830 Rules to prescribe training standards.

Sec. 13830. (1) The department shall promulgate rules to prescribe training standards for both medical and
nonmedical personnel who handle medical waste in producing facilities.
(2) Each producing facility shall train its personnel who handle medical waste pursuant to the rules promulgated
under subsection (1).


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.1541 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.13831 Violation; administrative fine; failure to register or have plan available for inspection;
injunction.

Sec. 13831. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), a person who violates this part or a rule promulgated under
this part is subject to an administrative fine of not more than $2,500.00 for each violation and an additional fine of
not more than $1,000.00 for each day during which the violation continues. For a first offense, the department of
public health or the department of natural resources may postpone the levying of a fine under this subsection for not
more than 45 days or until the violation is corrected, whichever occurs first.
(2) A person who fails to register with the department or have a medical waste management plan available for
inspection in compliance with sections 13813 and 13817 is subject to an administrative fine of $500.00.
(3) A person who violates this act may be enjoined by a court of competent jurisdiction from continuing the
violation.


Popular name: Act 368
333.16101 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 16101. (1) For purposes of this article, the words and phrases defined in sections 16102 to 16109 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
(2) In addition article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.
Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
For transfer of rule-making authority of occupational and health occupation boards and related task forces from the department of commerce to the director of the department of consumer and industry services, see E.R.O. No. 1996-2, compiled at § 445.2001 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
Popular name: Act 368

333.16103 Definitions; B, C.
Sec. 16103. (1) “Board” as used in this part means each board created in this article and as used in any other part covering a specific health profession means the board created in that part.
(2) “Certificate of licensure” means a document issued as evidence of authorization to practice and use a designated title.
(3) “Certificate of registration” means a document issued as evidence of authorization to use a designated title.
(4) “Controlled substance” means that term as defined in section 7104.
(5) “Conviction” means a judgment entered by a court upon a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill, or nolo contendere or upon a jury verdict or court finding that a defendant is guilty or guilty but mentally ill.
Popular name: Act 368

333.16103a “Committee” defined.
Sec. 16103a. “Committee” means the health professional recovery committee created in section 16165.
Popular name: Act 368

333.16104 Definitions; D to G.
Sec. 16104. (1) “Delegation” means an authorization granted by a licensee to a licensed or unlicensed individual to perform selected acts, tasks, or functions that fall within the scope of practice of the delegator and that are not within the scope of practice of the delegatee and that, in the absence of the authorization, would constitute illegal practice of a licensed profession.
(2) “Department” means the department of commerce.
(3) “Director” means the director of commerce or the director’s designee.
(4) “Disciplinary subcommittee” means a disciplinary subcommittee appointed under section 16216.
(5) “Good moral character” means good moral character as defined and determined under Act No. 381 of the Public Acts of 1974, as amended, being sections 338.41 to 338.47 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
Popular name: Act 368

333.16105 Definitions; H.
Sec. 16105. (1) “Health occupation” means a health related vocation, calling, occupation, or employment performed by an individual whether or not the individual is licensed or registered under this article.
(2) “Health profession” means a vocation, calling, occupation, or employment performed by an individual acting pursuant to a license or registration issued under this article.
(3) “Health profession specialty field” means an area of practice established under this article that is within the scope of activities, functions, and duties of a licensed health profession and that requires advanced education and training beyond that required for initial licensure.
(4) “Health profession specialty field license” means an authorization to use a title issued to a licensee who has met qualifications established by the Michigan board of dentistry for registration in a health profession specialty field. An individual who holds a dental specialty certification on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection is considered to hold a health profession specialty field license in that specialty and may obtain
renewal of the health profession specialty field license in that specialty on the expiration date of the specialty certification. The health profession specialty field license is not a license as that term is defined in section 16106(2).

(5) “Health profession subfield” means an area of practice established under this article which is within the scope of the activities, functions, and duties of a licensed health profession, and requires less comprehensive knowledge and skill than is required to practice the full scope of the health profession.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16105a “Health professional recovery program” defined.

Sec. 16105a. “Health professional recovery program” or “program” means a nondisciplinary, treatment-oriented program for impaired health professionals established under section 16167.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16106 Definitions; I to L.

Sec. 16106. (1) “Incompetence” means a departure from, or failure to conform to, minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practice for a health profession, whether or not actual injury to an individual occurs.

(2) “License”, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, means an authorization issued under this article to practice where practice would otherwise be unlawful. License includes an authorization to use a designated title which use would otherwise be prohibited under this article and may be used to refer to a health profession subfield license, limited license, or a temporary license. For purposes of the definition of “prescriber” contained in section 17708(2) only, license includes an authorization issued under the laws of another state, or the country of Canada to practice in that state or in the country of Canada, where practice would otherwise be unlawful, and is limited to a licensed doctor of medicine, a licensed doctor of osteopathic medicine and surgery, or another licensed health professional acting under the delegation and using, recording, or otherwise indicating the name of the delegating licensed doctor of medicine or licensed doctor of osteopathic medicine and surgery. License does not include a health profession specialty field license.

(3) “Licensee”, as used in a part that regulates a specific health profession, means an individual to whom a license is issued under that part, and as used in this part means each licensee regulated by this article.

(4) “Limitation” means an action by which a board imposes restrictions or conditions, or both, on a license.

(5) “Limited license” means a license to which restrictions or conditions, or both, as to scope of practice, place of practice, supervision of practice, duration of licensed status, or type or condition of patient or client served are imposed by a board.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16106a “Impaired” or “Impairment” defined.

Sec. 16106a. “Impaired” or “impairment” means the inability or immediately impending inability of a health professional to practice his or her health profession in a manner that conforms to the minimum standards of acceptable and prevailing practice for that health profession due to the health professional's substance abuse, chemical dependency, or mental illness or the health professional's use of drugs or alcohol that does not constitute substance abuse or chemical dependency. As used in this section:

(a) “Chemical dependency” means a group of cognitive, behavioral, and physiological symptoms that indicate that an individual has a substantial lack of or no control over the individual's use of 1 or more psychoactive substances.

(b) “Mental illness” means that term as defined in section 400a of the mental health code, Act No. 258 of the Public Acts of 1974, being section 330.1400a of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(c) “Substance abuse” means that term as defined in section 6107.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16107 Definitions; P.

Sec. 16107. (1) “Probation” means a sanction which permits a board to evaluate over a period of time a licensee's fitness to continue to practice under a license.

(2) “Public member” means a member of the general public who is not a licensee or registrant under this article,
333.16108 Definitions; R.
Sec. 16108. (1) “Reclassification” means an action by a disciplinary subcommittee by which restrictions or conditions, or both, applicable to a license are added or removed.
(2) “Registration” means an authorization only for the use of a designated title which use would otherwise be prohibited under this article. Registration includes specialty certification of a licensee and a health profession specialty field license.
(3) “Registrant” as used in a part that regulates the use of a title means an individual to whom a registration, a specialty certification, or a health profession specialty field license is issued under that part, and as used in this part means each registrant regulated by this article.
(4) “Reinstatement” means the granting of a license or certificate of registration, with or without limitations or conditions, to an individual whose license or certificate of registration has been suspended or revoked.
(5) “Relicensure” means the granting of a license to an individual whose license has lapsed for failure to renew the license within 60 days after the expiration date.
(6) “Reregistration” means the granting of a certificate of registration to an individual whose certificate of registration has lapsed for failure to renew the certificate within 60 days after the expiration date.

333.16109 Definitions; S to T.
Sec. 16109. (1) “Specialty certification” means an authorization to use a title by a licensee who has met qualifications established by a board for registration in a health profession specialty field.
(2) “Supervision”, except as otherwise provided in this article, means the overseeing of or participation in the work of another individual by a health professional licensed under this article in circumstances where at least all of the following conditions exist:
(a) The continuous availability of direct communication in person or by radio, telephone, or telecommunication between the supervised individual and a licensed health professional.
(b) The availability of a licensed health professional on a regularly scheduled basis to review the practice of the supervised individual, to provide consultation to the supervised individual, to review records, and to further educate the supervised individual in the performance of the individual's functions.
(c) The provision by the licensed supervising health professional of predetermined procedures and drug protocol.
(3) “Task force” means a task force created by this article.
(4) “Temporary license” means a license of limited duration granted to an applicant who has completed all requirements for licensure except an examination or other required evaluation procedure.

333.16109a “Treatment” or “treatment plan” defined.
Sec. 16109a. “Treatment” or “treatment plan” means a plan of care and rehabilitation services provided to impaired licensees, registrants, and applicants.

333.16111 Applicability of part; part controls over other parts in article; effect of part on other licenses and registrants.
Sec. 16111. (1) This part applies to health professions, but, except for sections 16201, 16261, 16263, 16299, 16301, 16303, 16305, 16307, 16309, and 16313, does not apply to a pharmacy, dispensing prescriber, or drug manufacturer or wholesaler who is regulated by part 177.
(2) Except as otherwise provided by this article, this part controls over all other parts in this article.
(3) A part in this article does not prohibit a licensee under another part or other law of this state from performing...
activities and using designated titles authorized by a license issued to him or her under that other part or other law of this state.

(4) A part in this article does not prohibit a registrant under another part or other state law from using designated titles authorized by a registration issued to him or her under that other part or other state law.

(5) This article shall not prohibit a licensee from advising a patient to seek professional services or advice from another person.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16115 Board created as successor to former board with same or similar name.

Sec. 16115. A board created by this article is the successor to the board with the same or similar name created or continued by a statute repealed by this code.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16121 Board or task force; appointment of members; vacancy; nominations; removal or suspension of member.

Sec. 16121. (1) The governor shall appoint by and with the advice and consent of the senate the members of the boards and task forces except ex officio members.

(2) A vacancy on a board or task force shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment. An appointment for a vacancy shall be submitted to the senate not later than 60 days after the vacancy occurs.

(3) The governor shall seek nominations from a wide range of sources including professional associations, educational institutions, consumer organizations, labor unions, health planning agencies, and other community health organizations when making appointments under this article.

(4) The governor may remove or suspend a board or task force member from office in accordance with section 10 of article 5 of the state constitution of 1963.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16122 Board or task force; term of members.

Sec. 16122. Except as otherwise provided in this part, the term of office of members of a board or task force is 4 years, commencing on the day after the date prescribed in section 16131 and terminating on the prescribed date. A member shall not serve more than 2 terms and 1 partial term, consecutive or otherwise, including service on a predecessor council, board, or task force. However, a member serving when this section takes effect may complete the term to which the member was appointed.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to membership of council.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16125 Licensing board; membership.

Sec. 16125. A licensing board shall be composed of a majority of members licensed in the health profession which that board licenses. The board shall include at least 1 public member. The director shall be an ex officio member without vote, but is not a member for the purposes of section 5 of article 5 of the state constitution of 1963 or for determining a quorum. If a licensed health profession subfield is created by this article, the board shall include at least 1 licensee from each subfield. If a health profession subfield task force is created by this article, 1 licensee from each subfield so appointed to the board shall also be appointed as a member of the health profession subfield task force. If a certified health profession specialty field task force is created by this article, 1 member of the board holding a license other than a health profession subfield license shall also be appointed to the specialty field task force.


Popular name: Act 368

Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to membership of council.
333.16126 Registration board; membership.
Sec. 16126. A registration board shall be composed of a majority of members registered in the profession which that board registers. The board shall include at least 1 public member. The director shall be an ex officio member without vote, but is not a member for the purposes of section 5 of article 5 of the state constitution of 1963 or for determining a quorum.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16128 Health profession subfield task force and health profession specialty field task force; membership.
Sec. 16128. (1) A health profession subfield task force shall be composed of a majority of members licensed in the subfields of the health profession that are created by this article and shall include at least 1 licensed member from each of the subfields of the health profession that is created by this article. A health profession subfield task force shall include at least 1 public member and 1 member of that profession who holds a license other than a subfield license in that health profession.

(2) A health profession specialty field task force shall be composed of a majority of members registered in the specialty fields of the health profession that are created by this article. A health profession specialty field task force shall include at least 1 public member and 1 member of that health profession who is a member of the board.

Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.16131 THIS SECTION IS AMENDED EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004: See 333.16131.amended *****

333.16131 Boards and task forces; expiration of terms of members; exception.
Sec. 16131. The terms of office of individual members of the boards and task forces, except those appointed to fill vacancies, expire 4 years after appointment as follows:

- Nursing: June 30
- Nursing home administrator: June 30
- Optometry: June 30
- Pharmacy: June 30
- Podiatric medicine and surgery: June 30
- Dentistry: June 30
- Chiropractic: December 31
- Counseling: June 30
- Marriage and family therapy: June 30
- Medicine: December 31
- Occupational therapists: December 31
Osteopathic medicine and surgery January 1, 2004
Physical therapy January 1, 2004
Psychology January 1, 2004
Social work January 1, 2004
Veterinary medicine January 1, 2004


Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.16131.amended THIS AMENDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 *****

333.16131.amended Boards and task forces; expiration of terms of members; exception.
Sec. 16131. The terms of office of individual members of the boards and task forces, except those appointed to fill vacancies, expire 4 years after appointment as follows:

Nursing June 30
Nursing home administrator June 30
Optometry June 30
Pharmacy June 30
Podiatric medicine and surgery June 30
Dentistry June 30
Chiropractic December 31
Counseling June 30
Marriage and family therapy June 30
Medicine December 31
Occupational therapists December 31
Osteopathic medicine and surgery December 31
Physical therapy             December 31
Psychology                   December 31
Respiratory care             December 31
Social work                  December 31
Veterinary medicine          December 31


Popular name: Act 368

Compiler's note: The expired section pertained to the extension of certain terms of board members.

Popular name: Act 368

Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to appointment of health profession subfield licenses.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16135 Board, committee, or task force; qualifications of members.
Sec. 16135. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a member of a board, the committee, or a task force created by this article shall meet all of the following requirements:
(a) Be 18 or more years of age.
(b) Be of good moral character.
(c) Be a resident of this state for not less than the 6 months immediately preceding appointment and remain a resident of this state throughout the term of the appointment.
(d) Be currently licensed or registered in this state where licensure or registration in a health profession is a requirement for membership. The member shall have actively practiced that profession or taught in an approved educational institution that prepares applicants for licensure or registration in that profession, or a combination of both, in any state for not less than the 2 years immediately preceding appointment.
(2) Subject to subsection (3), for a board created on or after January 1, 1989, the governor may appoint as the members of the board who are required to be licensed or registered under subsection (1)(d) individuals who meet either or both of the following requirements:
(a) Are certified or otherwise approved by a national organization that certifies or otherwise approves individuals in the profession to be licensed or registered by the board.
(b) Have actively practiced the profession licensed or registered by the board or taught in an educational institution that prepares applicants for licensure or registration in that profession, or a combination of both, for not less than the 2 years immediately preceding their appointment.
(3) Each individual appointed under subsection (2) shall be licensed or registered under this article in the profession licensed or registered by that board within 3 years after the effective date of the amendatory act that created the board.

Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16137 Board, committee, or task force; compensation and expenses of members.
Sec. 16137. The legislature annually shall fix the per diem compensation of the members of the council, the
committee, the boards, and the task forces. Expenses of members incurred in the performance of official duties shall be reimbursed as provided in section 1216.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16138 Board, committee, or task force; meetings; quorum; final action; voting by proxy prohibited; times and places of meetings; minutes; record of actions; meetings open to public.

Sec. 16138. (1) A board, the committee, or a task force shall hold regular meetings at places and on separate dates fixed by it. The committee shall meet not less than quarterly. Special meetings may be called by the chairperson, by a majority of the members of the committee, a board, or a task force, or by the department. Except as otherwise provided in this article or in the bylaws of the committee, a board, or a task force, a majority of the members appointed and serving constitute a quorum. Final action by the committee, a board, or a task force shall be taken only by affirmative vote of a majority of the members present at a meeting or for a hearing. A member shall not vote by proxy.

(2) The department shall make available the times and places of meetings of the boards and the task forces and keep minutes of their meetings and a record of their actions. Meetings of a board, or a task force shall be open to the public in accordance with the open meetings act, Act No. 267 of the Public Acts of 1976, being sections 15.261 to 15.275 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16139 Board or task force; election of chairperson or vice-chairperson; selection and terms of officers; vacancy; presiding officer.

Sec. 16139. A board or a task force shall elect annually a chairperson and vice-chairperson at the first meeting held after the date set forth in section 16131. The committee shall elect annually a chairperson and vice-chairperson at the first meeting of each calendar year. The officers shall be selected from board, committee, or task force members and shall hold office for 1 year or until their successors are elected and qualified. The committee, a board, or a task force may fill a vacancy in the office of chairperson or vice-chairperson for the balance of the unexpired term. The chairperson shall preside at meetings, and if absent or unable to preside, the vice-chairperson shall preside.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16141 Committee, board, or task force; office services; offices, records and money; managerial and administrative functions; administrative and secretarial staff, clerks, and employees; salaries and expenses; rules.

Sec. 16141. (1) The department shall furnish office services to the committee, the boards, and the task forces; have charge of their offices, records, and money collected; and perform managerial and administrative functions for them.

(2) The department shall appoint administrative and secretarial staff, clerks, and employees necessary to allow the proper exercise of the powers and duties of the committee, a board, or a task force. Salaries and other expenses incurred by the committee, a board, or a task force and staff and expenses for studies and activities authorized under this article shall be paid out of funds appropriated by the legislature for those purposes.

(3) The department may promulgate rules to promote the effective and consistent administration of this article. However, the department shall not promulgate rules that constitute the licensure, registration, or examination of health professionals.


Popular name: Act 368


333.16143 Committee, board, or task force; bylaws; annual report; actions and determinations; contracts for assistance.
Sec. 16143. (1) The committee, a board, or a task force may adopt bylaws for the regulation of its internal affairs.

(2) The committee, a disciplinary subcommittee, a board, or a task force shall report its activities annually to the department. The report shall include statistical data on applicants for examination, licensure, and registration; allegations and disciplinary actions against licensees and registrants; and other matters relating to the licensure, registration, and regulatory activity of the boards or a task force as prescribed by the department.

(3) The committee, a disciplinary subcommittee, a board, or a task force may perform acts and make determinations necessary and proper to carry out its functions and the department may contract with other state agencies, private agencies, organizations, and consultants to assist the committee, disciplinary subcommittee, board, or task force to perform the acts or to aid in carrying out functions of the committee, board, or task force.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16145 Board or task force; official seal; rules.

Sec. 16145. (1) A board may adopt and have an official seal.

(2) A board or task force may promulgate rules necessary or appropriate to fulfill its functions as prescribed in this article.

(3) Only a board or task force may promulgate rules to specify requirements for licenses, registrations, renewals, examinations, and required passing scores.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368


333.16146 Board; granting license or registration; certification of licensees; reclassification of licenses.

Sec. 16146. (1) A board shall grant a license or registration to an applicant meeting the requirements for the license or registration as prescribed in this article and the rules promulgated under this article.

(2) A board which grants licenses may:

(a) Certify licensees in those health profession specialty fields within its scope of practice which are established in this article.

(b) Reclassify licenses on the basis of a determination that the addition or removal of conditions or restrictions is appropriate.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16148 Board; rules establishing standards for education and training; accreditation of training programs; requirements for actions or decisions; voting; applicability of R 388.10305 to certain members of nursing facilities.

Sec. 16148. (1) Except as provided in section 17060, only a board may promulgate rules to establish standards for the education and training of individuals to be licensed or registered, or whose licenses or registrations are to be renewed, for the purposes of determining whether graduates of a training program have the knowledge and skills requisite for practice of a health profession or use of a title.

(2) Except as provided in section 17060 and subject to subsection (6), only a board may accredit training programs in hospitals, schools, colleges, universities, and institutions offering training programs meeting educational standards and may deny or withdraw accreditation of training programs for failure to meet established standards. A hospital, school, college, university, or institution that has its program accreditation withdrawn shall have an opportunity for a hearing.

(3) An action or decision of a board pursuant to subsection (1) or (2) relating to a specific health profession subfield shall be made only after consultation with the task force in the affected health profession subfield and with...
at least 1 of the affected health profession subfield board members present.

(4) A member of a licensing board from the health profession subfield shall vote as an equal member in all matters except those issues designated in subsections (1) and (2) that are outside the health profession subfield.

(5) A decision of a board on standards for the education and training of individuals or the accreditation of a training program under subsection (1) or (2) shall be concurred in by a majority of the board members who are not health profession subfield licensees if the decision relates solely to licenses that are not health profession subfield licenses.

(6) The requirement of rule 305(2)(b)(iii), being R 338.10305 of the Michigan administrative code, that each member of the nursing faculty in a program of nursing education for registered nurses who provides instruction in the clinical laboratory or cooperating agencies hold a Baccalaureate degree in nursing science does not apply to a member of the nursing faculty described in this subsection who meets both of the following requirements:
(a) was employed by or under contract to a program of nursing education on or before September 1, 1989.
(b) Is employed by or under contract to a program of nursing education on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection.

(7) The requirement of rule 305(2)(c)(ii), being R 338.10305 of the Michigan administrative code, that each member of the nursing faculty in a program of nursing education for licensed practical nurses hold a baccalaureate degree in nursing science does not apply to a member of the nursing faculty described in this subsection who meets both of the following requirements:
(a) Was employed by or under contract to a program of nursing education on or before September 1, 1989.
(b) Is employed by or under contract to a program of nursing education on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed sections pertained to creation, duties, and powers of health occupations council, and recommended licensure or registration.

Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to studies and recommendations of health occupations council.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16161 Health profession subfield task force and health profession specialty field task force; function.

Sec. 16161. (1) If a health profession subfield task force is created for a health profession, that task force shall serve as the task force for all health profession subfields within the scope of practice of the health profession and shall function as set forth in this part.

(2) If a health profession specialty field task force is created for a health profession, that task force shall serve as the task force for all health profession specialty fields within the scope of practice of the health profession and shall function as set forth in this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16163 Task force; recommendations to board.

Sec. 16163. A task force shall recommend to the board as to:
(a) Determination of standards of education, training, and experience required for practice in a health profession subfield or for registration in a health profession specialty field, and where appropriate, guidelines for approval of educational programs for the health profession subfield or health profession specialty field.

(b) Qualifications required of applicants for licensure in health profession subfields or for registration in health profession specialty fields.

(c) Evaluation of qualifications for initial and continuing licensure of practitioners in health profession subfields or health profession specialty fields. The evaluation may cover assessment of educational credentials, work
experience and related training, and administration of tests and examinations.

(d) Guidelines for utilization of, and standards of practice for, licensees in health profession subfields or registrants in health profession specialty fields.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16165 Health professional recovery committee; creation; appointment of members; ex officio member; qualifications.

Sec. 16165. (1) The health professional recovery committee is created in the department and shall consist of the following voting members, appointed as follows:

(a) Subject to subsection (4), each board created under this article and the physician’s assistants task force, in consultation with the appropriate professional associations, shall appoint 1 health professional member.

(b) The director shall appoint 2 public members, 1 of whom has specialized training or experience, or both, in treatment of individuals with addictive behavior.

(2) The director shall serve as an ex officio member of the committee without vote.

(3) The director and the boards and the physician’s assistants task force shall not appoint as a member of the committee an individual who is at the time of appointment a member of a board or task force.

(4) The members appointed by the boards and the physician’s assistants task force under subsection (1)(a) shall have education, training, and clinical expertise in the treatment of individuals with addictive behavior or mental illness, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16166 Committee; term; vacancy.

Sec. 16166. The term of office of an appointed member of the committee is 2 years, commencing on January 1 and terminating on December 31. An appointed member shall not serve more than 2 terms and 1 partial term, consecutive or otherwise. A board or the physician’s assistants task force or the director shall fill a vacancy for the balance of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16167 Committee; duties.

Sec. 16167. The committee shall do all of the following:

(a) Establish the general components of the health professional recovery program and a mechanism for monitoring health professionals who may be impaired.

(b) Subject to sections 16169 and 16170 and in conjunction with the health professional recovery program consultants described in section 16168, develop and implement criteria for the identification, assessment, and treatment of health professionals who may be impaired.

(c) In conjunction with the health professional recovery program consultants described in section 16168, develop and implement mechanisms for the evaluation of continuing care or aftercare plans for health professionals who may be impaired.

(d) Develop a mechanism and criteria for the referral of a health professional who may be impaired to a professional association when appropriate for the purpose of providing assistance to the health professional. In developing criteria under this subdivision, the committee shall require that a referral be made only with the consent of the health professional.

(e) Annually report to each board and the physician’s assistants task force created under this article on the status of the health professional recovery program. The committee shall include in the report, at a minimum, statistical information on the level of participation in the program of each health profession. The committee may include in the report recommendations for changes in the health professional recovery program and for participation by the boards and the physician’s assistants task force, professional associations, substance abuse treatment and prevention programs, and other appropriate agencies.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16168 Contracts with private entities to assist with health professional recovery program;
Sec. 16168. (1) The department shall enter into a contract with a private entity to act as a consultant to assist the committee with the administration of the health professional recovery program including, but not limited to, the duties described in section 16167(b) and (c). The department shall require the private entity to demonstrate that it has expertise and knowledge regarding the treatment of impaired health professionals.

(2) In the contract between the department and the private entity entered into under subsection (1), the department shall require the private entity to report immediately to the department any circumstances known to the private entity that indicate that an impaired health professional may be a threat to the public health, safety, or welfare.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16169 Impairment of health professional; transmitting information; determination.

Sec. 16169. (1) If an individual employed by or under contract to the department has reasonable cause to believe that a health professional may be impaired, the individual shall transmit the information to the committee either orally or in writing. Upon receipt of the information, the committee shall request the program consultant described in section 16168 to determine whether or not the health professional may be impaired.

(2) If, based on the information received by the department under section 16168(2), the department determines that the health professional involved may be a threat to the public health, safety, or welfare and has violated this article or article 7 or the rules promulgated under this article or article 7, the department may proceed under sections 16211 and 16231.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16170 Acceptance into health professional recovery program; requirements; participation; false representation of completion; violation as felony.

Sec. 16170. (1) If the program consultant described in section 16168 determines under section 16169(1) that a health professional may be impaired, the committee may accept the health professional into the health professional recovery program if both of the following requirements are met:

(a) The health professional acknowledges his or her impairment.

(b) The health professional voluntarily does all of the following:

(i) Withdraws from or limits the scope of his or her practice, as determined necessary by the committee. To comply with this subparagraph, a health professional may request the limitation of his or her license under section 16182.

(ii) Agrees to participate in a treatment plan that meets the criteria developed under section 16167.

(2) If a health professional does not satisfactorily participate in the treatment plan described in subsection (1)(b)(ii), as determined by the committee, the committee shall report that fact to the department.

(3) A health professional participating in or who has participated in a treatment plan under the health professional recovery program or an individual treating the health professional under the treatment plan shall not falsely represent, either individually or together, that the health professional has successfully completed the treatment plan. An individual who intentionally violates this subsection is guilty of a felony.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16170a Confidentiality; destruction of records; applicability of subsection (3).

Sec. 16170a. (1) The identity of an individual submitting information to the committee or the department regarding the suspected impairment of a health professional is confidential.

(2) The identity of a health professional who participates in the health professional recovery program is confidential and is not subject to disclosure under discovery or subpoena or the freedom of information act, Act No. 442 of the Public Acts of 1976, being sections 15.231 to 15.246 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, unless the health professional fails to satisfactorily participate in and complete a treatment plan prescribed under the health professional recovery program or violates section 16170(3).

(3) If a health professional successfully participates in and completes a treatment plan prescribed under the health professional recovery program, as determined by the committee, the department shall destroy all records pertaining to the impairment of the health professional, including records pertaining to the health professional's participation in ...
the treatment plan, upon the expiration of 5 years after the date of the committee's determination. This subsection does not apply to records pertaining to a violation of this article or article 7 or a rule promulgated under this article or article 7.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16171 License for practice of health profession; exemptions.

Sec. 16171. Under the circumstances and subject to the limitations stated in each case, the following individuals are not required to have a license issued under this article for practice of a health profession in this state:

(a) A student in a health profession training program, which has been approved by the appropriate board, while performing the duties assigned in the course of training.

(b) An individual practicing a health profession in the discharge of official duties while in the military service of the United States, the United States public health service, the United States department of agriculture, or the United States veterans administration. The institution in which the individual practices shall report the name and address of the individual to the appropriate board within 30 days after the date of employment.

(c) An individual who by education, training, or experience substantially meets the requirements of this article for licensure while rendering medical care in a time of disaster or to an ill or injured individual at the scene of an emergency.

(d) An individual who provides nonmedical nursing or similar services in the care of the ill or suffering or an individual who in good faith ministers to the ill or suffering by spiritual means alone, through prayer, in the exercise of a religious freedom, and who does not hold himself or herself out to be a health professional.

(e) An individual residing in another state or country and authorized to practice a health profession in that state or country who, in an exceptional circumstance, is called in for consultation or treatment by a health professional in this state.

(f) An individual residing in another state or country and authorized to practice a health profession in that state or country, when attending meetings or conducting lectures, seminars, or demonstrations under the auspices of professional associations or training institutions in this state, if the individual does not maintain an office or designate a place to meet patients or receive calls in this state.

(g) An individual authorized in another country to practice a health profession and who is employed by the United States public health service or the government of another country for the exclusive use of members of its merchant marine and members of its consular and diplomatic corps, while caring for those members in the performance of his or her official duties.

(h) An individual residing adjacent to the land border between this state and an adjoining state who is authorized under the laws of that state to practice a health profession and whose practice may extend into this state, but who does not maintain an office or designate a place to meet patients or receive calls in this state.

(i) An individual authorized to practice a health profession in another state or territory of the United States who has been appointed by the United States olympic committee to provide health services exclusively to team personnel and athletes registered to train and compete at a training site in this state approved by the United States olympic committee or at an event conducted under the sanction of the United States olympic committee. The exemption granted by this subdivision shall apply to the individual while performing the duties assigned in the course of the sanctioned training program or event and for the time period specified by the United States olympic committee.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16174 License or registration; requirements; permitted acts by board or task force; sanctions; disclosure.

Sec. 16174. (1) An individual who is licensed or registered under this article shall meet all of the following requirements:

(a) Be 18 or more years of age.

(b) Be of good moral character.

(c) Have a specific education or experience in the health profession or in a health profession subfield or health profession specialty field of the health profession, or training equivalent, or both, as prescribed by this article or rules of a board necessary to promote safe and competent practice and informed consumer choice.

(d) Have a working knowledge of the English language as determined in accordance with minimum standards.
established for that purpose by the department.

(e) Pay the appropriate fees as prescribed in this article.

(2) In addition to the requirements of subsection (1), an applicant for licensure, registration, specialty certification, or a health profession specialty subfield license under this article shall meet all of the following requirements:

(a) Establish that disciplinary proceedings before a similar licensure, registration, or specialty licensure or specialty certification board of this or any other state, of the United States military, of the federal government, or of another country are not pending against the applicant.

(b) Establish that if sanctions have been imposed against the applicant by a similar licensure, registration, or specialty licensure or specialty certification board of this or any other state, of the United States military, of the federal government, or of another country based upon grounds that are substantially similar to those set forth in this article or article 7 or the rules promulgated under this article or article 7, as determined by the board or task force to which the applicant applies, the sanctions are not in force at the time of application.

(c) File with the board or task force a written, signed consent to the release of information regarding a disciplinary investigation involving the applicant conducted by a similar licensure, registration, or specialty licensure or specialty certification board of this or any other state, of the United States military, of the federal government, or of another country.

(3) Before granting a license, registration, specialty certification, or a health profession specialty field license to an applicant, the board or task force to which the applicant applies may do 1 of the following:

(a) Make an independent inquiry into the applicant's compliance with the requirements described in subsection (2). If a licensure or registration board or task force determines under subsection (2)(b) that sanctions have been imposed and are in force at the time of application, the board or task force shall not grant a license or registration or specialty certification or health profession specialty field license to the applicant.

(b) Require the applicant to secure from a national association or federation of state professional licensing boards certification of compliance with the requirements described in subsection (2).

(4) If, after issuing a license, registration, specialty certification, or health profession specialty field license, a board or task force or the department determines that sanctions have been imposed against the licensee or registrant by a similar licensure or registration or specialty licensure or specialty certification board as described in subsection (2)(b), the disciplinary subcommittee may impose appropriate sanctions upon the licensee or registrant. The licensee or registrant may request a show cause hearing before a hearing examiner to demonstrate why the sanctions should not be imposed.

(5) An applicant for licensure, registration, specialty certification, or a health profession specialty field license who is or has been licensed, registered, or certified in a health profession or specialty by another state or country shall disclose that fact on the application form.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16175 License or registration; minimum standards of educational prerequisites.

Sec. 16175. In developing minimum standards of educational prerequisites for licensure or registration, a board and its task forces shall consider equivalency and proficiency testing and other mechanisms, and where appropriate grant credit for past training, education, or experience in health and related fields. Standards may include those for formal education, practice proficiency, and other training, education, or experience which may provide equivalence to completion of formal educational requirements.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16177 License or registration; form of application; inclusion of social security number; examination; passing scores; additional information; exception to social security requirement.

Sec. 16177. (1) An individual applying for licensure or registration under this article shall do so on a form provided by the department. The department shall require each applicant to include on the application form his or her social security number. The department shall not display an applicant's social security number on his or her license or registration. If the facts set forth in the application meet the requirements of the board or task force and this article for licensure or registration, the board or task force shall grant a license or registration to the applicant. A board or task force may require the applicant to take an examination to determine if the applicant meets the
qualifications for licensure or registration. The examination shall include subjects determined by the board or task
force to be essential to the safe and competent practice of the health profession, the appropriate use of a title, or
both. Passing scores or the procedure used to determine passing scores shall be established before an examination is
administered.

(2) In addition to the information required under subsection (1), an applicant for licensure or registration or a
licensee or registrant applying for renewal shall include on a form provided by the department all of the following
information, if applicable:
   (a) A felony conviction.
   (b) A misdemeanor conviction punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of 2 years or a misdemeanor
       conviction involving the illegal delivery, possession, or use of alcohol or a controlled substance.
   (c) Sanctions imposed against the applicant by a similar licensure, registration, certification, or disciplinary board
       of another state or country.

(3) In addition to the information required under subsections (1) and (2), a physician, osteopathic physician,
dentist, or podiatrist applying for licensure or renewal under this article shall report to the department on a form
provided by the department the name of each hospital with which he or she is employed or under contract, and each
hospital in which he or she is allowed to practice.

(4) A requirement under this section to include a social security number on an application does not apply to an
applicant who demonstrates he or she is exempt under law from obtaining a social security number or to an
applicant who for religious convictions is exempt under law from disclosure of his or her social security number
under these circumstances. The department shall inform the applicant of this possible exemption.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16178 Examinations, investigations, or evaluations to determine qualifications of applicants;
passing national or regional examination; reexamination; notice of examination or evaluation.

Sec. 16178. (1) Unless otherwise necessary for a board to fulfill national or regional testing requirements, the
department shall conduct examinations or other evaluations necessary to determine qualifications of applicants for
initial licensure or registration at least annually and may conduct other investigations or evaluations necessary to
determine the qualifications of applicants. A board may accept passing a national or regional examination
developed for use in the United States for the purpose of meeting a state board examination or a part thereof.

(2) An individual who fails to pass a required examination may be reexamined to the extent and in a manner
determined by the board.

(3) The department shall give public notice of the time and place of a required regular initial licensure or
registration examination or evaluation in a manner it considers best not less than 90 days before the date of the
examination or evaluation.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16179 Unlawful conduct in connection with examination or application.

Sec. 16179. An individual shall not make a false representation or impersonation or act as a proxy for another
individual or allow or aid an individual to impersonate him or her in connection with an examination or application
for licensure or registration or a request to be examined, licensed, or registered.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16181 Temporary license; nonrenewable; exception; eligibility; duration; automatically
voiding; supervision; issuance; study.

Sec. 16181. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a board may grant a nonrenewable, temporary
license to an applicant who has completed all requirements for licensure except for examination or other required
evaluation procedure. A board shall not grant a temporary license to an individual who has previously failed the
examination or other required evaluation procedure or whose license has been suspended or revoked. A temporary
license issued pursuant to this section is valid for 18 months, but a board shall automatically void the temporary
license if the applicant fails the examination or other required evaluation procedure.

(2) Until October 1, 2004, the Michigan board of nursing may grant a nonrenewable, temporary license to an
applicant for a license under this article to engage in the practice of nursing as a registered professional nurse if the applicant is licensed as a registered professional nurse by an equivalent licensing board or authority in Canada. A temporary license issued under this subsection expires on the earliest of the following:

(a) One year after the date of issuance.
(b) The date the applicant is notified that he or she failed the commission on graduates of foreign nursing schools qualifying examination, as approved by the department.
(c) The date the applicant is notified that he or she failed the national council licensure examination, as approved by the department.
(d) The date the applicant is issued a license under this article to engage in the practice of nursing as a registered professional nurse.

(3) The holder of a temporary license issued under subsection (1) shall practice only under the supervision of a licensee who holds a license, other than a health profession subfield license, in the same health profession. The holder of a temporary license issued under subsection (1) shall not be supervised by a licensee who holds a limited license or temporary license.

(4) The department shall promptly issue a temporary license.

(5) The department in conjunction with the Michigan board of nursing, the Michigan nurses association, the Michigan health and hospital association, and any other group designated by the department for this purpose, shall conduct a study of the current and future needs of the professional nursing workforce in this state. The department shall include in the study recommendations for legislative and other action to address the needs identified in the study. The department shall submit the study to the members of the standing committees in the senate and the house of representatives with jurisdiction over matters pertaining to health policy not later than 1 year after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection. As permitted by section 16315(9)(b), the department may use funds from the nurse professional fund created in section 16315 to conduct and publish the study required by this subsection.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16182 Limited licenses; issuance.

Sec. 16182. (1) A board may grant a limited license to an individual if the board determines that the limitation is consistent with the ability of the individual to practice the health profession in a safe and competent manner, is necessary to protect the health and safety of patients or clients, or is appropriate to promote the efficient and effective delivery of health care services.

(2) In addition to the licenses issued under subsection (1), a board may grant the following types of limited licenses upon application by an individual or upon its own determination:

(a) Educational, to an individual engaged in postgraduate education.

(b) Nonclinical, to an individual who functions only in a nonclinical academic, research, or administrative setting and who does not hold himself or herself out to the public as being actively engaged in the practice of the health profession, or otherwise directly solicit patients or clients.

(c) Clinical academic, to an individual who practices the health profession only as part of an academic institution and only in connection with his or her employment or other contractual relationship with that academic institution. For an individual applying for a limited license under this subdivision to engage in the practice of medicine under part 170, “academic institution” means that term as defined in section 17001.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to grounds for reclassification of license.

Popular name: Act 368
333.16186 Reciprocity; requirements.

Sec. 16186. (1) An individual who is licensed to practice a health profession in another state or, until January 1, 2007, is licensed to practice a health profession in a province of Canada, who is registered in another state, or who holds a health profession specialty field license or specialty certification from another state and who applies for licensure, registration, specialty certification, or a health profession specialty field license in this state may be granted an appropriate license or registration or specialty certification or health profession specialty field license upon satisfying the board or task force to which the applicant applies as to all of the following:

(a) The applicant substantially meets the requirements of this article and rules promulgated under this article for licensure, registration, specialty certification, or a health profession specialty field license.

(b) Subject to subsection (3), the applicant is licensed, registered, specialty certified, or specialty licensed in another state or, until January 1, 2007, is licensed in a province in Canada that maintains standards substantially equivalent to those of this state.

(c) Subject to subsection (3), until January 1, 2007, if the applicant is licensed to practice a health profession in a province in Canada, the applicant completed the educational requirements in Canada or in the United States for licensure in Canada or in the United States.

(d) Until January 1, 2007, if the applicant is licensed to practice a health profession in a province in Canada, that the applicant will perform the professional services for which he or she bills in this state, and that any resulting request for third party reimbursement will originate from the applicant’s place of employment in this state.

(2) Before granting a license, registration, specialty certification, or a health profession specialty field license to the applicant, the board or task force to which the applicant applies may require the applicant to appear personally before it for an interview to evaluate the applicant's relevant qualifications.

(3) For purposes of the 2002 amendatory act that added this subsection, an applicant who is licensed in a province in Canada who meets the requirements of subsection (1)(c) and takes and passes a national examination in this country that is approved by the appropriate Michigan licensing board, or who takes and passes a Canadian national examination approved by the appropriate Michigan licensing board, is considered to have met the requirements of subsection (1)(b). This subsection does not apply if the department, in consultation with the appropriate licensing board, promulgates a rule disallowing the use of this subsection for an applicant licensed in a province in Canada.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16186.amended Reciprocity; requirements; person licensed as respiratory therapist in Canada.

Sec. 16186. (1) An individual who is licensed to practice a health profession in another state or, until January 1, 2007, is licensed to practice a health profession in a province of Canada, who is registered in another state, or who holds a health profession specialty field license or specialty certification from another state and who applies for licensure, registration, specialty certification, or a health profession specialty field license in this state may be granted an appropriate license or registration or specialty certification or health profession specialty field license upon satisfying the board or task force to which the applicant applies as to all of the following:

(a) The applicant substantially meets the requirements of this article and rules promulgated under this article for licensure, registration, specialty certification, or a health profession specialty field license.

(b) Subject to subsection (3), the applicant is licensed, registered, specialty certified, or specialty licensed in another state or, until January 1, 2007, is licensed in a province in Canada that maintains standards substantially equivalent to those of this state.
Subject to subsection (3), until January 1, 2007, if the applicant is licensed to practice a health profession in a province in Canada, the applicant completed the educational requirements in Canada or in the United States for licensure in Canada or in the United States.

Until January 1, 2007, if the applicant is licensed to practice a health profession in a province in Canada, that the applicant will perform the professional services for which he or she bills in this state, and that any resulting request for third party reimbursement will originate from the applicant's place of employment in this state.

Before granting a license, registration, specialty certification, or a health profession specialty field license to the applicant, the board or task force to which the applicant applies may require the applicant to appear personally before it for an interview to evaluate the applicant's relevant qualifications.

For purposes of the 2002 amendatory act that added this subsection, an applicant who is licensed in a province in Canada who meets the requirements of subsection (1)(c) and takes and passes a national examination in this country that is approved by the appropriate Michigan licensing board, or who takes and passes a Canadian national examination approved by the appropriate Michigan licensing board, is considered to have met the requirements of subsection (1)(b). This subsection does not apply if the department, in consultation with the appropriate licensing board, promulgates a rule disallowing the use of this subsection for an applicant licensed in a province in Canada.

If the department receives an application for licensure under part 187 from an individual who is licensed as a respiratory therapist in the country of Canada, the department shall consult the international reciprocity agreement executed by the national board for respiratory care and the Canadian society of respiratory therapists in effect on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

Certificate of licensure or registration; issuance; display; card to be available for inspection; displaying statement of limitation.

The department shall issue a certificate of licensure or registration to an applicant who is granted a license or registration by a board.

A licensee or registrant shall display his or her current certificate of licensure or registration prominently and where visible to the public in the licensee's or registrant's principal place of business, if any.

A licensee or registrant shall have available for inspection a card, which shall be issued by the department, containing the essential information on the certificate.

A license is not transferable.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

Reporting change in name or address; notice of hearing or complaint; service; license or registration not transferable.

A licensee or registrant shall report to the department a change in name or mailing address not later than 30 days after the change occurs.

The department may serve a notice of hearing or a complaint on an applicant, licensee, or registrant in an action or proceeding for a violation of this article or article 7 or a rule promulgated under this article or article 7 by regular mail and by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the applicant's, licensee's, or registrant's last known address, by serving the notice on the applicant, licensee, or registrant, or by making a reasonable attempt to serve the notice on the applicant, licensee, or registrant. For purposes of this subsection, if service is by mail, service is effective 3 days after the date of mailing, and nondelivery does not affect the validity of the service if the nondelivery was caused by the refusal of the applicant, licensee, or registrant to accept service.

A license or registration is not transferable.

Compiler’s note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16193 Chemical analysis; implied consent to submit.
Sec. 16193. Acceptance of a license or registration under this article constitutes implied consent to submit to a chemical analysis under section 430 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.430.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16194 Expiration of licenses and registrations for health professions; authority to issue part-term licenses and registrations.
Sec. 16194. (1) Licenses and registrations for health professions expire on dates prescribed by the department by rule, unless sooner terminated by death of the individual licensed or registered or otherwise terminated pursuant to this part.
(2) Administrative authority to issue part-term licenses and registrations due to changing the terms from annual to a longer term in subsection (1) and to provide for initial issuances for terms longer or shorter than a normal term is granted in section 1222.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16196 License or registration of individual inducted or entering into service; continuation; notice.
Sec. 16196. The license or registration of an individual practicing his or her profession while in active service in the military service of the United States, an auxiliary thereof, or the United States public health service, who was licensed or registered at the time of induction or entering into service, continues in effect without further action by the individual until discharge or leaving the service. The individual shall notify the board of the military service or federal employment and the cessation thereof.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16201 Renewal of license or registration; mailing notice; failure to receive notice; failure to renew; relicensing or reregistration; temporary license or registration; authority to impose sanctions not terminated by expiration or surrender of license or registration.
Sec. 16201. (1) A license or registration shall be renewed by the licensee or registrant on or before the expiration date as prescribed by rule. The department shall mail a notice to the licensee or registrant at the last known address on file with a board advising of the time, procedure, and fee for renewal. Failure of the licensee or registrant to receive notice under this subsection does not relieve the licensee or registrant of the responsibility for renewing his or her license or registration.
(2) A license or registration not renewed by the expiration date may be renewed within 60 days of the expiration date upon application, payment of renewal, and late renewal fees, and fulfillment of any continued competency or continuing education requirements set forth in this article or rules promulgated under this article. The licensee or registrant may continue to practice and use the title during the 60-day time period.
(3) If a license or registration is not renewed within 60 days of the expiration date pursuant to subsection (2), the license or registration shall be considered null and void. The licensee shall not practice or use the title and a registrant shall not use the title. Except as otherwise provided by rule, a person may be relicensed or reregistered within 3 years of the expiration date upon application, payment of the application processing, renewal, and late renewal fees, and fulfillment of any continued competency or continuing education requirements in effect at the time of the expiration date, or which would have been required had the individual renewed his or her license or registration pursuant to subsection (1). A temporary license or registration may be issued under section 16181 pending the results of action taken under this subsection.
(4) Except as otherwise provided in this article or by rule, a person may be relicensed or reregistered more than 3 years after the expiration date upon application as a new applicant, meeting all licensure or registration requirements in effect at the time of application, taking or retaking and passing any examinations required for initial licensure or registration, and payment of fees required of new applicants.
(5) The expiration or surrender of a license or registration does not terminate the board's authority to impose sanctions on the licensee or registrant whose license or registration has expired or been surrendered.


**Compiler's note:** Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

**Popular name:** Act 368


**Compiler's note:** The repealed section pertained to relicensing or reregistration of individuals, and to temporary licenses.

**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.16204 Completion of continuing education as condition for license renewal; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management; rules.

Sec. 16204. (1) Effective for the renewal of licenses or registrations issued under this article and expiring after January 1, 1997 if the completion of continuing education is a condition for renewal, the appropriate board shall by rule require an applicant for renewal to complete an appropriate number of hours or courses in pain and symptom management. Rules promulgated by a board under section 16205(2) for continuing education in pain and symptom management shall cover both course length and content and shall take into consideration the recommendation for that health care profession by the interdisciplinary advisory committee created in section 16204a. A board shall submit the notice of public hearing for the rules as required under section 42 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, being section 24.242 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, not later than 90 days after the first interdisciplinary advisory committee makes its initial recommendations and shall promulgate the rules as expeditiously as possible.

(2) If a board proposes rules under section 16205(2) to institute a requirement that continuing education be a mandatory condition for the renewal of a license or registration issued under this article, the rules shall require, as part of the continuing education requirements, completion of an appropriate number of hours or courses in pain and symptom management, taking into consideration the recommendation for that health care profession by the interdisciplinary advisory committee created in section 16204a.

(3) This section does not apply to individuals licensed or registered under part 184 or 188 or to an individual licensed to engage in the practice as a dental hygienist under part 166.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.16204a Advisory committee on pain and symptom management; creation; members; compensation; expenses; terms; duties; review of guidelines.

Sec. 16204a. (1) Subject to subsection (2), an advisory committee on pain and symptom management is created in the department. The committee consists of the following members appointed in the following manner:

(a) The Michigan board of medicine created in part 170 and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery created in part 175 each shall appoint 2 members, 1 of whom is a physician specializing in primary care and 1 of whom is a physician certified in the specialty of pain medicine by 1 or more national professional organizations approved by the department of consumer and industry services, including, but not limited to, the American board of medical specialists or the American board of pain medicine.

(b) One psychologist who is associated with the education and training of psychology students, appointed by the Michigan board of psychology created in part 182.

(c) One individual appointed by the governor who is representative of the general public.

(d) One registered professional nurse with training in pain and symptom management who is associated with the education and training of nursing students, appointed by the Michigan board of nursing created in part 172.

(e) One dentist with training in pain and symptom management who is associated with the education and training of dental students, appointed by the Michigan board of dentistry created in part 166.

(f) One pharmacist with training in pain and symptom management who is associated with the education and training of pharmacy students appointed by the Michigan board of pharmacy created in part 177.

(g) One individual appointed by the governor who represents the Michigan hospice organization or its successor.

(h) One representative from each of the state's medical schools, appointed by the governor.

(i) One individual appointed by the governor who has been diagnosed as a chronic pain sufferer.

(j) One physician's assistant with training in pain and symptom management appointed by the Michigan task force on physician's assistants.
(k) The director of the department of consumer and industry services or his or her designee, who shall serve as chairperson.

(l) The director of the department of community health or his or her designee.

(2) Advisory committee members appointed under subsection (1)(a) through (j) shall receive per diem compensation as established by the legislature and shall be reimbursed for expenses under section 1216.

(3) The advisory committee members appointed under subsection (1)(a) through (j) shall be appointed by May 15, 1999. A member of the advisory committee shall serve for a term of 2 years or until a successor is appointed, whichever is later. A vacancy on the advisory committee shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

(4) The advisory committee shall do all of the following, as necessary:

(a) At least once annually consult with all of the following boards to develop an integrated approach to understanding and applying pain and symptom management techniques:

(i) All licensure boards created under this article, except the Michigan board of veterinary medicine.

(ii) The Michigan board of social work created in section 18505.

(b) Hold a public hearing in the same manner as provided for a public hearing held under the administrative procedures act of 1969, within 90 days after the members of the advisory committee are appointed under subsection (1) to gather information from the general public on issues pertaining to pain and symptom management.

(c) Develop and encourage the implementation of model core curricula on pain and symptom management.

(d) Develop recommendations to the licensing and registration boards and the task force created under this article on integrating pain and symptom management into the customary practice of health care professionals and identifying the role and responsibilities of the various health care professionals in pain and symptom management.

(e) Advise the licensing and registration boards created under this article on the duration and content of continuing education requirements for pain and symptom management.

(f) Annually report on the activities of the advisory committee and make recommendations on the following issues to the director of the department of consumer and industry services and to the director of the department of community health:

(i) Pain management educational curricula and continuing educational requirements of institutions providing health care education.

(ii) Information about the impact and effectiveness of previous recommendations, if any, that have been implemented, including, but not limited to, recommendations made under subdivision (d).

(iii) Activities undertaken by the advisory committee in complying with the duties imposed under subdivisions (c) and (d).

(g) Beginning in January of 2000, annually review any changes occurring in pain and symptom management.

(5) In making recommendations and developing written materials under subsection (4), the advisory committee shall review guidelines on pain and symptom management issued by the United States department of health and human services.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16204b Treatment of pain; enactment of legislation.

Sec. 16204b. The legislature finds that the treatment of pain is an appropriate issue for the legislature to consider, and that the citizens of this state would be well served by the enactment of legislation that accomplishes all of the following:

(a) Provides more and better information to health care consumers regarding the medical treatment of pain, health care coverage and benefits for the treatment of pain, and the education of health professionals in pain and symptom management.

(b) Provides for the appointment of an advisory body to study and make recommendations on model core curricula on pain and symptom management for the institutions in this state providing health care education, continuing education for health professionals on pain and symptom management, and the integration of pain and symptom management into the customary practice of health care.

(c) Educates health professionals about the disciplinary process for state licensees and registrants, including, but not limited to, how the department of consumer and industry services processes allegations of wrongdoing against licensees and registrants.


Popular name: Act 368
333.16204c Medical treatment of pain; use of controlled substances; legislative findings; treatment by licensed health professionals; electronic monitoring system; “controlled substance” defined.

Sec. 16204c. (1) The legislature finds that the use of controlled substances is appropriate in the medical treatment of certain forms of pain, and that efforts to control diversion or improper administration of controlled substances should not interfere with the legitimate, medically recognized use of those controlled substances to relieve pain and suffering.

(2) The legislature finds that some patients in this state with pain are unable to obtain from their health care providers sufficient pain relief through the prescription of controlled substances, especially controlled substances included in schedule 2 under section 7214.

(3) It is the intent of the legislature to permit and facilitate adequate treatment for pain by licensed health professionals, including, but not limited to, the prescription or dispensing of controlled substances included in schedule 2 under section 7214, when medically appropriate, and to enable regulatory and law enforcement agencies to prevent the abuse and diversion of controlled substances by creating an electronic monitoring system.

(4) As used in this section, “controlled substance” means that term as defined in section 7104.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16204d Information booklet on pain; development by department of consumer and industry services; educational program for health professionals.

Sec. 16204d. (1) The department of consumer and industry services, in consultation with the department of community health, shall develop, publish, and distribute an informational booklet on pain. The department of consumer and industry services shall include at least all of the following in the informational booklet:

(a) Pain management educational curricula and continuing educational requirements of institutions providing health care education recommended by the advisory committee on pain and symptom management under section 16204a.

(b) Other information considered relevant or useful by the department of consumer and industry services.

(2) The department of consumer and industry services, in conjunction with the controlled substances advisory commission created in article 7, shall develop and conduct an educational program for health professionals who are licensed under part 73 to prescribe or dispense, or both, controlled substances. The department of consumer and industry services shall include, at a minimum, all of the following in the educational program:

(a) Information on how the department of consumer and industry services processes allegations of wrongdoing against licensees under this article and article 17, including, but not limited to, how the permanent historical record is maintained for each licensee, how and why a review of the permanent historical record is done, and how the decision is made to issue a formal complaint against a licensee.

(b) Information on the disciplinary process, including a licensee's rights and duties if an allegation of wrongdoing is filed against the licensee or if some other circumstance occurs that causes or requires the department of consumer and industry services to review a licensee's permanent historical record.

(c) Other information considered relevant or useful by the department of consumer and industry services or the controlled substances advisory commission, especially information that would address the findings and statements of intent contained in section 16204c.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16205 Attendance at educational programs as condition to license renewal; waiver; rules for assessing continued competence.

Sec. 16205. (1) A board which requires evidence of attendance at educational programs as a condition to license renewal may waive those requirements if, upon written application, the board finds the failure of the licensee to attend was due to the licensee's disability, military service, absence from the continental United States, or a circumstance beyond the control of the licensee which the board considers good and sufficient.

(2) A board may promulgate rules to establish a system of assessing the continued competence of licensees as a condition of periodic license renewal.


Popular name: Act 368

Compiler's note: The expired section pertained to assessing continued competency of licensees. Subsequent to its expiration this section was repealed by Act 268 of 1984.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16211 Individual historical record; creation; contents; review by department; retention of unsubstantiated allegations; removal; review of record by licensee or applicant.

Sec. 16211. (1) The department shall create and maintain a permanent historical record for each licensee and registrant with respect to information and data transmitted pursuant to law.

(2) The individual historical record shall include a written allegation against the licensee or registrant that is substantiated after investigation.

(3) The individual historical record may include other items concerning a licensee's or registrant's record of practice that the appropriate board determines will facilitate proper and periodic review, but only those items as designated by rule.

(4) The department shall promptly review the entire file of a licensee or registrant, including all prior matters with respect to which no action was taken at the time, with respect to whom there is received 1 or more of the following:

(a) A notice of revocation, suspension, or limitation of staff privileges or a change in employment status due to disciplinary action by a licensed health facility.

(b) A written allegation of a violation of this article, article 7, or a rule promulgated under this article or article 7 that is substantiated after investigation.

(c) A notice of disciplinary action by a health professional society.

(d) An adverse malpractice settlement, award, or judgment.

(e) Written notice of 1 or more of the following:

(i) A felony conviction.

(ii) A misdemeanor conviction punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of 2 years.

(iii) A misdemeanor conviction, if the misdemeanor involves the illegal delivery, possession, or use of alcohol or a controlled substance.

(f) Notice that a licensee or registrant is ineligible to participate as a provider in a federally funded health insurance or health benefits program based upon the licensee's or registrant's failure to meet the program's standards of professional practice. A certified copy of the action or final order making the licensee or registrant ineligible is sufficient notice for purposes of this subdivision.

(g) A report or notice under section 16222.

(h) Notice of a disciplinary action by a licensure, registration, disciplinary, or specialty certification board in another state.

(5) The department shall retain written allegations that are unsubstantiated for 5 years, after which the department shall remove the allegations from the file, if no further allegations against the licensee or registrant have been received by the department within the 5-year period.

(6) Except as provided in section 16231(6), a licensee, registrant, or applicant may review his or her individual historical record.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16215 Delegation of acts, tasks, or functions to licensed or unlicensed individual; supervision; rules; immunity.

Sec. 16215. (1) Subject to subsections (2) to (5), a licensee who holds a license other than a health profession subfield license may delegate to a licensed or unlicensed individual who is otherwise qualified by education, training, or experience the performance of selected acts, tasks, or functions where the acts, tasks, or functions fall within the scope of practice of the licensee's profession and will be performed under the licensee's supervision. A licensee shall not delegate an act, task, or function under this section if the act, task, or function, under standards of acceptable and prevailing practice, requires the level of education, skill, and judgment required of the licensee under this article.

(2) Subject to subsection (1) and except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection (3), a licensee who is an allopathic physician or osteopathic physician and surgeon shall delegate an act, task, or function that
involves the performance of a procedure that requires the use of surgical instrumentation only to an individual who is licensed under this article. A licensee who is an allopathic physician or osteopathic physician and surgeon may delegate an act, task, or function described in this subsection to an individual who is not licensed under this article if the unlicensed individual is 1 or more of the following and if the procedure is directly supervised by a licensed allopathic physician or osteopathic physician and surgeon who is physically present during the performance of the procedure:

(a) A student enrolled in a school of medicine or osteopathic medicine approved by the Michigan board of medicine or the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery.
(b) A student enrolled in a physician's assistant training program approved by the joint physician's assistant task force created under part 170.

(3) Subject to subsection (1), a licensee who is an allopathic physician or osteopathic physician and surgeon may delegate an act, task, or function described in subsection (2) to an individual who is not licensed under this article and who is 1 of the following:

(a) Performing acupuncture.
(b) Surgically removing only bone, skin, blood vessels, cartilage, dura mater, ligaments, tendons, pericardial tissue, or heart valves only from a deceased individual for transplantation, implantation, infusion, injection, or other medical or scientific purpose.

(4) A board may promulgate rules to further prohibit or otherwise restrict delegation of specific acts, tasks, or functions to a licensed or unlicensed individual if the board determines that the delegation constitutes or may constitute a danger to the health, safety, or welfare of the patient or public.

(5) To promote safe and competent practice, a board may promulgate rules to specify conditions under which, and categories and types of licensed and unlicensed individuals for whom, closer supervision may be required for acts, tasks, and functions delegated under this section.

(6) An individual who performs acts, tasks, or functions delegated pursuant to this section does not violate the part that regulates the scope of practice of that health profession.


Popular name: Act 368
practice, or condition that impairs, or may impair, the ability to safely and skillfully practice the health profession.

(b) Personal disqualifications, consisting of 1 or more of the following:

(i) Incompetence.

(ii) Subject to sections 16165 to 16170a, substance abuse as defined in section 6107.

(iii) Mental or physical inability reasonably related to and adversely affecting the licensee's ability to practice in a safe and competent manner.

(iv) Declaration of mental incompetence by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(v) Conviction of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of 2 years; a misdemeanor involving the illegal delivery, possession, or use of a controlled substance; or a felony. A certified copy of the court record is conclusive evidence of the conviction.

(vi) Lack of good moral character.

(vii) Conviction of a criminal offense under sections 520b to 520g of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.520b to 750.520g. A certified copy of the court record is conclusive evidence of the conviction.

(viii) Conviction of a violation of section 492a of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.492a. A certified copy of the court record is conclusive evidence of the conviction.

(ix) Conviction of a misdemeanor that is reasonably related to or that adversely affects the licensee's ability to practice in a safe and competent manner. A certified copy of the court record is conclusive evidence of the conviction.

(x) Final adverse administrative action by a licensure, registration, disciplinary, or certification board involving the holder of, or an applicant for, a license or registration regulated by another state or a territory of the United States, by the United States military, by the federal government, or by another country. A certified copy of the record of the board is conclusive evidence of the final action.

(xi) Conviction of a violation of section 430 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.430. A certified copy of the court record is conclusive evidence of the conviction.

(c) Prohibited acts, consisting of 1 or more of the following:

(i) Fraud or deceit in obtaining or renewing a license or registration.

(ii) Permitting the license or registration to be used by an unauthorized person.

(iii) Practice outside the scope of a license.

(iv) Obtaining, possessing, or attempting to obtain or possess a controlled substance as defined in section 7104 or a drug as defined in section 7105 without lawful authority; or selling, prescribing, giving away, or administering drugs for other than lawful diagnostic or therapeutic purposes.

(d) Unethical business practices, consisting of 1 or more of the following:

(i) False or misleading advertising.

(ii) Dividing fees for referral of patients or accepting kickbacks on medical or surgical services, appliances, or medications purchased by or in behalf of patients.

(iii) Fraud or deceit in obtaining or attempting to obtain third party reimbursement.

(e) Unprofessional conduct, consisting of 1 or more of the following:

(i) Misrepresentation to a consumer or patient or in obtaining or attempting to obtain third party reimbursement in the course of professional practice.

(ii) Betrayal of a professional confidence.

(iii) Promotion for personal gain of an unnecessary drug, device, treatment, procedure, or service.

(iv) Either of the following:

(A) A requirement by a licensee other than a physician that an individual purchase or secure a drug, device, treatment, procedure, or service from another person, place, facility, or business in which the licensee has a financial interest.

(B) A referral by a physician for a designated health service that violates section 1877 of part D of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395nn, or a regulation promulgated under that section. Section 1877 of part D of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395nn, and the regulations promulgated under that section, as they exist on June 3, 2002, are incorporated by reference for purposes of this subparagraph. A disciplinary subcommittee shall apply section 1877 of part D of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395nn, and the regulations promulgated under that section regardless of the source of payment for the designated health service referred and rendered. If section 1877 of part D of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395nn, or a regulation promulgated under that section is revised after June 3, 2002, the department shall officially take notice of the
revision. Within 30 days after taking notice of the revision, the department shall decide whether or not the revision pertains to referral by physicians for designated health services and continues to protect the public from inappropriate referrals by physicians. If the department decides that the revision does both of those things, the department may promulgate rules to incorporate the revision by reference. If the department does promulgate rules to incorporate the revision by reference, the department shall not make any changes to the revision. As used in this subparagraph, “designated health service” means that term as defined in section 1877 of part D of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395nn, and the regulations promulgated under that section and “physician” means that term as defined in sections 17001 and 17501.

(v) For a physician who makes referrals pursuant to section 1877 of part D of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395nn, or a regulation promulgated under that section, refusing to accept a reasonable proportion of patients eligible for medicaid and refusing to accept payment from medicaid or medicare as payment in full for a treatment, procedure, or service for which the physician refers the individual and in which the physician has a financial interest. A physician who owns all or part of a facility in which he or she provides surgical services is not subject to this subparagraph if a referred surgical procedure he or she performs in the facility is not reimbursed at a minimum of the appropriate medicaid or medicare outpatient fee schedule, including the combined technical and professional components.

(f) Beginning June 3, 2003, the department of consumer and industry services shall prepare the first of 3 annual reports on the effect of this amendatory act on access to care for the uninsured and medicaid patients. The department shall report on the number of referrals by licensees of uninsured and medicaid patients to purchase or secure a drug, device, treatment, procedure, or service from another person, place, facility, or business in which the licensee has a financial interest.

(g) Failure to report a change of name or mailing address within 30 days after the change occurs.

(h) A violation, or aiding or abetting in a violation, of this article or of a rule promulgated under this article.

(i) Failure to comply with a subpoena issued pursuant to this part, failure to respond to a complaint issued under this article 7, failure to appear at a compliance conference or an administrative hearing, or failure to report under section 16222 or 16223.

(j) Failure to pay an installment of an assessment levied pursuant to the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.100 to 500.8302, within 60 days after notice by the appropriate board.

(k) A violation of section 17013 or 17513.

(l) Failure to meet 1 or more of the requirements for licensure or registration under section 16174.

(m) A violation of section 17015 or 17515.

(n) A violation of section 17016 or 17516.

(o) Failure to comply with section 9206(3).

(p) A violation of section 5654 or 5655.

(q) A violation of section 16274.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Section 2 of Act 319 of 1986 provides: “Section 16221(e)(iv) of Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as added by this amendatory act, shall take effect April 1, 1987.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16222 Knowledge of violation; report to department; confidentiality of information; failure to make report; exception; identity of licensee or registrant making report; notice of criminal conviction or disciplinary action by another state.

Sec. 16222. (1) A licensee or registrant having knowledge that another licensee or registrant has committed a violation under section 16221 or article 7 or a rule promulgated under article 7 shall report the conduct and the name of the subject of the report to the department. Information obtained by the department under this subsection is confidential and is subject to sections 16238 and 16244. Failure of a licensee or registrant to make a report under this subsection does not give rise to a civil cause of action for damages against the licensee or registrant, but the licensee or registrant is subject to administrative action under sections 16221 and 16226. This subsection does not
apply to a licensee or registrant who obtains the knowledge of a violation while providing professional services to 
the licensee or registrant to whom the knowledge applies, who is serving on a duly constituted ethics or peer review 
committee of a professional association, or who is serving on a committee assigned a professional review function 
in a health facility or agency.

(2) Unless the licensee or registrant making the report otherwise agrees in writing, the identity of the licensee or 
registrant making the report shall remain confidential unless disciplinary proceedings under this part are initiated 
against the subject of the report and the licensee or registrant making the report is required to testify in the 
proceedings.

(3) A licensee or registrant shall notify the department of a criminal conviction or a disciplinary licensing or 
registration action taken by another state against the licensee or registrant within 30 days after the date of the 
conviction or action. This subsection includes, but is not limited to, a disciplinary action that is stayed pending 
appeal.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16223 Impairment of licensee, registrant, or applicant; report; exception; liability.

Sec. 16223. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a licensee or registrant who has reasonable cause 
to believe that a licensee, registrant, or applicant is impaired shall report that fact to the department. For purposes 
of this subsection, a report filed with the committee or with the program consultants described in section 16168 is 
considered to be filed with the department. A licensee or registrant who fails to report under this subsection is not 
liable in a civil action for damages resulting from the failure to report, but the licensee or registrant is subject to 
administrative action under sections 16221 and 16226.

(2) This section does not apply to a licensee or registrant who is in a bona fide health professional-patient 
relationship with a licensee, registrant, or applicant believed to be impaired.

(3) A licensee or registrant who in good faith complies with this section is not liable for damages in a civil action 
or subject to prosecution in a criminal proceeding as a result of the compliance.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16224 Failure or refusal to submit to examination as grounds for denial or suspension of 
license; additional grounds for disciplinary actions.

Sec. 16224. (1) Failure or refusal to submit to an examination that the department, a disciplinary subcommittee, 
or a board or task force is authorized to require under this part after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing 
constitutes a ground for denial or suspension of a license or registration until the examination is taken.

(2) Additional grounds for disciplinary action may be found in a part dealing with a specific health profession.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16226 Sanctions; determination; judicial review; maximum fine for violation of § 333.16221(a) 
or (b); completion of program or examination.

Sec. 16226. (1) After finding the existence of 1 or more of the grounds for disciplinary subcommittee action 
listed in section 16221, a disciplinary subcommittee shall impose 1 or more of the following sanctions for each 
violation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Violations of Section 16221</th>
<th>Sanctions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subdivision (a), (b)(ii), (b)(iv), (b)(vi), or (b)(vii)</td>
<td>Probation, limitation, denial, suspension, revocation, restitution, community service, or fine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subdivision (b)(viii)</td>
<td>Revocation or denial.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subdivision (b)(i), (b)(ii), (b)(iv), (b)(vi), (b)(v), (b)(x), (b)(xi), or (b)(xii)</td>
<td>Limitation, suspension, revocation, denial, probation, restitution, community service, or fine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subdivision (c)(i)</td>
<td>Denial, revocation, suspension, probation, limitation, community service, or fine.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Subdivision (c)(ii) Denial, suspension, revocation, restitution, community service, or fine.

Subdivision (c)(iii) Probation, denial, suspension, revocation, restitution, community service, or fine.

Subdivision (c)(iv) or (d)(iii) Fine, probation, denial, suspension, revocation, community service, or restitution.

Subdivision (d)(i) or (d)(ii) Reprimand, fine, probation, community service, denial, or restitution.

Subdivision (e)(i) Reprimand, fine, probation, limitation, suspension, community service, denial, or restitution.

Subdivision (e)(ii) or (i) Reprimand, probation, suspension, restitution, community service, denial, or fine.

Subdivision (e)(iii), (e)(iv), or (e)(v) Reprimand, fine, probation, suspension, revocation, limitation, community service, denial, or restitution.

Subdivision (g) Reprimand or fine.

Subdivision (h) Reprimand, probation, denial, suspension, revocation, limitation, restitution, community service, or fine.

Subdivision (j) Suspension or fine.

Subdivision (k), (p), or (r) Reprimand or fine.

Subdivision (l) Reprimand, denial, or limitation.

Subdivision (m) or (o) Denial, revocation, restitution, probation, suspension, limitation, reprimand, or fine.

Subdivision (n) Revocation or denial.

Subdivision (q) Revocation.

(2) Determination of sanctions for violations under this section shall be made by a disciplinary subcommittee. If, during judicial review, the court of appeals determines that a final decision or order of a disciplinary subcommittee prejudices substantial rights of the petitioner for 1 or more of the grounds listed in section 106 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.306, and holds that the final decision or order is unlawful and is to be set aside, the court shall state on the record the reasons for the holding and may remand the case to the disciplinary subcommittee for further consideration.

(3) A disciplinary subcommittee may impose a fine of up to, but not exceeding, $250,000.00 for a violation of section 16221(a) or (b).

(4) A disciplinary subcommittee may require a licensee or registrant or an applicant for licensure or registration who has violated this article or article 7 or a rule promulgated under this article or article 7 to satisfactorily complete an educational program, a training program, or a treatment program, a mental, physical, or professional competence examination, or a combination of those programs and examinations.


Compiler’s note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16227 Suspension or revocation of license or registration; grounds; other sanction or action.

Sec. 16227. (1) For an offense committed within 2 years after a previous offense of the same kind, a disciplinary subcommittee may suspend or revoke the license or registration.
(2) Section 16226 and this section do not limit any other sanction or additional action a disciplinary subcommittee is authorized to impose or take.


333.16228 Prescription of controlled substance; investigation; ad hoc review panel.

Sec. 16228. (1) For an investigation involving the prescription of a controlled substance, the department may establish an ad hoc review panel to provide the department with expert information regarding a specific health profession or health specialty or a specific health care treatment or procedure as it relates to the investigation. The department shall establish an ad hoc review panel under this subsection as follows:

(a) The department shall triennially establish a pool of 10 physicians, 5 of whom are allopathic physicians licensed under part 170 and 5 of whom are osteopathic physicians licensed under part 175.

(b) For each ad hoc review panel, the department shall appoint 3 physicians from the pool established under subdivision (a).

(2) The ad hoc review panel shall provide the information described in subsection (1) to the department during the investigation process and before a formal complaint is issued.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16231 Allegation; review; investigation; compliance conference; duties of department following investigation; complaint; failure to respond.

Sec. 16231. (1) A person or governmental entity who believes that a violation of this article or article 7 or a rule promulgated under this article or article 7 exists may make an allegation of that fact to the department in writing.

(2) If, upon reviewing an application or an allegation or a licensee's file under section 16211(4), the department determines there is a reasonable basis to believe the existence of a violation of this article or article 7 or a rule promulgated under this article or article 7, the department, with the authorization of the chair of the applicant's, licensee's, or registrant's board or task force or his or her designee, shall investigate. If the chair or his or her designee fails to grant or deny authorization within 7 days after receipt of a request for authorization, the department shall investigate.

(3) Upon the receipt of information reported pursuant to section 16243(2) that indicates 3 or more malpractice settlements, awards, or judgments against a licensee in a period of 5 consecutive years or 1 or more malpractice settlements, awards, or judgments against a licensee totaling more than $200,000.00 in a period of 5 consecutive years, whether or not a judgment or award is stayed pending appeal, the department shall investigate.

(4) At any time during an investigation or following the issuance of a complaint, the department may schedule a compliance conference pursuant to section 92 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, being section 24.292 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. The conference may include the applicant, licensee, or registrant, the applicant's, licensee's, or registrant's attorney, 1 member of the department's staff, and any other individuals approved by the department. One member of the appropriate board or task force who is not a member of the disciplinary subcommittee with jurisdiction over the matter may attend the conference and provide such assistance as needed. At the compliance conference, the department shall attempt to reach agreement. If an agreement is reached, the department shall submit a written statement outlining the terms of the agreement, or a stipulation and final order, if applicable, or a request for dismissal to the appropriate disciplinary subcommittee for approval. If the agreement or stipulation and final order or request for dismissal is rejected by the disciplinary subcommittee, or if no agreement is reached, a hearing before a hearings examiner shall be scheduled. A party shall not make a transcript of the compliance conference. All records and documents of a compliance conference held before a complaint is issued are subject to section 16238.

(5) Within 90 days after an investigation is initiated under subsection (2) or (3), the department shall do 1 or more of the following:

(a) Issue a formal complaint.

(b) Conduct a compliance conference under subsection (4).

(c) Issue a summary suspension.

(d) Issue a cease and desist order.

(e) Dismiss the complaint.

(f) Place in the complaint file not more than 1 written extension of not more than 30 days to take action under this subsection.
(6) Unless the person submitting the allegation under subsection (1) otherwise agrees in writing, the department shall keep the identity of a person submitting the allegation confidential until disciplinary proceedings under this part are initiated against the subject of the allegation and the person making the allegation is required to testify in the proceedings.

(7) The department shall serve a complaint pursuant to section 16192. The department shall include in the complaint a notice that the applicant, licensee, or registrant who is the subject of the complaint has 30 days from the date of receipt to respond in writing to the complaint.

(8) The department shall treat the failure of the applicant, licensee, or registrant to respond to the complaint within the 30-day period set forth in subsection (7) as an admission of the allegations contained in the complaint. The department shall notify the appropriate disciplinary subcommittee of the individual's failure to respond and shall forward a copy of the complaint to that disciplinary subcommittee. The disciplinary subcommittee may then impose an appropriate sanction under this article or article 7.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16231a Failure to reach agreement at compliance conference held under § 333.16231(4); hearing; conduct; determination by hearings examiner; request for continuance; representation; failure to appear as default; notice; sanction.

Sec. 16231a. (1) If an agreement is not reached at a compliance conference held under section 16231(4), or if an agreement is reached but is rejected by a disciplinary subcommittee and the parties do not reach a new agreement, the department shall hold a hearing before a hearings examiner employed by or under contract to the department. If an agreement is reached but is rejected by the disciplinary subcommittee, the department shall not hold another compliance conference, but may continue to try and reach a new agreement. The hearings examiner shall conduct the hearing within 60 days after the compliance conference at which an agreement is not reached or after the agreement is rejected by the disciplinary subcommittee, unless a new agreement is reached and approved by the disciplinary subcommittee. One member of the appropriate board or task force who is not a member of the disciplinary subcommittee with jurisdiction over the matter may attend the hearing and provide such assistance as needed.

(2) The hearings examiner shall determine if there are grounds for disciplinary action under section 16221 or if the applicant, licensee, or registrant has violated this article or article 7 or the rules promulgated under this article or article 7. The hearings examiner shall prepare recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law for transmittal to the appropriate disciplinary subcommittee. The hearings examiner shall not recommend or impose penalties.

(3) The applicant, licensee, or registrant who is the subject of the complaint or the department of attorney general may request and be granted not more than 1 continuance by the hearings examiner for good cause shown.

(4) The applicant, licensee, or registrant may be represented at the hearing by legal counsel. The department shall be represented at the hearing by an assistant attorney general from the department of attorney general. The assistant attorney general shall not be the same individual assigned by the department of attorney general to provide legal counsel to the board or the special assistant attorney general described in section 16237.

(5) Unless a continuance has been granted under subsection (3), failure of an applicant, licensee, or registrant to appear or be represented at a scheduled hearing shall be treated by the hearings examiner as a default and an admission of the allegations contained in the complaint. The hearings examiner shall notify the appropriate disciplinary subcommittee of the individual's failure to appear and forward a copy of the complaint and any other relevant records to the disciplinary subcommittee. The disciplinary subcommittee may then impose an appropriate sanction under this article or article 7, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16232 Hearings.

Sec. 16232. (1) The department shall provide an opportunity for a hearing in connection with the denial, reclassification, limitation, reinstatement, suspension, or revocation of a license or a proceeding to reprimand, fine, order community service or restitution, or place a licensee on probation.

(2) The department shall provide an opportunity for a hearing in connection with the denial, limitation, suspension, revocation, or reinstatement of a registration or a proceeding to reprimand, fine, order community service or restitution, or place a licensee on probation.
service or restitution, or place a registrant on probation.

(3) A disciplinary subcommittee shall meet within 60 days after receipt of the recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law from a hearings examiner to impose a penalty.

(4) Only the department shall promulgate rules governing hearings under this article or article 7 and related preliminary proceedings.


**Popular name:** Act 368

333.16233 Investigations; order to cease and desist; hearing; violation of order; summary suspension of license or registration.

Sec. 16233. (1) The department may conduct an investigation necessary to administer and enforce this article. Investigations may include written, oral, or practical tests of a licensee's or registrant's competency. The department may establish a special paralegal unit to assist the department.

(2) The department may order an individual to cease and desist from a violation of this article or article 7 or a rule promulgated under this article or article 7.

(3) An individual ordered to cease and desist under subsection (2) is entitled to a hearing before a hearings examiner if the individual files a written request for a hearing within 30 days after the effective date of the cease and desist order. The department shall subsequently present the notice, if any, of the applicant's, licensee's, or registrant's failure to respond to a complaint, or attend or be represented at a hearing as described in sections 16231 and 16231a, or the recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law to the appropriate disciplinary subcommittee to determine whether the order is to remain in effect or be dissolved.

(4) Upon a violation of a cease and desist order issued under subsection (2), the department of attorney general may apply in the circuit court to restrain and enjoin, temporarily or permanently, an individual from further violating the cease and desist order.

(5) After consultation with the chair of the appropriate board or task force or his or her designee, the department may summarily suspend a license or registration if the public health, safety, or welfare requires emergency action in accordance with section 92 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, being section 24.292 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. If a licensee or registrant is convicted of a felony; a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for a maximum term of 2 years; or a misdemeanor involving the illegal delivery, possession, or use of a controlled substance, the department shall find that the public health, safety, or welfare requires emergency action and, in accordance with section 92 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, shall summarily suspend the licensee's license or the registrant's registration. If a licensee or registrant is convicted of a misdemeanor involving the illegal delivery, possession, or use of alcohol that adversely affects the licensee's ability to practice in a safe and competent manner, the department may find that the public health, safety, or welfare requires emergency action and, in accordance with section 92 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, may summarily suspend the licensee's license or the registrant's registration.


**Compiler's note:** Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

**Popular name:** Act 368

333.16234 Conduct of hearings; authority of department.

Sec. 16234. The department may hold hearings and administer oaths and order testimony to be taken at a hearing or by deposition conducted pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969.


**Popular name:** Act 368

333.16235 Subpoena; prima facie evidence of matters recorded; admissible evidence.

Sec. 16235. (1) Upon application by the attorney general or a party to a contested case, the circuit court may issue a subpoena requiring a person to appear before a hearings examiner in a contested case or before the department in an investigation and be examined with reference to a matter within the scope of that contested case or investigation and to produce books, papers, or documents pertaining to that contested case or investigation. A subpoena issued under this subsection may require a person to produce all books, papers, and documents pertaining to all of a licensee's or registrant's patients in a health facility on a particular day if the allegation that gave rise to the disciplinary proceeding was made by or pertains to 1 or more of those patients.
(2) A copy of a record of a board or a task force or a disciplinary subcommittee or a hearings examiner certified by a person designated by the director is prima facie evidence of the matters recorded and is admissible as evidence in a proceeding in this state with the same force and effect as if the original were produced.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16236 Mental or physical examination; expense; consent; waiver.

Sec. 16236. (1) In a hearing or an investigation where mental or physical inability or substance abuse under section 16221 or impairment is alleged, a disciplinary subcommittee or a hearings examiner or the department with the approval of a disciplinary subcommittee may require the applicant, licensee, or registrant to submit to a mental or physical examination conducted by physicians or other appropriate health professionals designated by the disciplinary subcommittee or the department. An examination conducted under this subsection shall be at the expense of the department.

(2) For purposes of this section, an individual licensed or registered under this part who accepts the privilege of practicing in this state, by so practicing or by receiving a license or renewal to practice or by receiving registration, and an individual who applies for licensure or registration, consents to submit to a mental or physical examination under subsection (1) when directed to do so in writing by a disciplinary subcommittee, a hearings examiner, or the department. The individual waives all objections to the admissibility of the testimony or examination reports of the examining health professional on the ground that the testimony or reports constitute privileged communications.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16237 Imposition of penalty by disciplinary subcommittee; review of recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law; assignment of independent special assistant attorney general; additional testimony and evidence; sanction; completion of action; appeal.

Sec. 16237. (1) In imposing a penalty under section 16232(3), a disciplinary subcommittee shall review the recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law of the hearings examiner.

(2) The department of attorney general may assign an independent special assistant attorney general who is under contract to the department of attorney general and is not a member of the state classified civil service to advise the disciplinary subcommittees on matters of law and provide other legal assistance as necessary. A special assistant attorney general assigned to the disciplinary subcommittees under this subsection shall not be the same individual who represented the department before a hearings examiner under section 16231a(4).

(3) In reviewing the recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law of the hearings examiner and the record of the hearing, a disciplinary subcommittee may request the hearings examiner to take additional testimony or evidence on a specific issue or may revise the recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law as determined necessary by the disciplinary subcommittee, or both. A disciplinary subcommittee shall not conduct its own investigation or take its own additional testimony or evidence under this subsection.

(4) If a disciplinary subcommittee finds that a preponderance of the evidence supports the recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law of the hearings examiner indicating that grounds exist for disciplinary action, the disciplinary subcommittee shall impose an appropriate sanction under this article or article 7, or both. If the disciplinary subcommittee finds that a preponderance of the evidence does not support the findings of fact and conclusions of law of the hearings examiner indicating that grounds exist for disciplinary action, the disciplinary subcommittee shall dismiss the complaint. A disciplinary subcommittee shall report final action taken by it in writing to the appropriate board or task force.

(5) The compliance conference, the hearing before the hearings examiner, and final disciplinary subcommittee action shall be completed within 1 year after the department initiates an investigation under section 16231(2) or (3). The department shall note in its annual report any exceptions to the 1-year requirement.

(6) A final decision of a disciplinary subcommittee rendered after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section but before January 1, 1995 may be appealed only in the manner provided in sections 103 to 106 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, being sections 24.303 to 24.306 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. A final decision of a disciplinary subcommittee rendered on or after January 1, 1995 may be appealed only to the court of appeals. An appeal filed under this subsection is by right.


Compiler's note: Former § 333.16237, which pertained to imposition of penalty, review, and appeal, was repealed by Act 87 of 1993, Eff. Apr. 1, 1994.
333.16238 Confidentiality of information; compliance conference closed to public.

Sec. 16238. (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 13(1)(u) (i) and (ii) of the freedom of information act, Act No. 442 of the Public Acts of 1976, being section 15.243 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, the information including, but not limited to, patient names, obtained in an investigation or a compliance conference before a complaint is issued, is confidential and shall not be disclosed except to the extent necessary for the proper functioning of a hearings examiner, a disciplinary subcommittee, or the department.

(2) A compliance conference conducted under this part before a complaint is issued shall be closed to the public.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16239 Pamphlet.

Sec. 16239. Each licensee or registrant who is in private practice shall make available upon request of a patient a pamphlet provided by the department outlining the procedure for filing an allegation with the department under section 16231. The department shall prepare the pamphlet in consultation with appropriate professional associations and the boards and task forces. The department shall prepare and print the pamphlet in languages that are appropriate to the ethnic composition of the patient population where the pamphlet will be available.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16241 Publishing list of names and addresses of disciplined individuals; distribution of compilation; report of disciplinary actions; report upon summary suspension of license; notice of revocation or suspension; reports.

Sec. 16241. (1) After administrative disciplinary action is final, the department of commerce shall publish a list of the names and addresses of disciplined individuals. The department of commerce shall indicate on the list that a final administrative disciplinary action is subject to judicial review. The department of commerce shall report disciplinary action to the department of public health, the commissioner of insurance, the state and federal agencies responsible for fiscal administration of federal health care programs, and the appropriate professional association.

(2) Once each calendar year, the department of commerce shall transmit to the library of Michigan sufficient copies of a compilation of the lists required under subsection (1) for the immediately preceding 3 calendar years. The library of Michigan shall distribute the compilation to each depository library in the state. The department of commerce also shall transmit the compilation to each county clerk in the state once each calendar year.

(3) The department of public health shall report the disciplinary actions to appropriate licensed health facilities and agencies. The commissioner of insurance shall report the disciplinary actions received from the department of commerce to insurance carriers providing professional liability insurance.

(4) In case of a summary suspension of a license under section 16233(5), the department of commerce shall report the name and address of the individual whose license has been suspended to the department of public health, the commissioner of insurance, the state and federal agencies responsible for fiscal administration of federal health care programs, and the appropriate professional association.

(5) A licensee or registrant whose license or registration is revoked or suspended under this article shall give notice of the revocation or suspension to each patient who contacts the licensee or registrant for professional services during the term of the revocation or suspension. The notice required under this subsection may be given orally and shall be given at the time of contact.

(6) A licensee or registrant whose license or registration is revoked or is suspended for more than 60 days under this article shall notify in writing each patient or client to whom the licensee or registrant rendered professional services in the licensee's or registrant's private practice during the 120 days immediately preceding the date of the final order imposing the revocation or suspension and to each individual who is already scheduled for professional services during the first 120 days after the date of the final order imposing the revocation or suspension. The notice shall be on a form provided by the licensee's or registrant's board or task force and shall state, at a minimum, the name, address, and license or registration number of the licensee or registrant, the fact that his or her license or registration has been revoked or suspended, the effective date of the revocation or suspension, and the term of the revocation or suspension. Each board or task force shall develop a notice form that meets at least the minimum requirements of this subsection. The licensee or registrant shall send the notice to each patient or client to whom the licensee or registrant rendered professional services in the licensee's or registrant's private practice during the 120
days immediately preceding the date of the final order imposing the revocation or suspension within 30 days after the date of the final order imposing the revocation or suspension and shall simultaneously transmit a copy of the notice to the department. The licensee or registrant orally shall notify each individual who contacts the licensee or registrant for professional services during the first 120 days after the date of the final order imposing the revocation or suspension. The licensee or registrant shall also provide a copy of the notice within 10 days after the date of the final order imposing the revocation or suspension to his or her employer, if any, and to each hospital, if any, in which the licensee or registrant is admitted to practice.

(7) A licensee or registrant who is reprimanded, fined, placed on probation, or ordered to pay restitution under this article or an applicant whose application for licensure or registration is denied under this article shall notify his or her employer, if any, and each hospital, if any, in which he or she is admitted to practice, in the same manner as provided for notice of revocation or suspension to an employer or hospital under subsection (6), within 10 days after the date of the final order imposing the sanction.

(8) The department of commerce annually shall report to the legislature and to each board and task force on disciplinary actions taken under this article and article 7. The report shall contain, at a minimum, all of the following information:

(a) Investigations conducted, complaints issued, and settlements reached by the department of commerce, separated out by type of complaint and health profession.

(b) Investigations and complaints closed or dismissed.

(c) Actions taken by each disciplinary subcommittee, separated out by type of complaint, health profession, and final order issued.

(d) Recommendations by boards and task forces.

(e) The number of extensions and delays granted by the department that were in excess of the time limits required under this article for each phase of the disciplinary process, and the types of cases for which the extensions and delays were granted.

(9) Within 2 years after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection, the department of commerce shall submit a public report to the legislature on the effectiveness of the amendatory act that added this subsection. The report shall include a review and evaluation of the disciplinary process and the reporting requirements of this article and article 17 and recommended administrative or statutory changes, if any.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16243 Reports; reporting name of licensee, amount of damages awarded, or amount of approved settlement.

Sec. 16243. (1) The department or a disciplinary subcommittee appointed under section 16216 may request and shall receive the following reports:

(a) Information from a licensed health care facility as to disciplinary action taken by it pursuant to section 20175.

(b) Information from an insurer providing professional liability insurance as to claims or actions for damages against a licensee; settlements in any amount; final disposition not resulting in payment on behalf of the insured; and a personal injury claimed to have been caused by an error, omission, or negligence in the performance of the insured professional services. An insurer that receives a request under this subdivision shall submit the information requested directly to the department.

(c) Information from a court in this state as to a felony or misdemeanor conviction or a judgment against a licensee or registrant finding the licensee or registrant negligent in an action for malpractice, whether or not the judgment is appealed.

(d) A report by a licensee or registrant under section 16222.

(e) Information provided by the insurance bureau under sections 2477, 2477b, and 2477c of the insurance code, Act No. 218 of the Public Acts of 1956, being sections 500.2477, 500.2477b, and 500.2477c of the Michigan Compiled Laws, information provided by the national practitioner data bank, and reports from the Michigan health care arbitration program.

(f) Reports from any other appropriate source necessary for determination of the competency and safety of the practice of a licensee. Appropriate sources include, but are not limited to, appointed public and private professional review entities and public and private health insurance programs.

(2) Within 10 days after the entry of a judgment against a licensee finding the licensee negligent in an action for malpractice or the approval by a court of a settlement in an action for malpractice, the clerk of the court in which the judgment was entered or the settlement approved shall prepare and immediately forward to the department on a
form prescribed by the department a report setting forth the name of the licensee and the amount of damages awarded or the amount of the approved settlement.


Compiler’s note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16244 Immunity from civil or criminal liability; physician-patient privilege inapplicable; confidentiality of information; disclosure; prohibition.

Sec. 16244. (1) A person, including a state or county health professional organization, a committee of the organization, or an employee or officer of the organization furnishing information to, or on behalf of, the organization, acting in good faith who makes a report; assists in originating, investigating, or preparing a report; or assists a board or task force, a disciplinary subcommittee, a hearings examiner, the committee, or the department in carrying out its duties under this article is immune from civil or criminal liability including, but not limited to, liability in a civil action for damages that might otherwise be incurred thereby and is protected under the whistleblowers’ protection act, Act No. 469 of the Public Acts of 1980, being sections 15.361 to 15.369 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. A person making or assisting in making a report, or assisting a board or task force, a hearings examiner, the committee, or the department, is presumed to have acted in good faith. The immunity from civil or criminal liability granted under this subsection extends only to acts done pursuant to this article or section 21513(e).

(2) The physician-patient privilege created in section 2157 of the revised judicature act of 1961, Act No. 236 of the Public Acts of 1961, being section 600.2157 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, does not apply in an investigation or proceeding by a board or task force, a disciplinary subcommittee, a hearings examiner, the committee, or the department acting within the scope of its authorization. Unless expressly waived by the individual to whom the information pertains, the information obtained is confidential and shall not be disclosed except to the extent necessary for the proper functioning of a board or task force, a disciplinary subcommittee, the committee, or the department. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a person shall not use or disseminate the information except pursuant to a valid court order.


Compiler’s note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

In the last sentence of subsection (1), the reference to “section 21513(e)” evidently should be to “section 20175 (5) to (7).”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16245 Reinstatement of limited, suspended, or revoked license or registration; application; payment; time; hearing; guidelines; fees.

Sec. 16245. (1) An individual whose license is limited, suspended, or revoked under this part may apply to his or her board or task force for a reinstatement of a revoked or suspended license or reclassification of a limited license pursuant to section 16247 or 16249.

(2) An individual whose registration is suspended or revoked under this part may apply to his or her board for a reinstatement of a suspended or revoked registration pursuant to section 16248.

(3) A board or task force shall reinstate a license or registration suspended for grounds stated in section 16221(i) upon payment of the installment.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, in case of a revoked license or registration, an applicant shall not apply for reinstatement before the expiration of 3 years after the effective date of the revocation. In the case of a license or registration that was revoked for a violation of section 16221(b)(vii), a violation of section 16221(c)(iv) consisting of a felony conviction, any other felony conviction involving a controlled substance, or a violation of section 16221(p), an applicant shall not apply for reinstatement before the expiration of 5 years after the effective date of the revocation. The department shall return an application for reinstatement received before the expiration of the applicable time period under this subsection.

(5) The department shall provide an opportunity for a hearing before final rejection of an application for reinstatement.

(6) Based upon the recommendation of the disciplinary subcommittee for each health profession, the department shall adopt guidelines to establish specific criteria to be met by an applicant for reinstatement under this article or article 7. The criteria may include corrective measures or remedial education as a condition of reinstatement. If a
board or task force, in reinstating a license or registration, deviates from the guidelines adopted under this subsection, the board or task force shall state the reason for the deviation on the record.

(7) An individual who seeks reinstatement or reclassification of a license or registration pursuant to this section shall pay the application processing fee as a reinstatement or reclassification fee. If approved for reinstatement or reclassification, the individual shall pay the per year license or registration fee for the applicable license or registration period.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16247 Reinstatement of license or issuance of limited license; requirements.

Sec. 16247. (1) A board or task force may reinstate a license or issue a limited license to an individual whose license has been suspended or revoked under this part if after a hearing the board or task force is satisfied by clear and convincing evidence that the applicant is of good moral character, is able to practice the profession with reasonable skill and safety to patients, has met the criteria in the rules promulgated under section 16245(6), and should be permitted in the public interest to practice. Pursuant to the rules promulgated under section 16245(6), as a condition of reinstatement, a disciplinary subcommittee, upon the recommendation of a board or task force, may impose a disciplinary or corrective measure authorized under this part and require that the licensee attend a school or program selected by the board or task force to take designated courses or training to become competent or proficient in those areas of practice in which the board or task force finds the licensee to be deficient. The board or task force may require a statement on a form approved by it from the chief administrator of the school or program attended or the person responsible for the training certifying that the licensee has achieved the required competency or proficiency.

(2) As a condition of reinstatement, a board or task force shall place the licensee on probation for 1 year under conditions set by the board or task force. If a licensee whose license has been revoked cannot apply for reinstatement for 5 years after the date of revocation, then, as a condition of reinstatement, the board or task force shall require the licensee to take and pass the current licensure examination.

(3) A board or task force shall not reinstate a license suspended or revoked for grounds stated in section 16221(b)(i), (iii), or (iv) until it finds that the licensee is mentally or physically able to practice with reasonable skill and safety to patients. The board or task force may require further examination of the licensee, at the licensee's expense, necessary to verify that the licensee is mentally or physically able. A licensee affected by this section shall be afforded the opportunity at reasonable intervals to demonstrate that he or she can resume competent practice in accordance with standards of acceptable and prevailing practice.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16248 Reinstatement of registration; requirements.

Sec. 16248. A registration board may reinstate a registration revoked or suspended under this part if, after a hearing, the board is satisfied by clear and convincing evidence that the individual is of good moral character, has the education and experience as required in this article, has met the criteria in the rules promulgated under section 16245(6), and will use the title lawfully and act in accordance with this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16249 Reclassification of limited license; requirements.

Sec. 16249. A disciplinary subcommittee may reclassify a license limited under this part to alter or remove the limitations if, after a hearing, it is satisfied that the applicant will practice the profession safely and competently within the area of practice and under conditions stipulated by the disciplinary subcommittee, and should be permitted in the public interest to so practice. The disciplinary subcommittee may require the submission of information necessary to make the determination required for reclassification. As a condition of reclassification, the disciplinary subcommittee may require that the licensee take an examination or attend a school or program selected by the disciplinary subcommittee to take designated courses or training to become competent in those areas of practice the disciplinary subcommittee determines necessary for reclassification. The disciplinary subcommittee may require a statement on a form approved by it from the chief administrator of the school or program attended or
the person responsible for the training certifying that the licensee has achieved the required competency.


**Popular name:** Act 368

333.16261 Health profession; prohibited use of insignia, title, letter, word, or phrase.

Sec. 16261. (1) An individual who is not licensed or registered under this article shall not use an insignia, title, or letter, or a word, letter, or phrase singly or in combination, with or without qualifying words, letters, or phrases, under a circumstance to induce the belief that the person is licensed or registered in this state, is lawfully entitled in this state to engage in the practice of a health profession regulated by this article, or is otherwise in compliance with this article.

(2) An individual shall not announce or hold himself or herself out to the public as limiting his or her practice to, as being specially qualified in, or as giving particular attention to a health profession specialty field for which a board issues a specialty certification or a health profession specialty field license, without first having obtained a specialty certification or a health profession specialty field license.

(3) An individual shall not announce or hold himself or herself out to the public as being able to perform a chiropractic adjustment, chiropractic manipulation, or other chiropractic services or chiropractic opinion, unless the individual is a chiropractor licensed under this article.


**Popular name:** Act 368

***** 333.16263 THIS SECTION IS AMENDED EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004: See 333.16263.amended *****

333.16263 Restricted use of words, titles, or letters.

Sec. 16263. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the following words, titles, or letters or a combination thereof, with or without qualifying words or phrases, are restricted in use only to those persons authorized under this article to use the terms and in a way prescribed in this article:

(a) “Chiropractic”, “doctor of chiropractic”, “chiropractor”, “d.c.”, and “chiropractic physician”.


(c) “Doctor of medicine” and “m.d.”.

(d) “Physician’s assistant” and “p.a.”.

(e) “Registered professional nurse”, “registered nurse”, “r.n.”, “licensed practical nurse”, “l.p.n.”, “nurse midwife”, “nurse anesthetist”, “nurse practitioner”, “trained attendant,” and “l.a.”.

(f) “Doctor of optometry”, “optometrist”, and “o.d.”.

(g) “Osteopath”, “osteopathy”, “osteopathic practitioner”, “doctor of osteopathy”, “diplomate in osteopathy”, and “d.o.”.

(h) “Pharmacy”, “pharmacist”, “apothecary”, “drugstore”, “druggist”, “medicine store”, “prescriptions”, and “r.ph.”.

(i) “Physical therapy”, “physical therapist”, “physiotherapist”, “registered physical therapist”, “licensed physical therapist”, “physical therapy technician”, “p.t.”, “r.p.t.”, “l.p.t.”, and “p.t.t.”.

(j) “Chiropodist”, “chiroprody”, “chiroprical”, “podiatry”, “podiatrist”, “podiatric”, “doctor of podiatric medicine”, “foot specialist”, “podiatric physician and surgeon”, and “d.p.m.”.

(k) “Consulting psychologist”, “psychologist”, “psychological assistant”, “psychological examiner”, “licensed psychologist”, and “limited licensed psychologist”.

(l) “Licensed professional counselor”, “licensed counselor”, “professional counselor”, and “l.p.c.”.

(m) “Sanitarian”, “registered sanitarian”, and “r.s.”.

(n) “Social worker”, “certified social worker”, “social work technician”, “s.w.”, “c.s.w.”, and “s.w.t.”.

(o) “Veterinary”, “veterinarian”, “veterinary doctor”, “veterinary surgeon”, “doctor of veterinary medicine”, “v.m.d.”, “d.v.m.”, “animal technican”, or “animal technologist”.

(p) “Occupational therapist”, “occupational therapist registered”, “certified occupational therapist”, “o.t.”, “o.t.r.”, “c.o.t.”, “certified occupational therapy assistant”, “occupational therapy assistant”, or “c.o.t.a.”.

(q) “Marriage advisor” or “marriage consultant”; “family counselor”, “family advisor”, “family therapist”, or

**** 333.16263 THIS SECTION IS AMENDED EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004: See 333.16263.amended ****
“family consultant”; “family guidance counselor”, “family guidance advisor”, or “family guidance consultant”;
“marriage guidance counselor”, “marriage guidance advisor”, or “marriage guidance consultant”; “family relations
counselor”; “marriage relations counselor”, “marriage relations advisor”, or “marriage relations consultant”;
“marital counselor” or “marital therapist”; “limited licensed marriage and family therapist” or “limited licensed
marriage counselor”; “licensed marriage and family therapist” or “licensed marriage counselor”; and “l.m.f.t.”.

(r) “Nursing home administrator”.

(2) Notwithstanding section 16261, a person who was specially trained at an institution of higher education in
this state to assist a physician in the field of orthopedics and upon completion of training, received a 2-year
associate of science degree as an orthopedic physician's assistant before January 1, 1977, may use the title
“orthopedic physician’s assistant” whether or not the person is licensed under this article.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1,
1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.16263.amended THIS AMENDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 *****

333.16263.amended Restricted use of words, titles, or letters.

Sec. 16263. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), the following words, titles, or letters or a combination
thereof, with or without qualifying words or phrases, are restricted in use only to those persons authorized under
this article to use the terms and in a way prescribed in this article:

(a) “Chiropractic”, “doctor of chiropractic”, “chiropractor”, “d.c.”, and “chiropractic physician”.

(b) “Dentist”, “doctor of dental surgery”, “oral and maxillofacial surgeon”, “orthodontist”, “prosthodontist”,
“periodontist”, “endodontist”, “oral pathologist”, “pediatric dentist”, “dental hygienist”, “registered dental
hygienist”, “dental assistant”, “registered dental assistant”, “r.d.a.”, “d.d.s.”, “d.m.d.”, and “r.d.h.”.

(c) “Doctor of medicine” and “m.d.”.

(d) “Physician's assistant” and “p.a.”.

(e) “Registered professional nurse”, “registered nurse”, “r.n.”, “licensed practical nurse”, “l.p.n.”, “nurse
midwife”, “nurse anesthetist”, “nurse practitioner”, “trained attendant”, and “t.a.”.

(f) “Doctor of optometry”, “optometrist”, and “o.d.”.

(g) “Osteopath”, “osteopathy”, “osteopathic practitioner”, “doctor of osteopathy”, “diplomate in osteopathy”, and
“d.o.”.

(h) “Pharmacy”, “pharmacist”, “apothecary”, “drugstore”, “druggist”, “medicine store”, “prescriptions”, and
“r.ph.”.

(i) “Physical therapy”, “physical therapist”, “physiotherapist”, “registered physical therapist”, “licensed physical
therapist”, “physical therapy technician”, “p.t.”, “r.p.t.”, “l.p.t.”, and “p.t.t.”.

(j) “Chiropodist”, “chiropody”, “chiropodical”, “podiatry”, “podiatrist”, “podiatric”, “doctor of podiatric
medicine”, “foot specialist”, “podiatric physician and surgeon”, and “d.p.m.”.

(k) “Consulting psychologist”, “psychologist”, “psychological assistant”, “psychological examiner”, “licensed
psychologist”, and “limited licensed psychologist”.

(l) “Licensed professional counselor”, “licensed counselor”, “professional counselor”, and “l.p.c.”.

(m) “Sanitarian”, “registered sanitarian”, and “r.s.”.

(n) “Social worker”, “certified social worker”, “social work technician”, “s.w.”, “c.s.w.”, and “s.w.t.”.

(o) “Veterinary”, “veterinarian”, “veterinary technician”, “doctor of veterinary medicine”, “v.m.d.”, “d.v.m.”, “animal technician”, or “animal technologist”.

(p) “Occupational therapist”, “occupational therapist registered”, “certified occupational therapist”, “o.t.”, “o.t.r.”, “c.o.t.”, “certified occupational therapy assistant”, “occupational therapy assistant”, or “c.o.t.a.”.

(q) “Marriage advisor” or “marriage consultant”; “family counselor”, “family advisor”, “family therapist”, or
“family consultant”; “family guidance counselor”, “family guidance advisor”, or “family guidance consultant”; “marriage
guidance counselor”, “marriage guidance advisor”, or “marriage guidance consultant”; “family relations
counselor”; “marriage relations counselor”, “marriage relations advisor”, or “marriage relations consultant”;
“marital counselor” or “marital therapist”; “limited licensed marriage and family therapist” or “limited licensed marriage counselor”; “licensed marriage and family therapist” or “licensed marriage counselor”; and “l.m.f.t.”.

(r) “Nursing home administrator”.

(s) “Respiratory therapist”, “respiratory care practitioner”, “licensed respiratory therapist”, “licensed respiratory care practitioner”, “r.t.”, “r.c.p.”, “l.r.t.”, and “l.r.c.p.”.

(2) Notwithstanding section 16261, a person who was specially trained at an institution of higher education in this state to assist a physician in the field of orthopedics and upon completion of training, received a 2-year associate of science degree as an orthopedic physician’s assistant before January 1, 1977, may use the title “orthopedic physician’s assistant” whether or not the person is licensed under this article.


Compiler’s note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16264 Use of insignia, titles, letters, or phrases granted by authorized educational program or institution or professional organization or association.

Sec. 16264. Sections 16261 and 16263 shall not limit the right of an individual to use the insignia, titles, letters, or phrases as granted to the individual by an authorized educational program or institution or professional organization or professional association for the purpose of identifying the individual as having completed or attained specific training or as having established a recognized relationship with a health profession regulated by this article, if the individual does not violate the conditions of those sections or of a specific part in this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16265 Use of terms “doctor” or “dr.”.

Sec. 16265. (1) An individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of chiropractic, dentistry, medicine, optometry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, psychology, or veterinary medicine shall not use the terms “doctor” or “dr.” in any written or printed matter or display without adding thereto “of chiropractic”, “of dentistry”, “of medicine”, “of optometry”, “of osteopathic medicine and surgery”, “of podiatric medicine and surgery”, “of psychology”, “of veterinary medicine” or a similar term, respectively.

(2) An individual licensed under part 182 shall not use the terms “doctor” or “dr.” without having been granted a doctoral degree in psychology from a regionally or nationally accredited college or university.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16266 Compliance.

Sec. 16266. Each licensee who owns or operates, or who owns and operates, a private practice office shall comply with part 138.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16267 HIV infected test subject; compliance reporting requirements; definitions.

Sec. 16267. (1) A licensee who obtains from a test subject a test result that indicates that the test subject is HIV infected shall comply with the reporting requirements of section 5114.

(2) As used in this section:
(a) “HIV” means human immunodeficiency virus.
(b) “HIV infected” means that term as defined in section 5101.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16273 Artificial insemination services on anonymous basis; use of frozen sperm; testing sperm donor for presence of HIV or antibody to HIV; violation; liability; definitions.

Sec. 16273. (1) A licensee, except a veterinarian licensed under this article, who provides artificial insemination
services on an anonymous basis shall use only frozen sperm, and shall test each potential sperm donor for the presence in the donor of HIV or an antibody to HIV. The donated sperm shall be frozen, stored, and quarantined for not less than 6 months. Before frozen sperm is used for artificial insemination, and not less than 6 months after the date of the donation, the licensee shall take a second blood sample from the donor and have that blood sample tested for HIV or an antibody to HIV. If at any time the test results are positive, the licensee shall not use the sperm of the donor for artificial insemination purposes.

(2) A licensee who violates this section shall be liable in a civil action for damages for the loss or damage resulting from the violation.

(3) As used in this section:
(a) “Anonymous basis” means that the recipient of the sperm does not know the identity of the donor, but the licensee who provides the artificial insemination services or collects the sperm from the donor does know the identity of the donor.
(b) “HIV” means human immunodeficiency virus.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16274 Human cloning; prohibited acts; exception; violation of subsection (1); private right of action; definitions.
Sec. 16274. (1) A licensee or registrant shall not engage in or attempt to engage in human cloning.
(2) Subsection (1) does not prohibit scientific research or cell-based therapies not specifically prohibited by that subsection.
(3) A licensee or registrant who violates subsection (1) is subject to the administrative penalties prescribed in sections 16221 and 16226 and to the civil penalty prescribed in section 16275.
(4) This section does not give a person a private right of action.
(5) As used in this section:
(a) “Human cloning” means the use of human somatic cell nuclear transfer technology to produce a human embryo.
(b) “Human embryo” means a human egg cell with a full genetic composition capable of differentiating and maturing into a complete human being.
(c) “Human somatic cell” means a cell of a developing or fully developed human being that is not and will not become a sperm or egg cell.
(d) “Human somatic cell nuclear transfer” means transferring the nucleus of a human somatic cell into an egg cell from which the nucleus has been removed or rendered inert.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16275 Human cloning; prohibition; exception; violation; penalty; private right of action; “human cloning” defined.
Sec. 16275. (1) A licensee or registrant or other individual shall not engage in or attempt to engage in human cloning.
(2) Subsection (1) does not prohibit scientific research or cell-based therapies not specifically prohibited by that subsection.
(3) A licensee or registrant or other individual who violates subsection (1) is subject to a civil penalty of $10,000,000.00. A fine collected under this subsection shall be distributed in the same manner as penal fines are distributed in this state.
(4) This section does not give a person a private right of action.
(5) As used in this section, “human cloning” means that term as defined in section 16274.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16277 Nonemergency health care; limitation on liability; additional restrictions; exceptions; definitions.
Sec. 16277. (1) A licensee or registrant who provides to a patient nonemergency health care that the licensee or registrant is licensed or registered under this article to provide, and who receives no compensation for providing the nonemergency health care, is not liable in a civil action for damages for acts or omissions in providing the
nonemergency health care, unless the acts or omissions were the result of gross negligence or willful and wanton misconduct or were intended to injure the patient.

(2) The limitation on liability provided under subsection (1) applies only if the nonemergency health care is provided inside the premises of or as a result of a referral from either of the following:

(a) A health facility organized and operated for the sole purpose of delivering nonemergency health care without receiving compensation.

(b) An entity that is not a health facility and that provides nonemergency health care to uninsured or under-insured individuals through the voluntary services of licensees or registrants who receive no compensation for providing the nonemergency health care.

(3) In addition to the restrictions under subsection (1), the limitation on liability provided in subsection (1) does not apply in regard to the nonemergency health care of a patient unless, before the licensee or registrant provides that health care, both of the following occur:

(a) The licensee or registrant provides the patient with a written disclosure describing the limitation on liability and stating that the health care is free and compensation for the health care will not be requested from any source.

(b) The patient signs an acknowledgment of receipt of the written disclosure.

(4) A health facility, other than a health facility described in subsection (2), that provides financial, in-kind, or other support, not including health care services, to a health facility or other entity described in subsection (2) is not liable in a civil action for damages based on nonemergency health care provided by the health facility or entity described in subsection (2).

(5) This section does not affect the liability of a health facility or entity described in subsection (2) as that liability existed before the effective date of this section.

(6) This section does not apply to a civil action for damages for acts or omissions if the nonemergency health care is surgery that customarily requires more than a local anesthetic.

(7) As used in this section:

(a) “Compensation” means receipt of payment or expected receipt of payment from any source, including, but not limited to, receipt of payment or expected receipt of payment directly from a patient, from a patient's parent, guardian, or spouse, or from a public or private health care payment or benefits plan on behalf of the patient, or indirectly in the form of wages, salary, or other valuable consideration under an employment or service agreement.

(b) “Health facility” means a health facility or agency licensed under article 17.


Compiler's note: Enacting section 1 of Act 172 of 2001 provides:

“Enacting section 1. Section 16277 of the public health code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.16277, as added by this amendatory act, takes effect January 1, 2002 and applies to a cause of action arising on or after that effective date.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.16281 Initiation of child abuse or neglect investigations; notice to licensee or registrant; request for child's medical records and information; release of medical records and information; inapplicable privileges; immunity from liability; exception; duties imposed by other statutes.

Sec. 16281. (1) If there is a compelling need for records or information to determine whether child abuse or child neglect has occurred or to take action to protect a child where there may be a substantial risk of harm, a family independence agency caseworker or administrator directly involved in the child abuse or neglect investigation shall notify a licensee or registrant that a child abuse or neglect investigation has been initiated regarding a child who has received services from the licensee or registrant and shall request in writing the child's medical records and information that are pertinent to that investigation. Upon receipt of this notification and request, the licensee or registrant shall review all of the child’s medical records and information in the licensee's or registrant's possession to determine if there are medical records or information that is pertinent to that investigation. Within 14 days after receipt of a request made under this subsection, the licensee or registrant shall release those pertinent medical records and information to the caseworker or administrator directly involved in the child abuse or neglect investigation.

(2) The following privileges do not apply to medical records or information released or made available under subsection (1):


(b) The dentist-patient privilege created in section 16648.
(c) The licensed professional counselor-client and limited licensed counselor-client privilege created in section 18117.

(d) The psychologist-patient privilege created in section 18237.

(e) Any other health professional-patient privilege created or recognized by law.

(3) To the extent not protected by the immunity conferred by 1964 PA 170, MCL 691.1401 to 691.1415, an individual who in good faith provides access to medical records or information under this section is immune from civil or administrative liability arising from that conduct, unless the conduct was gross negligence or willful and wanton misconduct.

(4) This section does not apply to a report, record, datum, or information whose confidentiality and disclosure are governed by section 5131.

(5) A duty under this act relating to child abuse and neglect does not alter a duty imposed under another statute, including the child protection law, 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.621 to 722.638, regarding the reporting or investigation of child abuse or neglect.


\[\text{Popular name: Act 368}\]

333.16291 Violation; injunctive relief; criminal proceeding; prosecution.

Sec. 16291. (1) Upon a violation of this article or of a rule or order of a board or task force, a disciplinary subcommittee, or the department, the circuit court for the county in which the violation occurs may restrain and enjoin a person from the violation. A board or task force, a disciplinary subcommittee, or the department shall seek injunctive relief through the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the violation occurs. This proceeding may be in addition to and is not in lieu of a criminal prosecution or proceeding as to a license or registration.

(2) The department, a board or task force, or a disciplinary subcommittee, may request the attorney general or prosecuting attorney to prosecute a person violating this article. The attorney general or the prosecuting attorney may prosecute a violation of this article.


\[\text{Popular name: Act 368}\]

333.16294 Unlawful conduct; felony.

Sec. 16294. Except as provided in section 16215, an individual who practices or holds himself or herself out as practicing a health profession regulated by this article without a license or registration or under a suspended, revoked, lapsed, void, or fraudulently obtained license or registration, or outside the provisions of a limited license or registration, or who uses as his or her own the license or registration of another person, is guilty of a felony.


\[\text{Popular name: Act 368}\]

333.16296 Unlawful conduct; misdemeanor; penalties.

Sec. 16296. A person who uses a title regulated by this article without a registration or under a suspended, revoked, or fraudulently obtained registration, or who uses as his or her own the registration of another person is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable as follows:

(a) For the first offense, by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or a fine of $100.00, or both.

(b) For the second or subsequent offense, by imprisonment for not less than 60 days nor more than 1 year, or a fine of not less than $300.00 nor more than $1,000.00, or both.


\[\text{Popular name: Act 368}\]

333.16299 Violation as misdemeanor; penalties; exception.

Sec. 16299. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a person who violates or aids or abets another in a violation of this article, other than those matters described in sections 16294 and 16296, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable as follows:

(a) For the first offense, by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or a fine of not more than $100.00, or both.

(b) For the second or subsequent offense, by imprisonment for not less than 90 days nor more than 6 months, or a fine of not less than $200.00 nor more than $500.00, or both.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a violation of section 17015 or 17515.
333.16301  Fees generally.

Sec. 16301.  (1) Fees for licenses and registrations issued and other services performed by the department shall be as prescribed in this article.

(2) This article does not prohibit a person who has a contract with the department or any other person providing direct services from collecting fees directly from an applicant, registrant, or licensee.

(3) If the department terminates a contract with a person who has been administering a licensing or registration examination to applicants for licensure or registration in a specific profession and the department itself begins to administer the examination, the department shall not charge an applicant a fee greater than the fee charged under the terminated contract unless the examination fee for that profession is increased under this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16303  Nonrefundable application processing fee; examination or inspection fee; fee for initial license or registration period.

Sec. 16303.  Each application for a license or registration shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable application processing fee. The department may also require that the application be accompanied by a fee for a required examination or inspection or the fee for the initial license or registration period.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16305  Examination fee; forfeiture; reexamination fee.

Sec. 16305.  (1) An individual who is required to take an examination shall pay an examination fee.

(2) An individual who is scheduled for examination or reexamination and who fails to appear at the examination shall forfeit the examination fee.

(3) An individual who fails all or part of an examination may be reexamined, if eligible, after paying for the complete examination or such parts of the examination as must be repeated.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16307  License and registration fees; completion of requirements for licensure or registration; forfeiture of fees; effect of void application.

Sec. 16307.  (1) A person who has completed the requirements for a license or registration or who seeks to renew a license or registration shall not be issued a license or registration until the person has paid the license or registration fee.

(2) License and registration fees shall be prescribed on a per-year basis. If licenses and registrations are established on a biennial basis, the fee required shall be twice the per-year amount prescribed. If licenses or registrations are established on a triennial basis, the fee required shall be 3 times the per-year amount prescribed.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this act or rules promulgated under this act, all requirements for licensure or registration shall be completed within 2 years after receipt of the application by the department. If the requirements are not completed within the 2-year period, the fees paid shall be forfeited to the department and the application shall be void. An individual whose application has been determined void under this subsection shall submit a new application and fees and shall meet the standards in effect on the date of receipt of the new application.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to delinquent charges.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16315  Health professions regulatory fund; nurse professional fund; official prescription form program fund; pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund.
Sec. 16315. (1) The health professions regulatory fund is established in the state treasury. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the state treasurer shall credit the fees collected under sections 16319 to 16349 to the health professions regulatory fund. The money in the health professions regulatory fund shall be expended only as provided in subsection (5).

(2) The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the health professions regulatory fund. Interest and earnings from health professions regulatory fund investment shall be credited to the health professions regulatory fund.

(3) The unencumbered balance in the health professions regulatory fund at the close of the fiscal year shall remain in the health professions regulatory fund and shall not revert to the general fund.

(4) The health professions regulatory fund may receive gifts and devises and other money as provided by law.

(5) The department of consumer and industry services shall use the health professions regulatory fund only to carry out its powers and duties under this article and article 7 including, but not limited to, reimbursing the department of attorney general for the reasonable cost of services provided to the department of consumer and industry services under this article and article 7.

(6) The nurse professional fund is established in the state treasury. Of the money that is attributable to per-year license fees collected under section 16327, the state treasurer shall credit $2.00 of each individual annual license fee collected to the nurse professional fund. The money in the nurse professional fund shall be expended only as provided in subsection (9).

(7) The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the nurse professional fund, and shall credit interest and earnings from the investment to the nurse professional fund. The nurse professional fund may receive gifts and devises and other money as provided by law.

(8) The unencumbered balance in the nurse professional fund at the close of the fiscal year shall remain in the nurse professional fund and shall not revert to the general fund.

(9) The department of consumer and industry services shall use the nurse professional fund each fiscal year only as follows:

(a) The department may use not more than 1/3 of the nurse professional fund for the establishment and operation of a nurse continuing education program.

(b) The department may use not more than 1/3 of the nurse professional fund to perform research and development studies to promote and advance the nursing profession.

(c) The department shall use not less than 1/3 of the nurse professional fund to establish and operate a nursing scholarship program.

(10) The official prescription form program fund established by the amendatory act that added this section is abolished. The money remaining in the official prescription form program fund on the effective date of the amendatory act that added subsection (11) shall be transferred by the state treasurer to the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund created in subsection (11).

(11) The pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund is established in the state treasury.

(12) The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund. Interest and earnings from investment of the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund shall be credited to the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund.

(13) The unencumbered balance in the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund at the close of the fiscal year shall remain in the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund and shall not revert to the general fund. The pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund may receive gifts and devises and other money as provided by law. Twenty dollars of the license fee received by the department of consumer and industry services under section 16319 shall be deposited with the state treasurer to the credit of the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund. The department shall use the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund only in connection with programs relating to pain management education for health professionals, preventing the diversion of controlled substances, and development and maintenance of the electronic monitoring system for controlled substances data required by section 7333a.


Compiler’s note: Former § 333.16315, which pertained to health professions regulatory fund and nurse professional fund, was repealed by Acts 87 and 138 of 1993, Eff. Apr. 1, 1994.

Popular name: Act 368
333.16317  **Fees; limitation on increase; schedule.**

Sec. 16317.  (1) At the beginning of each state fiscal year, the department may increase the fees collected under sections 16319 to 16349 by a percentage amount equal to not more than the average percentage wage and salary increase granted for that fiscal year to classified civil service employees employed by the department.

(2) If the department increases fees under subsection (1), the increase shall be effective for that fiscal year. The increased fees shall be used by the department as the basis for calculating fee increases in subsequent fiscal years.

(3) By August 1 of each year the department shall provide to the director of the department of management and budget and the chairpersons of the appropriations committees of the senate and house of representatives a complete schedule of fees to be collected under sections 16319 to 16349 for the following fiscal year.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16319  **Fees.**

Sec. 16319.  Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in manufacturing, distributing, prescribing, dispensing, or conducting research with controlled substances under part 73 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ................................................................. $10.00

(b) License fee, per year .............................................................. 75.00


Compiler's note: Former § 333.16319, which pertained to licensure and fees for manufacturing, distributing, prescribing, or dispensing controlled substances or conducting research, was repealed by Act 138 of 1993, Eff. Apr. 1, 1994.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16321  **Chiropractor; fees.**

Sec. 16321.  Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of chiropractic under part 164 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ................................................................. $20.00

(b) Examination fees:

(i) Complete examination ........................................................................... 100.00

(ii) Per part .................................................................................... 15.00

(iii) Examination review ........................................................................ 20.00

(c) License fee, per year .......................................................................... 90.00

(d) Temporary license ........................................................................ 25.00

(e) Limited license, per year .............................................................. 25.00


Popular name: Act 368

333.16323  **Dentist, dental assistant, or dental hygienist; fees.**

Sec. 16323.  Fees for an individual licensed or seeking licensure to practice as a dentist, dental assistant, or dental hygienist under part 166 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fees:

(i) Dentist ................................................................................... $20.00

(ii) Dental assistant .......................................................................... 10.00
(iii) Dental hygienist ................................................................. 15.00
(iv) Health profession specialty field license for a dentist ...................... 20.00

(b) Examination fees:
(i) Dental assistant's examination, complete ........................................... 70.00
(ii) Dental assistant's examination, per part ........................................... 35.00
(iii) Dentist's health profession specialty field license examination, complete ........................................... 300.00
(iv) Dentist's health profession specialty field license examination, per part ........................................... 100.00

(c) License fees, per year:
(i) Dentist ...................................................................................... 90.00
(ii) Dental assistant ................................................................. 10.00
(iii) Dental hygienist ................................................................. 20.00
(iv) Dentist's health profession specialty field license ........................................... 15.00

(d) Temporary license fees:
(i) Dentist ...................................................................................... 20.00
(ii) Dental assistant ................................................................. 5.00
(iii) Dental hygienist ................................................................. 10.00

(e) Limited license fee, per year:
(i) Dentist ...................................................................................... 25.00
(ii) Dental assistant ................................................................. 5.00
(iii) Dental hygienist ................................................................. 10.00

(f) Examination review fees:
(i) Dental preclinical or dentist's health profession specialty field license ........................................... 50.00
(ii) Dental assistant ................................................................. 20.00

Popular name: Act 368

333.16324 Marriage and family therapy; license fees.
Sec. 16324. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of marriage and family therapy under part 169 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ............................................................... $25.00
(b) License fee, per year ........................................................................ 50.00

Popular name: Act 368

333.16325 Medicine; fees.
Sec. 16325. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of medicine under part 170 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ............................................................... $ 50.00
333.16327 Registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or trained attendant; fees.

Sec. 16327. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to practice nursing as a registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse, or a trained attendant under part 172 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ................................................................. $ 20.00
(b) License fee, per year ........................................................................... 20.00
(c) Temporary license ............................................................................ 10.00
(d) Limited license, per year ................................................................. 10.00
(e) Specialty certification for registered nurse:
   (i) Application processing fee ............................................................... 20.00
   (ii) Specialty certification, per year ..................................................... 10.00


Popular name: Act 368

333.16328 Nursing home administrator; licensing fees.

Sec. 16328. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure as a nursing home administrator under part 173 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ................................................................. $ 15.00

(b) Examination fees:
   (i) Complete examination ................................................................ 120.00
   (ii) National examination ................................................................. 95.00
   (iii) State supplemental examination ............................................... 50.00
   (c) Examination review .................................................................... 25.00
   (d) License fee, per year ................................................................. 60.00
   (e) Temporary license .................................................................... 25.00


Popular name: Act 368
333.16329  Optometry; fees.
Sec. 16329. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of optometry under part 174 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee .................................................................  $ 20.00

(b) Examination fees:

(i) Complete examination ........................................................................ 200.00

(ii) Examination, per part ........................................................................ 50.00

(iii) Examination review ........................................................................... 20.00

(c) License fee, per year ........................................................................... 90.00

(d) Limited license, per year ...................................................................... 25.00

(e) Temporary license ................................................................................ 25.00

(f) Certification to administer diagnostic pharmaceutical agents or to administer and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents:

(i) Application processing fee .................................................................  $ 20.00

(ii) Until the expiration of 10 years after the effective date of the amendatory act that added section 17435, certification to administer diagnostic pharmaceutical agents ........................................... 55.00

(iii) Certification to administer diagnostic pharmaceutical agents and to administer and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents ................................................................. 55.00

Popular name: Act 368

333.16331  Osteopathic medicine and surgery; fees.
Sec. 16331. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of osteopathic medicine and surgery under part 175 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee .................................................................$ 50.00

(b) License fee, per year ........................................................................... 90.00

(c) Temporary license fee ......................................................................... 25.00

(d) Limited license fee, per year ............................................................... 30.00

### 333.16333 Pharmacy or other practices regulated under Part 177; fees.

Sec. 1633. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of pharmacy or other practices regulated under part 177 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fees:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Pharmacist</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Pharmacy</td>
<td>$35.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) Drug control</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) Manufacturer or wholesaler</td>
<td>$50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) Clinical thermometer</td>
<td>$50.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Examination fees:

Jurisprudence examination $30.00

(c) License fees, per year:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Fee</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) Pharmacist</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) Pharmacy</td>
<td>$50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iii) Drug control</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(iv) Manufacturer or wholesaler</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(v) Clinical thermometer</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(d) Temporary license for pharmacist $25.00

(e) Limited license for pharmacist, per year $15.00


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.16335 Physical therapy; fees.

Sec. 16335. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of physical therapy under part 178 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee $20.00
(b) Examination fees:

Jurisprudence examination only ................................................................. 25.00

(c) License fee, per year .............................................................................. 50.00

(d) Temporary license .................................................................................. 20.00

(e) Limited license, per year ......................................................................... 25.00

Popular name: Act 368

333.16337 Physician’s assistant; fees.
Sec. 16337. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in practice as a physician’s assistant under either part 170 or part 175 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ....................................................................... $ 30.00

(b) License fee, per year ............................................................................... 50.00

(c) Temporary license .................................................................................. 35.00

(d) Limited license, per year ......................................................................... 25.00

Popular name: Act 368

333.16339 Podiatric medicine; fees.
Sec. 16339. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of podiatric medicine and surgery under part 180 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ....................................................................... $ 20.00

(b) License fee, per year ............................................................................... 90.00

(c) Temporary license .................................................................................. 15.00

(d) Limited license, per year ......................................................................... 25.00

Popular name: Act 368

333.16341 Counseling; fees.
Sec. 16341. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of counseling under part 181 are as follows:
PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

(a) Application processing fee .................................................................................................................. $ 50.00

(b) Examination fee ..................................................................................................................................... 100.00

(c) License fee, per year .............................................................................................................................. 55.00

(d) Limited license fee, per year .................................................................................................................... 25.00

Popular name: Act 368

333.16343 Psychologist; fees.
Sec. 16343. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of psychology under part 182 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee .................................................................................................................. $ 50.00

(b) License fee, per year:

(i) Full doctoral ....................................................................................................................................... 90.00

(ii) Limited doctoral .................................................................................................................................. 30.00

(iii) Masters limited .................................................................................................................................... 60.00

(iv) Temporary limited ............................................................................................................................... 15.00

(c) Limited license, per year ....................................................................................................................... 40.00

(d) Temporary license .................................................................................................................................. 15.00

(e) Examination review fee ....................................................................................................................... 20.00

Popular name: Act 368

**** 333.16344.added THIS ADDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 ****

333.16344.added Respiratory therapist; license fees.
Sec. 16344. Fees for an individual licensed or seeking licensure as a respiratory therapist under part 187 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee .................................................................................................................... $ 20.00

(b) License fee, per year ............................................................................................................................... 75.00

(c) Temporary license fee, per year .............................................................................................................. 75.00
333.16345 Certified occupational therapist or certified occupational therapist assistant; fees.
Sec. 16345. Fees for a person registered or seeking registration as a certified occupational therapist or a certified occupational therapist assistant under part 183 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ................................................................. $ 20.00

(b) Registration fee, per year ................................................................. 60.00

Popular name: Act 368

333.16347 Sanitarian; fees.
Sec. 16347. Fees for a person registered or seeking registration as a registered sanitarian under part 184 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ................................................................. $ 20.00

(b) Registration fee, per year ................................................................. 50.00

(c) Limited registration, per year ......................................................... 10.00

(d) Temporary registration ................................................................. 15.00

Popular name: Act 368

333.16348 Registered bachelor social worker, registered master's social worker, or registered social work technician; fees.
Sec. 16348. Fees for a person registered or seeking registration as a registered bachelor social worker, a registered master's social worker, or a registered social work technician under part 185 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fee ................................................................. $15.00

(b) Registration fee, per year:

(i) Social worker .................................................................................. 15.00

(ii) Certified social worker ................................................................. 15.00

(iii) Social work technician ................................................................. 15.00

Popular name: Act 368

333.16349 Veterinary medicine or veterinary technician; fees.
Sec. 16349. Fees for a person licensed or seeking licensure to engage in the practice of veterinary medicine or licensed or seeking licensure to practice as a veterinary technician under part 188 are as follows:

(a) Application processing fees:

(i) Veterinarian .......................................................... $ 20.00

(ii) Veterinary technician ........................................ 10.00

(b) Examination fees:

(i) Veterinary technician, complete ........................................ 130.00

(ii) Veterinary technician, per part ........................................ 65.00

(c) License fees, per year:

(i) Veterinarian .......................................................... 50.00

(ii) Veterinary technician ........................................ 20.00

(d) Temporary license fees:

(i) Veterinarian .......................................................... 25.00

(ii) Veterinary technician ........................................ 10.00

(e) Limited licenses, per year:

(i) Veterinarian .......................................................... 25.00

(ii) Veterinary technician ........................................ 10.00

(f) Examination review .................................................. 20.00

Popular name: Act 368

PART 164
CHIROPRACTIC

333.16401 Definitions; principles of construction.
Sec. 16401. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Chiropractor”, “chiropractic physician”, “doctor of chiropractic”, or “d.c.” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of chiropractic.
(b) “Practice of chiropractic” means that discipline within the healing arts which deals with the human nervous
system and its relationship to the spinal column and its interrelationship with other body systems. Practice of chiropractic includes the following:

(i) Diagnosis, including spinal analysis, to determine the existence of spinal subluxations or misalignments that produce nerve interference, indicating the necessity for chiropractic care.

(ii) A chiropractic adjustment of spinal subluxations or misalignments and related bones and tissues for the establishment of neural integrity utilizing the inherent recuperative powers of the body for restoration and maintenance of health.

(iii) The use of analytical instruments, nutritional advice, rehabilitative exercise and adjustment apparatus regulated by rules promulgated by the board pursuant to section 16423, and the use of x-ray machines in the examination of patients for the purpose of locating spinal subluxations or misaligned vertebrae of the human spine. The practice of chiropractic does not include the performance of incisive surgical procedures, the performance of an invasive procedure requiring instrumentation, or the dispensing or prescribing of drugs or medicine.

(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16411 License or authorization required; scope and effect of act.

Sec. 16411. (1) An individual shall not engage in the practice of chiropractic, including, but not limited to, performing a chiropractic adjustment, chiropractic manipulation, or other chiropractic services or chiropractic opinion, unless licensed, or otherwise authorized by a chiropractor, under this article.

(2) The 2002 amendatory act that added this subsection is intended to codify existing law and to clarify and cure any misinterpretation of the operation of sections 16261, 16401, and 16411 since the effective date of their enactment.

(3) The 2002 amendatory act that added this subsection is not intended to affect the authority of a veterinarian to delegate certain functions as provided by law.

(4) The 2002 amendatory act that added this subsection does not affect the scope of practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery provided for in parts 170 and 175. The 2002 amendatory act that added this subsection does not amend the scope of practice of physical therapy provided for in part 178.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16412 Limited license; qualifications; suspension; duration; nonrenewable.

Sec. 16412. (1) An individual shall not engage in the practice of chiropractic as part of his or her chiropractic education without a limited license to practice under this part.

(2) A limited license for practice as part of chiropractic education shall require that the individual has successfully completed 2 years of education in a college of arts and sciences and 2 years, 4 semesters, or 6 quarter terms in a chiropractic college approved by the board. An individual granted a limited license may engage in the practice of chiropractic only under the supervision of a licensed chiropractor.

(3) The limited license is valid for not more than 6 months and is nonrenewable.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16421 Michigan board of chiropractic; creation; membership.

Sec. 16421. The Michigan board of chiropractic is created in the department and shall consist of the following 9 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 5 chiropractors and 4 public members.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16423 Analytical instruments and adjustment apparatus; rules; criteria; standards.

Sec. 16423. (1) The board shall promulgate rules to establish criteria for the approval of analytical instruments and adjustment apparatus to be used for the purpose of examining patients in locating spinal subluxations and misalignments of the human spine. The criteria established shall be substantially equivalent to nationally recognized standards in the profession for the use and operation of the instruments. The board may approve types and makes of
(2) An individual shall not use analytical instruments or adjustment apparatus which does not meet nationally recognized standards or which is not approved by the board.


Popular name: Act 368


333.16431 Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.

Sec. 16431. (1) Notwithstanding the requirements of part 161, the board may require a licensee seeking renewal of a license to furnish the board with satisfactory evidence that during the 2 years immediately preceding the application for renewal the applicant has attended not less than two 2-day educational conferences approved by the board, in subjects related to the practice of chiropractic and designed to further educate licensees.

(2) As required under section 16204, the board shall promulgate rules requiring each applicant for license renewal to complete as part of the educational conferences required under subsection (1) an appropriate number of hours or courses in pain and symptom management.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 166
DENTISTRY

333.16601 Definitions; principles of construction.

Sec. 16601. (1) As used in this part:

(a) “Assignment” means that a dentist has designated a patient of record upon whom services are to be performed and has described the procedures to be performed. The dentist need not be physically present in the office or in the treatment room at the time the procedures are being performed.

(b) “Dental laboratory” means a dental workroom operated as a part of a dental office or otherwise, by a person, other than a dentist, who is engaged in, or holds himself, herself, or itself out as being directly or indirectly engaged in, constructing, repairing, or altering prosthetic dentures, bridges, orthodontic or other appliances, or structures to be used as substitutes for or as a part of human teeth or jaws or associated structures, or for the correction of malocclusions or deformities.

(c) “Dentist” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of dentistry.

(d) “Practice of dentistry” means the diagnosis, treatment, prescription, or operation for a disease, pain, deformity, deficiency, injury, or physical condition of the human tooth, teeth, alveolar process, gums or jaws, or their dependent tissues, or an offer, undertaking, attempt to do, or holding oneself out as able to do any of these acts.

(e) “Practice as a dental assistant” means assistance in the clinical practice of dentistry based on formal education, specialized knowledge, and skill at the assignment and under the supervision of a dentist.

(f) “Practice as a dental hygienist” means practice at the assignment of a dentist in that specific area of dentistry based on specialized knowledge, formal education, and skill with particular emphasis on preventive services and oral health education.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.16608 Health profession specialty field license; qualifications; renewal; reference as specialty certification.

Sec. 16608. (1) The board may issue a health profession specialty field license to a licensed dentist who has advanced training beyond that required for initial licensure and who has demonstrated competency through examination or other evaluative processes in 1 or more of the following health profession specialty fields: prosthodontics, endodontics, oral and maxillofacial surgery, orthodontics, pediatric dentistry, periodontics, or oral
A licensed dentist who holds a health profession specialty certification in 1 or more of the health profession specialty fields listed in this subsection on the effective date of the amendatory act that added subsections (3) and (4) is considered to hold a health profession specialty field license in each of those health profession specialty fields and may obtain renewal of each health profession specialty field license on the expiration date of the specialty certification.

(2) A health profession specialty field license issued pursuant to subsection (1) shall be renewed concurrently with the license to practice dentistry.

(3) This section does not prohibit a licensed dentist who has not been issued a health profession specialty field license under subsection (1) from performing services in 1 or more of the health profession specialty fields listed in subsection (1).

(4) For purposes of the administration of the general rules of the board of dentistry in the Michigan administrative code, a reference to specialty certification is a reference to a health profession specialty field license.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: "This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986."

Popular name: Act 368

333.16611 Dentist, dental hygienist, or dental assistant; license or authorization required; deep scaling, root planing, and removal of calcareous deposits; qualifications for dental hygienist licensure; administration of intraoral block and infiltration anesthesia by dental hygienist; requirements; additional delegation of procedures; third party reimbursement; definitions.

Sec. 16611. (1) An individual shall not engage in the practice of dentistry, the practice as a dental hygienist, or the practice as a dental assistant unless he or she is licensed or otherwise authorized by this article.

(2) Deep scaling, root planing, and the removal of calcareous deposits may only be performed by an individual licensed or otherwise authorized by this article as a dental hygienist or a dentist.

(3) The department shall not issue a dental hygienist's license to an individual unless the individual has graduated from a school or college for dental hygienists whose dental hygiene program is accredited by the commission on dental accreditation of the American dental association and approved by the department. The school or college must be accredited by a regional accrediting agency for colleges, universities, or institutions of higher education that is recognized by the United States department of education and approved by the department and must conduct a curriculum consisting of not less than 2 academic years for dental hygiene graduation with courses at the appropriate level to enable matriculation into a more advanced academic degree program.

(4) Upon delegation by a dentist under section 16215 and under the direct supervision of a dentist, a dental hygienist may administer intraoral block and infiltration anesthesia to a patient who is 18 years of age or older if the following criteria are met:

(a) The dental hygienist has successfully completed a course in the administration of local anesthesia offered by a dental or dental hygiene program accredited by the commission on dental accreditation of the American dental association and approved by the department. A course described in this subdivision must contain a minimum of 15 hours didactic instruction and 14 hours of clinical experience. The courses of instruction shall include content in all of the following:

(i) Theory of pain control.
(ii) Selection of pain control modalities.
(iii) Anatomy.
(iv) Neurophysiology.
(v) Pharmacology of local anesthetics.
(vi) Pharmacology of vasoconstrictors.
(vii) Psychological aspects of pain control.
(viii) Systemic complications.
(ix) Techniques of maxillary anesthesia.
(x) Techniques of mandibular anesthesia.
(xi) Infection control.
(xii) Local anesthesia medical emergencies.

(b) The dental hygienist has successfully completed a state or regional board-administered written examination on local anesthesia within 18 months of completion of the course work required under subdivision (a).
The dental hygienist maintains and can show evidence of current certification in basic or advanced cardiac life support in compliance with R 338.11701 of the Michigan administrative code.

(5) Application for certification in the administration of local anesthesia under subsection (4) is at the discretion of each individual dental hygienist.

(6) Upon assignment by a dentist, a dental hygienist may take an impression for orthodontic appliances, mouth guards, bite splints, and bleaching trays.

(7) In addition to the rules promulgated by the department under this part, upon delegation by a dentist under section 16215 and under the direct supervision of a dentist, a registered dental assistant may perform the following procedures:
   (a) Placing, condensing, and carving amalgam restorations.
   (b) Taking final impressions for indirect restorations.

(8) In addition to the rules promulgated by the department under this part, upon delegation by a dentist under section 16215 and under the general supervision of a dentist, a registered dental assistant may perform the following intra-oral dental procedures:
   (a) Performing pulp vitality testing.
   (b) Placing and removing matrices and wedges.
   (c) Applying cavity liners and bases.
   (d) Placing and packing nonepinephrine retraction cords.
   (e) Applying desensitizing agents.
   (f) Taking an impression for orthodontic appliances, mouth guards, bite splints, and bleaching trays.
   (g) Drying endodontic canals with absorbent points.
   (h) Etching and placing adhesives prior to placement of orthodontic brackets.

(9) This section does not require new or additional third party reimbursement or mandated worker's compensation benefits for services rendered by an individual licensed as a dental assistant or as a dental hygienist under this article.

(10) As used in this section:
   (a) “Direct supervision” means that a dentist complies with all of the following:
       (i) Designates a patient of record upon whom the procedures are to be performed and describes the procedures to be performed.
       (ii) Examines the patient before prescribing the procedures to be performed and upon completion of the procedures.
       (iii) Is physically present in the office at the time the procedures are being performed.
   (b) “General supervision” means that a dentist complies with all of the following:
       (i) Designates a patient of record upon whom services are to be performed.
       (ii) Is physically present in the office at the time the procedures are being performed.


**Popular name:** Act 368
dental hygienists or dental assistants.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.16624 Task force; creation; purpose; membership.

Sec. 16624. A task force to advise the board is created for health profession specialty fields certified under this part. The task force shall consist of the following 9 members, who shall meet the requirements of part 161; 1 dentist who is not a specialist, 1 prosthodontist, 1 endodontist, 1 oral and maxillofacial surgeon, 1 orthodontist, 1 pediatric dentist, 1 periodontist, 1 oral pathologist, and 1 public member. The oral pathologist shall be certified as a dentist specializing in oral pathology by the board not later than 1 year after the effective date of the amendatory act that added an oral pathologist to the task force. If the oral pathologist is not so certified, his or her term shall terminate at the end of that year.


**Compiler's note:** For transfer of powers and duties of the dental specialty task force from the department of commerce to the director of the department of consumer and industry services, and the abolishment of the dental specialty task force, see E.R.O. No. 1996-2, compiled at § 445.2001 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.16625 Rules as to dental hygienist or dental assistant; dental hygiene services performed under supervision of dentist as part of program for dentally underserved program; designation of grantee health agency; advisory committee; “supervision” defined.

Sec. 16625. (1) The board may promulgate rules to prohibit or otherwise restrict the assignment of procedures to a dental hygienist or a dental assistant if the board determines that the assignment constitutes or may constitute a danger to the health, safety, or welfare of the patient or the public.

(2) Notwithstanding section 16601(1)(f) or the rules promulgated under subsection (1), a dental hygienist may perform dental hygiene services under the supervision of a dentist as part of a program for dentally underserved populations in this state conducted by a local, state, or federal grantee health agency for patients who are not assigned by a dentist. The director of public health shall designate a person as a grantee health agency for a 2-year period if the person applies to the department of public health on a form provided by the department of public health and meets all of the following requirements:

(a) Is a public or nonprofit agency administering a program of dental care to a dentally underserved population.
(b) Obtains more than 50% of its total revenue from public or nonprofit organization sources.
(c) Employs or contracts with at least 1 dentist and 1 dental hygienist.
(d) Is not associated with a private dental practice or an incorporated dental service provider whose only source of state or federal funding is reimbursement under the program for medical assistance administered by the department of social services under the social welfare act, Act No. 280 of the Public Acts of 1939, being sections 400.1 to 400.121 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
(e) Submits a program overview indicating the approximate population to be served, the method by which the service is to be provided, and the procedures for program oversight and direction.

(3) The director of public health may appoint an advisory committee to assist the director of public health in designating grantee health agencies under subsection (2). If the director of public health does appoint an advisory committee under this subsection, the director of public health shall include on the advisory committee, at a minimum, a representative from the Michigan dental hygienist association or its successor organization and a representative from the Michigan dental association or its successor organization.

(4) As used in this section, “supervision” means the overseeing of or participation in the work of any other individual by a health professional licensed under this article in circumstances in which 1 or more of the following exist:

(a) The continuous availability of direct communication in person or by radio, telephone, or telecommunication between the supervised individual and a licensed health professional.
(b) The availability of a licensed health professional on a regularly scheduled basis to review the practice of the supervised individual, to provide consultation to the supervised individual, to review records, and to further educate the supervised individual in the performance of the individual's functions.
(c) The provision by the licensed supervising health professional of predetermined procedures and drug protocol.


**Popular name:** Act 368
333.16627 Establishment of dental clinic by nonprofit corporation.

Sec. 16627. The board shall not by rule or other action prohibit the establishment of a dental clinic by a nonprofit corporation organized for this purpose or by trustees of a health and welfare fund if:

(a) The clinic is created, financed, and operated from trust funds derived from payments and contributions under the terms of collective bargaining agreements between employers and representatives of employees and which are subject to the terms, conditions, and regulations of the labor-management relations act of 1947, 29 U.S.C. 141 to 187.

(b) The clinic is established and operated for the benefit of employees represented or employed by the labor organization, their dependents, and retirees.

(c) The individuals employed by the clinic to practice dentistry are licensed under this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16641 Work authorization for dental laboratory services required; retention and inspection of work authorizations and copies.

Sec. 16641. (1) A dentist shall not use the services of a dental laboratory without furnishing a written work authorization to the dental laboratory and a carbon copy to the patient for constructing, repairing, or altering prosthetic dentures, bridges, orthodontic or other appliances, or structures to be used as substitutes for or as a part of human teeth or jaws or associated structures, or for the correction of malocclusions or deformities.

(2) A dentist shall retain a written work authorization furnished to a dental laboratory or a copy of the authorization for not less than 3 years and allow the board, its agents, or employees to inspect the file of written work authorizations or copies.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16642 Work authorization for dental laboratory work; form; contents; name or number of work authorization to accompany invoice; prohibition.

Sec. 16642. (1) A written authorization for dental laboratory work shall be in a form prescribed by the board and shall contain the following:

(a) The name and address of the laboratory.

(b) An identification of the patient by name or number.

(c) The date on which the authorization was written.

(d) The description of the work to be done, with diagrams if necessary.

(e) A specification of the type and quality of materials to be used.

(f) The dentist's signature, complete business address, and license number.

(2) A dental laboratory shall return completed prescribed work to the prescribing dentist or the dentist's office with the name or number of the written work authorization accompanying the invoice.

(3) A dental laboratory shall not have in its possession a prosthetic denture, bridge, orthodontic or other appliance, or structure to be used as a substitute for or as a part of human teeth or jaws or associated structures or for the correction of malocclusions or deformities, completed or being fabricated without having in its possession a written work authorization therefor.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16643 Dental laboratory; prohibited conduct.

Sec. 16643. A dental laboratory shall not advertise, solicit, represent, or hold itself out to the general public that it will supply, furnish, construct, repair, or alter a prosthetic denture, bridge, orthodontic or other appliance, or structure to be used as a substitute for or as a part of human teeth or jaws or associated structures or for the correction of malocclusions or deformities.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16644 Record of dental treatment required; retention; rules prescribing form and content; using record for identification purposes.

Sec. 16644. (1) A dentist shall make a record of all dental treatment which has been performed upon a patient,
and shall retain that treatment record for a period of not less than 10 years after the performance of the last service upon the patient.

(2) The board shall promulgate rules to prescribe the form and content of the record required by subsection (1), so that the record may be used for identification purposes.


_Popular name_: Act 368

333.16645 Marking identification on denture or orthodontic appliance.

_Sec._ 16645. (1) Unless the patient specifically declines, a dentist or dental laboratory that sells, supplies, furnishes, constructs, or repairs a full denture, partial denture with acrylic saddle, or removable orthodontic appliance with acrylic saddle for a specific patient shall permanently mark the patient's name or social security number, whichever the patient chooses, on the denture or orthodontic appliance.

(2) A dentist shall notify a patient who is to receive a denture or orthodontic appliance described in subsection (1) that the patient has the right to decline to have identification marked on the denture or orthodontic appliance, shall ask the patient to choose the information to be marked on the denture or orthodontic appliance, and shall indicate the patient's choices on the work order to the dental laboratory.


_Popular name_: Act 368

333.16647 Dental laboratory; inspection; compliance; violation as misdemeanor.

_Sec._ 16647. (1) The board or an agent or employee of the board may inspect a dental laboratory to determine the laboratory's compliance with this part.

(2) A dental laboratory which violates this part or refuses to allow the board or an agent or employee of the board to inspect a work authorization, prosthetic denture, bridge, orthodontic or other appliance, or structure to be used as a substitute for or as a part of human teeth or jaws or associated structures or for the correction of malocclusions or deformities in its possession is guilty of a misdemeanor.


_Popular name_: Act 368

333.16648 Information relative to care and treatment of dental patient; confidentiality; privilege; disclosure; consent; instances not prohibiting disclosure.

_Sec._ 16648. (1) Information relative to the care and treatment of a dental patient acquired as a result of providing professional dental services is confidential and privileged. Except with the written consent of the patient or the patient's attorney in fact or personal representative, or except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a dentist or a person employed by the dentist shall not disclose or be required to disclose that information.

(2) This section does not prohibit disclosure of the information described in subsection (1) in the following instances:

(a) Disclosure as part of the defense to a claim in a court or administrative agency challenging the dentist's professional competence.

(b) Disclosure pursuant to 1967 PA 270, MCL 331.531 to 331.533.

(c) Disclosure in relation to a claim for payment of fees.

(d) Disclosure to a third party payer of information relating to fees for services in the course of a good faith examination of the dentist's records to determine the amount and correctness of fees or the type and volume of services furnished pursuant to provisions for payment established by a third party payer, or information required for a third party payer's predeterminations, post treatment reviews, or audits. For purposes of this subdivision, “third party payer” includes, but is not limited to, a nonprofit dental care corporation, nonprofit health care corporation, insurer, benefit fund, health maintenance organization, and dental capitation plan.

(e) Disclosure, pursuant to a court order, to a police agency as part of a criminal investigation.

(f) Disclosure as provided in section 2844a.

(g) Disclosure made pursuant to section 16222 if the licensee reasonably believes it is necessary to disclose the information to comply with section 16222.

(h) Disclosure under section 16281.


_Popular name_: Act 368
333.16901 Definitions; principles of construction.
Sec. 16901. (1) As used in this part:
   (a) “Advertise” means issuing or ordering the printing or distribution of a card, sign, or device or causing, permitting, or allowing a sign or marking on or in a building or structure, or placing material in a newspaper, magazine, or directory, or on radio or television.
   (b) “Marriage and family therapist” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of marriage and family therapy.
   (c) “Practice of marriage and family therapy” means the providing of guidance, testing, discussions, therapy, instruction, or advice that is intended to avoid, eliminate, relieve, manage, or resolve marital or family conflict or discord, to create, improve, or restore marital or family harmony, or to prepare couples for marriage. Practice of marriage and family therapy does not include the administration and interpretation of psychological tests except for those tests that are consistent with the individual's education and training and with the code of ethics for licensed marriage and family therapists.
   (2) In addition to the definitions of this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16903 Restricted use of title; advertising; limited license; use of title during training period.
Sec. 16903. (1) An individual licensed under this part as a marriage and family therapist shall use only the title “licensed marriage and family therapist” or “licensed marriage counselor” or the abbreviation “l.m.f.t.” in representing his or her services in the practice of marriage and family therapy to the public.
   (2) Unless exempt under section 16905(3), only an individual licensed under this part may advertise that he or she offers marriage and family therapy; marriage or family counseling service or advice; marriage or family guidance service or advice; marriage or family relations service or advice; marriage or family problems service or advice; marriage or family relations advice or assistance; service in the alleviation of a marital or family problem; or service of similar import or effect that is included in the practice of marriage and family therapy.
   (3) The board may grant a limited license to an individual who has met the requirements of section 16909(a) and (b) in order to permit that individual to obtain the experience required under section 16909(c). The board shall not renew a limited license for more than 6 years. A limited licensee shall do all of the following:
      (a) Use only the title “limited licensed marriage and family therapist” or “limited licensed marriage counselor”.
      (b) Not represent that he or she is engaged in the independent practice of marriage and family therapy.
      (c) Practice only under the supervision of a fully licensed marriage and family therapist.
      (d) Confine his or her practice to an organized health care setting or other arrangement approved by the board.
   (4) An individual engaged in obtaining experience required under section 16909(b) may use the title “marriage and family therapist intern” or “marriage and family therapist trainee” during the training period. The board shall not require an individual obtaining experience required under section 16909(b) to hold a limited license.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16905 Exceptions.
Sec. 16905. (1) This part does not apply to an individual engaged in social work as defined in section 1601 of the occupational code, Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980, being section 339.1601 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, in the course of employment with a governmental agency or a reputable social service agency regularly providing social work services as an agency.
   (2) This part does not apply to an ordained cleric or other religious practitioner who is employed by or working under the authority of an organization exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. 501, if the advice or counsel given by the cleric or other religious practitioner is incidental to his or her duties as a cleric or other religious practitioner, and if the cleric or other religious practitioner does not hold himself or herself out to the public as a marriage and family therapist licensed under this article or use 1 or more of the titles listed in section 16263(1)(p) and if no fee or donation is exacted for the service.
(3) This part does not apply to a physician licensed under this article who has completed an accredited psychiatric residency program approved by the Michigan board of medicine or to a psychologist fully licensed under this article, if both of the following circumstances exist:
   (a) The individual is practicing his or her profession in a manner consistent with his or her education and training and is practicing in a manner consistent with the code of ethics of that profession.
   (b) The individual does not hold himself or herself out to the public as a marriage and family therapist licensed under this article or use any of the titles listed in section 16263(1)(p) for advertising purposes. However, this subdivision does not prohibit the individual from advertising under a telephone or other business directory listing that uses those titles if the individual discloses in the listing, in an unabbreviated fashion, the profession in which he or she is licensed.

(4) This part does not limit an individual in, or prevent an individual from, the practice of a statutorily regulated profession or occupation if services to families, couples, or subsystems of families are part of the services provided by that profession or occupation, and if the individual does not hold himself or herself out to the public as a marriage and family therapist licensed under this article or use 1 or more of the titles listed in section 16263(1)(p).

As used in this subsection, “statutorily regulated profession or occupation” means an occupation or profession regulated by statute that includes, but is not limited to, all of the following: a physician, attorney, social worker, certified social worker, social work technician, fully licensed psychologist, limited licensed psychologist, temporary limited licensed psychologist, licensed professional counselor, limited licensed counselor, or school counselor.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16907 Board of marriage and family therapy; creation; membership.
Sec. 16907. Subject to section 16913(2), the Michigan board of marriage and family therapy is created in the department. The board consists of the following 9 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: six licensed marriage and family therapists and 3 public members.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16909 Marriage and family therapist; licensure requirements.
Sec. 16909. (1) The board shall grant a license as a marriage and family therapist to an individual who meets all of the following requirements:
   (a) Provides satisfactory evidence to the board of meeting either of the following educational qualifications:
      (i) Has a master's or higher graduate degree from an accredited training program in marriage and family therapy approved by the board.
      (ii) Has a master's or higher graduate degree from an accredited college or university approved by the board and has completed all of the following graduate-level courses at an accredited college or university approved by the board:
         (A) Three courses in family studies that total at least 6 semester or 9 quarter hours.
         (B) Three courses in family therapy methodology that total at least 6 semester or 9 quarter hours.
         (C) Three courses in human development, personality theory, or psychopathology that total at least 6 semester or 9 quarter hours.
         (D) At least 2 semester or 3 quarter hours in ethics, law, and standards of professional practice.
         (E) At least 2 semester or 3 quarter hours in research.
     (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), provides satisfactory evidence to the board of having completed supervised clinical marriage and family therapy experience in conjunction with the applicant's educational program. The clinical marriage and family therapy experience described in this subdivision shall meet all of the following requirements:
        (i) Be obtained either in a clinical practicum during graduate education or in a postgraduate marriage and family institute training program acceptable to the board.
        (ii) Be obtained over not less than 8 consecutive months.
        (iii) Be verified by a supervisor who has a master's or higher graduate degree from an accredited college or university approved by the board and meets 1 of the following:
           (A) Is a marriage and family therapist.
           (B) Is a certified social worker or a social worker registered under article 16 of the occupational code, 1980 PA 299, MCL 339.1601 to 339.1610.
(C) Is a licensed professional counselor as defined in section 18101.
(D) Is a physician as defined in section 17001 or 17501 and practicing in a mental health setting.
(E) Is a fully licensed psychologist as defined in section 18201.
(F) Is an approved supervisor or supervisor-in-training through a program conducted by the American association
for marriage and family therapy and approved by the board.

(iv) Include not less than 300 direct client contact hours in supervised clinical marriage and family therapy
experience, at least 1/2 of which were completed in a setting in which families, couples, or subsystems of families
were physically present in the therapy room.

(v) Be supervised in a ratio of at least 1 hour of supervision for each 5 hours of direct client contact, for a total of
not less than 60 hours of supervision concurrent with the 300 hours of supervised direct client contact.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), provides satisfactory evidence to the board of having
completed a minimum of 1,000 direct client contact hours in supervised marriage and family therapy experience, at
least 1/2 of which was completed with families, couples, or subsystems of families physically present in the therapy
room, that meets all of the following conditions:

(i) Is verified by the supervising licensed marriage and family therapist.

(ii) Is obtained following the completion of the degree required by subdivision (a)(i), is obtained following the
completion of the degree required by subdivision (a)(ii) and concurrent with or following the course work specified
in subdivision (a)(ii)(A), (B), (C), (D), and (E), or is obtained as part of a doctoral program in marriage and family
therapy from an accredited college or university approved by the board, which experience may include experience
obtained under subdivision (b)(i).

(iii) Is supervised in a ratio of at least 1 hour of supervision for each 5 hours of experience, for a total of not less
than 200 hours of supervision concurrent with the 1,000 hours of supervised experience. Not less than 100 hours of
supervision under this subparagraph shall be individual supervision with no more than 1 other supervisee present.
The remaining supervision under this subparagraph may be group supervision involving no more than 6 supervisees
with 1 supervisor. The supervision shall be given in face-to-face contact with the individual obtaining marriage and
family therapy experience.

(2) The board shall waive the requirements of subsection (1)(b) and (c) for an applicant who provides satisfactory
evidence to the board of having obtained a doctoral degree from an accredited doctoral training program in
marriage and family therapy approved by the board.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16911 Privileged information; waiver.

Sec. 16911. (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), information regarding an individual to whom a licensee
provided marriage and family therapy is privileged information and not subject to waiver, regardless of any of the
following:

(a) Whether the information was obtained directly from the individual, from another person involved in the
therapy, from a test or other evaluation mechanism, or from other sources.

(b) Whether the information was obtained before, during, or following therapy.

(c) Whether the individual involved is a present client or a former client.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), referrals made by a circuit court or its counseling service, as provided in
the circuit court family counseling services act, Act No. 155 of the Public Acts of 1964, being sections 551.331 to
551.344 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, is privileged information not subject to waiver.

(3) The privilege established in this section is waived only under 1 of the following circumstances:

(a) If disclosure is required by law or necessary to protect the health or safety of an individual.

(b) If the licensee is a party defendant to a civil, criminal, or administrative action arising from services
performed as a licensee, in which case the waiver is limited only to that action.

(c) If a waiver specifying the terms of disclosure is obtained in writing from each individual over 18 years of age
involved in the marriage and family therapy and then only in accordance with the terms of the written waiver. If
more than 1 individual is or was involved in the marriage and family therapy performed by a licensee, the privilege
is not waived for any individual unless all individuals over 18 years of age involved in the marriage and family
therapy have executed the written waiver.


Popular name: Act 368
PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

333.16913 Licenses issued under former article; terms of board members appointed under former section; effect of rules promulgated under former article.

Sec. 16913. (1) An individual who holds a license issued under former article 15 of Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980 on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this part is licensed under this part until that license expires and may renew his or her license pursuant to part 161.

(2) The members of the board of marriage and family therapy created under former section 1502 of Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980 shall serve as the initial members of the Michigan board of marriage and family therapy until their successors are appointed under this article or until the expiration of their respective terms, whichever occurs first. However, if the term of a member of the board of marriage and family therapy created under former section 1502 of Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980 has not expired on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this part, that term expires on June 30 of the year in which the term will expire.

(3) Rules promulgated by the board of marriage and family therapy under former article 15 of Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980 and under section 308 of the occupational code, Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980, being section 339.308 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and in effect on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this part continue in effect to the extent that they do not conflict with this article. The rules shall be enforced by and may be amended or rescinded by the Michigan board of marriage and family therapy.


Popular name: Act 368

333.16915 Additional health care payments or benefits not mandated by part.

Sec. 16915. The addition of this part to the code does not mandate additional coverage, payments, or benefits by a health care payment or benefits provider including, but not limited to, a health insurer, nonprofit health care corporation, or health maintenance organization.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 170

MEDICINE

333.17001 Definitions; principles of construction.

Sec. 17001. (1) As used in this part:

(a) “Academic institution” means either of the following:
   (i) A medical school approved by the board.
   (ii) A hospital licensed under article 17 that meets all of the following requirements:
       (A) Was the sole sponsor or a co-sponsor, if each other co-sponsor is either a medical school approved by the board or a hospital owned by the federal government and directly operated by the United States department of veterans' affairs, of not less than 4 postgraduate education residency programs approved by the board under section 17031(1) for not less than the 3 years immediately preceding the date of an application for a limited license under section 16182(2)(c) or an application for a full license under section 17031(2), provided that at least 1 of the residency programs is in the specialty area of medical practice, or in a specialty area that includes the subspecialty of medical practice, in which the applicant for a limited license proposes to practice or in which the applicant for a full license has practiced for the hospital.
       (B) Has spent not less than $2,000,000.00 for medical education during each of the 3 years immediately preceding the date of an application for a limited license under section 16182(2)(c) or an application for a full license under section 17031(2), provided that at least 1 of the residency programs is in the specialty area of medical practice, or in a specialty area that includes the subspecialty of medical practice, in which the applicant for a limited license proposes to practice or in which the applicant for a full license has practiced for the hospital.

(b) “Medical care services” means those services within the scope of practice of physicians licensed by the board, except those services that the board determines shall not be delegated by a physician without endangering the health and safety of patients as provided for in section 17048(3).

(c) “Physician” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of medicine.

(d) “Practice of medicine” means the diagnosis, treatment, prevention, cure, or relieving of a human disease, ailment, defect, complaint, or other physical or mental condition, by attendance, advice, device, diagnostic test, or other means, or offering, undertaking, attempting to do, or holding oneself out as able to do, any of these acts.
(e) “Practice as a physician's assistant” means the practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery performed under the supervision of a physician or physicians licensed under this part or part 175.

(f) “Supervision” means that term as defined in section 16109, except that it also includes the existence of a predetermined plan for emergency situations, including, but not limited to, the designation of a physician to supervise a physician's assistant in the absence of the primary supervising physician.

(g) “Task force” means the joint task force created in sections 17025 and 17525.

(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17008 Physician's assistant; health profession subfield.

Sec. 17008. Practice as a physician's assistant is a health profession subfield of the practice of medicine and osteopathic medicine and surgery.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17011 License or authorization required; granting license to individuals meeting certain requirements; prohibition.

Sec. 17011. (1) An individual shall not engage in the practice of medicine or practice as a physician's assistant unless licensed or otherwise authorized by this article. An individual shall not engage in teaching or research that requires the practice of medicine unless the individual is licensed or otherwise authorized by this article.

(2) Notwithstanding section 16145 or rules promulgated pursuant to that section, the board may grant a license to an individual who meets the requirements of section 16186 or 17031(2) after reviewing the applicant's record of practice, experience, and credentials and determining that the applicant is competent to practice medicine.

(3) For individuals applying for licensure under section 16186, the board shall not impose requirements on graduates of medical schools located outside the United States or Canada that exceed the requirements imposed on graduates of medical schools located in the United States or Canada.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17012 Postgraduate medical study requiring practice of medicine; full or limited license required; requirements of limited license; training; renewing limited license.

Sec. 17012. (1) An individual shall not engage in postgraduate medical study which requires the practice of medicine by that individual without a full or limited license to practice under this part.

(2) A limited license for a postgraduate shall require that the individual confine his or her practice and training to a hospital or institution approved by the board for the training. The hospital or institution is responsible for the training. A limited license for a postgraduate is renewable for not more than 5 years.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17013 Alternative methods of treatment of breast cancer; duty of physician to inform patient; standardized written summary or brochure; form; civil action.

Sec. 17013. (1) Beginning November 6, 1986, a physician who is administering the primary treatment for breast cancer to a patient who has been diagnosed as having breast cancer shall inform the patient, orally and in writing, about alternative methods of treatment of the cancer, including surgical, radiological, or chemotherapeutic treatments, or any other generally accepted medical treatment. The physician also shall inform the patient about the advantages, disadvantages, and risks of each method of treatment and about the procedures involved in each method of treatment.

(2) If a patient receives a standardized written summary or brochure, as described in this subsection or subsection (3), the physician shall be in full compliance with this section, including both the written and oral requirements. The standardized written summary:

(a) Shall be developed by the department of public health in cooperation with the chronic disease advisory
committee.
(b) Shall be drafted in nontechnical terms that the patient can understand.
(c) Shall inform the patient about alternative methods of treatment of breast cancer, including surgical, radiological, or chemotheapeutic treatments, or any other generally accepted medical treatment.
(d) Shall inform the patient about the advantages, disadvantages, and risks of each method of treatment and about the procedures involved in each method of treatment.
(e) The standardized written summary or a brochure described in subsection (3), or both, shall be made available to physicians through the Michigan board of medicine and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery. The Michigan board of medicine and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery shall notify in writing all physicians subject to this section of the requirements of this section and the availability of the standardized written summary by October 16, 1986.
(3) For purposes of subsection (2), a physician may use a brochure which contains information substantially similar to that contained in the standardized written summary developed by the department of public health and which is approved by the department of public health.
(4) The department of public health, after consultation with appropriate professional organizations, shall develop the standardized written summary required by subsection (2) by October 6, 1986.
(5) A form, signed by the patient, indicating that the patient has been given a copy of the brochure or the standardized written summary shall be included in the patient's medical record.
(6) A physician's duty to inform a patient under this section does not require disclosure of information beyond what a reasonably well-qualified physician licensed under this article would know.
(7) A patient who signs a form pursuant to subsection (5) shall be barred from subsequently bringing a civil action against the physician providing the summary or brochure described in subsection (2) and (3) based on failure to obtain informed consent, but only in regard to information pertaining to alternative forms of treatment of breast cancer, and the advantages, disadvantages, and risks of each method.


333.17014 Legislative findings.
Sec. 17014. The legislature recognizes that under federal constitutional law, a state is permitted to enact persuasive measures that favor childbirth over abortion, even if those measures do not further a health interest. Sections 17015 and 17515 are nevertheless designed to provide objective, truthful information, and are not intended to be persuasive. The legislature finds that the enactment of sections 17015 and 17515 is essential for all of the following reasons:
(a) The knowledgeable exercise of a woman's decision to have an abortion depends on the extent to which the woman receives sufficient information to make an informed choice regarding abortion.
(b) The decision to obtain an abortion is an important and often stressful one, and it is in the state's interest that the decision be made with full knowledge of its nature and consequences.
(c) Enactment of sections 17015 and 17515 is necessary to ensure that, before an abortion, a woman is provided information regarding her available alternatives, and to ensure that a woman gives her voluntary and informed consent to an abortion.
(d) The receipt of accurate information about abortion and its alternatives is essential to the physical and psychological well-being of a woman considering an abortion.
(e) Because many abortions in this state are performed in clinics devoted solely to providing abortions, women who seek abortions at these clinics normally do not have a prior patient-physician relationship with the physician performing the abortion nor do these women continue a patient-physician relationship with the physician after the abortion. In many instances, the woman's only actual contact with the physician performing the abortion occurs simultaneously with the abortion procedure, with little opportunity to receive counsel concerning her decision. Consequently, certain safeguards are necessary to protect a woman's opportunity to select the option best suited to her particular situation.
(f) This state has an interest in protecting women and, subject to United States constitutional limitations and supreme court decisions, this state has an interest in protecting the fetus.
(g) Providing a woman with factual, medical, and biological information about the fetus she is carrying is essential to safeguard the state's interests described in subdivision (f). The dissemination of the information set forth in sections 17015 and 17515 is necessary due to the irreversible nature of the act of abortion and the often stressful circumstances under which the abortion decision is made.
Because abortion services are marketed like many other commercial enterprises, and nearly all abortion providers advertise some free services, including pregnancy tests and counseling, the legislature finds that consumer protection should be extended to women contemplating an abortion decision by delaying any financial transactions until after a 24-hour waiting period. Furthermore, since the legislature and abortion providers have determined that a woman's right to give informed consent to an abortion can be protected by means other than the patient having to travel to the abortion facility during the 24-hour waiting period, the legislature finds that abortion providers do not have a legitimate claim of necessity in obtaining payments during the 24-hour waiting period.

The safeguards that will best protect a woman seeking advice concerning abortion include the following:

(i) Private, individual counseling, including dissemination of certain information, as the woman's individual circumstances dictate, that affect her decision of whether to choose an abortion.

(ii) A 24-hour waiting period between a woman's receipt of that information provided to assist her in making an informed decision, and the actual performance of an abortion, if she elects to undergo an abortion. A 24-hour waiting period affords a woman, in light of the information provided by the physician or a qualified person assisting the physician, an opportunity to reflect on her decision and to seek counsel of family and friends in making her decision.

The safeguards identified in subdivision (i) advance a woman's interests in the exercise of her discretion to choose or not to choose an abortion, and are justified by the objectives and interests of this state to protect the health of a pregnant woman and, subject to United States constitutional limitations and supreme court decisions, to protect the fetus.


Popular name: Informed Consent

333.17015 Informed consent; definitions; duties of physician or assistant; location; disclosure of information; website maintained and operated by department; medical emergency necessitating abortion; duties of department; physician's duty to inform patient; validity of consent or certification form; right to abortion not created; prohibition; portion of act found invalid; duties of local health department; confidentiality.

Sec. 17015. (1) Subject to subsection (10), a physician shall not perform an abortion otherwise permitted by law without the patient's informed written consent, given freely and without coercion.

(2) For purposes of this section:

(a) “Abortion” means the intentional use of an instrument, drug, or other substance or device to terminate a woman's pregnancy for a purpose other than to increase the probability of a live birth, to preserve the life or health of the child after live birth, or to remove a dead fetus. Abortion does not include the use or prescription of a drug or device intended as a contraceptive.

(b) “Fetus” means an individual organism of the species homo sapiens in utero.

(c) “Local health department representative” means a person employed by, or under contract to provide services on behalf of, a local health department who meets 1 or more of the licensing requirements listed in subdivision (f).

(d) “Medical emergency” means that condition which, on the basis of the physician's good faith clinical judgment, so complicates the medical condition of a pregnant woman as to necessitate the immediate abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death or for which a delay will create serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function.

(e) “Medical service” means the provision of a treatment, procedure, medication, examination, diagnostic test, assessment, or counseling, including, but not limited to, a pregnancy test, ultrasound, pelvic examination, or an abortion.

(f) “Qualified person assisting the physician” means another physician or a physician's assistant licensed under this part or part 175, a fully licensed or limited licensed psychologist licensed under part 182, a professional counselor licensed under part 181, a registered professional nurse or a licensed practical nurse licensed under part 172, or a social worker registered under part 185.

(g) “Probable gestational age of the fetus” means the gestational age of the fetus at the time an abortion is planned to be performed.

(h) “Provide the patient with a physical copy” means confirming that the patient accessed the internet website described in subsection (5) and received a printed valid confirmation form from the website and including that form in the patient's medical record or giving a patient a copy of a required document by 1 or more of the following means:
(i) In person.
(ii) By registered mail, return receipt requested.
(iii) By parcel delivery service that requires the recipient to provide a signature in order to receive delivery of a parcel.
(iv) By facsimile transmission.

(3) Subject to subsection (10), a physician or a qualified person assisting the physician shall do all of the following not less than 24 hours before that physician performs an abortion upon a patient who is a pregnant woman:

(a) Confirm that, according to the best medical judgment of a physician, the patient is pregnant, and determine the probable gestational age of the fetus.
(b) Orally describe, in language designed to be understood by the patient, taking into account her age, level of maturity, and intellectual capability, each of the following:
   (i) The probable gestational age of the fetus she is carrying.
   (ii) Information about what to do and whom to contact should medical complications arise from the abortion.
   (iii) Information about how to obtain pregnancy prevention information through the department of community health.
(c) Provide the patient with a physical copy of the written summary described in subsection (11)(b) that corresponds to the procedure the patient will undergo and is provided by the department of community health. If the procedure has not been recognized by the department, but is otherwise allowed under Michigan law, and the department has not provided a written summary for that procedure, the physician shall develop and provide a written summary that describes the procedure, any known risks or complications of the procedure, and risks associated with live birth and meets the requirements of subsection (11)(b)(iii) through (vii).
(d) Provide the patient with a physical copy of a medically accurate depiction, illustration, or photograph and description of a fetus supplied by the department of community health pursuant to subsection (11)(a) at the gestational age nearest the probable gestational age of the patient's fetus.
(e) Provide the patient with a physical copy of the prenatal care and parenting information pamphlet distributed by the department of community health under section 9161.

(4) The requirements of subsection (3) may be fulfilled by the physician or a qualified person assisting the physician at a location other than the health facility where the abortion is to be performed. The requirement of subsection (3)(a) that a patient's pregnancy be confirmed may be fulfilled by a local health department under subsection (18). The requirements of subsection (3) cannot be fulfilled by the patient accessing an internet website other than the internet website described in subsection (5) that is maintained through the department.

(5) The requirements of subsection (3)(c) through (e) may be fulfilled by a patient accessing the internet website maintained and operated through the department and receiving a printed, valid confirmation form from the website that the patient has reviewed the information required in subsection (3)(c) through (e) at least 24 hours before an abortion being performed on the patient. The website shall not require any information be supplied by the patient. The department shall not track, compile, or otherwise keep a record of information that would identify a patient who accesses this website. The patient shall supply the valid confirmation form to the physician or qualified person assisting the physician to be included in the patient's medical record to comply with this subsection.

(6) Subject to subsection (10), before obtaining the patient's signature on the acknowledgment and consent form, a physician personally and in the presence of the patient shall do all of the following:

(a) Provide the patient with the physician's name and inform the patient of her right to withhold or withdraw her consent to the abortion at any time before performance of the abortion.
(b) Orally describe, in language designed to be understood by the patient, taking into account her age, level of maturity, and intellectual capability, each of the following:
   (i) The specific risk, if any, to the patient of the complications that have been associated with the procedure the patient will undergo, based on the patient's particular medical condition and history as determined by the physician.
   (ii) The specific risk of complications, if any, to the patient if she chooses to continue the pregnancy based on the patient's particular medical condition and history as determined by a physician.

(7) To protect a patient's privacy, the information set forth in subsection (3) and subsection (6) shall not be disclosed to the patient in the presence of another patient.

(8) Before performing an abortion on a patient who is a pregnant woman, a physician or a qualified person assisting the physician shall do all of the following:

(a) Obtain the patient's signature on the acknowledgment and consent form described in subsection (11)(c) confirming that she has received the information required under subsection (3).
(b) Provide the patient with a physical copy of the signed acknowledgment and consent form described in subsection (11)(c).

(c) Retain a copy of the signed acknowledgment and consent form described in subsection (11)(c) and, if applicable, a copy of the pregnancy certification form completed under subsection (18)(b), in the patient's medical record.

(9) This subsection does not prohibit notifying the patient that payment for medical services will be required or that collection of payment in full for all medical services provided or planned may be demanded after the 24-hour period described in this subsection has expired. A physician or an agent of the physician shall not collect payment, in whole or in part, for a medical service provided to or planned for a patient before the expiration of 24 hours from the time the patient has done either or both of the following, except in the case of a physician or an agent of a physician receiving capitated payments or under a salary arrangement for providing those medical services:

(a) Inquired about obtaining an abortion after her pregnancy is confirmed and she has received from that physician or a qualified person assisting the physician the information required under subsection (3)(c) and (d).

(b) Scheduled an abortion to be performed by that physician.

(10) If the attending physician, utilizing his or her experience, judgment, and professional competence, determines that a medical emergency exists and necessitates performance of an abortion before the requirements of subsections (1), (3), and (6) can be met, the physician is exempt from the requirements of subsections (1), (3), and (6), may perform the abortion, and shall maintain a written record identifying with specificity the medical factors upon which the determination of the medical emergency is based.

(11) The department of community health shall do each of the following:

(a) Produce medically accurate depictions, illustrations, or photographs of the development of a human fetus that indicate by scale the actual size of the fetus at 2-week intervals from the fourth week through the twenty-eighth week of gestation. Each depiction, illustration, or photograph shall be accompanied by a printed description, in nontechnical English, Arabic, and Spanish, of the probable anatomical and physiological characteristics of the fetus at that particular state of gestational development.

(b) Subject to subdivision (g), develop, draft, and print, in nontechnical English, Arabic, and Spanish, written standardized summaries, based upon the various medical procedures used to abort pregnancies, that do each of the following:

(i) Describe, individually and on separate documents, those medical procedures used to perform abortions in this state that are recognized by the department.

(ii) Identify the physical complications that have been associated with each procedure described in subparagraph (i) and with live birth, as determined by the department. In identifying these complications, the department shall consider the annual statistical report required under section 2835(6), and shall consider studies concerning complications that have been published in a peer review medical journal, with particular attention paid to the design of the study, and shall consult with the federal centers for disease control, the American college of obstetricians and gynecologists, the Michigan state medical society, or any other source that the department determines appropriate for the purpose.

(iii) State that as the result of an abortion, some women may experience depression, feelings of guilt, sleep disturbance, loss of interest in work or sex, or anger, and that if these symptoms occur and are intense or persistent, professional help is recommended.

(iv) State that not all of the complications listed in subparagraph (ii) may pertain to that particular patient and refer the patient to her physician for more personalized information.

(v) Identify services available through public agencies to assist the patient during her pregnancy and after the birth of her child, should she choose to give birth and maintain custody of her child.

(vi) Identify services available through public agencies to assist the patient in placing her child in an adoptive or foster home, should she choose to give birth but not maintain custody of her child.

(vii) Identify services available through public agencies to assist the patient and provide counseling should she experience subsequent adverse psychological effects from the abortion.

(c) Develop, draft, and print, in nontechnical English, Arabic, and Spanish, an acknowledgment and consent form that includes only the following language above a signature line for the patient:

“I, ______________________________, hereby authorize Dr. __________________ (“the physician”) and any assistant designated by the physician to perform upon me the following operation(s) or procedure(s):

_________________________________________________________________
(Name of operation(s) or procedure(s))
I understand that I am approximately _____ weeks pregnant. I consent to an abortion procedure to terminate my pregnancy. I understand that I have the right to withdraw my consent to the abortion procedure at any time prior to performance of that procedure. I acknowledge that at least 24 hours before the scheduled abortion I have received a physical copy of each of the following:

(a) A medically accurate depiction, illustration, or photograph of a fetus at the probable gestational age of the fetus I am carrying.

(b) A written description of the medical procedure that will be used to perform the abortion.

(c) A prenatal care and parenting information pamphlet. If any of the above listed documents were transmitted by facsimile, I certify that the documents were clear and legible. I acknowledge that the physician who will perform the abortion has orally described all of the following to me:

(i) The specific risk to me, if any, of the complications that have been associated with the procedure I am scheduled to undergo.

(ii) The specific risk to me, if any, of the complications if I choose to continue the pregnancy.

I acknowledge that I have received all of the following information:

(d) Information about what to do and whom to contact in the event that complications arise from the abortion.

(e) Information pertaining to available pregnancy related services.

I have been given an opportunity to ask questions about the operation(s) or procedure(s). I certify that I have not been required to make any payments for an abortion or any medical service before the expiration of 24 hours after I received the written materials listed in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) above, or 24 hours after the time and date listed on the confirmation form if paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) were viewed from the state of Michigan internet website.”.

(d) Make available to physicians through the Michigan board of medicine and the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery, and any person upon request the copies of medically accurate depictions, illustrations, or photographs described in subdivision (a), the standardized written summaries described in subdivision (b), the acknowledgment and consent form described in subdivision (c), the prenatal care and parenting information pamphlet described in section 9161, and the pregnancy certification form described in subdivision (f).

(e) The department shall not develop written summaries for abortion procedures under subdivision (b) that utilize medication that has not been approved by the United States food and drug administration for use in performing an abortion.

(f) Develop, draft, and print a certification form to be signed by a local health department representative at the time and place a patient has a pregnancy confirmed, as requested by the patient, verifying the date and time the pregnancy is confirmed.

(g) Develop and maintain an internet website that allows a patient considering an abortion to review the information required in subsection (3)(c) through (e). After the patient reviews the required information, the department shall assure that a confirmation form can be printed by the patient from the internet website that will verify the time and date the information was reviewed. A confirmation form printed under this subdivision becomes invalid 14 days after the date and time printed on the confirmation form.

(12) A physician's duty to inform the patient under this section does not require disclosure of information beyond what a reasonably well-qualified physician licensed under this article would possess.

(13) A written consent form meeting the requirements set forth in this section and signed by the patient is presumed valid. The presumption created by this subsection may be rebutted by evidence that establishes, by a preponderance of the evidence, that consent was obtained through fraud, negligence, deception, misrepresentation, coercion, or duress.

(14) A completed certification form described in subsection (11)(f) that is signed by a local health department representative is presumed valid. The presumption created by this subsection may be rebutted by evidence that establishes, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the physician who relied upon the certification had actual knowledge that the certificate contained a false or misleading statement or signature.

(15) This section does not create a right to abortion.

(16) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person shall not perform an abortion that is prohibited by law.

(17) If any portion of this act or the application of this act to any person or circumstances is found invalid by a court, that invalidity does not affect the remaining portions or applications of the act that can be given effect without the invalid portion or application, if those remaining portions are not determined by the court to be inoperative.

(18) Upon a patient's request, each local health department shall:

(a) Provide a pregnancy test for that patient to confirm the pregnancy as required under subsection (3)(a) and
determine the probable gestational stage of the fetus. The local health department need not comply with this subdivision if the requirements of subsection (3)(a) have already been met.

(b) If a pregnancy is confirmed, ensure that the patient is provided with a completed pregnancy certification form described in subsection (11)(f) at the time the information is provided.

(19) The identity and address of a patient who is provided information or who consents to an abortion pursuant to this section is confidential and is subject to disclosure only with the consent of the patient or by judicial process.

(20) A local health department with a file containing the identity and address of a patient described in subsection (19) who has been assisted by the local health department under this section shall do both of the following:

(a) Only release the identity and address of the patient to a physician or qualified person assisting the physician in order to verify the receipt of the information required under this section.

(b) Destroy the information containing the identity and address of the patient within 30 days after assisting the patient under this section.


333.17016 Performance of partial-birth abortion prohibited.

Sec. 17016. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a physician or an individual performing an act, task, or function under the delegatory authority of a physician shall not perform a partial-birth abortion, even if the abortion is otherwise permitted by law.

(2) A physician or an individual described in subsection (1) may perform a partial-birth abortion if the physician or other individual reasonably believes that performing the partial-birth abortion is necessary to save the life of a pregnant woman whose life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical illness, or physical injury and that no other medical procedure will accomplish that purpose.

(3) This section does not create a right to abortion.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person shall not perform an abortion that is prohibited by law.

(5) As used in this section:

(a) “Abortion” means the intentional use of an instrument, drug, or other substance or device to terminate a woman's pregnancy for a purpose other than to increase the probability of a live birth, to preserve the life or health of the child after live birth, or to remove a dead fetus. Abortion does not include a procedure to complete a spontaneous abortion or the use or prescription of a drug or device intended as a contraceptive.

(b) “Fetus” means an individual organism of the species homo sapiens at any time before complete delivery from a pregnant woman.

(c) “Partial-birth abortion” means an abortion in which the physician or individual acting under the delegatory authority of the physician performing the abortion partially vaginally delivers a living fetus before killing the fetus and completing the delivery.


333.17020 Genetic test; informed consent.

Sec. 17020. (1) Except as otherwise provided for a test performed under section 5431 and except as otherwise provided by law, beginning upon the expiration of 6 months after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section, a physician or an individual to whom the physician has delegated authority to perform a selected act, task, or function under section 16215 shall not order a presymptomatic or predictive genetic test without first obtaining the written, informed consent of the test subject, pursuant to this section.

(2) For purposes of subsection (1), written, informed consent consists of a signed writing executed by the test subject or the legally authorized representative of the test subject that confirms that the physician or the individual acting under the delegatory authority of the physician has explained, and the test subject or the legally authorized representative of the test subject understands, at a minimum, all of the following:

(a) The nature and purpose of the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test.

(b) The effectiveness and limitations of the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test.

(c) The implications of taking the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test, including, but not limited to, the medical risks and benefits.

(d) The future uses of the sample taken from the test subject in order to conduct the presymptomatic or predictive
genetic test and the information obtained from the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test.

(e) The meaning of the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test results and the procedure for providing notice of the results to the test subject.

(f) Who will have access to the sample taken from the test subject in order to conduct the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test and the information obtained from the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test, and the test subject's right to confidential treatment of the sample and the information.

(3) Within 6 months after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section, the department of community health, in consultation with the Michigan board of medicine, the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery, at least 1 physician who is board certified by the American board of medical genetics, and appropriate professional organizations, shall develop and distribute a model informed consent form for purposes of this section that practitioners may adopt. The department of community health shall include in the model form at least all of the information required under subsection (2). The department of community health shall distribute the model form to physicians and other individuals subject to this section upon request and at no charge. The department of community health shall review the model form at least annually for 5 years after the first model form is distributed, and shall revise the model form if necessary to make the form reflect the latest developments in medical genetics.

(4) The department of community health, in consultation with the entities described in subsection (3), may also develop and distribute a pamphlet that provides further explanation of the information included in the model informed consent form.

(5) If a test subject or his or her legally authorized representative signs a copy of the model informed consent form developed and distributed under subsection (3), the physician or individual acting under the delegatory authority of the physician shall give the test subject a copy of the signed informed consent form and shall include the original signed informed consent form in the test subject's medical record.

(6) If a test subject or his or her legally authorized representative signs a copy of the model informed consent form developed and distributed under subsection (3), the test subject is barred from subsequently bringing a civil action for damages against the physician, or an individual to whom the physician delegated the authority to perform a selected act, task, or function under section 16215, who ordered the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test, based on failure to obtain informed consent for the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test.

(7) A physician's duty to inform a patient under this section does not require disclosure of information beyond what a reasonably well-qualified physician licensed under this article would know.

(8) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (9), as used in this section:

(a) “Genetic information” means information about a gene, gene product, or inherited characteristic which information is derived from a genetic test.

(b) “Genetic test” means the analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, and those proteins and metabolites used to detect heritable or somatic disease-related genotypes or karyotypes for clinical purposes. A genetic test must be generally accepted in the scientific and medical communities as being specifically determinative for the presence, absence, or mutation of a gene or chromosome in order to qualify under this definition. Genetic test does not include a routine physical examination or a routine analysis, including, but not limited to, a chemical analysis, of body fluids, unless conducted specifically to determine the presence, absence, or mutation of a gene or chromosome.

(c) “Predictive genetic test” means a genetic test performed for the purpose of predicting the future probability that the test subject will develop a genetically related disease or disability.

(d) “Presymptomatic genetic test” means a genetic test performed before the onset of clinical symptoms or indications of disease.

(9) For purposes of subsection (8)(b), the term “genetic test” does not include a procedure performed as a component of biomedical research that is conducted pursuant to federal common rule under 21 C.F.R. parts 50 and 56 and 45 C.F.R. part 46.


Popular name: Act 368
(2) The requirement of section 16135(d) that a board member shall have practiced that profession for 2 years immediately before appointment is waived until September 30, 1980 for members of the board licensed in a health profession subfield created by this part.

(3) The board of medicine shall not have the powers and duties vested in the task force by sections 17060 to 17084.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17025 Joint task force; creation; membership; waiver.

Sec. 17025. (1) A joint task force is created for the health profession subfields licensed under this part and part 175. The task force shall consist of the following 9 members, who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 1 member each from the board of medicine and the board of osteopathic medicine and surgery holding a license other than a health profession subfield license, 5 physician's assistants, and 2 public members.

(2) The requirement of section 16135(d) that a task force member shall have practiced that profession for 2 years immediately before appointment is waived until October 1, 1980 for members of the board licensed in a health profession subfield created by this part.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17030 Clinical academic limited license; requirements; annual renewal; duration of practice.

Sec. 17030. (1) A clinical academic limited license granted by the board under section 16182(2)(c) for the practice of medicine shall require that the individual practice only for an academic institution and under the supervision of 1 or more physicians fully licensed under this part.

(2) A clinical academic limited license granted by the board under section 16182(2)(c) for the practice of medicine is renewable annually, but an individual shall not engage in the practice of medicine under 1 or more clinical academic limited licenses for more than 5 years.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17031 Condition for more than limited licensure; requirements for full license to practice medicine; filing and contents of written statement; civil or criminal liability; rebuttable presumption.

Sec. 17031. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), an applicant, in addition to completing the requirements for the degree in medicine, shall complete a period of postgraduate education to attain proficiency in the practice of the profession, as prescribed by the board in rules, as a condition for more than limited licensure.

(2) The board may grant a full license to practice medicine to an applicant who has completed the requirements for a degree in medicine at a medical school located outside the United States or Canada if the applicant demonstrates to the board all of the following:

(a) That the applicant has engaged in the practice of medicine for not less than 10 years after completing the requirements for a degree in medicine.

(b) That the applicant has completed not less than 3 years of postgraduate clinical training in an institution that has an affiliation with a medical school that is listed in a directory of medical schools published by the world health organization as approved by the board.

(c) That the applicant has achieved a score determined by the board to be a passing score on an initial medical licensure examination approved by the board.

(d) That the applicant has safely and competently practiced medicine under a clinical academic limited license granted by the board under this article for 1 or more academic institutions located in this state for not less than the 2 years immediately preceding the date of application for a license under this subsection, during which time the applicant functioned not less than 800 hours per year in the observation and treatment of patients.

(3) An applicant under subsection (2) shall file with the board a written statement from each academic institution upon which the applicant relies to satisfy subsection (2)(d). The statement shall indicate, at a minimum, that the applicant functioned for the academic institution in the observation and treatment of patients not less than 800 hours per year and that in so doing the applicant practiced medicine safely and competently. A person who in good faith makes a written statement that is filed under this subsection is not civilly or criminally liable for that statement. There is a rebuttable presumption that a person who makes a written statement that is filed under this subsection has

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done so in good faith.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17033 Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.

Sec. 17033. (1) Notwithstanding the requirements of part 161, the board may require a licensee seeking renewal of a license to furnish the board with satisfactory evidence that during the 3 years immediately preceding application for renewal the licensee has attended continuing education courses or programs approved by the board totaling not less than 150 hours in subjects related to the practice of medicine including, but not limited to, medical ethics and designed to further educate licensees.

(2) As required under section 16204, the board shall promulgate rules requiring each applicant for license renewal to complete as part of the continuing education requirement of subsection (1) an appropriate number of hours or courses in pain and symptom management.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed sections pertained to supervision or employment of physician's assistants.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17048 Limitation on number of physician's assistants supervised; prohibiting or restricting delegation of medical care service or requiring higher levels of supervision; delegation of ultimate responsibility prohibited; rules as to drugs; ordering, receiving, and dispensing complimentary starter dose drugs.

Sec. 17048. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and section 17049(5), a physician who is a sole practitioner or who practices in a group of physicians and treats patients on an outpatient basis shall not supervise more than 4 physician's assistants. If a physician described in this subsection supervises physician's assistants at more than 1 practice site, the physician shall not supervise more than 2 physician's assistants by a method other than the physician's actual physical presence at the practice site.

(2) A physician who is employed by, under contract or subcontract to, or has privileges at a health facility or agency licensed under article 17 or a state correctional facility may supervise more than 4 physician's assistants at the health facility or agency or state correctional facility.

(3) To the extent that a particular selected medical care service requires extensive medical training, education, or ability or pose serious risks to the health and safety of patients, the board may prohibit or otherwise restrict the delegation of that medical care service or may require higher levels of supervision.

(4) A physician shall not delegate ultimate responsibility for the quality of medical care services, even if the medical care services are provided by a physician's assistant.

(5) The board may promulgate rules for the delegation by a supervising physician to a physician's assistant of the function of prescription of drugs. The rules may define the drugs or classes of drugs the prescription of which shall not be delegated and other procedures and protocols necessary to promote consistency with federal and state drug control and enforcement laws. Until the rules are promulgated, a supervising physician may delegate the prescription of drugs other than controlled substances as defined by article 7 or federal law. When delegated prescription occurs, both the physician's assistant's name and the supervising physician's name shall be used, recorded, or otherwise indicated in connection with each individual prescription.

(6) A supervising physician may delegate in writing to a physician's assistant the ordering, receipt, and dispensing of complimentary starter dose drugs other than controlled substances as defined by article 7 or federal law. When the delegated ordering, receipt, or dispensing of complimentary starter dose drugs occurs, both the physician's assistant's name and the supervising physician's name shall be recorded, or otherwise indicated in connection with each order, receipt, or dispensing. As used in this subsection, “complimentary starter dose” means that term as defined in section 17745. It is the intent of the legislature in enacting this subsection to allow a pharmaceutical manufacturer or wholesale distributor, as those terms are defined in part 177, to distribute complimentary starter dose drugs to a physician's assistant, as described in this subsection, in compliance with section 503(d) of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, chapter 675, 52 Stat. 1051, 21 U.S.C. 353.

333.17049 Responsibilities of physician supervising physician's assistant.

Sec. 17049. (1) In addition to the other requirements of this section and subject to subsection (5), a physician who supervises a physician's assistant is responsible for all of the following:

(a) Verification of the physician's assistant's credentials.
(b) Evaluation of the physician's assistant's performance.
(c) Monitoring the physician's assistant's practice and provision of medical care services.

(2) Subject to section 17048, a physician who supervises a physician's assistant may delegate to the physician's assistant the performance of medical care services for a patient who is under the case management responsibility of the physician, if the delegation is consistent with the physician's assistant's training.

(3) A physician who supervises a physician's assistant is responsible for the clinical supervision of each physician's assistant to whom the physician delegates the performance of medical care service under subsection (2).

(4) Subject to subsection (5), a physician who supervises a physician's assistant shall keep on file in the physician's office or in the health facility or agency or correctional facility in which the physician supervises the physician's assistant a permanent, written record that includes the physician's name and license number and the name and license number of each physician's assistant supervised by the physician.

(5) A group of physicians practicing other than as sole practitioners may designate 1 or more physicians in the group to fulfill the requirements of subsections (1) and (4).


Popular name: Act 368

333.17050 Supervision prohibited; grounds.

Sec. 17050. In addition to its other powers and duties under this article, the board may prohibit a physician from supervising 1 or more physician's assistants for any of the grounds set forth in section 16221 or for failure to supervise a physician's assistant in accordance with this part and rules promulgated under this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17054 Criteria for licensure of physician's assistants and for evaluation of training programs; recommendations.

Sec. 17054. The board shall make written recommendations on criteria for the licensure of physician's assistants and on criteria for the evaluation of physician's assistants' training programs to the task force on physician's assistants.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17056 Exception.

Sec. 17056. This part does not apply to a student in training to become a physician's assistant while performing duties assigned as part of the training.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to powers and duties of task force.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17060 Duties of task force.

Sec. 17060. The task force shall:

(a) Promulgate rules necessary for the implementation of its powers and duties and may perform the acts and make the determinations necessary for the proper implementations of those powers and duties.
(b) Promulgate rules to establish the requirements for the education, training, or experience of physician's assistants for licensure in this state. The requirements shall take into account nationally recognized standards for education, training, and experience and the desired utilization of physician's assistants.

(c) Develop and make public guidelines on the appropriate delegation of functions to and supervision of physician's assistants according to the level of education, training, or experience of physician's assistants. The guidelines are not binding, but shall serve to explain how the task force's training criteria coincides with the board's expectation for delegation to and supervision of physician's assistants by physicians.

(d) Direct the department to issue licenses to applicants who meet the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part for practice and use of the title of physician's assistant.

(e) Promulgate rules to establish criteria for the evaluation of programs for the education and training of physician's assistants for the purpose of determining whether graduates of the programs have the knowledge and skills requisite for practice and use of the title physician's assistant in this state as defined by this part and the rules promulgated under this part. The criteria established shall be substantially consistent with nationally recognized standards for the education and training of physician's assistants. Until the criteria are established, the criteria developed by the advisory commission on physician's assistants shall remain in effect. The task force shall consider and may use where appropriate the criteria established by professional associations, education accrediting bodies, or governmental agencies. In establishing criteria for the evaluation of education and training programs, the task force may seek the advice of the boards and the department of education.

(f) Make written recommendations to the boards concerning the rules to be developed for approval by the boards of physicians to supervise physician's assistants, including recommendations for appropriate utilization of physician's assistants by level of preparation where appropriate.

(g) File an annual report with the department and the boards containing matters prescribed by the department and boards.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Administrative rules:** R 338.6101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

### 333.17062 Applicant for licensure as physician's assistant; qualifications.

Sec. 17062. An applicant for licensure as a physician's assistant shall meet the requirements of section 16174(a), (b), and (d) and be a graduate of a program for the training of physician's assistants approved by the task force or be a licensed, certified, registered, approved, or other legally recognized physician's assistant in another state with qualifications substantially equivalent to those established by the task force.


**Compiler's note:** Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.17064 Applicant for licensure as physician's assistant; examination required; waiver; nature of examination; use of national examination; discrimination prohibited; reciprocity; investigation; additional documentation or information.

Sec. 17064. (1) To determine whether an applicant for initial licensure has the appropriate level of skill and knowledge as required by this part, the task force shall require the applicant to submit to an examination which shall include those subjects the general knowledge of which is commonly and generally required of a graduate of an accredited physician's assistants' program in the United States. The task force may waive the examination requirement for a graduate of an approved program if the applicant has taken a national examination and achieved a score acceptable to the task force as demonstrating the level of skill and knowledge required by this part. The task force may waive the examination for an applicant who is licensed, certified, registered, approved, or otherwise legally recognized as a physician's assistant in another state, when the task force determines that the other state has qualifications, including completion of a national or state approved examination for physician's assistants, that are substantially equivalent to those established by this part.

(2) The nature of an examination shall be determined by the task force and may include the use and acceptance of national examinations where appropriate. The use of examinations or the requirements for successful completion shall not permit discriminatory treatment of applicants.

(3) The task force shall provide for the recognition of the certification or experience consistent with this part acquired by physician's assistants in other states who wish to practice in this state.
(4) The task force may cause an investigation to be conducted when necessary to determine the qualifications of an applicant for licensure. An applicant may be required to furnish additional documentation and information upon a determination by the task force that the documentation or information is necessary to evaluate the applicant's qualifications.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.17066 Standards and decisions regarding qualifications of physician's assistants; design.

Sec. 17066. The standards and decisions regarding the qualifications of physician's assistants shall be designed to determine that each physician's assistant has the necessary knowledge and skill to perform in a safe and competent manner with due regard to the complexity and risks attendant to activities that may be delegated by a physician to a physician's assistant.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17068 Application by physician's assistant for licensure or renewal of licensure; form; requirements for relicensing; standards; temporary license.

Sec. 17068. (1) A physician's assistant shall apply for licensure or renewal of licensure on a form provided by the department.

(2) A physician's assistant who has failed to renew a license may be relicensed upon showing that he or she meets the current requirements for licensure set forth in this part and rules promulgated under this part. In relicensing an individual under this section, the task force may establish standards for training, education, or experience equivalent to current educational and practice requirements. A temporary license under section 17072 may be issued pending the results of action taken under this subsection.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 388.6101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.17070 Granting renewal; notice of denial; right to hearing.

Sec. 17070. (1) If the applicant meets the requirements for renewal as set forth in this part or rules promulgated under this part, the task force shall direct the board to grant a renewal.

(2) If an applicant is determined by the task force not to have met the requirements for renewal, the applicant shall be notified in writing of the reasons for denial and shall have the right to a hearing.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17072 Certificate of licensure, temporary licensure, or renewal; issuance; contents; interim licensure; nonrenewable temporary license; display; pocket card; identification.

Sec. 17072. (1) A certificate of licensure, temporary licensure, or renewal shall be issued by the department to an applicant who is granted licensure, temporary licensure, or renewal. A certificate issued under this part shall contain the full name of the individual licensed, a permanent individual number, and the date of expiration.

(2) The task force shall direct the board to grant interim licensure to an unlicensed individual who was employed as a physician's assistant on December 29, 1977, to be effective until the task force formally issues or denies a license to the physician's assistant pursuant to this part and the rules promulgated under this part. During this period the task force may direct the board to grant interim licensure to a new applicant who has graduated from a program training physician's assistants.

(3) The task force may direct the board to grant a nonrenewable temporary license to an applicant who meets all requirements for licensure except examination, if required. The task force shall make its decision within 30 days after submission of a complete application or the conclusion of a department investigation, whichever is later. The temporary license shall be valid for a period determined by the task force, but not to exceed 1 year, or until the results of a required examination are made available, whichever is sooner. The department shall issue a certificate of temporary licensure within 15 days after the board grants the license.

(4) A physician's assistant licensed under this part shall publicly display the current certificate of licensure, temporary license, or renewal permanently in that individual's place of practice, if feasible, and shall have available
for inspection a pocket card issued by the department containing the essential information of the license. While working, the individual shall wear appropriate identification, clearly indicating that the individual is a physician's assistant.


**333.17074 Prohibited undertakings, representations, and services by physician's assistant; permissible services.**

_Sec. 17074._ (1) A physician's assistant shall not undertake or represent that he or she is qualified to undertake provision of a medical care service that he or she knows or reasonably should know to be outside his or her competence or is prohibited by law.

(2) A physician's assistant shall not:

(a) Perform acts, tasks, or functions to determine the refractive state of a human eye or to treat refractive anomalies of the human eye, or both.

(b) Determine the spectacle or contact lens prescription specifications required to treat refractive anomalies of the human eye, or determine modification of spectacle or contact lens prescription specifications, or both.

(3) A physician's assistant may perform routine visual screening or testing, postoperative care, or assistance in the care of medical diseases of the eye under the supervision of a physician.


**333.17076 Medical care services by physician's assistant; supervision required; exception; medical care setting required; making calls or going on rounds; prescribing drugs; indicating name of supervising physician; ordering, receiving, and dispensing complimentary starter dose drugs.**

_Sec. 17076._ (1) Except in an emergency situation, a physician's assistant shall provide medical care services only under the supervision of a physician or properly designated alternative physician, and only if those medical care services are within the scope of practice of the supervising physician and are delegated by the supervising physician.

(2) A physician's assistant shall provide medical care services only in a medical care setting where the supervising physician regularly sees patients. However, a physician's assistant may make calls or go on rounds under the supervision of a physician in private homes, public institutions, emergency vehicles, ambulatory care clinics, hospitals, intermediate or extended care facilities, health maintenance organizations, nursing homes, or other health care facilities to the extent permitted by the bylaws, rules, or regulations of the governing facility or organization, if any.

(3) A physician's assistant may prescribe drugs as a delegated act of a supervising physician, but shall do so only in accordance with procedures and protocol for the prescription established by rule of the appropriate board. Until the rules are promulgated, a physician's assistant may prescribe a drug other than a controlled substance as defined by article 7 or federal law, as a delegated act of the supervising physician. When delegated prescription occurs, the supervising physician's name shall be used, recorded, or otherwise indicated in connection with each individual prescription so that the individual who dispenses or administers the prescription knows under whose delegated authority the physician's assistant is prescribing.

(4) A physician's assistant may order, receive, and dispense complimentary starter dose drugs other than controlled substances as defined by article 7 or federal law as a delegated act of a supervising physician. When the delegated ordering, receipt, or dispensing of complimentary starter dose drugs occurs, the supervising physician's name shall be used, recorded, or otherwise indicated in connection with each order, receipt, or dispensing so that the individual who processes the order or delivers the complimentary starter dose drugs or to whom the complimentary starter dose drugs are dispensed knows under whose delegated authority the physician's assistant is ordering, receiving, or dispensing. As used in this subsection, “complimentary starter dose” means that term as defined in section 17745. It is the intent of the legislature in enacting this subsection to allow a pharmaceutical manufacturer or wholesale distributor, as those terms are defined in part 177, to distribute complimentary starter dose drugs to a physician's assistant, as described in this subsection, in compliance with section 503(d) of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, chapter 675, 52 Stat. 1051, 21 U.S.C. 353.


**Popular name:** Act 368
333.17078 Physician's assistant as agent of supervising physician; privileged communications; minimal standards.

Sec. 17078.  (1) A physician's assistant is the agent of the supervising physician. A communication made to a physician's assistant that would be a privileged communication if made to the supervising physician is a privileged communication to the physician's assistant and the supervising physician to the same extent as if the communication were made to the supervising physician.

(2) A physician's assistant shall conform to minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing practice for the supervising physician.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17082 Investigations and evaluations by task force; purpose; revision of criteria for education and training; continuation of program approval and criteria.

Sec. 17082.  (1) The task force may conduct or cause to be conducted, investigations and evaluations necessary to determine whether a program meets the criteria established by this part and rules promulgated under this part.

(2) At times the task force determines appropriate, the task force may revise the criteria for the education and training of graduates to determine whether the graduates meet the requirements for practice and use of the title physician's assistant in this state.

(3) A program approval of the director of public health and the criteria developed or recommended by the physician's assistant's advisory commission permitted under section 20 of former Act No. 420 of the Public Acts of 1976 shall be continued for the duration of its initial approval, unless disapproved by the task force.


Compiler's note: Act 420 of 1976, referred to in this section, was repealed by Act 368 of 1978.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17084 Register of programs; contents; public inspection.

Sec. 17084. The department shall keep a register of programs meeting the criteria established by the task force. The register of programs shall include the full title of the program, the institution of which it is a part, and its address. A copy of the register or the information contained in the register shall be available for public inspection.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed sections pertained to procedures for maintaining disciplinary action; denying, suspending, limiting or revoking a license or renewal; examinations; hearings; and application for reinstatement.

Popular name: Act 368

PART 172

NURSING

333.17201 Definitions; principles of construction.

Sec. 17201.  (1) As used in this part:

(a) “Practice of nursing” means the systematic application of substantial specialized knowledge and skill, derived from the biological, physical, and behavioral sciences, to the care, treatment, counsel, and health teaching of individuals who are experiencing changes in the normal health processes or who require assistance in the maintenance of health and the prevention or management of illness, injury, or disability.

(b) “Practice of nursing as a licensed practical nurse” or “l.p.n.” means the practice of nursing based on less comprehensive knowledge and skill than that required of a registered professional nurse and performed under the supervision of a registered professional nurse, physician, or dentist.

(c) “Registered professional nurse” or “r.n.” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of nursing which scope of practice includes the teaching, direction, and supervision of less skilled personnel in the performance of delegated nursing activities.

(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction
applicable to all articles in the code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17208 Licensed practical nurse; health profession subfield.

Sec. 17208. The practice of nursing as a licensed practical nurse is a health profession subfield of the practice of nursing.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17209 Renewal of license to practice as trained attendant; eligibility; “practice as a trained attendant” defined; original license prohibited; licensed psychiatric attendant nurse considered licensed practical nurse.

Sec. 17209. (1) After the effective date of this part, an individual licensed to practice as a trained attendant is eligible to apply to the board for a renewal of licensure pursuant to this article. For purposes of this section, “practice as a trained attendant” means the practice of nursing based on less comprehensive knowledge and skill than that required of a registered professional nurse or a licensed practical nurse and performed under supervision of a registered professional nurse or licensed physician or dentist. After the effective date of this part, the board shall not grant an original license to an applicant for licensure to practice as a trained attendant.

(2) After the effective date of this part, licensed psychiatric attendant nurse licenses shall be considered licensed practical nurse licenses. A licensed psychiatric attendant nurse shall have the same rights and duties as a licensed practical nurse under this part as consistent with the licensee's education and training.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17210 Registered professional nurse; issuance of specialty certification; qualifications.

Sec. 17210. The board of nursing may issue a specialty certification to a registered professional nurse who has advanced training beyond that required for initial licensure and who has demonstrated competency through examination or other evaluative processes and who practices in 1 of the following health profession specialty fields: nurse midwifery, nurse anesthetist, or nurse practitioner.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17211 License or authorization required.

Sec. 17211. A person shall not engage in the practice of nursing or the practice of nursing as a licensed practical nurse unless licensed or otherwise authorized by this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17212 Registered professional nurse; ordering, receiving, or dispensing complimentary starter dose drugs.

Sec. 17212. (1) In addition to acts, tasks, and functions delegated under section 16215, 17745, 17745a, or 17745b, a supervising physician may delegate in writing to a registered professional nurse the ordering, receipt, and dispensing of complimentary starter dose drugs other than controlled substances as defined by article 7 or federal law. When the delegated ordering, receipt, or dispensing of complimentary starter dose drugs occurs, both the registered professional nurse's name and the supervising physician's name shall be used, recorded, or otherwise indicated in connection with each order, receipt, or dispensing. As used in this subsection, “complimentary starter dose” means that term as defined in section 17745.

(2) It is the intent of the legislature in enacting this section to allow a pharmaceutical manufacturer or wholesale distributor, as those terms are defined in part 177, to distribute complimentary starter dose drugs to a registered professional nurse, as described in subsection (1), in compliance with section 503(d) of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, chapter 675, 52 Stat. 1051, 21 U.S.C. 353.


Popular name: Act 368
Michigan board of nursing; creation; number and qualifications of members.

Sec. 17221. The Michigan board of nursing is created in the department and shall consist of the following 23 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 9 registered professional nurses, 1 nurse midwife, 1 nurse anesthetist, 1 nurse practitioner, 3 licensed practical nurses, and 8 public members. Three of the registered professional nurse members shall be engaged in nursing education, 1 of whom shall be in less than a baccalaureate program, 1 in a baccalaureate or higher program and 1 in a licensed practical nurse program and each of whom shall have a master's degree from an accredited college with a major in nursing. Three of the registered professional nurse members shall be engaged in nursing practice or nursing administration, each of whom shall have a baccalaureate degree in nursing from an accredited college. Three of the registered professional nurse members shall be engaged in nursing practice or nursing administration, each of whom shall be a nonbaccalaureate registered nurse. The 3 licensed practical nurse members shall have graduated from a state approved program for the preparation of individuals to practice as licensed practical nurses. The nurse midwife, the nurse anesthetist, and the nurse practitioner shall each have a specialty certification issued by the department in his or her respective specialty field.


Popular name: Act 368

Nursing education program; application to conduct; evidence required; evaluation; inspection; report; approval; continuation of existing programs; accreditation by national board or organization; education program for psychiatric attendant nurses or trained attendants prohibited.

Sec. 17241. (1) An institution seeking to conduct a nursing education program to prepare individuals for licensing shall apply to the board and submit evidence that it is prepared:
(a) To carry out the minimum curriculum prescribed by the board in rules for the preparation of individuals for licensing.
(b) To meet other educational and training standards established by the board under this article and the rules promulgated under this article.

(2) The board shall evaluate and may inspect the institution and its nursing education program and prepare a written report of its findings. The board, upon determining that requirements for a nursing education program are met, shall approve the program. A nursing education program approved by the board and in operation on the effective date of this part may continue as approved pending further action by the board. The board may accept accreditation by a national board or organization as a basis for approval under this section.

(3) After September 30, 1978, the board shall not approve an educational program for psychiatric attendant nurses or trained attendants.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

Inspection of approved nursing education program; report; notice of deficiency; removal from list of approved programs; hearing.

Sec. 17242. (1) The board may inspect an approved nursing education program in this state and prepare a written report of its findings. If the board determines that the standards required by this part and the board are not being met, written notice specifying the areas in which the board has found a program to be deficient shall be sent immediately to the institution conducting the program.

(2) A nursing education program which within a reasonable length of time, as determined by the board, fails to meet standards prescribed by the board shall be removed from the list of approved programs. An institution conducting a program which is removed from the approved list shall be granted an opportunity for a hearing.


Popular name: Act 368
333.17301  Definitions; principles of construction.
Sec. 17301.  (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Nursing home” means that term as defined in section 20109.
(b) “Nursing home administrator” means the individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of nursing home administration.
(c) “Practice of nursing home administration” means planning, organizing, directing, and controlling the total operation of the nursing home on behalf of the governing board or owner of a nursing home.
(2) In addition to the definitions of this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17303  Representation as nursing home administrator.
Sec. 17303.  A person shall not represent that he or she is a nursing home administrator or use a title including “nursing home administrator” or an abbreviation of that term or similar words that would indicate that he or she is licensed under this article unless the person is licensed under this article as a nursing home administrator.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17305  Board of nursing home administrators; creation; membership.
Sec. 17305.  Subject to section 17319(2), the Michigan board of nursing home administrators is created in the department and consists of the following 9 voting members who meet the requirements of part 161:
(a) Six nursing home administrators.
(b) Three public members.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17307  Operation of nursing home; practice of nursing home administrator.
Sec. 17307.  (1) In addition to the requirements of section 21720, a nursing home shall not operate except under the direction of a nursing home administrator.
(2) A person shall not engage in the practice of nursing home administration unless the person is the holder of a valid nursing home administrator's license issued under this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17309  License; issuance; requirements.
Sec. 17309.  (1) The department shall issue a license as a nursing home administrator to a person who fulfills the requirements of this section or section 17315.
(2) An applicant for licensure as a nursing home administrator shall have satisfactorily completed a course of instruction and training approved by the department, which course shall be designed as to content and be administered as to present sufficient knowledge of the following:
(a) The needs properly to be served by a nursing home.
(b) The laws governing the operation of a nursing home and the protection of the interests of a patient in a nursing home.
(c) The elements of good nursing home administration.
(3) An applicant for licensure as a nursing home administrator shall present evidence satisfactory to the department of sufficient education and training in the fields of study described in subsection (2) or shall have been employed as a chief executive or administrative officer at a hospital licensed under article 17 for not less than 5 of the 7 years immediately preceding the date of application for a license under this part.
(4) Subject to section 16178, an applicant for licensure as a nursing home administrator shall also present evidence acceptable to the department of having passed an examination acceptable to the board and the department. The examination shall be designed to test for competence in the fields of study described in subsection (2).
An applicant for licensure as a nursing home administrator shall be of good moral character and meet any additional qualifications as may be required by rule of the department and board.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17311 Insufficient courses or training sessions; approval of course.

Sec. 17311. (1) If the department and board find that there are not a sufficient number of courses of instruction and training sufficient to meet the requirements of this part conducted within this state, the department may conduct 1 or more of those courses or training sessions, or both. The department shall ensure that a course or training session conducted under this subsection is reasonably accessible to a resident of this state.

(2) The department and board may approve a course of instruction or a training session conducted within or without this state if the department determines that it is sufficient to meet the education and training requirements of this part.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17313 License renewal; continuing education required.

Sec. 17313. (1) Subject to sections 16201 and 16204, the department shall not issue a renewal license unless the licensee presents satisfactory evidence to the department that the licensee has participated in continuing education courses of not less than 18 clock hours' duration approved by the board and department, for each year subsequent to the expiration of the individual's last license.

(2) The continuing education courses required under subsection (1) shall contain subjects related to the practice of nursing home administration acceptable to the board and the department.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17315 Nursing home administrator of Christian Science nursing home; limited license.

Sec. 17315. (1) Subject to section 16182, this part or a rule promulgated under this part shall not require an applicant for a limited license as a nursing home administrator of a Christian Science nursing home to meet a medical educational qualification or to pass an examination on medical subjects.

(2) A license issued under this section shall describe its limitation.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17317 Out-of-state license; requirements.

Sec. 17317. Subject to section 16186, the department may issue a nursing home administrator's license, without examination, to an individual who holds a current license as a nursing home administrator from another state if the applicant passes an examination approved by the department and the board which tests the individual's knowledge of law relating to practice in Michigan.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17319 Individual licensed under former article 19 of occupational code; members of nursing home administrators' board created under former section 1902 of occupational code; rules.

Sec. 17319. (1) An individual who holds a license issued under former article 19 of the occupational code, 1980 PA 299, on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this part is licensed under this part until that license expires and may renew his or her license pursuant to part 161.

(2) The members of the nursing home administrators' board created under former section 1902 of the occupational code, 1980 PA 299, shall serve as the initial members of the nursing home administrators' board created in section 17305 until their successors are appointed under this article or until the expiration of their respective terms, whichever occurs first. However, if the term of a member of the nursing home administrators' board has not expired on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this part, that term expires on June 30 of the year in which the term will expire.

(3) Rules promulgated by the nursing home administrators' board, the department, or the director under former article 19 of the occupational code, 1980 PA 299, and in effect on the effective date of the amendatory act that
PART 174
OPTOMETRY

333.17401 Definitions; principles of construction.
Sec. 17401. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Optometrist” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of optometry.
(b) “Practice of optometry” means 1 or more of the following, but does not include the performance of invasive procedures:
(i) The examination of the human eye to ascertain the presence of defects or abnormal conditions that may be corrected, remedied, or relieved, or the effects of which may be corrected, remedied, or relieved by the use of lenses, prisms, or other mechanical devices.
(ii) The employment of objective or subjective physical means to determine the accommodative or refractive conditions or the range of powers of vision or muscular equilibrium of the human eye.
(iii) The adaptation or the adjustment of the lenses or prisms or the use of therapeutic pharmaceutical agents to correct, remedy, or relieve a defect or abnormal condition or to correct, remedy, or relieve the effect of a defect or abnormal condition of the human eye.
(iv) The examination of the human eye for contact lenses and the fitting or insertion of contact lenses to the human eye.
(v) The employment of objective or subjective means, including diagnostic pharmaceutical agents by an optometrist who meets the requirements of section 17412, for the examination of the human eye for the purpose of ascertaining a departure from the normal, measuring of powers of vision, and adapting lenses for the aid of those powers.
(c) “Diagnostic pharmaceutical agent” means a topically administered prescription drug or other topically administered drug used for the purpose of investigating, analyzing, and diagnosing a defect or abnormal condition of the human eye or ocular adnexa.
(d) “Therapeutic pharmaceutical agent” means 1 or more of the following:
(i) A topically administered prescription drug or other topically administered drug used for the purpose of investigating, analyzing, diagnosing, correcting, remedying, or relieving a defect or abnormal condition of the anterior segment of the human eye or for the purpose of correcting, remedying, or relieving the effects of a defect or abnormal condition of the anterior segment of the human eye.
(ii) An orally administered antiglaucoma drug.
(iii) An orally administered prescription drug or other orally administered drug used for the purpose of investigating, analyzing, diagnosing, correcting, remedying, or relieving a defect or abnormal condition of the anterior segment of the human eye and adnexa for the purpose of investigating, analyzing, diagnosing, correcting, remedying, or relieving the effects of a defect or abnormal condition of the anterior segment of the human eye and adnexa that is administered by an optometrist who has completed 50% of the continuing education hours required for renewal of a license in the category of pharmacological management of ocular conditions.
(e) “Drug” means that term as defined in section 17703, but does not include a controlled substance as defined in section 7104 and included in schedule 2 under section 7214, an oral cortical steroid, or a prescription drug.
(f) “Prescription drug” means that term as defined in section 17708, but does not include a controlled substance as defined in section 7104 and included in schedule 2 under section 7214 or an oral cortical steroid. However, drug does include a controlled substance included in schedules 3, 4, and 5 under sections 7216, 7218, and 7220, respectively, and dihydrocodeinone combination drugs.
(g) “Physician” means that term as defined in section 17001 or 17501.
(h) “Invasive procedures” means all of the following:
(i) The use of lasers other than for observation.
(ii) The use of ionizing radiation.
(iii) The use of therapeutic ultrasound.
(iv) The administration of medication by injection.
(v) Procedures that include an incision.

(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17411 Authorization required.

Sec. 17411. A person shall not engage in the practice of optometry except as authorized by this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17412 Administration of diagnostic pharmaceutical agents; purposes; certification required; requirements for certification; completion of course of study and examination; exception.

Sec. 17412. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a licensee may administer a diagnostic pharmaceutical agent in the course of his or her practice solely for the purposes of determining the refractive, muscular, or functional origin of sources of visual discomfort or difficulty and detecting abnormalities which may be evidence of disease if the licensee is certified by the board as being qualified to administer diagnostic pharmaceutical agents pursuant to this section.

(2) The board shall certify a licensee as qualified to administer diagnostic pharmaceutical agents if the licensee meets all of the following requirements:

(a) Has successfully completed 60 classroom hours of study in general and clinical pharmacology as it relates to the practice of optometry, with particular emphasis on the use of diagnostic pharmaceutical agents for examination purposes. Not less than 30 of the 60 classroom hours shall be in ocular pharmacology and shall emphasize the systemic effects of and reactions to diagnostic pharmaceutical agents, including the emergency management and referral of any adverse reactions that may occur. The course of study shall be approved by the board, and shall be offered by a school or college of optometry that is recognized by the board as fully accredited. The course of study shall be completed before taking the examination required by this section.

(b) Has successfully completed an examination approved by the board on the subject of general and ocular pharmacology as it relates to the practice of optometry with particular emphasis on the use of diagnostic pharmaceutical agents, including emergency management and referral of any adverse reactions that may occur.

(c) Has successfully completed a course in cardiopulmonary resuscitation approved by the department of public health and offered or approved by the red cross, American heart association, an accredited hospital, or a comparable organization or institution.

(d) Has established an emergency plan for the management and referral to appropriate medical services of patients who experience adverse drug reactions resulting from the application of diagnostic pharmaceutical agents. The plan shall be approved by the board and shall, at a minimum, require the optometrist to do all of the following:

(i) Refer patients who notify the optometrist of an adverse drug reaction to appropriate medical specialists or facilities.

(ii) Routinely advise each patient to immediately contact the optometrist if the patient experiences an adverse drug reaction.

(iii) Place in the patient's permanent record information describing any adverse drug reaction experienced by the patient and the date and time that any referral was made.

(iv) Include in the plan the names of not less than 3 physicians, physician clinics, or hospitals to whom the optometrist will refer patients who experience an adverse drug reaction, at least 1 of which is skilled or specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the eye. However, if a patient being treated by the optometrist has a primary care physician, the optometrist may substitute the patient's primary care physician for a physician named in the plan, but shall not substitute the patient's primary care physician for a physician named in the plan who specializes in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the eye.

(3) The course of study and examination required by subsection (2)(a) and (b) shall be completed before certification, except that the board may certify applicants who have graduated from a school of optometry.
recognized by the board as accredited within the 5 years immediately preceding April 12, 1984, if the school's curriculum includes a course of study and examination meeting the requirements of subsection (2)(a) and (b).


**Popular name:** Act 368

**333.17414 Permissible conduct; untruthful, misleading, or deceptive statements in advertisement or notice prohibited.**

Sec. 17414. (1) This part does not prohibit:

(a) An optician from the adjusting, replacing, repairing, or reproducing of previously prepared eyeglasses or any part thereof.

(b) An unlicensed person from selling eyeglasses on prescription from an optometrist or physician.

(c) A person who does not hold himself or herself out as being a licensee under this part from selling eyeglasses as an article of merchandise.

(2) It shall be unlawful for any person licensed under this part, or any individual, firm or corporation engaged in the sale of merchandise of any description who maintains or operates, or who allows to be maintained or operated in connection with said merchandise business, an optometric department, or who rents or subleases to any person or persons for the purpose of engaging in the practice of optometry therein, any part of premises in which such person, persons, firm or corporation is engaged in mercantile business, to publish or circulate, or print or cause to be printed, by any means whatsoever, any advertisement or notice in which said advertisement or notice appears, any untruthful or misleading statement, or anything calculated or intended to mislead or deceive the public or any individual.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**333.17421 Michigan board of optometry; creation; membership.**

Sec. 17421. The Michigan board of optometry is created in the department and shall consist of the following 9 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 5 optometrists and 4 public members.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**333.17431 Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.**

Sec. 17431. (1) Notwithstanding the requirements of part 161, the board may require a licensee seeking renewal of a license to furnish the board with satisfactory evidence that during the 2 years immediately preceding the application for renewal the licensee has attended an education program approved by the board and totaling not less than 40 hours in subjects related to the practice of optometry and designed to further educate licensees.

(2) As required under section 16204, the board shall promulgate rules requiring each applicant for license renewal to complete as part of the education program required under subsection (1) an appropriate number of hours or courses in pain and symptom management.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**333.17432 Duties of optometrist upon determining symptoms evidencing disease; conditions requiring consultation with physician for further diagnosis and treatment; diagnosis and treatment of glaucoma.**

Sec. 17432. (1) Whether or not diagnostic pharmaceutical agents or therapeutic pharmaceutical agents have been used, if an optometrist determines from interviewing or examining a patient, using judgment and that degree of skill, care, knowledge, and attention ordinarily possessed and exercised by optometrists in good standing under like circumstances, that there are present in that patient signs or symptoms that may be evidence of disease that the optometrist is not authorized to treat under this part, then the optometrist shall do both of the following:

(a) Promptly advise that patient to seek evaluation by an appropriate physician for diagnosis and possible treatment.

(b) Not attempt to treat the condition by the use of diagnostic pharmaceutical agents, therapeutic pharmaceutical agents, or any other means.
(2) Subject to subsections (3) and (4), if an optometrist treats a patient for a condition or disease that the optometrist is authorized to treat under this part, and if that condition or disease may be related to a nonlocalized or systemic condition or disease or does not demonstrate adequate clinical progress as a result of the treatment, the optometrist shall consult an appropriate physician for further diagnosis and possible treatment and to determine if the condition or disease is related to a nonlocalized or systemic condition or disease.

(3) When a diagnosis of glaucoma is made and treatment has begun, the treating optometrist shall consult an appropriate physician for further diagnosis and possible treatment if the condition does not demonstrate adequate clinical progress as a result of the treatment.

(4) If an optometrist diagnoses that a patient has acute glaucoma, the optometrist shall, as soon as possible, consult a physician for further diagnosis and possible treatment.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to reimbursement from public or private third-party payer.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17435 Administration and prescription of therapeutic pharmaceutical agents; certification requirements.

Sec. 17435. (1) A licensee may administer and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents in the course of his or her practice if the licensee is certified by the board as being qualified to administer and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents pursuant to this section.

(2) The board shall certify a licensee as qualified to administer and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents if the licensee meets all of the following requirements:

(a) Has met the certification requirements to administer diagnostic pharmaceutical agents under section 17412.

(b) Has successfully earned at least 10 quarter hours or 7 semester hours of credit or successfully completed 100 classroom hours of study in courses relating to the didactic and clinical use of therapeutic pharmaceutical agents from a school or college of optometry that is recognized by the board as fully accredited.

(c) Has established a management plan in the event a patient has an ocular condition or disease that may be related to a nonlocalized or systemic condition or disease or to an adverse drug reaction, or that does not demonstrate adequate clinical progress as a result of treatment. The plan shall meet the requirements of section 17412(2)(d). A licensee who has an emergency plan approved by the board under section 17412(2)(d) at the time he or she applies for certification to administer and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents is in compliance with this subdivision.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17437 Time of certification.

Sec. 17437. Except for a licensee from another state who is seeking licensure in this state, an optometrist licensed after the effective date of this section who intends to obtain certification to administer diagnostic pharmaceutical agents and to administer and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents shall obtain the certification at the time of initial licensure.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 175
OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE AND SURGERY

333.17501 Definitions; principles of construction.

Sec. 17501. (1) As used in this part:

(a) “Medical care services” means those services within the scope of practice of physicians licensed and approved by the board, except those services that the board determines shall not be delegated by a physician without endangering the health and safety of patients as provided for in section 17548(3).

(b) “Physician” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of osteopathic medicine
and surgery.

(c) “Practice of osteopathic medicine and surgery” means a separate, complete, and independent school of medicine and surgery utilizing full methods of diagnosis and treatment in physical and mental health and disease, including the prescription and administration of drugs and biologicals, operative surgery, obstetrics, radiological and other electromagnetic emissions, and placing special emphasis on the interrelationship of the musculoskeletal system to other body systems.

(d) “Practice as a physician’s assistant” means the practice of osteopathic medicine performed under the supervision of a physician licensed under this part or part 170.

(e) “Supervision” has the meaning ascribed to it in section 16109 except that it includes the existence of a predetermined plan for emergency situations, including, but not limited to, the designation of a physician to supervise a physician's assistant in the absence of the primary supervising physician.

(f) “Task force” means the joint task force created in sections 17025 and 17525.

(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in the code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17508 Physician's assistant; health profession subfield.

Sec. 17508. Practice as a physician's assistant is a health profession subfield of the practice of osteopathic medicine and surgery and the practice of medicine.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17511 License or authorization required.

Sec. 17511. A person shall not engage in the practice of osteopathic medicine and surgery or practice as a physician's assistant unless licensed or otherwise authorized by this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17512 Postgraduate study; full or limited license required; requirements of limited license; responsibility for training; limited license renewable.

Sec. 17512. (1) An individual shall not engage in postgraduate study before obtaining a full or limited license to practice under this part.

(2) A limited license for a postgraduate shall require that the individual confine his or her practice and training to a hospital or institution approved by the board for the training. The hospital or institution is responsible for the training. A limited license for a postgraduate is renewable for not more than 5 years.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17513 Alternative methods of treatment of breast cancer; duty of physician to inform patient; standardized written summary or brochure.

Sec. 17513. (1) Beginning November 6, 1986, a physician who is administering the primary treatment for breast cancer to a patient who has been diagnosed as having breast cancer shall inform the patient, orally and in writing, about alternative methods of treatment of the cancer, including surgical, radiological, or chemotherapeutic treatments, or any other generally accepted medical treatment. The physician also shall inform the patient about the advantages, disadvantages, and risks of each method of treatment and about the procedures involved in each method of treatment.

(2) If a patient receives a standardized written summary or brochure, as described in section 17013(2) or (3), the physician shall be in full compliance with this section, including both the written and oral requirements.

(3) A physician’s duty to inform a patient under this section does not require disclosure of information beyond what a reasonably well-qualified physician licensed under this article would know.


Popular name: Act 368
333.17515  Compliance with § 333.17015.

Sec. 17515. A physician, before performing an abortion on a patient, shall comply with section 17015.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17516  Performance of partial-birth abortion prohibited.

Sec. 17516. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a physician or an individual performing an act, task, or function under the delegatory authority of a physician shall not perform a partial-birth abortion, even if the abortion is otherwise permitted by law.

(2) A physician or an individual described in subsection (1) may perform a partial-birth abortion if the physician or other individual reasonably believes that performing the partial-birth abortion is necessary to save the life of a pregnant woman whose life is endangered by a physical disorder, physical illness, or physical injury and that no other medical procedure will accomplish that purpose.

(3) This section does not create a right to abortion.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a person shall not perform an abortion that is prohibited by law.

(5) As used in this section:

(a) “Abortion” means the intentional use of an instrument, drug, or other substance or device to terminate a woman's pregnancy for a purpose other than to increase the probability of a live birth, to preserve the life or health of the child after live birth, or to remove a dead fetus. Abortion does not include a procedure to complete a spontaneous abortion or the use or prescription of a drug or device intended as a contraceptive.

(b) “Fetus” means an individual organism of the species homo sapiens at any time before complete delivery from a pregnant woman.

(c) “Partial-birth abortion” means an abortion in which the physician or individual acting under the delegatory authority of the physician performing the abortion partially vaginally delivers a living fetus before killing the fetus and completing the delivery.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17520  Genetic test; informed consent.

Sec. 17520. (1) Except as otherwise provided for a test performed under section 5431 and except as otherwise provided by law, beginning upon the expiration of 6 months after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section, a physician or an individual to whom the physician has delegated authority to perform a selected act, task, or function under section 16215 shall not order a presymptomatic or predictive genetic test without first obtaining the written, informed consent of the test subject, pursuant to this section.

(2) For purposes of subsection (1), written, informed consent consists of a signed writing executed by the test subject or the legally authorized representative of the test subject that confirms that the physician or the individual acting under the delegatory authority of the physician has explained, and the test subject or the legally authorized representative of the test subject understands, at a minimum, all of the following:

(a) The nature and purpose of the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test.

(b) The effectiveness and limitations of the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test.

(c) The implications of taking the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test, including, but not limited to, the medical risks and benefits.

(d) The future uses of the sample taken from the test subject in order to conduct the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test and the information obtained from the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test.

(e) The meaning of the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test results and the procedure for providing notice of the results to the test subject.

(f) Who will have access to the sample taken from the test subject in order to conduct the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test and the information obtained from the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test, and the test subject's right to confidential treatment of the sample and the information.

(3) Within 6 months after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section, the department of community health, in consultation with the Michigan board of medicine, the Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery, at least 1 physician who is board certified by the American board of medical genetics, and appropriate professional organizations, shall develop and distribute a model informed consent form for purposes of this section that practitioners may adopt. The department of community health shall include in the model form at
least all of the information required under subsection (2). The department of community health shall distribute the model form to physicians and other individuals subject to this section upon request and at no charge. The department of community health shall review the model form at least annually for 5 years after the first model form is distributed, and shall revise the model form if necessary to make the form reflect the latest developments in medical genetics.

(4) The department of community health, in consultation with the entities described in subsection (3), may also develop and distribute a pamphlet that provides further explanation of the information included in the model informed consent form.

(5) If a test subject or his or her legally authorized representative signs a copy of the model informed consent form developed and distributed under subsection (3), the physician or individual acting under the delegatory authority of the physician shall give the test subject a copy of the signed informed consent form and shall include the original signed informed consent form in the test subject's medical record.

(6) If a test subject or his or her legally authorized representative signs a copy of the model informed consent form developed and distributed under subsection (3), the test subject is barred from subsequently bringing a civil action for damages against the physician, or an individual to whom the physician delegated the authority to perform a selected act, task, or function under section 16215, who ordered the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test, based on failure to obtain informed consent for the presymptomatic or predictive genetic test.

(7) A physician’s duty to inform a patient under this section does not require disclosure of information beyond what a reasonably well-qualified physician licensed under this article would know.

(8) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (9), as used in this section:

(a) “Genetic information” means information about a gene, gene product, or inherited characteristic which information is derived from a genetic test.

(b) “Genetic test” means the analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, and those proteins and metabolites used to detect heritable or somatic disease-related genotypes or karyotypes for clinical purposes. A genetic test must be generally accepted in the scientific and medical communities as being specifically determinative for the presence, absence, or mutation of a gene or chromosome in order to qualify under this definition. Genetic test does not include a routine physical examination or a routine analysis, including, but not limited to, a chemical analysis, of body fluids, unless conducted specifically to determine the presence, absence, or mutation of a gene or chromosome.

(c) “Predictive genetic test” means a genetic test performed for the purpose of predicting the future probability that the test subject will develop a genetically related disease or disability.

(d) “Presymptomatic genetic test” means a genetic test performed before the onset of clinical symptoms or indications of disease.

(9) For purposes of subsection (8)(b), the term “genetic test” does not include a procedure performed as a component of biomedical research that is conducted pursuant to federal common rule under 21 C.F.R. parts 50 and 56 and 45 C.F.R. part 46.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17521  Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery; creation; membership; waiver; certain powers and duties prohibited.

Sec. 17521. (1) The Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery is created in the department and shall consist of the following 9 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 5 physicians, 1 physician's assistant, and 3 public members.

(2) The requirement of section 16135(d) that a board member shall have practiced that profession for 2 years immediately before appointment is waived until September 30, 1980 for members of the board who are licensed in a health profession subfield created by this part. The Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery does not have the powers and duties vested in the task force by sections 17060 to 17084.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to rules establishing standards and criteria.

Popular name: Act 368
333.17525   Joint task force; creation; purpose; membership; waiver; powers and duties.

Sec. 17525.  (1) A joint task force to advise the board of osteopathic medicine and surgery and the board of medicine is created for the health profession subfields licensed under this part and part 170. The task force shall consist of the following 9 members, who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 1 member each from the board of osteopathic medicine and surgery and the board of medicine holding a license other than a health profession subfield license, 5 physician's assistants, and 2 public members.

(2) The requirement of section 16135(d) that a task force member shall have practiced that profession for 2 years immediately before appointment is waived until October 1, 1980 for members of the task force who are licensed in a health profession subfield created by this part.

(3) The task force shall have the powers and duties prescribed in sections 17058 to 17088.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17531   Postgraduate education as condition for more than limited licensure.

Sec. 17531.  An applicant, in addition to completing the requirements for the degree in osteopathic medicine and surgery, shall complete a period of postgraduate education to attain proficiency in the practice of the profession as prescribed by the board in rules as a condition for more than limited licensure.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17533   Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.

Sec. 17533.  (1) Notwithstanding the requirements of part 161, the board may require a licensee seeking renewal of a license to furnish the board with satisfactory evidence that during the 3 years immediately preceding an application for renewal the licensee has attended continuing education courses or programs approved by the board and totaling not less than 150 hours in subjects related to the practice of osteopathic medicine and surgery and designed to further educate licensees.

(2) As required under section 16204, the board shall promulgate rules requiring each applicant for license renewal to complete as part of the continuing education requirement of subsection (1) an appropriate number of hours or courses in pain and symptom management.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed sections pertained to supervision of physician's assistants.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17548   Limitation on number of physician's assistants supervised; prohibiting or restricting delegation of medical care service or requiring higher levels of supervision; delegation of ultimate responsibility prohibited; rules as to drugs; ordering, receiving, and dispensing complimentary starter dose drugs.

Sec. 17548.  (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and section 17549(5), a physician who is a sole practitioner or who practices in a group of physicians and treats patients on an outpatient basis shall not supervise more than 4 physician's assistants. If a physician described in this subsection supervises physician's assistants at more than 1 practice site, the physician shall not supervise more than 2 physician's assistants by a method other than the physician's actual physical presence at the practice site.

(2) A physician who is employed by or under contract or subcontract to or has privileges at a health facility licensed under article 17 or a state correctional facility may supervise more than 4 physician's assistants at the health facility or agency or state correctional facility.

(3) To the extent that a particular selected medical care service requires extensive medical training, education, or ability or pose serious risks to the health and safety of patients, the board may prohibit or otherwise restrict the delegation of that medical care service or may require higher levels of supervision.

(4) A physician shall not delegate ultimate responsibility for the quality of medical care services, even if the medical care services are provided by a physician's assistant.

(5) The board may promulgate rules for the delegation by a supervising physician to a physician's assistant of the
function of prescription of drugs. The rules may define the drugs or classes of drugs the prescription of which shall not be delegated and other procedures and protocols necessary to promote consistency with federal and state drug control and enforcement laws. Until the rules are promulgated, a supervising physician may delegate the prescription of drugs other than controlled substances as defined by article 7 or federal law. When delegated prescription occurs, both the physician's assistant's name and the supervising physician's name shall be used, recorded, or otherwise indicated in connection with each individual prescription.

(6) A supervising physician may delegate in writing to a physician's assistant the ordering, receipt, and dispensing of complimentary starter dose drugs other than controlled substances as defined by article 7 or federal law. When the delegated ordering, receipt, or dispensing of complimentary starter dose drugs occurs, both the physician's assistant's name and the supervising physician's name shall be used, recorded, or otherwise indicated in connection with each order, receipt, or dispensing. As used in this subsection, “complimentary starter dose” means that term as defined in section 17745. It is the intent of the legislature in enacting this subsection to allow a pharmaceutical manufacturer or wholesale distributor, as those terms are defined in part 177, to distribute complimentary starter dose drugs to a physician's assistant, as described in this subsection, in compliance with section 503(d) of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, chapter 675, 52 Stat. 1051, 21 U.S.C. 353.


Popular name: Act 368


333.17549 Responsibilities of physician supervising physician's assistant.

Sec. 17549. (1) In addition to the other requirements of this section and subject to subsection (5), a physician who supervises a physician's assistant is responsible for all of the following:

(a) Verification of the physician's assistant's credentials.

(b) Evaluation of the physician's assistant's performance.

(c) Monitoring the physician's assistant's practice and provision of medical care services.

(2) Subject to section 17548, a physician who supervises a physician's assistant may delegate to the physician's assistant the performance of medical care services for a patient who is under the case management responsibility of the physician, if the delegation is consistent with the physician's assistant's training.

(3) A physician who supervises a physician's assistant is responsible for the clinical supervision of each physician's assistant to whom the physician delegates the performance of medical care service under subsection (2).

(4) Subject to subsection (5), a physician who supervises a physician's assistant shall keep on file in the physician's office or in the health facility or agency or state correctional facility in which the physician supervises the physician's assistant a permanent, written record that includes the physician's name and license number and the name and license number of each physician's assistant supervised by the physician.

(5) A group of physicians practicing other than as sole practitioners may designate 1 or more physicians in the group to fulfill the requirements of subsections (1) and (4).


Popular name: Act 368

333.17550 Supervision prohibited; grounds.

Sec. 17550. In addition to its other powers and duties under this article, the board may prohibit a physician from supervising 1 or more physician's assistants for any of the grounds set forth in section 16221 or for failure to supervise a physician's assistant in accordance with this part and rules promulgated under this part.


Popular name: Act 368


333.17554 Criteria for approval or evaluation; recommendations.

Sec. 17554. The board shall make written recommendations on criteria for the approval of physician's assistants and on criteria for the evaluation of physician's assistants' training programs to the task force on physician's assistants.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17556 Exemption.
Sec. 17556. This part does not apply to a student in training to become a physician's assistant while performing duties assigned as part of the training.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 177

PHARMACY PRACTICE AND DRUG CONTROL

333.17701 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.

Sec. 17701. (1) For purposes of this part the words and phrases defined in sections 17702 to 17709 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17702 Definitions; B, C.

Sec. 17702. (1) “Brand name” means the registered trademark name given to a drug product by its manufacturer.

(2) “Current selling price” means the retail price for a prescription drug which is available for sale from a pharmacy.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17703 Definitions; D.

Sec. 17703. (1) “Device” means an instrument, apparatus, or contrivance, including its components, parts, and accessories, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or other animals, or to affect the structure or function of the body of human beings or other animals.

(2) “Dispense” means to issue 1 or more doses of a drug for subsequent administration to, or use by, a patient.

(3) “Dispensing prescriber” means a prescriber, other than a veterinarian, who dispenses prescription drugs.

(4) “Drug” means any of the following:

(a) A substance recognized or for which the standards or specifications are prescribed in the official compendium.

(b) A substance intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or other animals.

(c) A substance, other than food, intended to affect the structure or a function of the body of human beings or other animals.

(d) A substance intended for use as a component of a substance specified in subdivision (a), (b), or (c), but not including a device or its components, parts, or accessories.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17704 Definitions; F to I.


(2) “Generic name” means the established or official name of a drug or drug product.

(3) “Harmful drug” means a drug intended for use by human beings which is harmful because of its toxicity, habit-forming nature, or other potential adverse effect, the method of its use, or the collateral measures necessary to its safe and effective use, and which is designated as harmful by the board according to rule.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17705 Definitions; L.
Sec. 17705. (1) “Label” means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter on the immediate container of a drug or device, but does not include package liners. A requirement made by or under authority of this part that a word, statement, or other information appear on the label is not complied with unless the word, statement, or other information appears on the outside container or wrapper of the retail package of the drug or device as displayed for sale or is easily legible through an outside container or wrapper.

(2) “Labeling” means the labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter on a drug or device or its container or wrapper, or accompanying the drug or device.

(3) “License” in addition to the definition in section 16106 means a pharmacy license, drug control license, or a manufacturer or wholesale distributor of drugs or devices license.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17706 Definitions; M, O.

Sec. 17706. (1) “Manufacturer” means a person who prepares, produces, derives, propagates, compounds, processes, packages, or repackages a drug or device salable on prescription only, or otherwise changes the container or the labeling of a drug or device salable on prescription only, and who supplies, distributes, sells, offers for sale, barters, or otherwise disposes of that drug or device and any other drug or device salable on prescription only, to another person for resale, compounding, or dispensing.

(2) “Official compendium” means the United States pharmacopoeia and national formulary, homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States, or a supplement thereof existing on July 1, 1983.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17707 Definitions; P.

Sec. 17707. (1) “Personal charge” means the immediate physical presence of a pharmacist or dispensing prescriber.

(2) “Pharmacist” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of pharmacy.

(3) “Pharmacist intern” or “intern” means an individual who satisfactorily completes the requirements set forth in rules promulgated by the board and is licensed by the board for the purpose of obtaining instruction in the practice of pharmacy from a preceptor approved by the board.

(4) “Pharmacy” means a building or part of a building in which the practice of pharmacy is conducted.

(5) “Practice of pharmacy” means a health service, the clinical application of which includes the encouragement of safety and efficacy in the prescribing, dispensing, administering, and use of drugs and related articles for the prevention of illness, and the maintenance and management of health. Professional functions associated with the practice of pharmacy include:

(a) The interpretation and evaluation of the prescription.

(b) Drug product selection.

(c) The compounding, dispensing, safe storage, and distribution of drugs and devices.

(d) The maintenance of legally required records.

(e) Advising the prescriber and the patient as required as to contents, therapeutic action, utilization, and possible adverse reactions or interactions of drugs.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17708 Definitions; P.

Sec. 17708. (1) “Preceptor” means a pharmacist approved by the board to direct the training of an intern in an approved pharmacy.

(2) “Prescriber” means a licensed dentist, a licensed doctor of medicine, a licensed doctor of osteopathic medicine and surgery, a licensed doctor of podiatric medicine and surgery, a licensed optometrist certified under part 174 to administer and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents, a licensed veterinarian, or another licensed health professional acting under the delegation and using, recording, or otherwise indicating the name of the delegating licensed doctor of medicine or licensed doctor of osteopathic medicine and surgery.

(3) “Prescription” means an order for a drug or device written and signed or transmitted by other means of communication by a prescriber to be filled, compounded, or dispensed. Prescribing is limited to a prescriber. An order transmitted in other than written form shall be recorded or written and immediately dated by the pharmacist,
and that record constitutes the original prescription. In a health facility or agency licensed under article 17 or other medical institution, an order for a drug or device in the patient's chart constitutes for the purposes of this definition the original prescription. Subject to section 17751(2), prescription includes, but is not limited to, an order for a drug, not including a controlled substance as defined in section 7104 except under circumstances described in section 17763(g), written and signed or transmitted by other means of communication by a physician prescriber licensed to practice in a state other than Michigan.

(4) “Prescription drug” means 1 or more of the following:
(a) A drug dispensed pursuant to a prescription.
(b) A drug bearing the federal legend “CAUTION: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription”.
(c) A drug designated by the board as a drug that may only be dispensed pursuant to a prescription.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17709 Definitions; S to W.
Sec. 17709. (1) “Substitute” means to dispense, without the prescriber's authorization, a different drug in place of the drug prescribed.
(2) “Wholesale distributor” means a person, other than a manufacturer, who supplies, distributes, sells, offers for sale, barters, or otherwise disposes of, to other persons for resale, compounding, or dispensing, a drug or device salable on prescription only that the distributor has not prepared, produced, derived, propagated, compounded, processed, packaged, or repackaged, or otherwise changed the container or the labeling thereof.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17711 License or authorization required.
Sec. 17711. A person shall not engage in the practice of pharmacy unless licensed or otherwise authorized by this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17721 Michigan board of pharmacy; creation; membership.
Sec. 17721. The Michigan board of pharmacy is created in the department and shall consist of the following 11 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 6 pharmacists and 5 public members.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17722 Michigan board of pharmacy; duties generally.
Sec. 17722. In addition to the functions set forth in part 161, the board shall:
(a) Regulate, control, and inspect the character and standard of pharmacy practice and of drugs and devices manufactured, distributed, prescribed, dispensed, administered, or issued in this state and procure samples and limit or prevent the sale of drugs and devices that do not comply with this part.
(b) Prescribe minimum criteria for the use of professional and technical equipment and references in the compounding and dispensing of drugs and devices.
(c) Grant a pharmacy license for each separate place of practice in which the compounding or dispensing of prescription drugs or devices, or both, or the receiving of prescription orders in this state is to be conducted.
(d) Grant a drug control license for the place of practice of a dispensing prescriber who meets the requirements for the license.
(e) Grant a license to a manufacturer or a wholesale distributor of prescription drugs who meets the requirements for the license.


Popular name: Act 368


333.17726 License; issuance.
Sec. 17726. The department shall issue a license to an applicant who is granted a license by the board.


Popular name: Act 368
333.17731 Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.

Sec. 17731. (1) Notwithstanding the requirements of part 161, the board may require a licensee seeking renewal of a pharmacist's license to furnish the board with satisfactory evidence that during the 2 years immediately preceding application for renewal the applicant has attended continuing education courses or programs, approved by the board, totaling not less than 30 hours or the satisfactory completion of a proficiency examination according to rules promulgated by the board.

(2) As required under section 16204, the board shall promulgate rules requiring each applicant for license renewal to complete as part of the continuing education or proficiency examination requirement of subsection (1) an appropriate number of hours or courses in pain and symptom management.


Popular name: Act 368


333.17733 Relicensure of pharmacist; requirements.

Sec. 17733. A pharmacist who has not actively engaged in the practice of pharmacy for more than 3 consecutive years may be granted relicensure upon application and completion of a program of practical pharmacy experience of at least 200 hours, as determined by the board.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17737 Rules establishing standards for internship program; limited license required.

Sec. 17737. (1) The board shall promulgate rules to establish standards for an internship program and participation therein by interns and preceptors.

(2) An individual shall not engage in an internship program which includes the practice of pharmacy without a limited license under this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17741 Pharmacy license required; personal charge of pharmacy by pharmacist; responsibility for compliance with laws; control and personal charge of pharmacy services; effect of violation on pharmacy license.

Sec. 17741. (1) A pharmacy shall not be operated unless licensed by this part.

(2) A pharmacy open for business shall be under the personal charge of a pharmacist. A pharmacist shall not simultaneously have personal charge of more than 1 pharmacy. The person to whom a pharmacy license is issued and the pharmacists on duty are responsible for compliance with federal and state laws regulating the distribution of drugs and the practice of pharmacy. Pharmacy services shall be conducted under the control and personal charge of a pharmacist.

(3) A penalty for violation of this part does not affect the pharmacy license of other than the place of business where the violation occurred.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17742 Disclosure.

Sec. 17742. (1) The board may require an applicant or the holder of a pharmacy, manufacturer's, or wholesale distributor's license to fully disclose the identity of each partner, stockholder, officer, or member of the board of directors of the pharmacy, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor, as applicable.

(2) As used in this section and section 17768, “applicant” means a person applying for a pharmacy, manufacturer's, or wholesale distributor's license under this article. Applicant includes only 1 or more of the following:

(a) An individual, if the person applying is an individual.

(b) All partners, including limited partners, if the person applying is a partnership.

(c) All stockholders, officers, and members of the board of directors, if the person applying is a privately held corporation.

PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

333.17743 Pharmacy license; contents; duration.
Sec. 17743. (1) A pharmacy license shall contain the name of the licensee, the address of the place of practice, a description of the pharmacy and the premises thereof, and other information the board requires.
(2) A pharmacy license is valid for 2 years, commencing on the date of issue and terminating on the date prescribed for pharmacists in section 16194.

333.17745 Drug control license; patient's chart or clinical record to include record of drugs dispensed; delegating authority to dispense drugs; storage of drugs; containers; labels; complimentary starter dose drug; information; compliance with § 333.7303a; inspection of locations; limitation on delegation; receipt of complimentary starter dose drugs by pharmacist; “complimentary starter dose” defined.
Sec. 17745. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a prescriber who wishes to dispense prescription drugs shall obtain from the board a drug control license for each location in which the storage and dispensing of prescription drugs occur. A drug control license is not necessary if the dispensing occurs in the emergency department, emergency room, or trauma center of a hospital licensed under article 17 or if the dispensing involves only the issuance of complimentary starter dose drugs.
(2) A dispensing prescriber shall dispense prescription drugs only to his or her own patients.
(3) A dispensing prescriber shall include in a patient's chart or clinical record a complete record, including prescription drug names, dosages, and quantities, of all prescription drugs dispensed directly by the dispensing prescriber or indirectly under his or her delegatory authority. If prescription drugs are dispensed under the prescriber's delegatory authority, the delegate who dispenses the prescription drugs shall initial the patient's chart, clinical record, or log of prescription drugs dispensed. In a patient's chart or clinical record, a dispensing prescriber shall distinguish between prescription drugs dispensed to the patient and prescription drugs prescribed for the patient. A dispensing prescriber shall retain information required under this subsection for not less than 5 years after the information is entered in the patient's chart or clinical record.
(4) A dispensing prescriber shall store prescription drugs under conditions that will maintain their stability, integrity, and effectiveness and will assure that the prescription drugs are free of contamination, deterioration, and adulteration.
(5) A dispensing prescriber shall store prescription drugs in a substantially constructed, securely lockable cabinet. Access to the cabinet shall be limited to individuals authorized to dispense prescription drugs in compliance with this part and article 7.
(6) Unless otherwise requested by a patient, a dispensing prescriber shall dispense a prescription drug in a safety closure container that complies with the poison prevention packaging act of 1970, Public Law 91-601, 84 Stat. 1670.
(7) A dispensing prescriber shall dispense a drug in a container that bears a label containing all of the following information:
(a) The name and address of the location from which the prescription drug is dispensed.
(b) The patient's name and record number.
(c) The date the prescription drug was dispensed.
(d) The prescriber's name.
(e) The directions for use.
(f) The name and strength of the prescription drug.
(g) The quantity dispensed.
(h) The expiration date of the prescription drug or the statement required under section 17756.
(8) A dispensing prescriber who dispenses a complimentary starter dose drug to a patient shall give the patient at least all of the following information, either by dispensing the complimentary starter dose drug to the patient in a container that bears a label containing the information or by giving the patient a written document which may include, but is not limited to, a preprinted insert that comes with the complimentary starter dose drug, that contains the information:
(a) The name and strength of the complimentary starter dose drug.
(b) Directions for the patient's use of the complimentary starter dose drug.
(c) The expiration date of the complimentary starter dose drug or the statement required under section 17756.

(9) The information required under subsection (8) is in addition to, and does not supersede or modify, other state or federal law regulating the labeling of prescription drugs.

(10) In addition to meeting the requirements of this part, a dispensing prescriber who dispenses controlled substances shall comply with section 7303a.

(11) The board may periodically inspect locations from which prescription drugs are dispensed.

(12) The act, task, or function of dispensing prescription drugs shall be delegated only as provided in section 16215 and this part.

(13) A supervising physician may delegate in writing to a pharmacist practicing in a hospital pharmacy within a hospital licensed under article 17 the receipt of complimentary starter dose drugs other than controlled substances as defined by article 7 or federal law. When the delegated receipt of complimentary starter dose drugs occurs, both the pharmacist's name and the supervising physician's name shall be used, recorded, or otherwise indicated in connection with each receipt. A pharmacist described in this subsection may dispense a prescription for complimentary starter dose drugs written or transmitted by other means of communication by a prescriber.

(14) As used in this section, “complimentary starter dose” means a prescription drug packaged, dispensed, and distributed in accordance with state and federal law that is provided to a dispensing prescriber free of charge by a manufacturer or distributor and dispensed free of charge by the dispensing prescriber to his or her patients.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17745a Definitions; individuals delegated authority to dispense prescriptions; delegating delivery of certain oral contraceptives; circumstances; delegating delivery of methadone.

Sec. 17745a. (1) As used in this section:

(a) “Medicaid” means the program of medical assistance established under title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396f, 1396g-1 to 1396r-6, and 1396r-8 to 1396v.

(b) “Medicare” means the federal medicare program established under title XVIII of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1395 to 1395b, 1395b-2, 1395b-6 to 1395b-7, 1395c to 1395i, 1395i-2 to 1395i-5, 1395j to 1395t, 1395u to 1395w, 1395w-2 to 1395w-21 to 1395w-28, 1395x to 1395yy, and 1395bbb to 1395ggg.

(c) “Public health program” means 1 of the following:

(i) A local health department.

(ii) A migrant health center or a community health center as defined under sections 329 and 330 of subpart I of part C of title III of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. 254b and 254c.

(iii) A family planning program designated by the family independence agency as a provider type 23 under the social welfare act, 1939 PA 280, MCL 400.1 to 400.119b, and verified by the department of community health.

(iv) A methadone treatment program licensed under article 6.

(v) A rural health clinic.

(vi) A hospice rendering emergency care services in a patient's home as described in section 17746.

(d) “Rural health clinic” means a rural health clinic as defined in section 1861 of part C of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395x, that is certified to participate in medicaid and medicare.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (3) and (4), in a public health program without an on-site pharmacy, a dispensing prescriber may delegate the dispensing of prescription drugs only to the following individuals:

(a) A registered professional nurse licensed under part 172.

(b) A physician's assistant licensed under part 170 or part 175, if the delegating dispensing prescriber is responsible for the clinical supervision of the physician's assistant.

(3) In a public health program without an on-site pharmacy, a dispensing prescriber may delegate the delivery of prescription drugs consisting only of prelabeled, prepackaged oral contraceptives under the following circumstances:

(a) The delivery is delegated to an appropriately trained individual.

(b) The delivery is performed pursuant to specific, written protocols.

(4) In a methadone treatment program licensed under article 6 without an on-site pharmacy, a dispensing prescriber may delegate the delivery of a prescription drug consisting only of 1 or more single doses of methadone,
up to the maximum number of single doses allowed by law, to a registered client of the methadone treatment program, if all of the following requirements are met:

(a) The delivery is delegated to 1 of the following individuals:
   (i) A registered professional nurse or a licensed practical nurse licensed under part 172.
   (ii) A physician's assistant licensed under part 170 or part 175, but only if the delegating dispensing prescriber is responsible for the clinical supervision of the physician's assistant.

(b) The delivery is performed pursuant to specific, written protocols.

(c) The prescription drug described in this subsection is labeled in accordance with section 17745.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17745b Industrial clinic or prescriber practice without on-site pharmacy; dispensing prescription drug.

Sec. 17745b. (1) Subject to subsection (3), in an industrial clinic or other prescriber practice location without an on-site pharmacy, a dispensing prescriber may delegate the dispensing of prescription drugs only to the following individuals:

(a) A registered professional nurse licensed under part 172.

(b) A physician's assistant licensed under part 170 or part 175, If the dispensing prescriber is responsible for the clinical supervision of the physician's assistant.

(2) In an industrial clinic or other prescriber practice location without an on-site pharmacy, if a dispensing prescriber does not delegate the dispensing of a prescription drug, the dispensing prescriber shall do both of the following:

(a) Be physically present at the time the prescription drug is dispensed.

(b) Immediately before the prescription drug is dispensed, perform a final inspection of the type of prescription drug, labeling, dosage, and amount of the prescription drug dispensed.

(3) A dispensing prescriber who delegates the dispensing of a prescription drug to a patient in an industrial clinic or other prescriber practice location without an on-site pharmacy shall not delegate the dispensing of more than a 72-hour supply of the prescription drug.

(4) Before dispensing a prescription drug to a patient in an industrial clinic or other prescriber practice location without an on-site pharmacy, a dispensing prescriber who intends to charge for dispensing the drug shall give a written prescription to the patient and shall instruct the patient that he or she may elect to have the prescription filled by the dispensing prescriber or the patient's pharmacy of choice.

(5) If a dispensing prescriber intends to charge for dispensing a prescription drug to a patient in an industrial clinic or other prescriber practice location without an on-site pharmacy, the dispensing prescriber shall inform the patient of that fact before dispensing the prescription drug to the patient. The dispensing prescriber also shall list the charge for dispensing the prescription drug as a separate item on the patient's bill.

(6) This section does not apply to public health programs as defined in section 17745a.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17746 Hospice emergency care services in patients' homes; medication box exchange program.

Sec. 17746. A pharmacy may establish a medication box exchange program for hospice emergency care services rendered in patients’ homes, pursuant to this section and rules promulgated under this section. The pharmacist in charge of the pharmacy shall be responsible for developing, implementing, and coordinating the program in conjunction with the medical director of the hospice program. The pharmacist in charge of the pharmacy shall be responsible for obtaining prescriptions from the hospice medical director for the drugs dispensed from a medication box. The board may promulgate rules to implement this section.


Popular name: Act 368


333.17747 Drug control license; contents; duration; renewal; conditions; license as automatically void.

Sec. 17747. (1) A drug control license shall contain the name and address of the dispensing prescriber and each
location in which the storage and dispensing of drugs occur and other information the board requires.

(2) A drug control license is valid until the date on which the dispensing prescriber's professional license must be renewed, at which time the drug control license shall be renewed. The drug control license shall be renewed automatically, if both of the following conditions are met:

(a) The dispensing prescriber indicates that he or she dispenses drugs and desires to continue to do so.
(b) The dispensing prescriber renews his or her professional license.

(3) A dispensing prescriber whose drug control license is renewed pursuant to subsection (2) is subject to section 16226 and the other requirements of this article and article 7.

(4) A drug control license is automatically void if a board suspends or revokes the licensee's health professional license.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17748 Pharmacy, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor of prescription drugs; license required; renewal; designation and responsibility of licensee.

Sec. 17748. A pharmacy, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor of prescription drugs, whether or not located in this state but doing business in this state, shall be licensed by the board in accordance with this part. Licenses shall be renewed biennially. A pharmacy, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor may designate an individual to be the licensee for the pharmacy, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor and the licensee is responsible for compliance with this part.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17749 Dispensing of diagnostic or therapeutic pharmaceutical agents by wholesale distributor or pharmacist to optometrist; condition; “therapeutic pharmaceutical agent” and “diagnostic pharmaceutical agent” defined.

Sec. 17749. (1) Notwithstanding any provision of this act or any rule promulgated under this act, a wholesale distributor or pharmacist may dispense a diagnostic pharmaceutical agent or a therapeutic pharmaceutical agent to a licensed optometrist for subsequent administration to optometric patients, if the optometrist provides the wholesale distributor or pharmacist with the number of the optometrist's certification of qualification to administer diagnostic pharmaceutical agents and the number of the optometrist's certification of qualification to administer and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents.

(2) As used in this section, “therapeutic pharmaceutical agent” and “diagnostic pharmaceutical agent” mean those terms as defined in section 17401.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17750 Person who distributes complimentary starter doses to prescribers; records; access by board; “complimentary starter dose” defined.

Sec. 17750. (1) A person who distributes complimentary starter doses to prescribers shall maintain records that include at least all of the following information:

(a) The name and address of the manufacturer distributing the complimentary starter doses.
(b) The name and address of each prescriber to whom complimentary starter doses were distributed.
(c) The type and amount of complimentary starter doses distributed to each prescriber.

(2) Upon request of the board, a person who distributes complimentary starter doses to prescribers shall provide the board access to the records required under subsection (1).

(3) As used in this section, “complimentary starter dose” means that term as defined in section 17745(1).


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.17750a Dispensing of prescription for therapeutic pharmaceutical agent by pharmacist.

Sec. 17750a. (1) A pharmacist may dispense a prescription for a therapeutic pharmaceutical agent issued by an optometrist certified by the Michigan board of optometry under part 174 as qualified to administer and prescribe therapeutic pharmaceutical agents.
(2) As used in this section, “therapeutic pharmaceutical agent” means that term as defined in section 17401.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17751 Dispensing prescription drug; requirements.

Sec. 17751. (1) A pharmacist shall not dispense a drug requiring a prescription under the federal act or a law of this state except under authority of an original prescription or an equivalent record of an original prescription approved by the board.

(2) A pharmacist may dispense a prescription written and signed or transmitted by other means of communication by a physician prescriber in a state other than Michigan, but not including a prescription for a controlled substance as defined in section 7104 except under circumstances described in section 17763(g), only if the pharmacist in the exercise of his or her professional judgment determines all of the following:
   (a) That the prescription was issued pursuant to an existing physician-patient relationship.
   (b) That the prescription is authentic.
   (c) That the prescribed drug is appropriate and necessary for the treatment of an acute, chronic, or recurrent condition.

(3) A pharmacist or a prescriber shall dispense a prescription only if the prescription falls within the scope of practice of the prescriber.

(4) A pharmacist shall not knowingly dispense a prescription after the death of the prescriber or patient.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17752 Prescription or equivalent record; preservation; not public record; disclosure; providing copies; refilling copy; cancellation of original prescription; record of cancellation; copy as duplicate of original prescription; determination of valid copy; use and marking of copies.

Sec. 17752. (1) A prescription, or an equivalent record thereof approved by the board, shall be preserved by a licensee or dispensing prescriber for not less than 5 years.

(2) A prescription or equivalent record on file in a pharmacy is not a public record. A person having custody of or access to prescriptions shall not disclose their contents or provide copies without the patient's authorization, to any person except to:
   (a) The patient for whom the prescription was issued, or another pharmacist acting on behalf of the patient.
   (b) The authorized prescriber who issued the prescription, or a licensed health professional who is currently treating the patient.
   (c) An agency or agent of government responsible for the enforcement of laws relating to drugs and devices.
   (d) A person authorized by a court order.
   (e) A person engaged in research projects or studies with protocols approved by the board.

(3) A pharmacist may refill a copy of a prescription from another pharmacy if the original prescription has remaining authorized refills, and the copy is issued according to the following procedure:
   (a) The pharmacist issuing a written or oral copy of a prescription shall cancel the original prescription and record the cancellation. The record of cancellation shall include the date the copy was issued, to whom issued, and the identification of the pharmacist who issued the copy.
   (b) The written or oral copy issued shall be a duplicate of the original prescription except that it shall also include the prescription number, the name of the pharmacy issuing the copy, the date the copy was issued, and the number of authorized refills remaining available to the patient.
   (c) The pharmacist receiving a written or oral copy of the prescription shall exercise reasonable diligence to determine whether it is a valid copy, and having done so may treat the copy as an original prescription.
   (d) Except as described in this part, all other copies furnished shall be used for information purposes only and clearly marked “for informational or reference purposes only”.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17755 Dispensing lower cost generically equivalent drug product; notice; contents of prescription label; passing on savings; restrictions; limitation on total charge.

Sec. 17755. (1) When a pharmacist receives a prescription for a brand name drug product, the pharmacist may,
or when a purchaser requests a lower cost generically equivalent drug product, the pharmacist shall dispense a lower cost but not higher cost generically equivalent drug product if available in the pharmacy, except as provided in subsection (3). If a drug is dispensed which is not the prescribed brand, the purchaser shall be notified and the prescription label shall indicate both the name of the brand prescribed and the name of the brand dispensed and designate each respectively. If the dispensed drug does not have a brand name, the prescription label shall indicate the generic name of the drug dispensed, except as otherwise provided in section 17756.

(2) If a pharmacist dispenses a generically equivalent drug product, the pharmacist shall pass on the savings in cost to the purchaser or to the third party payment source if the prescription purchase is covered by a third party pay contract. The savings in cost is the difference between the wholesale cost to the pharmacist of the 2 drug products.

(3) The pharmacist shall not dispense a generically equivalent drug product under subsection (1) if any of the following applies:
   (a) The prescriber, in the case of a prescription in writing signed by the prescriber, writes in his or her own handwriting “dispense as written” or “d.a.w.” on the prescription.
   (b) The prescriber, having preprinted on his or her prescription blanks the statement “another brand of a generically equivalent product, identical in dosage, form, and content of active ingredients, may be dispensed unless initialed d.a.w.”, writes in his or her own handwriting, the initials “d.a.w.” in a space, box, or square adjacent to the statement.
   (c) The prescriber, in the case of a prescription other than one in writing signed by the prescriber, expressly indicates the prescription is to be dispensed as communicated.

(4) A pharmacist may not dispense a drug product with a total charge that exceeds the total charge of the drug product originally prescribed, unless agreed to by the purchaser.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17756 Label on prescription; contents.

Sec. 17756. (1) A prescription dispensed by a pharmacist shall bear upon the label the name of the medication in the container, unless the prescriber writes “do not label” on the prescription. The prescription shall also bear upon the label the following statement: “Discard this medication 1 year after the date it is dispensed.”, unless the medication expires on another date under applicable state or federal law or rules or regulations or other state or federal standards. If the medication expires on another date, the pharmacist dispensing the prescription shall strike or omit the statement required under this subsection and shall specify on the label the actual expiration date of the medication.

(2) A label on a prescription dispensed by a dispensing prescriber shall include the name of the medication in the container. The label shall also include the statement required under subsection (1) or the actual expiration date of the medication in the container in the same manner required under subsection (1) for a prescription dispensed by a pharmacist.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17757 Price information; notice; receipt evidencing transactions; omission; retention of copy of receipt; rules.

Sec. 17757. (1) Upon a request made in person or by telephone, a pharmacist engaged in the business of selling drugs at retail shall provide the current selling price of a drug dispensed by that pharmacy or comparative current selling prices of generic and brand name drugs dispensed by that pharmacy. The information shall be provided to the person making the request before a drug is dispensed to the person. A person who makes a request for price information under this subsection shall not be obligated to have the prescription filled or to purchase the drug for which the price or comparative prices are requested.

(2) A pharmacist engaged in the business of selling drugs at retail shall conspicuously display the notice described in subsection (3) at each counter over which prescription drugs are dispensed.

(3) The notice required under subsection (2) shall be in substantially the following form:

   NOTICE TO CONSUMERS
   ABOUT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS

   Under Michigan law, you have the right to find out the price of a prescription drug before the pharmacist fills the prescription. You are under no obligation to have the prescription filled here and may use this price information to shop around at other pharmacies. You may request price information in person or by telephone.
Every pharmacy has the current selling prices of both generic and brand name drugs dispensed by the pharmacy. Ask your pharmacist if a lower-cost generic drug is available to fill your prescription. A generic drug contains the same medicine as a brand name drug and is a suitable substitute in most instances.

A generic drug may not be dispensed by your pharmacist if your doctor has written “dispense as written” or the initials “d.a.w.” on the prescription.

If you have questions about the drugs which have been prescribed for you, ask your doctor or pharmacist for more information.

To avoid dangerous drug interactions, let your doctor and pharmacist know about any other medications you are taking. This is especially important if you have more than 1 doctor or have prescriptions filled at more than 1 pharmacy.

4. The notice required under subsection (2) shall also contain the address and phone number of the board and the department. The text of the notice shall be in at least 32-point bold type and shall be printed on paper at least 11 inches by 17 inches in size. The notice may be printed on multiple pages.

5. A copy of the notice required under subsection (2) shall be provided to each licensee by the department. Additional copies shall be available if needed from the department. A person may duplicate or reproduce the notice if the duplication or reproduction is a true copy of the notice as produced by the department, without any additions or deletions whatsoever.

6. The pharmacist shall furnish to the purchaser of a prescription drug at the time the drug is delivered to the purchaser a receipt evidencing the transactions, which contains the following:

   a. The brand name of the drug, if applicable.
   b. The name of the manufacturer or the supplier of the drug, if the drug does not have a brand name.
   c. The strength of the drug, if significant.
   d. The quantity dispensed, if applicable.
   e. The name and address of the pharmacy.
   f. The serial number of the prescription.
   g. The date the prescription was originally dispensed.
   h. The name of the prescriber.
   i. The name of patient for whom the drug was prescribed.
   j. The price for which the drug was sold to the purchaser.

7. Subsection (6)(a), (b), and (c) may be omitted by a pharmacist only if the omission is expressly required by the prescriber. The pharmacist shall retain a copy of each receipt for 90 days. The inclusion of subsection (6) on the prescription container label is a valid receipt to the purchaser. Including subsection (6) on the written prescription form and retaining the form constitutes retention of a copy of the receipt.

8. The board may promulgate rules to implement this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17757a Providing selling price of drugs dispensed upon request; notice to consumers about prescription drugs; contents; form; display; copies.

Sec. 17757a. (1) Upon a request made in person or by telephone, a dispensing prescriber engaged in the business of selling prescription drugs shall provide the current selling price of a drug dispensed by that dispensing prescriber or comparative current selling prices of generic and brand name drugs dispensed by that dispensing prescriber. The information shall be provided to the person making the request before a prescription drug is dispensed to the person. A person who makes a request for price information under this subsection is not obligated to purchase the prescription drug for which the price or comparative prices are requested.

2. A dispensing prescriber engaged in the business of selling prescription drugs shall conspicuously display the notice described in subsection (3) in the location within the dispensing prescriber's practice where the dispensing occurs.

3. The notice required under subsection (2) shall be in substantially the following form:

   NOTICE TO CONSUMERS ABOUT PRESCRIPTION DRUGS

   Under Michigan law, you have the right to find out the price of a prescription drug before the doctor provides a prescription drug directly to you. You are under no obligation to have the prescription filled here and may use this price information to shop around.

   You may choose to have the prescription filled by your doctor or the pharmacy of your choice. Your doctor may not force you to have the prescription filled by the doctor. Your doctor cannot charge you for medications marked
“sample.” Ask your doctor or pharmacist if a lower-cost generic drug is available to fill your prescription. A generic drug contains the same medicine as a brand name drug and is a suitable substitute in most cases. If you have questions about the drugs which have been prescribed for you, ask your doctor or pharmacist for more information. To avoid dangerous drug interactions, let your doctor and pharmacist know about any other medications you are taking. This is especially important if you have more than 1 doctor or have prescriptions filled at more than 1 location.

(4) The notice required under subsection (2) shall also contain the address and phone number of the board and the department. The text of the notice shall be in at least 32-point bold type and shall be printed on paper at least 11 inches by 17 inches in size. The notice may be printed on multiple pages.

(5) A copy of the notice required under subsection (2) shall be provided to each dispensing prescriber by the department. Additional copies shall be available if needed from the department. A person may duplicate or reproduce the notice if the duplication or reproduction is a true copy of the notice as produced by the department, without any additions or deletions.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to changing current selling price of drug and adjusting posted price.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17759 Dispensing harmful drug; requirements.

Sec. 17759. A harmful drug shall be dispensed only:
(a) As a prescription drug.
(b) Under the control of a licensed pharmacist or prescriber, who maintains records for the dispensing of these drugs which are the same as records required for the dispensing of prescriptions.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17761 Display of notice; dispensing prescription in safety closure container.

Sec. 17761. (1) A pharmacy, except for a pharmacy which only dispenses drugs for inpatient use at a health care facility, shall display the notice required under section 17757 in accordance with this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(2) Unless otherwise requested by a patient, a prescription shall be dispensed in a safety closure container which complies with the definitions and the requirements of the poison prevention packaging act of 1970, 15 U.S.C. sections 1471 to 1476.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17762 Misbranded prescription.

Sec. 17762. (1) A prescription drug is considered misbranded unless the manufacturer's label states the name and place of business of the manufacturer of the finished dosage form of a drug and, if different, the name and place of business of the packer or distributor.

(2) As used in this section, “finished dosage form of a drug” means that form of the drug which is or is intended to be dispensed or administered to the patient and does not require further manufacturing or processing other than packaging or labeling, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17763 Grounds for fine, reprimand, or probation; grounds for denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking license.

Sec. 17763. In addition to the grounds set forth in part 161, the disciplinary subcommittee may fine, reprimand, or place a pharmacist licensee on probation, or deny, limit, suspend, or revoke the license of a pharmacist or order restitution or community service for a violation or abetting in a violation of this part or rules promulgated under this part, for 1 or more of the following grounds:

(a) Employing the mail to sell, distribute, or deliver a drug that requires a prescription when the prescription for the drug is received by mail.
(b) Adulterating, misbranding, or substituting a drug or device knowing or intending that the drug or device shall be used.

(c) Permitting the dispensing of prescriptions by an individual who is not a pharmacist, pharmacist intern, or dispensing prescriber.

(d) Permitting the dispensing of prescriptions by a pharmacist intern, except in the presence and under the personal charge of a pharmacist.

(e) Selling at auction drugs in bulk or in open packages unless the sale has been approved in accordance with rules of the board.

(f) Promoting a prescription drug to the public in any manner.

(g) In addition to the prohibition contained in section 7405(1)(e), dispensing a prescription for a controlled substance as defined in section 7104 that is written and signed or transmitted by a physician prescriber in a state other than Michigan, unless the prescription is issued by a physician prescriber residing adjacent to the land border between this state and an adjoining state who is authorized under the laws of that state to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery and to prescribe controlled substances and whose practice may extend into this state, but who does not maintain an office or designate a place to meet patients or receive calls in this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17764 Conduct constituting misdemeanor.

Sec. 17764. A person is guilty of a misdemeanor who:

(a) Adulterates, misbrands, or substitutes a drug or device knowing or intending that it shall be used.

(b) Sells, offers for sale, possesses for sale, causes to be sold, or manufactures for sale an adulterated or misbranded drug.

(c) Sells, offers for sale, possesses for sale, or manufactures for sale a drug or device bearing or accompanied by a label that is misleading as to the contents, uses, or purposes of the drug or device. In determining whether a label is misleading, consideration shall be given to the representations made or suggested by the statement, word, design, device, sound, or any combination thereof, and the extent to which the label fails to reveal facts material in view of the representations made or material as to consequences which may result from use of the drug or device to which the label relates under conditions of use prescribed in the label or under customary or usual conditions of use.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17765 Adulteration or misbranding; guaranty or undertaking as protection against penalties for violation; exception; notice to seller, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor.

Sec. 17765. A person is not subject to penalties for a violation of this part dealing with adulteration or misbranding, if the person establishes that a guaranty or undertaking was made in accordance with the federal act, or that a guaranty was signed by and contains the name and address of the person residing in this state from whom the former person received in good faith the drug or device, to the effect that the drug or device is not adulterated or misbranded within the meaning of this part. The guaranty does not protect the seller if the product is adulterated or misbranded under this part and the board has previously given written notice to the seller of that fact. The board shall not serve notice on the seller until the board has notified the manufacturer or wholesale distributor of the findings of the state analyst with reference to the product. The notice to the manufacturer or wholesale distributor shall be written and shall be mailed at least 10 days before a notice is given to a seller under this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17766 Additional conduct constituting misdemeanor.

Sec. 17766. Except as provided in section 17766a, a person who does any of the following is guilty of a misdemeanor:

(a) Obtains or attempts to obtain a prescription drug by giving a false name to a pharmacist or other authorized seller, prescriber, or dispenser.

(b) Obtains or attempts to obtain a prescription drug by falsely representing that he or she is a lawful prescriber, dispenser, or licensee, or acting on behalf of a lawful prescriber, dispenser, or licensee.

(c) Falsely makes, utters, publishes, passes, alters, or forges a prescription.

(d) Knowingly possesses a false, forged, or altered prescription.
(e) Knowingly attempts to obtain, obtains, or possesses a drug by means of a prescription for other than a legitimate therapeutic purpose, or as a result of a false, forged, or altered prescription.

(f) Possesses or controls for the purpose of resale, or sells, offers to sell, dispenses, or gives away, a drug, pharmaceutical preparation, or chemical that has been dispensed on prescription and has left the control of a pharmacist, or that has been damaged by heat, smoke, fire, water, or other cause and is unfit for human or animal use.

(g) Prepares or permits the preparation of a prescription drug, except as delegated by a pharmacist.

(h) Sells a drug in bulk or in an open package at auction, unless the sale has been approved in accordance with rules of the board.


popular name: Act 368


compiler’s note: The repealed section pertained to use, possession, or delivery of androgenic anabolic steroid.

popular name: Act 368


compiler’s note: The repealed section pertained to recording prescription for androgenic anabolic steroid, methyltestosterone, testosterone, or fluoxymesterone.

popular name: Act 368

***** 333.17766c THIS SECTION IS AMENDED EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2004: See 333.17766c.amended *****

333.17766c Possession of more than 10 grams of ephedrine or mixture prohibited; violations; exceptions.

sec. 17766c. (1) A person shall not possess more than 10 grams of ephedrine alone or in a mixture.

(2) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(3) This section does not apply to any of the following:

(a) A person who possesses ephedrine pursuant to a license issued by this state or the United States to manufacture, deliver, dispense, possess with intent to manufacture or deliver, or possess a controlled substance, prescription drug, or other drug.

(b) An individual who possesses ephedrine pursuant to a prescription.

(c) A person who possesses ephedrine for retail sale pursuant to a license issued pursuant to the general sales tax act, Act No. 167 of the Public Acts of 1933, being sections 205.51 to 205.78 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(d) A person who possesses ephedrine in the course of his or her business of selling or transporting ephedrine to a person described in subdivision (a) or (c).

(e) A person who, in the course of his or her business, stores ephedrine for sale or distribution to a person described in subdivision (a), (c), or (d).


popular name: Act 368

***** 333.17766c.amended THIS AMENDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2004 *****

333.17766c.amended Possession of more than 12 grams of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine or mixture prohibited; violations; exceptions.

sec. 17766c. (1) A person shall not possess more than 12 grams of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine alone or in a mixture.

(2) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than 2 years or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.

(3) This section does not apply to any of the following:
(a) A person who possesses ephedrine or pseudoephedrine pursuant to a license issued by this state or the United States to manufacture, deliver, dispense, possess with intent to manufacture or deliver, or possess a controlled substance, prescription drug, or other drug.

(b) An individual who possesses ephedrine or pseudoephedrine pursuant to a prescription.

(c) A person who possesses ephedrine or pseudoephedrine for retail sale pursuant to a license issued under the general sales tax act, 1933 PA 167, MCL 205.51 to 205.78.

(d) A person who possesses ephedrine or pseudoephedrine in the course of his or her business of selling or transporting ephedrine or pseudoephedrine to a person described in subdivision (a) or (c).

(e) A person who, in the course of his or her business, stores ephedrine or pseudoephedrine for sale or distribution to a person described in subdivision (a), (c), or (d).

(f) Any product that the state board of pharmacy, upon application of a manufacturer, exempts from this section because the product has been formulated in such a way as to effectively prevent the conversion of the active ingredient into methamphetamine.

(g) Possession of any pediatric product primarily intended for administration to children under 12 years of age according to label instructions.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17767 Rules and determinations as to licensing.

Sec. 17767. The board may promulgate rules and make determinations necessary or appropriate to the licensing of pharmacists, drugs, dispensers, manufacturers, and wholesalers under this part.


Popular name: Act 368


333.17768 Grounds for fine, reprimand, or probation, or for denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking license or ordering restitution or community service; applicability of subsection (2)(b).

Sec. 17768. (1) In a manner consistent with part 161, the disciplinary subcommittee may fine, reprimand, or place on probation, a person licensed under this part, or deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a person's license or order restitution or community service for a violation of this part or rules promulgated under this part.

(2) In addition to the grounds set forth in subsection (1), and in a manner consistent with part 161, the board may fine, reprimand, or place on probation a person licensed under this part, or deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a license issued under this part or order restitution or community service if the board finds that any of the following categories apply to an applicant or a partner, officer, or member of the board of directors of a pharmacy, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor licensed under this part or a stockholder of a pharmacy, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor which is a privately held corporation licensed under this part:

(a) The applicant or other person described in this subsection lacks good moral character.

(b) Subject to subsection (3), the applicant or other person described in this subsection has been convicted of a misdemeanor or a felony under a state or federal law relating to a controlled substance or the practice of pharmacy.

(c) The applicant or other person described in this subsection has furnished false or fraudulent material information or has knowingly omitted material information in an application filed under this part.

(d) The applicant or other person described in this subsection has previously maintained a financial interest in a pharmacy, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor which has been denied a license or federal registration, has had its license or federal registration limited, suspended, or revoked, or been subject to any other criminal, civil, or administrative penalty.

(e) The applicant or other person described in this subsection is not in compliance with article 7 or the rules promulgated under article 7.

(3) Except for a conviction for a misdemeanor under section 7404 (2)(d) or a local ordinance that is substantially similar to section 7404 (2)(d), the reference to a misdemeanor in subsection (2)(b) applies only to a conviction for a misdemeanor that is directly related to the manufacture, delivery, possession, possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, use, distribution, prescription, or dispensing of a controlled substance. Subsection (2)(b) does not apply to a conviction for a misdemeanor based upon an unintentional error or omission involving a clerical or record-keeping function.

PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

333.17770 Exceptions.

Sec. 17770. Except as to the labeling of poisonous or deleterious drugs and to adulterating, misbranding, and substituting, this part shall not apply:

(a) To the sale of paris green, white hellebore, and other insecticides.
(b) To the sale of any substance for use in the arts.
(c) To the retailing of non-narcotic, or nonprescription medicine or drug which is prepackaged, fully prepared by the manufacturer or producer for use by the consumer, and labeled in accordance with the requirements of the state and federal act.
(d) To the sale by merchants of ammonia, sulphur, any nonpoisonous flavoring essences or extracts, salt, bicarbonate of soda, or other prepackaged common household remedies or any food or food product which may also be found in any of the official compendiums and is not also considered as a poisonous, deleterious, or habit forming drug.
(e) To surgical or dental instruments and accessories, hearing aids, gases, oxygen tents, gas pressure reducing regulators, x-ray apparatus, therapeutic lamps, splints, and stethoscopes, and their component parts and accessories, or to equipment, instruments, apparatus, and contrivances used to render the articles effective in medical, surgical, or dental treatment; or to articles intended for external use.
(f) To articles or substances intended for generally recognized mechanical, agricultural, horticultural, or industrial consumption or use or photographic chemicals for home use.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 178

PHYSICAL THERAPY

333.17801 Definitions; principles of construction.

Sec. 17801. (1) As used in this part:

(a) “Physical therapist” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of physical therapy.

(b) “Practice of physical therapy” means the evaluation of, education of, consultation with, or treatment of an individual by the employment of effective properties of physical measures and the use of therapeutic exercises and rehabilitative procedures, with or without assistive devices, for the purpose of preventing, correcting, or alleviating a physical or mental disability. It includes treatment planning, performance of tests and measurements, interpretation of referrals, initiation of referrals, instruction, consultative services, and supervision of personnel. Physical measures include massage, mobilization, heat, cold, air, light, water, electricity, and sound. Practice of physical therapy does not include the identification of underlying medical problems or etiologies, establishment of medical diagnoses, or the prescribing of treatment.

(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.17820 License or authorization required; engaging in actual treatment upon prescription of certain license holders.

Sec. 17820. A person shall not engage in the practice of physical therapy unless licensed or otherwise authorized by this article. A person shall engage in the actual treatment of an individual only upon the prescription of an individual holding a license, other than a subfield license, issued under part 166, 170, 175, or 180, or the equivalent license issued by another state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17821 Michigan board of physical therapy; creation; membership.
Sec. 17821. The Michigan board of physical therapy is created in the department and shall consist of the following 9 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 5 physical therapists and 4 public members.


Popular name: Act 368

333.17822 Practicing in hospital; condition.

Sec. 17822. This part does not prohibit a hospital, as a condition of employment or the granting of staff privileges, from requiring a physical therapist to practice in the hospital only upon the prescription of an individual holding a license, other than a subfield license, issued under part 166, 170, 175, or 180 or the equivalent license issued by another state.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler’s note: The repealed section provided penalties.

Popular name: Act 368

PART 180

PODIATRIC MEDICINE AND SURGERY

333.18001 Definitions; principles of construction.

Sec. 18001. (1) As used in this part:

(a) “Podiatrist” means a physician and surgeon licensed under this article to engage in the practice of podiatric medicine and surgery.

(b) “Practice of podiatric medicine and surgery” means the examination, diagnosis, and treatment of abnormal nails, superficial excrescences occurring on the human hands and feet, including corns, warts, callosities, and bunions, and arch troubles or the treatment medically, surgically, mechanically, or by physiotherapy of ailments of human feet or ankles as they affect the condition of the feet. It does not include amputation of human feet, or the use or administration of anesthetics other than local.

(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18011 License or authorization required.

Sec. 18011. A person shall not engage in the practice of podiatric medicine and surgery unless licensed or otherwise authorized by this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18012 Postgraduate podiatric study; full or limited license required; requirements of limited license; responsibility for training; limited license renewable.

Sec. 18012. (1) An individual shall not engage in postgraduate podiatric study in podiatric medicine and surgery, including the practice of podiatric medicine and surgery, before obtaining a full or limited license to practice under this part.

(2) A limited license for a postgraduate shall require that the individual confine his or her practice and training to a hospital, institution, or preceptorship program approved by the board for the training. The hospital, institution, or preceptorship program is responsible for the training. A limited license for a postgraduate is renewable for not more than 5 years.


Popular name: Act 368
333.18021  Michigan board of podiatric medicine and surgery; creation; membership.

Sec. 18021. The Michigan board of podiatric medicine and surgery is created in the department and shall consist of the following 9 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 5 podiatrists and 4 public members.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18031  Condition for more than limited licensure.

Sec. 18031. An applicant, in addition to completing the requirements for the degree as a doctor of podiatric medicine, shall complete a period of postgraduate education to attain proficiency in the practice of the profession as prescribed by the board in rule as a condition for more than limited licensure.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18033  Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.

Sec. 18033. (1) Notwithstanding the requirements of part 161, the board may require a licensee seeking renewal of a license to furnish the board with satisfactory evidence that during the 3 years immediately preceding application for renewal the licensee has attended continuing education courses or programs approved by the board and totaling not less than 150 hours in subjects related to the practice of podiatric medicine and surgery and designed to further educate licensees.

(2) As required under section 16204, the board shall promulgate rules requiring each applicant for license renewal to complete as part of the continuing education requirement of subsection (1) an appropriate number of hours or courses in pain and symptom management.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 181
COUNSELING

333.18101  Definitions.

Sec. 18101. As used in this part:

(a) “Counseling principles, methods, or procedures” means a developmental approach that systematically assists an individual through the application of any of the following procedures:

(i) Evaluation and appraisal techniques. As used in this subparagraph, “appraisal techniques” means selecting, administering, scoring, and interpreting instruments and procedures designed to assess an individual's aptitudes, interests, attitudes, abilities, achievements, and personal characteristics for developmental purposes and not for psychodiagnostic purposes.

(ii) Exploring alternative solutions.

(iii) Developing and providing a counseling plan for mental and emotional development.

(iv) Guidance.

(v) Psychoeducational consulting.

(vi) Learning theory.

(vii) Individual and group techniques emphasizing prevention.

(viii) Counseling techniques.

(ix) Behavioral modification techniques.

(x) Referrals. As used in this subparagraph, referral includes determining the need for referral to 1 or more statutorily regulated mental health professionals whose expertise, skills, and competence are appropriate to the problems of the individual, informing the individual of the referral, and communicating as appropriate with the professional to whom the individual has been referred.

(b) “Licensed professional counselor” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of counseling.

(c) “Limited licensed counselor” means an individual who has been granted a limited license by the board to
offer counseling services under the supervision of a licensed professional counselor.

(d) “Practice of counseling” or “counseling” means the rendering to individuals, groups, families, organizations, or the general public a service involving the application of clinical counseling principles, methods, or procedures for the purpose of achieving social, personal, career, and emotional development and with the goal of promoting and enhancing healthy self-actualizing and satisfying lifestyles whether the services are rendered in an educational, business, health, private practice, or human services setting. The practice of counseling does not include the practice of psychology except for those preventive techniques, counseling techniques, or behavior modification techniques for which the licensed professional counselor or limited licensed counselor has been specifically trained. The practice of counseling does not include the practice of medicine such as prescribing drugs or administering electroconvulsive therapy. A counselor shall not hold himself or herself out as a psychologist as defined in section 18201. A counselor shall not hold himself or herself out as a marriage and family counselor providing marriage counseling pursuant to section 1501 of the occupational code, Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980, being section 339.1501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18103 Michigan board of counseling; creation; membership.

Sec. 18103. The Michigan board of counseling is created in the department. The board shall consist of the following 11 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161:

(a) Six members of the board shall be engaged in the practice of counseling and shall consist of: 3 members who are engaged primarily in providing counseling techniques, behavior modification techniques, or preventive techniques to clients; 2 members who are engaged primarily in teaching, training, or research in counseling; and 1 member who is engaged primarily in the administration of counseling services.

(b) Four members of the general public.

(c) One member who is a statutorily regulated mental health professional. As used in this subdivision, “statutorily regulated mental health professional” means any of the following: a psychiatrist, psychologist, substance abuse counselor, marriage and family therapist, or social worker.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18105 Practice of counseling; conditions.

Sec. 18105. (1) A licensee shall not perform any acts, tasks, or functions within the practice of counseling unless he or she is trained to perform such acts, tasks, or functions.

(2) Effective October 1, 1990, a person shall not engage in the practice of counseling unless licensed or otherwise authorized under this article.


Popular name: Act 368

********333.18107 SUBDIVISION (C) OF SUBSECTION (1) IS EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1, 1994: See (1)(c) of 333.18107 ********

333.18107 Professional counselor license; qualifications.

Sec. 18107. (1) The board may grant a professional counselor license to an individual who is or does all of the following:

(a) Is not less than 21 years of age.

(b) Has received a masters or doctoral degree in counseling or student personnel work in a program approved by the board. The board shall promulgate rules to establish standards to approve only those programs that include graduate studies in the following areas: research, group techniques, counseling theories, ethics, counseling techniques, counseling philosophy, testing procedures, career development, consulting, practicum, and internship.

(c) Has at least 2 years of counseling experience under the supervision of a licensed professional counselor. The board may decrease the required length of counseling experience under the supervision of a licensed professional
counselor to 1 year if an applicant has completed 30 hours of graduate study in counseling beyond the master's degree. An applicant shall not be licensed before completing 1 year of counseling experience under the supervision of a licensed professional counselor. This subdivision shall take effect on October 1, 1994.

(2) By October 1, 1993, an individual who meets the requirement of subsection (1)(a), has 2 years of experience, and holds a master's or doctoral degree in counseling or student personnel work that does not meet the requirements of subsection (1)(b), may be granted a license by the board.


Compiler's note: In subsection (1)(b), “Has received a masters” evidently should read “Has received a master's.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.18109 Limited license; qualifications; renewal; restricted practice.
Sec. 18109. (1) Until October 1, 1991, the board may grant a limited license to an individual who has received a bachelor's degree and has engaged in the practice of counseling for not less than 5 years. The limited license shall be renewable for not more than 2 years.

(2) A limited license issued under this section shall require that the individual confine his or her practice to a program of counseling experience under the supervision of a licensed professional counselor.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18111 Limited license; criteria; restricted practice.
Sec. 18111. (1) The board may grant a limited license to an individual who meets both of the following criteria:
(a) Is not less than 21 years of age.
(b) Has received, from an accredited college or university approved by the department, a masters or doctoral degree in counseling or student personnel work in a program approved by the board. The board shall approve only those programs that include graduate studies in the following areas: research, group techniques, counseling theories, ethics, counseling techniques, counseling philosophy, testing procedures, career development, consulting, practicum, and internship.

(2) A limited license issued under this section shall require that the individual confine his or her practice to a program of counseling experience under the supervision of a licensed professional counselor.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18113 Professional disclosure statement.
Sec. 18113. (1) A licensee shall furnish a professional disclosure statement to a prospective client before engaging in counseling services.

(2) A professional disclosure statement required under this section shall contain all of the following:
(a) The licensee's name, business address, and telephone number.
(b) A description of the licensee's practice.
(c) A description of the education and experience of the licensee.
(d) The licensee's counseling fee schedule.
(e) The name, address, and telephone number of the department.

(3) The disclosure statement shall accompany the original application for licensure. Any changes in the disclosure statement shall be filed with the department within 30 days after the changes are made.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18115 Practice of statutorily regulated profession or occupation not limited; definition; applicability of part; use of word "counselor."
Sec. 18115. (1) This article does not limit an individual in, nor prevent an individual from, the practice of a statutorily regulated profession or occupation if counseling is part of the services provided by that profession or occupation, and the individual does not hold himself or herself out as a counselor regulated under this article. As used in this subsection, “statutorily regulated profession or occupation” includes, but is not limited to, all of the following: a physician, attorney, marriage counselor, debt management counselor, social worker, certified social worker, social work technician, licensed psychologist, limited licensed psychologist, temporary limited licensed psychologist, or school counselor.
(2) This part does not apply to any of the following:

(a) An ordained member of the clergy if counseling is incidental to his or her religious duties performed under the auspices or recognition of a church, denomination, religious association, or sect, that has tax exempt status pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. 501, if the member of the clergy does not hold himself or herself out as a counselor licensed under this article.

(b) An individual who performs volunteer services for a public or private nonprofit organization, church, or charity, if the individual is approved by the organization or agency for which the services are rendered.

(c) An individual who is employed by or who volunteers to work in a program licensed by the office of substance abuse services.

(d) A member of any other profession whose practice may include counseling principles, methods, or procedures from practicing his or her profession as long as he or she is trained in that profession and does not hold himself or herself out as a counselor providing counseling. As used in this subdivision, “profession” includes, but is not limited to, the fields of human resources development and organizational development.

(3) This part does not prohibit the use of the word “counselor” without the qualifying words “licensed” or “professional” used in conjunction with the word “counselor”, except as otherwise provided by law.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18117 Privileged communications; disclosure of confidential information.

Sec. 18117. For the purposes of this part, the confidential relations and communications between a licensed professional counselor or a limited licensed counselor and a client of the licensed professional counselor or a limited licensed counselor are privileged communications, and this part does not require a privileged communication to be disclosed, except as otherwise provided by law. Confidential information may be disclosed only upon consent of the client, pursuant to section 16222 if the licensee reasonably believes it is necessary to disclose the information to comply with section 16222, or under section 16281.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 182

PSYCHOLOGY

333.18201 Definitions; principles of construction.

Sec. 18201. (1) As used in this part:

(a) “Psychologist” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of psychology.

(b) “Practice of psychology” means the rendering to individuals, groups, organizations, or the public of services involving the application of principles, methods, and procedures of understanding, predicting, and influencing behavior for the purposes of the diagnosis, assessment related to diagnosis, prevention, amelioration, or treatment of mental or emotional disorders, disabilities or behavioral adjustment problems by means of psychotherapy, counseling, behavior modification, hypnosis, biofeedback techniques, psychological tests, or other verbal or behavioral means. The practice of psychology shall not include the practice of medicine such as prescribing drugs, performing surgery, or administering electro-convulsive therapy.

(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18211 Use of terms set forth in § 333.16263(k); license or authorization required.

Sec. 18211. (1) For a period of 6 months after the effective date of this code, an individual may use the terms set forth in section 16263(k) if the individual is authorized to use the terms as of the effective date of this part under Act No. 257 of the Public Acts of 1959, as amended, being sections 338.1001 to 338.1019 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or if the individual is authorized under this part to use the terms.

(2) After the period prescribed in subsection (1), a person shall not engage in the practice of psychology unless
333.18212 Postdoctoral training which includes practice of psychology; full or limited license required; requirements of limited license; responsibility for training; limited license renewable; waiver of limited license by Michigan board of psychology.

Sec. 18212. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), an individual shall not engage in postdoctoral training which includes the practice of psychology without obtaining a full or limited license to practice under this part.

(2) A limited license for an individual in postdoctoral training shall require that the individual be under supervision of a licensed psychologist and confine his or her practice and training to a hospital, clinic, institution, or other arrangement approved by the board for the training. The hospital, clinic, or institution and designated licensed psychologist are responsible for the training. A limited license for a postdoctoral training is renewable for not more than 5 years.

(3) The Michigan board of psychology shall waive the requirement of having a limited license in order to engage in the postdoctoral experience necessary to obtain a full license if all of the following occur:
   (a) The individual has met all the other requirements of subsection (2).
   (b) The individual submits a request for the waiver in writing and pays a sum equal to the cost of a limited license.
   (c) The individual has applied for a license between July 1, 1985 and July 1, 1986.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18214 Permissible conduct.

Sec. 18214. (1) This part does not prohibit an individual who holds a doctoral degree in psychology from a regionally accredited college or university from using a title including “psychologist” if the individual does not engage in the practice of psychology.

(2) This part does not prohibit an individual approved by the state department of education from using the title “school psychologist” and engaging in those duties and activities pertinent to employment by a public or private elementary or secondary school.

(3) This part does not prohibit an individual employed by a regionally accredited college or university and involved in research or the teaching of psychology from performing those duties for which he or she is employed by that institution.

(4) This part does not prohibit a certified, licensed, registered, or otherwise statutorily recognized member of any profession including a lawyer, social worker, school counselor or marriage counselor from practicing his or her profession as authorized by law.

(5) This part does not prohibit a clergyman, professional educator, or professional counselor, including an alcoholism or drug abuse counselor, whose practice may include preventive techniques, counseling techniques, or behavior modification techniques from practicing his or her profession consistent with his or her training and with a code of ethics for that respective profession.

(6) This part shall not apply to a participant or employee in a program licensed under part 62 or self-help, peer counseling, or support services provided by a nonprofit organization.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18221 Michigan board of psychology; creation; membership.

Sec. 18221. The Michigan board of psychology is created in the department and shall consist of the following 9 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 5 psychologists, including at least 1 nondoctoral psychologist, and 4 public members. Section 1212 does not apply to this board.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18223 Rules as to licensing requirements; limited license; renewal; supervised postgraduate experience requirement; temporary license.
Sec. 18223. (1) The board shall promulgate rules requiring that an individual granted a license under this part, except as provided in subsection (2), shall have been granted a doctoral degree in psychology, or a doctoral degree in a closely related field, from a regionally accredited or other college, university, or institution approved by the board, which included education and training appropriate to the practice of psychology, and shall have not less than 2 years postdoctoral experience in the practice of psychology in an organized health care setting or other arrangement, as established by the board.

(2) In addition to section 16182, the board shall grant a limited license to an individual granted a master's degree in psychology from a regionally accredited college, or university, or institution approved by the board, if the individual has education, training, and experience appropriate to the practice of psychology, as established by the board. Except for duties performed as an employee of a governmental entity or of a nonprofit organization serving benevolent and charitable purposes, 2 limitations shall be placed on a license granted to an individual under this subsection. The limitations shall require supervision by a psychologist who has a license other than a limited license and shall prohibit advertising or other representation to the public which will lead the public to believe the individual is engaging in the practice of psychology. A limited license granted under this subsection shall be renewed pursuant to part 161. An individual applying for a limited license pursuant to this subsection shall have 1 year of supervised postgraduate experience in an organized health care setting or other arrangement, as established by the board. The individual shall be supervised by a psychologist who has a license other than a limited license, or if a psychologist who has a license other than a limited license is not available, by a psychologist who has at least a master's degree in psychology and at least 3 years of experience in the practice of psychology or by any other individual approved by the board. The board shall issue a temporary license to the individual for the purpose of obtaining the 1 year of postgraduate experience.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.18233 Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.

Sec. 18233. (1) In addition to the requirements of part 161, the board may require a licensee seeking renewal of a license to furnish the board with satisfactory evidence that during the 2 years immediately preceding application for renewal the licensee has attended continuing education courses or programs approved by the board totaling not less than a number of hours established by rule of the board related to subjects related to the practice of psychology and designed to further educate licensees.

(2) As required under section 16204, the board shall promulgate rules requiring each applicant for license renewal to complete as part of the continuing education requirement of subsection (1) an appropriate number of hours or courses in pain and symptom management.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18237 Confidential information; disclosure; waiver.

Sec. 18237. A psychologist licensed or allowed to use that title under this part or an individual under his or her supervision cannot be compelled to disclose confidential information acquired from an individual consulting the psychologist in his or her professional capacity if the information is necessary to enable the psychologist to render services. Information may be disclosed with the consent of the individual consulting the psychologist, or if the individual consulting the psychologist is a minor, with the consent of the minor's guardian, pursuant to section 16222 if the psychologist reasonably believes it is necessary to disclose the information to comply with section 16222, or under section 16281. In a contest on the admission of a deceased individual's will to probate, an heir at law of the decedent, whether a proponent or contestant of the will, and the personal representative of the decedent may waive the privilege created by this section.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 183
OCCUPATIONAL THERAPISTS
333.18301  Definitions; principles of construction.
Sec. 18301.  (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Certified occupational therapy assistant” means an individual registered as a certified occupational therapy assistant in accordance with this article.
(b) “Certified occupational therapist” means an individual who diminishes or corrects pathology in order to promote and maintain health through application of the art and science of directing purposeful activity designed to restore, reinforce, and enhance the performance of individuals and who is registered in accordance with this article.
(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.

Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
Popular name: Act 368

333.18303  Restricted use of words, titles, or letters.
Sec. 18303. After the rules described in sections 18307 and 18309 are promulgated, a person shall not use the titles “occupational therapist”, “o.t.”, “occupational therapist registered”, “o.t.r.”, “certified occupational therapist”, “c.o.t.”, “certified occupational therapy assistant”, “c.o.t.a.”, “occupational therapy assistant”, or similar words which indicate that the person is a certified occupational therapist or a certified occupational therapy assistant unless the person is registered in accordance with this article.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18305  Michigan board of occupational therapists; creation; membership.
Sec. 18305. The Michigan board of occupational therapists is created in the department and shall consist of the following 9 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 5 certified occupational therapists and 4 public members.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18307  Certified occupational therapist; rules.
Sec. 18307. The board, in consultation with the department, shall promulgate rules setting forth the minimum standards for registration as a certified occupational therapist. For purposes of this section, the professional standards issued by the American occupational therapy association or any other recognized trade association may be adopted by the board. The board shall not promulgate rules under this section which diminish competition or exceed the minimum level of regulation necessary to protect the public.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18309  Certified occupational therapy assistant; rules.
Sec. 18309. The board, in consultation with the department, shall promulgate rules setting forth the minimum standards for registration as a certified occupational therapy assistant. For purposes of this section, the professional standards issued by the American occupational therapy association or any other recognized trade association may be adopted by the board. The board shall not promulgate rules under this section which diminish competition or exceed the minimum level of regulation necessary to protect the public.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18311  Assistance.
Sec. 18311. Pursuant to section 16143, the department may contract with other state agencies, private agencies, organizations, and consultants to assist the board in carrying out its functions.

Popular name: Act 368
333.18401 Definitions; principles of construction.
Sec. 18401. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Registered sanitarian” means a sanitarian registered in accordance with this article.
(b) “Sanitarian” means an individual who has specialized education and experience in the physical, biological, and sanitary sciences as applied to the educational, investigational, and technical duties in the field of environmental health.
(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.

Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
For transfer of powers and duties of the board of sanitarians from the department of commerce to the director of the department of consumer and industry services, and abolishment of the board of sanitarians, see E.R.O. No. 1996-2, compiled at § 445.2001 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
Popular name: Act 368

333.18411 Use of “registered sanitarian”, “r.s.”, or similar words.
Sec. 18411. A person shall not use the titles “registered sanitarian”, “r.s.”, or similar words which indicate that he, she, or it is a registered sanitarian unless the person is registered under this article.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18413 Conflict of interest.
Sec. 18413. A registered sanitarian shall not engage in or have an interest in any work, project, or operation prejudicial to his or her professional interest, nor be in conflict with Act No. 240 of the Public Acts of 1937, as amended, being sections 338.551 to 338.576 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18421 Michigan board of sanitarians; creation; membership.
Sec. 18421. The Michigan board of sanitarians is created in the department and shall consist of the following 9 voting members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 5 registered sanitarians and 4 public members.

Popular name: Act 368

PART 185.
Social Work

333.18501 Definitions.
Sec. 18501. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Social work technician” means an individual registered under this article in accordance with section 18507 and authorized under this part to use the title “social work technician” or the abbreviation “s.w.t.”.
(b) “Social worker” means an individual registered under this article in accordance with section 18509 and authorized under this part to use the title “social worker” or the abbreviation “s.w.”.
(c) “Certified social worker” means an individual registered under this article in accordance with section 18511 and authorized under this part to use the title “certified social worker” or the abbreviation “c.s.w.”.
(d) “Social work” means the professional application of social work values, principles, and techniques to counseling or to helping an individual, family, group, or community do 1 or more of the following:
   (i) Enhance or restore the capacity for social functioning.
   (ii) Provide, obtain, or improve tangible social and health services.
(2) In addition to the definitions of this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.

**Public Health Code**

**333.18503 Representation or use of title; prohibition.**
Sec. 18503. An individual shall not represent that he or she is a certified social worker, social worker, or social work technician or use a title including "certified social worker", "social worker", "social work technician", or an abbreviation of those terms or the letters "c.s.w.", "s.w.", or "s.w.t." or similar words which would indicate that he or she is registered under this article unless the individual is registered in that capacity under this article.


**Popular name: Act 368**

**333.18505 Michigan board of social work; creation; membership.**
Sec. 18505. Subject to section 18515(2), the Michigan board of social work is created in the department and consists of the following 9 voting members who meet the requirements of part 161:
(a) Four certified social workers and 2 social workers who meet the requirements of section 16135(2).
(b) Three public members.


**Popular name: Act 368**

**333.18507 Social work technician; registration requirements.**
Sec. 18507. The board may grant registration under this article as a social work technician to an individual who meets all of the following requirements:
(a) Has had 1 year of social work experience acceptable to the board, or has successfully completed 2 years of college.
(b) Is employed in the practice of social work. This subdivision is waived if the individual has the equivalent of 2,000 hours of service in social work with an agency recognized by the board or has received an associate degree in social work at a college approved by the board that includes supervised instructional field experience.


**Popular name: Act 368**

**333.18509 Social worker; registration requirements.**
Sec. 18509. The board may grant a registration under this article as a social worker to an individual who meets all of the following requirements:
(a) Has obtained a baccalaureate degree from a college or university approved by the board.
(b) Has 2 or more years of social work experience acceptable to the board or is enrolled in a graduate school of social work approved by the board, or has a master's degree from an accredited school of social work approved by the board or has the equivalent of 4,000 hours of service in social work with an agency recognized by the board.
(c) Is employed in the practice of social work or is enrolled in a graduate school of social work approved by the board. This subdivision is waived if the individual has received a bachelor's or master's degree from an accredited school of social work approved by the board.


**Popular name: Act 368**

**333.18511 Certified social worker; registration requirements.**
Sec. 18511. The board may grant a registration as a certified social worker to an individual who meets all of the following requirements:
(a) Possesses a master's degree from an accredited school of social work approved by the board.
(b) Has completed 2 or more years of social work experience acceptable to the board.


**Popular name: Act 368**

**333.18513 Confidentiality of communication.**
Sec. 18513. (1) An individual registered under this part as a certified social worker, social worker, or social work technician or an employee or officer of an organization that employs the certified social worker, social worker, or social work technician is not required to disclose a communication or a portion of a communication made by a client to the individual or advice given in the course of professional employment.
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a communication between a certified social worker, social
worker, or social work technician, or an organization with which the certified social worker, social worker, or social work technician has an agency relationship and a client is a confidential communication. A confidential communication shall not be disclosed, except under 1 or more of the following circumstances:

(a) The disclosure is part of a required supervisory process within the organization that employs or otherwise has an agency relationship with the certified social worker, social worker, or social work technician.

(b) The privilege is waived by the client or a person authorized to act in the client's behalf.

(3) If requested by the court for a court action, a certified social worker, social worker, or social work technician shall submit to an appropriate court a written evaluation of the prospect or prognosis of a particular client without disclosing a privileged fact or a privileged communication. An attorney representing a client who is the subject of an evaluation described in this subsection has the right to receive a copy of the evaluation. If required for the exercise of a public purpose by a legislative committee, a certified social worker, social worker, social work technician, or agency representative may make available statistical and program information without violating the privilege established under subsection (2).

(4) A certified social worker, social worker, or social work technician may disclose a communication or a portion of a communication made by a client pursuant to section 946 of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1946, in order to comply with the duty set forth in that section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18515 Registration issued under former act; term of member of board of examiners of social workers; continuation of rules.

Sec. 18515. (1) An individual who holds a registration issued under former article 16 of the occupational code, 1980 PA 299, on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this part is registered under this part until that registration expires and may renew his or her registration pursuant to part 161.

(2) The members of the board of examiners of social workers created under former section 1602 of the occupational code, 1980 PA 299, shall serve as the initial members of the Michigan board of social work until their successors are appointed under this article or until the expiration of their respective terms, whichever occurs first. However, if the term of a member of the board of examiners of social workers has not expired on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this part, that term expires on June 30 of the year in which the term will expire.

(3) Rules promulgated by the board of examiners of social workers or the director under former section 16 of the occupational code, 1980 PA 299, and in effect on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this part continue in effect to the extent that they do not conflict with this article and shall continue to be enforced. The rules may be amended or rescinded by the director.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 187.
RESPIRATORY CARE

***** 333.18701.added THIS ADDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 *****

333.18701.added Definitions.

Sec. 18701. (1) As used in this part:

(a) “Health facility” means a health facility or agency licensed under article 17.

(b) “Medical director” means a physician who is responsible for the quality, safety, appropriateness, and effectiveness of the respiratory care services provided by a respiratory therapist, who assists in quality monitoring, protocol development, and competency validation, and who meets all of the following:

(i) Is the medical director of an inpatient or outpatient respiratory care service or department within a health facility, or of a home care agency, durable medical equipment company, or educational program.

(ii) Has special interest and knowledge in the diagnosis and treatment of cardiopulmonary disorders and diseases.

(iii) Is qualified by training or experience, or both, in the management of acute and chronic cardiopulmonary disorders and diseases.
PUBLIC HEALTH CODE

(c) “Physician” means that term as defined in sections 17001 and 17501.
(d) “Practice of respiratory care” means the provision of respiratory care services. Practice of respiratory care may be provided by an inpatient or outpatient service or department within a health facility, by a home care agency or durable medical equipment company, or by an educational program.
(e) “Respiratory care services” means preventative services, diagnostic services, therapeutic services, and rehabilitative services under the written, verbal, or telecommunicated order of a physician to an individual with a disorder, disease, or abnormality of the cardiopulmonary system as diagnosed by a physician. Respiratory care services involve, but are not limited to, observing, assessing, and monitoring signs and symptoms, reactions, general behavior, and general physical response of individuals to respiratory care services, including determination of whether those signs, symptoms, reactions, behaviors, or general physical response exhibit abnormal characteristics; the administration of pharmacological, diagnostic, and therapeutic agents related to respiratory care services; the collection of blood specimens and other bodily fluids and tissues for, and the performance of, cardiopulmonary diagnostic testing procedures including, but not limited to, blood gas analysis; development, implementation, and modification of respiratory care treatment plans based on assessed abnormalities of the cardiopulmonary system, respiratory care protocols, clinical pathways, referrals, and written, verbal, or telecommunicated orders of a physician; application, operation, and management of mechanical ventilatory support and other means of life support; and the initiation of emergency procedures under the rules promulgated by the board.
(f) “Respiratory therapist” and “respiratory care practitioner” mean an individual engaged in the practice of respiratory care and who is responsible for providing respiratory care services and who is licensed under this article as a respiratory therapist or respiratory care practitioner.

(2) In addition to the definitions in this part, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.18703.added THIS ADDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 *****

333.18703.added Restricted use of words, titles, or letters.
Sec. 18703. Beginning the effective date of the amendatory act that added this part, an individual shall not use the titles “respiratory therapist”, “respiratory care practitioner”, “licensed respiratory therapist”, “licensed respiratory care practitioner”, “r.t.”, “r.c.p.”, “l.r.t.”, “l.r.c.p.”, or similar words that indicate the individual is a respiratory therapist unless the individual is licensed under this article as a respiratory therapist or respiratory care practitioner.


Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.18705.added THIS ADDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 *****

333.18705.added Michigan board of respiratory care; creation; membership.
Sec. 18705. The Michigan board of respiratory care is created in the department and consists of the following 7 members who meet the requirements of part 161:
(a) Four individuals who meet the requirements of section 16135(2).
(b) One medical director.
(c) Two public members.


Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.18707.added THIS ADDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 *****
333.18707.added Practice of respiratory care; license required.

Sec. 18707. (1) An individual shall not engage in the practice of respiratory care or provide or offer to provide respiratory care services unless licensed under this part.

(2) Subsection (1) does not prevent any of the following:

(a) An individual licensed under any other part or act from performing activities that are considered respiratory care services if those activities are within the individual's scope of practice and if the individual does not use the titles protected under section 18703.

(b) An individual not licensed under this part from performing activities that are considered respiratory care services while under the supervision of an individual who is licensed under this part as a respiratory therapist or respiratory care practitioner, if the individual does not use the titles protected under section 18703.

(c) An individual not licensed under this part from performing activities that are considered diagnostic services if the individual possesses a level of training approved by the board, has successfully passed a credentialing examination approved by the board, and if the individual does not use the titles protected under section 18703.

(d) The practice of respiratory care which is an integral part of a program of study by students enrolled in an accredited respiratory therapist educational program approved by the board, provided that they are identified as a student and provide respiratory care services only while under the supervision of a licensed respiratory therapist or respiratory care practitioner.

(e) Self-care by a patient or uncompensated care by a friend or family member who does not represent or hold himself or herself out to be a licensed respiratory therapist or respiratory care practitioner.


Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.18709.added THIS ADDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 *****

333.18709.added Licensure requirements; rules; temporary license; interim standards.

Sec. 18709. (1) The department shall promulgate rules under section 16145 as necessary or appropriate to fulfill its functions under this article. In promulgating rules to establish requirements for licensure under section 16145, the department shall adopt all of the following requirements:

(a) Successful completion of an accredited respiratory therapist training program approved by the department.

(b) Having at least a 2-year associate's degree from an accredited college or university approved by the department.

(c) Having the credential conferred by the national board for respiratory care or its successor organization as a respiratory therapist or its successor credential, as approved by the department.

(2) The department shall issue a license as a respiratory therapist to an individual who had either of the credentials as a registered respiratory therapist or certified respiratory therapist, or their predecessor credentials, conferred by the national board for respiratory care, or its predecessor organization, on or before the effective date of this part, and who applies for licensure as a respiratory therapist within 1 year after the effective date of this part.

(3) The department shall issue a license as a respiratory therapist to an individual who is a holder of a temporary license as a respiratory therapist if a holder of a temporary license meets all of the following requirements:

(a) Applies for licensure as a respiratory therapist prior to the expiration of his or her temporary license as prescribed in section 18711(2).

(b) Provides proof to the department that he or she has successfully completed the national credentialing exam by the national board for respiratory care or its successor organization, as approved by the department.

(4) The department may utilize the standards contained in the clinical practice guidelines issued by the American association of respiratory care that are in effect on the effective date of this part as interim standards, which are adopted by reference, until rules are promulgated under subsection (1).


Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.18711.added THIS ADDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 *****
333.18711.added Temporary license.

Sec. 18711. (1) The department may issue a temporary license as a respiratory therapist to an applicant who does not meet all of the requirements of section 18709, if the applicant does all of the following:

(a) Applies to the department for a temporary license within 1 year after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this part.

(b) Provides satisfactory proof to the department that he or she has been employed full-time as a respiratory therapist for the 4 years immediately preceding the date of application in 1 of the following:

(i) An inpatient or outpatient respiratory care service or department within a licensed health facility.

(ii) A durable medical equipment company or home care agency.

(iii) A respiratory care educational program.

(c) Provides the department with a letter of recommendation from his or her medical director at the time of application attesting to the applicant's clinical competence as a respiratory therapist.

(d) Pays the applicable fees prescribed by section 16344.

(2) A temporary license issued by the department under this section expires within the same time period as a nonpermanent license issued by the department under this part. The holder of a temporary license issued under this section may apply for 1 or more renewals of the temporary license a number of times, but an individual may not hold a temporary license for more than a total of 4 years.

(3) The holder of a temporary license issued under this section is subject to this part and the rules promulgated under this part, except for the requirements for licensure.


Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.18713.added THIS ADDED SECTION IS EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 *****

333.18713.added New or additional reimbursement or benefits not required.

Sec. 18713. This part does not require new or additional third party reimbursement or mandated worker's compensation benefits for services rendered by an individual licensed as a respiratory therapist under this article.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 188

VETERINARY MEDICINE

333.18801 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.

Sec. 18801. (1) For purposes of this part the words and phrases defined in sections 18802 to 18805 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 161 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of certain health-related functions, boards, and commissions from the Department of Licensing and Regulation to the Department of Commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1991-9, compiled at § 338.3501 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18802 Definitions; A to S.

Sec. 18802. (1) “Abandoned by its owner” means any of the following:

(a) Failure of an owner to return to regain custody of an animal left in the custody of a veterinarian by its owner for treatment, boarding, or other services at the scheduled time for the animal's return or at completion of the services.

(b) Refusal of an owner to accept custody of an animal left in the custody of a veterinarian by its owner for treatment, boarding, or other services at the scheduled time for the animal's return or at completion of the services.

(c) Failure of an owner to provide payment for treatment, boarding, or other services on an animal left in the custody of a veterinarian by its owner as agreed upon by the owner and the veterinarian.
(2) “Animal” means an animal other than a human being and includes all fowl, birds, fish, and reptiles, wild or domestic, living or dead, which may be carriers of infectious diseases.

(3) “Owner” means the actual owner of an animal, an agent of the owner of the animal, or a person with the apparent authority to act as the owner or as the agent of the owner of an animal.

(4) “Supervision” includes that degree of close physical proximity necessary for the supervising veterinarian to observe and monitor the performance of a veterinary technician.

Historical and statutory notes:

333.18805 Definitions; P to V.

Sec. 18805. (1) “Practice as a veterinary technician” means the practice of veterinary medicine based on less comprehensive knowledge and skill than that required of a veterinarian and performed under supervision of a veterinarian.

(2) “Practice of veterinary medicine” means:
   (a) Prescribing or administering a drug, medicine, treatment, or method of procedure; performing an operation or manipulation; applying an apparatus or appliance; or giving an instruction or demonstration designed to alter an animal from its normal condition.
   (b) Curing, ameliorating, correcting, reducing, or modifying a disease, deformity, defect, wound, or injury in or to an animal.
   (c) Diagnosing or prognosing, or both, a disease, deformity, or defect in an animal by a test, procedure, manipulation, technique, autopsy, biopsy, or other examination.

(3) “Veterinarian” means an individual licensed under this article to engage in the practice of veterinary medicine.

Historical and statutory notes:

333.18808 Veterinary technician; health profession subfield.

Sec. 18808. Practice as a veterinary technician is a health profession subfield of the practice of veterinary medicine.

Historical and statutory notes:

333.18811 Veterinarian or veterinary technician; license or authorization required; prohibited conduct.

Sec. 18811. (1) A person shall not engage in the practice of veterinary medicine unless licensed or otherwise authorized by this article.

(2) After July 1, 1979, an individual shall not practice as a veterinary technician without a license.

(3) A veterinary technician shall not diagnose animal diseases, prescribe medical or surgical treatment, or perform as a surgeon.

Historical and statutory notes:

333.18812 Limited license for practice apart from veterinary education; requirements; graduates of nonapproved veterinary education programs.

Sec. 18812. (1) A limited license for practice apart from veterinary education shall require that the individual be a senior student in an approved school of veterinary medicine and be under the supervision of a veterinarian licensed by this state.

(2) Graduates of nonapproved veterinary education programs may be granted a limited license under section 16182(1).

Historical and statutory notes:

333.18814 Conduct not considered practice of veterinary medicine.

Sec. 18814. An individual is not engaging in the practice of veterinary medicine in this state who:
   (a) Administers to livestock owned by that individual, except when the title is vested in him or her for the
purpose of circumventing this act.

(b) Conducts experimentation and scientific research in the development of methods, techniques, or treatments directly or indirectly applicable to the problems of medicine and who in connection therewith uses animals.

(c) Conducts routine vaccination and pullorum testing of poultry under supervision of the national poultry improvement plan as administered by the official state agency and the United States department of agriculture.

(d) Is a regularly employed veterinarian of the United States department of agriculture or a full-time veterinary food inspector while engaged in the inspection of animals as food for human consumption.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18821  Michigan board of veterinary medicine; creation; membership; waiver.

Sec. 18821. (1) The Michigan board of veterinary medicine is created in the department and shall consist of the following 9 members who shall meet the requirements of part 161: 5 veterinarians, 1 veterinary technician, and 3 public members. The chief of the animal health division of the department of agriculture is an ex officio member without vote.

(2) The requirement of section 16135(d) that a board member shall have practiced that profession for 2 years immediately before appointment is waived until September 30, 1980 for members of the board who are licensed in a health profession subfield created by this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18822  Animal diseases; advising department of agriculture.

Sec. 18822. In addition to the functions set forth in part 161, upon request, the board shall advise the department of agriculture in matters pertaining to animal diseases.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to task force to advise board.

Popular name: Act 368

333.18826  Veterinarian or veterinary technician; civil liability for acts or omissions; immunity; applicability; notice.

Sec. 18826. (1) A veterinarian or veterinary technician is not liable for civil damages as a result of the acts or omissions described in subsection (2) if both of the following apply:

(a) The animal has been brought to the veterinarian or veterinary technician by a person other than the owner of the animal.

(b) The veterinarian or veterinary technician does not know who owns the animal or is unable to contact the owner of the animal before a decision must be made with respect to emergency treatment or euthanasia.

(2) The immunity granted by this section applies to both of the following:

(a) An injury to an animal or death of an animal that results from acts or omissions by the veterinarian or veterinary technician in providing treatment to the animal.

(b) The euthanasia of a seriously injured or seriously ill animal.

(3) This section does not apply to an act or omission by a veterinarian or veterinary technician amounting to gross negligence or willful and wanton misconduct in providing treatment to an animal.

(4) A veterinarian or veterinary technician shall notify the animal control authority in the county in which the animal is found of the disposition of the treatment rendered to the animal before the end of the first business day following the day treatment is rendered.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18827  Veterinarian or veterinary technician; reporting animal to be abandoned, neglected, or abused; immunity.

Sec. 18827. A veterinarian or veterinary technician who in good faith reports to a peace officer, an animal control officer, or an officer of a private organization devoted to the humane treatment of animals an animal that the veterinarian or veterinary technician knows or reasonably believes to be abandoned, neglected, or abused is immune
from civil or criminal liability for making the report.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18835 Grounds for fine, reprimand, or probation; grounds for denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking license.

Sec. 18835. In addition to the grounds set forth in part 161, the disciplinary subcommittee may fine, reprimand, or place a licensee on probation, or deny, limit, suspend, or revoke the license of a veterinarian for fraudulent use or misuse of a health certificate, inspection certificate, vaccination certificate, test chart, meat inspection stamp, or other blank form used in the practice of veterinary medicine that might lead to the dissemination of disease, unlawful transportation of diseased animals, or the sale of inedible products of animal origin for human consumption.


Popular name: Act 368

333.18838 Disposal of abandoned animal; notices; costs; relinquishment of rights by owner.

Sec. 18838. (1) A veterinarian may dispose of an animal placed in the veterinarian's custody for treatment, boarding, or other care and abandoned by its owner by sending the notices required by this section. The veterinarian shall send a first written notice of an intent to dispose of the animal by certified mail to the owner, at his or her last known address and a second written notice not less than 5 days after sending the first notice. Upon the expiration of 5 days after sending the second written notice to the owner, a veterinarian may dispose of the animal.

(2) The disposal of an animal does not release the owner from payment of costs incurred, including the disposal.

(3) This section does not prevent the owner or agent from mitigating additional costs by removing the animal from custody of the veterinarian.

(4) In the case of an animal abandoned by its owner, the owner is considered to have relinquished all rights to the animal.


Popular name: Act 368

ARTICLE 17
FACILITIES AND AGENCIES

PART 201
GENERAL PROVISIONS

333.20101 Meanings of words and phrases; principles of construction.

Sec. 20101. (1) The words and phrases defined in sections 20102 to 20109 apply to all parts in this article except part 222 and have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of health facility licensing and certification in the bureau of health systems, division of federal support services, and the division of emergency medical services, with the exception of the division of managed care and division of health facility development, from the department of public health to the director of the department of commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20102 Definitions; A.

Sec. 20102. (1) “Advisory commission” means the health facilities and agencies advisory commission created in section 20121.

(2) “Aircraft transport operation” means that term as defined in section 20902.

(3) “Ambulance operation” means that term as defined in section 20902.

(4) “Attending physician” means the physician selected by, or assigned to, the patient and who has primary responsibility for the treatment and care of the patient.
333.20104 Definitions; C to F.

Sec. 20104. (1) “Certification” means the issuance of a document by the department to a health facility or agency attesting to the fact that the facility or agency meets both of the following:
   (a) It complies with applicable statutory and regulatory requirements and standards.
   (b) It is eligible to participate as a provider of care and services in a specific federal or state health program.

(2) “Clinical laboratory” means a facility patronized by, or at the direction of, a physician, health officer, or other person authorized by law to obtain information for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of disease or the assessment of a medical condition by the microbiological, serological, histological, hematological, immunohematological, biophysical, cytological, pathological, or biochemical examination of materials derived from the human body, except as provided in section 20507.

(3) “Consumer” means a person who is not a provider of health care as defined in section 1531(3) of title 15 of the public health service act, 42 U.S.C. 300n.

(4) “County medical care facility” means a nursing care facility, other than a hospital long-term care unit, which provides organized nursing care and medical treatment to 7 or more unrelated individuals who are suffering or recovering from illness, injury, or infirmity and which is owned by a county or counties.

(5) “Freestanding surgical outpatient facility” means a facility, other than the office of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, or other private practice office, offering a surgical procedure and related care that in the opinion of the attending physician can be safely performed without requiring overnight inpatient hospital care. It does not include a surgical outpatient facility owned by and operated as part of a hospital.

333.20106 Definitions; H.

Sec. 20106. (1) “Health facility or agency”, except as provided in section 20115, means:
   (a) An ambulance operation, aircraft transport operation, nontransport prehospital life support operation, or medical first response service.
   (b) A clinical laboratory.
   (c) A county medical care facility.
   (d) A freestanding surgical outpatient facility.
   (e) A health maintenance organization.
   (f) A home for the aged.
   (g) A hospital.
   (h) A nursing home.
   (i) A hospice.
   (j) A hospice residence.
   (k) A facility or agency listed in subdivisions (a) to (h) located in a university, college, or other educational institution.

(2) “Health maintenance organization” means that term as defined in section 3501 of the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3501.

(3) “Home for the aged” means a supervised personal care facility, other than a hotel, adult foster care facility, hospital, nursing home, or county medical care facility that provides room, board, and supervised personal care to 21 or more unrelated, nontransient, individuals 60 years of age or older. Home for the aged includes a supervised personal care facility for 20 or fewer individuals 60 years of age or older if the facility is operated in conjunction with and as a distinct part of a licensed nursing home.

(4) “Hospice” means a health care program that provides a coordinated set of services rendered at home or in outpatient or institutional settings for individuals suffering from a disease or condition with a terminal prognosis.

(5) “Hospital” means a facility offering inpatient, overnight care, and services for observation, diagnosis, and active treatment of an individual with a medical, surgical, obstetric, chronic, or rehabilitative condition requiring the daily direction or supervision of a physician. Hospital does not include a mental health hospital licensed or operated by the department of community health or a hospital operated by the department of corrections.

(6) “Hospital long-term care unit” means a nursing care facility, owned and operated by and as part of a hospital,
providing organized nursing care and medical treatment to 7 or more unrelated individuals suffering or recovering from illness, injury, or infirmity.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.20108 Definitions; I to N.

Sec. 20108. (1) “Intermediate care facility” means a hospital long-term care unit, nursing home, county medical care facility, or other nursing care facility, or distinct part thereof, certified by the department to provide intermediate care or basic care that is less than skilled nursing care but more than room and board.

(2) “License” means an authorization, annual or as otherwise specified, granted by the department and evidenced by a certificate of licensure or permit granting permission to a person to establish or maintain and operate, or both, a health facility or agency. For purposes of part 209, “license” includes a license issued to an individual under that part.

(3) “Licensee” means the holder of a license or permit to establish or maintain and operate, or both, a health facility or agency. For purposes of part 209, “licensee” includes an individual licensed under that part.

(4) “Limited license” means a provisional license or temporary permit or a license otherwise limited as prescribed by the department.

(5) “Medically contraindicated” means, with reference to nursing homes only, having a substantial adverse effect on the patient’s physical health, as determined by the attending physician, which effect is explicitly stated in writing with the reasons therefor in the patient’s medical record.

(6) “Medical first response service” means that term as defined in section 20906.

(7) “Nontransport prehospital life support operation” means that term as defined in section 20908.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.20109 Definitions; N to S.

Sec. 20109. (1) “Nursing home” means a nursing care facility, including a county medical care facility, that provides organized nursing care and medical treatment to 7 or more unrelated individuals suffering or recovering from illness, injury, or infirmity. Nursing home does not include a unit in a state correctional facility. Nursing home does not include 1 or more of the following:

(a) A hospital.
(b) A veterans facility created under Act No. 152 of the Public Acts of 1885, being sections 36.1 to 36.12 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
(c) A hospice residence that is licensed under this article.
(d) A hospice that is certified under 42 C.F.R. 418.100.

(2) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.

(3) “Public member” means a member of the general public who is not a provider; who does not have an ownership interest in or contractual relationship with a nursing home other than a patient contract; who does not have a contractual relationship with a person who does substantial business with a nursing home; and who is not the spouse, parent, sibling, or child of an individual who has an ownership interest in or contractual relationship with a nursing home, other than a patient contract.

(4) “Skilled nursing facility” means a hospital long-term care unit, nursing home, county medical care facility, or other nursing care facility, or a distinct part thereof, certified by the department to provide skilled nursing care.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.20115 Rules defining or differentiating health facility or agency; republication of certain rules; waiver or modification; “abortion” defined.

Sec. 20115. (1) The department may promulgate rules to further define the term “health facility or agency” and the definition of a health facility or agency listed in section 20106 as required to implement this article. The department may define a specific organization as a health facility or agency for the sole purpose of certification authorized under this article. For purpose of certification only, an organization defined in section 20106(5),
20108(1), or 20109(4) is considered a health facility or agency. The term “health facility or agency” does not mean a visiting nurse service or home aide service conducted by and for the adherents of a church or religious denomination for the purpose of providing service for those who depend upon spiritual means through prayer alone for healing.

(2) The department shall promulgate rules to differentiate a freestanding surgical outpatient facility from a private office of a physician, dentist, podiatrist, or other health professional. The department shall specify in the rules that a facility including, but not limited to, a private practice office described in this subsection in which 50% or more of the patients annually served at the facility undergo an abortion must be licensed under this article as a freestanding surgical outpatient facility.

(3) The department shall promulgate rules that in effect republish R 325.3826, R 325.3832, R 325.3835, R 325.3857, R 325.3866, R 325.3867, and R 325.3868 of the Michigan administrative code, but shall include in the rules standards for a freestanding surgical outpatient facility in which 50% or more of the patients annually served in the freestanding surgical outpatient facility undergo an abortion. The department shall assure that the standards are consistent with the most recent United States supreme court decisions regarding state regulation of abortions.

(4) Subject to section 20145 and part 222, the department may modify or waive 1 or more of the rules contained in R 325.3801 to R 325.3877 of the Michigan administrative code regarding construction or equipment standards, or both, for a freestanding surgical outpatient facility in which 50% or more of the patients annually served in the freestanding surgical outpatient facility undergo an abortion, if both of the following conditions are met:

(a) The freestanding surgical outpatient facility was in existence and operating on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection.

(b) The department makes a determination that the existing construction or equipment conditions, or both, within the freestanding surgical outpatient facility are adequate to preserve the health and safety of the patients and employees of the freestanding surgical outpatient facility or that the construction or equipment conditions, or both, can be modified to adequately preserve the health and safety of the patients and employees of the freestanding surgical outpatient facility without meeting the specific requirements of the rules.

(5) As used in this subsection, “abortion” means that term as defined in section 17015.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.3801 et seq. and R 325.23101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.20121 Health facilities and agencies advisory commission; creation; appointment and qualification of members; director as ex officio member without vote.

Sec. 20121. The health facilities and agencies advisory commission is created in the department. The governor shall appoint the members with the advice and consent of the senate. Half the members shall be consumers and half the members shall be representative of different types of licensees, with at least 1 representative of each type. Membership shall include at least 1 practicing physician, 1 registered nurse, and 1 enrollee of a health maintenance organization who is a consumer of health care. The director shall serve as an ex officio member of the advisory commission without vote.


Compiler's note: For transfer of authority, powers, duties, functions, and responsibilities of the health facilities and agencies advisory commission to the director of the Michigan state department of public health, see E.R.O. No. 1994-1, compiled at § 333.26322 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20122 Advisory commission; terms of members; vacancy; removal.

Sec. 20122. (1) A member of the advisory commission shall serve for a term of 4 years or until a successor is appointed, except that the terms of members first appointed shall be as provided by section 1214. A member shall not serve more than 2 full terms and 1 partial term, consecutive or otherwise.

(2) A vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as an original appointment for the balance of the unexpired term.

(3) The director may recommend to the governor the removal of a member from the advisory commission at any time for poor attendance at meetings or other good cause.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20123 Advisory commission; meetings; chairperson and vice-chairperson; vacancy;
quorum; expenses.
Sec. 20123. (1) The advisory commission shall meet at the call of its chairperson or the director at least twice each year.

(2) The advisory commission shall elect a chairperson and vice-chairperson for terms of 2 years. The chairperson shall be a consumer and the vice-chairperson a licensee representative. A vacancy in either office shall be filled by election for the balance of the unexpired term.

(3) The advisory commission shall determine the number of voting members that constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

(4) Advisory commission members and task force members shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of official duties as provided in section 1216.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20124 Advisory commission; duties generally.
Sec. 20124. The advisory commission shall:

(a) Approve rules relating to the licensure and certification of health facilities and agencies other than health maintenance organizations and the administration of this article before their promulgation.

(b) Receive reports of licenses denied, limited, suspended, or revoked pursuant to this article.

(c) Advise the department as to administration of health facility and agency licensure and certification functions, including recommendations with respect to licensing actions.

(d) Biennially conduct a review and prepare a written evaluation of health facility and agency licensure and certification functions performed by the department, including appropriate recommendations. The recommendations shall give particular attention to policies as to public disclosure and nondiscrimination and the standardization and integration of rules common to more than 1 category of health facility or agency.

(e) Review complaints made under section 20176.

(f) Provide other assistance the department reasonably requests.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20126 Task forces; appointment; purpose; duties; membership; staff support.
Sec. 20126. (1) The advisory commission chairperson shall appoint 4 task forces to advise the commission in carrying out its duties as follows:

(a) Task force 1 shall assist in matters pertaining to the licensure and certification of health facilities and agencies under this part, except ambulance operations, aircraft transport operations, nontransport prehospital life support operations, medical first response services, health maintenance organizations, and nursing homes.

(b) Task force 2 shall assist in matters pertaining to the licensure of ambulance operations, aircraft transport operations, nontransport prehospital life support operations, and medical first response services under part 209.

(c) Task force 3 shall assist in matters pertaining to the licensure and certification of health maintenance organizations.

(d) Task force 4 shall assist in matters pertaining to the licensure of nursing homes as provided in section 20127.

(2) Except as provided by subsections (4), (5), and (6), each task force shall be composed of a number of advisory commission members to be determined by the chairperson. The chairperson may appoint noncommission members to each task force as associate task force members if necessary to provide adequate expert professional and technical support.

(3) The department shall provide staff support to the advisory commission and its task forces.

(4) The state emergency medical services coordination committee created in section 20915 shall be appointed as task force 2 and shall perform the duties set forth in this section.

(5) Initial appointments to task force 3 shall include the members of the commission created by section 7 of former Act No. 264 of the Public Acts of 1974.

(6) Task force 4 shall be established as provided in section 20127.


Compiler's note: Act 264 of 1974, referred to in this section, was repealed by Act 368 of 1978.

Popular name: Act 368
333.20127 Task force 4; purpose; appointment and qualifications of members; chairperson and vice-chairperson; quorum; procedures; duties.

Sec. 20127. (1) Task force 4 shall be composed of 15 state residents to review the operation of part 217 and rules promulgated under part 217, to hear and evaluate complaints in implementation of part 217, and to recommend to the legislature and the department changes in part 217 and the rules.

(2) The director shall appoint the task force members, 1 of whom shall be a nurse having a background in gerontology, 1 a social worker having a background in gerontology, 5 representatives of nursing homes, 3 representatives of public interest health consumer groups, and 5 public members, 3 of whom have or have had relatives in a nursing home. In addition, there shall be 2 ex officio members without vote, 1 representing the department of public health, and 1 representing the department of social services.

(3) A majority of the voting members of the task force shall be consumers.

(4) The task force annually shall elect a chairperson and a vice-chairperson.

(5) The task force shall determine what constitutes a quorum and may establish procedures for the conduct of its business.

(6) The task force shall be charged with the following tasks:
(a) Meeting at least 6 times a year, at the call of the chairperson, the director, or any 3 members of the committee.
(b) Receiving and commenting on drafts of proposed rules.
(c) Receiving and making recommendations regarding complaint investigation reports, decisions, and procedures.
(d) Making reports and recommendations on needed changes in statutes and rules.
(e) Reviewing decisions as provided in section 21764.
(f) Reviewing complaints received under section 21763.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20131 Comprehensive system of licensure and certification; establishment; purpose; certification of health facility or agency; coordination, cooperation, and agreements; public disclosure.

Sec. 20131. (1) The department shall establish a comprehensive system of licensure and certification for health facilities or agencies in accordance with this article to:

(a) Protect the health, safety, and welfare of individuals receiving care and services in or from a health facility or agency.

(b) Assure the medical accountability for reimbursed care provided by a certified health facility or agency participating in a federal or state health program.

(2) The department may certify a health facility or agency, or part thereof, defined in section 20106 or under section 20115 when certification is required by state or federal law, rule, or regulation.

(3) The department shall coordinate all functions in state government affecting health facilities and agencies licensed under this article and cooperate with other state agencies which establish standards or requirements for health facilities and agencies to assure necessary, equitable, and consistent state supervision of licensees without unnecessary duplication of survey, evaluation, and consultation services or complaint investigations. The department may enter into agreements with other state agencies necessary to accomplish this purpose.

(4) The department shall utilize public disclosure to improve the effectiveness of licensure.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20132 Regulation of medical or surgical treatment prohibited; control of communicable diseases; protection of individuals receiving care and services; standards for inpatient food service establishment; compliance.

Sec. 20132. (1) The department shall not regulate the medical or surgical treatment provided to an individual by his or her attending physician in a health facility or agency.

(2) This article does not affect the authority of the department to control communicable diseases or to take immediate action necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of individuals receiving care and services in or from a health facility or agency.

(3) A license for a health facility or agency shall include the operation of an inpatient food service establishment within the facility or agency. Standards for an inpatient food service establishment shall be the same as those established under part 129. A health facility or agency issued a license under this article is considered in compliance
333.20141 Health facility or agency; license required; eligibility to participate in federal or state health program; personnel; services; and equipment; evidence of compliance; providing data and statistics.

Sec. 20141. (1) A person shall not establish or maintain and operate a health facility or agency without holding a license from the department.

(2) A health facility or agency is not eligible to participate in a federal or state health program requiring certification without current certification from the department.

(3) A health facility or agency shall have the physician, professional nursing, health professional, technical and supportive personnel, and the technical, diagnostic, and treatment services and equipment necessary to assure the safe performance of the health care undertaken by or in the facility or agency.

(4) Licensure and certification of a health facility or agency shall be evidence of the fact that the facility or agency complies with applicable statutory and regulatory requirements and standards at the time of issuance.

(5) A health facility or agency shall provide the department with the data and statistics required to enable the department to carry out functions required by federal and state law, including rules and regulations.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20142 Application for licensure and certification; form; certifying accuracy of information; disclosures, reports; and notices; violation; penalty; false statement as felony.

Sec. 20142. (1) A health facility or agency shall apply for licensure or certification on a form authorized and provided by the department. The application shall include attachments, additional data, and information required by the department.

(2) An applicant shall certify the accuracy of information supplied in the application and supplemental statements.

(3) An applicant or a licensee under part 213 or 217 shall disclose the names, addresses, principal occupations, and official positions of all persons who have an ownership interest in the health facility or agency. If the health facility or agency is located on or in leased real estate, the applicant or licensee shall disclose the name of the lessor and any direct or indirect interest the applicant or licensee has in the lease other than as lessee. A change in ownership shall be reported to the director not less than 15 days before the change occurs, except that a person purchasing stock of a company registered pursuant to the securities exchange act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. 78a to 78kk, is exempt from disclosing ownership in the facility. A person required to file a beneficial ownership report pursuant to section 16(a) of the securities exchange act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. 78p shall file with the department information relating to securities ownership required by the department rule or order. An applicant or licensee proposing a sale of a nursing home to another person shall provide the department with written, advance notice of the proposed sale. The applicant or licensee and the other parties to the sale shall arrange to meet with specified department representatives and shall obtain before the sale a determination of the items of noncompliance with applicable law and rules which shall be corrected. The department shall notify the respective parties of the items of noncompliance prior to the change of ownership and shall indicate that the items of noncompliance must be corrected as a condition of issuance of a license to the new owner. The department may accept reports filed with the securities and exchange commission relating to the filings. A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than $1,000.00 for each violation.

(4) An applicant or licensee under part 217 shall disclose the names and business addresses of suppliers who furnish goods or services to an individual nursing home or a group of nursing homes under common ownership, the aggregate charges for which exceed $5,000.00 in a 12-month period which includes a month in a nursing home's current fiscal year. An applicant or licensee shall disclose the names, addresses, principal occupations, and official positions of all persons who have an ownership interest in a business which furnishes goods or services to an individual nursing home or to a group of nursing homes under common ownership, if both of the following apply:

(a) The person, or the person’s spouse, parent, sibling, or child has an ownership interest in the nursing home purchasing the goods or services.

(b) The aggregate charges for the goods or services purchased exceeds $5,000.00 in a 12-month period which includes a month in the nursing home's current fiscal year.
(5) An applicant or licensee who makes a false statement in an application or statement required by the department pursuant to this article is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years, or a fine of not more than $30,000.00, or both.


_Popular name:_ Act 368

333.20143 Compliance as condition to issuance of license, certificate, or certificate of need.

Sec. 20143. (1) A license or certificate under this part shall not be issued unless the applicant is in compliance with part 222.

(2) A licensee who is issued a certificate of need under part 222 shall comply with part 222 and all of the terms, conditions, and stipulations of the certificate of need.


_Popular name:_ Act 368

333.20144 Licensing on basis of approved building program.

Sec. 20144. A health facility or agency not meeting statutory and regulatory requirements for its physical plant and equipment may be licensed by the department on the basis of a building program approved by the department which:

(a) Sets forth a plan and timetable for correction of physical plant or equipment deficiencies and items of noncompliance.

(b) Includes documented evidence of the availability and commitment of money for carrying out the approved building program.

(c) Includes other documentation the department reasonably requires to assure compliance with the plan and timetable.


_Popular name:_ Act 368

333.20145 Construction permit; certificate of need as condition of issuance; rules; information required for project not requiring certificate of need; review and approval of architectural plans and narrative; rules; waiver; fee; “capital expenditure” defined.

Sec. 20145. (1) Before contracting for and initiating a construction project involving new construction, additions, modernizations, or conversions of a health facility or agency with a capital expenditure of $1,000,000.00 or more, a person shall obtain a construction permit from the department. The department shall not issue the permit under this subsection unless the applicant holds a valid certificate of need if a certificate of need is required for the project pursuant to part 222.

(2) To protect the public health, safety, and welfare, the department may promulgate rules to require construction permits for projects other than those described in subsection (1) and the submission of plans for other construction projects to expand or change service areas and services provided.

(3) If a construction project requires a construction permit under subsection (1) or (2), but does not require a certificate of need under part 222, the department shall require the applicant to submit information considered necessary by the department to assure that the capital expenditure for the project is not a covered capital expenditure as defined in section 22203(9).

(4) If a construction project requires a construction permit under subsection (1), but does not require a certificate of need under part 222, the department shall require the applicant to submit information on a 1-page sheet, along with the application for a construction permit, consisting of all of the following:

(a) A short description of the reason for the project and the funding source.

(b) A contact person for further information, including address and phone number.

(c) The estimated resulting increase or decrease in annual operating costs.

(d) The current governing board membership of the applicant.

(e) The entity, if any, that owns the applicant.

(5) The information filed under subsection (4) shall be made publicly available by the department by the same methods used to make information about certificate of need applications publicly available.

(6) The review and approval of architectural plans and narrative shall require that the proposed construction project is designed and constructed in accord with applicable statutory and other regulatory requirements. In performing a construction permit review for a health facility or agency under this section, the department shall, at a
minimum, apply the standards contained in the document entitled “Minimum Design Standards for Health Care Facilities in Michigan” published by the department and dated March 1998. The standards are incorporated by reference for purposes of this subsection. The department may promulgate rules that are more stringent than the standards if necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.

(7) The department shall promulgate rules to further prescribe the scope of construction projects and other alterations subject to review under this section.

(8) The department may waive the applicability of this section to a construction project or alteration if the waiver will not affect the public health, safety, and welfare.

(9) Upon request by the person initiating a construction project, the department may review and issue a construction permit to a construction project that is not subject to subsection (1) or (2) if the department determines that the review will promote the public health, safety, and welfare.

(10) The department shall assess a fee for each review conducted under this section. The fee is .5% of the first $1,000,000.00 of capital expenditure and .85% of any amount over $1,000,000.00 of capital expenditure, up to a maximum of $30,000.00.

(11) As used in this section, “capital expenditure” means that term as defined in section 22203(2), except that it does not include the cost of equipment that is not fixed equipment.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Administrative rules:** R 325.3801 et seq. and R 325.20101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.
June 20, 2001, the department shall assure that each newly hired nursing home surveyor, as part of his or her basic training, is assigned full-time to a licensed nursing home for at least 10 days within a 14-day period to observe actual operations outside of the survey process before the trainee begins oversight responsibilities. A member of a survey team shall not be employed by a licensed nursing home or a nursing home management company doing business in this state at the time of conducting a survey under this section. The department shall not assign an individual to be a member of a survey team for purposes of a survey, evaluation, or consultation visit at a nursing home in which he or she was an employee within the preceding 5 years.

(2) The department of consumer and industry services shall make at least a biennial visit to each licensed clinical laboratory, each nursing home, and each hospice residence for the purposes of survey, evaluation, and consultation. The department of consumer and industry services shall semiannually provide for joint training with nursing home surveyors and providers on at least 1 of the 10 most frequently issued federal citations in this state during the past calendar year. The department of consumer and industry services shall develop a protocol for the review of citation patterns compared to regional outcomes and standards and complaints regarding the nursing home survey process. The review will result in a report provided to the legislature. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, beginning with his or her first full relicensure period after June 20, 2000, each member of a department of consumer and industry services nursing home survey team who is a health professional licensee under article 15 shall earn not less than 50% of his or her required continuing education credits, if any, in geriatric care. If a member of a nursing home survey team is a pharmacist licensed under article 15, he or she shall earn not less than 30% of his or her required continuing education credits in geriatric care.

(3) The department of consumer and industry services shall make a biennial visit to each hospital for survey and evaluation for the purpose of licensure. Subject to subsection (6), the department may waive the biennial visit required by this subsection if a hospital, as part of a timely application for license renewal, requests a waiver and submits both of the following and if all of the requirements of subsection (5) are met:

(a) Evidence that it is currently fully accredited by a body with expertise in hospital accreditation whose hospital accreditations are accepted by the United States department of health and human services for purposes of section 1865 of part C of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395bb.

(b) A copy of the most recent accreditation report for the hospital issued by a body described in subdivision (a), and the hospital's responses to the accreditation report.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (8), accreditation information provided to the department of consumer and industry services under subsection (3) is confidential, is not a public record, and is not subject to court subpoena. The department shall use the accreditation information only as provided in this section and shall return the accreditation information to the hospital within a reasonable time after a decision on the waiver request is made.

(5) The department of consumer and industry services shall grant a waiver under subsection (3) if the accreditation report submitted under subsection (3)(b) is less than 2 years old and there is no indication of substantial noncompliance with licensure standards or of deficiencies that represent a threat to public safety or patient care in the report, in complaints involving the hospital, or in any other information available to the department. If the accreditation report is 2 or more years old, the department may do 1 of the following:

(a) Grant an extension of the hospital's current license until the next accreditation survey is completed by the body described in subsection (3)(a).

(b) Grant a waiver under subsection (3) based on the accreditation report that is 2 or more years old, on condition that the hospital promptly submit the next accreditation report to the department.

(c) Deny the waiver request and conduct the visits required under subsection (3).

(6) This section does not prohibit the department from citing a violation of this part during a survey, conducting investigations or inspections pursuant to section 20156, or conducting surveys of health facilities or agencies for the purpose of complaint investigations or federal certification. This section does not prohibit the state fire marshal from conducting annual surveys of hospitals, nursing homes, and county medical care facilities.

(7) At the request of a health facility or agency, the department of consumer and industry services may conduct a consultation engineering survey of a health facility and provide professional advice and consultation regarding health facility construction and design. A health facility or agency may request a voluntary consultation survey under this subsection at any time between licensure surveys. The fees for a consultation engineering survey are the same as the fees established for waivers under section 20161(10).

(8) If the department of consumer and industry services determines that substantial noncompliance with licensure standards exists or that deficiencies that represent a threat to public safety or patient care exist based on a review of an accreditation report submitted pursuant to subsection (3)(b), the department shall prepare a written summary of the substantial noncompliance or deficiencies and the hospital's response to the department's determination. The
terms as those terms are used in title XVIII and title XIX and applied by the department to provide more consistent
text of the financial records, to the health facility or agency or to an employee of the health facility or agency, is guilty of a
misdemeanor. Consultation visits that are not for the purpose of annual or follow-up inspection or survey may be
announced.

(10) The department of consumer and industry services shall maintain a record indicating whether a visit and
inspection is announced or unannounced. Information gathered at each visit and inspection, whether announced or
unannounced, shall be taken into account in licensure decisions.

(11) The department of consumer and industry services shall require periodic reports and a health facility or
agency shall give the department access to books, records, and other documents maintained by a health facility or
to exceed the purpose of this article and the rules promulgated under this article. The department shall respect the confidentiality of a patient's clinical record and shall not divulge or disclose the contents of the records in a manner that identifies an individual except under court order. The department may copy
health facility or agency records as required to document findings.

(12) The department of consumer and industry services may delegate survey, evaluation, or consultation functions to another state agency or to a local health department qualified to perform those functions. However, the
department shall not delegate survey, evaluation, or consultation functions to a local health department that owns or
operates a hospice or hospice residence licensed under this article. The delegation shall be by cost reimbursement
contract between the department and the state agency or local health department. Survey, evaluation, or consultation functions shall not be delegated to nongovernmental agencies, except as provided in this section. The department may accept voluntary inspections performed by an accrediting body with expertise in clinical laboratory accreditation under part 205 if the accrediting body utilizes forms acceptable to the department, applies the same
licensing standards as applied to other clinical laboratories and provides the same information and data usually filed
by the department's own employees when engaged in similar inspections or surveys. The voluntary inspection
described in this subsection shall be agreed upon by both the licensee and the department.

(13) If, upon investigation, the department of consumer and industry services or a state agency determines that an individual licensed to practice a profession in this state has violated the applicable licensure statute or the rules promulgated under that statute, the department, state agency, or local health department shall forward the evidence it has to the appropriate licensing agency.

(14) The department of consumer and industry services shall report to the appropriations subcommittees, the
senate and house of representatives standing committees having jurisdiction over issues involving senior citizens,
and the fiscal agencies on March 1 of each year on the initial and follow-up surveys conducted on all nursing homes
in this state. The report shall include all of the following information:

(a) The number of surveys conducted.
(b) The number requiring follow-up surveys.
(c) The number referred to the Michigan public health institute for remediation.
(d) The number of citations per nursing home.
(e) The number of night and weekend complaints filed.
(f) The number of night and weekend responses to complaints conducted by the department.
(g) The average length of time for the department to respond to a complaint filed against a nursing home.
(h) The number and percentage of citations appealed.
(i) The number and percentage of citations overturned or modified, or both.

(15) The department of consumer and industry services shall report annually to the standing committees on
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regulation of nursing homes in Michigan:

(a) Immediate jeopardy.
(b) Harm.
(c) Potential harm.
(d) Avoidable.
(e) Unavoidable.

(17) All of the following clarifications developed under subsection (16) apply for purposes of subsection (16):

(a) Specifically, the term “immediate jeopardy” means “a situation in which immediate corrective action is necessary because the nursing home's noncompliance with 1 or more requirements of participation has caused or is likely to cause serious injury, harm, impairment, or death to a resident receiving care in a nursing home”.

(b) The likelihood of immediate jeopardy is reasonably higher if there is evidence of a flagrant failure by the nursing home to comply with a clinical process guideline adopted under subsection (18) than if the nursing home has substantially and continuously complied with those guidelines. If federal regulations and guidelines are not clear, and if the clinical process guidelines have been recognized, a process failure giving rise to an immediate jeopardy may involve an egregious widespread or repeated process failure and the absence of reasonable efforts to detect and prevent the process failure.

(c) In determining whether or not there is immediate jeopardy, the survey agency should consider at least all of the following:

(i) Whether the nursing home could reasonably have been expected to know about the deficient practice and to stop it, but did not stop the deficient practice.

(ii) Whether the nursing home could reasonably have been expected to identify the deficient practice and to correct it, but did not correct the deficient practice.

(iii) Whether the nursing home could reasonably have been expected to anticipate that serious injury, serious harm, impairment, or death might result from continuing the deficient practice, but did not so anticipate.

(iv) Whether the nursing home could reasonably have been expected to know that a widely accepted high-risk practice is or could be problematic, but did not know.

(v) Whether the nursing home could reasonably have been expected to detect the process problem in a more timely fashion, but did not so detect.

(d) The existence of 1 or more of the factors described in subdivision (c), and especially the existence of 3 or more of those factors simultaneously, may lead to a conclusion that the situation is one in which the nursing home's practice makes adverse events likely to occur if immediate intervention is not undertaken, and therefore constitutes immediate jeopardy. If none of the factors described in subdivision (c) is present, the situation may involve harm or potential harm that is not immediate jeopardy.

(e) Specifically, “actual harm” means “a negative outcome to a resident that has compromised the resident's ability to maintain or reach, or both, his or her highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being as defined by an accurate and comprehensive resident assessment, plan of care, and provision of services”. Harm does not include a deficient practice that only may cause or has caused limited consequences to the resident.

(f) For purposes of subdivision (e), in determining whether a negative outcome is of limited consequence, if the “state operations manual” or “the guidance to surveyors” published by the federal centers for medicare and medicaid services does not provide specific guidance, the department may consider whether most people in similar circumstances would feel that the damage was of such short duration or impact as to be inconsequential or trivial. In such a case, the consequence of a negative outcome may be considered more limited if it occurs in the context of overall procedural consistency with an accepted clinical process guideline adopted pursuant to subsection (18), as compared to a substantial inconsistency with or variance from the guideline.

(g) For purposes of subdivision (e), if the publications described in subdivision (f) do not provide specific guidance, the department may consider the degree of a nursing home's adherence to a clinical process guideline adopted pursuant to subsection (18) in considering whether the degree of compromise and future risk to the resident constitutes actual harm. The risk of significant compromise to the resident may be considered greater in the context of substantial deviation from the guidelines than in the case of overall adherence.

(h) To improve consistency and to avoid disputes over “avoidable” and “unavoidable” negative outcomes, nursing homes and survey agencies must have a common understanding of accepted process guidelines and of the circumstances under which it can reasonably be said that certain actions or inactions will lead to avoidable negative outcomes. If the “state operations manual” or “the guidance to surveyors” published by the federal centers for medicare and medicaid services is not specific, a nursing home's overall documentation of adherence to a clinical process guideline with a process indicator adopted pursuant to subsection (18) is relevant information in
considering whether a negative outcome was “avoidable” or “unavoidable” and may be considered in the application of that term.

(18) Subject to subsection (19), the department, in consultation with the clarification work group appointed under subsection (16), shall develop and adopt clinical process guidelines that shall be used in applying the terms set forth in subsection (16). The department shall establish and adopt clinical process guidelines and compliance protocols with outcome measures for all of the following areas and for other topics where the department determines that clarification will benefit providers and consumers of long-term care:

(a) Bed rails.
(b) Adverse drug effects.
(c) Falls.
(d) Pressure sores.
(e) Nutrition and hydration including, but not limited to, heat-related stress.
(f) Pain management.
(g) Depression and depression pharmacotherapy.
(h) Heart failure.
(i) Urinary incontinence.
(j) Dementia.
(k) Osteoporosis.
(l) Altered mental states.
(m) Physical and chemical restraints.

(19) The department shall create a clinical advisory committee to review and make recommendations regarding the clinical process guidelines with outcome measures adopted under subsection (18). The department shall appoint physicians, registered professional nurses, and licensed practical nurses to the clinical advisory committee, along with professionals who have expertise in long-term care services, some of whom may be employed by long-term care facilities. The clarification work group created under subsection (16) shall review the clinical process guidelines and outcome measures after the clinical advisory committee and shall make the final recommendations to the department before the clinical process guidelines are adopted.

(20) The department shall create a process by which the director of the division of nursing home monitoring or his or her designee or the director of the division of operations or his or her designee reviews and authorizes the issuance of a citation for immediate jeopardy or substandard quality of care before the statement of deficiencies is made final. The review shall be to assure that the applicable concepts, clinical process guidelines, and other tools contained in subsections (17) to (19) are being used consistently, accurately, and effectively. As used in this subsection, “immediate jeopardy” and “substandard quality of care” mean those terms as defined by the federal centers for medicare and medicaid services.

(21) The department may give grants, awards, or other recognition to nursing homes to encourage the rapid implementation of the clinical process guidelines adopted under subsection (18).

(22) The department shall assess the effectiveness of the amendatory act that added this subsection. The department shall file an annual report on the implementation of the clinical process guidelines and the impact of the guidelines on resident care with the standing committee in the legislature with jurisdiction over matters pertaining to nursing homes. The first report shall be filed on July 1 of the year following the year in which the amendatory act that added this subsection takes effect.

(23) The department of consumer and industry services shall instruct and train the surveyors in the use of the clarifications described in subsection (17) and the clinical process guidelines adopted under subsection (18) in citing deficiencies.

(24) A nursing home shall post the nursing home's survey report in a conspicuous place within the nursing home for public review.

(25) Nothing in this amendatory act shall be construed to limit the requirements of related state and federal law.

(26) As used in this section:

(a) “Title XVIII” means title XVIII of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1395 to 1395b, 1395b-2, 1395b-6 to 1395b-7, 1395c to 1395i, 1395i-2 to 1395i-5, 1395j to 1395t, 1395u to 1395w, 1395w-2 to 1395w-4, 1395w-21 to 1395w-28, 1395x to 1395yy, and 1395bbb to 1395ggg.

(b) “Title XIX” means title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396f, 1396g-1 to 1396r-6, and 1396r-8 to 1396v.

333.20156 Entering premises of applicant or licensee; enforcement of rules; certificate of approval from state fire marshal division; applicability of subsections (2) and (3).

Sec. 20156. (1) A representative of the department of public health or the state fire marshal division of the department of state police, upon presentation of proper identification, may enter the premises of an applicant or licensee at any reasonable time to determine whether the applicant or licensee meets the requirements of this article and the rules promulgated under this article. The director; the director of social services; the state fire marshal; the director of the office of services to the aging; or an authorized representative of the director, the director of social services, the state fire marshal, the director of the office of services to the aging, or the director of a local health department may enter on the premises of an applicant or licensee under part 217 at any time in the course of carrying out program responsibilities.

(2) The state fire marshal division of the department of state police shall enforce rules promulgated by the state fire safety board for health facilities and agencies to assure that physical facilities owned, maintained, or operated by a health facility or agency are planned, constructed, and maintained in a manner to protect the health, safety, and welfare of patients.

(3) The department of public health shall not issue a license or certificate to a health facility or agency until it receives an appropriate certificate of approval from the state fire marshal division of the department of state police. For purposes of this section, a decision of the state fire marshal division of the department of state police to issue a certificate controls over that of a local fire department.

(4) Subsections (2) and (3) do not apply to a health facility or an agency licensed under part 205, 209, or 210.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the fire marshal division on programs relating to fire safety inspections of adult foster care, correctional, and health care facilities from the department of state police to the department of consumer and industry services, see E.R.O. No. 1997-2, compiled at § 29.451 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20161 Fees and assessments for health facility and agency licenses and certificates of need; surcharge; fee for provisional license or temporary permit; fee to recover cost of proficiency evaluation samples; fee for reissuance of clinical laboratory license; cost of licensure activities; application fee for waiver under § 333.21564; travel expenses; fees for licensure or renewal under part 209; deposit of fees; use of quality assurance assessment; earmarking; "medicaid" defined.

Sec. 20161. (1) The department shall assess fees and other assessments for health facility and agency licenses and certificates of need on an annual basis as provided in this article. Except as otherwise provided in this article, fees and assessments shall be paid in accordance with the following schedule:

(a) Freestanding surgical outpatient facilities ............................................$238.00 per facility.

(b) Hospitals .................................................................$8.28 per licensed bed.

(c) Nursing homes, county medical care facilities, and hospital long-term care units .................................................................$2.20 per licensed bed.

(d) Homes for the aged .........................................................$6.27 per licensed bed.

(e) Clinical laboratories ..........................................................$475.00 per laboratory.

(f) Hospice residences ...........................................................$200.00 per license survey; and $20.00 per licensed bed.

(g) Subject to subsection (13), quality assurance assessment for nongovernmentally owned nursing homes and hospital long-term care units ...... an amount resulting in not more than 6% of total industry revenues.
(h) Subject to subsection (14), quality assurance assessment for hospitals .......at a fixed or variable rate that generates funds not more than the maximum allowable under the federal matching requirements, after consideration for the amounts in subsection (14)(a) and (k).

(2) If a hospital requests the department to conduct a certification survey for purposes of title XVIII or title XIX of the social security act, the hospital shall pay a license fee surcharge of $23.00 per bed. As used in this subsection, “title XVIII” and “title XIX” mean those terms as defined in section 20155.

(3) The base fee for a certificate of need is $750.00 for each application. For a project requiring a projected capital expenditure of more than $150,000.00 but less than $1,500,000.00, an additional fee of $2,000.00 shall be added to the base fee. For a project requiring a projected capital expenditure of $1,500,000.00 or more, an additional fee of $3,500.00 shall be added to the base fee.

(4) If licensure is for more than 1 year, the fees described in subsection (1) are multiplied by the number of years for which the license is issued, and the total amount of the fees shall be collected in the year in which the license is issued.

(5) Fees described in this section are payable to the department at the time an application for a license, permit, or certificate is submitted. If an application for a license, permit, or certificate is denied or if a license, permit, or certificate is revoked before its expiration date, the department shall not refund fees paid to the department.

(6) The fee for a provisional license or temporary permit is the same as for a license. A license may be issued at the expiration date of a temporary permit without an additional fee for the balance of the period for which the fee was paid if the requirements for licensure are met.

(7) The department may charge a fee to recover the cost of purchase or production and distribution of proficiency evaluation samples that are supplied to clinical laboratories pursuant to section 20521(3).

(8) In addition to the fees imposed under subsection (1), a clinical laboratory shall submit a fee of $25.00 to the department for each reissuance during the licensure period of the clinical laboratory's license.

(9) Except for the licensure of clinical laboratories, not more than half the annual cost of licensure activities as determined by the department shall be provided by license fees.

(10) The application fee for a waiver under section 21564 is $200.00 plus $40.00 per hour for the professional services and travel expenses directly related to processing the application. The travel expenses shall be calculated in accordance with the state standardized travel regulations of the department of management and budget in effect at the time of the travel.

(11) An applicant for licensure or renewal of licensure under part 209 shall pay the applicable fees set forth in part 209.

(12) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the fees and assessments collected under this section shall be deposited in the state treasury, to the credit of the general fund.

(13) The quality assurance assessment collected under subsection (1)(g) and all federal matching funds attributed to that assessment shall be used only for the following purposes and under the following specific circumstances:

(a) The quality assurance assessment and all federal matching funds attributed to that assessment shall be used to finance medicaid nursing home reimbursement payments. Only licensed nursing homes and hospital long-term care units that are assessed the quality assurance assessment and participate in the medicaid program are eligible for increased per diem medicaid reimbursement rates under this subdivision.

(b) The quality assurance assessment shall be implemented on May 10, 2002.

(c) The quality assurance assessment is based on the number of licensed nursing home beds and the number of licensed hospital long-term care unit beds in existence on July 1 of each year, shall be assessed upon implementation pursuant to subdivision (b) and subsequently on October 1 of each following year, and is payable on a quarterly basis, the first payment due 90 days after the date the assessment is assessed.

(d) Beginning October 1, 2007, the department shall no longer assess or collect the quality assurance assessment or apply for federal matching funds.

(e) Upon implementation pursuant to subdivision (b), the department of community health shall increase the per diem nursing home medicaid reimbursement rates for the balance of that year. For each subsequent year in which the quality assurance assessment is assessed and collected, the department of community health shall maintain the medicaid nursing home reimbursement payment increase financed by the quality assurance assessment.

(f) The department of community health shall implement this section in a manner that complies with federal
requirements necessary to assure that the quality assurance assessment qualifies for federal matching funds.

(g) If a nursing home or a hospital long-term care unit fails to pay the assessment required by subsection (1)(g), the department of community health may assess the nursing home or hospital long-term care unit a penalty of 5% of the assessment for each month that the assessment and penalty are not paid up to a maximum of 50% of the assessment. The department of community health may also refer for collection to the department of treasury past due amounts consistent with section 13 of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.13.

(h) The medicaid nursing home quality assurance assessment fund is established in the state treasury. The department of community health shall deposit the revenue raised through the quality assurance assessment with the state treasurer for deposit in the medicaid nursing home quality assurance assessment fund.

(i) The department of community health shall not implement this subsection in a manner that conflicts with 42 USC 1396b(w).

(j) The quality assurance assessment collected under subsection (1)(g) shall be prorated on a quarterly basis for any licensed beds added to or subtracted from a nursing home or hospital long-term care unit since the immediately preceding July 1. Any adjustments in payments are due on the next quarterly installment due date.

(k) In each fiscal year governed by this subsection, medicaid reimbursement rates shall not be reduced below the medicaid reimbursement rates in effect on April 1, 2002 as a direct result of the quality assurance assessment collected under subsection (1)(g).

(l) The amounts listed in this subdivision are appropriated for the department of community health, subject to the conditions set forth in this subsection, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2003:

MEDICAL SERVICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Long-term care services</td>
<td>$1,469,003,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross appropriation</td>
<td>$1,469,003,900</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriated from:

Federal revenues:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total federal revenues</td>
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Special revenue funds:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medicaid quality assurance assessment</td>
<td>44,829,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total local revenues</td>
<td>8,445,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State general fund/general purpose</td>
<td>$601,607,600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(m) In fiscal year 2003-2004, $18,900,000.00 of the quality assurance assessment collected pursuant to subsection (1)(g) shall be appropriated to the department of community health to support medicaid expenditures for long-term care services. These funds shall offset an identical amount of general fund/general purpose revenue originally appropriated for that purpose.

(14) The quality assurance dedication is an earmarked assessment collected under subsection (1)(h). That assessment and all federal matching funds attributed to that assessment shall be used only for the following purposes and under the following specific circumstances:

(a) Part of the quality assurance assessment shall be used to maintain the increased medicaid reimbursement rate increases as provided for in subdivision (d). A portion of the funds collected from the quality assurance assessment may be used to offset any reduction to existing intergovernmental transfer programs with public hospitals that may result from implementation of the enhanced medicaid payments financed by the quality assurance assessment. Any portion of the funds collected from the quality assurance assessment reduced because of existing intergovernmental
transfer programs shall be used to finance medicaid hospital appropriations.

(b) The quality assurance assessment shall be implemented on October 1, 2002.

(c) The quality assurance assessment shall be assessed on all net patient revenue, before deduction of expenses, less medicare net revenue, as reported in the most recently available medicare cost report and is payable on a quarterly basis, the first payment due 90 days after the date the assessment is assessed. As used in this subdivision, “medicare net revenue” includes medicare payments and amounts collected for coinsurance and deductibles.

(d) Upon implementation pursuant to subdivision (b), the department of community health shall increase the hospital medicaid reimbursement rates for the balance of that year. For each subsequent year in which the quality assurance assessment is assessed and collected, the department of community health shall maintain the hospital medicaid reimbursement rate increase financed by the quality assurance assessments.

(e) The department of community health shall implement this section in a manner that complies with federal requirements necessary to assure that the quality assurance assessment qualifies for federal matching funds.

(f) If a hospital fails to pay the assessment required by subsection (1)(h), the department of community health may assess the hospital a penalty of 5% of the assessment for each month that the assessment and penalty are not paid up to a maximum of 50% of the assessment. The department of community health may also refer for collection to the department of treasury past due amounts consistent with section 13 of 1941 PA 122, MCL 205.13.

(g) The hospital quality assurance assessment fund is established in the state treasury. The department of community health shall deposit the revenue raised through the quality assurance assessment with the state treasurer for deposit in the hospital quality assurance assessment fund.

(h) In each fiscal year governed by this subsection, the quality assurance assessment shall only be collected and expended if medicaid hospital inpatient DRG and outpatient reimbursement rates and disproportionate share hospital and graduate medical education payments are not below the level of rates and payments in effect on April 1, 2002 as a direct result of the quality assurance assessment collected under subsection (1)(h), except as provided in subdivision (j).

(i) The amounts listed in this subdivision are appropriated for the department of community health, subject to the conditions set forth in this subsection, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2003:

MEDICAL SERVICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hospital services and therapy</td>
<td>$149,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross appropriation</td>
<td>$149,200,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriated from:

Federal revenues:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total federal revenues</td>
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Special revenue funds:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medicaid quality assurance assessment</td>
<td>66,513,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total local revenues</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State general fund/general purpose                 $0

(j) The quality assurance assessment collected under subsection (1)(h) shall no longer be assessed or collected after September 30, 2004, or in the event that the quality assurance assessment is not eligible for federal matching funds. Any portion of the quality assurance assessment collected from a hospital that is not eligible for federal matching funds shall be returned to the hospital.

(k) In fiscal year 2002-2003, $18,900,000.00 of the quality assurance assessment shall be deposited into the
general fund.

(i) In fiscal year 2003-2004, $18,900,000.00 of the quality assurance assessment collected pursuant to subsection (1)(h) shall be appropriated to the department of community health to support medicaid expenditures for hospital services and therapy. These funds shall offset an identical amount of general fund/general purpose revenue originally appropriated for that purpose.

(15) The quality assurance assessment provided for under this section is a tax that is levied on a health facility or agency.

(16) As used in this section, “medicaid” means that term as defined in section 22207.


Compiler's note: Enacting section 2 of Act 234 of 2003 provides:

“(1) Section 20161 as amended by this amendatory act is curative and intended to express the original intent of the legislature regarding the application of 2002 PA 303 and 2002 PA 562, as amended by 2003 PA 113.

“(2) Section 20161 as amended by this amendatory act is retroactive and is effective for all quality assurance assessments made after May 9, 2002.”

Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.3801 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.20162 License; issuance; nonrenewable temporary permit; provisional license; procedure for closing facility; order to licensee upon finding of noncompliance; notice, hearing, and status requirements.

Sec. 20162. (1) Upon a determination that a health facility or agency is in compliance with this article and the rules promulgated under this article, the department shall issue a license.

(2) The department may issue a nonrenewable temporary permit for not more than 6 months if additional time is needed to make a proper investigation or to permit the applicant to undertake remedial action related to operational or procedural deficiencies or items of noncompliance. A temporary permit shall not be issued to cover deficiencies in physical plant requirements.

(3) Except as provided in part 217, the department may issue a provisional license for not more than 3 consecutive years to an applicant who temporarily is unable to comply with the rules as to the physical plant owned, maintained, or operated by a health facility or agency except as otherwise provided in this article. A provisional license shall not be issued to a new health facility or agency or a facility or agency whose ownership is transferred after the effective date of this article, unless the facility or agency was licensed and operating under this article or a prior law for not less than 5 years. Provisional licensure under acts repealed by this code shall be counted against the 3-year maximum for licensure.

(4) The department, in order to protect the people of this state, shall provide a procedure for the orderly closing of a facility if it is unable to maintain its license under this section.

(5) Except as provided in part 217, the department, upon finding that a health facility or agency is not operating in accord with the requirements of its license, may:

(a) Issue an order directing the licensee to:

(i) Discontinue admissions.

(ii) Transfer selected patients out of the facility.

(iii) Reduce its licensed capacity.

(iv) Comply with specific requirements for licensure or certification as appropriate.

(b) Through the office of the attorney general, initiate misdemeanor proceedings against the licensee as provided in section 20199(1).

(6) An order issued under subsection (5) shall be governed by the notice and hearing requirements of section 20168(1) and the status requirements of section 20168(2).


Popular name: Act 368

333.20164 Duration of license or certification; license, certification, or certificate of need nontransferable; transfer of ownership or ownership interest; notice; application for license and certification.

Sec. 20164. (1) A license, certification, provisional license, or limited license is valid for not more than 1 year
after the date of issuance, except as provided in section 20511 or part 209 or 210. A license for a facility licensed under part 215 shall be valid for 2 years, except that provisional and limited licenses may be valid for 1 year.

(2) A license, certification, or certificate of need is not transferable and shall state the persons, buildings, and properties to which it applies. Applications for licensure or certification because of transfer of ownership or essential ownership interest shall not be acted upon until satisfactory evidence is provided of compliance with part 222.

(3) If ownership is not voluntarily transferred, the department shall be notified immediately and the new owner shall apply for a license and certification not later than 30 days after the transfer.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20165 Denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking license or certification; notice of intent; imposition of administrative fine.

Sec. 20165. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, after notice of intent to an applicant or licensee to deny, limit, suspend, or revoke the applicant's or licensee's license or certification and an opportunity for a hearing, the department may deny, limit, suspend, or revoke the license or certification or impose an administrative fine on a licensee if 1 or more of the following exist:

(a) Fraud or deceit in obtaining or attempting to obtain a license or certification or in the operation of the licensed health facility or agency.
(b) A violation of this article or a rule promulgated under this article.
(c) False or misleading advertising.
(d) Negligence or failure to exercise due care, including negligent supervision of employees and subordinates.
(e) Permitting a license or certificate to be used by an unauthorized health facility or agency.
(f) Evidence of abuse regarding a patient's health, welfare, or safety or the denial of a patient's rights.
(g) Failure to comply with section 10102a(7).
(h) Failure to comply with part 222 or a term, condition, or stipulation of a certificate of need issued under part 222, or both.
(i) A violation of section 20197(1).

(2) The department may deny an application for a license or certification based on a finding of a condition or practice that would constitute a violation of this article if the applicant were a licensee.

(3) Denial, suspension, or revocation of an individual emergency medical services personnel license under part 209 is governed by section 20958.

(4) If the department determines under subsection (1) that a health facility or agency has violated section 20197(1), the department shall impose an administrative fine of $5,000,000.00 on the health facility or agency.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20166 Notice of intent to deny, limit, suspend, or revoke license or certification; service; contents; hearing; record; transcript; determination; powers of department; judicial order to appear and give testimony; contempt; failure to show need for health facility or agency.

Sec. 20166. (1) Notice of intent to deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a license or certification shall be given by certified mail or personal service, shall set forth the particular reasons for the proposed action, and shall fix a date, not less than 30 days after the date of service, on which the applicant or licensee shall be given the opportunity for a hearing before the director or the director's authorized representative. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the administrative procedures act of 1969 and rules promulgated by the department. A full and complete record shall be kept of the proceeding and shall be transcribed when requested by an interested party, who shall pay the cost of preparing the transcript.

(2) On the basis of a hearing or on the default of the applicant or licensee, the department may issue, deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a license or certification. A copy of the determination shall be sent by certified mail or served personally upon the applicant or licensee. The determination becomes final 30 days after it is mailed or served, unless the applicant or licensee within the 30 days appeals the decision to the circuit court in the county of jurisdiction or to the Ingham county circuit court.

(3) The department may establish procedures, hold hearings, administer oaths, issue subpoenas, or order
testimony to be taken at a hearing or by deposition in a proceeding pending at any stage of the proceeding. A person may be compelled to appear and testify and to produce books, papers, or documents in a proceeding.

(4) In case of disobedience of a subpoena, a party to a hearing may invoke the aid of the circuit court of the jurisdiction in which the hearing is held to require the attendance and testimony of witnesses. The circuit court may issue an order requiring an individual to appear and give testimony. Failure to obey the order of the circuit court may be punished by the court as a contempt.

(5) The department shall not deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a license on the basis of an applicant's or licensee's failure to show a need for a health facility or agency unless the health facility or agency has not obtained a certificate of need required by part 222.


Compiler's note: In paragraph (1), the words “not less that 30 days” evidently should read “not less than 30 days.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.20168 Emergency order limiting, suspending, or revoking license; limiting reimbursements or payments; hearing; contents of order; order not suspended by hearing.

Sec. 20168. (1) Upon a finding that a deficiency or violation of this article or the rules promulgated under this article seriously affects the health, safety, and welfare of individuals receiving care or services in or from a licensed health facility or agency, the department may issue an emergency order limiting, suspending, or revoking the license of the health facility or agency. If the department of public health issues an emergency order affecting the license of a nursing home, the department of public health may request the department of social services to limit reimbursements or payments authorized under section 21718. The department shall provide an opportunity for a hearing within 5 working days after issuance of the order.

(2) An order shall incorporate the department's findings. The conduct of a hearing under this section shall not suspend the department's order.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20169 HIV infected test subject; compliance with reporting requirements; definitions.

Sec. 20169. (1) A health facility or agency licensed under this article that obtains from a test subject a test result that indicates that the test subject is HIV infected shall comply with the reporting requirements of section 5114.

(2) As used in this section:

(a) “HIV” means human immunodeficiency virus.

(b) “HIV infected” means that term as defined in section 5101.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20171 Rules implementing article; rules promulgated under § 333.21563.

Sec. 20171. (1) The department, after obtaining approval of the advisory commission, shall promulgate and enforce rules to implement this article, including rules necessary to enable a health facility or agency to qualify for and receive federal funds available for patient care or for projects involving new construction, additions, modernizations, or conversions.

(2) The rules applicable to health facilities or agencies shall be uniform insofar as is reasonable.

(3) The rules shall establish standards relating to:

(a) Ownership.

(b) Reasonable disclosure of ownership interests in proprietary corporations and of financial interests of trustees of voluntary, nonprofit corporations and owners of proprietary corporations and partnerships.

(c) Organization and function of the health facility or agency, owner, operator, and governing body.

(d) Administration.

(e) Professional and nonprofessional staff, services, and equipment appropriate to implement section 20141(3).

(f) Policies and procedures.

(g) Fiscal and medical audit.

(h) Utilization and quality control review.

(i) Physical plant including planning, construction, functional design, sanitation, maintenance, housekeeping, and fire safety.

(j) Arrangements for the continuing evaluation of the quality of health care provided.
(k) Other pertinent organizational, operational, and procedural requirements for each type of health facility or agency.

(4) The rules promulgated under section 21563 for the designation of rural community hospitals may also specify all of the following:

(a) Maximum bed size.
(b) The level of services to be provided in each category as described in section 21562(2).
(c) Requirements for transfer agreements with other hospitals to assure efficient and appropriate patient care.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.1001 et seq.; R 325.1801 et seq.; R 325.2301 et seq.; R 325.3801 et seq.; R 325.6001 et seq.; R 325.20101 et seq.; and R 325.23101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.20172 Policies and procedures; publication and distribution.

Sec. 20172. The department may publish and distribute written policies and procedures in the form of departmental letters necessary to the effective administration of this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20173 Nursing home, county medical care facility, or home for the aged; criminal history check of employment applicants; definitions.

Sec. 20173. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), a health facility or agency that is a nursing home, county medical care facility, or home for the aged shall not employ, independently contract with, or grant clinical privileges to an individual who regularly provides direct services to patients or residents in the health facility or agency after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section if the individual has been convicted of 1 or more of the following:

(a) A felony or an attempt or conspiracy to commit a felony within the 15 years immediately preceding the date of application for employment or clinical privileges or the date of the execution of the independent contract.
(b) A misdemeanor involving abuse, neglect, assault, battery, or criminal sexual conduct or involving fraud or theft against a vulnerable adult as that term is defined in section 145m of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.145m, or a state or federal crime that is substantially similar to a misdemeanor described in this subdivision, within the 10 years immediately preceding the date of application for employment or clinical privileges or the date of the execution of the independent contract.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection (5), a health facility or agency that is a nursing home, county medical care facility, or home for the aged shall not employ, independently contract with, or grant privileges to an individual who regularly provides direct services to patients or residents in the health facility or agency after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section until the health facility or agency complies with subsection (4) or (5), or both. This subsection and subsection (1) do not apply to an individual who is employed by, under independent contract to, or granted clinical privileges in a health facility or agency before the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section.

(3) An individual who applies for employment either as an employee or as an independent contractor or for clinical privileges with a health facility or agency that is a nursing home, county medical care facility, or home for the aged has received a good faith offer of employment, an independent contract, or clinical privileges from the health facility or agency shall give written consent at the time of application for the department of state police to conduct a criminal history check under subsection (4) or (5), or both, along with identification acceptable to the department of state police. If the department of state police has conducted a criminal history check on the applicant within the 24 months immediately preceding the date of application and the applicant provides written consent for the release of information for the purposes of this section, the health facility or agency may use a copy of the results of that criminal history check instead of obtaining written consent and requesting a new criminal history check under this subsection, and under subsections (4) and (5), or both. If the applicant is using a prior criminal history check as described in this subsection, the health facility or agency shall accept the copy of the results of the criminal history check only from the health facility or agency or adult foster care facility that previously employed or granted clinical privileges to the applicant or from the firm or agency that independently contracts with the applicant.

(4) Upon receipt of the written consent and identification required under subsection (3), if an applicant has resided in this state for 3 or more years preceding the good faith offer of employment, an independent contract, or...
clinical privileges, a health facility or agency that is a nursing home, county medical care facility, or home for the aged that has made a good faith offer of employment or an independent contract or clinical privileges to the applicant shall make a request to the department of state police to conduct a criminal history check on the applicant. The request shall be made in a manner prescribed by the department of state police. The health facility or agency shall make the written consent and identification available to the department of state police. If there is a charge for conducting the criminal history check, the health facility or agency requesting the criminal history check shall pay the cost of the charge. The health facility or agency shall not seek reimbursement for the charge from the individual who is the subject of the criminal history check. The department of state police shall conduct a criminal history check on the applicant named in the request. The department of state police shall provide the health facility or agency with a written report of the criminal history check conducted under this subsection. The report shall contain any criminal history record information on the applicant maintained by the department of state police. As a condition of employment, an applicant shall sign a written statement that he or she has been a resident of this state for 3 or more years preceding the good faith offer of employment, independent contract, or clinical privileges.

(5) Upon receipt of the written consent and identification required under subsection (3), if an applicant has resided in this state for less than 3 years preceding the good faith offer of employment, an independent contract, or clinical privileges, a health facility or agency that is a nursing home, county medical care facility, or home for the aged that has made a good faith offer described in this subsection to the applicant shall comply with subsection (4) and shall make a request to the department of state police to forward the applicant's fingerprints to the federal bureau of investigation. The department of state police shall request the federal bureau of investigation to make a determination of the existence of any national criminal history pertaining to the applicant. An applicant described in this subsection shall provide the department of state police with 2 sets of fingerprints. The department of state police shall complete the criminal history check under subsection (4) and, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, provide the results of its determination under subsection (4) to the health facility or agency and the results of the federal bureau of investigation determination to the department of consumer and industry services within 30 days after the request is made. If the requesting health facility or agency is not a state department or agency and if a crime is disclosed on the federal bureau of investigation determination, the department shall notify the health facility or agency in writing of the type of crime disclosed on the federal bureau of investigation determination without disclosing the details of the crime. Any charges for fingerprinting or a federal bureau of investigation determination under this subsection shall be paid in the manner required under subsection (4).

(6) If a health facility or agency that is a nursing home, county medical care facility, or home for the aged determines it necessary to employ or grant clinical privileges to an applicant before receiving the results of the applicant's criminal history check under subsection (4) or (5), or both, the health facility or agency may conditionally employ or grant conditional clinical privileges to the individual if all of the following apply:

(a) The health facility or agency requests the criminal history check under subsection (4) or (5), or both, upon conditionally employing or conditionally granting clinical privileges to the individual.

(b) The individual signs a statement in writing that indicates all of the following:

(i) That he or she has not been convicted of 1 or more of the crimes that are described in subsection (1)(a) and (b) within the applicable time period prescribed by subsection (1)(a) and (b).

(ii) The individual agrees that, if the information in the criminal history check conducted under subsection (4) or (5), or both, does not confirm the individual’s statement under subparagraph (i), his or her employment or clinical privileges will be terminated by the health facility or agency as required under subsection (1) unless and until the individual can prove that the information is incorrect. The health facility or agency shall provide a copy of the results of the criminal history check conducted under subsection (4) or (5), or both, to the applicant upon request.

(iii) That he or she understands the conditions described in subparagraphs (i) and (ii) that result in the termination of his or her employment or clinical privileges and that those conditions are good cause for termination.

(7) On the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section, the department shall develop and distribute a model form for the statement required under subsection (6)(b). The department shall make the model form available to health facilities or agencies subject to this section upon request at no charge.

(8) If an individual is employed as a conditional employee or is granted conditional clinical privileges under subsection (6), and the report described in subsection (4) or (5), or both, does not confirm the individual's statement under subsection (6)(b)(i), the health facility or agency shall terminate the individual's employment or clinical privileges as required by subsection (1).

(9) An individual who knowingly provides false information regarding criminal convictions on a statement described in subsection (6)(b)(i) is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than 90 days or a fine of not more than $500.00, or both.
(10) A health facility or agency that is a nursing home, county medical care facility, or home for the aged shall use criminal history record information obtained under subsection (4), (5), or (6) only for the purpose of evaluating an applicant's qualifications for employment, an independent contract, or clinical privileges in the position for which he or she has applied and for the purposes of subsections (6) and (8). A health facility or agency or an employee of the health facility or agency shall not disclose criminal history record information obtained under subsection (4) or (5) to a person who is not directly involved in evaluating the applicant's qualifications for employment, an independent contract, or clinical privileges. Upon written request from another health facility or agency or adult foster care facility that is considering employing, independently contracting with, or granting clinical privileges to an individual, a health facility or agency that has obtained criminal history record information under this section on that individual shall share the information with the requesting health facility or agency or adult foster care facility. Except for a knowing or intentional release of false information, a health facility or agency has no liability in connection with a criminal background check conducted under this section or the release of criminal history record information under this subsection.

(11) As a condition of continued employment, each employee, independent contractor, or individual granted clinical privileges shall agree in writing to report to the health facility or agency immediately upon being arrested for or convicted of 1 or more of the criminal offenses listed in subsection (1)(a) and (b).

(12) As used in this section:
(a) “Adult foster care facility” means an adult foster care facility licensed under the adult foster care facility licensing act, 1979 PA 218, MCL 400.701 to 400.737.
(b) “Independent contract” means a contract entered into by a health facility or agency with an individual who provides the contracted services independently or a contract entered into by a health facility or agency with an organization or agency that employs or contracts with an individual after complying with the requirements of this section to provide the contracted services to the health facility or agency on behalf of the organization or agency.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20175 Maintaining record for each patient; wrongfully altering or destroying records; noncompliance; fine; licensing and certification records as public records; confidentiality; disclosure; report or notice of disciplinary action; information provided in report; nature and use of certain records, data, and knowledge.

Sec. 20175. (1) A health facility or agency shall keep and maintain a record for each patient including a full and complete record of tests and examinations performed, observations made, treatments provided, and in the case of a hospital, the purpose of hospitalization. In addition to the sanctions set forth in section 20165, a hospital that fails to comply with this subsection is subject to an administrative fine of $10,000.00.

(2) A hospital shall take precautions to assure that the records required by subsection (1) are not wrongfully altered or destroyed. A hospital that fails to comply with this subsection is subject to an administrative fine of $10,000.00.

(3) Unless otherwise provided by law, the licensing and certification records required by this article are public records.

(4) Departmental officers and employees shall respect the confidentiality of patient clinical records and shall not divulge or disclose the contents of records in a manner that identifies an individual except pursuant to court order.

(5) A health facility or agency that employs, contracts with, or grants privileges to a health professional licensed or registered under article 15 shall report the following to the department of consumer and industry services not more than 30 days after it occurs:
(a) Disciplinary action taken by the health facility or agency against a health professional licensed or registered under article 15 based on the licensee's or registrant's professional competence, disciplinary action that results in a change of employment status, or disciplinary action based on conduct that adversely affects the licensee's or registrant's clinical privileges for a period of more than 15 days. As used in this subdivision, “adversely affects” means the reduction, restriction, suspension, revocation, denial, or failure to renew the clinical privileges of a licensee or registrant by a health facility or agency.
(b) Restriction or acceptance of the surrender of the clinical privileges of a licensee or registrant under either of the following circumstances:
(i) The licensee or registrant is under investigation by the health facility or agency.
(ii) There is an agreement in which the health facility or agency agrees not to conduct an investigation into the licensee's or registrant's alleged professional incompetence or improper professional conduct.
(c) A case in which a health professional resigns or terminates a contract or whose contract is not renewed instead of the health facility taking disciplinary action against the health professional.

(6) Upon request by another health facility or agency seeking a reference for purposes of changing or granting staff privileges, credentials, or employment, a health facility or agency that employs, contracts with, or grants privileges to health professionals licensed or registered under article 15 shall notify the requesting health facility or agency of any disciplinary or other action reportable under subsection (5) that it has taken against a health professional licensed or registered under article 15 and employed by, under contract to, or granted privileges by the health facility or agency.

(7) For the purpose of reporting disciplinary actions under this section, a health facility or agency shall include only the following in the information provided:
   (a) The name of the licensee or registrant against whom disciplinary action has been taken.
   (b) A description of the disciplinary action taken.
   (c) The specific grounds for the disciplinary action taken.
   (d) The date of the incident that is the basis for the disciplinary action.

(8) The records, data, and knowledge collected for or by individuals or committees assigned a professional review function in a health facility or agency, or an institution of higher education in this state that has colleges of osteopathic and human medicine, are confidential, shall be used only for the purposes provided in this article, are not public records, and are not subject to court subpoena.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.20176 Notice of violation; investigation of complaints; notice of proposed action; public record; appeal; reinvestigation.

Sec. 20176. (1) A person may notify the department of a violation of this article or of a rule promulgated under this article that the person believes exists. The department shall investigate each written complaint received and shall notify the complainant in writing of the results of a review or investigation of the complaint and any action proposed to be taken. Except as otherwise provided in sections 20180, 21743(1)(d), and 21799a, the name of the complainant and the charges contained in the complaint are a matter of public record.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in section 21799a, a complainant who is aggrieved by the decision of the department under this section may appeal to the director. After review of an appeal under this subsection, the director may order the department to reinvestigate the complaint.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20176a Health facility or agency; prohibited conduct; violation; fine.

Sec. 20176a. (1) A health facility or agency shall not discharge or discipline, threaten to discharge or discipline, or otherwise discriminate against an employee regarding the employee’s compensation, terms, conditions, location, or privileges of employment because the employee or an individual acting on behalf of the employee does either or both of the following:
   (a) In good faith reports or intends to report, verbally or in writing, the malpractice of a health professional or a violation of this article, article 7, or article 15 or a rule promulgated under this article, article 7, or article 15.
   (b) Acts as an expert witness in a civil action involving medical malpractice or in an administrative action.

(2) In addition to the sanctions set forth in section 20165, a health facility or agency that violates subsection (1) is subject to an administrative fine of not more than $10,000.00 for each violation.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20177 Action to restrain, enjoin, or prevent establishment, maintenance, or operation of health facility or agency.

Sec. 20177. Notwithstanding the existence and pursuit of any other remedy, the director, without posting a bond, may request the prosecuting attorney or attorney general to bring an action in the name of the people of this state to restrain, enjoin, or prevent the establishment, maintenance, or operation of a health facility or agency in violation of this article or rules promulgated under this article.
333.20178 Nursing home, home for the aged, or county medical care facility; description of services to patients or residents with Alzheimer's disease; contents; “represents to the public” defined.

Sec. 20178. (1) Beginning not more than 90 days after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section, a health facility or agency that is a nursing home, home for the aged, or county medical care facility that represents to the public that it provides inpatient care or services or residential care or services, or both, to persons with Alzheimer's disease or a related condition shall provide to each prospective patient, resident, or surrogate decision maker a written description of the services provided by the health facility or agency to patients or residents with Alzheimer's disease or a related condition. A written description shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:

(a) The overall philosophy and mission reflecting the needs of patients or residents with Alzheimer's disease or a related condition.
(b) The process and criteria for placement in or transfer or discharge from a program for patients or residents with Alzheimer's disease or a related condition.
(c) The process used for assessment and establishment of a plan of care and its implementation.
(d) Staff training and continuing education practices.
(e) The physical environment and design features appropriate to support the function of patients or residents with Alzheimer's disease or a related condition.
(f) The frequency and types of activities for patients or residents with Alzheimer's disease or a related condition.
(g) Identification of supplemental fees for services provided to patients or residents with Alzheimer's disease or a related condition.

(2) As used in this section, “represents to the public” means advertises or markets the facility as providing specialized Alzheimer's or dementia care services.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20179 Artificial insemination services on anonymous basis; use of frozen sperm; testing sperm donor for presence of HIV or antibody to HIV; violation; liability; definitions.

Sec. 20179. (1) A health facility or agency licensed under this article that provides artificial insemination services on an anonymous basis shall use only frozen sperm, and shall test each potential sperm donor for the presence in the donor of HIV or an antibody to HIV. The donated sperm shall be frozen, stored, and quarantined for not less than 6 months. Before frozen sperm is used for artificial insemination, and not less than 6 months after the date of the donation, the health facility or agency shall take a second blood sample from the donor and have that blood sample tested for HIV or an antibody to HIV. If at any time the test results are positive, the health facility or agency licensed under this article shall not use the sperm of the donor for artificial insemination purposes.

(2) A health facility or agency licensed under this article that violates this section shall be liable in a civil action for damages for the loss or damage resulting from the violation.

(3) As used in this section:

(a) “Anonymous basis” means that the recipient of the sperm does not know the identity of the donor, but the health facility or agency licensed under this article that provides the artificial insemination services or collects the sperm from the donor does know the identity of the donor.

(b) “HIV” means human immunodeficiency virus.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20180 Health facility or agency; person making or assisting in originating, investigating, or preparing report or complaint; immunity and protection from civil or criminal liability; disclosure of identity; notice; “hospital” defined.

Sec. 20180. (1) A person employed by or under contract to a health facility or agency or any other person acting in good faith who makes a report or complaint including, but not limited to, a report or complaint of a violation of this article or a rule promulgated under this article; who assists in originating, investigating, or preparing a report or complaint; or who assists the department in carrying out its duties under this article is immune from civil or...
criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred and is protected under the whistleblowers' protection act, 1980 PA 469, MCL 15.361 to 15.369. A person described in this subsection who makes or assists in making a report or complaint, or who assists the department as described in this subsection, is presumed to have acted in good faith. The immunity from civil or criminal liability granted under this subsection extends only to acts done pursuant to this article.

(2) Unless a person described in subsection (1) otherwise agrees in writing, the department shall keep the person's identity confidential until disciplinary proceedings under this article are initiated against the subject of the report or complaint and the person making or assisting in originating, investigating, or preparing the report or complaint is required to testify in the disciplinary proceedings. If disclosure of the person's identity is considered by the department to be essential to the disciplinary proceedings and if the person is the complainant, the department shall give the person an opportunity to withdraw the complaint before disclosure.

(3) Subject to subsection (4), a person employed by or under contract to a hospital is immune from civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be incurred and shall not be discharged, threatened, or otherwise discriminated against by the hospital regarding that person's compensation or the terms, conditions, location, or privileges of that person's employment if that person reports to the department, verbally or in writing, an issue related to the hospital that is an unsafe practice or condition that is not a violation of this article or a rule promulgated under this article. The protections afforded under this subsection do not limit, restrict, or diminish, in any way, the protections afforded under the whistleblowers' protection act, 1980 PA 469, MCL 15.361 to 15.369.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5), a person employed by or under contract to a hospital is eligible for the immunity and protection provided under subsection (3) only if the person meets all of the following conditions before reporting to the department the issue related to the hospital that is an unsafe practice or condition that is not a violation of this article or a rule promulgated under this article:

(a) The person gave the hospital 60 days' written notice of the issue related to the hospital that is an unsafe practice or condition that is not a violation of this article or a rule promulgated under this article. A person who provides a hospital written notice as provided under this subdivision shall not be discharged, threatened, or otherwise discriminated against by the hospital regarding that person's compensation or the terms, conditions, location, or privileges of that person's employment. Within 60 days after receiving a written notice of an issue related to the hospital that is an unsafe practice or condition, the hospital shall provide a written response to the person who provided that written notice.

(b) The person had no reasonable expectation that the hospital had taken or would take timely action to address the issue related to the hospital that is an unsafe practice or condition that is not a violation of this article or a rule promulgated under this article.

(5) Subsection (4) does not apply if the person employed by or under contract to a hospital is required by law to report the issue related to the hospital that is an unsafe practice or condition that is not a violation of this article or a rule promulgated under this article before the expiration of the 60 days' notice required under subsection (4).

(6) A hospital shall post notices and use other appropriate means to keep a person employed by or under contract to the hospital informed of their protections and obligations under this section. The notices shall be in a form approved by the department. The notice shall be available on the department's internet website and shall be posted in 1 or more conspicuous places where notices to persons employed by or under contract to a hospital are customarily posted.

(7) As used in this section, “hospital” means a hospital licensed under article 17.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20181 Abortion; admitting patient not required; refusal to perform, participate in, or allow; immunity.

Sec. 20181. A hospital, clinic, institution, teaching institution, or other health facility is not required to admit a patient for the purpose of performing an abortion. A hospital, clinic, institution, teaching institution, or other health facility or a physician, member, or associate of the staff, or other person connected therewith, may refuse to perform, participate in, or allow to be performed on its premises an abortion. The refusal shall be with immunity from any civil or criminal liability or penalty.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20182 Abortion; objection; participation in medical procedures not required; immunity.
Sec. 20182. A physician, or other individual who is a member of or associated with a hospital, clinic, institution, teaching institution, or other health facility, or a nurse, medical student, student nurse, or other employee of a hospital, clinic, institution, teaching institution, or other health facility in which an abortion is performed, who states an objection to abortion on professional, ethical, moral, or religious grounds, is not required to participate in the medical procedures which will result in abortion. The refusal by the individual to participate does not create a liability for damages on account of the refusal or for any disciplinary or discriminatory action by the patient, hospital, clinic, institution, teaching institution, or other health facility against the individual.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20183 Abortion; refusal to give advice; refusal to participate in; immunity.

Sec. 20183. (1) A physician who informs a patient that he or she refuses to give advice concerning, or participate in, an abortion is not liable to the hospital, clinic, institution, teaching institution, health facility, or patient for the refusal.

(2) A civil action for negligence or malpractice or a disciplinary or discriminatory action may not be maintained against a person refusing to give advice as to, or participating in, an abortion based on the refusal.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20184 Rights of individuals, staff members, and employees previously participating in, or expressing willingness to participate in, termination of pregnancy.

Sec. 20184. A hospital, clinic, institution, teaching institution, or other health facility which refuses to allow abortions to be performed on its premises shall not deny staff privileges or employment to an individual for the sole reason that the individual previously participated in, or expressed a willingness to participate in, a termination of pregnancy. A hospital, clinic, institution, teaching institution, or other health facility shall not discriminate against its staff members or other employees for the sole reason that the staff members or employees have participated in, or have expressed a willingness to participate in, a termination of pregnancy.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20191 Emergency patient; test for presence of infectious agent; positive test results; duties of health facility; notice; request for testing; confidentiality; rules; disclosure as misdemeanor; liability; definitions.

Sec. 20191. (1) If a police officer, fire fighter, individual licensed under section 20950 or 20952, or another individual assists an emergency patient who is subsequently transported to a health facility or transports an emergency patient to a health facility, and if the emergency patient, as part of the treatment rendered by the health facility or pursuant to a request made under subsection (2), is tested for the presence in the emergency patient of an infectious agent and the test results are positive, or is tested pursuant to a request made under subsection (2) for the presence in the emergency patient of the infectious agent of HIV or HBV and the test results are positive or negative, the health facility shall do all of the following:

(a) Subject to subsection (4) and subdivision (b), if the test results are positive for an infectious agent and the individual meets 1 of the following requirements, notify the individual on a form provided by the department that he or she may have been exposed to an infectious agent and, if the test results of a test conducted pursuant to subsection (2) are negative for the infectious agent of HIV or HBV, notify the individual of that fact:

(i) The individual is a police officer, fire fighter, or individual licensed under section 20950 or 20952.

(ii) The individual demonstrates in writing to the health facility that he or she was exposed to the blood, body fluids, or airborne agents of the emergency patient or participated in providing assistance to the emergency patient or transportation of the emergency patient to the health facility. An individual who makes a request under subsection (2) is exempt from the requirements of this subparagraph.

(b) Subject to subsection (4), if the test results indicate that the emergency patient is HIV infected, the health facility shall not reveal that the infectious agent is HIV unless the health facility has received a written request for notification from an individual described in subdivision (a)(i) or (ii). This subdivision does not apply if the test results indicate that the emergency patient is not HIV infected.

(c) Subject to subsection (4), on a form provided by the department, notify the individual described in subdivision (a), at a minimum, of the appropriate infection control precautions to be taken and the approximate date
of the potential exposure. If the emergency patient is tested pursuant to a request made under subsection (2) for the presence in the emergency patient of the infectious agent of HIV or HBV, or both, and if the test results are positive or negative, the health facility also shall notify the individual described in subdivision (a) on the form provided by the department that he or she should be tested for HIV infection or HBV infection, or both, and counseled regarding both infectious agents.

(2) A police officer, fire fighter, individual licensed under section 20950 or 20952, or other individual who assists an emergency patient who is subsequently transported to a health facility or who transports an emergency patient to a health facility and who sustains a percutaneous, mucous membrane, or open wound exposure to the blood or body fluids of the emergency patient may request that the emergency patient be tested for HIV infection or HBV infection, or both, pursuant to this subsection. The police officer, fire fighter, individual licensed under section 20950 or 20952, or other individual shall make a request to a health facility under this subsection in writing on a form provided by the department and before the emergency patient is discharged from the health facility. The request form shall be dated and shall contain at a minimum the name and address of the individual making the request and a description of the individual's exposure to the emergency patient's blood or other body fluids. The request form shall contain a space for the information required under subsection (3) and a statement that the requester is subject to the confidentiality requirements of subsection (5) and section 5131. The request form shall not contain information that would identify the emergency patient by name. A health facility that receives a request under this subsection shall accept as fact the requester's description of his or her exposure to the emergency patient's blood or other body fluids, unless the health facility has reasonable cause to believe otherwise. The health facility shall make a determination as to whether or not the exposure described in the request was a percutaneous, mucous membrane, or open wound exposure pursuant to R 325.70001 to R 325.70018 of the Michigan administrative code. If the health facility determines that the exposure described in the request was a percutaneous, mucous membrane, or open wound exposure, the health facility shall test the emergency patient for HIV infection or HBV infection, or both, as indicated in the request. A health facility that performs a test under this subsection may charge the individual requesting the test for the reasonable and customary charges of the test. The individual requesting the test is responsible for the payment of the charges if the charges are not payable by the individual's employer, pursuant to an agreement between the individual and the employer, or by the individual's health care payment or benefits plan.

A health facility is not required to provide HIV counseling pursuant to section 5133(1) to an individual who requests that an emergency patient be tested for HIV under this subsection, unless the health facility tests the requesting individual for HIV.

(3) A health facility shall comply with this subsection if the health facility receives a request under subsection (2) and determines either that there is reasonable cause to disbelieve the requester's description of his or her exposure or that the exposure was not a percutaneous, mucous membrane, or open wound exposure and as a result of the determination the health facility is not required to test the emergency patient for HIV infection or HBV infection, or both. A health facility shall also comply with this subsection if the health facility receives a request under subsection (2) and determines that the exposure was a percutaneous, mucous membrane, or open wound exposure, but is unable to test the emergency patient for HIV infection or HBV infection, or both. The health facility shall state in writing on the request form the reasons for disbelieving the requester's description of his or her exposure, the health facility's exposure determination, or the inability to test the emergency patient, as applicable. The health facility shall transmit a copy of the completed request form to the requesting individual within 2 days after the date the determination is made that the health facility has reasonable cause to disbelieve the requester's description of his or her exposure or that the exposure was not a percutaneous, mucous membrane, or open wound exposure or within 2 days after the date the health facility determines that it is unable to test the emergency patient for HIV infection or HBV infection, or both.

(4) The notification required under subsection (1) shall occur within 2 days after the test results are obtained by the health facility or after receipt of a written request under subsection (1)(b). The notification shall be transmitted to the potentially exposed individual or, upon request of the individual, to the individual's primary care physician or other health professional designated by the individual, as follows:

(a) If the potentially exposed individual provides his or her name and address or the name and address of the individual's primary care physician or other health professional designated by the individual to the health facility or after receipt of a written request under subsection (1)(b). The notification shall be transmitted to the potentially exposed individual or, upon request of the individual, to the individual's primary care physician or other health professional designated by the individual, as follows:

(b) If the potentially exposed individual is a police officer, fire fighter, or individual licensed under section 20950.
or 20952, and if the health facility does not have the name of the potentially exposed individual or the individual's primary care physician or other health professional designated by the individual, the health facility shall notify the appropriate police department, fire department, or life support agency that employs or dispatches the individual. If the health facility is unable to determine the employer of an individual described in this subdivision, the health facility shall notify the medical control authority or chief elected official of the governmental unit that has jurisdiction over the transporting vehicle.

(c) A medical control authority or chief elected official described in subdivision (b) shall notify the potentially exposed individual or the individual's primary care physician or other health professional designated by the individual or, if unable to notify the potentially exposed individual or the individual's primary care physician or other health professional designated by the individual, shall document in writing the notification efforts and reasons for being unable to make the notification.

(5) The notice required under subsection (1) shall not contain information that would identify the emergency patient who tested positive for an infectious agent or who tested positive or negative for the presence in the emergency patient of the infectious agent of HIV or HBV. The information contained in the notice is confidential and is subject to this section, the rules promulgated under section 5111(2), and section 5131. A person who receives confidential information under this section shall disclose the information to others only to the extent consistent with the authorized purpose for which the information was obtained.

(6) The department shall promulgate rules to administer this section. The department shall develop and distribute the forms required under subsections (1)(a) and (c) and (2).

(7) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a person who discloses information regarding an infectious agent in violation of subsection (5) is guilty of a misdemeanor. This subsection does not apply to the disclosure of information regarding a serious communicable disease or infection, if the disclosure is subject to rules promulgated under section 5111(2) or to section 5131.

(8) A person or governmental entity that makes a good faith effort to comply with subsection (1), (2), (3), or (4) is immune from any civil liability or criminal penalty based on compliance or the failure to comply.

(9) As used in this section:
(a) “Emergency patient” means an individual who is transported to an organized emergency department located in and operated by a hospital licensed under this article or a facility other than a hospital that is routinely available for the general care of medical patients.
(b) “HBV” means hepatitis B virus.
(c) “HBV infected” or “HBV infection” means the status of an individual who is tested as HBsAg-positive.
(d) “Health facility” means a health facility or agency as defined in section 20106.
(e) “HIV” means human immunodeficiency virus.
(f) “HIV infected” means that term as defined in section 5101.
(g) “Infectious agent” means that term as defined in R 325.9031 of the Michigan administrative code.
(h) “Life support agency” means that term as defined in section 20906.
(i) “Serious communicable disease or infection” means that term as defined in section 5101.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20192 Do-not-resuscitate order; execution not required.
Sec. 20192. A health facility or agency shall not require the execution of a do-not-resuscitate order under the Michigan do-not-resuscitate procedure act as a condition for admission or receipt of services.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20193 Compliance.
Sec. 20193. A health facility or agency shall comply with part 138.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20194 Pamphlets; display; distribution; model standardized complaint form; availability.
Sec. 20194. (1) Subject to subsections (2), (3), and (4), a health facility or agency, except a health facility or agency licensed under part 209, and including a health facility that is not licensed under this article but holds itself out as providing medical services, shall conspicuously display in the patient waiting areas or other common areas of
the health facility or agency copies of a pamphlet developed by the department of consumer and industry services outlining the procedure for filing a complaint against a health facility or agency with the department and the procedure for filing a complaint against an individual who is licensed or registered under article 15 and employed by, under contract to, or granted privileges by the health facility or agency. The pamphlet shall be developed and distributed by the department of consumer and industry services after consultation with appropriate professional associations.

(2) The department of consumer and industry services shall develop the pamphlets required under subsection (1) in languages that are appropriate to the ethnic composition of the patient population where the pamphlet will be displayed. The department shall use large, easily readable type and nontechnical, easily understood language in the pamphlet. The department shall periodically distribute copies of the pamphlet to each health facility or agency and to each unlicensed health facility described in subsection (1).

(3) The department of consumer and industry services shall include a model standardized complaint form in the pamphlet described in subsection (1). The department may develop a separate model standardized complaint form that is specific to a particular health facility or agency or category of health facilities and agencies. The department shall develop a model standardized complaint form that is specific to nursing homes. The department shall include on the model standardized complaint form, at a minimum, simple instructions on how to file a complaint, including with the nursing home as required under section 21723, the department, the state long-term care ombudsman, the Michigan protection and advocacy service, inc., and the health care fraud unit of the department of attorney general. The department shall distribute copies of the model standardized complaint form simultaneously with copies of the pamphlet as required under subsection (2). The nursing home shall conspicuously display and make available multiple copies of the pamphlet and model standardized complaint form with the complaint information required to be posted under section 21723 in the patient waiting areas or other common areas of the nursing home that are easily accessible to nursing home patients and their visitors, as described in subsection (1), and shall provide a copy of the pamphlet and complaint form to each nursing home resident or the resident's surrogate decision maker upon admission to the nursing home. The department shall include on the model standardized complaint form a telephone number for the receipt of oral complaints.

(4) The department may continue to distribute the complaint pamphlets within its possession on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection until the department's stock is exhausted or until October 1, 2003, whichever is sooner. Beginning October 1, 2003, the department shall only distribute the complaint pamphlets and model standardized complaint forms that are in compliance with subsections (2) and (3).

(5) The department shall make the complaint pamphlet and the model standardized complaint form available to the public on the department's internet website. The department shall take affirmative action toward the development and implementation of an electronic filing system that would allow an individual to file a complaint through the website.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20197 Human cloning in facility owned or operated by health facility or agency.

Sec. 20197. (1) A health facility or agency shall not allow a licensee or registrant under article 15 or any other individual to engage in or attempt to engage in human cloning in a facility owned or operated by the health facility or agency.

(2) Subsection (1) does not prohibit a health facility or agency from allowing a licensee or registrant under article 15 or any other individual from engaging in scientific research or cell-based therapies not specifically prohibited by that subsection.

(3) A health facility or agency that violates subsection (1) is subject to the administrative penalties prescribed in section 20165(4).

(4) This section does not give a person a private right of action.

(5) As used in this section, “human cloning” means that term as defined in section 16274.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20198 Health facility, agency inpatient facility, or residential facility; prohibited conduct; violation as misdemeanor; penalty; nonapplicability of subsections (1) and (2).

Sec. 20198. (1) Subject to subsection (3), an individual shall not enter upon the premises of a health facility or agency that is an inpatient facility, an outpatient facility, or a residential facility for the purpose of engaging in an
activity that would cause a reasonable person to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested and that actually causes a health facility or agency employee, patient, resident, or visitor to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested. This subsection does not prohibit constitutionally protected activity or conduct that serves a legitimate purpose.

(2) An individual who violates subsection (1) is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not less than $1,000.00 or more than $10,000.00, or both.

(3) Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply to a nursing home covered under sections 21763(5) and 21799c(1)(c).


Popular name: Act 368

333.20199 Violations; penalties.

Sec. 20199. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) or section 20142, a person who violates this article or a rule promulgated or an order issued under this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by fine of not more than $1,000.00 for each day the violation continues or, in case of a violation of sections 20551 to 20554, a fine of not more than $1,000.00 for each occurrence.

(2) A person who violates sections 20181 to 20184 is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 6 months, or a fine of not more than $2,000.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20201 Policy describing rights and responsibilities of patients or residents; adoption; posting and distribution; contents; additional requirements; discharging, harassing, retaliating, or discriminating against patient exercising protected right; exercise of rights by patient's representative; informing patient or resident of policy; designation of person to exercise rights and responsibilities; additional patients' rights; definitions.

Sec. 20201. (1) A health facility or agency that provides services directly to patients or residents and is licensed under this article shall adopt a policy describing the rights and responsibilities of patients or residents admitted to the health facility or agency. Except for a licensed health maintenance organization which shall comply with chapter 35 of the insurance code of 1956, 1956 PA 218, MCL 500.3501 to 500.3580, the policy shall be posted at a public place in the health facility or agency and shall be provided to each member of the health facility or agency staff. Patients or residents shall be treated in accordance with the policy.

(2) The policy describing the rights and responsibilities of patients or residents required under subsection (1) shall include, as a minimum, all of the following:

(a) A patient or resident shall not be denied appropriate care on the basis of race, religion, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, marital status, sexual preference, or source of payment.

(b) An individual who is or has been a patient or resident is entitled to inspect, or receive for a reasonable fee, a copy of his or her medical record upon request. A third party shall not be given a copy of the patient's or resident's medical record without prior authorization of the patient or resident.

(c) A patient or resident is entitled to confidential treatment of personal and medical records, and may refuse their release to a person outside the health facility or agency except as required because of a transfer to another health care facility or as required by law or third party payment contract.

(d) A patient or resident is entitled to privacy, to the extent feasible, in treatment and in caring for personal needs with consideration, respect, and full recognition of his or her dignity and individuality.

(e) A patient or resident is entitled to receive adequate and appropriate care, and to receive, from the appropriate individual within the health facility or agency, information about his or her medical condition, proposed course of treatment, and prospects for recovery, in terms that the patient or resident can understand, unless medically contraindicated as documented by the attending physician in the medical record.

(f) A patient or resident is entitled to refuse treatment to the extent provided by law and to be informed of the consequences of that refusal. If a refusal of treatment prevents a health facility or agency or its staff from providing appropriate care according to ethical and professional standards, the relationship with the patient or resident may be terminated upon reasonable notice.

(g) A patient or resident is entitled to exercise his or her rights as a patient or resident and as a citizen, and to this end may present grievances or recommend changes in policies and services on behalf of himself or herself or others to the health facility or agency staff, to governmental officials, or to another person of his or her choice within or outside the health facility or agency, free from restraint, interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal. A patient...
or resident is entitled to information about the health facility's or agency's policies and procedures for initiation, review, and resolution of patient or resident complaints.

(h) A patient or resident is entitled to information concerning an experimental procedure proposed as a part of his or her care and has the right to refuse to participate in the experimental procedure without jeopardizing his or her continuing care.

(i) A patient or resident is entitled to receive and examine an explanation of his or her bill regardless of the source of payment and to receive, upon request, information relating to financial assistance available through the health facility or agency.

(j) A patient or resident is entitled to know who is responsible for and who is providing his or her direct care, is entitled to receive information concerning his or her continuing health needs and alternatives for meeting those needs, and to be involved in his or her discharge planning, if appropriate.

(k) A patient or resident is entitled to associate and have private communications and consultations with his or her physician, attorney, or any other person of his or her choice and to send and receive personal mail unopened on the same day it is received at the health facility or agency, unless medically contraindicated as documented by the attending physician in the medical record. A patient's or resident's civil and religious liberties, including the right to independent personal decisions and the right to knowledge of available choices, shall not be infringed and the health facility or agency shall encourage and assist in the fullest possible exercise of these rights. A patient or resident may meet with, and participate in, the activities of social, religious, and community groups at his or her discretion, unless medically contraindicated as documented by the attending physician in the medical record.

(l) A patient or resident is entitled to be free from mental and physical abuse and from physical and chemical restraints, except those restraints authorized in writing by the attending physician for a specified and limited time or as are necessitated by an emergency to protect the patient or resident from injury to self or others, in which case the restraint may only be applied by a qualified professional who shall set forth in writing the circumstances requiring the use of restraints and who shall promptly report the action to the attending physician. In case of a chemical restraint, a physician shall be consulted within 24 hours after the commencement of the chemical restraint.

(m) A patient or resident is entitled to be free from performing services for the health facility or agency that are not included for therapeutic purposes in the plan of care.

(n) A patient or resident is entitled to information about the health facility or agency rules and regulations affecting patient or resident care and conduct.

(o) A patient or resident is entitled to adequate and appropriate pain and symptom management as a basic and essential element of his or her medical treatment.

(3) The following additional requirements for the policy described in subsection (2) apply to licensees under parts 213 and 217:

(a) The policy shall be provided to each nursing home patient or home for the aged resident upon admission, and the staff of the facility shall be trained and involved in the implementation of the policy.

(b) Each nursing home patient may associate and communicate privately with persons of his or her choice. Reasonable, regular visiting hours, which shall be not less than 8 hours per day, and which shall take into consideration the special circumstances of each visitor, shall be established for patients to receive visitors. A patient may be visited by the patient's attorney or by representatives of the departments named in section 20156, during other than established visiting hours. Reasonable privacy shall be afforded for visitation of a patient who shares a room with another patient. Each patient shall have reasonable access to a telephone. A married nursing home patient or home for the aged resident is entitled to meet privately with his or her spouse in a room that assures privacy. If both spouses are residents in the same facility, they are entitled to share a room unless medically contraindicated and documented by the attending physician in the medical record.

(c) A nursing home patient or home for the aged resident is entitled to retain and use personal clothing and possessions as space permits, unless to do so would infringe upon the rights of other patients or residents, or unless medically contraindicated as documented by the attending physician in the medical record. Each nursing home patient or home for the aged resident shall be provided with reasonable space. At the request of a patient, a nursing home shall provide for the safekeeping of personal effects, funds, and other property of a patient in accordance with section 21767, except that a nursing home is not required to provide for the safekeeping of property that would impose an unreasonable burden on the nursing home.

(d) A nursing home patient or home for the aged resident is entitled to the opportunity to participate in the planning of his or her medical treatment. A nursing home patient shall be fully informed by the attending physician of the patient's medical condition unless medically contraindicated as documented by a physician in the medical record. Each nursing home patient shall be afforded the opportunity to discharge himself or herself from the nursing
(e) A home for the aged resident may be transferred or discharged only for medical reasons, for his or her welfare or that of other residents, or for nonpayment of his or her stay, except as provided by title XVIII or title XIX. A nursing home patient may be transferred or discharged only as provided in sections 21773 to 21777. A nursing home patient or home for the aged resident is entitled to be given reasonable advance notice to ensure orderly transfer or discharge. Those actions shall be documented in the medical record.

(f) A nursing home patient or home for the aged resident is entitled to be fully informed before or at the time of admission and during stay of services available in the facility, and of the related charges including any charges for services not covered under title XVIII, or not covered by the facility's basic per diem rate. The statement of services provided by the facility shall be in writing and shall include those required to be offered on an as-needed basis.

(g) A nursing home patient or home for the aged resident is entitled to manage his or her own financial affairs, or to have at least a quarterly accounting of personal financial transactions undertaken in his or her behalf by the facility during a period of time the patient or resident has delegated those responsibilities to the facility. In addition, a patient or resident is entitled to receive each month from the facility an itemized statement setting forth the services paid for by or on behalf of the patient and the services rendered by the facility. The admission of a patient to a nursing home does not confer on the nursing home or its owner, administrator, employees, or representatives the authority to manage, use, or dispose of a patient's property.

(h) A nursing home patient or a person authorized by the patient in writing may inspect and copy the patient's personal and medical records. The records shall be made available for inspection and copying by the nursing home within a reasonable time, not exceeding 1 week, after the receipt of a written request.

(i) If a nursing home patient desires treatment by a licensed member of the healing arts, the treatment shall be made available unless it is medically contraindicated, and the medical contraindication is justified in the patient's medical record by the attending physician.

(j) A nursing home patient has the right to have his or her parents, if a minor, or his or her spouse, next of kin, or patient's representative, if an adult, stay at the facility 24 hours a day if the patient is considered terminally ill by the physician responsible for the patient's care.

(k) Each nursing home patient shall be provided with meals that meet the recommended dietary allowances for that patient's age and sex and that may be modified according to special dietary needs or ability to chew.

(l) Each nursing home patient has the right to receive representatives of approved organizations as provided in section 21763.

(4) A nursing home, its owner, administrator, employee, or representative shall not discharge, harass, or retaliate or discriminate against a patient because the patient has exercised a right protected under this section.

(5) In the case of a nursing home patient, the rights enumerated in subsection (2)(c), (g), and (k) and subsection (3)(d), (g), and (h) may be exercised by the patient's representative.

(6) A nursing home patient or home for the aged resident is entitled to be fully informed, as evidenced by the patient's or resident's written acknowledgment, before or at the time of admission and during stay, of the policy required by this section. The policy shall provide that if a patient or resident is adjudicated incompetent and not restored to legal capacity, the rights and responsibilities set forth in this section shall be exercised by a person designated by the patient or resident. The health facility or agency shall provide proper forms for the patient or resident to provide for the designation of this person at the time of admission.

This section does not prohibit a health facility or agency from establishing and recognizing additional patients' rights.

(8) As used in this section:

(a) “Patient's representative” means that term as defined in section 21703.

(b) “Title XVIII” means title XVIII of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1395 to 1395b, 1395b-2, 1395b-6 to 1395b-7, 1395c to 1395i, 1395i-2 to 1395i-5, 1395j to 1395t, 1395u to 1395w, 1395w-2 to 1395w-4, 1395w-21 to 1395w-28, 1395x to 1395yy, and 1395bbb to 1395ggg.

(c) “Title XIX” means title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396f, 1396g-1 to 1396r-6, and 1396r-8 to 1396v.


Popular name: Act 368

Popular name: Patient Rights

333.20202 Responsibilities of patient or resident.
Sec. 20202. (1) A patient or resident is responsible for following the health facility rules and regulations affecting patient or resident care and conduct.

(2) A patient or resident is responsible for providing a complete and accurate medical history.

(3) A patient or resident is responsible for making it known whether he or she clearly comprehends a contemplated course of action and the things he or she is expected to do.

(4) A patient or resident is responsible for following the recommendations and advice prescribed in a course of treatment by the physician.

(5) A patient or resident is responsible for providing information about unexpected complications that arise in an expected course of treatment.

(6) A patient or resident is responsible for being considerate of the rights of other patients or residents and health facility personnel and property.

(7) A patient or resident is responsible for providing the health facility with accurate and timely information concerning his or her sources of payment and ability to meet financial obligations.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20203 Guidelines; immunity; other remedies at law neither expanded nor diminished.

Sec. 20203. (1) The rights and responsibilities prescribed in sections 20201 and 20202 are guidelines for health facilities, facility staff, facility employees, patients, and residents. An individual shall not be civilly or criminally liable for failure to comply with those sections.

(2) Sections 20201 and 20202 shall not be construed to expand or diminish other remedies at law available to a patient or resident under this code or the statutory and common law of this state.

(3) The department shall develop guidelines to assist health facilities and agencies in the implementation of sections 20201 and 20202.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20211 Summary of activities; availability of list and current inspection reports.

Sec. 20211. (1) Every 6 months the department shall issue a summary of its activities in relation to licensing and regulation and shall cause the information to be made available to the news media and all persons who make a written request to receive copies of the information.

(2) The list and current inspection reports shall be available for inspection and copying.


Popular name: Act 368
333.20507  Laboratories to which §§ 333.20501 to 333.20525 inapplicable.
Sec. 20507.  Sections 20501 to 20525 do not apply to any of the following:
(a) A laboratory where examinations are always performed personally by the individual desiring the information.
(b) A laboratory operated by an individual licensed to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine and surgery, dentistry, or podiatry who performs clinical laboratory tests or procedures personally or through his or her employees only as an adjunct to the treatment of the licensee's patients.
(c) A laboratory operated in the manner described in subdivision (b) by a group of not more than 5 individuals licensed to practice medicine, osteopathic medicine and surgery, dentistry, or podiatry.
(d) A laboratory operated by a college, university, or school approved by the department of education that is conducted for the training of its students, if the result of an examination performed in the clinical laboratory is not used in the diagnosis and treatment of disease.
(e) A laboratory operated by the federal government.

333.20511  Clinical laboratory; license required; authorizing specific categories of procedures; contents of license; display of license and laboratory director's certificate of qualification; duration of license validity; biennial visits; manner of conducting licensing and inspection activities.
Sec. 20511.  (1) A clinical laboratory shall be licensed under this article.
(2) A license shall authorize specific categories of procedures which the clinical laboratory may perform.
(3) A license shall contain on its face the name of the owner of the clinical laboratory, the name of the laboratory director, the categories of laboratory procedures authorized to be performed in the clinical laboratory, and the location at which the procedures may be performed.
(4) The license and laboratory director's certificate of qualification, if required, shall be displayed at all times in a prominent place in the clinical laboratory.
(5) A clinical laboratory license is valid for not more than 2 years after the date of issuance. Except where the department has entered into agreements as provided in section 20155(5), the department shall make at least biennial visits to clinical laboratories for the purposes of survey, evaluation, and consultation. The department shall conduct licensing and inspection activities in such a manner as to maximize discovery of changes in laboratory personnel and operations and to take advantage of inspections by voluntary accrediting organizations.

333.20515  Requirements for license.
Sec. 20515.  A license shall not be issued unless:
(a) The laboratory director has training, education, or experience related to the safe and competent administration of a clinical laboratory as prescribed by departmental rules.
(b) The department finds that the clinical laboratory is competently staffed, properly located and constructed, and properly equipped to perform the clinical laboratory procedures for which the license is sought.
(c) The owner agrees and the department determines that the clinical laboratory will be operated in the manner required by this article.

333.20521  Responsibility for operation of clinical laboratory; record of specimens and procedures; analysis of test samples; reports; proficiency evaluation programs.
Sec. 20521.  (1) The owner, laboratory director, and governing body of a clinical laboratory are responsible for the operation of the clinical laboratory.
(2) The laboratory director is responsible for the making and keeping of an accurate record for each specimen
(3) A clinical laboratory shall analyze test samples submitted by the department and report to the department on the results of the analyses, except that proficiency evaluation programs of recognized professional organizations may be acceptable to the department in lieu thereof. The analyses and reports may be considered by the department in taking action under section 20165 or 20525.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20525 Denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation of license; grounds.

Sec. 20525. In addition to the grounds for disciplinary action set forth in section 20165 the department may deny, limit, suspend, or revoke a license upon a finding that the owner, laboratory director, or an employee of a clinical laboratory has done any of the following:

(a) Demonstrated incompetence or consistently erred in the performance of the clinical laboratory examinations or procedures.

(b) Performed, or represented himself or herself as entitled to perform, a clinical laboratory procedure or category of procedures not authorized in the certificate of licensure.

(c) Solicited referral of specimens to the clinical laboratory by false advertising or by offering or implying, directly or indirectly, discounts, rebates, or other benefits or considerations to persons referring patients or work to the clinical laboratory.

(d) Reported on clinical laboratory work or referred samples required to be tested under section 20521 actually performed in another laboratory without stating that the work was performed there.

(e) Billed patients or third party payors for laboratory work not actually performed or not requested by the patient’s physician.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20551 Registration of laboratory or other place handling, cultivating, selling, giving away, or shipping pathogenic microorganisms, or doing recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid research; application for and duration of registration number; clinical laboratory considered registered; “handling,” “cultivating,” “shipping” defined.

Sec. 20551. (1) A laboratory or other place where live bacteria, fungi, mycoplasma, parasites, viruses, or other microorganisms of a pathogenic nature are handled, cultivated, sold, given away, or shipped from or to where recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid research is done shall be registered with the department, and a registration number shall be issued to each place registered. An application for a registration number shall be made by the person in charge of the laboratory or other place where the pathogens are handled or where recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid research is done. The registration number is valid for 1 year and may be renewed upon application to the department.

(2) A clinical laboratory licensed in microbiology under sections 20501 to 20525 is registered for purposes of this section and section 20552, and its license number shall be used as its registration number.

(3) As used in sections 20551 and 20552, “handled”, “cultivated”, or “shipped” does not include the collection of specimens, the initial inoculation of specimens into transport media or culture media, or the shipment to registered laboratories, but does include any additional work performed on cultivated pathogenic microorganisms or any recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid research is done.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20552 Registration of laboratory, department, or school handling pathogens or doing recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid research; application for and duration of registration number.

Sec. 20552. The department shall register a laboratory or a department of a college, university, or school which is responsible for the handling, cultivating, selling, giving away, or shipping of the microorganisms described in section 20551(1) or is engaged in recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid research. The person in charge of the laboratory or department where the pathogens are handled or where recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid research is done shall apply for a registration number. The registration is valid for 1 year and may be renewed upon application.
333.20554 Sale, gift, or other distribution of live pathogenic microorganisms and cultures or recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid materials; contents of label on container; record.

Sec. 20554. Live pathogenic bacteria, fungi, mycoplasma, parasites, viruses, or other microorganisms or cultures of the microorganisms when sold, given away, or shipped by a laboratory or other person, shall bear a label on the container showing the registration number of the laboratory or other person sending the specimens and the name and address of the person to whom sent. A laboratory or person shall not sell or convey a live pathogenic microorganism or recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid materials to any other laboratory or person in this state without permission of the department unless each is registered under section 20551 or 20552. The laboratory or person shall keep a record of each sale, gift, or other distribution of live pathogenic microorganisms and cultures or recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid materials containing the name and laboratory address of the recipient or purchaser. The record shall be at all times open to examination and copying by a representative of the department.

PART 206
COUNTY MEDICAL CARE FACILITIES


PART 207
EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES


PART 208
FREESTANDING SURGICAL OUTPATIENT FACILITIES

333.20801 General definitions and principles of construction.

Sec. 20801. Article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 201 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of health facility licensing and certification in the bureau of health systems, division of federal support services, and the division of emergency medical services, with the exception of the division of managed care and division of health facility development, from the department of public health to the director of the department of commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20811 License required; use of term “freestanding surgical outpatient facility.”

Sec. 20811. (1) A freestanding surgical outpatient facility shall be licensed under this article.

(2) “Freestanding surgical outpatient facility” or a similar term or abbreviation shall not be used to describe or refer to a health facility or agency unless it is licensed by the department under this article.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20813 Owner, operator, and governing body of freestanding surgical outpatient facility; responsibilities and duties.

Sec. 20813. The owner, operator, and governing body of a freestanding surgical outpatient facility licensed under
this article:

(a) Are responsible for all phases of the operation of the facility, selection of medical staff, and quality of care rendered in the facility.

(b) Shall cooperate with the department in the enforcement of this article and require that the physicians and other personnel working in the facility and for whom a state license or registration is required be currently licensed or registered.

(c) Shall assure that physicians admitted to practice in the facility are granted professional privileges consistent with the capability of the facility and with the physicians' individual training, experience, and other qualifications.

(d) Shall assure that physicians admitted to practice in the facility are organized into a medical staff to enable an effective review of the professional practices of the facility for the purpose of reducing morbidity and mortality and improving the care provided in the facility for patients.

(e) Shall assure that the facility does not pay a fee to compensate or reimburse a medical referral agency or other person that refers or recommends an individual to a facility for any form of medical or surgical care or treatment.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20821 Freestanding surgical outpatient facility; requirements.

Sec. 20821. A freestanding surgical outpatient facility shall:

(a) Be organized, administered, staffed, and equipped to provide on a regular and scheduled basis major and minor surgical procedures outside a hospital which in a physician's judgment may be safely performed on a basis other than on an inpatient basis.

(b) Have the physician, professional nursing, technical, and supportive personnel; the technical, diagnostic, and treatment services; and the equipment necessary to assure the safe performance of surgery and related care undertaken in the facility.

(c) Have a written agreement with a nearby licensed hospital to provide for the emergency admission of postsurgical patients who for unpredictable reasons may require hospital admission and care.

(d) Assure that a clinical record is established for each patient including a history, physical examination, justification for treatment planned and rendered, tests and examinations performed, observations made, and treatment provided.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 209

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES

333.20901 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.

Sec. 20901. (1) For purposes of this part, the words and phrases defined in sections 20902 to 20908 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code, and part 201 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of health facility licensing and certification in the bureau of health systems, division of federal support services, and the division of emergency medical services, with the exception of the division of managed care and division of health facility development, from the department of public health to the director of the department of commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20902 Definitions; A to D.

Sec. 20902. (1) “Advanced life support” means patient care that may include any care a paramedic is qualified to provide by paramedic education that meets the educational requirements established by the department under section 20912 or is authorized to provide by the protocols established by the local medical control authority under section 20919 for a paramedic.

(2) “Aircraft transport operation” means a person licensed under this part to provide patient transport, for profit or otherwise, between health facilities using an aircraft transport vehicle.

(3) “Aircraft transport vehicle” means an aircraft that is primarily used or designated as available to provide
patient transportation between health facilities and that is capable of providing patient care according to orders
issued by the patient's physician.

(4) “Ambulance” means a motor vehicle or rotary aircraft that is primarily used or designated as available to
provide transportation and basic life support, limited advanced life support, or advanced life support.

(5) “Ambulance operation” means a person licensed under this part to provide emergency medical services and
patient transport, for profit or otherwise.

(6) “Basic life support” means patient care that may include any care an emergency medical technician is
qualified to provide by emergency medical technician education that meets the educational requirements established
by the department under section 20912 or is authorized to provide by the protocols established by the local medical
control authority under section 20919 for an emergency medical technician.

(7) “Clinical preceptor” means an individual who is designated by or under contract with an education program
sponsor for purposes of overseeing the students of an education program sponsor during the participation of the
students in clinical training.

(8) “Disaster” means an occurrence of imminent threat of widespread or severe damage, injury, or loss of life or
property resulting from a natural or man-made cause, including but not limited to, fire, flood, snow, ice, windstorm,
wave action, oil spill, water contamination requiring emergency action to avert danger or damage, utility failure,
hazardous peacetime radiological incident, major transportation accident, hazardous materials accident, epidemic,
air contamination, drought, infestation, or explosion. Disaster does not include a riot or other civil disorder unless it
directly results from and is an aggravating element of the disaster.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20904 Definitions; E.

Sec. 20904. (1) “Education program sponsor” means a person, other than an individual, that meets the standards
of the department to conduct training at the following levels:

(a) Medical first responder.

(b) Emergency medical technician.

(c) Emergency medical technician specialist.

(d) Paramedic.

(e) Emergency medical services instructor-coordinator.

(2) “Emergency” means a condition or situation in which an individual declares a need for immediate medical
attention for any individual, or where that need is declared by emergency medical services personnel or a public
safety official.

(3) “Emergency medical services instructor-coordinator” means an individual licensed under this part to conduct
and instruct emergency medical services education programs.

(4) “Emergency medical services” means the emergency medical services personnel, ambulances, nontransport
prehospital life support vehicles, aircraft transport vehicles, medical first response vehicles, and equipment required
for transport or treatment of an individual requiring medical first response life support, basic life support, limited
advanced life support, or advanced life support.

(5) “Emergency medical services personnel” means a medical first responder, emergency medical technician,
emergency medical technician specialist, paramedic, or emergency medical services instructor-coordinator.

(6) “Emergency medical services system” means a comprehensive and integrated arrangement of the personnel,
facilities, equipment, services, communications, medical control, and organizations necessary to provide emergency
medical services and trauma care within a particular geographic region.

(7) “Emergency medical technician” means an individual who is licensed by the department to provide basic life
support.

(8) “Emergency medical technician specialist” means an individual who is licensed by the department to provide
limited advanced life support.

(9) “Emergency patient” means an individual with a physical or mental condition that manifests itself by acute
symptoms of sufficient severity, including, but not limited to, pain such that a prudent layperson, possessing
average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect to result in 1 or all of the following:

(a) Placing the health of the individual or, in the case of a pregnant woman, the health of the patient or the unborn
child, or both, in serious jeopardy.

(b) Serious impairment of bodily function.

(c) Serious dysfunction of a body organ or part.
(10) “Examination” means a written and practical evaluation approved or developed by the national registry of emergency medical technicians or other organization with equivalent national recognition and expertise in emergency medical services personnel testing and approved by the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20906 Definitions; L, M.

Sec. 20906. (1) “Life support agency” means an ambulance operation, nontransport prehospital life support operation, aircraft transport operation, or medical first response service.

(2) “Limited advanced life support” means patient care that may include any care an emergency medical technician specialist is qualified to provide by emergency medical technician specialist education that meets the educational requirements established by the department under section 20912 or is authorized to provide by the protocols established by the local medical control authority under section 20919 for an emergency medical technician specialist.

(3) “Local governmental unit” means a county, city, village, charter township, or township.

(4) “Medical control” means supervising and coordinating emergency medical services through a medical control authority, as prescribed, adopted, and enforced through department-approved protocols, within an emergency medical services system.

(5) “Medical control authority” means an organization designated by the department under section 20910(1)(g) to provide medical control.

(6) “Medical director” means a physician who is appointed to that position by a medical control authority under section 20918.

(7) “Medical first responder” means an individual who has met the educational requirements of a department approved medical first responder course and who is licensed to provide medical first response life support as part of a medical first response service or as a driver of an ambulance that provides basic life support services only. Medical first responder does not include a police officer solely because his or her police vehicle is equipped with an automated external defibrillator.

(8) “Medical first response life support” means patient care that may include any care a medical first responder is qualified to provide by medical first responder education that meets the educational requirements established by the department under section 20912 or is authorized to provide by the protocols established by the local medical control authority under section 20919 for a medical first responder.

(9) “Medical first response service” means a person licensed by the department to respond under medical control to an emergency scene with a medical first responder and equipment required by the department before the arrival of an ambulance, and includes a fire suppression agency only if it is dispatched for medical first response life support. Medical first response service does not include a law enforcement agency, as defined in section 8 of 1968 PA 319, MCL 28.258, unless the law enforcement agency holds itself out as a medical first response service and the unit responding was dispatched to provide medical first response life support.

(10) “Medical first response vehicle” means a motor vehicle staffed by at least 1 medical first responder and meeting equipment requirements of the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20908 Definitions; N to V.

Sec. 20908. (1) “Nonemergency patient” means an individual who is transported by stretcher, isolette, cot, or litter but whose physical or mental condition is such that the individual may reasonably be suspected of not being in imminent danger of loss of life or of significant health impairment.

(2) “Nontransport prehospital life support operation” means a person licensed under this part to provide, for profit or otherwise, basic life support, limited advanced life support, or advanced life support at the scene of an emergency.

(3) “Nontransport prehospital life support vehicle” means a motor vehicle that is used to provide basic life support, limited advanced life support, or advanced life support at the scene of an emergency.

(4) “Ongoing education program sponsor” means an education program sponsor that provides continuing education for emergency medical services personnel.

(5) “Paramedic” means an individual licensed under this part to provide advanced life support.
(6) “Patient” means an emergency patient or a nonemergency patient.
(7) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity other than an agency of the United States.
(8) “Professional standards review organization” means a committee established by a life support agency or a medical control authority for the purpose of improving the quality of medical care.
(9) “Protocol” means a patient care standard, standing orders, policy, or procedure for providing emergency medical services that is established by a medical control authority and approved by the department under section 20919.
(10) “Statewide emergency medical services communications system” means a system that integrates each emergency medical services system with a centrally coordinated dispatch and resource coordination facility utilizing the universal emergency telephone number, 9-1-1, when that number is appropriate, or any other designated emergency telephone number, a statewide emergency medical 2-way radio communications network, and linkages with the statewide emergency preparedness communications system.
(11) “Volunteer” means an individual who provides services regulated under this part without expecting or receiving money, goods, or services in return for providing those services, except for reimbursement for expenses necessarily incurred in providing those services.


333.20910 Powers and duties of department generally.
Sec. 20910. (1) The department shall do all of the following:
(a) Be responsible for the development, coordination, and administration of a statewide emergency medical services system.
(b) Facilitate and promote programs of public information and education concerning emergency medical services.
(c) In case of actual disasters and disaster training drills and exercises, provide emergency medical services resources pursuant to applicable provisions of the Michigan emergency preparedness plan, or as prescribed by the director of emergency services pursuant to the emergency management act, 1976 PA 390, MCL 30.401 to 30.420.
(d) Consistent with the rules of the federal communications commission, plan, develop, coordinate, and administer a statewide emergency medical services communications system.
(e) Develop and maintain standards of emergency medical services and personnel as follows:
(i) License emergency medical services personnel in accordance with this part.
(ii) License ambulance operations, nontransport prehospital life support operations, and medical first response services in accordance with this part.
(iii) At least annually, inspect or provide for the inspection of each life support agency, except medical first response services. As part of that inspection, the department shall conduct random inspections of life support vehicles. If a life support vehicle is determined by the department to be out of compliance, the department shall give the life support agency 24 hours to bring the life support vehicle into compliance. If the life support vehicle is not brought into compliance in that time period, the department shall order the life support vehicle taken out of service until the life support agency demonstrates to the department, in writing, that the life support vehicle has been brought into compliance.
(iv) Promulgate rules to establish the requirements for licensure of life support agencies, vehicles, and individuals licensed under this part to provide emergency medical services and other rules necessary to implement this part. The department shall submit all proposed rules and changes to the state emergency medical services coordination committee and provide a reasonable time for the committee's review and recommendations before submitting the rules for public hearing under the administrative procedures act of 1969.
(f) Promulgate rules to establish and maintain standards for and regulate the use of descriptive words, phrases, symbols, or emblems that represent or denote that an ambulance operation, nontransport prehospital life support operation, or medical first response service is or may be provided. The department's authority to regulate use of the descriptive devices includes use for the purposes of advertising, promoting, or selling the services rendered by an ambulance operation, nontransport prehospital life support operation, or medical first response service, or by emergency medical services personnel.
(g) Designate a medical control authority as the medical control for emergency medical services for a particular geographic region as provided for under this part.
(h) Develop and implement field studies involving the use of skills, techniques, procedures, or equipment that are not included as part of the standard education for medical first responders, emergency medical technicians,
emergency medical technician specialists, or paramedics, if all of the following conditions are met:

(i) The state emergency medical services coordination committee reviews the field study prior to implementation.

(ii) The field study is conducted in an area for which a medical control authority has been approved pursuant to subdivision (g).

(iii) The medical first responders, emergency medical technicians, emergency medical technician specialists, and paramedics participating in the field study receive training for the new skill, technique, procedure, or equipment.

(i) Collect data as necessary to assess the need for and quality of emergency medical services throughout the state pursuant to 1967 PA 270, MCL 331.531 to 331.533.

(j) Develop, with the advice of the emergency medical services coordination committee, an emergency medical services plan that includes rural issues.

(k) Develop recommendations for territorial boundaries of medical control authorities that are designed to assure that there exists reasonable emergency medical services capacity within the boundaries for the estimated demand for emergency medical services.

(l) Promulgate other rules to implement this part.

(m) Perform other duties as set forth in this part.

(2) The department may do all of the following:

(a) In consultation with the emergency medical services coordination committee, promulgate rules to require an ambulance operation, nontransport prehospital life support operation, or medical first response service to periodically submit designated records and data for evaluation by the department.

(b) Establish a grant program or contract with a public or private agency, emergency medical services professional association, or emergency medical services coalition to provide training, public information, and assistance to medical control authorities and emergency medical services systems or to conduct other activities as specified in this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20912 Duties of department with regard to educational programs and services.

Sec. 20912. (1) The department shall perform all of the following with regard to educational programs and services:

(a) Review and approve education program sponsors, ongoing education program sponsors, and curricula for emergency medical services personnel. Approved education programs and refresher programs shall be coordinated by a licensed emergency medical services instructor-coordinator commensurate with level of licensure. Approved programs conducted by ongoing education program sponsors shall be coordinated by a licensed emergency medical services instructor-coordinator.

(b) Maintain a listing of approved education program sponsors and licensed emergency medical services instructor-coordinators.

(c) Develop and implement standards for all education program sponsors and ongoing education program sponsors based upon criteria recommended by the emergency medical services coordination committee and developed by the department.

(2) An education program sponsor that conducts education programs for paramedics and that receives accreditation from the joint review committee on educational programs for the EMT-paramedic or other organization approved by the department as having equivalent expertise and competency in the accreditation of paramedic education programs is considered approved by the department under subsection (1)(a) if the education program sponsor meets both of the following requirements:

(a) Submits an application to the department that includes verification of accreditation described in this subsection.

(b) Maintains accreditation as described in this subsection.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20915 State emergency medical services coordination committee; creation; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; ex officio members; replacement of member; chairperson; meetings; quorum; per diem compensation; reimbursement of expenses.

Sec. 20915. (1) The state emergency medical services coordination committee is created in the department. Subject to subsections (3) and (5), the director shall appoint the voting members of the committee as follows:
(a) Four representatives from the Michigan health and hospital association or its successor organization, at least 1 of whom is from a hospital located in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(b) Four representatives from the Michigan chapter of the American college of emergency physicians or its successor organization, at least 1 of whom practices medicine in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(c) Three representatives from the Michigan association of ambulance services or its successor organization, at least 1 of whom operates an ambulance service in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(d) Three representatives from the Michigan fire chiefs association or its successor organization, at least 1 of whom is from a fire department located in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(e) Two representatives from the society of Michigan emergency medical services technician instructor-coordinators or its successor organization, at least 1 of whom works in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(f) Two representatives from the Michigan association of emergency medical technicians or its successor organization, at least 1 of whom practices in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(g) One representative from the Michigan association of air medical services or its successor organization.

(h) One representative from the Michigan association of emergency medical services systems or its successor organization.

(i) Three representatives from a statewide organization representing labor that deals with emergency medical services, at least 1 of whom represents emergency medical services personnel in a county with a population of not more than 100,000 and at least 1 of whom is a member of the Michigan professional fire fighters union or its successor organization.

(j) One consumer.

(k) One individual who is an elected official of a city, village, or township located in a county with a population of not more than 100,000.

(2) In addition to the voting members appointed under subsection (1), the following shall serve as ex officio members of the committee without the right to vote:

(a) One representative of the office of health and medical affairs of the department of management and budget, appointed by the director.

(b) One representative of the department of consumer and industry services, appointed by the director.

(c) One member of the house of representatives, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.

(d) One member of the senate, appointed by the senate majority leader.

(3) The representatives of the organizations described in subsection (1) shall be appointed from among nominations made by each of those organizations.

(4) The voting members shall serve for a term of 3 years. A member who is unable to complete a term shall be replaced for the balance of the unexpired term.

(5) At least 1 voting member shall be from a county with a population of not more than 35,000 and at least 1 voting member shall be from a city with a population of not less than 900,000.

(6) The committee shall annually select a voting member to serve as chairperson.

(7) Meetings of the committee are subject to the open meetings act, 1976 PA 267, MCL 15.261 to 15.275. Thirteen voting members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

(8) The per diem compensation for the voting members and a schedule for reimbursement of expenses shall be as established by the legislature.


Popular name: Act 368
(f) Issue opinions on appeals of medical control authority decisions under section 20919 and make recommendations based on those opinions to the department for the resolution of those appeals.

(g) Participate in educational activities, special studies, and the evaluation of emergency medical services as requested by the director.

(h) Advise the department concerning vehicle standards for ambulances.

(i) Advise the department concerning minimum patient care equipment lists.

(j) Advise the department on the standards required under section 20910(1)(f).

(k) Appoint, with the advice and consent of the department, a statewide quality assurance task force to review and make recommendations to the department concerning approval of medical control authority applications and revisions concerning protocols under section 20919 and field studies under section 20910(1)(h), and conduct other quality assurance activities as requested by the director. A majority of the members of the task force shall be individuals who are not currently serving on the committee. The task force shall report its decisions, findings, and recommendations to the committee and the department.

(l) Advise the department concerning requirements for curriculum changes for emergency medical services educational programs.

(m) Advise the department on minimum standards that each life support agency must meet for licensure under this part.


Popular name: Act 368

***** 333.20917 THIS SECTION IS REPEALED BY ACT 440 OF 2000 EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2004 *****

333.20917 Statewide trauma care commission.

Sec. 20917. (1) The statewide trauma care commission is created in the department of consumer and industry services. As used in this section, “commission” means the statewide trauma care commission created under this subsection.

(2) The governor shall appoint the members of the commission by July 1, 2001 for terms of 2 years. A member of the commission who is unable to complete a full 2-year term shall be replaced by the governor, from the same category, for the balance of the unexpired term. The commission shall consist of the following 17 members, at least 3 of whom shall be residents of rural counties, 1 of whom shall be a resident of a rural county located in the Upper Peninsula:

(a) Eight health professionals who are experts in trauma and emergency services, from any health profession. One of the health professionals appointed under this subdivision shall be a registered professional nurse with training in emergency and trauma services.

(b) Two representatives of hospitals.

(c) Two representatives of health care purchasers or payers, including, but not limited to, insurers, self-insured employers, and Taft-Hartley health and welfare funds.

(d) One representative from ambulance service providers.

(e) Two consumers of health care services.

(f) The chair of the emergency medical services coordinating committee.

(g) One representative from the department of community health.

(3) The governor shall designate a chairperson for the commission. The chairperson shall convene the first meeting of the commission not later than 30 days after the date the governor finishes appointing the members of the commission.

(4) The commission shall do all of the following:

(a) Assess the status of trauma care in this state.

(b) Hold public hearings throughout the state to gather public opinion about the status of trauma care in Michigan. The commission shall hold at least 1 public hearing in each of the state's 8 health planning areas.

(c) Obtain information on trauma care systems in other states.

(d) By July 1, 2002, file a report with the governor, the legislature, the director of the department of consumer and industry services, and the emergency medical services coordinating committee that makes recommendations regarding all of the following:
(i) Statewide trauma care delivery and the operational and administrative structure of statewide trauma care delivery.

(ii) Fiscally responsible model policies for a statewide trauma care system that recommend appropriate classification of trauma care facilities and services, coordinated communication between first responders and trauma care providers, and rapid transport to an appropriate trauma care facility. The recommendations shall evaluate the costs, benefits, and impacts, if any, on public and private third party payers.

(iii) The unique needs and constraints of rural Michigan in a statewide trauma care delivery system.

(iv) The unique needs and constraints of communities located adjacent to the border of this state and another state in a statewide trauma care delivery system. The commission shall make specific recommendations on how to get emergency medical services to such communities as quickly as possible and on criteria for determining when it is appropriate for Michigan emergency medical services personnel to respond and when it is appropriate for emergency medical services personnel from the bordering state to respond.

(5) After the report required under subsection (4)(d) is filed, the report is available to the public at no charge, upon request.

(6) Meetings of the commission are subject to the open meetings act, 1976 PA 267, MCL 15.261 to 15.275.

(7) A writing prepared, owned, used, in the possession of, or retained by the commission in the performance of an official function is subject to the freedom of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246.

(8) The per diem compensation for the members of the commission and a schedule of reimbursement of expenses shall be as established by the legislature.

(9) The department of consumer and industry services shall provide office space and administrative support including, but not limited to, clerical and professional staff, for the commission.

(10) As used in this section, “rural county” means that term as defined in section 22207.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20918 Local medical control authority; designation; participating hospitals and freestanding surgical outpatient facilities; adherence to protocols; administration; appointment and membership of advisory body; medical director; operation of medical control authority; accountability of life support agencies and licensed individuals.

Sec. 20918. (1) Each hospital licensed under part 215 and each freestanding surgical outpatient facility licensed under part 208 that operates a service for treating emergency patients 24 hours a day, 7 days a week and meets standards established by medical control authority protocols shall be given the opportunity to participate in the ongoing planning and development activities of the local medical control authority designated by the department and shall adhere to protocols for providing services to a patient before care of the patient is transferred to hospital personnel, to the extent that those protocols apply to a hospital or freestanding surgical outpatient facility. The department shall designate a medical control authority for each Michigan county or part of a county, except that the department may designate a medical control authority to cover 2 or more counties if the department and affected medical control authorities determine that the available resources would be better utilized with a multiple county medical control authority. In designating a medical control authority, the department shall assure that there is a reasonable relationship between the existing emergency medical services capacity in the geographical area to be served by the medical control authority and the estimated demand for emergency medical services in that area.

(2) A medical control authority shall be administered by the participating hospitals. A medical control authority shall accept participation in its administration by a freestanding surgical outpatient facility licensed under part 208 if the freestanding surgical outpatient facility operates a service for treating emergency patients 24 hours a day, 7 days a week determined by the medical control authority to meet the applicable standards established by medical control authority protocols. Subject to subsection (4), the participating hospitals shall appoint an advisory body for the medical control authority that shall include, at a minimum, a representative of each type of life support agency and each type of emergency medical services personnel functioning within the medical control authority's boundaries.

(3) With the advice of the advisory body of the medical control authority appointed under subsection (2), a medical control authority shall appoint a medical director of the medical control authority. The medical director shall be a physician who is board certified in emergency medicine by a national organization approved by the department, or who practices emergency medicine and is certified in both advanced cardiac life support and advanced trauma life support by a national organization approved by the department, and who meets other standards set forth in department rules. The medical director is responsible for medical control for the emergency
medical services system served by the medical control authority.

4) No more than 10% of the membership of the advisory body of a medical control authority shall be employees of
the medical director or of an entity substantially owned or controlled by the medical director.

5) A designated medical control authority shall operate in accordance with the terms of its designation.

6) Each life support agency and individual licensed under this part is accountable to the medical control
authority in the provision of emergency medical services, as defined in protocols developed by the medical control
authority and approved by the department under this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20919 Protocols for practice of life support agencies and licensed emergency medical
services personnel; development and adoption; procedures; conflict with Michigan
do-not-resuscitate procedure act prohibited; compliance with requirements; appeal; standards
for equipment and personnel; negative medical or economic impacts; epinephrine
auto-injector; availability of medical and economic information; review; findings.

Sec. 20919. (1) A local medical control authority shall establish written protocols for the practice of life support
agencies and licensed emergency medical services personnel within its region. The protocols shall be developed and
adopted in accordance with procedures established by the department and shall include all of the following:

(a) The acts, tasks, or functions that may be performed by each type of emergency medical services personnel
licensed under this part.

(b) Medical protocols to ensure the appropriate dispatching of a life support agency based upon medical need and
the capability of the emergency medical services system.

(c) Protocols for complying with the Michigan do-not-resuscitate procedure act, 1996 PA 193, MCL 333.1051 to
333.1067.

(d) Protocols defining the process, actions, and sanctions a medical control authority may use in holding a life
support agency or personnel accountable.

(e) Protocols to ensure that if the medical control authority determines that an immediate threat to the public
health, safety, or welfare exists, appropriate action to remove medical control can immediately be taken until the
medical control authority has had the opportunity to review the matter at a medical control authority hearing. The
protocols shall require that the hearing is held within 3 business days after the medical control authority's
determination.

(f) Protocols to ensure that if medical control has been removed from a participant in an emergency medical
services system, the participant does not provide prehospital care until medical control is reinstated, and that the
medical control authority that removed the medical control notifies the department within 1 business day of the
removal.

(g) Protocols that ensure a quality improvement program is in place within a medical control authority and
provides data protection as provided in 1967 PA 270, MCL 331.531 to 331.533.

(h) Protocols to ensure that an appropriate appeals process is in place.

(i) Within 1 year after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subdivision, protocols to ensure
that each life support agency that provides basic life support, limited advanced life support, or advanced life support
is equipped with epinephrine or epinephrine auto-injectors and that each emergency services personnel authorized
to provide those services is properly trained to recognize an anaphylactic reaction, to administer the epinephrine,
and to dispose of the epinephrine auto-injector or vial.

(2) A protocol established under this section shall not conflict with the Michigan do-not-resuscitate procedure
act, 1996 PA 193, MCL 333.1051 to 333.1067.

(3) The procedures established by the department for development and adoption of written protocols under this
section shall comply with at least all of the following requirements:

(a) At least 60 days before adoption of a protocol, the medical control authority shall circulate a written draft of
the proposed protocol to all significantly affected persons within the emergency medical services system served by
the medical control authority and submit the written draft to the department for approval.

(b) The department shall review a proposed protocol for consistency with other protocols concerning similar
subject matter that have already been established in this state and shall consider any written comments received
from interested persons in its review.

(c) Within 60 days after receiving a written draft of a proposed protocol from a medical control authority, the
department shall provide a written recommendation to the medical control authority with any comments or
suggested changes on the proposed protocol. If the department does not respond within 60 days after receiving the written draft, the proposed protocol shall be considered to be approved by the department.

(d) After department approval of a proposed protocol, the medical control authority may formally adopt and implement the protocol.

(e) A medical control authority may establish an emergency protocol necessary to preserve the health or safety of individuals within its jurisdiction in response to a present medical emergency or disaster without following the procedures established by the department under this section for an ordinary protocol. An emergency protocol established under this subdivision is effective only for a limited time period and does not take permanent effect unless it is approved according to this subsection.

(4) A medical control authority shall provide an opportunity for an affected participant in an emergency medical services system to appeal a decision of the medical control authority. Following appeal, the medical control authority may affirm, suspend, or revoke its original decision. After appeals to the medical control authority have been exhausted, the affected participant in an emergency medical services system may appeal the medical control authority's decision to the statewide emergency medical services coordination committee. The statewide emergency medical services coordination committee shall issue an opinion on whether the actions or decisions of the medical control authority in accordance with the department-approved protocols of the medical control authority and state law. If the statewide emergency medical services coordination committee determines in its opinion that the actions or decisions of the medical control authority are not in accordance with the medical control authority's department-approved protocols or with state law, the emergency medical services coordination committee shall recommend that the department take any enforcement action authorized under this code.

(5) If adopted in protocols approved by the department, a medical control authority may require life support agencies within its region to meet reasonable additional standards for equipment and personnel, other than medical first responders, that may be more stringent than are otherwise required under this part. If a medical control authority establishes additional standards for equipment and personnel, the medical control authority and the department shall consider the medical and economic impact on the local community, the need for communities to do long-term planning, and the availability of personnel. If either the medical control authority or the department determines that negative medical or economic impacts outweigh the benefits of those additional standards as they affect public health, safety, and welfare, protocols containing those additional standards shall not be adopted.

(6) If adopted in protocols approved by the department, a local medical control authority may require medical first response services and licensed medical first responders within its region to meet additional standards for equipment and personnel to ensure that each medical first response service is equipped with an epinephrine auto-injector, and that each licensed medical first responder is properly trained to recognize an anaphylactic reaction and to administer and dispose of the epinephrine auto-injector, if a life support agency that provides basic life support, limited advanced life support, or advanced life support is not readily available in that location.

(7) If a decision of the medical control authority under subsection (5) or (6) is appealed by an affected person, the medical control authority shall make available, in writing, the medical and economic information it considered in making its decision. On appeal, the statewide emergency medical services coordination committee shall review this information under subsection (4) and shall issue its findings in writing.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20920 Ambulance operation; license required; contents of application; fee; contents of license; operation of ambulance operation; renewal of license; compliance; ambulance operation upgrade license; report to legislature.

Sec. 20920. (1) A person shall not establish, operate, or cause to be operated an ambulance operation unless the ambulance operation is licensed under this section.

(2) Upon proper application and payment of a $100.00 fee, the department shall issue a license as an ambulance operation to a person who meets the requirements of this part and the rules promulgated under this part.

(3) An applicant shall specify in the application each ambulance to be operated.

(4) An ambulance operation license shall specify the ambulances licensed to be operated.

(5) An ambulance operation license shall state the level of life support the ambulance operation is licensed to provide. An ambulance operation shall operate in accordance with this part, rules promulgated under this part, and approved medical control authority protocols and shall not provide life support at a level that exceeds its license or violates approved medical control authority protocols.
(6) An ambulance operation license may be renewed annually upon application to the department and payment of a $100.00 renewal fee. Before issuing a renewal license, the department shall determine that the ambulance operation is in compliance with this part, the rules promulgated under this part, and medical control authority protocols.

(7) Beginning on July 22, 1997, an ambulance operation that meets all of the following requirements may apply for an ambulance operation upgrade license under subsection (8):

(a) On or before July 22, 1997, holds an ambulance operation license that designates the ambulance operation either as a transporting basic life support service or as a transporting limited advanced life support service.

(b) Is a transporting basic life support service, that is able to staff and equip 1 or more ambulances for the transport of emergency patients at a life support level higher than basic life support, or is a transporting limited advanced life support service, that is able to staff and equip 1 or more ambulances for the transport of emergency patients at the life support level of advanced life support.

(c) Is owned or operated by or under contract to a local unit of government and providing first-line emergency medical response to that local unit of government on or before July 22, 1997.

(d) Will provide the services described in subdivision (b) only to the local unit of government described in subdivision (c), and only in response to a 911 call or other call for emergency transport.

(8) An ambulance operation meeting the requirements of subsection (7) that applies for an ambulance operation upgrade license shall include all of the following information in the application provided by the department:

(a) Verification of all of the requirements of subsection (7) including, but not limited to, a description of the staffing and equipment to be used in providing the higher level of life support services.

(b) If the applicant is a transporting basic life support service, a plan of action to upgrade from providing basic life support to providing limited advanced life support or advanced life support to take place over a period of not more than 2 years. If the applicant is a transporting limited advanced life support service, a plan of action to upgrade from providing limited advanced life support to providing advanced life support to take place over a period of not more than 2 years.

(c) The medical control authority protocols for the ambulance operation upgrade license, along with a recommendation from the medical control authority under which the ambulance operation operates that the ambulance operation upgrade license be issued by the department.

(d) Other information required by the department.

(9) The statewide emergency medical services coordination committee shall review the information described in subsection (8)(c) and make a recommendation to the department as to whether or not an ambulance operation upgrade license should be granted to the applicant.

(10) Upon receipt of a completed application as required under subsection (8), a positive recommendation under subsection (9), and payment of a $100.00 fee, the department shall issue to the applicant an ambulance operation upgrade license. Subject to subsection (12), the license is valid for 2 years from the date of issuance and is renewable for 1 additional 2-year period. An application for renewal of an ambulance operation upgrade license shall contain documentation of the progress made on the plan of action described in subsection (8)(b). In addition, the medical control authority under which the ambulance operation operates shall annually file with the statewide emergency medical services coordination committee a written report on the progress made by the ambulance operation on the plan of action described in subsection (8)(b), including, but not limited to, information on training, equipment, and personnel.

(11) If an ambulance operation is designated by its regular license as providing basic life support services, then an ambulance operation upgrade license issued under this section allows the ambulance operation to provide limited advanced life support services or advanced life support services when the ambulance operation is able to staff and equip 1 or more ambulances to provide services at the higher levels. If an ambulance operation is designated by its regular license as providing limited advanced life support services, then an ambulance operation upgrade license issued under this section allows the ambulance operation to provide advanced life support services when the ambulance operation is able to staff and equip 1 or more ambulances to provide services at the higher level. An ambulance operation shall not provide services under an ambulance operation upgrade license unless the medical control authority under which the ambulance operation operates has adopted protocols for the ambulance operation upgrade license regarding quality monitoring procedures, use and protection of equipment, and patient care.

(12) The department may revoke or fail to renew an ambulance operation upgrade license for a violation of this part or a rule promulgated under this part or for failure to comply with the plan of action filed under subsection (8)(b). An ambulance operation that obtains an ambulance operation upgrade license must annually renew its regular license under subsections (2) to (6). An ambulance operation's regular license is not affected by the
following:

(a) The fact that the ambulance operation has obtained or renewed an ambulance operation upgrade license.

(b) The fact that an ambulance operation's ambulance operation upgrade license is revoked or is not renewed under this subsection.

(c) The fact that the ambulance operation's ambulance operation upgrade license expires at the end of the second 2-year period prescribed by subsection (10).

(13) By July 22, 2000, the department shall file a written report to the legislature. The department shall include all of the following information in the report:

(a) The number of ambulance operations that were qualified under subsection (7) to apply for an ambulance operation upgrade license under subsection (8) during the 3-year period.

(b) The number of ambulance operations that in fact applied for an ambulance operation upgrade license during the 3-year period.

(c) The number of ambulance operations that successfully upgraded from being a transporting basic life support service to a transporting limited advanced service or a transporting advanced life support service or that successfully upgraded from being a transporting limited advanced life support service to a transporting advanced life support service under an ambulance operation upgrade license.

(d) The number of ambulance operations that failed to successfully upgrade, as described in subdivision (c), under an ambulance operation upgrade license, but that improved their services during the 3-year period.

(e) The number of ambulance operations that failed to successfully upgrade, as described in subdivision (c), under an ambulance operation upgrade license, and that showed no improvement or a decline in their services.

(f) The effect of the amendatory act that added this subsection on the delivery of emergency medical services in this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20921 Ambulance operation; duties; prohibitions; occupants of patient compartment; applicability of subsection (4).

Sec. 20921. (1) An ambulance operation shall do all of the following:

(a) Provide at least 1 ambulance available for response to requests for emergency assistance on a 24-hour-a-day, 7-day-a-week basis in accordance with local medical control authority protocols.

(b) Respond or ensure that a response is provided to each request for emergency assistance originating from within the bounds of its service area.

(c) Operate under the direction of a medical control authority or the medical control authorities with jurisdiction over the ambulance operation.

(d) Notify the department immediately of a change that would alter the information contained on its application for an ambulance operation license or renewal.

(e) Subject to section 20920(7) to (12), provide life support consistent with its license and approved local medical control authority protocols to each emergency patient without prior inquiry into ability to pay or source of payment.

(2) An ambulance operation shall not do 1 or more of the following:

(a) Knowingly provide a person with false or misleading information concerning the time at which an emergency response will be initiated or the location from which the response is being initiated.

(b) Induce or seek to induce any person engaging an ambulance to patronize a long-term care facility, mortuary, or hospital.

(c) Advertise, or permit advertising of, within or on the premises of the ambulance operation or within or on an ambulance, the name or the services of an attorney, accident investigator, nurse, physician, long-term care facility, mortuary, or hospital. If 1 of those persons or facilities owns or operates an ambulance operation, the person or facility may use its business name in the name of the ambulance operation and may display the name of the ambulance operation within or on the premises of the ambulance operation or within or on an ambulance.

(d) Advertise or disseminate information for the purpose of obtaining contracts under a name other than the name of the person holding an ambulance operation license or the trade or assumed name of the ambulance operation.

(e) If the ambulance operation is operating under an ambulance operation upgrade license issued under section 20920(7) to (12), advertise or otherwise hold itself out as a full-time transporting limited advanced life support service or a full-time transporting advanced life support service unless the ambulance operation actually provides those services on a 24-hour-per-day, 7-day-a-week basis.
(3) An ambulance operation shall not operate, attend, or permit an ambulance to be operated while transporting a patient unless the ambulance is, at a minimum, staffed as follows:

(a) If designated as providing basic life support, with at least 1 emergency medical technician and 1 medical first responder.

(b) If designated as providing limited advanced life support, with at least 1 emergency medical technician specialist and 1 emergency medical technician.

(c) If designated as providing advanced life support, with at least 1 paramedic and 1 emergency medical technician.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (5), an ambulance operation shall ensure that an emergency medical technician, an emergency medical technician specialist, or a paramedic is in the patient compartment of an ambulance while transporting an emergency patient.

(5) Subsection (4) does not apply to the transportation of a patient by an ambulance if the patient is accompanied in the patient compartment of the ambulance by an appropriate licensed health professional designated by a physician and after a physician-patient relationship has been established as prescribed in this part or the rules promulgated by the department under this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20922 Use of terms “ambulance,” “ambulance operation,” or similar term; advertising or disseminating information; license required.

Sec. 20922. (1) A person shall not use the terms “ambulance” or “ambulance operation” or a similar term to describe or refer to the person unless the person is licensed by the department under section 20920.

(2) A person shall not advertise or disseminate information leading the public to believe that the person provides an ambulance operation unless that person does in fact provide that service and has been licensed by the department to do so.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20923 Operation of ambulance; conditions; application for and issuance of ambulance license or annual renewal; fee; certificate of insurance; vehicle standards; minimum requirements for equipment; communications system; ambulance license nontransferable to ambulance operation.

Sec. 20923. (1) Except as provided in section 20924(2), a person shall not operate an ambulance unless the ambulance is licensed under this section and is operated as part of a licensed ambulance operation.

(2) Upon proper application and payment of a $25.00 fee, the department shall issue an ambulance license, or annual renewal of an ambulance license, to the ambulance operation. Receipt of the application by the department serves as attestation to the department by the ambulance operation that the ambulance being licensed or renewed is in compliance with the minimum standards required by the department. The inspection of an ambulance by the department is not required as a basis for licensure renewal, unless otherwise determined by the department.

(3) An ambulance operation shall submit an application and fee to the department for each ambulance in service. Each application shall include a certificate of insurance for the ambulance in the amount and coverage required by the department.

(4) Upon purchase by an ambulance operation, an ambulance shall meet all vehicle standards established by the department under section 20910(e)(iv).

(5) Once licensed for service, an ambulance is not required to meet subsequently modified state vehicle standards during its use by the ambulance operation that obtained the license.

(6) Patient care equipment and safety equipment carried on an ambulance shall meet the minimum requirements prescribed by the department and the approved local medical control authority protocols.

(7) An ambulance shall be equipped with a communications system utilizing frequencies and procedures consistent with the statewide emergency medical services communications system developed by the department.

(8) An ambulance license is not transferable to another ambulance operation.


Popular name: Act 368
333.20924 Business or service of transportation of patients; licensed ambulance required; exceptions.

Sec. 20924. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2), a person shall not furnish, operate, conduct, maintain, advertise, or otherwise be engaged or profess to be engaged in the business or service of the transportation of patients in this state unless the person uses an ambulance licensed under this part.

(2) An ambulance operated by an agency of the United States is not required to be licensed under this part. This part does not apply to an ambulance or ambulance personnel from another state or nation or a political subdivision of another state or nation that is performing in this state emergency assistance required by an official of this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20926 Nontransport prehospital life support operation; license required; application; fee; contents of license and application; renewal; compliance.

Sec. 20926. (1) A person shall not establish, operate, or cause to be operated a nontransport prehospital life support operation unless it is licensed under this section.

(2) The department, upon proper application and payment of a $100.00 fee, shall issue a license for a nontransport prehospital life support operation to a person meeting the requirements of this part and rules promulgated under this part.

(3) A nontransport prehospital life support operation license shall specify the level of life support the operation is licensed to provide. A nontransport prehospital life support operation shall operate in accordance with this part, rules promulgated under this part, and approved local medical control authority protocols and shall not provide life support at a level that exceeds its license or violates approved local medical control authority protocols.

(4) An applicant for a nontransport prehospital life support operation license shall specify in the application for licensure each nontransport prehospital life support vehicle to be operated.

(5) A nontransport prehospital life support operation license shall specify the nontransport prehospital life support vehicles licensed to be operated.

(6) A nontransport prehospital life support operation license may be renewed annually upon application to the department and payment of a $100.00 renewal fee. Before issuing a renewal license, the department shall determine that the nontransport prehospital life support operation is in compliance with this part, rules promulgated under this part, and local medical control authority protocols.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20927 Nontransport prehospital life support operation; duties; prohibitions.

Sec. 20927. (1) A nontransport prehospital life support operation shall:

(a) Provide at least 1 nontransport prehospital life support vehicle with proper equipment and personnel available for response to requests for emergency assistance on a 24-hour-a-day, 7-day-a-week basis in accordance with local medical control authority protocols.

(b) Respond or ensure that a response is provided to all requests for emergency assistance originating from within the bounds of its primary dispatch service area.

(c) Operate only under the direction of a medical control authority.

(d) Notify the department of any change that would alter the information contained on its application for a nontransport prehospital life support operation license or renewal.

(e) Provide life support consistent with its license and approved local medical control authority protocols to all patients without prior inquiry into ability to pay or source of payment.

(2) A nontransport prehospital life support operation shall not knowingly provide any person with false or misleading information concerning the time at which an emergency response will be initiated or the location from which the response is being initiated.

(3) A nontransport prehospital life support operation shall not operate a nontransport prehospital life support vehicle unless it is staffed, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, as follows:

(a) If designated as providing basic life support, with at least 1 emergency medical technician.

(b) If designated as providing limited advanced life support, with at least 1 emergency medical technician specialist.

(c) If designated as providing advanced life support, with at least 1 paramedic.

333.20928 Use of term “nontransport prehospital life support vehicle,” “nontransport prehospital life support operation,” or similar term; advertising or disseminating information; license required.

Sec. 20928. (1) A person shall not use the term “nontransport prehospital life support vehicle” or “nontransport prehospital life support operation” or a similar term to describe or refer to the person unless the person is licensed by the department under section 20926.

(2) A person shall not advertise or disseminate information leading the public to believe that the person provides a nontransport prehospital life support operation unless that person does in fact provide that service and has been licensed by the department to do so.


333.20929 Operation of nontransport prehospital life support vehicle; conditions; application for and issuance of license or annual renewal; fee; certificate of insurance; communications system; equipment.

Sec. 20929. (1) A person shall not operate a nontransport prehospital life support vehicle unless the vehicle is licensed by the department under this section and is operated as part of a licensed nontransport prehospital life support operation.

(2) Upon proper application and payment of a $25.00 fee, the department shall issue a nontransport prehospital life support vehicle license or annual renewal to the applicant nontransport prehospital life support operation. Receipt of the application by the department serves as attestation to the department by the nontransport prehospital life support operation that the vehicle being licensed or renewed is in compliance with the minimum standards required by the department. The inspection of a nontransport prehospital life support vehicle by the department is not required as a basis for issuing a licensure renewal, unless otherwise determined by the department.

(3) A nontransport prehospital life support operation shall submit an application and required fee to the department for each vehicle in service. Each application shall include a certificate of insurance for the vehicle in the amount and coverage required by the department.

(4) A nontransport prehospital life support vehicle shall be equipped with a communications system utilizing frequencies and procedures consistent with the statewide emergency medical services communications system developed by the department.

(5) A nontransport prehospital life support vehicle shall be equipped according to the department's minimum equipment list and approved medical control authority protocols based upon the level of life support the vehicle and personnel are licensed to provide.


333.20931 Air transport operation; license required; application; fee; issuance and contents of license; renewal; compliance.

Sec. 20931. (1) A person shall not establish, operate, or cause to be operated an aircraft transport operation unless it is licensed under this section.

(2) The department, upon proper application and payment of a $100.00 fee, shall issue a license for an aircraft transport operation to a person meeting the requirements of this part and rules promulgated under this part.

(3) An aircraft transport operation license shall specify the level of life support the operation is licensed to provide. An aircraft transport operation shall operate in accordance with this part, rules promulgated under this part, and orders established by the patient's physician and shall not provide life support at a level that exceeds its license or violates those orders.

(4) An applicant for an aircraft transport operation license shall specify in the application for licensure each aircraft transport vehicle to be operated and licensed.

(5) An aircraft transport operation license may be renewed annually upon application to the department and payment of a $100.00 renewal fee. Before issuing a renewal license, the department shall determine that the aircraft transport operation is in compliance with this part and rules promulgated under this part.

333.20932 Aircraft transport operation; duties; prohibitions.
Sec. 20932. (1) An aircraft transport operation shall:
(a) Provide an aircraft transport vehicle with proper equipment and personnel available for response to requests for patient transportation between health facilities, as needed and for life support during that transportation according to the written orders of the patient's physician.
(b) Notify the department of any change that would alter the information contained on its application for an aircraft transport operation license or renewal.
(2) An aircraft transport operation shall not operate an aircraft transport vehicle unless it is staffed, with emergency medical services personnel or other licensed health care professionals as appropriate according to the written orders of the patient's physician.
Popular name: Act 368

333.20933 Use of term “aircraft transport vehicle,” “aircraft transport operation,” or similar term; advertising or disseminating information; license required.
Sec. 20933. (1) A person shall not use the term “aircraft transport vehicle” or “aircraft transport operation” or a similar term to describe or refer to the person unless the person is licensed by the department under section 20931.
(2) A person shall not advertise or disseminate information leading the public to believe that the person provides an aircraft transport operation unless that person does in fact provide that service and has been licensed by the department to do so.
Popular name: Act 368

333.20934 Operation of aircraft transport vehicle; conditions; application for and issuance of license or annual renewal; fee; certificate of insurance; communications system; equipment.
Sec. 20934. (1) A person shall not operate an aircraft transport vehicle unless the vehicle is licensed by the department under this section and is operated as part of a licensed aircraft transport operation.
(2) Upon proper application and payment of a $100.00 fee, the department shall issue an aircraft transport vehicle license or annual renewal to the applicant aircraft transport operation. Receipt of the application by the department serves as attestation to the department by the aircraft transport operation that the vehicle is in compliance with the minimum standards required by the department. The inspection of an aircraft transport vehicle by the department is not required as a basis for licensure renewal, unless otherwise determined by the department.
(3) An aircraft transport operation shall submit an application and required fee to the department for each vehicle in service. Each application shall include a certificate of insurance for the vehicle in the amount and coverage required by the department.
(4) An aircraft transport vehicle shall be equipped with a communications system utilizing frequencies and procedures consistent with the statewide emergency medical services communications system developed by the department.
(5) An aircraft transport vehicle shall be equipped according to the department’s minimum equipment list based upon the level of life support the vehicle and personnel are licensed to provide.
Popular name: Act 368

333.20936 Application for license renewal received after expiration date of license; late fee; completing requirements for initial licensure.
Sec. 20936. (1) If an application for renewal of an ambulance operation, nontransport prehospital life support operation, or aircraft transport operation license is received by the department after the expiration date of the license, the applicant shall pay a late fee in the amount of $300.00 in addition to the renewal fee. If an application for renewal is not received by the department within 60 days after the license expires, the department shall not issue a renewal license unless the licensee completes the requirements for initial licensure and pays the late fee.
(2) If an application for renewal of an ambulance or nontransport prehospital life support vehicle, or aircraft transport vehicle license is received by the department after the expiration date of the license, the applicant shall pay a late fee in the amount of $100.00 in addition to the renewal fee. If an application for renewal is not received by the department within 60 days after the license expires, the department shall not issue a renewal license unless the licensee completes the requirements for initial licensure and pays the late fee.
333.20938 Operation of ambulance or nontransport prehospital life support vehicle under emergency conditions; privileges and constraints.

Sec. 20938. When operating an ambulance or a nontransport prehospital life support vehicle under emergency conditions or a reasonable belief that an emergency condition exists, the driver of the ambulance or nontransport prehospital life support vehicle may exercise the privileges and is subject to the constraints prescribed by the Michigan vehicle code, Act No. 300 of the Public Acts of 1949, being sections 257.1 to 257.923 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, pertaining to the driver of an authorized emergency vehicle.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20939 Spontaneous use of vehicle under exceptional circumstances; written report.

Sec. 20939. If an ambulance operation is unable to respond to an emergency patient within a reasonable time, this part does not prohibit the spontaneous use of a vehicle under exceptional circumstances to provide, without charge or fee and as a humane service, transportation for the emergency patient. Emergency medical personnel who transport or who make the decision to transport an emergency patient under this section shall file a written report describing the incident with the medical control authority.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20941 Medical first response service; license required; issuance; requirements; duties; renewal of license; advertising or disseminating information; availability of vehicle; ability of patient to pay; police or fire suppression agency.

Sec. 20941. (1) A person shall not establish, operate, or cause to be operated a medical first response service unless the service is licensed by the department.

(2) Upon proper application, the department shall issue a license as a medical first response service to a person who meets the requirements of this part and rules promulgated under this part. The department shall not charge a fee for licensing a medical first response service.

(3) A medical first response service shall provide life support in accordance with approved local medical control authority protocols and shall not provide life support at a level that exceeds its license or violates approved local medical control authority protocols.

(4) A medical first response service license may be renewed annually upon the application to the department.

(5) A person shall not advertise or disseminate information leading the public to believe that the person provides a medical first response service unless that person does in fact provide that service and has been licensed by the department.

(6) A medical first response service shall have at least 1 medical first response vehicle available on a 24-hour-a-day, 7-day-a-week basis, to provide a medical first response capability. Each medical first response vehicle shall be equipped and staffed as required by this part or rules promulgated under this part.

(7) A medical first response service shall provide life support consistent with its license and approved local medical control authority protocols to all patients without prior inquiry into ability to pay or source of payment.

(8) To the extent that a police or fire suppression agency is dispatched to provide medical first response life support, that agency is subject to this section and the other provisions of this part relating to medical first response services.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20945 Life support agency license; nonrenewable conditional license in lieu of denial, suspension, or revocation; duration; conditions.

Sec. 20945. If the department determines that grounds exist under section 20165 for denial, suspension, or revocation of a life support agency license but that the denial, suspension, or revocation of the license may be detrimental to the health, safety, and welfare of the residents served by the life support agency or applicant, the department may issue a nonrenewable conditional license effective for not more than 1 year and may prescribe such conditions as the department determines to be necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.
333.20948 Operations and services furnished by local governmental unit; costs; ordinance.

Sec. 20948. (1) A local governmental unit or combination of local governmental units may operate an ambulance operation or a nontransport prehospital life support operation, or contract with a person to furnish any of those services for the use and benefit of its residents, and may pay for any or all of the cost from available funds. A local governmental unit may receive state or federal funds or private funds for the purpose of providing emergency medical services.

(2) A local governmental unit that operates an ambulance operation or a nontransport prehospital life support operation or is a party to a contract or an interlocal agreement may defray any or all of its share of the cost by either or both of the following methods:

(a) Collection of fees for services.

(b) Special assessments created, levied, collected, and annually determined pursuant to a procedure conforming as nearly as possible to the procedure set forth in section 1 of Act No. 33 of the Public Acts of 1951, being section 41.801 of the Michigan Compiled Laws. This procedure does not prohibit the right of referendum set forth under Act No. 33 of the Public Acts of 1951, being sections 41.801 to 41.811 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(3) A local governmental unit may enact an ordinance regulating ambulance operations, nontransport prehospital life support operations, or medical first response services. The standards and procedures established under the ordinance shall not be in conflict with or less stringent than those required under this part or the rules promulgated under this part.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20950 Medical first responder, emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician specialist, paramedic, or emergency medical services instructor-coordinator; licensing requirements; duration of license; examination or reexamination fees; volunteers.

Sec. 20950. (1) An individual shall not practice or advertise to practice as a medical first responder, emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician specialist, paramedic, or emergency medical services instructor-coordinator unless licensed to do so by the department.

(2) The department shall issue a license under this section only to an individual who meets all of the following requirements:

(a) Is 18 years of age or older.

(b) Has successfully completed the appropriate education program approved under section 20912.

(c) Subject to subsection (3), has attained a passing score on the appropriate department prescribed examination, as follows:

(i) Within 3 years after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subparagraph, a medical first responder shall pass the written examination proctored by the department or the department's designee and a practical examination approved by the department. The practical examination shall be administered by the instructors of the medical first responder course. The department or the department's designee may also proctor the practical examination.

(ii) An emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician specialist, and a paramedic shall pass the written examination proctored by the department or the department's designee and a practical examination proctored by the department or the department's designee.

(iii) The fee for the written examinations required under subparagraphs (i) and (ii) shall be paid directly to the national registry of emergency medical technicians or other organization approved by the department.

(d) Meets other requirements of this part.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2)(c)(i), not more than 6 months after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection, the department shall require for purposes of compliance with subsection (2)(c) successful passage by each first-time applicant of an examination as that term is defined in section 20904(10).

(4) The department shall issue a license as an emergency medical services instructor-coordinator only to an individual who meets the requirements of subsection (2) for an emergency medical services instructor-coordinator and at the time of application is currently licensed as an emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician specialist, or paramedic and has at least 3 years' field experience as an emergency medical technician. The department shall provide for the development and administration of an examination for emergency medical
services instructor-coordinators.

(5) Except as provided by section 20952, a license under this section is effective for 3 years from the date of issuance unless revoked or suspended by the department.

(6) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7), an applicant for licensure under this section shall pay the following triennial licensure fees:

(a) Medical first responder - no fee.
(b) Emergency medical technician - $40.00.
(c) Emergency medical technician specialist - $60.00.
(d) Paramedic - $80.00.
(e) Emergency medical services instructor-coordinator - $100.00.

(7) If a life support agency certifies to the department that an applicant for licensure under this section will act as a volunteer and if the life support agency does not charge for its services, the department shall not require the applicant to pay the fee required under subsection (6). If the applicant ceases to meet the definition of a volunteer under this part at any time during the effective period of his or her license and is employed as a licensee under this part, the applicant shall at that time pay the fee required under subsection (6).


Popular name: Act 368

333.20952 Temporary license.

Sec. 20952. (1) The department may grant a nonrenewable temporary license to an individual who has made proper application with the required fee for licensure as a medical first responder, emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician specialist, or paramedic and who has successfully completed all of the requirements for licensure except for the department prescribed examinations. A temporary license is valid for 120 days from the date of an accepted application.

(2) An individual holding a temporary license as an emergency medical technician shall practice only under the direct supervision of an emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician specialist, or paramedic who holds a license other than a temporary license.

(3) An individual holding a temporary license as an emergency medical technician specialist shall practice only under the direct supervision of an emergency medical technician specialist or paramedic who holds a license other than a temporary license.

(4) An individual holding a temporary license as a paramedic shall practice only under the direct supervision of a paramedic who holds a license other than a temporary license.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20954 Renewal license; renewal fees; procedures for late renewal; volunteers.

Sec. 20954. (1) Upon proper application to the department and payment of the renewal fee under subsection (2), the department may renew an emergency medical services personnel license if the applicant meets the requirements of this part and provides, upon request of the department, verification of having met ongoing education requirements established by the department. If an applicant for renewal fails to provide the department with a change of address, the applicant shall pay a $20.00 fee in addition to the renewal and late fees required under subsections (2) and (3).

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5), an applicant for renewal of a license under section 20950 shall pay a renewal fee as follows:

(a) Medical first responder - no fee.
(b) Emergency medical technician - $25.00.
(c) Emergency medical technician specialist - $25.00.
(d) Paramedic - $25.00.
(e) Emergency medical services instructor-coordinator - $25.00.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (5), if an application for renewal under subsection (1) is postmarked after the date the license expires, the applicant shall pay a late fee in addition to the renewal fee under subsection (2) as follows:

(a) Medical first responder - $50.00.
(b) Emergency medical technician - $50.00.
(c) Emergency medical technician specialist - $50.00.
(d) Paramedic - $50.00.
(e) Emergency medical services instructor-coordinator - $50.00.

(4) A license or registration shall be renewed by the licensee on or before the expiration date as prescribed by rule. The department shall mail a notice to the licensee at the last known address on file with the department advising of the time, procedure, and fee for renewal. Failure of the licensee to receive notice under this subsection does not relieve the licensee of the responsibility for renewing his or her license. A license not renewed by the expiration date may be renewed within 60 days of the expiration date upon application, payment of renewal and late renewal fees, and fulfillment of any continued continuing education requirements set forth in rules promulgated under this article. The licensee may continue to practice and use the title during the 60-day period. If a license is not so renewed within 60 days of the expiration date, the license is void. The licensee shall not practice or use the title. An individual may be relicensed within 3 years of the expiration date upon application, payment of the application processing, renewal, and late renewal fees, and fulfillment of any continuing education requirements in effect at the time of the expiration date, or that would have been required had the individual renewed his or her license pursuant to subsection (1). An individual may be relicensed more than 3 years after the expiration date upon application as a new applicant, meeting all licensure requirements in effect at the time of application, taking or retaking and passing any examinations required for initial licensure, and payment of fees required of new applicants.

(5) If a life support agency certifies to the department that an applicant for renewal under this section is a volunteer and if the life support agency does not charge for its services, the department shall not require the applicant to pay the fee required under subsection (2) or a late fee under subsection (3). If the applicant for renewal ceases to meet the definition of a volunteer under this part at any time during the effective period of his or her license renewal and is employed as a licensee under this part, the applicant for renewal shall at that time pay the fee required under subsection (2).

(6) An individual seeking renewal under this section is not required to maintain national registry status as a condition of license renewal.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20956 Provision of life support; limitation; authorized techniques.

Sec. 20956. (1) A medical first responder, an emergency medical technician, an emergency medical technician specialist, or a paramedic shall not provide life support at a level that is inconsistent with his or her education, licensure, and approved medical control authority protocols.

(2) A medical first responder, emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician specialist, or paramedic may perform techniques required in implementing a field study authorized under section 20910(1)(h) if he or she receives training for the skill, technique, procedure, or equipment involved in the field study.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20958 Emergency medical services personnel license; denial, revocation, or suspension; grounds; notice; hearing.

Sec. 20958. (1) The department may deny, revoke, or suspend an emergency medical services personnel license upon finding that an applicant or licensee meets 1 or more of the following:

(a) Is guilty of fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure licensure.
(b) Has illegally obtained, possessed, used, or distributed drugs.
(c) Has practiced after his or her license has expired or has been suspended.
(d) Has knowingly violated, or aided or abetted others in the violation of, this part or rules promulgated under this part.
(e) Is not performing in a manner consistent with his or her education, licensure, or approved medical control authority protocols.
(f) Is physically or mentally incapable of performing his or her prescribed duties.
(g) Has been convicted of a criminal offense under sections 520a to 520l of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.520a to 750.520l. A certified copy of the court record is conclusive evidence of the conviction.
(h) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony reasonably related to and adversely affecting the ability to practice in a safe and competent manner. A certified copy of the court record is conclusive evidence of the conviction.

(2) The department shall provide notice of intent to deny, revoke, or suspend an emergency services personnel
Reciprocity.

Sec. 20961. (1) The department may grant a license under this part to a person who is licensed in another state at the time of application if the applicant provides evidence satisfactory to the department as to all of the following:
   (a) The applicant meets the requirements of this part and rules promulgated by the department for licensure.
   (b) There are no pending disciplinary proceedings against the applicant before a similar licensing agency of this or any other state or country.
   (c) If sanctions have been imposed against the applicant by a similar licensing agency of this or any other state or country based upon grounds that are substantially similar to those set forth in section 20165 or 20958, as determined by the department, the sanctions are not in force at the time of the application.
   (d) The other state maintains licensure standards equivalent to or more stringent than those of this state.

(2) The department may make an independent inquiry to determine whether an applicant meets the requirements described in subsection (1)(b) and (c).

Radio communications; compliance.

Sec. 20963. (1) A person participating in radio communications activities in support of emergency medical services, on frequencies utilized in the statewide emergency medical services communications system, shall comply with procedures and radio system requirements established by the department.

(2) A person who receives any intercepted public safety radio communication shall not utilize the contents of the communication for the purpose of initiating an emergency medical service response without the authorization of the sender. This subsection shall not apply to a radio communication generally transmitted to any listener by a person in distress.

Immunity from liability.

Sec. 20965. (1) Unless an act or omission is the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct, the acts or omissions of a medical first responder, emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician specialist, paramedic, medical director of a medical control authority or his or her designee, or, subject to subsection (5), an individual acting as a clinical preceptor of a department-approved education program sponsor while providing services to a patient outside a hospital, in a hospital before transferring patient care to hospital personnel, or in a clinical setting that are consistent with the individual's licensure or additional training required by the medical control authority including, but not limited to, services described in subsection (2), or consistent with an approved procedure for that particular education program do not impose liability in the treatment of a patient on those individuals or any of the following persons:
   (a) The authorizing physician or physician's designee.
   (b) The medical director and individuals serving on the governing board, advisory body, or committee of the medical control authority and an employee of the medical control authority.
   (c) The person providing communications services or lawfully operating or utilizing supportive electronic communications devices.
   (d) The life support agency or an officer, member of the staff, or other employee of the life support agency.
   (e) The hospital or an officer, member of the staff, nurse, or other employee of the hospital.
   (f) The authoritative governmental unit or units.
   (g) Emergency personnel from outside the state.
   (h) The education program medical director.
   (i) The education program instructor-coordinator.
   (j) The education program sponsor and education program sponsor advisory committee.
   (k) The student of a department-approved education program who is participating in an education program-approved clinical setting.
   (l) An instructor or other staff employed by or under contract to a department-approved education program for
the purpose of providing training or instruction for the department-approved education program.

(m) The life support agency or an officer, member of the staff, or other employee of the life support agency providing the clinical setting described in subdivision (k).

(n) The hospital or an officer, member of the medical staff, or other employee of the hospital providing the clinical setting described in subdivision (k).

(2) Subsection (1) applies to services consisting of the use of an automated external defibrillator on an individual who is in or is exhibiting symptoms of cardiac distress.

(3) Unless an act or omission is the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct, the acts or omissions of any of the persons named below, while participating in the development of protocols under this part, implementation of protocols under this part, or holding a participant in the emergency medical services system accountable for department-approved protocols under this part, does not impose liability in the performance of those functions:

(a) The medical director and individuals serving on the governing board, advisory body, or committees of the medical control authority or employees of the medical control authority.

(b) A participating hospital or freestanding surgical outpatient facility in the medical control authority or an officer, member of the medical staff, or other employee of the hospital or freestanding surgical outpatient facility.

(c) A participating agency in the medical control authority or an officer, member of the medical staff, or other employee of the participating agency.

(d) A nonprofit corporation that performs the functions of a medical control authority.

(4) Subsections (1) and (3) do not limit immunity from liability otherwise provided by law for any of the persons listed in subsections (1) and (3).

(5) The limitation on liability granted to a clinical preceptor under subsection (1) applies only to an act or omission of the clinical preceptor relating directly to a student's clinical training activity or responsibility while the clinical preceptor is physically present with the student during the clinical training activity, and does not apply to an act or omission of the clinical preceptor during that time that indirectly relates or does not relate to the student's clinical training activity or responsibility.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20967 Authority for management of emergency patient or management of scene of emergency; declaring nonexistence of emergency.

Sec. 20967. (1) Authority for the management of a patient in an emergency is vested in the licensed health professional or licensed emergency medical services personnel at the scene of the emergency who has the most training specific to the provision of emergency medical care. If a licensed health professional or licensed emergency medical services personnel is not available, the authority is vested in the most appropriately trained representative of a public safety agency at the scene of the emergency.

(2) When a life support agency is present at the scene of the emergency, authority for the management of an emergency patient in an emergency is vested in the physician responsible for medical control until that physician relinquishes management of the patient to a licensed physician at the scene of the emergency.

(3) Authority for the management of the scene of an emergency is vested in appropriate public safety agencies. The scene of an emergency shall be managed in a manner that will minimize the risk of death or health impairment to an emergency patient and to other individuals who may be exposed to the risks as a result of the emergency. Priority shall be given to the interests of those individuals exposed to the more serious remediable risks to life and health. Public safety officials shall ordinarily consult emergency medical services personnel or other authoritative health professionals at the scene in the determination of remediable risks.

(4) If an emergency has been declared, the declaration that an emergency no longer exists shall be made only by an individual licensed under this part or a health professional licensed under article 15 who has training specific to the provision of emergency medical services in accordance with protocols established by the local medical control authority.


Popular name: Act 368

333.20969 Objection to treatment or transportation.

Sec. 20969. This part and the rules promulgated under this part do not authorize medical treatment for or transportation to a hospital of an individual who objects to the treatment or transportation. However, if emergency
medical services personnel, exercising professional judgment, determine that the individual's condition makes the individual incapable of competently objecting to treatment or transportation, emergency medical services may provide treatment or transportation despite the individual's objection unless the objection is expressly based on the individual's religious beliefs.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20971 Emergency preparedness act and § 30.261 not affected by part; references to former laws.

Sec. 20971. (1) This part does not supersede, limit, or otherwise affect the emergency preparedness act, Act No. 390 of the Public Acts of 1976, being sections 30.401 to 30.420 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or Act No. 151 of the Public Acts of 1953, being section 30.261 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, dealing with licenses for professional, mechanical, or other skills for persons performing civil defense, emergency, or disaster functions under those acts.

(2) A reference in any law to former Act No. 290 of the Public Acts of 1976; former Act No. 288 of the Public Acts of 1976; former Act No. 330 of the Public Acts of 1976; or former part 32, 203, or 207 of this act shall be considered a reference to this part.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20973 Emergency medical services to and cooperative agreements with other states.

Sec. 20973. This part does not deny emergency medical services to individuals outside of the boundaries of this state, or limit, restrict, or prevent a cooperative agreement for the provision of emergency medical services between this state or a political subdivision of this state and another state or a political subdivision of another state, a federal agency, or another nation or a political subdivision of another nation.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20975 Rules generally.

Sec. 20975. The department may promulgate rules to implement this part.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20977 Rules considered as rescinded; exceptions.

Sec. 20977. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), rules promulgated to implement former parts 32, 203, or 207 of this act and in effect on July 22, 1990 do not continue, and are considered as rescinded.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to rules that have been identified as being applicable within 6 months after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection, as recommended by the department and approved by the statewide emergency medical services coordination committee.

Popular name: Act 368

333.20979 Prohibited use of fees.

Sec. 20979. The legislature shall not use the increase in the amount of fees charged under this part from the fees charged under former part 207 as a basis for reducing the amount of general fund money that is appropriated to the department.

Popular name: Act 368

PART 210
HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS

PART 213
HOMES FOR THE AGED

333.21301 Definitions and principles of construction.
Sec. 21301. Article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 201 contains definitions applicable to this part.
Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of health facility licensing and certification in the bureau of health systems, division of federal support services, and the division of emergency medical services, with the exception of the division of managed care and division of health facility development, from the department of public health to the director of the department of commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

333.21307 Exemptions.
Sec. 21307. This part does not authorize the medical supervision, regulation, or control of the remedial care or treatment of residents in a home for the aged operated for the adherents of a bona fide church or religious denomination who rely on treatment by prayer or spiritual means only in accordance with the creed or tenets of that church or denomination. The residents, personnel, or employees, other than food handlers, of the home are not required to submit to a medical or physical examination.

333.21311 License required; use of “home for aged” or similar term or abbreviation; minimum age for admission; waiver of age limitation.
Sec. 21311. (1) A home for the aged shall be licensed under this article.
(2) “Home for the aged” or a similar term or abbreviation shall not be used to describe or refer to an institution or agency unless the institution or agency is licensed as a home for the aged by the department under this article.
(3) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a home for the aged shall not admit individuals under 60 years of age. Upon the request of a home for the aged, the director may waive the age limitation imposed by this subsection if the director determines that a waiver would be in the best interests of a resident of the home for the aged and the individual for whom the waiver is sought.

333.21313 Owner, operator, and governing body of home for aged; responsibilities and duties generally.
Sec. 21313. (1) The owner, operator, and governing body of a home for the aged are responsible for all phases of the operation of the home and shall assure that the home maintains an organized program to provide room and board, protection, supervision, assistance, and supervised personal care for its residents.
(2) The owner, operator, and governing body shall assure the availability of emergency medical care required by a resident.

333.21321 Bond required.
Sec. 21321. (1) Before issuance of a license under this article, the owner, operator, or governing body of the applicant shall give a bond with a surety approved by the department. The bond shall insure the department for the benefit of the residents. The bond shall be conditioned that the applicant do all of the following:
(a) Hold separately and in trust all resident funds deposited with the applicant.
(b) Administer the funds on behalf of a resident in the manner directed by the depositor.
(c) Render a true and complete account to the resident, the depositor, and the department when requested.
(d) Account, on termination of the deposit, for all funds received, expended, and held on hand.
(2) The bond shall be in an amount equal to not less than 1-1/4 times the average balance of resident funds held during the prior year. The department may require an additional bond or permit filing of a bond in a lower amount, if the department determines that a change in the average balance has occurred or may occur. An applicant for a new license shall file a bond in an amount which the department estimates as 1-1/4 times the average amount of funds which the applicant, upon issuance of the license, is likely to hold during the first year of operation.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21325 Removal of resident from home for the aged; conditions.
Sec. 21325. If a resident of a home for the aged is receiving care in the facility in addition to the room, board, and supervised personal care specified in section 20106(3), as determined by a physician, the department shall not order the removal of the resident from the home for the aged if both of the following conditions are met:
(a) The resident, the resident's family, the resident's physician, and the owner, operator, and governing body of the home for the aged consent to the resident's continued stay in the home for the aged.
(b) The owner, operator, and governing body of the home for the aged commit to assuring that the resident receives the necessary additional services.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21331 Licensee considered consumer of tangible personal property.
Sec. 21331. A licensee of a home for the aged operated for profit is considered to be the consumer, and not the retailer, of tangible personal property purchased and used or consumed in operation of the home.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21332 Home for the aged; influenza vaccination.
Sec. 21332. A home for the aged shall offer each resident, or shall provide each resident with information and assistance in obtaining, an annual vaccination against influenza in accordance with the most recent recommendations of the advisory committee on immunization practices of the federal centers for disease control and prevention, as approved by the department of community health.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21333 Smoking policy.
Sec. 21333. (1) A home for the aged licensed under this article shall adopt a policy regulating the smoking of tobacco on the home for the aged premises.
(2) A home for the aged policy governing smoking shall at a minimum provide that:
(a) Upon admission each resident or person responsible for the resident's admission shall be asked if there is a preference for placement with smokers or nonsmokers.
(b) Smoking by residents shall be restricted to private rooms, rooms shared with other smokers only, or other designated smoking areas.
(c) Visitors shall not be permitted to smoke in rooms or wards occupied by residents who do not smoke.
(d) Visitors shall be permitted to smoke only in designated areas.
(e) Staff shall be permitted to smoke in designated areas only.
(f) Staff shall not be permitted to smoke in residents' rooms or while performing their duties in the presence of residents.
(g) Eating areas shall have sections for smokers and nonsmokers.
(h) Cigarettes, cigars, and pipe tobacco shall not be sold or dispensed within the licensed facility except as provided for by the owner or governing board.
(i) A sign indicating that smoking is prohibited in the facility except in designated areas shall be posted at each entrance to the facility. Each designated smoking area shall be posted as such by sign.
(3) A home for the aged licensed under this article shall retain a copy of the smoking policy which will be available to the public upon request.


Popular name: Act 368
333.21401 Definitions; principles of construction.
Sec. 21401. (1) As used in this part:
(a) “Home care” means a level of care provided to a patient that is consistent with the categories “routine home care” or “continuous home care” described in 42 C.F.R. 418.302(b)(1) and (2).
(b) “Hospice residence” means a facility that meets all of the following:
(i) Provides 24-hour hospice care to 2 or more patients at a single location.
(ii) Either provides inpatient care directly in compliance with this article and with the standards set forth in 42 C.F.R. 418.100 or provides home care as described in this article.
(iii) Is owned, operated, and governed by a hospice program that is licensed under this article and provides aggregate days of patient care on a biennial basis to not less than 51% of its hospice patients in their own homes. As used in this subparagraph, “home” does not include a residence established by a patient in a health facility or agency licensed under this article or a residence established by a patient in an adult foster care facility licensed under the adult foster care facility licensing act, Act No. 218 of the Public Acts of 1979, being sections 400.701 to 400.737 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
(c) “Inpatient care” means a level of care provided to a patient that is consistent with the categories “inpatient respite care day” and “general inpatient care day” described in 42 C.F.R. 418.302(b)(3) and (4).
(2) Article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 201 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler’s note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of health facility licensing and certification in the bureau of health systems, division of federal support services, and the division of emergency medical services, with the exception of the division of managed care and division of health facility development, from the department of public health to the director of the department of commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.21411 License for hospice or hospice residence required; exception; use of term “hospice”; representation as hospice residence; exemption from licensure; separate license for health facility or agency; activities of health facility or agency not restricted; inspections and concurrent issuance of licenses.
Sec. 21411. (1) Except as provided in subsection (5), a hospice or hospice residence shall be licensed as required under this article.
(2) The term “hospice” shall not be used to describe or refer to a health program or agency unless that program or agency is licensed as a hospice by the department as required under this article or is exempted from licensure as provided in subsection (5).
(3) A person shall not represent itself as a hospice residence unless that person is licensed as a hospice residence by the department as required under this article.
(4) A hospital, nursing home, home for the aged, county medical care facility, or any other health facility or agency that operates a hospice or hospice residence shall be licensed as a hospice or hospice residence under this article.
(5) A hospice is exempt from licensure under this article if the hospice meets all of the following requirements:
(a) Provides services to not more than 7 patients per month on a yearly average.
(b) Does not charge or receive fees for goods or services provided.
(c) Does not receive third party reimbursement for goods or services provided.
(6) If a hospice provides inpatient services that meet the definition of a hospital, nursing home, home for the aged, county medical care facility, hospice residence, or other health facility or agency, the hospice or hospice residence shall obtain a separate license as required under this article for that hospital, nursing home, home for the aged, county medical care facility, hospice residence, or other health facility or agency.
(7) This part does not restrict an activity of a health facility or agency if the activity is permitted under the license held by that health facility or agency.
(8) If separate licensure is required under this section, the department may conduct inspections and issue the required licenses concurrently.

333.21413 Duties of owner, operator, and governing body of hospice or hospice residence.

Sec. 21413. (1) The owner, operator, and governing body of a hospice or hospice residence licensed under this article:

(a) Are responsible for all phases of the operation of the hospice or hospice residence and for the quality of care and services rendered by the hospice or hospice residence.

(b) Shall cooperate with the department in the enforcement of this part, and require that the physicians and other personnel working in the hospice or hospice residence and for whom a license or registration is required be currently licensed or registered.

(c) Shall not discriminate because of race, religion, color, national origin, or sex, in the operation of the hospice or hospice residence including employment, patient admission and care, and room assignment.

(2) As a condition of licensure as a hospice residence, an applicant shall have been licensed under this article as a hospice and in compliance with the standards set forth in 42 C.F.R. part 418 for not less than the 2 years immediately preceding the date of application for licensure. A hospice residence licensed under this article may provide both home care and inpatient care at the same location. A hospice residence providing inpatient care shall comply with the standards in 42 C.F.R. 418.100.

(3) In addition to the requirements of subsections (1) and (2) and section 21415, the owner, operator, and governing body of a hospice residence that is licensed under this article and that provides care only at the home care level shall do all of the following:

(a) Provide 24-hour nursing services for each patient in accordance with the patient's hospice care plan as required under 42 C.F.R. part 418.

(b) Have an approved plan for infection control that includes making provisions for isolating each patient with an infectious disease.

(c) Obtain fire safety approval pursuant to section 20156.

(d) Equip each patient room with a device approved by the department for calling the staff member on duty.

(e) Design and equip areas within the hospice residence for the comfort and privacy of each patient and his or her family members.

(f) Permit patients to receive visitors at any hour, including young children.

(g) Provide individualized meal service plans in accordance with 42 C.F.R. 418.100(j).

(h) Provide appropriate methods and procedures for the storage, dispensing, and administering of drugs and biologicals pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 418.100(k).


Popular name: Act 368

333.21415 Program of planned and continuous hospice care; direction of medical components; coordination, design, and provision of hospice services.

Sec. 21415. (1) A hospice or a hospice residence shall provide a program of planned and continuous hospice care, the medical components of which shall be under the direction of a physician.

(2) Hospice care shall consist of a coordinated set of services rendered at home or in hospice residence or other institutional settings on a continuous basis for individuals suffering from a disease or condition with a terminal prognosis. The coordination of services shall assure that the transfer of a patient from 1 setting to another will be accomplished with a minimum disruption and discontinuity of care. Hospice services shall address the physical, psychological, social, and spiritual needs of the individual and shall be designed to meet the related needs of the individual's family through the periods of illness and bereavement. These hospice services shall be provided through a coordinated interdisciplinary team that may also include services provided by trained volunteers.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21417 Disease or condition with terminal prognosis as prerequisite for admission to or retention for care.

Sec. 21417. An individual shall not be admitted to or retained for care by a hospice or a hospice residence unless the individual is suffering from a disease or condition with a terminal prognosis. An individual shall be considered to have a disease or condition with a terminal prognosis if, in the opinion of a physician, the individual's death is anticipated within 6 months after the date of admission to the hospice or hospice residence. If a person lives beyond
a 6-month or less prognosis, the person is not disqualified from receiving continued hospice care.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21419 Rules.

Sec. 21419. (1) Not later than 1 year after the effective date of this part, the department shall submit for a public hearing proposed rules necessary to implement and administer this part.

(2) The rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (1) shall not establish standards related to the credentials of an individual providing care in a hospice program, whether as an employee of a program or volunteer in a program, unless, with respect to the type of care the individual would provide in the hospice program, a license or other credential is required by law for an individual providing that care.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**Administrative rules:** R 325.13101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

### 333.21420 Exemption of hospices from license fees and certificate of need fees; period.

Sec. 21420. Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, all hospices shall be exempt from license fees and certificate of need fees for 3 years after the first hospice is licensed under this article.


**Popular name:** Act 368


**Compiler's note:** The repealed section provided for the expiration of this part.

**Popular name:** Act 368

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### PART 215 HOSPITALS

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### 333.21501 Definitions and principles of construction.

Sec. 21501. Article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 201 contains definitions applicable to this part.


**Compiler's note:** For transfer of powers and duties of the division of health facility licensing and certification in the bureau of health systems, division of federal support services, and the division of emergency medical services, with the exception of the division of managed care and division of health facility development, from the department of public health to the director of the department of commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21511 License required; use of term “hospital.”

Sec. 21511. (1) A hospital shall be licensed under this article.

(2) “Hospital” shall not be used to describe or refer to a health facility unless the health facility is licensed as a hospital by the department under this article. This section does not apply to a hospital licensed or operated by the department of mental health or the federal government or to a veterinary hospital.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21513 Owner, operator, and governing body of hospital; responsibilities and duties generally.

Sec. 21513. The owner, operator, and governing body of a hospital licensed under this article:

(a) Are responsible for all phases of the operation of the hospital, selection of the medical staff, and quality of care rendered in the hospital.

(b) Shall cooperate with the department in the enforcement of this part, and require that the physicians, dentists, and other personnel working in the hospital who are required to be licensed or registered are in fact currently licensed or registered.

(c) Shall assure that physicians and dentists admitted to practice in the hospital are granted hospital privileges consistent with their individual training, experience, and other qualifications.
(d) Shall assure that physicians and dentists admitted to practice in the hospital are organized into a medical staff to enable an effective review of the professional practices in the hospital for the purpose of reducing morbidity and mortality and improving the care provided in the hospital for patients. The review shall include the quality and necessity of the care provided and the preventability of complications and deaths occurring in the hospital.

(e) Shall not discriminate because of race, religion, color, national origin, age, or sex in the operation of the hospital including employment, patient admission and care, room assignment, and professional or nonprofessional selection and training programs, and shall not discriminate in the selection and appointment of individuals to the physician staff of the hospital or its training programs on the basis of licensure or registration or professional education as doctors of medicine, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatry.

(f) Shall assure that the hospital adheres to medical control authority protocols according to section 20918.

(g) Shall assure that the hospital develops and maintains a plan for biohazard detection and handling.


Compiler's note: Section 3 of Act 174 of 1986 provides: “This amendatory act shall only apply to contested cases filed on or after July 1, 1986.”

Popular name: Act 368

333.21515 Confidentiality of records, data, and knowledge.

Sec. 21515. The records, data, and knowledge collected for or by individuals or committees assigned a review function described in this article are confidential and shall be used only for the purposes provided in this article, shall not be public records, and shall not be available for court subpoena.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21521 Minimum standards and rules; practices.

Sec. 21521. A hospital shall meet the minimum standards and rules authorized by this article and shall endeavor to carry out practices that will further protect the public health and safety, prevent the spread of disease, alleviate pain and disability, and prevent premature death.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21523 Strictness of rules and standards.

Sec. 21523. (1) The rules for operation and maintenance of hospitals shall not be less strict than those required for certification of hospitals under part D of title XVIII of the social security act, chapter 531, 79 Stat. 313, 42 U.S.C. 1395x to 1395yy and 1395bbb to 1395ggg.

(2) The standards relating to construction, additions, modernization, or conversion of hospitals shall not be less strict than the standards contained in the document entitled “Minimum Design Standards for Health Care Facilities in Michigan” published by the department, dated March 1998.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21527 Sexual assault evidence kit.

Sec. 21527. (1) If an individual alleges to a physician or other member of the attending or admitting staff of a hospital that within the preceding 24 hours the individual has been the victim of criminal sexual conduct under sections 520a to 520l of the Michigan penal code, Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931, being sections 750.520a to 750.520l of the Michigan Compiled Laws, the attending health care personnel responsible for examining or treating the individual immediately shall inform the individual of the availability of a sexual assault evidence kit and, with the consent of the individual, shall perform or have performed on the individual the procedures required by the sexual assault evidence kit.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the administration of a sexual assault evidence kit is not a medical procedure.

(3) As used in this section, “sexual assault evidence kit” means a standardized set of equipment and written procedures approved by the department of state police which have been designed to be administered to an individual principally for the purpose of gathering evidence of sexual conduct, which evidence is of the type offered in court by the forensic science division of the department of state police for prosecuting a case of criminal sexual conduct under sections 520a to 520l of the Michigan penal code, Act No. 328 of the Public Acts of 1931.
333.21532  Acknowledgment of paternity.

Sec. 21532. Upon request, the department shall provide to an unmarried mother of a child or to a putative father an acknowledgment of paternity form that can be completed by the child's mother and father to acknowledge the child's paternity as provided in the acknowledgment of paternity act, 1996 PA 305, MCL 722.1001 to 722.1013. The department shall provide to the mother and putative father the information developed as required by section 21532 on the purpose and completion of the form and on the parents' rights and responsibilities.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21534  Hospice care information provided by hospital.

Sec. 21534. Upon the request of a patient, a patient's physician, a member of the patient's family, the patient's designated patient advocate, or the patient's legal guardian, a hospital shall provide information orally and in writing to the requesting party regarding hospice and palliative care services and the availability of hospice care in the area in which the hospital is located. The hospital shall provide the information whether or not the hospital provides hospice care.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21551  Temporary delicensure of beds; extension; form and contents of application; amended application; alternative use of space; plans; relicensing of beds; automatic and permanent delicensing; bed inventory; transfer of beds; use of beds to comply with bed reduction plan prohibited; definitions.

Sec. 21551. (1) A hospital licensed under this article and located in a nonurbanized area may apply to the department to temporarily delicense not more than 50% of its licensed beds for not more than 5 years.

(2) A hospital that is granted a temporary delicensure of beds under subsection (1) may apply to the department for an extension of temporary delicensure for those beds for up to an additional 5 years to the extent that the hospital actually met the requirements of subsection (6) during the initial period of delicensure granted under subsection (1). The department shall grant an extension under this subsection unless the department determines under part 222 that there is a demonstratred need for the delicensed beds in the subarea in which the hospital is located.


Popular name: Act 368
located. If the department does not grant an extension under this subsection, the hospital shall request relicensure of
the beds pursuant to subsection (7) or allow the beds to become permanently delicensed pursuant to subsection (8).

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for a period of 90 days after January 1, 1991, if a hospital is
located in a distressed area and has an annual indigent volume consisting of not less than 25% indigent patients, the
hospital may apply to the department to temporarily delicense not more than 50% of its licensed beds for a period of
not more than 2 years. Upon receipt of a complete application under this subsection, the department shall
temporarily delicense the beds indicated in the application. The department shall not grant an extension of
temporary delicensure under this subsection.

(4) An application under subsection (1) or (3) shall be on a form provided by the department. The form shall
contain all of the following information:
   (a) The number and location of the specific beds to be delicensed.
   (b) The period of time during which the beds will be delicensed.
   (c) The alternative use proposed for the space occupied by the beds to be delicensed.

(5) A hospital that files an application under subsection (1) or (3) may file an amended application with the
department on a form provided by the department. The hospital shall state on the form the purpose of the
amendment. If the hospital meets the requirements of this section, the department shall so amend the hospital's
original application.

(6) An alternative use of space made available by the delicensure of beds under this section shall not result in a
violation of this article or the rules promulgated under this article. Along with the application, an applicant for
delicensure under subsection (1) or (3) shall submit to the department plans that indicate to the satisfaction of the
department that the space occupied by the beds proposed for temporary delicensure will be used for 1 or more of the
following:
   (a) An alternative use that over the proposed period of temporary delicensure would defray the depreciation and
   interest costs that otherwise would be allocated to the space along with the operating expenses related to the
   alternative use.
   (b) To correct a licensing deficiency previously identified by the department.
   (c) Nonhospital purposes including, but not limited to, community service projects, if the depreciation and
   interest costs for all capital expenditures that would otherwise be allocated to the space, as well as any operating
   costs related to the proposed alternative use, would not be considered as hospital costs for purposes of
   reimbursement.

(7) The department shall relicense beds that are temporarily delicensed under this section if all of the following
requirements are met:
   (a) The hospital files with the department a written request for relicensure not less than 90 days before the earlier
   of the following:
      (i) The expiration of the period for which delicensure was granted.
      (ii) The date upon which the hospital is requesting relicensure.
      (iii) The last hospital license renewal date in the delicensure period.
   (b) The space to be occupied by the relicensed beds is in compliance with this article and the rules promulgated
   under this article, including all licensure standards in effect at the time of relicensure, or the hospital has a plan of
corrections that has been approved by the department.

(8) If a hospital does not meet all of the requirements of subsection (7) or if a hospital decides to allow beds to
become permanently delicensed as described in subsection (2), then all of the temporarily delicensed beds shall be
automatically and permanently delicensed effective on the last day of the period for which the department granted
temporary delicensure.

(9) The department shall continue to count beds temporarily delicensed under this section in the department's bed
inventory for purposes of determining hospital bed need under part 222 in the subarea in which the beds are located.
The department shall indicate in the bed inventory which beds are licensed and which beds are temporary
delicensed under this section. The department shall not include a hospital's temporarily delicensed beds in the
hospital's licensed bed count.

(10) A hospital that is granted temporary delicensure of beds under this section shall not transfer the beds to
another site or hospital without first obtaining a certificate of need.

(11) A hospital that has beds that are subject to a hospital bed reduction plan or to a department action to enforce
this article shall not use beds temporarily delicensed under this section to comply with the bed reduction plan.

(12) As used in this section:
   (a) “Distressed area” means a city that meets all of the following criteria:
(i) Had a negative population change from 1970 to the date of the 1980 federal decennial census.
(ii) From 1972 to 1989, had an increase in its state equalized valuation that is less than the statewide average.
(iii) Has a poverty level that is greater than the statewide average, according to the 1980 federal decennial census.
(iv) Was eligible for an urban development action grant from the United States department of housing and urban development in 1984 and was listed in 49 F.R. No. 28 (February 9, 1984) or 49 F.R. No. 30 (February 13, 1984).
(v) Had an unemployment rate that was higher than the statewide average for 3 of the 5 years from 1981 to 1985.

(b) “Indigent volume” means the ratio of a hospital’s indigent charges to its total charges expressed as a percentage as determined by the department of social services after November 12, 1990, pursuant to chapter 8 of the department of social services guidelines entitled “medical assistance program manual”.

(c) “Nonurbanized area” means an area that is not an urbanized area.

(d) “Urbanized area” means that term as defined by the office of federal statistical policy and standards of the United States department of commerce in the appendix entitled “general procedures and definitions”, 45 F.R. p. 962 (January 3, 1980), which document is incorporated by reference.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21552 Hospital transition assistance program; purpose; elements; feasibility study; financing; advisory committee; report.

Sec. 21552. (1) The department, in cooperation with the state hospital finance authority, the office of health and medical affairs, and other state agencies considered appropriate by the department, shall develop recommendations regarding the appropriateness and feasibility of a state hospital transition assistance program to provide voluntary assistance to hospitals wanting to close, convert, or consolidate their facilities with another hospital, in order to eliminate excess capacity in a way that would maintain common access to critical health care services and assist displaced employees.

(2) The hospital transition assistance program described in subsection (1) shall include at least the following elements:

(a) Assistance in retiring all or some appropriate portion of the principal and interest applicable to the outstanding debt of a hospital applying to participate in the program.

(b) Assistance, through relocation or retraining, to workers displaced as a result of a hospital closure, conversion, or consolidation under the program.

(c) Maintenance of community access to critical health care services, especially for the uninsured and the underinsured, that might be endangered as a result of assistance provided under this program.

(d) As appropriate to hospitals wanting to close, convert, or consolidate, assistance with license termination, cessation of operations, and disposition of assets to help defray the outstanding indebtedness of a hospital applying to participate in the program.

(3) The state hospital finance authority, after consultation with experts knowledgeable about the approaches listed in this section, shall contract for a study of the feasibility of the hospital transition assistance program elements as described in subsection (2). The feasibility study shall include at least all of the following information:

(a) The outstanding hospital bonded indebtedness and associated interest for all the hospitals in this state and the amounts payable in principal and interest per year until the bonds are retired.

(b) The financial benefits and costs to the state, health care purchasers, and other hospitals of assisting in defraying portions of that indebtedness and interest according to the different possible options.

(c) Criteria for prioritizing assistance to hospitals applying to participate in the program.

(d) Options for, and estimated benefits and costs of, providing relocation and retraining assistance to workers displaced by a hospital closure, conversion, or consolidation assisted by the program.

(e) In cases of proposed conversions or consolidations, the possibility of including a requirement that the assistance will result in a net reduction of beds at least equal to the number licensed to the hospital applying to participate in the program.

(f) Interest among hospitals and purchasers regarding participation in the program.

(4) The state hospital finance authority may expend up to $250,000.00 from its operating fund to finance the feasibility study described in subsection (3) and to staff the advisory committee created in subsection (5).

(5) An advisory committee appointed by the director shall react to and comment on the feasibility study developed pursuant to subsection (3), and report to the governor and legislature on the appropriateness of pursuing the options described in the feasibility study. The committee shall be composed of 15 members equally divided...
among representatives of health consumers, health providers, and purchasers of health care.

(6) The feasibility study required under subsection (3) shall be completed within 9 months after the effective date of the contract for the feasibility study. The advisory committee established under subsection (5) shall submit its report to the governor and the legislature not later than 4 months after the advisory committee receives the feasibility study.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21561 Application for designation as rural community hospital; use of term “rural community hospital”; definition.

Sec. 21561. (1) After the effective date of the rules required under section 21563, a hospital with fewer than 100 licensed beds located in a nonurbanized area that is either licensed on or before the effective date of this section or is licensed after the effective date of this section and is located in a county that did not have a hospital on the effective date of this section may apply to the department for designation as a rural community hospital.

(2) The term “rural community hospital” shall not be used to describe or refer to a health facility or agency unless the health facility or agency is designated as a rural community hospital by the department.

(3) As used in this section, “nonurbanized area” means that term as defined in section 21551.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21562 Rural community hospital as limited service hospital; delivery of basic acute care services; rules implementing part; agreement to participate in medicaid program; definition; participation in federal medicare program; appointment, membership, and purpose of ad hoc advisory committee; transfer agreement.

Sec. 21562. (1) A hospital designated as a rural community hospital under section 21561 shall be a limited service hospital directed toward the delivery of not more than basic acute care services in order to assure appropriate access in the rural area.

(2) The rules promulgated to implement this part shall require that a hospital designated as a rural community hospital under section 21561 shall provide no more than the following services:

(a) Emergency care.
(b) Stabilization care for transfer to another facility.
(c) Inpatient care.
(d) Radiology and laboratory services.
(e) Ambulatory care.
(f) Obstetrical services.
(g) Outpatient services.

(3) A rural community hospital shall enter into an agreement with the department of social services to participate in the medicaid program. As used in this subsection, “medicaid” means that term as defined in section 22207.

(4) A rural community hospital shall meet the conditions for participation in the federal medicare program under title XVIII of the social security act.

(5) Not later than 3 months after the effective date of this section, the director shall appoint an ad hoc advisory committee to develop recommendations for rules to designate the maximum number of beds and the services to be provided by a rural community hospital. In developing recommendations under this subsection, the ad hoc advisory committee shall review the provisions of the code pertaining to hospital licensure in order to determine those provisions that should apply to rural community hospitals. The director shall direct the committee to report its recommendations to the department within 12 months after the committee is appointed. The ad hoc advisory committee shall be appointed as follows:

(a) Twenty-five percent of the members shall be representatives from hospitals with fewer than 100 licensed beds.
(b) Twenty-five percent of the members shall be representatives from health care provider organizations other than hospitals.
(c) Twenty-five percent of the members shall be representatives from organizations whose membership includes consumers of rural health care services or members of local governmental units located in rural areas.
(d) Twenty-five percent of the members shall be representatives from purchasers or payers of rural health care
(6) A hospital designated as a rural community hospital under section 21561 shall develop and implement a transfer agreement between the rural community hospital and 1 or more appropriate referral hospitals.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21563 Rules for designation of rural community hospital, maximum number of beds, and services; showing designation on license; licensing and regulation of rural community hospital; applicable provisions of part 222; differential reimbursement.

Sec. 21563. (1) The department, in consultation with the ad hoc advisory committee appointed under section 21562, shall promulgate rules for designation of a rural community hospital, maximum number of beds, and the services provided by a rural community hospital. The director shall submit proposed rules, based on the recommendations of the committee, for public hearing not later than 6 months after receiving the report under section 21562(5).

(2) The designation as a rural community hospital shall be shown on a hospital's license and shall be for the same term as the hospital license. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this part or in rules promulgated under this section, a rural community hospital shall be licensed and regulated in the same manner as a hospital otherwise licensed under this article. The provisions of part 222 applicable to hospitals also apply to a rural community hospital and to a hospital designated by the department under federal law as an essential access community hospital or a rural primary care hospital. This part and the rules promulgated under this part do not preclude the establishment of differential reimbursement for rural community hospitals, essential access community hospitals, and rural primary care hospitals.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21564 Waiving applicability of specified licensure requirement; conditions; application for waiver; form; duration of waiver; definition.

Sec. 21564. (1) Upon request of a hospital with less than 100 beds located in a nonurbanized area, the department may waive the applicability of a specified licensure requirement if the department determines that strict compliance with the licensure requirement is not necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare in light of the health care provided by or in the hospital. The department may impose conditions upon a waiver under this section to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.

(2) An application for a waiver under this section shall be on a form provided by the department.

(3) A waiver granted by the department under this section shall not exceed 2 years, except that the department may renew the waiver for subsequent periods if the hospital continues to meet the requirements of this section.

(4) As used in this section, “nonurbanized area” means that term as defined in section 21551.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21565 Mental health crisis stabilization program.

Sec. 21565. A hospital that has entered into a contract with a community mental health board may establish a mental health crisis stabilization program for voluntary admission with a maximum length of stay not to exceed 72 hours.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21566 Essential access community hospital; designation; purpose; eligibility requirements; modification of requirements.

Sec. 21566. (1) The department shall designate an eligible hospital as an essential access community hospital in order to qualify the facility for the essential access community hospital program under section 1820(e) of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4.

(2) To be eligible for designation as an essential access community hospital, a hospital shall meet all of the following requirements:

(a) Be located outside of a metropolitan statistical area, as defined by the United States office of management and budget.
(b) Be located more than 35 miles from an essential access community hospital, or a facility classified by the secretary of health and human services as a rural referral center or a regional referral center under section 1886 (d)(5)(c) of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395ww.

(c) Have at least 75 inpatient beds or be located more than 35 miles from any other hospital.

(d) Have a transfer agreement with at least a facility designated as a rural primary care hospital under section 1820(f) of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4.

(e) Meet other requirements established by the department with the approval of the secretary of health and human services.

(f) Be a nonprofit or public hospital.

(3) The department may modify the requirements of subsection (2) in order to conform with changes in the federal requirements, or possible waivers, as provided in federal law or regulation for the designation of an essential access community hospital.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21567 Rural primary care hospital; designation; purpose; eligibility requirements; modification of requirements.

Sec. 21567. (1) The department shall designate an eligible hospital as a rural primary care hospital in order to qualify the facility for the essential access community hospital program, under section 1820(f) of title XVIII of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4.

(2) To be eligible for designation as a rural primary care hospital, a hospital shall meet all of the following requirements:

(a) Be located outside of a metropolitan statistical area, as defined by the United States office of management and budget.

(b) Make available 24-hour emergency services.

(c) Provide no more than 6 inpatient beds for providing inpatient care for a period not to exceed 72 hours to patients requiring stabilization before discharge or transfer to a hospital.

(d) Have a transfer agreement with at least an essential access community hospital designated under section 21566.

(e) Meet other requirements established by the department and approved by the secretary of health and human services.

(f) Be a nonprofit or public hospital.

(3) The department shall indicate preferential designation under this section for an eligible hospital that is located more than 30 minutes travel time away from the next closest hospital.

(4) The department may modify the requirements of subsection (2) in order to conform with changes in the federal requirements, or possible waivers, as provided in federal law or regulation for the designation of a rural primary care hospital.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21568 Rural health networks.

Sec. 21568. The center for rural health created under section 2612, as part of the development of the biennial rural health plan required under section 2223, shall develop a plan that provides for the creation of a set of rural health networks. Each rural health network shall consist, at a minimum, of 1 essential access community hospital, rural referral center, or regional referral center described in section 21566, and 1 rural primary care hospital as described in section 21567. Other rural health care providers including, but not limited to, primary care centers, community health centers, licensed nursing homes, and local public health departments may also be included in a rural health network for the purpose of developing a continuum of patient care.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 217

NURSING HOMES
333.21701  Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.

Sec. 21701. (1) For purposes of this part, the words and phrases defined in sections 21702 to 21703 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code and part 201 contains definitions applicable to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of powers and duties of the division of health facility licensing and certification in the bureau of health systems, division of federal support services, and the division of emergency medical services, with the exception of the division of managed care and division of health facility development, from the department of public health to the director of the department of commerce, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.21702  Definitions; D to P.

Sec. 21702. (1) “Discharge” means the voluntary or involuntary movement of a patient out of a nursing home regardless of the individual's destination or reason for the movement.

(2) “Full-time” means being usually present in the nursing home or conducting or participating in activities directly related to the nursing home during the normal 40-hour business week.

(3) “Involuntary transfer” means a transfer not agreed to in writing by the patient or, in the case of a plenary guardianship, by the patient's legal guardian.

(4) “Medicaid” means the program for medical assistance established under title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396f, and 1396i to 1396u, and administered by the department of social services under the social welfare act, Act No. 280 of the Public Acts of 1939, being sections 400.1 to 400.119b of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

(5) “Medical reasons” means a medical justification for either of the following:

(a) The transfer or discharge of a patient in accord with the written orders of the attending physician that is written into the patient's clinical record by the physician in the progress notes.

(b) The transfer or discharge of a patient who is a medicaid recipient due to a change in level of care required by the patient and the fact that the nursing home or nursing care facility is not certified to provide the needed level of care.

(6) “Medicare” means that term as defined in section 2701.

(7) “Modification of a license” means an action by the department to alter the number of beds, the levels of care, the portions of the physical plant that may be operated or maintained by a licensee in a particular nursing home, or to restrict the nursing home from engaging in activity that violates this article or a rule promulgated under this article.

(8) “Negative case action” means an action taken by the department of social services to deny an application for medical assistance, cancel medical assistance, or reduce medical assistance coverage.

(9) “Nonpayment” means:

(a) Failure to collect from the patient or any other source the full amount of the facility charges to a nonmedicaid patient based on a written contract signed on or after that patient's admission to the facility.

(b) Failure to collect a medicaid patient's stipulated contribution toward his or her care.

(10) “Private pay rate” means the amount charged by a nursing home for the care of a patient who is not entitled to state or federal benefits for that patient's nursing home care.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21703  Definitions; P to W.

Sec. 21703. (1) “Patient” means a person who receives care or services at a nursing home.

(2) “Patient's representative” means a person, other than the licensee or an employee or person having a direct or indirect ownership interest in the nursing home, designated in writing by a patient or a patient's guardian for a specific, limited purpose or for general purposes, or, if a written designation of a representative is not made, the guardian of the patient.

(3) “Relocation” means the movement of a patient from 1 bed to another or from 1 room to another within the same nursing home or within a certified distinct part of a nursing home.

(4) “Transfer” means the movement of a patient from 1 nursing home to another nursing home or from 1 certified distinct part of a nursing home to another certified distinct part of the same nursing home.

(5) “Welfare” means, with reference to a patient, the physical, emotional, or social well-being of a patient in a
nursing home, including a patient awaiting transfer or discharge, as documented in the patient's clinical record by a
licensed or certified health care professional.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21707 Prescribing course of medical treatment; limitations on authority.

Sec. 21707. (1) The course of medical treatment provided to a patient in a nursing home shall be prescribed by
the patient's physician.

(2) This part does not:

(a) Authorize the supervision, regulation, or control of the practice of any method of healing.

(b) Authorize the medical supervision, regulation, or control of the remedial care or nonmedical nursing care of
patients in a nursing home operated for the adherents of a bona fide church or religious denomination who rely
upon treatment by prayer or spiritual means only in accordance with the creed or tenets of that church or
denomination. The residents, patients, personnel, or employees, other than food handlers, of the home are not
required to submit to a medical or physical examination. However, the nursing home shall be inspected and licensed
under laws pertaining to fire, safety, sanitation, and building construction.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21711 License required; prohibited terms or abbreviations; license for formal or informal
nursing care services; exception.

Sec. 21711. (1) A nursing home shall be licensed under this article.

(2) “Nursing home”, “nursing center”, “convalescent center”, “extended care facility”, or a similar term or
abbreviation shall not be used to describe or refer to a health facility or agency unless the health facility or agency is
licensed as a nursing home by the department under this article.

(3) A person shall not purport to provide formal or informal nursing care services of the kind normally provided
in a nursing home without obtaining a license as provided in this article. This subsection does not apply to a
hospital or a facility created by Act No. 152 of the Public Acts of 1885, as amended, being sections 36.1 to 36.12 of
the Michigan Compiled Laws.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21712 Name of nursing home; change in name; prohibited terms; rehabilitation services.

Sec. 21712. (1) A nursing home shall use the name that appears on the license for its premises. A nursing home
shall not change its name without the approval of the department.

(2) A nursing home shall not use the terms “hospital” or “sanitarium” or a term conveying a meaning that is
substantially similar to those terms in the name of the nursing home. However, a nursing home may use the term
“health center” or “health care center” or “rehabilitation center” or a term conveying a meaning substantially similar
to those terms as long as those terms do not conflict with the terms prohibited by this subsection.

(3) If a nursing home uses the term “rehabilitation center” in its name as allowed under subsection (2), the
nursing home shall have the capacity to provide rehabilitation services that include, at a minimum, all of the
following:

(a) Physical therapy services.

(b) Occupational therapy services.

(c) Speech therapy services.

(4) A nursing home shall not include in its name the name of a religious, fraternal, or charitable corporation,
organization, or association unless the corporation, organization, or association is an owner of the nursing home.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21713 Owner, operator, and governing body of nursing home; responsibilities and duties
generally.

Sec. 21713. The owner, operator, and governing body of a nursing home licensed under this article:

(a) Are responsible for all phases of the operation of the nursing home and quality of care rendered in the home.

(b) Shall cooperate with the department in the enforcement of this article and require that the physicians and
other personnel working in the nursing home and for whom a license or registration is required be currently licensed or registered.

Popular name: Act 368

333.21715 Programs of planned and continuing nursing and medical care required; nurses and physicians in charge; expiration of subsection (1)(a); nature and scope of services.
Sec. 21715. (1) A nursing home shall provide:
   (a) A program of planned and continuing nursing care under the charge of a registered nurse in a skilled facility and a licensed practical nurse with a registered nurse consultant in an intermediate care facility. This subdivision shall expire December 31, 1979.
   (b) A program of planned and continuing medical care under the charge of physicians.
   (2) Nursing care and medical care shall consist of services given to individuals who are subject to prolonged suffering from illness or injury or who are recovering from illness or injury. The services shall be within the ability of the home to provide and shall include the functions of medical care such as diagnosis and treatment of an illness; nursing care via assessment, planning, and implementation; evaluation of a patient's health care needs; and the carrying out of required treatment prescribed by a physician.

Popular name: Act 368

333.21716 Nursing home; influenza vaccination.
Sec. 21716. A nursing home shall offer each resident, or shall provide each resident with information and assistance in obtaining, an annual vaccination against influenza in accordance with the most recent recommendations of the advisory committee on immunization practices of the federal centers for disease control and prevention, as approved by the department of community health.

Popular name: Act 368

333.21717 Individuals excluded from nursing home; exception; approval of area and program.
Sec. 21717. An individual shall not be admitted or retained for care in a nursing home who requires special medical or surgical treatment, or treatment for acute mental illness, mental retardation, communicable tuberculosis, or a communicable disease, unless the home is able to provide an area and a program for the care. The department shall approve both the area and the program, except for the programs providing treatment for mental illness and mental retardation which shall be approved by the department of mental health.

Popular name: Act 368

333.21718 Conditions of skilled nursing facility certification and participation in title 19 program; exception; exemption.
Sec. 21718. (1) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4), as a condition of skilled nursing facility certification and participation in the title 19 program of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396k, a nursing home shall be concurrently certified for and give evidence of active participation in the title 18 program of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395 to 1395qq. A nursing facility that is not concurrently certified for the title 18 program on the effective date of this section shall make application for concurrent certification not later than its next application for licensure and certification. A failure to make application shall result in the skilled nursing facility being decertified or refused certification as a provider in the title 19 program. Nursing home or nursing care facility participation in the title 18 program under the requirements for concurrent certification shall be effective not later than the beginning of the first accounting year following the home's or facility's title 18 certification.
   (2) As a condition of skilled nursing facility certification, a nursing home shall obtain concurrent certification under title 19 of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396k, for each bed which is certified to provide skilled care under title 18 of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395 to 1395qq. Skilled care certification shall not be renewed unless the requirements of this subsection are met.
   (3) An exception may be made from the requirements of subsection (1) for a nursing facility that is currently certified as a skilled nursing facility by the director for title 19 participation but has been determined, after making application, to be ineligible for title 18 certification by the secretary of the United States department of health,
education, and welfare.

(4) A home or facility, or a distinct part of a home or facility, certified by the director as a special mental retardation or special mental illness nursing home or nursing care facility shall be exempt from the requirements of subsection (1).


Popular name: Act 368

333.21719 Immediate access to acute care facilities.

Sec. 21719. A nursing home shall not be licensed under this part unless the nursing home has formulated, and is prepared to implement, insofar as possible, a plan to provide immediate access to acute care facilities for the emergency care of patients.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21720 Nursing home administrator required.

Sec. 21720. (1) The department shall not license a nursing home under this part unless that nursing home is under the direction of a nursing home administrator licensed under article 15.

(2) Each nursing home having 50 beds or more shall have a full-time licensed nursing home administrator. If a nursing home changes nursing home administrators, the nursing home immediately shall notify the department of the change.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21720a Director of nursing; nursing personnel; effective date of subsection (1); natural disaster or other emergency.

Sec. 21720a. (1) A nursing home shall not be licensed under this part unless that nursing home has on its staff at least 1 registered nurse with specialized training or relevant experience in the area of gerontology, who shall serve as the director of nursing and who shall be responsible for planning and directing nursing care. The nursing home shall have at least 1 licensed nurse on duty at all times and shall employ additional registered and licensed practical nurses in accordance with subsection (2). This subsection shall not take effect until January 1, 1980.

(2) A nursing home shall employ nursing personnel sufficient to provide continuous 24-hour nursing care and services sufficient to meet the needs of each patient in the nursing home. Nursing personnel employed in the nursing home shall be under the supervision of the director of nursing. A licensee shall maintain a nursing home staff sufficient to provide not less than 2.25 hours of nursing care by employed nursing care personnel per patient per day. The ratio of patients to nursing care personnel during a morning shift shall not exceed 8 patients to 1 nursing care personnel; the ratio of patients to nursing care personnel during an afternoon shift shall not exceed 12 patients to 1 nursing care personnel; and the ratio of patients to nursing care personnel during a nighttime shift shall not exceed 15 patients to 1 nursing care personnel and there shall be sufficient nursing care personnel available on duty to assure coverage for patients at all times during the shift. An employee designated as a member of the nursing staff shall not be engaged in providing basic services such as food preparation, housekeeping, laundry, or maintenance services, except in an instance of natural disaster or other emergency reported to and concurred in by the department. In a nursing home having 30 or more beds, the director of nursing shall not be included in counting the minimum ratios of nursing personnel required by this subsection.

(3) In administering this section, the department shall take into consideration a natural disaster or other emergency.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21720b Agreement with county community mental health program.

Sec. 21720b. A nursing home shall not be licensed under this part unless that nursing home has entered into an agreement with the county community mental health program, if available, that will service the mental health needs of the patients of the nursing home.


Popular name: Act 368
333.21721 Bond required.
Sec 21721. (1) Before issuance or renewal of a nursing home license under this article, the owner, operator, or
governing body of the nursing home shall give a bond and provide evidence of a patient trust fund in an amount
consistent with subsection (2) and with the surety the department approves. The bond shall be conditioned that the
applicant shall hold separately in the trust fund all patients' funds deposited with the applicant, shall administer the
funds on behalf of the patient in the manner directed by the depositor, shall render a true and complete account to
the patient not less than once each 3 months, to the depositor when requested, and to the department of public health
and the department of social services, when requested. Upon termination of the deposit, the applicant shall account
for all funds received, expended, and held on hand. The bond shall insure the department of public health, for the
benefit of the patients.

(2) The bond shall be in an amount equal to not less than 1-1/4 times the average balance of patient funds held
during the previous year. The department may require an additional bond, or permit the filing of a bond in a lower
amount, if the department determines a change in the average balance has occurred or may occur. An applicant for a
new license shall file a bond in an amount which the department estimates as 1-1/4 times the average amount of
patient funds which the applicant, upon the issuance of the license, is likely to hold during the first year of
operation.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21723 Individual responsible for receiving complaints and conducting investigations;
posting information in nursing home; communication procedure; information posted on
internet website; nursing home receiving medicaid reimbursement.

Sec. 21723. (1) A nursing home shall post in an area accessible to residents, employees, and visitors the name,
title, location, and telephone number of the individual in the nursing home who is responsible for receiving
complaints and conducting complaint investigations and a procedure for communicating with that individual.

(2) An individual responsible for receiving complaints and conducting complaint investigations in a nursing
home shall be on duty and on site not less than 24 hours per day, 7 days a week.

(3) The individual described in subsection (2) who receives a complaint, inquiry, or request from a nursing home
resident or the resident's surrogate decision maker shall respond using the nursing home's established procedures
pursuant to R 325.20113 of the Michigan administrative code.

(4) To assist the individual described in subsection (2) in performing his or her duties, the department of
consumer and industry services shall post on its internet website all of the following information:

(a) Links to federal and state regulations and rules governing the nursing home industry.

(b) The scheduling of any training or joint training sessions concerning nursing home or elderly care issues being
put on by the department of consumer and industry services.

(c) A list of long-term care contact phone numbers including, but not limited to, the consumer and industry
services complaint hotline, the consumer and industry services nursing home licensing division, any commonly
known nursing home provider groups, the state long-term care ombudsman, and any commonly known nursing
home patient care advocacy groups.

(d) When it becomes available, information on the availability of electronic mail access to file a complaint
concerning nursing home violations directly with the department of consumer and industry services.

(e) Any other information that the department of consumer and industry services believes is helpful in responding
to complaints, requests, and inquiries of a nursing home resident or his or her surrogate decision maker.

(5) A nursing home receiving reimbursement pursuant to the medicaid program shall designate 1 or more current
employees to fulfill the duties and responsibilities outlined in this section. This section does not constitute a basis
for increasing nursing home staffing levels. As used in this subsection, “medicaid” means the program for medical
assistance created under title XIX of the social security act, chapter 53, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396f,
1396g-1 to 1396r-6, and 1396r-8 to 1396v.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21731 Licensee considered consumer of tangible personal property.

Sec. 21731. A licensee of a nursing home operated for profit is considered to be the consumer, and not the
retailer, of the tangible personal property purchased and used or consumed in the operation of the home.

333.21733  Smoking policy.

Sec. 21733.  (1) A nursing home licensed under this article shall adopt a policy regulating the smoking of tobacco on the nursing home premises.

(2) A nursing home policy regulating smoking at a minimum shall provide that:
   (a) Upon admission each patient or person responsible for the patient's admission shall be asked if there is a preference for placement with smokers or nonsmokers.
   (b) Smoking by patients shall be restricted to private rooms, rooms shared with other smokers only, or other designated smoking areas.
   (c) Visitors shall not be permitted to smoke in rooms or wards occupied by patients who do not smoke.
   (d) Visitors shall be permitted to smoke only in designated areas.
   (e) Staff shall be permitted to smoke in designated areas only.
   (f) Staff shall not be permitted to smoke in patients' rooms or while performing their duties in the presence of patients.
   (g) Eating areas shall have sections for smokers and nonsmokers.
   (h) Cigarettes, cigars, and pipe tobacco shall not be sold or dispensed within the nursing home except as provided for by the owner or governing board.
   (i) A sign indicating that smoking is prohibited in the nursing home except in designated areas shall be posted at each entrance to the nursing home. Each designated smoking area shall be posted as such by sign.

(3) A nursing home licensed under this article shall retain a copy of the smoking policy which will be available to the public upon request.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21734  Nursing home; bed rails; provisions; guidelines; liability.

Sec. 21734.  (1) Notwithstanding section 20201(2)(l), a nursing home shall give each resident who uses a hospital-type bed or the resident's legal guardian, patient advocate, or other legal representative the option of having bed rails. A nursing home shall offer the option to new residents upon admission and to other residents upon request. Upon receipt of a request for bed rails, the nursing home shall inform the resident or the resident's legal guardian, patient advocate, or other legal representative of alternatives to and the risks involved in using bed rails. A resident or the resident's legal guardian, patient advocate, or other legal representative has the right to request and consent to bed rails for the resident. A nursing home shall provide bed rails to a resident only upon receipt of a signed consent form authorizing bed rail use and a written order from the resident's attending physician that contains statements and determinations regarding medical symptoms and that specifies the circumstances under which bed rails are to be used. For purposes of this subsection, “medical symptoms” includes the following:
   (a) A concern for the physical safety of the resident.
   (b) Physical or psychological need expressed by a resident. A resident's fear of falling may be the basis of a medical symptom.

(2) A nursing home that provides bed rails under subsection (1) shall do all of the following:
   (a) Document that the requirements of subsection (1) have been met.
   (b) Monitor the resident's use of the bed rails.
   (c) In consultation with the resident, resident's family, resident's attending physician, and individual who consented to the bed rails, periodically reevaluate the resident's need for the bed rails.

(3) The department of consumer and industry services shall develop clear and uniform guidelines to be used in determining what constitutes each of the following:
   (a) Acceptable bed rails for use in a nursing home in this state. The department shall consider the recommendations of the hospital bed safety work group established by the United States food and drug administration, if those are available, in determining what constitutes an acceptable bed rail.
   (b) Proper maintenance of bed rails.
   (c) Properly fitted mattresses.
   (d) Other hazards created by improperly positioned bed rails, mattresses, or beds.

(4) The department of consumer and industry services shall develop the guidelines under subsection (3) in consultation with the long-term care work group. An individual representing manufacturers of bed rails, 2 residents or family members, and an individual with expertise in bed rail installation and use shall be added to the long-term care work group.
care work group for purposes of this subsection. The department shall consider as part of its report to the legislature the recommendations of the hospital bed safety work group established by the United States food and drug administration, if those recommendations are available at the time of the submission of the report. Not later than 6 months after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this section, the department of consumer and industry services shall submit its report to the legislature. The department may delay submission of its report by up to 3 months so that its report may reflect the recommendations of the hospital bed safety work group established by the United States food and drug administration.

(5) A nursing home that complies with subsections (1) and (2) and the guidelines developed under this section in providing bed rails to a resident is not subject to administrative penalties imposed by the department based solely on providing the bed rails. Nothing in this subsection precludes the department from citing specific state or federal deficiencies for improperly maintained bed rails, improperly fitted mattresses, or other hazards created by improperly positioned bed rails, mattresses, or beds.

(6) The department of consumer and industry services shall consult with representatives of the nursing home industry to expeditiously develop interim guidelines on bed rail usage that are to be used until the department develops the guidelines required under subsection (4).


Popular name: Act 368

333.21741 Rules.

Sec. 21741. (1) The department of public health, after seeking advice and consultation from the department of social services, appropriate consumer and professional organizations, and concerned agencies, shall promulgate rules to implement and administer this part.

(2) Initial rules proposed under this part shall be submitted to a public hearing not later than 6 months after this section is enacted into law.

(3) In addition to the rules prescribed in section 20171, rules for nursing homes shall include the establishment of standards relating to:

(a) Complaint procedures.
(b) Discharges and transfers.
(c) Emergency procedures.
(d) Medical audit procedures.
(e) Patients' rights.
(f) Standards of patient care to be provided in nursing homes.
(g) Training, educational, and competency requirements of nursing home personnel other than licensed personnel.

(h) Utilization and quality control review procedures.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21743 Disclosures; public inspection.

Sec. 21743. (1) In addition to public records subject to disclosure under section 20175, the following information is subject to disclosure from the department of public health or the department of social services:

(a) Ownership of nursing homes, ownership of buildings occupied by nursing homes, and the names and addresses of suppliers and the ownership of suppliers of goods and services to nursing homes required to be reported under section 20142.

(b) Records of license and certification inspections, surveys, and evaluations of nursing homes, other reports of inspections, surveys, and evaluations of patient care, and reports concerning a nursing home prepared pursuant to titles 18 and 19 of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. 1395 to 1396k.

(c) Cost and reimbursement reports submitted by a nursing home, reports of audits of nursing homes, and other public records concerning costs incurred by, revenues received by, and reimbursement of nursing homes.

(d) Complaints filed against a nursing home and complaint investigation reports. A complaint or complaint investigation report shall not be disclosed to a person other than the complainant or complainant's representative before it is disclosed to a nursing home under section 21799a and a complainant's or patient's name shall not be disclosed except as provided in section 21799a.

(2) The department of public health, the department of social services and the nursing home shall respect the confidentiality of a patient's clinical record as provided in section 20175 and shall not divulge or disclose the
contents of a record in a manner which identifies a patient, except upon a patient's death to a relative or guardian, or under judicial proceedings. This subsection shall not be construed to limit the right of a patient or a patient's representative to inspect or copy the patient's clinical record.

(3) Confidential medical, social, personal, or financial information identifying a patient shall not be available for public inspection in a manner which identifies a patient.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21744  Professional advice and consultation.

Sec. 21744. The department shall provide to the applicant or licensee professional advice and consultation related to the quality of institutional or agency aspects of health care and services provided by the applicant or licensee.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21751  Emergency petition to place nursing home under control of receiver; appointment of receiver; use of income and assets; major structural alteration; consultation; termination of receivership; accounting; disposition of surplus funds.

Sec. 21751. (1) When the department has concluded a proceeding under sections 71 to 106 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, as amended, being sections 24.271 to 24.306 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, or when the department has suspended or revoked the license of a nursing home, the department, a patient in the facility, or a patient's representative may file an emergency petition with the circuit court to place the nursing home under the control of a receiver if necessary to protect the health or safety of patients in the nursing home. The court may grant the petition upon a finding that the health or safety of the patients in the nursing home would be seriously threatened if a condition existing at the time the petition was filed is permitted to continue.

(2) The court shall appoint as receiver the director of the department of social services, the director of the department of public health, or another state agency or person designated by the director of public health. The receiver appointed by the court shall use the income and assets of the nursing home to maintain and operate the home and to attempt to correct the conditions which constitute a threat to the patients. A major structural alteration shall not be made to the nursing home, unless the alteration is necessary to bring the nursing home into compliance with licensing requirements.

(3) To assist in the implementation of the mandate of the court, the receiver may request and receive reasonable consultation from the available personnel of the department.

(4) The receivership shall be terminated when the receiver and the court certify that the conditions which prompted the appointment have been corrected, when the license is restored, when a new license is issued, or, in the case of a discontinuance of operation, when the patients are safely placed in other facilities, whichever occurs first.

(5) Upon the termination of the receivership, the receiver shall render a complete accounting to the court and shall dispose of surplus funds as the court directs.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21755  Grounds for refusal to issue license.

Sec. 21755. The department may refuse to issue a license to establish or maintain and operate, or both, a nursing home to an applicant:

(a) Whose occupational, professional, or health agency license has been revoked during the 5 years preceding the date of application.

(b) Whom the department finds is not suitable to operate a nursing home because of financial incapacity or a lack of good moral character or appropriate business or professional experience. As used in this subdivision, “good moral character” means that term as defined in Act No. 381 of the Public Acts of 1974, as amended, being sections 338.41 to 338.47 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21757  Provisional license.

Sec. 21757. (1) The department may issue a 1-year provisional license, renewable for not more than 1 additional year, to an applicant whose services are needed in the community but who is temporarily unable to comply with the
rules related to the physical plant of the facilities, excluding maintenance problems. At the time a provisional license is granted, specific deadlines for the correction of each physical plant violation shall be established.

(2) A provisional license shall not be issued for a nursing home constructed, established, or changing corporate ownership or management after the effective date of this section unless it is shown that unusual hardship would result to the public or to the applicant for the provisional license and the nursing home was licensed and operating under a prior licensing act for not less than 5 years.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21761 Certification of nondiscrimination; violation of rights; giving preference to members of religious or fraternal institution or organization.

Sec. 21761. (1) In addition to the requirements of section 20152, a licensee shall certify annually to the department, as part of its application for licensure and certification, that all phases of its operation, including its training program, are without discrimination against persons or groups of persons on the basis of race, religion, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, marital status, sexual preference, or the exercise of rights guaranteed by law, including freedom of speech and association. If the department finds a violation of rights enumerated in this section, the department shall direct the administrator of the nursing home to take the necessary action to assure that the nursing home is, in fact, operated in accordance with the rights listed in this section.

(2) This section shall not be construed to prevent a nursing home operated, supervised, or controlled by a religious or fraternal institution or organization from giving preference to applicants who are members of that religious or fraternal institution or organization.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21763 Access to nursing home patients; purposes; requirements; termination of visit; confidentiality; complaint; determination; prohibited entry.

Sec. 21763. (1) A nursing home shall permit a representative of an approved organization, who is known by the nursing home administration to be authorized to represent the organization or who carries identification showing that the representative is authorized to represent the organization, a family member of a patient, or a legal representative of a patient, to have access to nursing home patients for 1 or more of the following purposes:

(a) Visit, talk with, and make personal, social, and legal services available to the patients.

(b) Inform patients of their rights and entitlements, and their corresponding obligations, under federal and state laws by means of the distribution of educational materials and discussion in groups and with individual patients.

(c) Assist patients in asserting their legal rights regarding claims for public assistance, medical assistance, and social services benefits, as well as in all matters in which patients are aggrieved. Assistance may be provided individually or on a group basis and may include organizational activity and counseling and litigation.

(d) Engage in other methods of assisting, advising, and representing patients so as to extend to them the full enjoyment of their rights.

(2) Access as prescribed in subsection (1) shall be permitted during regular visiting hours each day. A representative of an approved organization entering a nursing home under this section promptly shall advise the nursing home administrator or the acting administrator or other available agent of the nursing home of the representative's presence. A representative shall not enter the living area of a patient without identifying himself or herself to the patient and without receiving the patient's permission to enter. A representative shall use only patient areas of the home to carry out the activities described in subsection (1).

(3) A patient may terminate a visit by a representative permitted access under subsection (1). Communications between a patient and the representative are confidential, unless otherwise authorized by the patient.

(4) If a nursing home administrator or employee believes that an individual or organization permitted access under this section is acting or has acted in a manner detrimental to the health or safety of patients in the nursing home, the nursing home administrator or employee may file a complaint with the task force established under section 20127. Upon receipt of a complaint, department staff shall investigate the allegations made in the complaint. The task force shall make a determination regarding proper resolution of the complaint based on the results of the investigation. Written notification of the task force determination and of recommendations adopted by the task force shall be given to the complainant and the individual or organization against whom the complaint was made.

(5) An individual shall not enter upon the premises of a nursing home for the purpose of engaging in an activity that would cause a reasonable person to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested...
and that actually causes a nursing home employee, patient, or visitor to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested. This subsection does not prohibit constitutionally protected activity or conduct that serves a legitimate purpose including, but not limited to, activities or conduct allowed under subsection (1).


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21764 Approval or disapproval of nonprofit corporation rendering assistance without charge; appeal; decision.

Sec. 21764. (1) The director, with the advice of the nursing home task force, shall approve or disapprove a nonprofit corporation which has as 1 of its primary purposes the rendering of assistance, without charge to nursing home patients for the purpose of obtaining access to nursing homes and their patients under section 21763.

(2) Upon receipt of a written application for approval under subsection (1), the director shall notify all persons who have made a written request for notice of applications made under this section.

(3) The director shall approve the organization making the request if the organization is a bona fide community organization or legal aid program, is capable of providing 1 or more of the services listed in section 21763, and is likely to utilize the access provided under section 21763 to enhance the welfare of nursing home patients. The director shall approve or disapprove the organization within 30 days after receiving the application.

(4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the director may appeal the decision to the nursing home task force. A decision of the task force shall be binding on the director.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21765 Policies and procedures; copy of rights enumerated in § 333.20201; reading or explaining rights; staff observance of rights, policies, and procedures.

Sec. 21765. (1) A nursing home shall establish written policies and procedures to implement the rights protected under section 20201. The policies shall include a procedure for the investigation and resolution of patient complaints. The policies and procedures shall be subject to approval by the department. The policies and procedures shall be clear and unambiguous, shall be printed in not less than 12-point type, shall be available for inspection by any person, shall be distributed to each patient and representative, and shall be available for public inspection.

(2) Each patient shall be given a copy of the rights enumerated in section 20201 at the time of admission to a nursing home. A patient of a nursing home at the time of the implementation of this section shall be given a copy of the rights enumerated in section 20201 as specified by rule.

(3) A copy shall be given to a person who executes a contract pursuant to section 21766 and to any other person who requests a copy.

(4) If a patient is unable to read the form, it shall be read to the patient in a language the patient understands. In the case of a mentally retarded individual, the rights shall be explained in a manner which that person is able to understand and the explanation witnessed by a third person. In the case of a minor or a person having a legal guardian, both the patient and the parent or legal guardian shall be fully informed of the policies and procedures.

(5) A nursing home shall ensure that its staff is familiar with and observes the rights enumerated in section 20201 and the policies and procedures established under this section.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.21765a Certain admission conditions prohibited; enforcement of contract provisions or agreements in conflict with subsections (1) and (2).

Sec. 21765a. (1) A nursing home shall not require an applicant, as a condition of admission, to waive his or her right to benefits under medicare or medicaid, to give oral or written assurance that the applicant is not eligible for medicare or medicaid, or to give oral or written assurance that the applicant will not apply for benefits under medicare or medicaid.

(2) A nursing home shall not require any of the following as a condition of an applicant's admission or a patient's continued residency at that nursing home:

(a) That an applicant or patient remain a private pay patient for a specified period of time before applying for medicaid.

(b) That a person pay on behalf of an applicant or patient the private pay rate for a specified period of time before the applicant or patient applies for medicaid.
(c) That an applicant, patient, or other person make a gift or donation on behalf of that applicant or patient.

(3) As of the effective date of this section, a contract provision or agreement in conflict with subsection (1) or (2), whether made before, on, or after the effective date of this section, is unenforceable.

(4) Not later than 30 days after the effective date of this section, a nursing home that participates in medicaid shall provide written notice to each private pay patient subject to a contract provision or agreement in conflict with subsection (1) or (2) that the contract provision or agreement is no longer a bar to the patient applying for medicaid.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21766 Written contract.

Sec. 21766. (1) A nursing home shall execute a written contract solely with an applicant or patient or that applicant's or patient's guardian or legal representative authorized by law to have access to those portions of the patient's or applicant's income or assets available to pay for nursing home care, at each of the following times:

(a) At the time an individual is admitted to a nursing home.

(b) At the expiration of the term of a previous contract.

(c) At the time the source of payment for the patient's care changes.

(2) A nursing home shall not discharge or transfer a patient at the expiration of the term of a contract, except as provided in section 21773.

(3) A nursing home shall specifically notify in writing an applicant or patient or that applicant's or patient's guardian or legal representative of the availability or lack of availability of hospice care in the nursing home. This written notice shall be by way of a specific paragraph located in the written contract described in subsection (1) and shall require the applicant or patient or that applicant's or patient's guardian or legal representative to sign or initial the paragraph before execution of the written contract. As used in this subsection, “hospice” means that term as defined in section 20106(4).

(4) A nursing home shall provide a copy of the contract to the patient, the patient's representative, or the patient's legal representative or legal guardian at the time the contract is executed.

(5) For a patient supported by funds other than the patient's own funds, a nursing home shall make a copy of the contract available to the person providing the funds for the patient's support.

(6) For a patient whose care is reimbursed with public funds administered by the department of community health, a nursing home shall maintain a copy of the contract in the patient's file at the nursing home and upon request shall make a copy of the contract available to the department of community health.

(7) The nursing home shall ensure that the contract is written in clear and unambiguous language and is printed in not less than 12-point type. The form of the contract shall be prescribed by the department.

(8) The contract shall specify all of the following:

(a) The term of the contract.

(b) The services to be provided under the contract, including the availability of hospice or other special care, and the charges for the services.

(c) The services that may be provided to supplement the contract and the charges for the services.

(d) The sources liable for payments due under the contract.

(e) The amount of deposit paid and the general and foreseeable terms upon which the deposit will be held and refunded.

(f) The rights, duties, and obligations of the patient, except that the specification of a patient's rights may be furnished on a separate document that complies with the requirements of section 20201.

(9) The nursing home may require a patient's or applicant's guardian or legal representative who is authorized by law to have access to those portions of the patient's or applicant's income or assets available to pay for nursing home care to sign a contract without incurring personal financial liability other than for funds received in his or her legal capacity on behalf of the patient.

(10) A nursing home employee may request the appointment of a guardian for an individual applicant or patient only if the nursing home employee reasonably believes that the individual meets the legal requirements for the appointment of a guardian.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21767 Guardian, trustee, conservator, patient's representative, or protective payee for patient; receipt for money or property of patient; statement of funds.
Sec. 21767. (1) A nursing home, or an owner, administrator, employee, or representative of a nursing home shall not act as guardian, trustee, conservator, patient's representative, or protective payee for a patient, except as provided in subsection (2).

(2) Subject to the bonding requirements of section 21721, money or other property belonging or due a patient which is received by a nursing home shall be received as trust funds or property, shall be kept separate from the funds and property of the nursing home and other patients, and shall be disbursed only as directed by the patient. A written receipt shall be given to a patient whose money or other property is received by a nursing home. Upon request, but not less than once every 3 months, the nursing home shall furnish the patient a complete and verified statement of the funds or other property received by the nursing home. The statement shall contain the amounts and items received, the sources, the disposition, and the date of each transaction. The nursing home shall furnish a final statement not later than 10 days after the discharge of a patient.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21771 Abusing, mistreating, or neglecting patient; reports; investigation; retaliation prohibited.

Sec. 21771. (1) A licensee, nursing home administrator, or employee of a nursing home shall not physically, mentally, or emotionally abuse, mistreat, or harmfully neglect a patient.

(2) A nursing home employee who becomes aware of an act prohibited by this section immediately shall report the matter to the nursing home administrator or nursing director. A nursing home administrator or nursing director who becomes aware of an act prohibited by this section immediately shall report the matter by telephone to the department of public health, which in turn shall notify the department of social services.

(3) Any person may report a violation of this section to the department.

(4) A physician or other licensed health care personnel of a hospital or other health care facility to which a patient is transferred who becomes aware of an act prohibited by this section shall report the act to the department.

(5) Upon receipt of a report made under this section, the department shall make an investigation. The department may require the person making the report to submit a written report or to supply additional information, or both.

(6) A licensee or nursing home administrator shall not evict, harass, dismiss, or retaliate against a patient, a patient's representative, or an employee who makes a report under this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21772 Interference with right to bring action or file complaint prohibited; retaliation prohibited.

Sec. 21772. The owner, administrator, employee, or representative of a nursing home shall not interfere with the right of a person to bring a civil or criminal action or to file a complaint with the department or other governmental agency with respect to the operation of the nursing home, nor discharge, harass, or retaliate against a person who does so or on whose behalf the action is taken.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21773 Involuntary transfer or discharge of patient; notice; form; request for hearing; copy of notice; commencement of notice period; nonpayment; redemption; explanation and discussion; counseling services; prohibition; notice of nonparticipation in state plan for medicaid funding.

Sec. 21773. (1) A nursing home shall not involuntarily transfer or discharge a patient except for 1 or more of the following purposes:

(a) Medical reasons.

(b) The patient's welfare.

(c) The welfare of other patients or nursing home employees.

(d) Nonpayment for the patient's stay, except as prohibited by title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396r-6 and 1396r-8 to 1396v.

(2) A licensed nursing home shall provide written notice at least 30 days before a patient is involuntarily transferred or discharged. The 30-day requirement of this subsection does not apply in any of the following instances:
(a) If an emergency transfer or discharge is mandated by the patient's health care needs and is in accord with the written orders and medical justification of the attending physician.

(b) If the transfer or discharge is mandated by the physical safety of other patients and nursing home employees as documented in the clinical record.

(c) If the transfer or discharge is subsequently agreed to by the patient or the patient's legal guardian, and notification is given to the next of kin and the person or agency responsible for the patient's placement, maintenance, and care in the nursing home.

(3) The notice required by subsection (2) shall be on a form prescribed by the department of consumer and industry services and shall contain all of the following:

(a) The stated reason for the proposed transfer.

(b) The effective date of the proposed transfer.

(c) A statement in not less than 12-point type that reads: “You have a right to appeal the nursing home's decision to transfer you. If you think you should not have to leave this facility, you may file a request for a hearing with the department of consumer and industry services within 10 days after receiving this notice. If you request a hearing, it will be held at least 7 days after your request, and you will not be transferred during that time. If you lose the hearing, you will not be transferred until at least 30 days after you received the original notice of the discharge or transfer. A form to appeal the nursing home's decision and to request a hearing is attached. If you have any questions, call the department of consumer and industry services at the number listed below.”

(d) A hearing request form, together with a postage paid, preaddressed envelope to the department of consumer and industry services.

(e) The name, address, and telephone number of the responsible official in the department of consumer and industry services.

(4) A request for a hearing made under subsection (3) shall stay a transfer pending a hearing or appeal decision.

(5) A copy of the notice required by subsection (3) shall be placed in the patient's clinical record and a copy shall be transmitted to the department of consumer and industry services, the patient, the patient's next of kin, patient's representative, or legal guardian, and the person or agency responsible for the patient's placement, maintenance, and care in the nursing home.

(6) If the basis for an involuntary transfer or discharge is the result of a negative action by the department of community health with respect to a medicaid client and a hearing request is filed with that department, the 21-day written notice period of subsection (2) does not begin until a final decision in the matter is rendered by the department of community health or a court of competent jurisdiction and notice of that final decision is received by the patient and the nursing home.

(7) If nonpayment is the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge, the patient may redeem up to the date that the discharge or transfer is to be made and then may remain in the nursing home.

(8) The nursing home administrator or other appropriate nursing home employee designated by the nursing home administrator shall discuss an involuntary transfer or discharge with the patient, the patient's next of kin or legal guardian, and person or agency responsible for the patient's placement, maintenance, and care in the nursing home. The discussion shall include an explanation of the reason for the involuntary transfer or discharge. The content of the discussion and explanation shall be summarized in writing and shall include the names of the individuals involved in the discussions and made a part of the patient's clinical record.

(9) The nursing home shall provide the patient with counseling services before the involuntary transfer or discharge and the department shall assure that counseling services are available after the involuntary transfer or discharge to minimize the possible adverse effect of the involuntary transfer or discharge.

(10) If a nursing home voluntarily withdraws from participation in the state plan for medicaid funding, but continues to provide services, the nursing home shall not, except as provided in subsection (1), involuntarily transfer or discharge a patient, whether or not the patient is eligible for medicaid benefits, who resided in the nursing home on the day before the effective date of the nursing home's withdrawal from participation. The prohibition against transfer or discharge imposed by this subsection continues unless the patient falls within 1 or more of the exceptions described in subsection (1).

(11) If an individual becomes a patient of a nursing home after the date the nursing home withdraws from participation in the state plan for medicaid funding, the nursing home, on or before the date the individual signs a contract with the nursing home, shall provide to the patient oral and written notice of both of the following:

(a) That the nursing home is not participating in the state plan for medicaid funding.

(b) That the facility may involuntarily transfer or discharge the patient for nonpayment under subsection (1)(d) even if the patient is eligible for medicaid benefits.
333.21774 Involuntary transfer or discharge; request for hearing; informal hearing; decision; burden of proof; procedures; time for leaving facility.

Sec. 21774. (1) A patient subject to involuntary transfer or discharge from a licensed nursing home shall have the opportunity to file a request for a hearing with the department within 10 days following receipt of the written notice of the involuntary transfer or discharge by the nursing home.

(2) The department of public health, when the basis for involuntary transfer or discharge is other than a negative action by the department of social services with respect to a medicaid client, shall hold an informal hearing in the matter at the patient's facility not sooner than 7 days after a hearing request is filed, and render a decision in the matter within 14 days after the filing of the hearing request.

(3) In a determination as to whether a transfer or discharge is authorized, the burden of proof rests on the party requesting the transfer or discharge. The hearing shall be in accordance with fair hearing procedures prescribed by rule.

(4) If the department determines that a transfer or discharge is authorized under section 21773, the patient shall not be required to leave the facility before the thirty-fourth day following receipt of the notice required under section 21773(2), or the tenth day following receipt of the department's decision, whichever is later.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21775 Continuation of medicaid funding during appeal, transfer, or discharge period.

Sec. 21775. The department of social services shall continue medicaid funding during the appeal, transfer, or discharge period as provided in section 21774 for those medicaid patients affected by section 21773.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21776 Transfer or discharge of patient; plan; counseling services.

Sec. 21776. The licensee, with the approval of the department, shall develop a plan to effectuate the orderly and safe transfer or discharge of a patient. The patient and the patient's family or representative shall be consulted in choosing another facility. The patient shall receive counseling services before the move to minimize the adverse effects of transfer trauma. The department shall assure that counseling will be available if the patient requires counseling after transfer or discharge.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21777 Holding bed open during temporary absence of patient; option; title 19 patients.

Sec. 21777. (1) If a patient has a temporary absence from a nursing home for emergency medical treatment, the nursing home shall hold the bed open for 10 days for that patient in the patient's absence, if there is a reasonable expectation that the patient will return within that period of time and the nursing home receives payment for the absent period.

(2) If a patient has a temporary absence from a nursing home for therapeutic reasons as approved by a physician, the nursing home shall hold the bed open for 18 days, if there is a reasonable expectation that the patient will return within that period of time and the nursing home receives payment for the absent period. Temporary absences for therapeutic reasons are limited to 18 days per year.

(3) When a patient's absence is longer than specified under subsection (1) or (2), or both, the patient has the option to return to the nursing home for the next available bed.

(4) For title 19 patients, the department of social services shall continue funding for the temporary absence as provided under subsections (1) and (2).


Popular name: Act 368

333.21781 Posting of license and other information.

Sec. 21781. A licensee shall conspicuously post in an area of its offices accessible to patients, employees, and visitors:
(a) A current license.
(b) A complete copy of the most recent inspection report of the nursing home received from the department.
(c) A description, provided by the department, of complaint procedures established under this act and the name, address, and telephone number of a person authorized by the department to receive complaints.
(d) A copy of a notice of a pending hearing or order pertaining to the nursing home issued by the department or a court under the authority of this article or rules promulgated under this article.
(e) A complete list of materials available for public inspection as required by section 21782.

Popular name: Act 368

333.21782 Retention of documents for public inspection.

Sec. 21782. A licensee shall retain for public inspection:
(a) A complete copy of each inspection report of the nursing home received from the department during the past 5 years.
(b) A copy of each notice of a hearing or order pertaining to the nursing home issued by the department or a court under the authority of this article or rules promulgated under this article after the effective date of this section. The copy of the notice or order shall be retained for not less than 3 years after its date of issuance or not less than 3 years after the date of the resolution of the subject matter of the notice or order, whichever is later.
(c) A description of the services provided by the nursing home and the rates charged for those services and items for which a patient may be separately charged.
(d) A list of the name, address, principal occupation, and official position of each person who, as a stockholder or otherwise, has a proprietary interest in the nursing home as required by section 20142, of each officer and director of a nursing home which is a corporation, and of each trustee or beneficiary of a nursing home which is a trust.
(e) A list of licensed personnel employed or retained by the nursing home.
(f) A copy of the standard form contract utilized under section 21766.

Popular name: Act 368

333.21784 Threatening medical condition; notice; emergency treatment; comfort of patient.

Sec. 21784. If a patient's life is threatened by his or her medical condition, the nursing home shall immediately notify the patient's next of kin, patient's representative, and physician. The nursing home shall secure emergency medical treatment for the patient when the patient's physician is not available. A nursing home shall take all reasonable measures to ensure the comfort of a patient in the terminal stages of an illness.

Popular name: Act 368

333.21785 Discontinuance of operation; notice; relocation of patients.

Sec. 21785. (1) If a nursing home proposes to discontinue operation, the licensee shall notify the department of public health and the department of social services of the impending discontinuance of operation. The licensee shall notify the patient and the patient's next of kin, patient's representative, and the party executing the contract under section 21766 of the proposed date of the discontinuance. The notice shall be sufficient to make suitable arrangements for the transfer and care of the patient.

(2) The notices required by this section shall be given not less than 30 days before the discontinuance.

(3) The licensee and the department of social services shall be responsible for securing a suitable relocation of a patient who does not have a relative or legal representative to assist in his or her relocation before the discontinuance of operation. The licensee and the department of social services shall keep the department of public health informed of their efforts and activities in carrying out this responsibility. The department of social services shall make available to the licensee and the department of public health assistance necessary to assure the effectiveness of efforts to secure a suitable relocation.

Popular name: Act 368

333.21786 Emergency closing of nursing home.

Sec. 21786. In the case of an emergency closing of a nursing home, or when it is determined by the department that a nursing home is suddenly no longer able to provide adequate patient care, the department shall do both of the
following:

(a) Assure that the department of social services has been notified to make arrangements for the orderly and safe discharge and transfer of the patients to another facility.

(b) Place a representative of the department in a facility on a daily basis to do each of the following:

(i) Monitor the discharge of patients to other facilities or locations.

(ii) Ensure that the rights of patients are protected.

(iii) Discuss the discharge and relocation with each patient and next of kin or legal guardian, person, or agency responsible for the patient's placement, maintenance, and care in the facility. The content of the explanation and discussion shall be summarized in writing and shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21787 Michigan public health institute; consultation and contracts.

Sec. 21787. The department may consult and work with the Michigan public health institute created under section 2611 in performing the department's regulatory and disciplinary duties under this article. The department may also contract with the Michigan public health institute for the performance of specific functions required or authorized by this article, if determined necessary by the director of the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21791 Advertising; false or misleading information prohibited.

Sec. 21791. A licensee shall not use false or misleading information in the advertising of a nursing home or its name.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21792 Commission, bonus, fee, or gratuity; violation; penalty.

Sec. 21792. (1) An owner, administrator, employee, or representative of a nursing home shall not pay, or offer to pay, a commission, bonus, fee, or gratuity to a physician, surgeon, organization, agency, or other person for the referral of a patient to a nursing home.

(2) A person shall not offer or give a commission, bonus, fee, or gratuity to an owner, administrator, employee, or representative of a nursing home in return for the purchase of a drug, biological, or any other ancillary services provided for a patient of a nursing home.

(3) An owner, administrator, employee, or representative of a nursing home shall not accept a commission, bonus, fee, or gratuity in return for the purchase of a drug, biological, or any other ancillary services provided for a patient of a nursing home.

(4) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 4 years, or a fine of not more than $30,000.00, or both.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21795 Education and training for unlicensed nursing personnel; criteria; competency examinations; rules.

Sec. 21795. (1) The department, in consultation and with the advice of the Michigan board of nursing and appropriate consumer and professional organizations, shall develop by rule minimum criteria for the education and training for unlicensed nursing personnel in facilities designated in this part.

(2) This section shall not be construed to be a prerequisite for employment of unlicensed nursing personnel in a nursing home.

(3) During the annual licensing inspection the department shall, and during other inspections the department may, conduct random competency examinations to determine whether the requirements of this section are being met. The department shall promulgate rules to administer this subsection.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21796 Insuring proper licensing of licensed personnel.
Sec. 21796. The nursing home administrator and licensee shall be responsible for insuring that all licensed personnel employed by the nursing home are properly licensed.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21799a Violation; complaint; investigation; disclosure; determination; listing violation and provisions violated; copies of documents; public inspection; report of violation; penalty; request for hearing; notice of hearing.

Sec. 21799a. (1) A person who believes that this part, a rule promulgated under this part, or a federal certification regulation applying to a nursing home may have been violated may request an investigation of a nursing home. The person shall submit the request for investigation to the department of consumer and industry services as a written complaint, or the department shall assist the person in reducing an oral request to a written complaint within 7 days after the oral request is made. A person filing a complaint under this subsection may file the complaint on a model standardized complaint form developed and distributed by the department under section 20194(3) or file the complaint as provided by the department on the internet.

(2) The substance of a complaint filed under subsection (1) shall be provided to the licensee no earlier than at the commencement of the on-site inspection of the nursing home that takes place pursuant to the complaint.

(3) A complaint filed under subsection (1), a copy of the complaint, or a record published, released, or otherwise disclosed to the nursing home shall not disclose the name of the complainant or a patient named in the complaint unless the complainant or patient consents in writing to the disclosure or the investigation results in an administrative hearing or a judicial proceeding, or unless disclosure is considered essential to the investigation by the department of consumer and industry services. If the department considers disclosure essential to the investigation, the department shall give the complainant the opportunity to withdraw the complaint before disclosure.

(4) Upon receipt of a complaint under subsection (1), the department of consumer and industry services shall determine, based on the allegations presented, whether this part, a rule promulgated under this part, or a federal certification regulation for nursing homes has been, is, or is in danger of being violated. The department shall investigate the complaint according to the urgency determined by the department. The initiation of a complaint investigation shall commence within 15 days after receipt of the written complaint by the department.

(5) If, at any time, the department of consumer and industry services determines that this part, a rule promulgated under this part, or a federal certification regulation for nursing homes has been violated, the department shall list the violation and the provisions violated on the state and federal licensure and certification forms for nursing homes. The department shall consider the violations, as evidenced by a written explanation, when it makes a licensure and certification decision or recommendation.

(6) In all cases, the department of consumer and industry services shall inform the complainant of its findings unless otherwise indicated by the complainant. Within 30 days after receipt of the complaint, the department shall provide the complainant a copy, if any, of the written determination, the correction notice, the warning notice, and the state licensure or federal certification form, or both, on which the violation is listed, or a status report indicating when these documents may be expected. The department shall include in the final report a copy of the original complaint. The complainant may request additional copies of the documents described in this subsection and upon receipt shall reimburse the department for the copies in accordance with established policies and procedures.

(7) The department of consumer and industry services shall make a written determination, correction notice, or warning notice concerning a complaint available for public inspection, but the department shall not disclose the name of the complainant or patient without the complainant's or patient's consent.

(8) The department of consumer and industry services shall report a violation discovered as a result of the complaint investigation procedure to persons administering sections 21799c to 21799e. The department shall assess a penalty for a violation, as prescribed by this article.

(9) A complainant who is dissatisfied with the determination or investigation by the department of consumer and industry services may request a hearing. A complainant shall submit a request for a hearing in writing to the director within 30 days after the mailing of the department's findings as described in subsection (6). The department shall send notice of the time and place of the hearing to the complainant and the nursing home.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21799b Noncompliance; notice of finding; correction notices; hearing; verification of
Sec. 21799b. (1) If, upon investigation, the department of consumer and industry services finds that a licensee is not in compliance with this part, a rule promulgated under this part, or a federal law or regulation governing nursing home certification under title XVIII or XIX, which noncompliance impairs the ability of the licensee to deliver an acceptable level of care and services, or in the case of a nursing home closure, the department of consumer and industry services shall notify the department of community health of the finding and may issue 1 or more of the following correction notices to the licensee:

(a) Suspend the admission or readmission of patients to the nursing home.
(b) Reduce the licensed capacity of the nursing home.
(c) Selectively transfer patients whose care needs are not being met by the licensee.
(d) Initiate action to place the home in receivership as prescribed in section 21751.
(e) Require appointment at the nursing home's expense of a department approved temporary administrative advisor or a temporary clinical advisor, or both, with authority and duties specified by the department to assist the nursing home management and staff to achieve sustained compliance with required operating standards.
(f) Require appointment at the nursing home's expense of a department approved temporary manager with authority and duties specified by the department to oversee the nursing home's achievement of sustained compliance with required operating standards or to oversee the orderly closure of the nursing home.
(g) Issue a correction notice to the licensee and the department of community health describing the violation and the statute or rule violated and specifying the corrective action to be taken and the period of time in which the corrective action is to be completed. Upon issuance, the director shall cause to be published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in an area in which the nursing home is located notice of the action taken and the listing of conditions upon which the director's action is predicated.

(2) Within 72 hours after receipt of a notice issued under subsection (1), the licensee shall be given an opportunity for a hearing on the matter. The director's notice shall continue in effect during the pendency of the hearing and any subsequent court proceedings. The hearing shall be conducted in compliance with the administrative procedures act of 1969.

(3) A licensee who believes that a correction notice has been complied with may request a verification of compliance from the department. Not later than 72 hours after the licensee makes the request, the department shall investigate to determine whether the licensee has taken the corrective action prescribed in the notice under subsection (1)(g). If the department finds that the licensee has taken the corrective action and that the conditions giving rise to the notice have been alleviated, the department may cease taking further action against the licensee, or may take other action that the director considers appropriate.

(4) As used in this part, “title XVIII” and “title XIX” mean those terms as defined in section 20155.

(5) The department shall report annually to the house and senate standing committees on senior issues on the number of times the department appointed a temporary administrative advisor, temporary clinical advisor, and temporary manager as described in subsection (1)(e) or (f). The report shall include whether the nursing home closed or remained open. The department may include this report with other reports made to fulfill legislative reporting requirements.

(6) If the department determines that a nursing home's patients can be safeguarded and provided with a safe environment, the department shall make its decisions concerning the nursing home's future operation based on a presumption in favor of keeping the nursing home open.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21799c Violations; penalties; computation of civil penalties; paying or reimbursing patient; rules for quality of care allowance formula.

Sec. 21799c. (1) A person who violates 1 of the following sections is guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or a fine of not less than $1,000.00, nor more than $10,000.00, or both:

(a) Section 21711.
(b) Section 21712.
(c) Section 21763(5).
(d) Section 21765a(1) or (2).
(e) Section 21771(1) or (6).
(f) Section 21791.

(2) A person who violates section 21765a(1) or (2) is liable to an applicant or patient in a civil action for treble
the amount of actual damages or $1,000.00, whichever is greater, together with costs and reasonable attorney fees.

(3) For the purpose of computing administrative penalties under this section, the number of patients per day is based on the average number of patients in the nursing home during the 30 days immediately preceding the discovery of the violation.

(4) If the department finds a violation of section 20201 as to a particular nursing home patient, the department shall issue an order requiring the nursing home to pay to the patient $100.00, or to reimburse the patient for costs incurred or injuries sustained as a result of the violation, whichever is greater. The department also shall assess the nursing home an administrative penalty that is the lesser of the following:
   (a) Not more than $1,500.00.
   (b) $15.00 per patient bed.

(5) The department of community health shall promulgate rules for a quality of care allowance formula that is consistent with the recommendations of the fiscal incentives subcommittee to the committee on nursing home reimbursement established pursuant to Act No. 241 of the Public Acts of 1975, as described in the November 24, 1975 interim report, in the December 3, 1975 final report, and the November 24, 1976 report of the committee recommending appropriate changes in the procedures utilized.

(6) The department shall not assess an administrative penalty under subsection (4) for a violation of this part for which a nursing home's reimbursement is withheld under subsection (5).


Popular name: Act 368

333.21799d Collection of civil penalty; noncompliance; order.

Sec. 21799d. A civil penalty assessed under this part shall be collected by the department. If the person or nursing home against whom a civil penalty has been assessed does not comply with a written demand for payment within 30 days, the department shall issue an order to do 1 of the following:
   (a) Direct the department of treasury to deduct the amount of the civil penalty from amounts otherwise due from the state to the nursing home and remit that amount to the department.
   (b) Add the amount of the civil penalty to the nursing home's licensing fee. If the licensee refuses to make the payment at the time of application for renewal of its license, the license shall not be renewed.
   (c) Bring an action in circuit court to recover the amount of the civil penalty.


Popular name: Act 368

333.21799e Penalties and remedies cumulative.

Sec. 21799e. (1) The penalties prescribed by this part or a rule promulgated under this part are cumulative and not exclusive. Neither the department nor any other party is limited to the remedies in this part.

(2) The remedies provided under section 20155 and sections 21799a to 21799d are independent and cumulative. Except as provided in section 21799(c)(5), the use of 1 remedy by a person shall not be considered a bar to the use of other remedies by that person or to the use of any remedy by another person.


Popular name: Act 368

PART 221
CERTIFICATES OF NEED


Popular name: Act 368


Popular name: Act 368

PART 222
CERTIFICATES OF NEED
333.22201 Meanings of words and phrases; principles of construction.

Sec. 22201. (1) For purposes of this part, the words and phrases defined in sections 22203 to 22207 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

(2) In addition, article 1 contains general definitions and principles of construction applicable to all articles in this code.

(3) The definitions in part 201 do not apply to this part.


Compiler's note: For transfer of certain powers and duties of the division of health facility development in the bureau of health systems from the department of public health to the director of the department of community health, see E.R.O. No. 1996-1, compiled at § 330.3101 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.

Popular name: Act 368

333.22203 Definitions; A to F.

Sec. 22203. (1) “Addition” means adding patient rooms, beds, and ancillary service areas, including, but not limited to, procedure rooms or fixed equipment, surgical operating rooms, therapy rooms or fixed equipment, or other accommodations to a health facility.

(2) “Capital expenditure” means an expenditure for a single project, including cost of construction, engineering, and equipment that under generally accepted accounting principles is not properly chargeable as an expense of operation. Capital expenditure includes a lease or comparable arrangement by or on behalf of a health facility to obtain a health facility, licensed part of a health facility, or equipment for a health facility, if the actual purchase of a health facility, licensed part of a health facility, or equipment for a health facility would have been considered a capital expenditure under this part. Capital expenditure includes the cost of studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, and other activities essential to the acquisition, improvement, expansion, addition, conversion, modernization, new construction, or replacement of physical plant and equipment.

(3) “Certificate of need” means a certificate issued under this part authorizing a new health facility, a change in bed capacity, the initiation, replacement, or expansion of a covered clinical service, or a covered capital expenditure that is issued in accordance with this part.

(4) “Certificate of need review standard” or “review standard” means a standard approved by the commission.

(5) “Change in bed capacity” means 1 or more of the following:
   (a) An increase in licensed hospital beds.
   (b) An increase in licensed nursing home beds or hospital beds certified for long-term care.
   (c) An increase in licensed psychiatric beds.
   (d) A change from 1 licensed use to a different licensed use.
   (e) The physical relocation of beds from a licensed site to another geographic location.

(6) “Clinical” means directly pertaining to the diagnosis, treatment, or rehabilitation of an individual.

(7) “Clinical service area” means an area of a health facility, including related corridors, equipment rooms, ancillary service and support areas that house medical equipment, patient rooms, patient beds, diagnostic, operating, therapy, or treatment rooms or other accommodations related to the diagnosis, treatment, or rehabilitation of individuals receiving services from the health facility.

(8) “Commission” means the certificate of need commission created under section 22211.

(9) “Covered capital expenditure” means a capital expenditure of $2,500,000.00 or more, as adjusted annually by the department under section 22221(g), by a person for a health facility for a single project, excluding the cost of nonfixed medical equipment, that includes or involves the acquisition, improvement, expansion, addition, conversion, modernization, new construction, or replacement of a clinical service area.

(10) “Covered clinical service”, except as modified by the commission under section 22215, means 1 or more of the following:
   (a) Initiation or expansion of 1 or more of the following services:
      (i) Neonatal intensive care services or special newborn nursing services.
      (ii) Open heart surgery.
      (iii) Extrarenal organ transplantation.
   (b) Initiation, replacement, or expansion of 1 or more of the following services:
      (i) Extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy.
      (ii) Megavoltage radiation therapy.
      (iii) Positron emission tomography.
      (iv) Surgical services provided in a freestanding surgical outpatient facility, an ambulatory surgery center.
certified under title XVIII, or a surgical department of a hospital licensed under part 215 and offering inpatient or outpatient surgical services.

(v) Cardiac catheterization.
(vi) Fixed and mobile magnetic resonance imager services.
(vii) Fixed and mobile computerized tomography scanner services.
(viii) Air ambulance services.

(c) Initiation or expansion of a specialized psychiatric program for children and adolescent patients utilizing licensed psychiatric beds.

(d) Initiation, replacement, or expansion of a service not listed in this subsection, but designated as a covered clinical service by the commission under section 22215(1)(a).

(11) “Fixed equipment” means equipment that is affixed to and constitutes a structural component of a health facility, including, but not limited to, mechanical or electrical systems, elevators, generators, pumps, boilers, and refrigeration equipment.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22205 Definitions; H to M.

Sec. 22205. (1) “Health facility”, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2), means:

(a) A hospital licensed under part 215.
(b) A psychiatric hospital or psychiatric unit licensed under the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1001 to 330.2106.
(c) A nursing home licensed under part 217 or a hospital long-term care unit as defined in section 20106(6).
(d) A freestanding surgical outpatient facility licensed under part 208.
(e) A health maintenance organization issued a license or certificate of authority in this state.

(2) “Health facility” does not include the following:

(a) An institution conducted by and for the adherents of a church or religious denomination for the purpose of providing facilities for the care and treatment of the sick who depend solely upon spiritual means through prayer for healing.
(b) A health facility or agency located in a correctional institution.
(c) A veterans facility operated by the state or federal government.
(d) A facility owned and operated by the department of community health.

(3) “Initiate” means the offering of a covered clinical service that has not been offered in compliance with this part or former part 221 on a regular basis at that location within the 12-month period immediately preceding the date the covered clinical service will be offered.

(4) “Medical equipment” means a single equipment component or a related system of components that is used for clinical purposes.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22207 Definitions; M to S.

Sec. 22207. (1) “Medicaid” means the program for medical assistance administered by the department of community health under the social welfare act, 1939 PA 280, MCL 400.1 to 400.119b.

(2) “Modernization” means an upgrading, alteration, or change in function of a part or all of the physical plant of a health facility. Modernization includes, but is not limited to, the alteration, repair, remodeling, and renovation of an existing building and initial fixed equipment and the replacement of obsolete fixed equipment in an existing building. Modernization of the physical plant does not include normal maintenance and operational expenses.

(3) “New construction” means construction of a health facility where a health facility does not exist or construction replacing or expanding an existing health facility or a part of an existing health facility.

(4) “Person” means a person as defined in section 1106 or a governmental entity.

(5) “Planning area” means the area defined in a certificate of need review standard for determining the need for, and the resource allocation of, a specific health facility, service, or equipment. Planning area includes, but is not limited to, the state, a health facility service area, or a health service area or subarea within the state.

(6) “Proposed project” means a proposal to acquire an existing health facility or begin operation of a new health facility, make a change in bed capacity, initiate, replace, or expand a covered clinical service, or make a covered...
capital expenditure.

(7) “Rural county” means a county not located in a metropolitan statistical area or micropolitan statistical areas as those terms are defined under the “standards for defining metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas” by the statistical policy office of the office of information and regulatory affairs of the United States office of management and budget, 65 F.R. p. 82238 (December 27, 2000).

(8) “Stipulation” means a requirement that is germane to the proposed project and has been agreed to by an applicant as a condition of certificate of need approval.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22208 Definitions; S, T.

Sec. 22208. (1) “Short-term nursing care” means nursing care provided in a hospital to a patient who has been discharged or is ready for transfer from a licensed hospital bed other than a hospital long-term care unit bed and cannot be placed in a nursing home bed, county medical care facility bed, or hospital long-term care unit bed located within a 50-mile radius of the patient's residence.

(2) “Title XVIII” means title XVIII of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1395 to 1395b, 1395b-2, 1395c to 1395i-4, 1395j to 1395t, 1395u to 1395w-2, 1395w-4 to 1395zz, and 1395bbb to 1395ccc.

(3) “Title XIX” means title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396g and 1396i to 1396u.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22209 Activities requiring certificate of need; exceptions; requirements; acquisition of existing health facility; relocation; “sharing agreement” defined.

Sec. 22209. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this part, a person shall not do any of the following without first obtaining a certificate of need:

(a) Acquire an existing health facility or begin operation of a health facility at a site that is not currently licensed for that type of health facility.

(b) Make a change in the bed capacity of a health facility.

(c) Initiate, replace, or expand a covered clinical service.

(d) Make a covered capital expenditure.

(2) A certificate of need is not required for a reduction in licensed bed capacity or services at a licensed site.

(3) Subject to subsection (9) and if the relocation does not result in an increase of licensed beds within that health service area, a certificate of need is not required for any of the following:

(a) The physical relocation of licensed beds from a hospital site licensed under part 215 to another hospital site licensed under the same license as the hospital seeking to transfer the beds if both hospitals are located within a 2-mile radius of each other.

(b) Subject to subsections (7) and (8), the physical relocation of licensed beds from a hospital licensed under part 215 to a freestanding surgical outpatient facility licensed under part 208 if that freestanding surgical outpatient facility satisfies each of the following criteria on December 2, 2002:

(i) Is owned by, is under common control of, or has as a common parent the hospital seeking to relocate its licensed beds.

(ii) Was licensed prior to January 1, 2002.

(iii) Provides 24-hour emergency care services at that site.

(iv) Provides at least 4 different covered clinical services at that site.

(c) Subject to subsections (7) and (8), the physical relocation of licensed beds from a hospital licensed under part 215 to another hospital licensed under part 215 within the same health service area if the hospital receiving the licensed beds is owned by, is under common control of, or has as a common parent the hospital seeking to relocate its licensed beds.

(4) Subject to subsection (5), a hospital licensed under part 215 is not required to obtain a certificate of need to provide 1 or more of the covered clinical services listed in section 22203(10) in a federal veterans health care facility or to use long-term care unit beds or acute care beds that are owned and located in a federal veterans health care facility if the hospital satisfies each of the following criteria:

(a) The hospital has an active affiliation or sharing agreement with the federal veterans health care facility.
(b) The hospital has physicians who have faculty appointments at the federal veterans health care facility or has an affiliation with a medical school that is affiliated with a federal veterans health care facility and has physicians who have faculty appointments at the federal veterans health care facility.

(c) The hospital has an active grant or agreement with the state or federal government to provide 1 or more of the following functions relating to bioterrorism:

(i) Education.

(ii) Patient care.

(iii) Research.

(iv) Training.

(5) A hospital that provides 1 or more covered clinical services in a federal veterans health care facility or uses long-term care unit beds or acute care beds located in a federal veterans health care facility under subsection (4) may not utilize procedures performed at the federal veterans health care facility to demonstrate need or to satisfy a certificate of need review standard unless the covered clinical service provided at the federal veterans health care facility was provided under a certificate of need.

(6) If a hospital licensed under part 215 had fewer than 70 licensed beds on December 1, 2002, that hospital is not required to satisfy the minimum volume requirements under the certificate of need review standards for its existing operating rooms as long as those operating rooms continue to exist at that licensed hospital site.

(7) Before relocating beds under subsection (3)(b), the hospital seeking to relocate its beds shall provide the information requested by the department of consumer and industry services that will allow the department of consumer and industry services to verify the number of licensed beds that were staffed and available for patient care at that hospital as of December 2, 2002. A hospital shall transfer no more than 35% of its licensed beds to another hospital or freestanding surgical outpatient facility under subsection (3)(b) or (c) not more than 1 time after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection if the hospital seeking to relocate its licensed beds or another hospital owned by, under common control of, or having as a common parent the hospital seeking to relocate its licensed beds is located in a city that has a population of 750,000 or more.

(8) The licensed beds relocated under subsection (3)(b) or (c) shall not be included as new beds in a hospital or as a new hospital under the certificate of need review standards for hospital beds. One of every 2 beds transferred under subsection (3)(b) up to a maximum of 100 shall be beds that were staffed and available for patient care as of December 2, 2002. A hospital relocating beds under subsection (3)(b) shall not reactivate licensed beds within that hospital that were unstaffed or unavailable for patient care on December 2, 2002 for a period of 5 years after the date of the relocation of the licensed beds under subsection (3)(b).

(9) No licensed beds shall be physically relocated under subsection (3) if 7 or more members of the commission, after the appointment and confirmation of the 6 additional commission members under section 22211 but before June 15, 2003, determine that relocation of licensed beds under subsection (3) may cause great harm and detriment to the access and delivery of health care to the public and the relocation of beds should not occur without a certificate of need.

(10) An applicant seeking a certificate of need for the acquisition of an existing health facility may file a single, consolidated application for the certificate of need if the project results in the acquisition of an existing health facility but does not result in an increase or relocation of licensed beds or the initiation, expansion, or replacement of a covered clinical service. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a person acquiring an existing health facility is subject to the applicable certificate of need review standards in effect on the date of the transfer for the covered clinical services provided by the acquired health facility. The department may except 1 or more of the covered clinical services listed in section 22203(10)(b), except the covered clinical service listed in section 22203(10)(b)(iv), from the minimum volume requirements in the applicable certificate of need review standards in effect on the date of the transfer, if the equipment used in the covered clinical service is unable to meet the minimum volume requirements due to the technological incapacity of the equipment. A covered clinical service excepted by the department under this subsection is subject to all the other provisions in the applicable certificate of need review standards in effect on the date of the relocation or replacement of the health facility.

(11) An applicant seeking a certificate of need for the relocation or replacement of an existing health facility may file a single, consolidated application for the certificate of need if the project does not result in an increase of licensed beds or the initiation, expansion, or replacement of a covered clinical service. A person relocating or replacing an existing health facility is subject to the applicable certificate of need review standards in effect on the date of the relocation or replacement of the health facility.

(12) As used in this section, “sharing agreement” means a written agreement between a federal veterans health care facility and a hospital licensed under part 215 for the use of the federal veterans health care facility’s beds or...
equipment, or both, to provide covered clinical services.


**Popular name:** Act 368

**333.22210 Certificate of need for short-term nursing care program; application; criteria; modification; fee prohibited; compliance; discrimination prohibited; exercise of rights; written acknowledgment; forms; additional rights; variation; rules; violation; penalty; certificate required.**

Sec. 22210. (1) A hospital that applies to the department for a certificate of need and meets all of the following criteria shall be granted a certificate of need for a short-term nursing care program with up to 10 licensed hospital beds:

(a) Is eligible to apply for certification as a provider of swing-bed services under section 1883 of title XVIII, 42 U.S.C. 1395tt.

(b) Subject to subsection (2), has fewer than 100 licensed beds not counting beds excluded under section 1883 of title XVIII of the social security act.

(c) Does not have uncorrected licensing, certification, or safety deficiencies for which the department or the state fire marshal, or both, has not accepted a plan of correction.

(d) Provides evidence satisfactory to the department that the hospital has had difficulty in placing patients in skilled nursing home beds during the 12 months immediately preceding the date of the application.

(2) After October 1, 1990, the criteria set forth in subsection (1)(b) may be modified by the commission, using the procedure set forth in section 22215(3). The department shall not charge a fee for processing a certificate of need application to initiate a short-term nursing care program.

(3) A hospital that is granted a certificate of need for a short-term nursing care program under subsection (1) shall comply with all of the following:

(a) Not charge for or otherwise attempt to recover the cost of a length of stay for a patient in the short-term nursing care program that exceeds the length of time allowed for post-hospital extended care under title XVIII.

(b) Admit patients to the short-term nursing care program only pursuant to an admissions contract approved by the department.

(c) Not discharge or transfer a patient from a licensed hospital bed other than a hospital long-term care unit bed and admit that patient to the short-term nursing care program unless the discharge or transfer and admission is determined medically appropriate by the attending physician.

(d) Permit access to a representative of an organization approved under section 21764 to patients admitted to the short-term nursing care program, for all of the purposes described in section 21763.

(e) Subject to subsection (8), not allow the number of patient days for the short-term nursing care program to exceed the equivalent of 1,825 patient days for a single state fiscal year.

(f) Transfer a patient in the short-term nursing care program to an appropriately certified nursing home bed, county medical care facility bed, or hospital long-term care unit bed located within a 50-mile radius of the patient's residence within 5 business days after the hospital has been notified, either orally or in writing, that a bed has become available.

(g) Not charge or collect from a patient admitted to the short-term nursing care program, for services rendered as part of the short-term nursing care program, an amount in excess of the reasonable charge for the services as determined by the United States secretary of health and human services under title XVIII.

(h) Assist a patient who has been denied coverage for services received in a short-term nursing care program under title XVIII to file an appeal with the medicare recovery project operated by the office of services to the aging.

(i) Operate the short-term nursing care program in accordance with this section and the requirements of the swing bed provisions of section 1883 of title XVIII, 42 U.S.C. 1395tt.

(j) Provide data to the department considered necessary by the department to evaluate the short-term nursing care program. The data shall include, but is not limited to, all of the following:

(i) The total number of patients admitted to the hospital's short-term nursing care program during the period specified by the department.

(ii) The total number of short-term nursing care patient days for the period specified by the department.

(iii) Information identifying the type of care to which patients in the short-term care nursing program are released.

(k) As part of the hospital's policy describing the rights and responsibilities of patients admitted to the hospital, as
required under section 20201, incorporate all of the following additional rights and responsibilities for patients in the short-term nursing care program:

(i) A copy of the hospital's policy shall be provided to each short-term nursing care patient upon admission, and the staff of the hospital shall be trained and involved in the implementation of the policy.

(ii) Each short-term nursing care patient may associate and communicate privately with persons of his or her choice. Reasonable, regular visiting hours, which shall take into consideration the special circumstances of each visitor, shall be established for short-term nursing care patients to receive visitors. A short-term nursing care patient may be visited by the patient's attorney or by representatives of the departments named in section 20156 during other than established visiting hours. Reasonable privacy shall be afforded for visitation of a short-term nursing care patient who shares a room with another short-term nursing care patient. Each short-term nursing care patient shall have reasonable access to a telephone.

(iii) A short-term nursing care patient is entitled to retain and use personal clothing and possessions as space permits, unless medically contraindicated, as documented by the attending physician in the medical record.

(iv) A short-term nursing care patient is entitled to the opportunity to participate in the planning of his or her medical treatment. A short-term nursing care patient shall be fully informed by the attending physician of the short-term nursing care patient's medical condition, unless medically contraindicated, as documented by a physician in the medical record. Each short-term nursing care patient shall be afforded the opportunity to discharge himself or herself from the short-term nursing care program.

(v) A short-term nursing care patient is entitled to be fully informed either before or at the time of admission, and during his or her stay, of services available in the hospital and of the related charges for those services. The statement of services provided by the hospital shall be in writing and shall include those services required to be offered on an as needed basis.

(vi) A patient in a short-term nursing care program or a person authorized in writing by the patient may, upon submission to the hospital of a written request, inspect and copy the patient's personal or medical records. The hospital shall make the records available for inspection and copying within a reasonable time, not exceeding 7 days, after the receipt of the written request.

(vii) A short-term nursing care patient has the right to have his or her parents, if the short-term nursing care patient is a minor, or his or her spouse, next of kin, or patient's representative, if the short-term nursing care patient is an adult, stay at the facility 24 hours a day if the short-term nursing care patient is considered terminally ill by the physician responsible for the short-term nursing care patient's care.

(viii) Each short-term nursing care patient shall be provided with meals that meet the recommended dietary allowances for that patient's age and sex and that may be modified according to special dietary needs or ability to chew.

(ix) Each short-term nursing care patient has the right to receive a representative of an organization approved under section 21764, for all of the purposes described in section 21763.

(l) Achieve and maintain medicare certification under title XVIII.

4 A hospital or the owner, administrator, an employee, or a representative of the hospital shall not discharge, harass, or retaliate or discriminate against a short-term nursing care patient because the short-term nursing care patient has exercised a right described in subsection (3)(k).

5 In the case of a short-term nursing care patient, the rights described in subsection (3)(k)(iv) may be exercised by the patient's representative, as defined in section 21703(2).

6 A short-term nursing care patient shall be fully informed, as evidenced by the short-term nursing care patient's written acknowledgment, before or at the time of admission and during stay, of the rights described in subsection (3)(k). The written acknowledgment shall provide that if a short-term nursing care patient is adjudicated incompetent and not restored to legal capacity, the rights and responsibilities set forth in subsection (3)(k) shall be exercised by a person designated by the short-term nursing care patient. The hospital shall provide proper forms for the short-term nursing care patient to provide for the designation of this person at the time of admission.

7 Subsection (3)(k) does not prohibit a hospital from establishing and recognizing additional rights for short-term nursing care patients.

8 Upon application, the department may grant a variation from the maximum number of patient days established under subsection (3)(e), to an applicant hospital that demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department that there is an immediate need for skilled nursing beds within a 100-mile radius of the hospital. A variation granted under this subsection shall be valid for not more than 1 year after the date the variation is granted. The department shall promulgate rules to implement this subsection including, at a minimum, a definition of immediate need and the procedure for applying for a variation.
(9) A hospital that violates subsection (3) is subject to the penalty provisions of section 20165.
(10) A person shall not initiate a short-term nursing care program without first obtaining a certificate of need under this section.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22211 Certificate of need commission; creation; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; vacancy; laws to which commission members subject.

Sec. 22211. (1) The certificate of need commission is created in the department. The commission shall consist of 11 members appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The governor shall not appoint more than 6 members from the same major political party and shall appoint 5 members from another major political party. The members constituting the commission on the day before the effective date of the amendatory act that added subdivision (a) shall serve on the commission for the remainder of their terms. On the expiration of the term of each member constituting the commission on the day before the effective date of the amendatory act that added subdivision (a), the governor shall appoint a successor as required under this section in accordance with subdivisions (f), (g), (h), (i), and (j) and in that order. Of the additional members, the governor, within 30 days after the effective date of the amendatory act that added subdivision (a), shall appoint 6 additional members to the commission as required under subdivisions (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e). The commission shall consist of the following 11 members:

(a) Two individuals representing hospitals.
(b) One individual representing physicians licensed under part 170 to engage in the practice of medicine.
(c) One individual representing physicians licensed under part 175 to engage in the practice of osteopathic medicine and surgery.
(d) One individual who is a physician licensed under part 170 or 175 representing a school of medicine or osteopathic medicine.
(e) One individual representing nursing homes.
(f) One individual representing nurses.
(g) One individual representing a company that is self-insured for health coverage.
(h) One individual representing a company that is not self-insured for health coverage.
(i) One individual representing a nonprofit health care corporation operating pursuant to the nonprofit health care corporation reform act, 1980 PA 350, MCL 550.1101 to 550.1703.
(j) One individual representing organized labor unions in this state.

(2) In making appointments, the governor shall, to the extent feasible, assure that the membership of the commission is broadly representative of the interests of all of the people of this state and of the various geographic regions.

(3) A member of the commission shall serve for a term of 3 years or until a successor is appointed. Of the 6 members appointed within 30 days after the effective date of the amendatory act that added subsection (1)(a), 2 of the members shall be appointed for a term of 1 year, 2 of the members shall be appointed for a term of 2 years, and 2 of the members shall be appointed for a term of 3 years. A vacancy on the commission shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term in the same manner as the original appointment.

(4) Commission members are subject to the following:

(a) 1968 PA 317, MCL 15.321 to 15.330.
(b) 1973 PA 196, MCL 15.341 to 15.348.
(c) 1978 PA 472, MCL 4.411 to 4.431.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22213 Commission; bylaws; removal of member; election of chairperson and vice-chairperson; meetings; quorum; final action; compensation and expenses; duties of department; professional employees.

Sec. 22213. (1) The commission shall, within 2 months after appointment and confirmation of all members, adopt bylaws for the operation of the commission. The bylaws shall include, at a minimum, voting procedures that protect against conflict of interest and minimum requirements for attendance at meetings.

(2) The governor may remove a commission member from office for failure to attend 3 consecutive meetings in a 1-year period.
(3) The commission annually shall elect a chairperson and vice-chairperson.

(4) The commission shall hold regular quarterly meetings at places and on dates fixed by the commission. Special meetings may be called by the chairperson, by not less than 3 commission members, or by the department.

(5) A majority of the commission members appointed and serving constitutes a quorum. Final action by the commission shall be only by affirmative vote of a majority of the commission members appointed and serving. A commission member shall not vote by proxy.

(6) The legislature annually shall fix the per diem compensation of members of the commission. Expenses of members incurred in the performance of official duties shall be reimbursed as provided in section 1216.

(7) The department shall furnish administrative services to the commission, shall have charge of the commission's offices, records, and accounts, and shall provide at least 2 full-time administrative employees, secretarial staff, and other staff necessary to allow the proper exercise of the powers and duties of the commission. The department shall make available the times and places of commission meetings and keep minutes of the meetings and a record of the actions of the commission. The department shall make available a brief summary of the actions taken by the commission.

(8) The department shall assign at least 2 full-time professional employees to staff the commission to assist the commission in the performance of its substantive responsibilities under this part.


Popular name: Act 368
of proposed certificate of need review standards. A standard advisory committee shall complete its duties under this subdivision and submit its recommendations to the commission within 6 months unless a shorter period of time is specified by the commission when the standard advisory committee is appointed. An individual shall serve on no more than 2 standard advisory committees in any 2-year period. The composition of a standard advisory committee shall not include a lobbyist registered under 1978 PA 472, MCL 4.411 to 4.431, but shall include all of the following:

(i) Experts with professional competence in the subject matter of the proposed standard, who shall constitute a 2/3 majority of the standard advisory committee.

(ii) Representatives of health care provider organizations concerned with licensed health facilities or licensed health professions.

(iii) Representatives of organizations concerned with health care consumers and the purchasers and payers of health care services.

(m) In addition to subdivision (b), review and, if necessary, revise each set of certificate of need review standards at least every 3 years.

(n) If a standard advisory committee is not appointed by the commission and the commission determines it necessary, submit a request to the department to engage the services of private consultants or request the department to contract with any private organization for professional and technical assistance and advice or other services to assist the commission in carrying out its duties and functions under this part.

(o) Within 6 months after the appointment and confirmation of the 6 additional commission members under section 22211, develop, approve, or revise certificate of need review standards governing the increase of licensed beds in a hospital licensed under part 215, the physical relocation of hospital beds from 1 licensed site to another geographic location, and the replacement of beds in a hospital licensed under part 215.

(2) The commission shall exercise its duties under this part to promote and assure all of the following:

(a) The availability and accessibility of quality health services at a reasonable cost and within a reasonable geographic proximity for all people in this state.

(b) Appropriate differential consideration of the health care needs of residents in rural counties in ways that do not compromise the quality and affordability of health care services for those residents.

(3) Not less than 30 days before final action is taken by the commission under subsection (1)(a), (b), (d), (h), or (o), the commission shall conduct a public hearing on its proposed action. In addition, not less than 30 days before final action is taken by the commission under subsection (1)(a), (b), (d), (h), or (o), the commission chairperson shall submit the proposed action and a concise summary of the expected impact of the proposed action for comment to each member of the joint committee. The commission shall inform the joint committee of the date, time, and location of the next meeting regarding the proposed action. The joint committee shall promptly review the proposed action and submit its recommendations and concerns to the commission.

(4) The commission chairperson shall submit the proposed final action including a concise summary of the expected impact of the proposed final action to the governor and each member of the joint committee. The governor or the legislature may disapprove the proposed final action within 45 days after the date of submission. If the proposed final action is not submitted on a legislative session day, the 45 days commence on the first legislative session day after the proposed final action is submitted. The 45 days shall include not less than 9 legislative session days. Legislative disapproval shall be expressed by concurrent resolution which shall be adopted by each house of the legislature. The concurrent resolution shall state specific objections to the proposed final action. A proposed final action by the commission under subsection (1)(a), (b), (d), (h), or (o) is not effective if it has been disapproved under this subsection. If the proposed final action is not disapproved under this subsection, it is effective and binding on all persons affected by this part upon the expiration of the 45-day period or on a later date specified in the proposed final action. As used in this subsection, “legislative session day” means each day in which a quorum of either the house of representatives or the senate, following a call to order, officially convenes in Lansing to conduct legislative business.

(5) The commission shall not develop, approve, or revise a certificate of need review standard that requires the payment of money or goods or the provision of services unrelated to the proposed project as a condition that must be satisfied by a person seeking a certificate of need for the initiation, replacement, or expansion of covered clinical services, the acquisition or beginning the operation of a health facility, making changes in bed capacity, or making covered capital expenditures. This subsection does not preclude a requirement that each applicant participate in title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 1396r-6 and 1396r-8 to 1396v, or a requirement that each applicant provide covered clinical services to all patients regardless of his or her ability to pay.

(6) If the reports received under section 22221(f) indicate that the certificate of need application fees collected
under section 20161 have not been within 10% of 3/4 the cost to the department of implementing this part, the commission shall make recommendations regarding the revision of those fees so that the certificate of need application fees collected equal approximately 3/4 of the cost to the department of implementing this part.

(7) As used in this section, “joint committee” means the joint committee created under section 22219.


Popular name: Act 368


Compiler's note: The repealed section pertained to certificate of need review standards.

Popular name: Act 368

333.22219 Joint legislative committee.

Sec. 22219. (1) A joint legislative committee to focus on proposed actions of the commission regarding the certificate of need program and certificate of need standards and to review other certificate of need issues is created. The joint committee shall consist of 6 members as follows:

(a) The chairperson of the senate committee on health policy.
(b) The vice-chairperson of the senate committee on health policy.
(c) The minority vice-chairperson of the senate committee on health policy.
(d) The chairperson of the house of representatives committee on health policy.
(e) The vice-chairperson of the house of representatives committee on health policy.
(f) The minority vice-chairperson of the house of representatives committee on health policy.

(2) The joint committee shall be co-chaired by the chairperson of the senate committee on health policy and the chairperson of the house committee on health policy.

(3) The joint committee may administer oaths, subpoena witnesses, and examine the application, documentation, or other reports and papers of an applicant or any other person involved in a matter properly before the committee.

(4) The joint committee shall review the recommendations made by the commission under section 22215(6) regarding the revision of the certificate of need application fees and submit a written report to the legislature outlining the costs to the department to implement the program, the amount of fees collected, and its recommendation regarding the revision of those fees.

(5) The joint committee may develop a plan for the revision of the certificate of need program. If a plan is developed by the joint committee, the joint committee shall recommend to the legislature the appropriate statutory changes to implement the plan.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22221 Duties of department generally.

Sec. 22221. The department shall do all of the following:

(a) Subject to approval by the commission, promulgate rules to implement its powers and duties under this part.
(b) Report to the commission at least annually on the performance of the department’s duties under this part.
(c) Develop proposed certificate of need review standards for submission to the commission.
(d) Administer and apply certificate of need review standards. In the review of certificate of need applications, the department shall consider relevant written communications from any person.
(e) Designate adequate staff or other resources to directly assist hospitals and nursing homes with less than 100 beds in the preparation of applications for certificates of need.
(f) By October 1, 2003, and annually thereafter, report to the commission regarding the costs to the department of implementing this part and the certificate of need application fees collected under section 20161 in the immediately preceding state fiscal year.
(g) Beginning January 1, 2003, annually adjust the $2,500,000.00 threshold set forth in section 22203(9) by an amount determined by the state treasurer to reflect the annual percentage change in the consumer price index, using data from the immediately preceding period of July 1 to June 30. As used in this subdivision, “consumer price index” means the most comprehensive index of consumer prices available for this state from the bureau of labor statistics of the United States department of labor.
(h) Annually review the application process, including all forms, reports, and other materials that are required to be submitted with the application. If needed to promote administrative efficiency, revise the forms, reports, and any other materials required with the application.
(i) Within 6 months after the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subdivision, create a consolidated application for a certificate of need for the relocation or replacement of an existing health facility.

(j) In consultation with the commission, define single project as it applies to capital expenditures.


_Popular name:_ Act 368

### 333.22223 Application for certificate of need; statement addressing review criteria.

Sec. 22223. An applicant for a certificate of need shall include as part of the application a statement addressing each of the review criteria listed in section 22225. This section does not apply to an application for a certificate of need made under section 22210.


_Popular name:_ Act 368

### 333.22224 Certificate of need not required.

Sec. 22224. (1) A health facility required to be licensed as a freestanding surgical outpatient facility by rules promulgated under section 20115(2) is not required to obtain a certificate of need in order to be granted a license as a freestanding surgical outpatient facility.

(2) If a freestanding surgical outpatient facility is applying for a certificate of need to initiate, replace, or expand a covered clinical service consisting of surgical services, the department shall not count abortion procedures in determining if the freestanding surgical outpatient facility meets the annual minimum number of surgical procedures required in the certificate of need standards governing surgical services.


_Popular name:_ Act 368

### 333.22224a Magnetic resonance image units.

Sec. 22224a. (1) A person seeking to initiate, expand, replace, relocate, or acquire a fixed or mobile magnetic resonance imager service within a county that has a population of more than 160,000 but does not have at least 2 magnetic resonance imager units may file a letter of intent with the department prior to the initiation, expansion, replacement, relocation, or acquisition of a fixed or mobile magnetic resonance imager unit within that county instead of obtaining a certificate of need.

(2) Within 30 days after receiving the letter of intent, if the department verifies that the county has a population of more than 160,000 and that the county does not already have 2 magnetic resonance imager units, the department shall send a written acknowledgment to the person approving the initiation, expansion, replacement, relocation, or acquisition of a fixed or mobile magnetic resonance imager unit.

(3) A person shall not initiate, expand, replace, relocate, or acquire a fixed or mobile magnetic resonance imager unit under this section without a certificate of need unless that person receives a written acknowledgment of approval from the department under subsection (2).

(4) A person seeking to initiate, expand, replace, relocate, or acquire a fixed or mobile magnetic resonance imager service under this section shall be a nonprofit organization and shall demonstrate that the service shall be accessible to all patients regardless of his or her ability to pay and shall participate in title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396r-8 to 1396v.


_Popular name:_ Act 368

### 333.22225 Demonstration of need for proposed project; additional requirements.

Sec. 22225. (1) In order to be approved under this part, an applicant for a certificate of need shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that the proposed project will meet an unmet need in the area proposed to be served. An applicant shall demonstrate the need for a proposed project by credible documentation of compliance with the applicable certificate of need review standards. If no certificate of need review standards are applicable to the proposed project or to a portion of a proposed project that is otherwise governed by this part, the applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the department that an unmet need for the proposed project or portion of the proposed project exists by credible documentation that the proposed project will be geographically accessible and efficiently and appropriately utilized, in light of the type of project and the existing health care system. Whether or not there are applicable certificate of need review standards, in determining compliance with this subsection, the department shall consider approved projects that are not yet operational, proposed projects under appeal from a
final decision of the department, or proposed projects that are pending final department decision.

(2) If, and only if, the requirements of subsection (1) are met, in order for an application to be approved under this part, an applicant shall also demonstrate to the reasonable satisfaction of the department all of the following:

(a) With respect to the method proposed to meet the unmet need identified under subsection (1), that the applicant has considered alternatives to the proposed project and that, in light of the alternatives available for consideration, the chosen alternative is the most efficient and effective method of meeting that unmet need.

(b) With respect to the financial aspects of the proposed project, that each of the following is met:
   (i) The capital costs of the proposed project will result in the least costly total annual operating costs.
   (ii) Funds are available to meet the capital and operating needs of the proposed project.
   (iii) The proposed project utilizes the least costly method of financing, in light of available alternatives.
   (iv) In the case of a construction project, the applicant stipulates that the applicant will competitively bid capital expenditures among qualified contractors or alternatively, the applicant is proposing an alternative to competitive bidding that will achieve substantially the same results as competitive bidding.

(c) The proposed project will be delivered in compliance with applicable operating standards and quality assurance standards approved under section 22215(1)(b), including 1 or more of the following:
   (i) Mechanisms for assuring appropriate utilization of the project.
   (ii) Methods for evaluating the effectiveness of the project.
   (iii) Means of assuring delivery of the project by qualified personnel and in compliance with applicable safety and operating standards.
   (iv) Evidence of the current and historical compliance with federal and state licensing and certification requirements in this state by the applicant or the applicant's owner, or both, to the degree determined appropriate by the commission in light of the subject of the review standard.
   (v) Other criteria approved by the commission as appropriate to evaluate the quality of the project.

(d) The health services proposed in the project will be delivered in a health facility that meets the criteria, if any, established by the commission for determining health facility viability, pursuant to this subdivision. The criteria shall be proposed by the department and the office, and approved or disapproved by the commission. At a minimum, the criteria shall specify, to the extent applicable to the applicant, that an applicant shall be considered viable by demonstrating at least 1 of the following:
   (i) A minimum percentage occupancy of licensed beds.
   (ii) A minimum percentage of combined uncompensated discharges and discharges under title XIX in the health facility's planning area.
   (iii) A minimum percentage of the total discharges in the health facility's planning area.
   (iv) Evidence that the health facility is the only provider in the health facility's planning area of a service that is considered essential by the commission.
   (v) An operating margin in an amount determined by the commission.
   (vi) Other criteria approved by the commission as appropriate for statewide application to determine health facility viability.

(e) In the case of a nonprofit health facility, the health facility is in fact governed by a body composed of a majority consumer membership broadly representative of the population served. In the case of a health facility sponsored by a religious organization, or if the nature of the nonprofit health facility is such that the legal rights of its owners or sponsors might be impaired by a requirement as to the composition of its governing body, an advisory board with majority consumer membership broadly representative of the population served may be construed by the department to be equivalent to the governing board described in this subdivision, if the advisory board meets all of the following requirements:
   (i) The role assigned to the advisory board is meaningful, as determined by the department.
   (ii) The functions of the advisory board are clearly prescribed.
   (iii) The advisory board is given an opportunity to influence policy formulation by the legally recognized governing body, as determined by the department.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22226 Regional certificate of need review agency; standards; designation of person for specific review area; requirements; duration and termination of agency; local certificate of need review agency; application or other information; review; recommendations; decision; convening consumers, providers, purchasers, or payers of health care; public hearing;
Sec. 22226. (1) The commission shall develop standards for the designation by the department of a regional certificate of need review agency for each review area to develop advisory recommendations for proposed projects. The standards shall be based on the requirements for a regional certificate of review agency set forth in subsection (3).

(2) The department, with the concurrence of the commission, shall designate a person to be a regional certificate of need review agency for a specific review area, according to procedures approved by the commission, if the person meets the standards approved under subsection (1), and if a regional certificate of need review agency has not already been designated for that specific review area.

(3) A regional certificate of need review agency shall meet all of the following requirements:

(a) Be an independent nonprofit organization that is not a subsidiary of, or otherwise controlled by, any other person.

(b) Be governed by a board that is broadly representative of consumers, providers, payers, and purchasers of health care in the review area, with a majority of the board being consumers, payers, and purchasers of health care.

(c) Demonstrate a willingness and ability to conduct reviews of all proposed projects requiring a certificate of need that would be located within the review area served by the regional certificate of need review agency.

(d) Avoid conflict of interest in its review of all applications for a certificate of need.

(e) Provide data to the department to enable the department to evaluate the regional certificate of need review agency's performance. The data provided under this subdivision shall be reviewed at periodic meetings between the department and the regional certificate of need review agency.

(f) Not receive more than a designated proportion of its financial support from health facilities and health professionals, as determined by the commission.

(g) Meet other requirements established by the commission that are relevant to the functions of a regional certificate of need review agency, under this part.

(4) The designation of a regional certificate of need review agency shall be operative for a period of time approved by the commission, but not for more than 24 months. The designation of a regional certificate of need review agency may be terminated by the department with the concurrence of the commission at any time for noncompliance with the standards approved under subsection (1). In addition, the designation may be terminated by the regional certificate of need review agency upon the expiration of 60 days after the department receives written notice of the termination.

(5) A local certificate of need review agency that was designated pursuant to a designation agreement authorized under former section 22124 and effective on October 1, 1988 is designated as the regional certificate of need review agency for its review area until the expiration of 1 year after the date of final approval of the standards developed under subsection (1), unless the designation is terminated by either the department under subsection (4) or the regional certificate of need review agency before that time.

(6) A person applying for a certificate of need under this part shall simultaneously provide a copy of any letter of intent, application, or additional information required by the department to the regional certificate of need review agency designated by the department for the review area in which the proposed project would be located, unless the regional certificate of need review agency determines that it will not review the application or other information, and notifies both the applicant and the department in writing of its determination. The regional certificate of need review agency may review the application and submit its recommendations to the department. If the regional certificate of need review agency determines that it will not review the application, then the regional certificate of need review agency shall notify both the applicant and the department in writing of its determination. In developing its recommendations, the regional certificate of need review agency shall utilize the review procedures and time frames specified for regional certificate of need review agencies in the rules continued or promulgated under this part, and shall also utilize certificate of need review standards, statutory criteria, and forms identical to those used by the department.

(7) Before developing a proposed decision on an application, the department shall review the recommendations of the regional certificate of need review agency for the review area in which the proposed project would be located, if the recommendations are submitted to the department within the time frames required under subsection (6). If the director makes a final decision that is inconsistent with the recommendations of the regional certificate of need review agency, the department shall promptly provide the regional certificate of need review agency with a detailed statement of the reasons for the director's decision. The statement shall address each instance in which the director's decision is inconsistent with the recommendation of the regional certificate of need review agency regarding a specific certificate of need review standard or criterion.
(8) A regional certificate of need review agency may convene consumers, providers, purchasers, or payers of health care, or representatives of all of those groups, related to activities in its review area for the purpose of achieving the objectives of this part.

(9) Before developing a recommendation on a certificate of need application, a regional certificate of need review agency shall hold a public hearing on the proposed project. If the department determines that local interest merits a public hearing and a regional certificate of need review agency has not been designated for the review area in which the proposed project will be located, then the department shall hold a public hearing on the proposed project.

(10) A regional certificate of need review agency shall conduct all meetings regarding its activities for the purpose of achieving the objectives of this part in compliance with the open meetings act, 1976 PA 267, MCL 15.261 to 15.275.

(11) As used in this section, “review area” means a geographic area established for a health systems agency pursuant to former section 1511 of the public health service act, or a geographic area otherwise established by the commission for a regional certificate of need review agency.


Popular name: Act 368

Administrative rules: R 325.9101 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code.

333.22227 Health maintenance organization; purposes for which certificate of need required; capital expenditures; considerations and criteria.

Sec. 22227. (1) A health maintenance organization is required to obtain a certificate of need only for 1 or more of the following purposes:

(a) The acquisition of, purchase of, new construction of, modernization of, replacement of, or addition to a hospital or other health facility providing inpatient services, if a covered capital expenditure is required.

(b) The initiation, replacement, or expansion of a covered clinical service.

(2) A covered capital expenditure proposed to be undertaken by a health maintenance organization that is not intended principally to serve the needs of the enrollees of the health maintenance organization, as determined by the department, is subject to this part.

(3) In making determinations and conducting reviews for certificates of need for health maintenance organizations, the department shall consider the special needs and circumstances of health maintenance organizations, and shall apply all of the following criteria:

(a) The availability of the proposed service from a provider of health care other than the health maintenance organization on a long-term basis, at reasonable terms, and in a cost-effective manner consistent with the health maintenance organization's basic method of operation.

(b) The long-term needs of the health maintenance organization, and its current and expected future membership.

(c) The long-term impact of the proposed service on health care costs in the health maintenance organization's service area.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22229 Projects and services subject to comparative review; exceptions; establishment of comparative review or alternative procedure; proposed site for project; utilization and financing of covered clinical services.

Sec. 22229. (1) The following proposed projects are subject to comparative review:

(a) Proposed projects specified as subject to comparative review in a certificate of need review standard.

(b) New beds in a health facility that is a hospital, hospital long-term care unit, or nursing home if there are multiple applications to meet the same need for projects that, when combined, exceed the need of the planning area as determined by the applicable certificate of need review standards.

(2) Replacement beds in a hospital that are proposed for construction on the original site, on a contiguous site, within a 5-mile radius of the original site if the hospital is located in a county with a population of less than 200,000, or within a 2-mile radius of the original site if the hospital is located in a county with a population of 200,000 or more, are not subject to comparative review.

(3) Replacement beds in a nursing home that is located in a rural county that are proposed for construction on the original site, on a contiguous site, or within a 2-mile radius of the original site are not subject to comparative review.
(4) The commission may approve certificate of need review standards that establish comparative review or an alternative procedure for determining whether 1 or more of several qualified applicants may be approved if the level of need is not sufficient to justify approval of all qualified applicants. If an applicant involves more than 1 health facility, the applicant shall indicate on the application the proposed site or sites for the project and arrangements for the utilization and financing of the covered clinical services.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.22230 Participation in medicaid program as distinct criterion.

Sec. 22230. In evaluating applications for a health facility as defined under section 22205(1)(c) in a comparative review, the department shall include participation in title XIX of the social security act, chapter 531, 49 Stat. 620, 42 U.S.C. 1396 to 1396r-6 and 1396r-8 to 1396v, as a distinct criterion, weighted as very important, and determine the degree to which an application meets this criterion based on the extent of participation in the medicaid program.


**Popular name:** Act 368

### 333.22231 Decision to grant or deny application for certificate of need; conditions; single decision for all applications; proposed decision; final decision; notice of reversal; hearing; judicial review; effect of exceeding time frames.

Sec. 22231. (1) The decision to grant or deny an application for a certificate of need shall be made by the director. A decision shall be proposed to the director by a bureau within the department designated by the director as responsible for the certificate of need program. A decision shall be in writing and shall indicate 1 of the following:

(a) Approval of the application.
(b) Disapproval of the application.
(c) Subject to subsection (2), approval of the application with conditions.
(d) If agreed to by the department and the applicant, approval of the application with stipulations.

(2) If an application is approved with conditions under subsection (1)(c), the conditions shall be explicit, shall be related to the proposed project or to the applicable provisions of this part, and shall specify a time, not to exceed 1 year after the date the decision is rendered, within which the conditions shall be met.

(3) If the department is conducting a comparative review, the director shall issue only 1 decision for all of the applications included in the comparative review.

(4) Before a final decision on an application is made, the bureau of the department designated by the director as responsible for the certificate of need program shall issue a proposed decision with specific findings of fact in support of the proposed decision with regard to each of the criteria listed in section 22225. The proposed decision also shall state with specificity the reasons and authority of the department for the proposed decision. The department shall transmit a copy of the proposed decision to the applicant.

(5) The proposed decision shall be submitted to the director on the same day the proposed decision is issued.

(6) If the proposed decision is other than an approval without conditions or stipulations, the director shall issue a final decision not later than 60 days after the date a proposed decision is submitted to the director unless the applicant has filed a request for a hearing on the proposed decision. If the proposed decision is an approval, the director shall issue a final decision not later than 5 days after the proposed decision is submitted to the director.

(7) The director shall review the proposed decision before a final decision is rendered.

(8) If a proposed decision is an approval, and if, upon review, the director reverses the proposed decision, the director immediately shall notify the applicant of the reversal. Within 15 days after receipt of the notice of reversal, the applicant may request a hearing under section 22232. After the hearing, the applicant may request the director to reconsider the reversal of the proposed decision, based on the results of the hearing.

(9) Within 30 days after the final decision of the director, the final decision of the director may be appealed only by the applicant and only on the record directly to the circuit court for the county where the applicant has its principal place of business in this state or the circuit court for Ingham county. Judicial review is governed by the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328.

(10) If the department exceeds the time set forth in this section for other than good cause, as determined by the commission, upon the written request of an applicant, the department shall return to the applicant all of the certificate of need application fee paid by the applicant under section 20161.


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333.22232 Hearing; written request; appointment and duties of hearing officer; governing law.
Sec. 22232. (1) The applicant may, within 15 days after receipt by the applicant of the bureau's proposed
decision to deny the application or receipt of notice of reversal by the director of a proposed decision that is an
approval, submit a written request for a hearing to demonstrate that the application filed by the applicant meets the
requirements for approval under this part.

(2) The department shall appoint a hearing officer for a hearing held under this section. The hearing officer shall
establish a schedule for the hearing, control the presentation of proofs, and take such other action determined by the
hearing officer to be necessary to ensure that the hearing is conducted in an expeditious manner and completed
within a reasonable period of time. The hearing officer shall convene the hearing within 90 days after receipt of a
request for a hearing under this section. Upon written request by a party, a hearing officer may issue subpoenas
requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence. The department shall establish
appropriate qualifications for hearing officers appointed under this section.

(3) If a hearing is requested under this section, chapter 4 of the administrative procedures act of 1969, Act No.


333.22233 Waiver of criteria and procedures.
Sec. 22233. If the department determines that a proposed project is nonsubstantive in nature and does not warrant
a full review, the department may waive certain criteria and procedures otherwise required under this part.


333.22235 Waiver of law and procedural requirements and criteria for review; affidavit;
emergency certificate of need.
Sec. 22235. (1) The department may waive otherwise applicable provisions of this part and procedural
requirements and criteria for review upon a showing by the applicant, by affidavit, of all of the following:

(a) The necessity for immediate or temporary relief due to natural disaster, fire, unforeseen safety consideration,
or other emergency circumstances.

(b) The serious adverse effect of delay on the applicant and the community that would be occasioned by
compliance with the otherwise applicable requirements of this part and rules promulgated under this part.

(c) The lack of substantial change in facilities or services that existed before the emergency circumstances
established under subdivision (a).

(d) The temporary nature of the construction of facilities or the services that will not preclude different
disposition of longer term determinations in a subsequent application for a certificate of need not made under this
section.

(2) The department may issue an emergency certificate of need after necessary and appropriate review. A record
of the review shall be made, including copies of affidavits and other documentation. Findings and conclusions shall
be made as to an application for an emergency certificate of need, whether the emergency certificate of need is
issued or denied.

(3) An emergency certificate of need issued under this section is a final decision and the applicant is not required
to submit a formal application for a second review. A certificate of need issued under this section may be subject to
special limitations and restrictions, in regard to duration and right of extension or renewal and other factors,
imposed by the department.


333.22237 Data and statistics as condition precedent to issuance of certificate of need.
Sec. 22237. As a condition precedent to the issuance of a certificate of need, the department may require that a
health facility provide the department with data and statistics determined necessary by the department to carry out
departmental duties required under this part, if the data and statistics have not already been reported to the
department in a usable format.

333.22239 Stipulation.
Sec. 22239. (1) If the certificate of need approval was based on a stipulation that the project would participate in title XIX and the project has not participated in title XIX for at least 12 consecutive months within the first 2 years of operation or continued to participate annually thereafter, the department shall revoke the certificate of need. A stipulation described in this section is germane to all health facility projects.

(2) The department shall monitor the participation in title XIX of each certificate of need applicant approved under this part. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3), the department shall require each applicant to provide verification of participation in title XIX with its application and annually thereafter.

(3) The department shall not revoke or deny a certificate of need for a nursing home licensed under part 217 if that nursing home does not participate in title XIX on the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subsection but agrees to participate in title XIX if beds become available. This section does not prohibit a person from applying for and obtaining a certificate of need to acquire or begin operation of a nursing home that does not participate in title XIX.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22241 “New technology” defined; new technology review period; conditions to acquisition of new technology before end of review period; appointment, composition, and purpose of standing new medical technology advisory committee.
Sec. 22241. (1) For purposes of this section and section 22243, “new technology” means medical equipment that requires, but has not yet been granted, the approval of the federal food and drug administration for commercial use.

(2) The period ending 12 months after the date of federal food and drug administration approval of new technology for commercial use shall be considered the new technology review period. A person shall not acquire new technology before the end of a new technology review period, unless 1 of the following occurs:

(a) The department, with the concurrence of the commission, issues a public notice that the new technology will not be added to the list of covered medical equipment during the new technology review period. The notice may apply to specific new technology or classes of new technology.

(b) The person complies with the requirements of section 22243.

(c) The commission approves the addition of the new technology to the list of covered medical equipment, and the person obtains a certificate of need for that covered medical equipment.

(3) To assist in the identification of new medical technology or new medical services that may be appropriate for inclusion as a covered clinical service in the earliest possible stage of its development, the commission shall appoint a standing new medical technology advisory committee. A majority of the new medical technology advisory committee shall be representatives of health care provider organizations concerned with licensed health facilities or licensed health professions and other persons knowledgeable in medical technology. The commission also shall appoint representatives of health care consumer, purchaser, and third party payer organizations to the committee. The commission shall also appoint faculty members from schools of medicine, osteopathy, and nursing in this state.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22243 Acquisition of new technology before approval of federal food and drug administration; notice; requirements; deactivation and removal of new technology from service; conditions to utilizing new technology beyond specified period.
Sec. 22243. (1) Unless the commission provides otherwise in a standard approved under section 22215(1)(h), a person may acquire new technology before the new technology is approved by the federal food and drug administration if the person notifies the department before acquiring the new technology, and the acquisition of the new technology continuously meets all of the following requirements:

(a) Has been authorized by the federal food and drug administration under an investigational device exemption and approved research project pursuant to 21 C.F.R. part 812.

(b) Is operated consistently with the research protocols established and approved by the federal food and drug administration for the investigational device exemption.

(c) Is solely related to research and testing for purposes of determining the safety and effectiveness of the new technology for use on human subjects.
(d) Is funded so that there will be no recovery of either capital or operating expenses for the use of the new technology either from patients or from third party payers. However, usual and customary charges or other payment arrangements for related services rendered to patients that are consistent with standard nonexperimental treatment, including, but not limited to, room, board, ancillary services, and outpatient services may be charged to patients or third party payers, or both, in accordance with normal billing practices. Each patient upon whom the new technology is used shall be informed of the requirements of this subdivision.

(e) Is maintained under a separate cost center that includes overhead costs, for expenditure reporting related to the research project.

(f) Is developed so that capital funding for the research project will be obtained from sources other than the Michigan state hospital finance authority or any other governmentally supported financing source. This subdivision does not prohibit a person from using grants for research activities.

(g) Is operated so as to provide, upon request of the department, data obtained from the research project that the department may use in developing certificate of need review standards relative to the new technology. Aggregate data obtained as part of a federally approved data set shall meet the requirements of this part, except that supplemental data may be requested by the department.

(h) Is not marketed or advertised to other health care providers or the public.

2) A person acquiring new technology under this section shall deactivate and remove the new technology from service on the date of notice that federal approval under the investigational device exemption for the new technology acquired under 21 C.F.R. part 812 has expired or been withdrawn, or the date of receipt of a department compliance order alleging a violation of this section.

3) A person may continue to utilize new technology acquired under this section beyond the period specified in subsection (2) if any 1 of the following applies:

(a) The continued use is in compliance with section 22243(1)(d) to (h).

(b) The department issues a notice that the new technology will not be added to the list of covered medical equipment pursuant to section 22241(2)(a).

(c) The commission adds the new technology to the list of covered medical equipment, and the continued use is consistent with applicable certificate of need review standards, if any.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22247 Monitoring compliance with certificates of need; investigating allegations of noncompliance; violation; sanctions; refund of charges.

Sec. 22247. (1) The department shall monitor compliance with all certificates of need issued under this part and shall investigate allegations of noncompliance with a certificate of need or this part.

(2) If the department determines that the recipient of a certificate of need under this part is not in compliance with the terms of the certificate of need or that a person is in violation of this part or the rules promulgated under this part, the department shall do 1 or more of the following:

(a) Revoke or suspend the certificate of need.

(b) Impose a civil fine of not more than the amount of the billings for the services provided in violation of this part.

(c) Take any action authorized under this article for a violation of this article or a rule promulgated under this article, including, but not limited to, issuance of a compliance order under section 20162(5), whether or not the person is licensed under this article.

(d) Request enforcement action under section 22253.

(e) Take any other enforcement action authorized by this code.

(f) Publicize or report the violation or enforcement action, or both, to any person.

(g) Take any other action as determined appropriate by the department.

(3) A person shall not charge to, or collect from, another person or otherwise recover costs for services provided or for equipment or facilities that are acquired in violation of this part. If a person has violated this subsection, in addition to the sanctions provided under subsection (2), the person shall, upon request of the person from whom the charges were collected, refund those charges, either directly or through a credit on a subsequent bill.


Popular name: Act 368

333.22249 Agreement authorizing hospital to lease space and operate beds in another hospital;
Sec. 22249. Subject to subsection (2), if a hospital has a high occupancy rate, as determined by the department, and if the hospital applies for and is issued a certificate of need for an increase in licensed bed capacity, the department may enter into an agreement with the hospital that would authorize the hospital to lease space and operate beds in another hospital in the same planning area, if the other hospital has a low occupancy rate, as determined by the department.

(2) The department may enter into an agreement authorized under subsection (1) only if all of the following apply:
   (a) The hospital issued a certificate of need has a documented history of high occupancy.
   (b) The alternative of redistributing the beds within the hospital's licensed bed capacity does not exist.
   (c) The agreement will not change the overall supply of beds within the planning area.
   (d) New construction is not required.
   (e) The department determines that the agreement is necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.

Popular name: Act 368

Compiled's note: The repealed section pertained to plans for reduction of excess hospital beds.
Popular name: Act 368

333.22253 Injunction or other process to restrain or prevent violation.
Sec. 22253. Notwithstanding the existence and pursuit of any other remedy, the department may request the attorney general or prosecuting attorney of the jurisdiction where a capital expenditure is proposed to be or was made to bring an action in the name of the people of this state for an injunction or other process against a person to restrain or prevent a violation of this part or the rules promulgated under this part.

Popular name: Act 368

333.22255 Procedural rules.
Sec. 22255. The department, with the approval of the commission, may promulgate procedural rules to implement this part.

Popular name: Act 368

333.22257 Certificate of need issued under former part 221.
Sec. 22257. A certificate of need issued under former part 221 has the same effect as a similar certificate of need issued under this part. The holder of the certificate of need is subject to all of the conditions, stipulations, and agreements pertaining to the certificate of need and to the same authority of the department to limit, suspend, revoke, or reinstate the certificate of need as a holder of a certificate of need issued under this part.

Popular name: Act 368

333.22260 Reports of reviews; preparation and publication; statements; recommendations; public examination of applications and written materials on file; providing copies.
Sec. 22260. (1) The department shall prepare and publish monthly reports of reviews conducted under this part. The reports shall include a statement on the status of each pending review and a statement as to each review completed, including statements of the findings and decisions made in the course of the reviews since the last report, and the recommendations of regional certificate of need review agencies.

(2) The department shall make available to the public for examination during all business hours the applications received by them and pertinent written materials on file.

(3) The department, upon request, shall provide copies of an application or part of an application. The department may charge a reasonable fee for the copies.

Popular name: Act 368
333.25101  Repeal of acts and parts of acts.
Sec. 25101. The following acts and parts of acts, as amended, are repealed:
(a) Public Acts:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PUBLIC ACT NUMBER</th>
<th>YEAR OF ACT</th>
<th>SECTION NUMBERS</th>
<th>COMPILED LAW NUMBERS (1970)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>1899</td>
<td>9 to 10</td>
<td>24.9 to 24.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>327</td>
<td>1947</td>
<td>10a and 120 to 126</td>
<td>29.210a and 29.320 to 29.326</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>1950 (Extra Session)</td>
<td></td>
<td>30.151 to 30.153</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>287</td>
<td>1919</td>
<td>2 and 6</td>
<td>32.232 and 32.236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1895</td>
<td>47 to 54 of chapter 7</td>
<td>67.47 to 67.54</td>
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<tr>
<td>215</td>
<td>1895</td>
<td>1 to 8 of chapter 14</td>
<td>94.1 to 94.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>288</td>
<td>1972</td>
<td></td>
<td>123.281 to 123.287</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>172</td>
<td>1958</td>
<td></td>
<td>125.741 to 125.745</td>
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<td>128.21</td>
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<td>297</td>
<td>1929</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>128.57</td>
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<td>201</td>
<td>1911</td>
<td></td>
<td>128.91 to 128.93</td>
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<tr>
<td>330</td>
<td>1976</td>
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<td>257.1221 to 257.1238</td>
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<td>197</td>
<td>1970</td>
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<td>286.611 to 286.616</td>
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<tr>
<td>289</td>
<td>1965</td>
<td></td>
<td>286.621 to 286.634</td>
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<tr>
<td>152</td>
<td>1956</td>
<td></td>
<td>287.451 to 287.474</td>
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<td>151</td>
<td>1975</td>
<td></td>
<td>287.481 to 287.488</td>
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<td>58</td>
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<td>323.221 to 323.226</td>
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<td>1919</td>
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<td>62</td>
<td>1941</td>
<td>325.101 to 325.103</td>
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<td>15</td>
<td>1952</td>
<td>325.121 to 325.123</td>
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<td>1957</td>
<td>325.131 to 325.134</td>
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<td>1965</td>
<td>325.221 to 325.239</td>
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<td>136</td>
<td>1881</td>
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<td>273</td>
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<td>278</td>
<td>1949</td>
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<td>1965</td>
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<td>325.521 to 325.524</td>
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<td>335</td>
<td>1974</td>
<td>325.531 to 325.533</td>
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<tr>
<td>231</td>
<td>1955</td>
<td>325.551 to 325.556</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>1956 (Extra Session)</td>
<td>325.561 to 325.562</td>
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<tr>
<td>230</td>
<td>1966</td>
<td>325.601 to 325.620</td>
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<td>218</td>
<td>1967</td>
<td>325.631 to 325.635</td>
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<tr>
<td>171</td>
<td>1970</td>
<td>325.651 to 325.665</td>
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<td>56</td>
<td>1973</td>
<td>325.711 to 325.735</td>
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<tr>
<td>339</td>
<td>1974</td>
<td>325.751 to 325.766</td>
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<td>269</td>
<td>1968</td>
<td>325.801 to 325.813</td>
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<td>1977</td>
<td>325.871 to 325.877</td>
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<td>288</td>
<td>1976</td>
<td>325.3001 to 325.3012</td>
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<td>1897</td>
<td>326.51 to 326.52</td>
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<td>1921</td>
<td>326.61 to 326.62</td>
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<td>1903</td>
<td>327.101 to 327.111</td>
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<td>1883</td>
<td>327.151 to 327.153</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>157</td>
<td>1879</td>
<td>327.171</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Year</td>
<td>Section(s)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>-------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>306</td>
<td>1927</td>
<td>327.201 to 327.208a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>248</td>
<td>1911</td>
<td>327.251 to 327.261</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>1917</td>
<td>327.311 to 327.315</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>138</td>
<td>1958</td>
<td>328.11 to 328.23</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115</td>
<td>1925</td>
<td>328.101 to 328.102</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95</td>
<td>1953</td>
<td>328.151</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>189</td>
<td>1969</td>
<td>328.261 to 328.270</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95</td>
<td>1970</td>
<td>328.281 to 328.289</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230</td>
<td>1885</td>
<td>329.1 to 329.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>293</td>
<td>1909</td>
<td>329.51 to 329.55</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>146</td>
<td>1879</td>
<td>329.81</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>306</td>
<td>1909</td>
<td>329.101 to 329.108</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>116</td>
<td>1903</td>
<td>329.121</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>272</td>
<td>1919</td>
<td>329.151 to 329.158</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1942 (Second Extra Session)</td>
<td>329.201 to 329.208</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>238</td>
<td>1969</td>
<td>329.221</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>276</td>
<td>1941</td>
<td>329.251 to 329.255</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>353</td>
<td>1919</td>
<td>329.271 to 329.272</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>314</td>
<td>1927</td>
<td>329.401 to 329.405</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>164</td>
<td>1949</td>
<td>329.501 to 329.505</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>169</td>
<td>1966</td>
<td>329.521 to 329.526</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>1975</td>
<td>329.551 to 329.557</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>263</td>
<td>1913</td>
<td>331.401 to 331.406</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>1968</td>
<td>331.411 to 331.430</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>256</td>
<td>1972</td>
<td>331.451 to 331.462</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>274</td>
<td>1974</td>
<td>331.471 to 331.493</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>176</td>
<td>1973</td>
<td>331.551 to 331.556</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>139</td>
<td>1956</td>
<td>331.651 to 331.660</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115</td>
<td>1929</td>
<td>332.1 to 332.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>254</td>
<td>1905</td>
<td>332.51 to 332.70</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>343</td>
<td>1917</td>
<td>332.101 to 332.118</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>252</td>
<td>1951</td>
<td>332.201 to 332.204</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1951 (Extra Session)</td>
<td>332.231 to 332.239</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>139</td>
<td>1952</td>
<td>332.251 to 332.255</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>146</td>
<td>1909</td>
<td>335.1 to 335.10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1971</td>
<td>335.21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Year</td>
<td>Section(s)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>1954</td>
<td>335.201 to 335.214</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>241</td>
<td>1970</td>
<td>335.231</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>196</td>
<td>1971</td>
<td>335.301 to 335.367</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>1905</td>
<td>338.71 to 338.72</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>151</td>
<td>1899</td>
<td>338.81</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>162</td>
<td>1903</td>
<td>338.101a to 338.121</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>145</td>
<td>1933</td>
<td>338.151 to 338.159</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>122</td>
<td>1939</td>
<td>338.201 to 338.209 and 338.210 to 338.221</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td>1909</td>
<td>338.251 to 338.262</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115</td>
<td>1915</td>
<td>338.301 to 338.308a</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>164</td>
<td>1965</td>
<td>338.321 to 338.338</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1925</td>
<td>338.381 to 338.385</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>277</td>
<td>1921</td>
<td>338.391 to 338.393</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>257</td>
<td>1959</td>
<td>338.1001 to 338.1025</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>151</td>
<td>1962</td>
<td>338.1101 to 338.1131</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>149</td>
<td>1967</td>
<td>338.1151 to 338.1175</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>147</td>
<td>1963</td>
<td>338.1301 to 338.1315</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>185</td>
<td>1973</td>
<td>338.1801 to 338.1827</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>290</td>
<td>1976</td>
<td>338.1921 to 338.1938</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td>420</td>
<td>1976</td>
<td>338.1951 to 338.1978</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>119</td>
<td>1911</td>
<td>419.1 to 419.3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85</td>
<td>1923</td>
<td>446.301 to 446.306</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>176</td>
<td>1927</td>
<td>469.161 to 469.165</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>207</td>
<td>1937</td>
<td>551.151 to 551.154</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>1963</td>
<td>691.1503</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>174</td>
<td>1967</td>
<td>691.1511 to 691.1512</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>158</td>
<td>1937</td>
<td>722.201 to 722.229 and 722.231 to 722.244</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>283</td>
<td>1939</td>
<td>722.301 to 722.325</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>138</td>
<td>1881</td>
<td>722.401 to 722.406</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>183</td>
<td>1972</td>
<td>722.591 to 722.594</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>328</td>
<td>1931</td>
<td>750.470 and 750.472 to 750.477</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
(b) Revised Statutes of 1846:

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHAPTER</th>
<th>SECTION NUMBERS</th>
<th>NUMBERS (1970)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>1 to 49</td>
<td>327.1 to 327.49</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

Popular name: Act 368

333.25103 Repeal of §§ 125.401 to 125.543; time.
Sec. 25103. Act No. 167 of the Public Acts of 1917, as amended, being sections 125.401 to 125.543 of the Compiled Laws of 1970, is repealed when all or the principal part of the rules promulgated under section 12211 take effect.

Compiler's note: Sec. 12211, which authorized the promulgation of rules on minimum housing standards, was repealed by 1980, Act 431, Eff. Mar. 31, 1981, prior to the promulgation of any rules.
Popular name: Act 368

333.25105 Repeal of §§ 325.901 to 325.947; time.
Sec. 25105. Act No. 264 of the Public Acts of 1974, being sections 325.901 to 325.947 of the Compiled Laws of 1970, is repealed 1 year after the date set forth in section 25211.

Popular name: Act 368

333.25107 Repeal of § 722.230; time.
Sec. 25107. Section 30 of Act No. 158 of the Public Acts of 1937, being section 722.230 of the Compiled Laws of 1970, is repealed 2 years after the effective date set forth in section 25211.

Popular name: Act 368

333.25109 Repeal of § 338.209a; effective date of section.
Sec. 25109. (1) Section 9a of Act No. 122 of the Public Acts of 1939, being section 338.209a of the Compiled Laws of 1970, is repealed.

(2) This section shall not take effect until rules regulating the practice of a dental assistant under part 166 are promulgated.

Compiler's note: R 338.11401 et seq. of the Michigan Administrative Code, regulating the practice of a dental assistant, were promulgated on July 3, 1984.
Popular name: Act 368

PART 252
SAVINGS CLAUSES AND EFFECTIVE DATES

333.25201 Continuation of statutory provisions and rules; submission of proposed rules to public hearing; nomination and appointment of agency members.
Sec. 25201. (1) Where a section of this code authorizes or directs the promulgation of rules, including rules fixing fees, but rules dealing with the subject matter do not exist when the section takes effect, a statutory provision covering the matter, which is repealed by this code, shall nevertheless continue in effect until rules covering the matter take effect or for 3 years, whichever is sooner.

(2) Rules in effect on the effective date of this code shall continue to the extent that they do not conflict with this code, and shall be considered as rules promulgated under this code.

(3) An agency which is required to promulgate rules under this code shall submit the proposed rules to public
hearing within 2 years after the effective date of this code.

(4) Rules and regulations adopted by a district or county board of health which are in effect on the effective date prescribed in section 25211 continue to the extent that they do not conflict with this code, and are considered as local health department regulations promulgated under this code.

(5) On the date this code is enacted into law procedures for the nomination and appointment of members of agencies created or continued by this code may be commenced, but the appointments shall not take effect before the effective date of the section providing for the appointment.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.25205 Section 8.4a inapplicable to code; action or other proceeding not abated.

Sec. 25205. Section 4a of chapter 1 of the Revised Statutes of 1846, being section 8.4a of the Michigan Compiled Laws, is applicable to this code. In addition, an action or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against an agency or an officer of this state, in his or her official capacity in relation to the discharge of official duties, including a proceeding against a licensee, registrant, or permittee, does not abate because the agency or officer is superseded by another agency or office created by this code. The court may allow the action or other proceeding to be maintained by or against the successor of the agency or officer.


Popular name: Act 368

### 333.25211 Effective date of code; exceptions; promulgation of rules authorized by code.

Sec. 25211. (1) Except as specific provisions of this code may provide otherwise, this code takes effect on September 30, 1978.

(2) On the date this code is enacted into law, procedures and actions required for the rule-making process pursuant to the administrative procedures act of 1969 may be commenced, but the rules authorized by this code shall not be promulgated until on or after the effective date set forth in subsection (1) or the effective date applicable to the section of this code under which the rules are promulgated.


Popular name: Act 368
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.1101</td>
<td>Short title</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1103</td>
<td>Meanings of words and phrases.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1104</td>
<td>Definitions; A to G.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1105</td>
<td>Definitions; I to M.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1106</td>
<td>Definitions; P.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1108</td>
<td>Definitions; R, S.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1111</td>
<td>Intent and construction of code.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1113</td>
<td>Headings or titles of code.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1114</td>
<td>Prohibited construction of code.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1115</td>
<td>Controlling provisions.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1117</td>
<td>References to repealed or rescinded provisions.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1201</td>
<td>Delaying promulgation of new rules.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1203</td>
<td>Approval of certain plans or issuance of certain permits pursuant to code; effect.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1205</td>
<td>Contested case hearing; appeal.</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1212</td>
<td>Members of predecessor agency; continuation in office.</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1213</td>
<td>Members of successor agency; increase or decrease in number.</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1214</td>
<td>New agency not succeeding former agency; terms of office.</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1216</td>
<td>Travel or other expenses; payment.</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1222</td>
<td>Renewals; distribution of work; pro rata fee; waiver.</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1291</td>
<td>Obstruction of person enforcing health law.</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.1299</td>
<td>Violation as misdemeanor; prosecution.</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2201</td>
<td>Department of public health and office of director of public health continued.</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2202</td>
<td>Director of public health; appointment, term, and qualifications; designation and responsibility of chief medical executive; “administrative experience” defined.</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2204</td>
<td>Director of public health; salary; full-time performance of functions; expenses.</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2205</td>
<td>Assignment, vesting, and exercise of functions; internal organization of department; allocation and reallocation of duties and functions.</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2208</td>
<td>Public health advisory council; creation; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; removal; vacancy.</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2209</td>
<td>Public health advisory council; election and terms of chairperson and vice-chairperson; quorum; reimbursement; staff support.</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2210</td>
<td>Public health advisory council; powers and duties generally.</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2211</td>
<td>Coordination between local health departments and local health planning agencies; review; annual assessment; information.</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2213</td>
<td>Task forces.</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2215</td>
<td>Termination of advisory committee or task force; exception; review of advisory council, commission, board, task force, or body.</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2221</td>
<td>Organized programs to prevent disease, prolong life, and promote public health; duties of department.</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2223</td>
<td>Biennial plan for rural health; preparation; submission to standing committees.</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2224</td>
<td>Promotion of local health services; coordination and integration of public health services.</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2226</td>
<td>Powers of department.</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2228</td>
<td>Heads of intra-departmental units and employees; appointment; salaries and expenses; liability for damages; quarters and facilities.</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2229</td>
<td>Employees at veterans' facility physically injured by assault; wages; supplement; fringe benefits.</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2231</td>
<td>Furnishing information relating to public health; report.</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2232a</td>
<td>Repeal of § 333.2232.</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2233</td>
<td>Rules.</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2235</td>
<td>Local health department; authorization to exercise power or function; primary organization as to services and programs; exceptions; summary reports.</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2237</td>
<td>Duties of department as to health education; “health education” defined.</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2241</td>
<td>Inspection or investigation to assure compliance; application for warrant.</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2242</td>
<td>Warrant; affidavit required for issuance.</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2243</td>
<td>Warrant; grounds for issuance.</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2244</td>
<td>Warrant; finding of cause.</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2245</td>
<td>Warrant; directing to law enforcement officer; contents.</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2246</td>
<td>Warrant; execution.</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2247</td>
<td>Warrant; procuring maliciously or without cause; misdemeanor.</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2251</td>
<td>Imminent danger to health or lives; informing individuals affected; order; noncompliance; petition to restrain condition or practice; conditions constituting menace to public health; duty of director; “imminent danger” and “person” defined.</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2253</td>
<td>Epidemic; emergency order and procedures.</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2255</td>
<td>Injunctive action.</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2261</td>
<td>Violation as misdemeanor; penalty.</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2262</td>
<td>Violation; rules adopting schedule of monetary civil penalties; issuance, contents, and delivery of citation.</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2263</td>
<td>Citation; petition for administrative hearing; decision of hearings officer; review; provisions governing hearings and appeals; civil penalty.</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2301</td>
<td>Identification of priority health problems; preparation and basis of proposed list of basic health services.</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2302</td>
<td>Annual budget request to include proposed list of basic health services and proposed program statement; review and comment.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2305</td>
<td>Proposed program statement; contents.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2311</td>
<td>Proposed health services as basic health services; revision, publication, and dissemination of list and program statement.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2321</td>
<td>Availability and accessibility of basic health services; demonstration upon request; basic health service as required service; notice of nonavailability or nonaccessibility; investigation; notice to complainant.</td>
<td></td>
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<td>333.2401</td>
<td>Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2403</td>
<td>Definitions; A to D.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2406</td>
<td>Definitions; L.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2408</td>
<td>Definitions; R to U.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2411</td>
<td>Division of powers and duties.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2413</td>
<td>County health department; county board of health.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2415</td>
<td>Creation of district health department; composition of district board of health.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2417</td>
<td>Claim against district health department; audit; allowance of claim; report; appeal; apportionment of allowed claims; formula; voucher.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2419</td>
<td>Employment of personnel; consolidation of functions.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2421</td>
<td>City health department; creation; powers and duties.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2422</td>
<td>Selection of option by city; notice of intent.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2423</td>
<td>Selection of option by city; failure to notify department; continuing local financial support for affected services.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2424</td>
<td>Selection of option by city; planning period; transition plan; responsibility for local cost of required services; approval of developed plan; disposition of federal funds.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2426</td>
<td>Real and personal property of village or township board or department of health; title; use and administration.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2428</td>
<td>Local health officer; appointment; qualifications; powers and duties.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2431</td>
<td>Local health department; requirements; report; reviewing plan for organization of local health department; waiver.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2433</td>
<td>Local health department; powers and duties generally.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2435</td>
<td>Local health department; additional powers.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2437</td>
<td>Exercise by department of public health of power vested in local health department.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2441</td>
<td>Adoption of regulations; purpose; approval; effective date; stringency; conflicting ordinances; violation; penalty.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2442</td>
<td>Adoption of regulation; notice of public hearing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2444</td>
<td>Fees for services; expenses and compensation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2446</td>
<td>Inspection or investigation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2448</td>
<td>Intergovernmental contracts; existing contracts not affected.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2451</td>
<td>Imminent danger to health or lives; informing individuals affected; order; noncompliance; petition to restrain condition or practice; “imminent danger” and “person” defined.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2453</td>
<td>Epidemic; emergency order and procedures; involuntary detention and treatment.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2455</td>
<td>Building or condition violating health laws or constituting nuisance, unsanitary condition, or cause of illness; order; noncompliance; warrant; assessment and collection of expenses; liability; judicial order; other powers not affected.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2458</td>
<td>Establishment of cemetery; requirements; determinations; approval; disposition of plats; vacating cemetery; removal and reinterment of bodies and remains.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2461</td>
<td>Violation; schedule of monetary civil penalties; issuance, contents, and delivery of citation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2462</td>
<td>Citation; petition for administrative hearing; decision of local health officer; review; petition for judicial review; civil penalty.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2463</td>
<td>Appearance tickets.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2465</td>
<td>Injunctive action; liability for damages.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2471</td>
<td>Program; establishment; objectives.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2472</td>
<td>Services eligible for cost sharing; criteria and procedures for additional services; minimum standards for delivery of services.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2473</td>
<td>Specific objectives of required services; demonstrating provision of service; contracts.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2475</td>
<td>Reimbursement for costs of services; equitable distribution; schedule; local expenditure in excess of prior appropriation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2476</td>
<td>Reimbursement of certain expenditures prohibited.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2477</td>
<td>Local governing entity not to receive less than received under prior provisions; providing, designating, and reallocating funds; accountability.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2479</td>
<td>Criteria for determining costs for services.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2481</td>
<td>Condition for approval of funding.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2482</td>
<td>Minimum expenditure for health services; waiving maintenance of local funding; certain services considered health services.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2483</td>
<td>Conditions for reimbursement.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2484</td>
<td>Agreement implementing standards; basis for reimbursement; operating advance; adjustments.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2486</td>
<td>Notice of appeal; informal conference; reaffirming, modifying, or revoking decision; hearing; petition for redress.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2488</td>
<td>Appropriation request to include funds for reimbursement of local health departments; basis of sums requested.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2490</td>
<td>Administration of §§ 333.2471 to 333.2498.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2492</td>
<td>Status report; appropriation for development and implementation of evaluation and related training.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2495</td>
<td>Rules; determinations; review and comment.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2497</td>
<td>Administrative compliance order.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2498</td>
<td>Petition for administrative hearing; finality of order or compliance date; reaffirming, modifying, or revoking order; modifying time for compliance; petition for writ of mandamus.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2601</td>
<td>Applicability.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.2602 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction. 26
333.2603 Definitions; D. 27
333.2607 Definitions; R, S. 27
333.2611 Coordination of activities; establishment of policy; interests to be considered; establishment, purpose, and powers of nonprofit corporation. 28
333.2612 Nonprofit corporation; establishment; purpose; duties; selection and composition of board of directors; appointment and composition of internal management committee. 29
333.2613 Nature of data to be defined by rule. 29
333.2614 Duties of department generally. 29
333.2615 Level of coverage; determination. 29
333.2616 Comprehensive health information system; establishment; provisions. 29
333.2617 Comprehensive health information system; statistics. 30
333.2618 Publications; annual report; summary report; statement of limitations of data used. 30
333.2619 Cancer registry; establishment; purpose; reports; records; rules; medical or department examination or supervision not required; contracts; evaluation of reports; publication of summary reports; commencement of reporting; effective date of section. 31
333.2621 Comprehensive policy for conduct and support of research and demonstration activities; conducting and supporting demonstration projects and scientific evaluations. 31
333.2623 Publication and dissemination of results and information obtained under § 333.2621. 31
333.2624 Grants and contracts to conduct or support research activities and scientific evaluations. 31
333.2631 Data concerning medical research project; confidentiality; use. 31
333.2632 Data concerning medical research project; inadmissible as evidence; exhibition or disclosure. 32
333.2633 Data concerning medical research projects; liability for furnishing. 32
333.2635 Power to demand or require data. 32
333.2637 Procedures protecting confidentiality and regulating disclosure of data and records. 32
333.2638 Violation; penalty. 33
333.2639 Review of personal records upon request; procedures for reviewing request; administrative hearing; records of requests. 33
333.2640 Parentage registry; use and access by family independence agency; access to child's medical records and information; immunity; exception. 33
333.2641 Fees; disposition of collections. 33
333.2651 Anatomy board; creation; appointment; qualifications, and terms of members; compensation; chairperson; offices and procedures; member as funeral director. 34
333.2652 Receiving and allocating bodies or parts thereof; records of receipt and disposition. 34
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.2653</td>
<td>“Unclaimed body” defined; notice to relatives of deceased; availability of unclaimed body to anatomy board; request for notification concerning unclaimed body; time, manner, and contents of notice; release of body; notice and surrender of body to benevolent association.</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2655</td>
<td>Embalming and disposition of unclaimed body; standards; holding period; identification and claim by relative or special administrator for purpose of interment or other disposition.</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2656</td>
<td>Receiving unclaimed body for educational purposes; expense; record; disposition.</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2658</td>
<td>Postmortem examination of unclaimed body; certification of body unfit for scientific or education purposes; interment of unclaimed body; expense.</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2659</td>
<td>Adoption of standards for unclaimed bodies or parts.</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2661</td>
<td>Autopsy upon unclaimed body; purpose; disposition of body.</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2663</td>
<td>Violations; misdemeanor.</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2671</td>
<td>Public health and welfare dependent on humane use of animals for certain purposes.</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2672</td>
<td>Animal research advisory board; creation; membership.</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2673</td>
<td>Animal research advisory board; powers.</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2674</td>
<td>Administration of §§ 333.2671 to 333.2675; expenses of members.</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2675</td>
<td>Inspection of premises or property on which animals kept for experimental purposes; purpose.</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2676</td>
<td>Registration for humane use of animals for experimental purposes; compliance with standards; grounds for suspension or revocation of registration; findings of fact conclusive; application for review of questions of law; orders.</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2678</td>
<td>Rules.</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2685</td>
<td>Use of live human embryo, fetus, or neonate for nontherapeutic research; prohibitions; presumption.</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2686</td>
<td>Diagnostic, assessment, or treatment procedures not prohibited.</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2687</td>
<td>Embryo, fetus, or neonate considered live.</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2688</td>
<td>Research on dead embryo, fetus, or neonate; consent of mother; presumption; authorized transfer to medical research facilities; research standards.</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2689</td>
<td>Abortion; consideration.</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2690</td>
<td>Sale, transfer, distribution, or giving away of embryo, fetus, or neonate.</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2691</td>
<td>Violation; penalty.</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2692</td>
<td>“Nontherapeutic research” defined.</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2701</td>
<td>Definitions.</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2703</td>
<td>Michigan essential health provider recruitment strategy; creation; purpose; duties of department.</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2705</td>
<td>Essential health provider repayment program for designated professionals; administration; repayment of debt or expenses; contract; requirements; lump sum payment; forfeiture; discretionary debt or expense repayment; maximum amount of debt or expense repayment; source of funds; distribution of funds.</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.2707</td>
<td>Grant program for minority students; administration; eligibility; condition for award of grant; priority; determination of appropriate grant; failure to fulfill service obligation or complete training program; repayment; disposition of amounts repaid; service obligation considered fulfilled; source of funds; distribution of funds; definition.</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2709</td>
<td>Placement of certified nurse midwives.</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2711</td>
<td>Recruitment for programs created in §§ 333.2705 and 333.2707; designated physician specialty areas; preference.</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2713</td>
<td>Fulfillment of service obligation; commencement; guidelines for assignment of designated professionals; condition for placement.</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2715</td>
<td>Individuals ineligible to receive funds under §§ 333.2705 or 333.2707.</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2717</td>
<td>Health resource shortage area; criteria for identification and designation.</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2719</td>
<td>Departmental discretion; guidelines for priority.ian</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2721</td>
<td>Minority health profession grant fund; creation; funding; use; investments; crediting earnings to fund.</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2723</td>
<td>Rules; status report.</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2725</td>
<td>Short title.</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2727</td>
<td>Conditional effective date.</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2801</td>
<td>Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2803</td>
<td>Definitions; D to F.</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2804</td>
<td>Definitions; I to R.</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2805</td>
<td>Definitions; S to V.</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2811</td>
<td>Form and content of vital records and certificates.</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2813</td>
<td>State registrar; appointment; duties; inclusion of social security number; disclosure prohibited; violation; penalty.</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2814</td>
<td>City clerk or city department as local registrar; rules.</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2815</td>
<td>Local registrar; duties.</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2821</td>
<td>Birth registration required; filing record of birth; time of registration; transmission to childhood immunization registry.</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2822</td>
<td>Persons required to report live birth occurring in state; “abortion” defined.</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2823</td>
<td>Registration of live birth occurring in moving conveyance.</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2824</td>
<td>Registering name of husband as father of child; registering surname of child; consent; acknowledgment of parentage; designating surname of child; entering name of father and surname of child on birth certificate; father not named on birth registration; utilization of assisted reproductive technology; reference to legitimacy or illegitimacy prohibited.</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2825</td>
<td>Assuming custody of live born child of unknown parentage; form, contents, and filing of report; place of birth; report as birth registration; sealing and opening of report.</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2827</td>
<td>Failure to register birth within time prescribed; filing certificate of birth; registration of birth subject to evidentiary requirements; marking certificate “delayed” and showing date of delayed registration; endorsing summary statement of evidence on certificate.</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2828</td>
<td>Conditions prohibiting registration of delayed certificate of birth; advising applicant of reasons and right of appeal; judicial findings and order; forwarding order to state registrar; registration of order as certificate of birth; forwarding copy of delayed registration to local registrar.</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2829</td>
<td>Report of adoption; form; contents; report when adoption order amended, annulled, or rescinded; duty of probate register or clerk; requirements of birth certificate issued to adopted individual.</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2830</td>
<td>Adoption of child born outside United States, territory of United States, or Canada; filing, form, and contents of delayed registration of birth; petition for issuance of delayed registration of birth.</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2831</td>
<td>New certificate of birth; establishment; requirements.</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2832</td>
<td>New certificate of birth; actual place and date of birth to be shown; substitution for original certificate; inspection; restoration of original certificate upon notice of annulment or rescission of adoption; preparing new certificate on delayed birth certificate form; sealing or forwarding original certificate.</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2833</td>
<td>Recording death on decedent's birth certificate; notification; recordation by department or local registrar; recordation on face of copies of certificate; correction of record.</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2834</td>
<td>Report of fetal death; time, form, and manner; prohibited information; report if dead fetus delivered in or outside institution; notice to medical examiner; investigation and report; use and disposition of confidential statistical reports; disclosure identifying biological parents prohibited; incorporation of records into system of vital statistics; certificate of stillbirth.</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2835</td>
<td>“Abortion” and “physical complication” defined; report of abortion; form, transmittal, and contents of report; prohibited information; destruction of reports; annual statistical report; use of statistical reports; prohibited disclosures; violation; penalty.</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2837</td>
<td>Physical complication or death resulting from abortion; report.</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2841</td>
<td>Death registration; required; place of death.</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2842</td>
<td>Death registration; death occurring in moving conveyance.</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2843</td>
<td>Report of death by funeral director; “dead body” defined; personal data; medical certification; neglecting or refusing to sign death certificate as misdemeanor; penalty; filing of death record.</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2843a</td>
<td>Ascertaining if deceased person veteran; releasing information for graves registration list of all burials of veterans.</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2843b</td>
<td>Physician having actual knowledge of presence in deceased individual of infectious agent; notification of funeral director or authorized agent; refusal to render services prohibited; effective date of subsection (1); confidentiality; rules; violation as misdemeanor.</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2844</td>
<td>Referral of case to county medical examiner; determining and certifying cause of death; investigation; completing and signing medical certification; notice to funeral director; final disposition.</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2844a</td>
<td>Dental examination of dead body; forwarding records to law enforcement agency; entering information into national crime information center; cancellation of information.</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2845</td>
<td>Inability to locate body; registration of death upon receipt of findings of probate court; marking death registration; extension of time periods.</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section Number</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2846</td>
<td>Failure to register death within prescribed time period; filing, registering, and marking certificate; evidentiary requirements.</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2847</td>
<td>Death of individual in county in which individual not a resident; information; issuance of certified copy or certificate of registration prohibited.</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2848</td>
<td>Authorization for final disposition of dead body or fetus; time; form; retention of permit; cremation; moving body; permit issued by other state.</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2850</td>
<td>Interment or other disposition of dead body or fetus; duty of individual in charge of premises; record of final disposition.</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2851</td>
<td>Permit request for disinterment of dead human body.</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2852</td>
<td>Weather conditions requiring storage of dead body; authorization for delayed interment; disinterment and reinterment permit not required.</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2853</td>
<td>Permit for disinterment and reinterment required; issuance; forms for permits and applications; retention of application; copy of permit as permanent record; petition for disinterment order.</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2855</td>
<td>Autopsy; physician to perform; consent; ordering of autopsy; exceptions; removal, retention, or use of pituitary gland; conditions; charge; submitting pituitary gland for treatment of human being; agreement.</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2855a.added</td>
<td>Public display of autopsy photograph; court action; applicability of section to internet service provider; constitutionally protected speech or activity not prohibited; definitions.</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2861</td>
<td>Original marriage license certificates; filing; incorporating information relating to marriages in system of vital statistics.</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2864</td>
<td>Report of divorce proceedings; filing; forms; specifying number of divorces granted; report by party petitioning for divorce; signing and filing report; incorporating divorce reports in system of vital statistics.</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2867</td>
<td>Information necessary to complete birth, death, marriage, or divorce registration; furnishing on demand; attesting accuracy of personal data regarding live birth registration.</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2871</td>
<td>Amendment of certificate or record; procedures; requirements; rules.</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2872</td>
<td>Acknowledgement of paternity; creating new certificate of birth; changing surname of child; sealing original certificate; addendum to certificate of live birth; creating new live birth certificate and sealing original.</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2873</td>
<td>Conditions precluding amendment of vital record; reason for refusal; appeal; reporting amendment; preservation of original information.</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2876</td>
<td>Preservation of vital records and vital statistics; procedures.</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2881</td>
<td>Procedures applicable to system of vital statistics; request and fee for verification of facts; request and fee for name and location of court which finalized adoption.</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2882</td>
<td>Issuance of certain certified copies; request; fee; request of adopted adult or confidential intermediary; phrase to be marked on certificate provided under subsection (2) or (3).</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2883</td>
<td>Furnishing copies or data from system of vital statistics; requirements; availability of copies of certificates or reports.</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2884</td>
<td>Transmitting transcripts of records and other reports to offices of vital statistics outside state; agreement; return of transcripts; transcripts received from other jurisdictions.</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2886</td>
<td>Certified copies considered same as original; prima facie evidence.</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.2888  Inspection of vital records, disclosure of information, and issuance of copies; procedures; appeal to state registrar. 61

333.2889  Tagging birth certificate of missing child; notifying state police of request for copy of certificate; matching LEIN entry and certificate; tagging by local registrar; removal of tag. 61

333.2890  Issuing birth certificate, certificate of registration, or information by mail; marking phrase “missing person” on face of document; telephoning state registrar upon receipt of request for tagged record; providing state registrar with certain information; telephoning state police; notice to law enforcement agency. 62

333.2891  Search for vital record; request; fee; official statement if record not located; verification of identity; fees for search, establishment, and registration; furnishing copies without charge; fees for creation of new vital records and corrections of vital records; additional fees; disposition of fees; system of fees for local registrars. 64

333.2894  Prohibited conduct. 64

333.2895  Inspection or copying of information contained in system of vital statistics. 64

333.2896  Rules; minimum requirements. 64

333.2898  Violation; penalty. 64

333.2899  Reporting violation; statement; initiation of proceedings. 65


333.5101  Definitions and principles of construction. 66

333.5111  Rules. 66

333.5113  Medical treatment, testing, or examination as violative of personal religious beliefs; compliance with provisions regarding sanitation and reporting of diseases. 66

333.5114  HIV infected test subject; report; form; encoded individual case files. 67

333.5114a  Referral of individual to local health department; assistance with partner notification; information; legal obligation to inform sexual partners; criminal sanctions; partner notification program; confidentiality; priority duty of local health department; retention of reports, records, and data; information exempt from disclosure; biennial report. 68

333.5115  Communicable diseases and serious communicable diseases and infections; minimum procedures and standards for control and elimination. 68

333.5117  Individual with serious communicable disease or infection; order authorizing care; report; authority not restricted; financial liability for care. 69

333.5119  Individual applying for marriage license; availability of tests for venereal disease and HIV infection; educational materials; informing HIV infected applicants of test results; definitions. 69

333.5121  Prohibited conduct; misdemeanor. 69

333.5123  Initial examination of pregnant woman or woman recently delivering infant; test specimens required; exceptions; record; availability of test results and records. 70

333.5125  Birth of infant; treatment of eyes; report. 70
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.5127</td>
<td>Minor infected with venereal disease or HIV; consent to treatment; informing spouse, parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis; financial responsibility.</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5129</td>
<td>Individuals arrested and charged, bound over, or convicted of certain crimes; examination or testing for certain diseases; information and counseling; providing name, address, and telephone number of victim; providing test results to victim; transmitting test results and other medical information; confidentiality; referral of individual for appropriate medical care; financial responsibility; applicability of subsections (2), (3), and (4) to certain individuals; definitions.</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5131</td>
<td>Serious communicable diseases or infections of HIV infection and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome; confidentiality of reports, records, data, and information; test results; limitations and restrictions on disclosures in response to court order and subpoena; information released to legislative body; applicability of subsection (1); immunity; identification of individual; violation as misdemeanor; penalty.</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5133</td>
<td>Counseling; written, informed consent to HIV test; distribution of pamphlet regarding HIV test to test subject; development and contents; availability; signature of test subject; subsequent civil action barred; developing, writing, printing, and distributing pamphlet; HIV test performed on anonymous basis; partner notification; HIV test performed for purpose of research; standard protocol for HIV test; applicability of section to HIV test performed in health facility; applicability of subsections (1) to (3); informing patient of positive test results; counseling.</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5201</td>
<td>Definitions and principles of construction.</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5203</td>
<td>Warning notice generally.</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5204</td>
<td>Request for testing made by officer, employee, or individual making lawful arrest; procedures.</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5205</td>
<td>Failure or refusal to comply with warning notice; petition; hearing; notice; waiver; orders; recommendation and duties of commitment review panel and circuit court; appeal to circuit court; termination or continuation of commitment; cost of implementing order; right to counsel; appeal to court of appeals; leaving facility or refusal to undergo testing for certain infections as contempt.</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5207</td>
<td>Protection of public health in emergency; affidavit; court order; taking individual into custody; transporting individual to emergency care or treatment facility; temporary detention; notice of hearing; continued temporary detention; petition.</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5209</td>
<td>Power not limited.</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5210</td>
<td>Sexual penetration as felony; definition.</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5301</td>
<td>County chargeable with expense of care; reimbursement by state; individuals with tuberculosis or honorable discharges considered domiciled in state at large; expense of care paid by state on certification of department; reasonableness of claims and accounts; appeal.</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5303</td>
<td>Care provided where individual found at expense of county where individual domiciled; notice; return of individual to county of domicile; disputed or contested claim arising between 2 or more counties; decision.</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5305</td>
<td>Determination that county where individual found not county of domicile; reimbursement.</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5307</td>
<td>Expenditure under § 333.5117 considered expenditure for protection of public health, not welfare or relief; reimbursement; notice and hearing; finding; order; distribution of receipts.</td>
<td>83</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.5401   “Chronic disease” defined; general definitions and principles of construction. 83
333.5411   Chronic disease prevention and control program; statewide program as to mental
            disabilities; establishment; scope; programs continued. 83
333.5412   Scope of chronic disease program; availability of services subject to appropriation;
            contracts for programs; evaluation of program; recommending discontinuance of
            program. 84
333.5415
333.5421   Chronic disease advisory committee; creation; appointment of members; committee
            subject to § 333.2215. 84
333.5423   Chronic disease advisory committee; advising and assisting department;
            reimbursement for travel expenses. 84
333.5425   Chronic disease advisory committee; creation and purpose of subcommittee;
            chairperson; membership. 84
333.5431   Testing newborn infant for certain conditions; reporting positive test results to
            parents, guardian, or person in loco parentis; compliance; fee; “Detroit consumer
            price index” defined; violation as misdemeanor; hardship waiver; conduct of
            department regarding blood specimens; pamphlet; additional blood specimen for
            future identification. 86
333.5439   Rules. 86
333.5451   Short title of part. 86
333.5452   Words and phrases; meanings. 86
333.5453   Definitions; A. 87
333.5454   Definitions; C. 87
333.5455   Definitions; C. 88
333.5456   Definitions; D, E. 88
333.5457   Definitions; G to I. 88
333.5458   Definitions; L. 89
333.5459   Definitions; M to S. 90
333.5460   Definitions; T to V. 90
333.5460a  Lead-based paint activities; procedures and requirements. 90
333.5461   Persons engaged in lead-based paint activity; certification required. 90
333.5461a  Lead-based paint activities; training program; accreditation required. 91
333.5462   Lead-based paint activities; training program; accreditation generally. 92
333.5463   Training program; training hour requirements for accreditation in certain
            disciplines; rules; course test; hands-on skills assessment; course completion
            certificates; quality control plan; teaching work practice standards; duties of training
            manager. 93
333.5464   Accreditation of refresher course. 93
333.5465   Reaccreditation of training program. 94
### Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.5466</td>
<td>Suspension, revocation, or modification of accreditation.</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5467</td>
<td>Accreditation training program; availability and retention of records; notice of change of address.</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5468</td>
<td>Certification to engage in lead-based paint activities; fees; application; requirements for certification in specific discipline.</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5469</td>
<td>Certification to engage in lead-based paint activities; employment of certified employees; requirements.</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5470</td>
<td>Certification in appropriate discipline required.</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5471</td>
<td>Training program or refresher courses; fees.</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5472</td>
<td>Notice of lead-based paint abatement.</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5473</td>
<td>Administration and enforcement of part.</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5473a</td>
<td>Administration and enforcement of part by department; rules; establishment of programs; recommendations; disclosure; exemption.</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5474</td>
<td>Establishment of lead poisoning prevention program; components; reports.</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5475</td>
<td>Alleged violations or complaints; actions by department.</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5476</td>
<td>Violation of part; fine; citation; administrative hearing.</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5477</td>
<td>Violation; failure to correct violation after notice as misdemeanor; sanctions, penalties, or other provisions.</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5511</td>
<td>Alzheimer's disease or related disorder; state plan for network of regional, multidisciplinary diagnostic and assessment centers; submission to governor and legislature.</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5521</td>
<td>Meanings of words and phrases used in §§ 333.5521 to 333.5539.</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5523</td>
<td>Identification of Alzheimer's disease and related disorders autopsy network; tasks.</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5525</td>
<td>Identification of tissue repositories.</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5527</td>
<td>Tissue repository; access; collection and use of fees; report.</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5529</td>
<td>Request for autopsy; information; written consent.</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5533</td>
<td>Duty of chronic disease advisory committee.</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5535</td>
<td>Subsidy program.</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5537</td>
<td>Information on critical role of autopsies.</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5539</td>
<td>Authority of family representative.</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5601</td>
<td>“Occupational disease” defined; general definitions and principles of construction.</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5611</td>
<td>Report of occupational disease or health condition aggravated by workplace exposures; time; contents; forms and instructions.</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5613</td>
<td>Investigation; advising physician of nature of hazardous substance or agent and conditions of exposure; confidentiality.</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5621</td>
<td>Reports not public records; exemption from disclosure; access to record.</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5623</td>
<td>Statistical summaries; dissemination of instructions and information.</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5639</td>
<td>Failure to make report or wilful false statement as misdemeanor; penalty.</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5651</strong></td>
<td>Short title of part.</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5652</strong></td>
<td>Legislative findings; Michigan dignified death act.</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5653</strong></td>
<td>Definitions.</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5654</strong></td>
<td>Recommended medical treatment for advanced illness; duty of physician to inform orally; limitation or modification of disclosed information.</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5655</strong></td>
<td>Recommended medical treatment for advanced illness; duty of physician to inform orally and in writing; requirements.</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5656</strong></td>
<td>Updated standardized written summary; development; publication; contents; availability to physicians.</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5657</strong></td>
<td>Availability of form to patient, patient surrogate, or patient advocate; compliance with § 333.5656; placement of signed form in patient's medical record; signed form as bar to civil or administrative action.</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5658</strong></td>
<td>Prescription of controlled substance; immunity from administrative and civil liability.</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5659</strong></td>
<td>Life insurer, health insurer, or health care payment or benefits plan; prohibited acts.</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5660</strong></td>
<td>Scope of part; limitation.</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5661</strong></td>
<td>Fraud resulting in death of patient; violation as felony; penalty.</td>
<td>106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5701</strong></td>
<td>Definitions.</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5703</strong></td>
<td>Toxicological studies; consent; report; information on physical health.</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5709</strong></td>
<td>Studying causes of death.</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5711</strong></td>
<td>Epidemiological studies; consent.</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5713</strong></td>
<td>Annual report; recommendations.</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5715</strong></td>
<td>Report or other information as public information; availability; confidentiality of medical information.</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5717</strong></td>
<td>Birth defects registry; establishment; purposes.</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5721</strong></td>
<td>Birth defects; reports; records; confidentiality; rules; submission to medical examination or supervision not required; contract for collection and analysis of data; evaluation of information reported to birth defects registry; public reports.</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5723</strong></td>
<td>Referral services.</td>
<td>108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5725</strong></td>
<td>Class action; purpose.</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5731</strong></td>
<td>Agent orange commission; creation; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; vacancy.</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5735</strong></td>
<td>Agent orange commission; duties.</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5737</strong></td>
<td>Agent orange commission; election of chairperson; meetings; travel expenses; conducting business at public meeting; notice; writings available to public.</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5745</strong></td>
<td>Agent orange information resource center; creation; membership; duties.</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5747</strong></td>
<td>Rules.</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5749</strong></td>
<td>Phasing in studies and birth defects registry.</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>333.5801</strong></td>
<td>“Crippled child” or “child” defined; general definitions and principles of construction.</td>
<td>111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5805</td>
<td>Service to be developed, extended, and improved; referral of children; purposes of program.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5811</td>
<td>Crippled children's advisory committee; creation; appointment of members; successor to Michigan crippled children commission; subject to § 333.2215; election of chairperson and vice-chairperson; meetings; traveling expenses; conferring with and advising department.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5815</td>
<td>Program of services; establishment and administration; rules.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5817</td>
<td>Duties of department.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5821</td>
<td>Diagnostic clinics and services; availability of results of examinations.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5823</td>
<td>Eligibility for services; application; financial investigation; medical evidence; copy of reports.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5825</td>
<td>Eligibility for services; determination; transportation; monitoring; transfers; referrals.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5826</td>
<td>Approval of hospital, facilities, and specialists.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5828</td>
<td>Hospital bed to be provided; assignment to bed for operation or treatment.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5831</td>
<td>Reports from approved hospital; forms; contents; time.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5835</td>
<td>Educational services for convalescent crippled child; compliance; records.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5841</td>
<td>Charges for care and treatment of crippled child; agreement for payment; information; account; disposition of payments.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5843</td>
<td>Cost of care and surgical and medical treatment; subrogation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5847</td>
<td>Payments not considered social services aid; individual not considered indigent.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5861</td>
<td>Receiving and holding title to property; property as trust fund; disposition of property.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5863</td>
<td>Duties of department of treasury.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5871</td>
<td>Entering home or taking charge of crippled child; power to accept or refuse treatment.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5874</td>
<td>Records confidential; disclosure.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5879</td>
<td>Unlawful conduct; misdemeanor.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5901</td>
<td>Definitions.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5903</td>
<td>Risk reduction and AIDS policy commission; creation; appointment.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5905</td>
<td>Commission; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; election of chairperson, officers, and committees; per diem compensation; reimbursement of expenses.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5907</td>
<td>Commission; conducting business at public meeting; notice; writings available to public.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5909</td>
<td>Duties of commission; advisory committees.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5911</td>
<td>Michigan health initiative fund; creation; administration; expenditures; fund cumulative; amounts credited to fund; investment of fund; crediting earnings; disposition and use of unencumbered balance.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5913</td>
<td>Michigan health initiative information clearinghouse; establishment; accessibility; duties.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.5915</td>
<td>Media campaign; public service announcements.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6101</td>
<td>Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.</td>
<td>119</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6102</td>
<td>Definitions; A.</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6103</td>
<td>Definitions; C, D.</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6104</td>
<td>Definitions; E, I.</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6105</td>
<td>Definitions; S to T.</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6111</td>
<td>Records confidential; limitations on disclosure.</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6112</td>
<td>Disclosure of record with consent; revocation of authorization.</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6113</td>
<td>Disclosure of record without consent.</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6121</td>
<td>Consent by minor to treatment or services valid and binding; consent of other</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>person unnecessary; information as to treatment; responsibility for service.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6122</td>
<td>Definition of terms used in this section and §§ 333.6123 to 333.6126.</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6123</td>
<td>Substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation services for minor; request by</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>parent or person in locoparentis; diagnostic/evaluation; detoxification services; condition to performing services; performing services for physiologically dependent minor; use of psychotropic drugs.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6124</td>
<td>Court determination; petition; appointment of guardian ad litem; notice of</td>
<td>123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>hearing; right to independent diagnostic evaluation; time of hearing; placement for minor; examination of evaluations; prohibitions; court records confidential.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6125</td>
<td>Review of minor's treatment plan; transmittal of results; objection by minor to treatment plan; discharge from program; notice.</td>
<td>123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6126</td>
<td>Scheduling hearing upon receipt of objection; notice; discharge of minor or continuation of services.</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6131</td>
<td>Contracts for prevention of substance abuse, counseling, and treatment.</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6141</td>
<td>Violation; misdemeanor.</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6201</td>
<td>Office of substance abuse services; creation; nature of agency; appointment,</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>compensation, and service of administrator.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.6203</td>
<td>Office of substance abuse services; duties generally.</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.6505 Notice to family, next of kin, or other person. 133
333.6506 Voluntary admission; examination; chemical test; admission or referral; transportation; right to leave or remain; notice to family, next of kin, or other person. 133
333.6508 Liability; gross negligence or wilful and wanton misconduct. 133
333.6510 Possessions to be inventoried and held in secure place; return of possessions; contraband. 134
333.6513 Payment for treatment or transportation; liability. 134
333.6521 Records confidential; disclosure. 134
333.6523 Local law, ordinance, resolution, or rule; interpretation or application of law by local unit of government; exceptions. 134
333.7101 Meanings of words and phrases: general definitions and principles of construction. 135
333.7103 Definitions; A. 135
333.7104 Definitions; B to E. 136
333.7105 Definitions; D to H. 136
333.7106 Definitions; I to M. 137
333.7107 Definitions; N. 137
333.7108 Definitions; O. 137
333.7109 Definitions; P to U. 138
333.7111 Controlled substances advisory commission; appointment and qualifications of members; ex officio members; secretary; appointment and qualifications of drug control administrator. 138
333.7112 Controlled substances advisory commission; compensation and expenses; terms; vacancy; meetings; report; recommendations. 139
333.7113 Controlled substances advisory commission; monitoring; investigations; plan of action; annual report; establishment and use of standardized data base format; transmission of information. 139
333.7121 Application and construction of article. 139
333.7123 Effect of article on rights and duties, penalties, proceedings, prosecutions, sentencing, civil seizures or forfeitures, injunctive proceedings, and administrative proceedings. 140
333.7125 Continuation of order or rule. 140
333.7201 Administration of article; adding, deleting, or rescheduling substances. 140
333.7202 Considerations in making determination regarding substance. 140
333.7203 Findings; rule controlling substance; substance as precursor of controlled precursor. 140
333.7204 Substance designated, rescheduled, or deleted as controlled substance under federal law; notice; board meeting; similar control of substance by administrator; publication of reasons for determination. 141
333.7206 Scientific advisory commission; creation; purpose; appointment and terms of members; recommendations. 141
333.7208 Authority to control; exclusions. 141
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section Reference</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.7210</td>
<td>Inclusion of controlled substances by whatever name designated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7211</td>
<td>Schedule 1; placement of substance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7212</td>
<td>Schedule 1; controlled substances included.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7213</td>
<td>Schedule 2; placement of substance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7214</td>
<td>Schedule 2; controlled substances included.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7215</td>
<td>Schedule 3; placement of substance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7216</td>
<td>Schedule 3; controlled substances included; rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7217</td>
<td>Schedule 4; placement of substance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7218</td>
<td>Schedule 4; controlled substances included.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7219</td>
<td>Schedule 5; placement of substance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7220</td>
<td>Schedule 5; controlled substances included.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7227</td>
<td>Substances excluded from schedules of controlled substances; excluded substance as deleterious drug; manufacturing, distributing, or dispensing excluded substance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7229</td>
<td>Excepted compound, mixture, or preparation; compliance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7231</td>
<td>Notice of change in scheduling or rescheduling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7301</td>
<td>Rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7301a</td>
<td>Licensing activities subject to certain provisions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7302</td>
<td>Labeling controlled substances; contents of label; altering, defacing, or removing label.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7302a</td>
<td>Identification of certain prescription drugs and manufacturer or distributor; descriptive material; national registry of prescription drugs; exemptions; rules; “prescription drug” defined; violation as misdemeanor; penalty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7303</td>
<td>License required; renewal; scope of authority; compliance; persons exempted; waiving or imposing requirement for licensure; separate license for each principal place of business or professional practice; inspection; quarterly report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7303a</td>
<td>Licensed prescriber; administering or dispensing controlled substance without separate license; use of other controlled substances; recording response; records required to be maintained; waiver of requirement under § 333.7303.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7304</td>
<td>Exemptions from licensure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7305</td>
<td>Permitting certain persons to apply for license; application upon expiration of existing license.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7306</td>
<td>License to be granted unless inconsistent with public interest; factors in determining public interest; scope of licensure; license to dispense, prescribe, or conduct research with controlled substances in schedules 2 to 5; registration under federal law to conduct research with schedule 1 substances; effect of compliance with federal law as to registration; limitation on licensure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.7311</td>
<td>Actions by disciplinary subcommittee; grounds; limitation; conviction of felony; placing under seal or seizing controlled substances; disposition of controlled substances; judicial order for sale; deposit of proceeds; forfeiture of controlled substances; notice of orders and forfeitures; voiding license under § 333.7306; effect of conviction; applicability of subsection (7).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.7402 Creating, manufacturing, delivering, or possessing with intent to deliver counterfeit substance or controlled substance analogue intended for human consumption; applicability of section and certain federal provisions; violations; penalties. 169

333.7403 Knowingly or intentionally possessing controlled substance, controlled substance analogue, or prescription form; violations; penalties; discharge from lifetime probation. 170

333.7404 Use of controlled substance or controlled substance analogue; violations; penalties. 170

333.7405 Prohibited conduct generally; penalties. 171

333.7406 Violation of § 333.7405; penalty. 171

333.7407 Prohibited conduct; violation as felony; penalty. 171

333.7407a Attempt to violate or knowingly or intentionally solicit, induce, or intimidate another person to violate part; penalty. 172

333.7408 Penalty cumulative. 172

333.7408a Licensing sanctions. 174

333.7409 Conviction or acquittal under federal law or law of other state as bar to prosecution. 174

333.7410 Violations by individual 18 years of age or over; “school property” defined; distribution of marihuana; penalties. 174

333.7410a Delivery or intent to deliver controlled substance in or within public or private park; term of imprisonment; definitions. 175

333.7411 Probation of individual with no previous conviction; entering adjudication of guilt upon violation of probation; discharge and dismissal without adjudication of guilt; nonpublic record of arrest and discharge and dismissal; effect of civil fine for first violation; requiring individual to attend course of instruction or rehabilitation program; failure to complete instruction or program as violation of probation; screening and assessment; participation in rehabilitative programs; payment of costs; failure to complete program as violation of probation. 176

333.7413 Conviction of second or subsequent violation; penalty. 176

333.7415 Dismissal of case; reduction of charge; plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill, or nolo contendere. 177

333.7416 Recruiting, inducing, soliciting, or coercing minor to commit felony; penalties; exception. 177

333.7451 “Drug paraphernalia” defined. 178

333.7453 Sale of drug paraphernalia prohibited; notice; compliance. 178

333.7455 Violation of § 333.7453 as misdemeanor; penalty. 178

333.7457 Applicability of §§ 333.7451 to 333.7455. 179

333.7459 Action for declaratory judgment; defendant. 179

333.7461 Declaratory judgment as complete defense. 179

333.7501 Arrest without warrant. 179

333.7502 Powers of agents. 179

333.7504 Administrative inspection warrants; issuance; execution; oath or affirmation showing probable cause; seizure of property; existence of probable cause; affidavit; contents of warrant. 180
Table of Contents

333.7505 Contents, execution, and return of warrant; copy of warrant and receipt for property seized; inventory of property taken; delivering copy of inventory; filing warrant with copy of return and papers returnable. 180

333.7507 Administrative inspections of controlled premises. 181

333.7511 Restraining or enjoining violation; trial by jury. 181

333.7515 Cooperation with federal and other state agencies; relying and acting upon results, information, and evidence. 181

333.7516 Name or identity of patient, research, or individual. 181

333.7521 Property subject to forfeiture; “imitation controlled substance” defined. 182

333.7522 Property subject to forfeiture; seizure; process; seizure without process. 183

333.7523 Seizure pursuant to § 333.7522; institution of proceedings; procedure; property subject only to section or to order and judgment of court; powers of seizing agency; determining title to forfeited real property; forfeiture of real property encumbered by bona fide security interest. 184

333.7524 Disposition of forfeited property; donation of lights and scales for education purposes; appointment, compensation, and authority of receiver to dispose of forfeited real property; expenses of forfeiture proceedings; court order. 184

333.7524a Annual report by local unit of government regarding forfeiture activities; contents; audit of records. 185

333.7525 Controlled substance as contraband; seizure and summary forfeiture; seizure and forfeiture of species of plants. 186

333.7527 Destruction of controlled substance seized as evidence. 186

333.7531 Burden of proof of exemption or exception; presumption as to license or order form; burden of rebutting presumption; liability not imposed for lawful performance of duties. 186

333.7533 Judicial review. 186

333.7541 Educational programs; powers of administrator. 187

333.7543 Research and enforcement; duties of administrator. 187

333.7544 Authorization to withhold names and other identifying characteristics of individuals who are subjects of research; authorization of persons engaged in research to possess and distribute controlled substances; exemption from prosecution. 187

333.7545 Contracts for educational and research activities. 187

333.9101 Plan for health services for pupils in elementary and secondary schools; establishment; contents; cooperation in developing plan; consistency with program of school nursing services; employment of certified school nurses; excusing pupils from health instructions and class attendance. 188

333.9105 Examinations or health services provided on equal basis to school children. 188

333.9111 Pharmaceutical, biologic, and diagnostic products and by-products for human, veterinary, or agricultural use; developing, producing, purchasing, and receiving by gift; research; distribution; costs. 188

333.9112 Pharmaceutical products fund. 189

333.9121 Blood, blood plasma, blood products, blood derivatives, and human and artificial tissues; standards regulating procurement, processing, distribution, and use; rendition of service; warranty; liability. 189
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.9123</td>
<td>Testing of donor, sample, specimen, or organ for presence of HIV or antibody to HIV; applicability of subsection (1); effect of positive test results; inability to perform test; written consent to use blood, tissue, organ, or other human specimen; donation of blood exclusively for own use; use of self-replicating body fluids; informing donor of positive test result; violation; liability; definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9131</td>
<td>Family planning services; publicity; request by medically indigent individual; clinical abortions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9132</td>
<td>Consent of minor to provision of health care; notice; permission to contact parents for additional medical information; giving or withholding information without consent of minor; “health care” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9133</td>
<td>Rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9152</td>
<td>Screening pupils for scoliosis and other spinal disorders; guidelines; participation; written statement; short title of section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9161</td>
<td>Pamphlet; contents; printing; distribution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9201</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9203</td>
<td>Free immunization treatments; free periodic immunization clinics for children; publicity; mass immunization programs; liability.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9204</td>
<td>Administration of immunizing agent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9205</td>
<td>Immunization of child required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9205a</td>
<td>Risks associated with meningococcal disease; materials; notice; availability; “institution of higher education” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9206</td>
<td>Certificate of immunization required; form; contents; right to object to reporting requirement; report to department; failure to comply with subsection (3); “health care provider” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9207</td>
<td>Childhood immunization registry; establishment; purpose; confidentiality and disclosure requirements; use of information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9208</td>
<td>Certificate of immunization or statement of exemption; presentation to school officials; minimum doses of immunizing agent; updated certificate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9209</td>
<td>Immunization status of kindergarten and first grade students; minimum percentage levels of immunization; raising immunization level; report of additional immunizations; form of report; exclusion of child from school attendance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9211</td>
<td>Preschool aged child registered in program of group residence, care, or camping; certificate of immunization or statement of exemption; minimum dose of immunizing agent; updated certificate; report of immunization status.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9212</td>
<td>Immunization requirements of § 333.9208 as condition for admission to grade in public or nonpublic school.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9215</td>
<td>Exemptions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9221</td>
<td>Enforcement; cooperation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9227</td>
<td>Rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9229</td>
<td>Violation as misdemeanor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9301</td>
<td>Free hearing and vision testing and screening programs; publicity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9302</td>
<td>Duty of parent, guardian, or person in loco parentis; time and frequency of testing and screening.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.9303</td>
<td>Program to assist local health departments; establishment and administration.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.9305 Follow-up treatment; statement; information. 196
333.9307 Registration of child for kindergarten or first grade; certificate of hearing and vision testing or screening or statement of exemption required; summary of hearing or vision reports; forms; records. 196
333.9309 Individual testing and screening to determine hearing efficiency. 196
333.9311 Exemption. 196
333.9315 Advisory committee; appointment of members; duties; cooperation of department. 197
333.9321 Rules. 197
333.9329 Violation as misdemeanor. 197
333.9501 Breast cancer mortality reduction program; creation; scope. 197
333.9503 Report. 197
333.9601 Laboratories; establishment, operation, and maintenance; services; continuation of existing laboratories; location; agreements and contracts; fees; development and publication of comprehensive schedule of testing services and fees; report. 198
333.9611 Agreements relating to laboratory services. 198
333.9621 Microbiological examination and analysis; container for sample; statement; no charge. 198
333.9623 Laboratory testing fund; creation; use; unexpended funds. 199
333.10101 Definitions. 199
333.10102 Gift of all or physical part of individual's body; gift effective upon death; authorized persons; priority; circumstances; revocation; notice of opposition; time of making gift; examination; rights of donee. 200
333.10102a Requesting consent to gift of all or any physical part of decedent's body; conditions prohibiting request for consent; organ donation log; transmitting summary of information in log to department; execution of gift; development and implementation of policy regarding requests; revocation; rules; withdrawal or withholding of medical care not authorized. 201
333.10103 Authorized donees. 201
333.10104 Gift by will or document other than will. 203
333.10105 Excising eye or physical part thereof; operation and placement of gift in eye bank; persons qualified to perform operation. 203
333.10106 Gift to specified donee; delivery and deposit of will, card, or other document, or executed copy thereof; examination of document. 203
333.10107 Methods of amending or revoking gift. 204
333.10108 Acceptance or rejection of gift by donee; embalming and use of body in funeral services; custody of remainder of body after removal of physical part; liability of holder of license for practice of mortuary science; determining time of death; restriction on attending or certifying physician; immunity of person acting in good faith; applicability of laws with respect to autopsies. 204
333.10109 Construction. 204
333.10201 Definitions. 204
333.10202 Removal of cornea; circumstances. 205
333.10203 Removal of cornea; liability. 205
## Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.10204</td>
<td>Prohibited conduct; felony; permissible practices; definitions; rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.10205</td>
<td>Surgical removal of human organ for transplant, implant, infusion, injection or other purpose.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.11101</td>
<td>Prohibited donation or sale of blood or blood products; notice of violation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12101</td>
<td>“Environmental health” defined; general definitions and principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12103</td>
<td>Department as environmental health agency; purpose; duties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12104</td>
<td>Statutes which impact on environmental health; review; recommendations; state programs related to lead-based paint poisoning and rodent control.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12105</td>
<td>Organizational structure; creation; purpose.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12106</td>
<td>Delegation of license inspection function to local health department; denial or granting of license; explanatory statement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12195</td>
<td>Alternative waste disposal systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12401</td>
<td>Definitions and principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12411</td>
<td>License for operation of agricultural labor camp required; posting license or license placard; notice of construction, enlargement, or conversion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12412</td>
<td>License for operation of agricultural labor camp; form, contents, and time of application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12413</td>
<td>License for operation of agricultural labor camp; issuance; duration; recital on face of license; transferability or assignability.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12414</td>
<td>Temporary license; renewal application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12415</td>
<td>Denial of application for license; notice; hearing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12416</td>
<td>Suspension or revocation of license; grounds; notice; hearing; appeal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12421</td>
<td>Rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12425</td>
<td>Enforcement; inspection and investigation of premises; assistance; payments to local health departments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12426</td>
<td>Action for injunction or other process.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12431</td>
<td>Migratory labor housing fund; creation; appropriation; amount and basis of grant; prohibition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12432</td>
<td>Filing claim for grant; approval; priority list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12433</td>
<td>Powers of department.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12434</td>
<td>Violation as misdemeanor; each day of violation as separate violation; wilful damage or destruction of camp.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12501</td>
<td>Definitions and principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12505</td>
<td>Construction permit for campground; application; contents; campground owned or operated by state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12506</td>
<td>Campground license required; application; contents; fee; exemption; expiration; campground owned or operated by state.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12507</td>
<td>Campground facilities to meet requirements prescribed under § 333.12511.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.12508 Campground license; issuance; display; notice of denial; statement of reasons; reconsideration; hearing; appeal. 213
333.12509 Campground license; transfer. 213
333.12511 Rules. 213
333.12512 Notice of noncompliance; specifying particular violations; time for compliance; revocation of license; notice of hearing; charges; hearing; decision; appeal. 214
333.12513 Advisory board; purpose; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members. 214
333.12514 Access to campground; purpose. 214
333.12515 Application and construction of §§ 333.12501 to 333.12516. 214
333.12516 Violation as misdemeanor; action for injunction. 214
333.12521 Definitions used in §§ 333.12521 to 333.12534. 215
333.12522 Public swimming pool; review of design, construction, and operation; rules. 215
333.12523 Construction and operation of public swimming pools; supervisory and visitorial power; control. 215
333.12524 Public swimming pools; periodic inspections; right of entry. 215
333.12525 Construction or modification of public swimming pool; review and approval of plans and specifications; fee; permit; responsibility of applicant or owner; nuisance or hazard to health or safety; description of swimming pool system and auxiliary structures. 215
333.12526 Examination of plans and specifications; determination; issuance of permit; notice of deficiencies; resubmission of documents; duration of permit; written approval of change. 216
333.12527 Operation permit required; fee; display; expiration; renewal; replacement. 216
333.12527a Fees. 216
333.12528 Denial of operation permit; grounds; notice; failure to correct deficiencies or noncomplying items. 217
333.12529 Revocation of operation permit; grounds; hearing; reissuance. 217
333.12530 Periodic reports covering operation of public swimming pools. 217
333.12531 Ordering owner or operator to prohibit use of swimming pool. 217
333.12531a Use of life jacket in public swimming pool. 217
333.12532 Payments to local health departments. 218
333.12533 Violation as misdemeanor; each day of violation as separate violation; prosecution. 218
333.12534 Action for injunction or other process. 218
333.12541 Testing and evaluating quality of water at bathing beaches; purpose; posting sign; injunction; definitions. 219
333.12542 Public bathing beach; safety and rescue equipment; communication with outside sources of assistance. 219
333.12543 Consulting and cooperating with local health officers; training for employees; assistance. 219
333.12544 Rules; contents; use. 219
333.12545 Violation as misdemeanor. 219
### Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.12546</td>
<td>Local regulations.</td>
<td>219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12561</td>
<td>Suppression of swimmers' itch and other nuisance-producing organisms; supervising chemical treatment of waters; experiments; equipment and materials; rules.</td>
<td>219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12562</td>
<td>Application of chemicals lawful; permit to conduct control work; expiration; times, conditions, and safeguards; fee submitted with permit application; disposition of fee.</td>
<td>220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12563</td>
<td>Failure to obtain permit; violation of rule or condition of permit; misdemeanor; revocation of permit.</td>
<td>220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12601</td>
<td>Definitions.</td>
<td>221</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12603</td>
<td>Smoking in public place or at meeting of public body prohibited; exception; applicability of section.</td>
<td>221</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12604</td>
<td>Smoking in a child caring institution or child care center or on the real property under control of institution or center; violation; penalties.</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12604a</td>
<td>Smoking in private practice office or health facility prohibited; exceptions.</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12605</td>
<td>Designation of smoking area; minimizing toxic effect of smoke; public place consisting of single room; written policy for separation of smokers and nonsmokers.</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12607</td>
<td>Prevention of smoking; duties of state or local governmental agency.</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12609</td>
<td>Rules.</td>
<td>222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12611</td>
<td>Violation; compliance; civil fine.</td>
<td>223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12613</td>
<td>Enforcement; civil fine; injunctive relief; remedies independent and cumulative.</td>
<td>223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12614</td>
<td>Reports.</td>
<td>223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12615</td>
<td>Part cumulative.</td>
<td>223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12616</td>
<td>Short title.</td>
<td>223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12617</td>
<td>Effective date.</td>
<td>223</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12701</td>
<td>Definitions used in §§ 333.12701 to 333.12715.</td>
<td>224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12703</td>
<td>Applicability of §§ 333.12701 to 333.12715.</td>
<td>224</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12704</td>
<td>Certificate of registration as well drilling contractor, pump installer, water well drilling contractor, or dewatering well pump installer; application; fees; exemption.</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12705</td>
<td>Certificate of registration; issuance; nontransferable; expiration; renewal; examination; eligibility; reciprocity.</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12706</td>
<td>Numbers, seal, and words to be placed on well drilling machine.</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12707</td>
<td>Record required; contents; copies; forms; sufficiency of record for drive point well.</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12708</td>
<td>Entering and inspecting installation.</td>
<td>226</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12709</td>
<td>Inspection of violation; order; notice of suspension of certificate of registration; petition for hearing; revocation of certificate of registration.</td>
<td>226</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12711</td>
<td>Advisory board; creation; appointment and qualifications of members.</td>
<td>226</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12712</td>
<td>Advisory board; terms of members; vacancies.</td>
<td>226</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section Number</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12713</td>
<td>Advisory board; election of chairperson; secretary; number of meetings; quorum; conducting business at public meeting; notice of meeting; compensation and expenses.</td>
<td>227</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12714</td>
<td>Rules and construction code.</td>
<td>227</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12715</td>
<td>Violation as misdemeanor; penalties; prosecution.</td>
<td>227</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12721</td>
<td>Adding fluoride to water.</td>
<td>227</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12751</td>
<td>Definitions used in §§ 333.12752 to 333.12758.</td>
<td>228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12752</td>
<td>Public sanitary sewer systems; declaration of necessity.</td>
<td>228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12753</td>
<td>Structures in which sanitary sewage originates to be connected to public sanitary sewer; approval; time.</td>
<td>228</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12754</td>
<td>Failure to connect structure to public sanitary sewer; notice; action to compel connection.</td>
<td>229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12756</td>
<td>Tap-in fee for connection; deferment of payment by reason of hardship; application; evidence of hardship; ordinance defining hardship and permitting deferred or partial payment; condition to granting deferred or partial payment.</td>
<td>229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12757</td>
<td>Installation and use of acceptable innovative or alternative waste treatment system alone or in combination with acceptable alternative greywater system; regulation by local health department; guidelines; exemption from special assessments not permitted; connection to available public sanitary sewer system not required; payment of sewer availability fee in lieu of connection or user fees; exemption from connection or user fees.</td>
<td>230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12758</td>
<td>Voluntary connection to public sanitary sewer system; provisions cumulative.</td>
<td>230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12771</td>
<td>Outhouses; requirements; rules; violation as misdemeanor; public nuisance; “outhouse” defined.</td>
<td>230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12905</td>
<td>Public areas as nonsmoking; “public area” defined; seating designated for smokers; increasing seating for smokers prohibited; shopping malls; determination of compliance; criteria for denying, suspending, limiting, or revoking license; complaint of violation; investigation; order to cease food service operations; applicability of section to private facility, separate room, or fraternal organization; definitions.</td>
<td>231</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12909</td>
<td>Rules; manufacturing, processing, or freezing frozen desserts; compliance with standards; adoption of federal provisions by reference; recognition of other enforcement procedures; meanings of certain terms; expiration of subsection (3); food service establishment or vending machine in place before effective date of part; food service sanitation program as required service.</td>
<td>232</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12915</td>
<td>Local authority limited; exception; local permit; compliance with local codes, regulations, or ordinances.</td>
<td>233</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.12922</td>
<td>Violation as misdemeanor.</td>
<td>233</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.13101</td>
<td>Definitions.</td>
<td>233</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13102</td>
<td>Tattoo, brand, or body piercing on minor; consent of parent or guardian required; individual under influence of intoxicating liquor or controlled substance.</td>
<td>233</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13103</td>
<td>Violation as misdemeanor; penalty; liability in civil action; damages, court costs, and attorney fees.</td>
<td>233</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13301</td>
<td>Definitions and principles of construction.</td>
<td>234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13303</td>
<td>Class IV cleaning installation; establishment or remodeling; examination and approval of drawings; scale and contents of drawings; specifications.</td>
<td>234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13304</td>
<td>Inspection of building and premises; conformity as condition to issuance of license.</td>
<td>234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13305</td>
<td>License required.</td>
<td>234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13306</td>
<td>License; application; issuance; duration; fee; fee adjustment; “Detroit consumer price index” defined.</td>
<td>235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13307</td>
<td>Inspections; delegation to local health department; costs; local ordinance prohibited; staff.</td>
<td>235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13308</td>
<td>License renewal; application; fee; issuance.</td>
<td>235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13309</td>
<td>Exhibition of license.</td>
<td>235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13310</td>
<td>Applicability of § 29.5i.</td>
<td>235</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13311</td>
<td>Installation in building approved by department.</td>
<td>236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13312</td>
<td>Prohibited installation; exception.</td>
<td>236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13313</td>
<td>Preventing escape of vapors; ventilation; exception.</td>
<td>236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13314</td>
<td>Use of flammable solvent.</td>
<td>236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13315</td>
<td>Fire extinguishers.</td>
<td>236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13316</td>
<td>Installation to be kept in clean and sanitary condition.</td>
<td>236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13321</td>
<td>Enforcement; suspension, revocation, or denial of license; finding of emergency; emergency order; hearing; continuing, modifying, or revoking order.</td>
<td>236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13322</td>
<td>Rules; appointment of advisory committee.</td>
<td>237</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13325</td>
<td>Violations; penalties.</td>
<td>237</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13407</td>
<td>Use of tanning device by minor; consent of parent or guardian required; minor less than 14 years to be accompanied by parent or guardian; protective eyewear; “minor” defined.</td>
<td>237</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13501</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
<td>238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13505</td>
<td>License, registration, or exemption required.</td>
<td>238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13506</td>
<td>Applicability of §§ 333.13505 and 333.13515 to 333.13536.</td>
<td>238</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13511</td>
<td>Agreements as to inspections, environmental monitoring, or other functions.</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13515</td>
<td>Department as radiation control agency; duties generally.</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13516</td>
<td>Finding of emergency; emergency order; hearing; continuing, modifying, or revoking order.</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13517</td>
<td>Right of entry to determine compliance or violation; warrant; search and seizure.</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13518</td>
<td>Operation of environmental monitoring systems; collection and coordination of radiation data.</td>
<td>239</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.13521  Rules generally.  240
333.13522  Rules; avoiding dual licensing; recognition of other state or federal licenses; schedule of fees; deposit of fees; nonrefundable fees in connection with mammography authorization; waiver of fee; waiver prohibited; adjustment of fees.  241
333.13523  Radiation machine; registration; temporary authorization; authorization; standards; application; certificate; inspections; denial or withdrawal of authorization; hearing; emergency order; reinstatement of authorization; fine; notice; rules; definitions.  243
333.13525  Licensing, regulation, or registration by municipalities prohibited.  244
333.13531  Radiation advisory board; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; expenses; duty to furnish technical advice.  244
333.13535  Violations; penalties.  244
333.13536  Injunction; order directing compliance.  244
333.13607  Repeal of §§ 333.13601 to 333.13606.  244
333.13701  Meanings of words and phrases.  244
333.13702  Definitions; A to H.  245
333.13703  Definitions; G to M.  246
333.13704  Definitions; M to S.  247
333.13705  Regulatory responsibility.  247
333.13706  Implementation and enforcement of part; coordination of regulatory activities; consultation, cooperation, and assistance.  247
333.13707  Review and recommendations; conflicting laws and rules.  248
333.13708  Duties of director or director's designee.  249
333.13709  Compliance; disposal of waste; full agreement state status; waiver; acceptance of waste for disposal.  249
333.13710  Minimum criteria for design, construction, and operation of disposal site.  250
333.13711  Licensing requirements for design, construction, and operation of disposal site.  250
333.13712  Construction and operating license; application; additional information; fee; license nontransferable.  251
333.13713  Application for construction and operating license; additional information; nullification of contract; supplementing and keeping current information.  251
333.13714  Surety bond, secured trust fund, or other suitable secured instrument or mechanism.  252
333.13715  Financial responsibility.  252
333.13716  Duties of department; issuance or denial of license; consultation; cooperation; assistance; exemption; effect of local requirements.  253
333.13717  Independent contractor; inspecting and verifying construction of disposal site; qualification of contractor; certification; compliance; filing and availability of inspection results; addressing deficiencies.  254
333.13718  Temporary or permanent closure of disposal site; reopening.  254
<p>| 333.13719  | Release of waste or hazardous waste; remedial action; site closure and stabilization; cost. | 254 |
| 333.13720  | Site closure and stabilization; control; cost; rules; surveillance and maintenance of disposal site. | 254 |
| 333.13721  | Amendment to construction and operating license. | 255 |
| 333.13721a | Disposal shipment registration system; validity and contents of approved disposal shipment certificate; application for certificate; duty of generator, processor, or collector; duty of carrier; approval or denial of application for certificate; amended certificate. | 255 |
| 333.13722  | Manifest; duties of authority accepting waste at disposal site. | 256 |
| 333.13723  | Operation of disposal site; inspection of shipment; refusal to accept waste; return of waste; seizure and impoundment of vehicle and contents; imposition of surcharges; notice; unloading; requirements as to transport vehicle; informing department of violations. | 256 |
| 333.13724  | Compact member states; list of generators, carriers, processors, and collectors; state laws and rules; valid permits; permitting and regulatory system; permission to receive waste; equivalent privileges; expenses; liabilities; primary place of business; eligibility for permit. | 257 |
| 333.13725  | Generator's permit; identification number; requirements; conditions; validity; issuance or renewal; application; nontransferable; applicability; fee; modification of permit; automatic issuance of permit. | 258 |
| 333.13726  | Duties of generator; generator acting as carrier, collector, or processor. | 258 |
| 333.13727  | Carrier's permit; identification number; requirements; conditions; validity; issuance or renewal; application; registration and inspection of vehicle; inspection fee; vehicle tag; permit nontransferable; applicability; application fee; modification of permit; administrative costs; specifying available routes. | 259 |
| 333.13728  | Manifest as condition to transporting of waste by carrier; certification; contents; delivery; retaining copy of manifest; forwarding copy of manifest. | 259 |
| 333.13729  | Collector's permit; identification number; requirements; conditions; validity; issuance or renewal; application; nontransferable; applicability; fee; modification of permit; administrative costs. | 260 |
| 333.13730  | Manifest as condition to collector accepting delivery of waste; certification; contents; transfer; retaining copy of manifest; forwarding copy of manifest. | 260 |
| 333.13731  | Processor's permit; identification number; requirements; conditions; validity; issuance or renewal; application; nontransferable; applicability; fee; modification of permit; administrative costs. | 261 |
| 333.13732  | Manifest as condition to processor accepting delivery of waste; certification; contents; transportation of waste; forwarding copy of certified manifest to generator; retaining copy of manifest; preparation of manifest; compliance; records; packaging waste; labeling containers. | 261 |
| 333.13733  | Condition to possession of waste; data as public information. | 261 |
| 333.13734  | Implied consent; due process rights; surety bond, secured trust fund, or other secured instrument or mechanism; reimbursement of costs resulting from violation; conduct constituting violation. | 262 |
| 333.13735  | Notice of release of waste; report. | 262 |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.13736</td>
<td>Sanctions for negligence or failure to exercise due care; grounds for suspending, revoking, annulling, withdrawing, recalling, or cancelling license or permit; order; procedures, hearings, oaths, subpoenas, and testimony; books, papers, or documents; aid of circuit court; grounds for denial of application for license or permit; monitoring, surveillance, and inspection; spot checks; advising authority of regulatory actions; administrative inspection warrant; search warrant; probable cause.</td>
<td>263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13737</td>
<td>Action to restrain, enjoin, prevent, or correct violation; rules adopting schedule of monetary civil fines.</td>
<td>263</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13738</td>
<td>Order requiring compliance or remedial action; emergency order; civil action; venue; civil fine; violation as misdemeanor or felony; penalty; “state of mind”; “placing person in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury”; affirmative defense; “serious bodily injury”; action for damage; costs of litigation; intervention.</td>
<td>265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13739</td>
<td>Action for injunction; noncompliance by department.</td>
<td>265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13740</td>
<td>Disposition of receipts from civil fines and fees; appropriations; construction of section; expenditures required as result of release.</td>
<td>265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13741</td>
<td>Lawful activity not prohibited or restricted.</td>
<td>265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13801</td>
<td>Short title.</td>
<td>265</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13803</td>
<td>Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.</td>
<td>266</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13805</td>
<td>Definitions; A to M.</td>
<td>266</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13807</td>
<td>Definitions; P to T.</td>
<td>266</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13809</td>
<td>Producing facility not incinerating medical waste on site; containment of medical waste.</td>
<td>267</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13810</td>
<td>Producing facility incinerating medical waste on site; containment of medical waste.</td>
<td>267</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13811</td>
<td>Storage, decontamination, and disposal of medical waste.</td>
<td>268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13813</td>
<td>Producing facility; registration; form; medical waste management plan required; registration fee; certificate of registration; investigation of complaint; inspection of facility; disposition of fees.</td>
<td>268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13815</td>
<td>Registration fee.</td>
<td>268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13817</td>
<td>Medical waste management plan; contents; compliance; update; availability.</td>
<td>269</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13819</td>
<td>Medical waste management plan; modification; warning.</td>
<td>269</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13821</td>
<td>Manner of packaging medical waste.</td>
<td>269</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13823</td>
<td>Investigation and confirmation of reported medical waste on land or water; report; protective measures; consultations; information on results of investigation.</td>
<td>270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13825</td>
<td>Investigation and confirmation of violation; report; corrective and protective measures; consultations; assistance; information on results of investigation.</td>
<td>270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13827</td>
<td>Interdepartmental medical waste advisory council; creation; appointment and qualifications of members; chairperson; duties of advisory council.</td>
<td>271</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13829</td>
<td>Medical waste emergency response fund; creation; deposits; investments; interest and earnings; no reversion to general fund; use of fund.</td>
<td>271</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13830</td>
<td>Rules to prescribe training standards.</td>
<td>271</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.13831</td>
<td>Violation; administrative fine; failure to register or have plan available for inspection; injunction.</td>
<td>271</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16101</td>
<td>Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.</td>
<td>272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16103</td>
<td>Definitions; B, C.</td>
<td>272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16103a</td>
<td>“Committee” defined.</td>
<td>272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16104</td>
<td>Definitions; D to G.</td>
<td>272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16105</td>
<td>Definitions; H.</td>
<td>273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16105a</td>
<td>“Health professional recovery program” defined.</td>
<td>273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16106</td>
<td>Definitions; I to L.</td>
<td>273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16106a</td>
<td>“Impaired” or “Impairment” defined.</td>
<td>273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16107</td>
<td>Definitions; P.</td>
<td>274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16108</td>
<td>Definitions; R.</td>
<td>274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16109</td>
<td>Definitions; S to T.</td>
<td>274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16109a</td>
<td>“Treatment” or “treatment plan” defined.</td>
<td>274</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16111</td>
<td>Applicability of part; part controls over other parts in article; effect of part on other licenses and registrants.</td>
<td>275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16115</td>
<td>Board created as successor to former board with same or similar name.</td>
<td>275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16121</td>
<td>Board or task force; appointment of members; vacancy; nominations; removal or suspension of member.</td>
<td>275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16122</td>
<td>Board or task force; term of members.</td>
<td>275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16125</td>
<td>Licensing board; membership.</td>
<td>275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16126</td>
<td>Registration board; membership.</td>
<td>276</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16128</td>
<td>Health profession subfield task force and health profession specialty field task force; membership.</td>
<td>276</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16131</td>
<td>Boards and task forces; expiration of terms of members; exception.</td>
<td>277</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16131.amended</td>
<td>Boards and task forces; expiration of terms of members; exception.</td>
<td>278</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16135</td>
<td>Board, committee, or task force; qualifications of members.</td>
<td>278</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16137</td>
<td>Board, committee, or task force; compensation and expenses of members.</td>
<td>279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16138</td>
<td>Board, committee, or task force; meetings; quorum; final action; voting by proxy prohibited; times and places of meetings; minutes; record of actions; meetings open to public.</td>
<td>279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16139</td>
<td>Board or task force; election of chairperson or vice-chairperson; selection and terms of officers; vacancy; presiding officer.</td>
<td>279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16141</td>
<td>Committee, board, or task force; office services; offices, records and money; managerial and administrative functions; administrative and secretarial staff, clerks, and employees; salaries and expenses; rules.</td>
<td>279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16143</td>
<td>Committee, board, or task force; bylaws; annual report; actions and determinations; contracts for assistance.</td>
<td>280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16145</td>
<td>Board or task force; official seal; rules.</td>
<td>280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16146</td>
<td>Board; granting license or registration; certification of licensees; reclassification of licenses.</td>
<td>280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16148</td>
<td>Board; rules establishing standards for education and training; accreditation of training programs; requirements for actions or decisions; voting; applicability of R 388.10305 to certain members of nursing facilities.</td>
<td>281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16161</td>
<td>Health profession subfield task force and health profession specialty field task force; function.</td>
<td>281</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16163</td>
<td>Task force; recommendations to board.</td>
<td>282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16165</td>
<td>Health professional recovery committee; creation; appointment of members; ex officio member; qualifications.</td>
<td>282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16166</td>
<td>Committee; term; vacancy.</td>
<td>282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16167</td>
<td>Committee; duties.</td>
<td>282</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16168</td>
<td>Contracts with private entities to assist with health professional recovery program; report.</td>
<td>283</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16169</td>
<td>Impairment of health professional; transmitting information; determination.</td>
<td>283</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16170</td>
<td>Acceptance into health professional recovery program; requirements; participation; false representation of completion; violation as felony.</td>
<td>283</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16170a</td>
<td>Confidentiality; destruction of records; applicability of subsection (3).</td>
<td>284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16171</td>
<td>License for practice of health profession; exemptions.</td>
<td>284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16174</td>
<td>License or registration; requirements; permitted acts by board or task force; sanctions; disclosure.</td>
<td>285</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16175</td>
<td>License or registration; minimum standards of educational prerequisites.</td>
<td>285</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16177</td>
<td>License or registration; form of application; inclusion of social security number; examination; passing scores; additional information; exception to social security requirement.</td>
<td>286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16178</td>
<td>Examinations, investigations, or evaluations to determine qualifications of applicants; passing national or regional examination; reexamination; notice of examination or evaluation.</td>
<td>286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16179</td>
<td>Unlawful conduct in connection with examination or application.</td>
<td>286</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16181</td>
<td>Temporary license; nonrenewable; exception; eligibility; duration; automatically voiding; supervision; issuance; study.</td>
<td>287</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16182</td>
<td>Limited licenses; issuance.</td>
<td>287</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16186</td>
<td>Reciprocity; requirements.</td>
<td>288</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16186.amended</td>
<td>Reciprocity; requirements; person licensed as respiratory therapist in Canada.</td>
<td>289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16191</td>
<td>Certificate of licensure or registration; issuance; display; card to be available for inspection; displaying statement of limitation.</td>
<td>289</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16192</td>
<td>Reporting change in name or address; notice of hearing or complaint; service; license or registration not transferable.</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16193</td>
<td>Chemical analysis; implied consent to submit.</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16194</td>
<td>Expiration of licenses and registrations for health professions; authority to issue part-term licenses and registrations.</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16196</td>
<td>License or registration of individual inducted or entering into service; continuation; notice.</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16201</td>
<td>Renewal of license or registration; mailing notice; failure to receive notice; failure to renew; relicensing or reregistration; temporary license or registration; authority to impose sanctions not terminated by expiration or surrender of license or registration.</td>
<td>291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16204</td>
<td>Completion of continuing education as condition for license renewal; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management; rules.</td>
<td>291</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16204a</td>
<td>Advisory committee on pain and symptom management; creation; members; compensation; expenses; terms; duties; review of guidelines.</td>
<td>292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16204b</td>
<td>Treatment of pain; enactment of legislation.</td>
<td>292</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16204c</td>
<td>Medical treatment of pain; use of controlled substances; legislative findings; treatment by licensed health professionals; electronic monitoring system; “controlled substance” defined.</td>
<td>293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16204d</td>
<td>Information booklet on pain; development by department of consumer and industry services; educational program for health professionals.</td>
<td>293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16205</td>
<td>Attendance at educational programs as condition to license renewal; waiver; rules for assessing continued competence.</td>
<td>293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16211</td>
<td>Individual historical record; creation; contents; review by department; retention of unsubstantiated allegations; removal; review of record by licensee or applicant.</td>
<td>294</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16215</td>
<td>Delegation of acts, tasks, or functions to licensed or unlicensed individual; supervision; rules; immunity.</td>
<td>295</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16216</td>
<td>Disciplinary subcommittee for board or task force; members; voting; chairperson.</td>
<td>295</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16221</td>
<td>Investigation of licensee, registrant, or applicant for licensure or registration; hearings, oaths, and testimony; report; grounds for proceeding under § 333.16226.</td>
<td>297</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16222</td>
<td>Knowledge of violation; report to department; confidentiality of information; failure to make report; exception; identity of licensee or registrant making report; notice of criminal conviction or disciplinary action by another state.</td>
<td>298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16223</td>
<td>Impairment of licensee, registrant, or applicant; report; exception; liability.</td>
<td>298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16224</td>
<td>Failure or refusal to submit to examination as grounds for denial or suspension of license; additional grounds for disciplinary actions.</td>
<td>298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16226</td>
<td>Sanctions; determination; judicial review; maximum fine for violation of § 333.16221(a) or (b); completion of program or examination.</td>
<td>299</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16227</td>
<td>Suspension or revocation of license or registration; grounds; other sanction or action.</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16228</td>
<td>Prescription of controlled substance; investigation; ad hoc review panel.</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16231</td>
<td>Allegation; review; investigation; compliance conference; duties of department following investigation; complaint; failure to respond.</td>
<td>301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16231a</td>
<td>Failure to reach agreement at compliance conference held under § 333.16231(4); hearing; conduct; determination by hearings examiner; request for continuance; representation; failure to appear as default; notice; sanction.</td>
<td>301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16232</td>
<td>Hearings.</td>
<td>302</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16233</td>
<td>Investigations; order to cease and desist; hearing; violation of order; summary suspension of license or registration.</td>
<td>302</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16234</td>
<td>Conduct of hearings; authority of department.</td>
<td>302</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16235</td>
<td>Subpoena; prima facie evidence of matters recorded; admissible evidence.</td>
<td>303</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16236</td>
<td>Mental or physical examination; expense; consent; waiver.</td>
<td>303</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16237</td>
<td>Imposition of penalty by disciplinary subcommittee; review of recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law; assignment of independent special assistant attorney general; additional testimony and evidence; sanction; completion of action; appeal.</td>
<td>304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16238</td>
<td>Confidentiality of information; compliance conference closed to public.</td>
<td>304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16239</td>
<td>Pamphlet.</td>
<td>304</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16241</td>
<td>Publishing list of names and addresses of disciplined individuals; distribution of compilation; report of disciplinary actions; report upon summary suspension of license; notice of revocation or suspension; reports.</td>
<td>305</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16243</td>
<td>Reports; reporting name of licensee, amount of damages awarded, or amount of approved settlement.</td>
<td>306</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16244</td>
<td>Immunity from civil or criminal liability; physician-patient privilege inapplicable; confidentiality of information; disclosure; prohibition.</td>
<td>306</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16245</td>
<td>Reinstatement of limited, suspended, or revoked license or registration; application; payment; time; hearing; guidelines; fees.</td>
<td>307</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16247</td>
<td>Reinstatement of license or issuance of limited license; requirements.</td>
<td>307</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16248</td>
<td>Reinstatement of registration; requirements.</td>
<td>307</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16249</td>
<td>Reclassification of limited license; requirements.</td>
<td>308</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16261</td>
<td>Health profession; prohibited use of insignia, title, letter, word, or phrase.</td>
<td>308</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16263</td>
<td>Restricted use of words, titles, or letters.</td>
<td>309</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16263.amended</td>
<td>Restricted use of words, titles, or letters.</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16264</td>
<td>Use of insignia, titles, letters, or phrases granted by authorized educational program or institution or professional organization or association.</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16265</td>
<td>Use of terms “doctor” or “dr.”.</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16266</td>
<td>Compliance.</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16267</td>
<td>HIV infected test subject; compliance reporting requirements; definitions.</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16273</td>
<td>Artificial insemination services on anonymous basis; use of frozen sperm; testing sperm donor for presence of HIV or antibody to HIV; violation; liability; definitions.</td>
<td>311</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.16274</td>
<td>Human cloning; prohibited acts; exception; violation of subsection (1); private right of action; definitions.</td>
<td>311</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16275</td>
<td>Human cloning; prohibition; exception; violation; penalty; private right of action; “human cloning” defined.</td>
<td>311</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16277</td>
<td>Nonemergency health care; limitation on liability; additional restrictions; exceptions; definitions.</td>
<td>312</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16281</td>
<td>Initiation of child abuse or neglect investigations; notice to licensee or registrant; request for child's medical records and information; release of medical records and information; inapplicable privileges; immunity from liability; exception; duties imposed by other statutes.</td>
<td>313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16291</td>
<td>Violation; injunctive relief; criminal proceeding; prosecution.</td>
<td>313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16294</td>
<td>Unlawful conduct; felony.</td>
<td>313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16296</td>
<td>Unlawful conduct; misdemeanor; penalties.</td>
<td>313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16299</td>
<td>Violation as misdemeanor; penalties; exception.</td>
<td>314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16301</td>
<td>Fees generally.</td>
<td>314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16303</td>
<td>Nonrefundable application processing fee; examination or inspection fee; fee for initial license or registration period.</td>
<td>314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16305</td>
<td>Examination fee; forfeiture; reexamination fee.</td>
<td>314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16307</td>
<td>License and registration fees; completion of requirements for licensure or registration; forfeiture of fees; effect of void application.</td>
<td>314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16315</td>
<td>Health professions regulatory fund; nurse professional fund; official prescription form program fund; pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund.</td>
<td>315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16317</td>
<td>Fees; limitation on increase; schedule.</td>
<td>316</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16319</td>
<td>Fees.</td>
<td>316</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16321</td>
<td>Chiropractor; fees.</td>
<td>316</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16323</td>
<td>Dentist, dental assistant, or dental hygienist; fees.</td>
<td>317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16324</td>
<td>Marriage and family therapy; license fees.</td>
<td>317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16325</td>
<td>Medicine; fees.</td>
<td>318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16327</td>
<td>Registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or trained attendant; fees.</td>
<td>318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16328</td>
<td>Nursing home administrator; licensing fees.</td>
<td>318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16329</td>
<td>Optometry; fees.</td>
<td>319</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16331</td>
<td>Osteopathic medicine and surgery; fees.</td>
<td>320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16333</td>
<td>Pharmacy or other practices regulated under Part 177; fees.</td>
<td>320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16335</td>
<td>Physical therapy; fees.</td>
<td>321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16337</td>
<td>Physician's assistant; fees.</td>
<td>321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16339</td>
<td>Podiatric medicine; fees.</td>
<td>321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16341</td>
<td>Counseling; fees.</td>
<td>322</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16343</td>
<td>Psychologist; fees.</td>
<td>322</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16344</td>
<td>Respiratory therapist; license fees.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16345</td>
<td>Certified occupational therapist or certified occupational therapist assistant; fees.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16347</td>
<td>Sanitarian; fees.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16348</td>
<td>Registered bachelor social worker, registered master's social worker, or registered social work technician; fees.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16349</td>
<td>Veterinary medicine or veterinary technician; fees.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16401</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16411</td>
<td>License or authorization required; scope and effect of act.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16412</td>
<td>Limited license; qualifications; suspension; duration; nonrenewable.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16421</td>
<td>Michigan board of chiropractic; creation; membership.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16423</td>
<td>Analytical instruments and adjustment apparatus; rules; criteria; standards.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16431</td>
<td>Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16601</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16608</td>
<td>Health profession specialty field license; qualifications; renewal; reference as specialty certification.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16611</td>
<td>Dentist, dental hygienist, or dental assistant; license or authorization required; deep scaling, root planing, and removal of calcareous deposits; qualifications for dental hygienist licensure; administration of intraoral block and infiltration anesthesia by dental hygienist; requirements; additional delegation of procedures; third party reimbursement; definitions.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16621</td>
<td>Michigan board of dentistry; creation; appointment and qualifications of members; meetings; voting.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16624</td>
<td>Task force; creation; purpose; membership.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16625</td>
<td>Rules as to dental hygienist or dental assistant; dental hygiene services performed under supervision of dentist as part of program for dentally underserved program; designation of grantee health agency; advisory committee; “supervision” defined.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16627</td>
<td>Establishment of dental clinic by nonprofit corporation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16641</td>
<td>Work authorization for dental laboratory services required; retention and inspection of work authorizations and copies.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16642</td>
<td>Work authorization for dental laboratory work; form; contents; name or number of work authorization to accompany invoice; prohibition.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16643</td>
<td>Dental laboratory; prohibited conduct.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16644</td>
<td>Record of dental treatment required; retention; rules prescribing form and content; using record for identification purposes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16645</td>
<td>Marking identification on denture or orthodontic appliance.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16647</td>
<td>Dental laboratory; inspection; compliance; violation as misdemeanor.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16648</td>
<td>Information relative to care and treatment of dental patient; confidentiality; privilege; disclosure; consent; instances not prohibiting disclosure.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16901</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.16903</td>
<td>Restricted use of title; advertising; limited license; use of title during training period.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.16905  Exceptions.  333
333.16907  Board of marriage and family therapy; creation; membership.  333
333.16909  Marriage and family therapist; licensure requirements.  334
333.16911  Privileged information; waiver.  334
333.16913  Licenses issued under former article; terms of board members appointed under former section; effect of rules promulgated under former article.  335
333.16915  Additional health care payments or benefits not mandated by part.  335
333.17001  Definitions; principles of construction.  336
333.17008  Physician's assistant; health profession subfield.  336
333.17011  License or authorization required; granting license to individuals meeting certain requirements; prohibition.  336
333.17012  Postgraduate medical study requiring practice of medicine; full or limited license required; requirements of limited license; training; renewing limited license.  336
333.17013  Alternative methods of treatment of breast cancer; duty of physician to inform patient; standardized written summary or brochure; form; civil action.  337
333.17014  Legislative findings.  338
333.17015  Informed consent; definitions; duties of physician or assistant; location; disclosure of information; website maintained and operated by department; medical emergency necessitating abortion; duties of department; physician's duty to inform patient; validity of consent or certification form; right to abortion not created; prohibition; portion of act found invalid; duties of local health department; confidentiality.  342
333.17016  Performance of partial-birth abortion prohibited.  342
333.17020  Genetic test; informed consent.  343
333.17021  Michigan board of medicine; creation; membership; waiver; limitation on powers and duties.  344
333.17025  Joint task force; creation; membership; waiver.  344
333.17030  Clinical academic limited license; requirements; annual renewal; duration of practice.  344
333.17031  Condition for more than limited licensure; requirements for full license to practice medicine; filing and contents of written statement; civil or criminal liability; rebuttable presumption.  345
333.17033  Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.  345
333.17048  Limitation on number of physician's assistants supervised; prohibiting or restricting delegation of medical care service or requiring higher levels of supervision; delegation of ultimate responsibility prohibited; rules as to drugs; ordering, receiving, and dispensing complimentary starter dose drugs.  346
333.17049  Responsibilities of physician supervising physician's assistant.  346
333.17050  Supervision prohibited; grounds.  346

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.17054</td>
<td>Criteria for licensure of physician's assistants and for evaluation of training programs; recommendations.</td>
<td>346</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17056</td>
<td>Exception.</td>
<td>346</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17060</td>
<td>Duties of task force.</td>
<td>347</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17062</td>
<td>Applicant for licensure as physician's assistant; qualifications.</td>
<td>347</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17064</td>
<td>Applicant for licensure as physician's assistant; examination required; waiver; nature of examination; use of national examination; discrimination prohibited; reciprocity; investigation; additional documentation or information.</td>
<td>348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17066</td>
<td>Standards and decisions regarding qualifications of physician's assistants; design.</td>
<td>348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17068</td>
<td>Application by physician's assistant for licensure or renewal of licensure; form; requirements for relicensing; standards; temporary license.</td>
<td>348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17070</td>
<td>Granting renewal; notice of denial; right to hearing.</td>
<td>348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17072</td>
<td>Certificate of licensure, temporary licensure, or renewal; issuance; contents; interim licensure; nonrenewable temporary license; display; pocket card; identification.</td>
<td>349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17074</td>
<td>Prohibited undertakings, representations, and services by physician's assistant; permissible services.</td>
<td>349</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17076</td>
<td>Medical care services by physician's assistant; supervision required; exception; medical care setting required; making calls or going on rounds; prescribing drugs; indicating name of supervising physician; ordering, receiving, and dispensing complimentary starter dose drugs.</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17078</td>
<td>Physician's assistant as agent of supervising physician; privileged communications; minimal standards.</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17082</td>
<td>Investigations and evaluations by task force; purpose; revision of criteria for education and training; continuation of program approval and criteria.</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17084</td>
<td>Register of programs; contents; public inspection.</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17201</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
<td>351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17208</td>
<td>Licensed practical nurse; health profession subfield.</td>
<td>351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17209</td>
<td>Renewal of license to practice as trained attendant; eligibility; “practice as a trained attendant” defined; original license prohibited; licensed psychiatric attendant nurse considered licensed practical nurse.</td>
<td>351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17210</td>
<td>Registered professional nurse; issuance of specialty certification; qualifications.</td>
<td>351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17211</td>
<td>License or authorization required.</td>
<td>351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17212</td>
<td>Registered professional nurse; ordering, receiving, or dispensing complimentary starter dose drugs.</td>
<td>351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17221</td>
<td>Michigan board of nursing; creation; number and qualifications of members.</td>
<td>352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17241</td>
<td>Nursing education program; application to conduct; evidence required; evaluation; inspection; report; approval; continuation of existing programs; accreditation by national board or organization; education program for psychiatric attendant nurses or trained attendants prohibited.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17242</td>
<td>Inspection of approved nursing education program; report; notice of deficiency; removal from list of approved programs; hearing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17301</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17303</td>
<td>Representation as nursing home administrator.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17305</td>
<td>Board of nursing home administrators; creation; membership.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17307</td>
<td>Operation of nursing home; practice of nursing home administrator.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17309</td>
<td>License; issuance; requirements.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17311</td>
<td>Insufficient courses or training sessions; approval of course.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17313</td>
<td>License renewal; continuing education required.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17315</td>
<td>Nursing home administrator of Christian Science nursing home; limited license.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17317</td>
<td>Out-of-state license; requirements.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17319</td>
<td>Individual licensed under former article 19 of occupational code; members of nursing home administrators' board created under former section 1902 of occupational code; rules.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17401</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17411</td>
<td>Authorization required.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17412</td>
<td>Administration of diagnostic pharmaceutical agents; purposes; certification required; requirements for certification; completion of course of study and examination; exception.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17414</td>
<td>Permissible conduct; untruthful, misleading, or deceptive statements in advertisement or notice prohibited.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17421</td>
<td>Michigan board of optometry; creation; membership.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17431</td>
<td>Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17432</td>
<td>Duties of optometrist upon determining symptoms evidencing disease; conditions requiring consultation with physician for further diagnosis and treatment; diagnosis and treatment of glaucoma.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17435</td>
<td>Administration and prescription of therapeutic pharmaceutical agents; certification requirements.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17437</td>
<td>Time of certification.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17501</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17508</td>
<td>Physician's assistant; health profession subfield.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17511</td>
<td>License or authorization required.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17512</td>
<td>Postgraduate study; full or limited license required; requirements of limited license; responsibility for training; limited license renewable.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17513</td>
<td>Alternative methods of treatment of breast cancer; duty of physician to inform patient; standardized written summary or brochure.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
333.17515 Compliance with § 333.17015. 360
333.17516 Performance of partial-birth abortion prohibited. 360
333.17520 Genetic test; informed consent. 361
333.17521 Michigan board of osteopathic medicine and surgery; creation; membership; waiver; certain powers and duties prohibited. 361
333.17525 Joint task force; creation; purpose; membership; waiver; powers and duties. 362
333.17531 Postgraduate education as condition for more than limited licensure. 362
333.17533 Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules. 362
333.17548 Limitation on number of physician's assistants supervised; prohibiting or restricting delegation of medical care service or requiring higher levels of supervision; delegation of ultimate responsibility prohibited; rules as to drugs; ordering, receiving, and dispensing complimentary starter dose drugs. 363
333.17549 Responsibilities of physician supervising physician's assistant. 363
333.17550 Supervision prohibited; grounds. 363
333.17554 Criteria for approval or evaluation; recommendations. 363
333.17556 Exemption. 364
333.17701 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction. 364
333.17702 Definitions; B, C. 364
333.17703 Definitions; D. 364
333.17704 Definitions; F to I. 364
333.17705 Definitions; L. 365
333.17706 Definitions; M, O. 365
333.17707 Definitions; P. 365
333.17708 Definitions; P. 366
333.17709 Definitions; S to W. 366
333.17711 License or authorization required. 366
333.17721 Michigan board of pharmacy; creation; membership. 366
333.17722 Michigan board of pharmacy; duties generally. 366
333.17726 License; issuance. 366
333.17731 Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules. 367
333.17733 Relicensure of pharmacist; requirements. 367
333.17737 Rules establishing standards for internship program; limited license required. 367
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.17741</td>
<td>Pharmacy license required; personal charge of pharmacy by pharmacist; responsibility for compliance with laws; control and personal charge of pharmacy services; effect of violation on pharmacy license.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17742</td>
<td>Disclosure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17743</td>
<td>Pharmacy license; contents; duration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17745</td>
<td>Drug control license; patient's chart or clinical record to include record of drugs dispensed; delegating authority to dispense drugs; storage of drugs; containers; labels; complimentary starter dose drug; information; compliance with § 333.7303a; inspection of locations; limitation on delegation; receipt of complimentary starter dose drugs by pharmacist; “complimentary starter dose” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17745a</td>
<td>Definitions; individuals delegated authority to dispense prescriptions; delegating delivery of certain oral contraceptives; circumstances; delegating delivery of methadone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17745b</td>
<td>Industrial clinic or prescriber practice without on-site pharmacy; dispensing prescription drug.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17746</td>
<td>Hospice emergency care services in patients' homes; medication box exchange program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17747</td>
<td>Drug control license; contents; duration; renewal; conditions; license as automatically void.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17748</td>
<td>Pharmacy, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor of prescription drugs; license required; renewal; designation and responsibility of licensee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17749</td>
<td>Dispensing of diagnostic or therapeutic pharmaceutical agents by wholesale distributor or pharmacist to optometrist; condition; “therapeutic pharmaceutical agent” and “diagnostic pharmaceutical agent” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17750</td>
<td>Person who distributes complimentary starter doses to prescribers; records; access by board; “complimentary starter dose” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17750a</td>
<td>Dispensing of prescription for therapeutic pharmaceutical agent by pharmacist.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17751</td>
<td>Dispensing prescription drug; requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17752</td>
<td>Prescription or equivalent record; preservation; not public record; disclosure; providing copies; refilling copy; cancellation of original prescription; record of cancellation; copy as duplicate of original prescription; determination of valid copy; use and marking of copies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17755</td>
<td>Dispensing lower cost generically equivalent drug product; notice; contents of prescription label; passing on savings; restrictions; limitation on total charge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17756</td>
<td>Label on prescription; contents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17757</td>
<td>Price information; notice; receipt evidencing transactions; omission; retention of copy of receipt; rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17757a</td>
<td>Providing selling price of drugs dispensed upon request; notice to consumers about prescription drugs; contents; form; display; copies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17759</td>
<td>Dispensing harmful drug; requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17761</td>
<td>Display of notice; dispensing prescription in safety closure container.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.17762</td>
<td>Misbranded prescription.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Grounds for fine, reprimand, or probation; grounds for denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking license.

Conduct constituting misdemeanor.

Adulteration or misbranding; guaranty or undertaking as protection against penalties for violation; exception; notice to seller, manufacturer, or wholesale distributor.

Additional conduct constituting misdemeanor.


Possession of more than 10 grams of ephedrine or mixture prohibited; violations; exceptions.

Possession of more than 12 grams of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine or mixture prohibited; violations; exceptions.

Rules and determinations as to licensing.

Grounds for fine, reprimand, or probation, or for denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking license or ordering restitution or community service; applicability of subsection (2)(b).

Exceptions.

Definitions; principles of construction.

License or authorization required; engaging in actual treatment upon prescription of certain license holders.

Michigan board of physical therapy; creation; membership.

Practicing in hospital; condition.


Definitions; principles of construction.

License or authorization required.

Postgraduate podiatric study; full or limited license required; requirements of limited license; responsibility for training; limited license renewable.

Michigan board of podiatric medicine and surgery; creation; membership.

Condition for more than limited licensure.

Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.

Definitions.

Michigan board of counseling; creation; membership.

Practice of counseling; conditions.

Professional counselor license; qualifications.

Limited license; qualifications; renewal; restricted practice.

Limited license; criteria; restricted practice.

Professional disclosure statement.
### Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.18115</td>
<td>Practice of statutorily regulated profession or occupation not limited; definition; applicability of part; use of word “counselor.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18117</td>
<td>Privileged communications; disclosure of confidential information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18201</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18211</td>
<td>Use of terms set forth in § 333.16263(k); license or authorization required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18212</td>
<td>Postdoctoral training which includes practice of psychology; full or limited license required; requirements of limited license; responsibility for training; limited license renewable; waiver of limited license by Michigan board of psychology.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18214</td>
<td>Permissible conduct.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18221</td>
<td>Michigan board of psychology; creation; membership.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18223</td>
<td>Rules as to licensing requirements; limited license; renewal; supervised postgraduate experience requirement; temporary license.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18233</td>
<td>Renewal of license; evidence required; completion of hours or courses in pain and symptom management as continuing education; rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18237</td>
<td>Confidential information; disclosure; waiver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18301</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18303</td>
<td>Restricted use of words, titles, or letters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18305</td>
<td>Michigan board of occupational therapists; creation; membership.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18307</td>
<td>Certified occupational therapist; rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18309</td>
<td>Certified occupational therapy assistant; rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18311</td>
<td>Assistance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18401</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18411</td>
<td>Use of “registered sanitarian”, “r.s.”, or similar words.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18413</td>
<td>Conflict of interest.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18421</td>
<td>Michigan board of sanitarians; creation; membership.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18501</td>
<td>Definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18503</td>
<td>Representation or use of title; prohibition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18505</td>
<td>Michigan board of social work; creation; membership.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18507</td>
<td>Social work technician; registration requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18509</td>
<td>Social worker; registration requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18511</td>
<td>Certified social worker; registration requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18513</td>
<td>Confidentiality of communication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18515</td>
<td>Registration issued under former act; term of member of board of examiners of social workers; continuation of rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18701</td>
<td>Definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18703</td>
<td>Restricted use of words, titles, or letters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18705</td>
<td>Michigan board of respiratory care; creation; membership.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18707</td>
<td>Practice of respiratory care; license required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18709.added</td>
<td>Licensure requirements; rules; temporary license; interim standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18711.added</td>
<td>Temporary license.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18713.added</td>
<td>New or additional reimbursement or benefits not required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18801</td>
<td>Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18802</td>
<td>Definitions; A to S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18805</td>
<td>Definitions; P to V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18808</td>
<td>Veterinary technician; health profession subfield.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18811</td>
<td>Veterinarian or veterinary technician; license or authorization required; prohibited conduct.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18812</td>
<td>Limited license for practice apart from veterinary education; requirements; graduates of nonapproved veterinary education programs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18814</td>
<td>Conduct not considered practice of veterinary medicine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18821</td>
<td>Michigan board of veterinary medicine; creation; membership; waiver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18822</td>
<td>Animal diseases; advising department of agriculture.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18826</td>
<td>Veterinarian or veterinary technician; civil liability for acts or omissions; immunity; applicability; notice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18827</td>
<td>Veterinarian or veterinary technician; reporting animal to be abandoned, neglected, or abused; immunity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18835</td>
<td>Grounds for fine, reprimand, or probation; grounds for denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking license.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.18838</td>
<td>Disposal of abandoned animal; notices; costs; relinquishment of rights by owner.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20101</td>
<td>Meanings of words and phrases; principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20102</td>
<td>Definitions; A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20104</td>
<td>Definitions; C to F.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20106</td>
<td>Definitions; H.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20108</td>
<td>Definitions; I to N.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20109</td>
<td>Definitions; N to S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20115</td>
<td>Rules defining or differentiating health facility or agency; republication of certain rules; waiver or modification; “abortion” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20121</td>
<td>Health facilities and agencies advisory commission; creation; appointment and qualification of members; director as ex officio member without vote.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20122</td>
<td>Advisory commission; terms of members; vacancy; removal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20123</td>
<td>Advisory commission; meetings; chairperson and vice-chairperson; vacancy; quorum; expenses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20124</td>
<td>Advisory commission; duties generally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20126</td>
<td>Task forces; appointment; purpose; duties; membership; staff support.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20127</td>
<td>Task force 4; purpose; appointment and qualifications of members; chairperson and vice-chairperson; quorum; procedures; duties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20131</td>
<td>Comprehensive system of licensure and certification; establishment; purpose; certification of health facility or agency; coordination, cooperation, and agreements; public disclosure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20132</td>
<td>Regulation of medical or surgical treatment prohibited; control of communicable diseases; protection of individuals receiving care and services; standards for inpatient food service establishment; compliance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20141</td>
<td>Health facility or agency; license required; eligibility to participate in federal or state health program; personnel; services; and equipment; evidence of compliance; providing data and statistics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20142</td>
<td>Application for licensure and certification; form; certifying accuracy of information; disclosures, reports; and notices; violation; penalty; false statement as felony.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20143</td>
<td>Compliance as condition to issuance of license, certificate, or certificate of need.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20144</td>
<td>Licensing on basis of approved building program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20145</td>
<td>Construction permit; certificate of need as condition of issuance; rules; information required for project not requiring certificate of need; review and approval of architectural plans and narrative; rules; waiver; fee; “capital expenditure” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20151</td>
<td>Cooperation; professional advice and consultation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20152</td>
<td>Certification by licensee; developing facilities and programs of care; rating individuals for purposes of reimbursement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20155</td>
<td>Visits to health facilities and agencies, clinical laboratories, nursing homes, hospices, and hospitals; purposes; waiver; confidentiality of accreditation information; limitation and effect; consultation engineering survey; summary of substantial noncompliance or deficiencies and hospital response; investigations or inspections; prior notice; misdemeanor; consultation visits; record; periodic reports; access to documents; confidentiality; disclosure; delegation of functions; voluntary inspections; forwarding evidence of violation to licensing agency; reports; clarification of terms; clinical process guidelines; clinical advisory committee; definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20156</td>
<td>Entering premises of applicant or licensee; enforcement of rules; certificate of approval from state fire marshal division; applicability of subsections (2) and (3).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20161</td>
<td>Fees and assessments for health facility and agency licenses and certificates of need; surcharge; fee for provisional license or temporary permit; fee to recover cost of proficiency evaluation samples; fee for reissuance of clinical laboratory license; cost of licensure activities; application fee for waiver under § 333.21564; travel expenses; fees for licensure or renewal under part 209; deposit of fees; use of quality assurance assessment; earmarking; “medicaid” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20162</td>
<td>License; issuance; nonrenewable temporary permit; provisional license; procedure for closing facility; order to licensee upon finding of noncompliance; notice, hearing, and status requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20164</td>
<td>Duration of license or certification; license, certification, or certificate of need nontransferable; transfer of ownership or ownership interest; notice; application for license and certification.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20165</td>
<td>Denying, limiting, suspending, or revoking license or certification; notice of intent; imposition of administrative fine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20166</td>
<td>Notice of intent to deny, limit, suspend, or revoke license or certification; service; contents; hearing; record; transcript; determination; powers of department; judicial order to appear and give testimony; contempt; failure to show need for health facility or agency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20168</td>
<td>Emergency order limiting, suspending, or revoking license; limiting reimbursements or payments; hearing; contents of order; order not suspended by hearing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20169</td>
<td>HIV infected test subject; compliance with reporting requirements; definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20171</td>
<td>Rules implementing article; rules promulgated under § 333.21563.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20172</td>
<td>Policies and procedures; publication and distribution.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20173</td>
<td>Nursing home, county medical care facility, or home for the aged; criminal history check of employment applicants; definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20175</td>
<td>Maintaining record for each patient; wrongfully altering or destroying records; noncompliance; fine; licensing and certification records as public records; confidentiality; disclosure; report or notice of disciplinary action; information provided in report; nature and use of certain records, data, and knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20176</td>
<td>Notice of violation; investigation of complaints; notice of proposed action; public record; appeal; reinvestigation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20176a</td>
<td>Health facility or agency; prohibited conduct; violation; fine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20177</td>
<td>Action to restrain, enjoin, or prevent establishment, maintenance, or operation of health facility or agency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20178</td>
<td>Nursing home, home for the aged, or county medical care facility; description of services to patients or residents with Alzheimer's disease; contents; “represents to the public” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20179</td>
<td>Artificial insemination services on anonymous basis; use of frozen sperm; testing sperm donor for presence of HIV or antibody to HIV; violation; liability; definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20180</td>
<td>Health facility or agency; person making or assisting in originating, investigating, or preparing report or complaint; immunity and protection from civil or criminal liability; disclosure of identity; notice; “hospital” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20181</td>
<td>Abortion; admitting patient not required; refusal to perform, participate in, or allow; immunity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20182</td>
<td>Abortion; objection; participation in medical procedures not required; immunity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20183</td>
<td>Abortion; refusal to give advice; refusal to participate in; immunity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20184</td>
<td>Rights of individuals, staff members, and employees previously participating in, or expressing willingness to participate in, termination of pregnancy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20191</td>
<td>Emergency patient; test for presence of infectious agent; positive test results; duties of health facility; notice; request for testing; confidentiality; rules; disclosure as misdemeanor; liability; definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20192</td>
<td>Do-not-resuscitate order; execution not required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20193</td>
<td>Compliance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20194</td>
<td>Pamphlets; display; distribution; model standardized complaint form; availability.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20197</td>
<td>Human cloning in facility owned or operated by health facility or agency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20198</td>
<td>Health facility, agency inpatient facility, or residential facility; prohibited conduct; violation as misdemeanor; penalty; nonapplicability of subsections (1) and (2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20199</td>
<td>Violations; penalties.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Policy describing rights and responsibilities of patients or residents; adoption; posting and distribution; contents; additional requirements; discharging, harassing, retaliating, or discriminating against patient exercising protected right; exercise of rights by patient's representative; informing patient or resident of policy; designation of person to exercise rights and responsibilities; additional patients' rights; definitions.

Responsibilities of patient or resident.

Guidelines; immunity; other remedies at law neither expanded nor diminished.

Summary of activities; availability of list and current inspection reports.


Definitions; principles of construction.

Laboratories to which §§ 333.20501 to 333.20525 inapplicable.

Clinical laboratory; license required; authorizing specific categories of procedures; contents of license; display of license and laboratory director's certificate of qualification; duration of license validity; biennial visits; manner of conducting licensing and inspection activities.

Requirements for license.

Responsibility for operation of clinical laboratory; record of specimens and procedures; analysis of test samples; reports; proficiency evaluation programs.

Denial, limitation, suspension, or revocation of license; grounds.

Registration of laboratory or other place handling, cultivating, selling, giving away, or shipping pathogenic microorganisms, or doing recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid research; application for and duration of registration number; clinical laboratory considered registered; "handling," "cultivating," "shipping" defined.

Registration of laboratory, department, or school handling pathogens or doing recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid research; application for and duration of registration number.

Sale, gift, or other distribution of live pathogenic microorganisms and cultures or recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid materials; contents of label on container; record.


General definitions and principles of construction.

License required; use of term "freestanding surgical outpatient facility."

Owner, operator, and governing body of freestanding surgical outpatient facility; responsibilities and duties.

Freestanding surgical outpatient facility; requirements.

Meanings of words and phrases: general definitions and principles of construction.

Definitions; A to D.

Definitions; E.

Definitions; L, M.
### Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.20908</td>
<td>Definitions; N to V.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20910</td>
<td>Powers and duties of department generally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20912</td>
<td>Duties of department with regard to educational programs and services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20915</td>
<td>State emergency medical services coordination committee; creation; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; ex officio members; replacement of member; chairperson; meetings; quorum; per diem compensation; reimbursement of expenses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20916</td>
<td>State emergency medical services coordination committee; duties.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20917</td>
<td>Statewide trauma care commission.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20918</td>
<td>Local medical control authority; designation; participating hospitals and freestanding surgical outpatient facilities; adherence to protocols; administration; appointment and membership of advisory body; medical director; operation of medical control authority; accountability of life support agencies and licensed individuals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20919</td>
<td>Protocols for practice of life support agencies and licensed emergency medical services personnel; development and adoption; procedures; conflict with Michigan do-not-resuscitate procedure act prohibited; compliance with requirements; appeal; standards for equipment and personnel; negative medical or economic impacts; epinephrine auto-injector; availability of medical and economic information; review; findings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20920</td>
<td>Ambulance operation; license required; contents of application; fee; contents of license; operation of ambulance operation; renewal of license; compliance; ambulance operation upgrade license; report to legislature.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20921</td>
<td>Ambulance operation; duties; prohibitions; occupants of patient compartment; applicability of subsection (4).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20922</td>
<td>Use of terms “ambulance,””ambulance operation,” or similar term; advertising or disseminating information; license required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20923</td>
<td>Operation of ambulance; conditions; application for and issuance of ambulance license or annual renewal; fee; certificate of insurance; vehicle standards; minimum requirements for equipment; communications system; ambulance license nontransferable to ambulance operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20924</td>
<td>Business or service of transportation of patients; licensed ambulance required; exceptions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20926</td>
<td>Nontransport prehospital life support operation; license required; application; fee; contents of license and application; renewal; compliance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20927</td>
<td>Nontransport prehospital life support operation; duties; prohibitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20928</td>
<td>Use of term “nontransport prehospital life support vehicle,””nontransport prehospital life support operation,” or similar term; advertising or disseminating information; license required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20929</td>
<td>Operation of nontransport prehospital life support vehicle; conditions; application for and issuance of license or annual renewal; fee; certificate of insurance; communications system; equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20931</td>
<td>Air transport operation; license required; application; fee; issuance and contents of license; renewal; compliance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20932</td>
<td>Aircraft transport operation; duties; prohibitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20933</td>
<td>Use of term “aircraft transport vehicle,” “aircraft transport operation,” or similar term; advertising or disseminating information; license required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20934</td>
<td>Operation of aircraft transport vehicle; conditions; application for and issuance of license or annual renewal; fee; certificate of insurance; communications system; equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20936</td>
<td>Application for license renewal received after expiration date of license; late fee; completing requirements for initial licensure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20938</td>
<td>Operation of ambulance or nontransport prehospital life support vehicle under emergency conditions; privileges and constraints.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20939</td>
<td>Spontaneous use of vehicle under exceptional circumstances; written report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20941</td>
<td>Medical first response service; license required; issuance; requirements; duties; renewal of license; advertising or disseminating information; availability of vehicle; ability of patient to pay; police or fire suppression agency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20945</td>
<td>Life support agency license; nonrenewable conditional license in lieu of denial, suspension, or revocation; duration; conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20948</td>
<td>Operations and services furnished by local governmental unit; costs; ordinance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20950</td>
<td>Medical first responder, emergency medical technician, emergency medical technician specialist, paramedic, or emergency medical services instructor-coordinator; licensing requirements; duration of license; examination or reexamination fees; volunteers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20952</td>
<td>Temporary license.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20954</td>
<td>Renewal license; renewal fees; procedures for late renewal; volunteers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20956</td>
<td>Provision of life support; limitation; authorized techniques.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20958</td>
<td>Emergency medical services personnel license; denial, revocation, or suspension; grounds; notice; hearing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20961</td>
<td>Reciprocity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20963</td>
<td>Radio communications; compliance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20965</td>
<td>Immunity from liability.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20967</td>
<td>Authority for management of emergency patient or management of scene of emergency; declaring nonexistence of emergency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20969</td>
<td>Objection to treatment or transportation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20971</td>
<td>Emergency preparedness act and § 30.261 not affected by part; references to former laws.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20973</td>
<td>Emergency medical services to and cooperative agreements with other states.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20975</td>
<td>Rules generally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20977</td>
<td>Rules considered as rescinded; exceptions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.20979</td>
<td>Prohibited use of fees.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21301</td>
<td>Definitions and principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21307</td>
<td>Exemptions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21311</td>
<td>License required; use of “home for aged” or similar term or abbreviation; minimum age for admission; waiver of age limitation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21313</td>
<td>Owner, operator, and governing body of home for aged; responsibilities and duties generally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21321</td>
<td>Bond required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21325</td>
<td>Removal of resident from home for the aged; conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21331</td>
<td>Licensee considered consumer of tangible personal property.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21332</td>
<td>Home for the aged; influenza vaccination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21333</td>
<td>Smoking policy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21401</td>
<td>Definitions; principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21411</td>
<td>License for hospice or hospice residence required; exception; use of term “hospice”; representation as hospice residence; exemption from licensure; separate license for health facility or agency; activities of health facility or agency not restricted; inspections and concurrent issuance of licenses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21413</td>
<td>Duties of owner, operator, and governing body of hospice or hospice residence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21415</td>
<td>Program of planned and continuous hospice care; direction of medical components; coordination, design, and provision of hospice services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21417</td>
<td>Disease or condition with terminal prognosis as prerequisite for admission to or retention for care.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21419</td>
<td>Rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21420</td>
<td>Exemption of hospices from license fees and certificate of need fees; period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21501</td>
<td>Definitions and principles of construction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21511</td>
<td>License required; use of term “hospital.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21513</td>
<td>Owner, operator, and governing body of hospital; responsibilities and duties generally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21515</td>
<td>Confidentiality of records, data, and knowledge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21521</td>
<td>Minimum standards and rules; practices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21523</td>
<td>Strictness of rules and standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21527</td>
<td>Sexual assault evidence kit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21532</td>
<td>Acknowledgment of parentage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21533</td>
<td>Acknowledgment of paternity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21534</td>
<td>Hospice care information provided by hospital.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21551</td>
<td>Temporary delicensure of beds; extension; form and contents of application; amended application; alternative use of space; plans; relicensing of beds; automatic and permanent delicensing; bed inventory; transfer of beds; use of beds to comply with bed reduction plan prohibited; definitions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21552</td>
<td>Hospital transition assistance program; purpose; elements; feasibility study; financing; advisory committee; report.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.21561 Application for designation as rural community hospital; use of term “rural community hospital”; definition. 465

333.21562 Rural community hospital as limited service hospital; delivery of basic acute care services; rules implementing part; agreement to participate in medicaid program; definition; participation in federal medicare program; appointment, membership, and purpose of ad hoc advisory committee; transfer agreement. 466

333.21563 Rules for designation of rural community hospital, maximum number of beds, and services; showing designation on license; licensing and regulation of rural community hospital; applicable provisions of part 222; differential reimbursement. 466

333.21564 Waiving applicability of specified licensure requirement; conditions; application for waiver; form; duration of waiver; definition. 466

333.21565 Mental health crisis stabilization program. 466

333.21566 Essential access community hospital; designation; purpose; eligibility requirements; modification of requirements. 467

333.21567 Rural primary care hospital; designation; purpose; eligibility requirements; modification of requirements. 467

333.21568 Rural health networks. 467

333.21701 Meanings of words and phrases; general definitions and principles of construction. 468

333.21702 Definitions; D to P. 468

333.21703 Definitions; P to W. 469

333.21707 Prescribing course of medical treatment; limitations on authority. 469

333.21711 License required; prohibited terms or abbreviations; license for formal or informal nursing care services; exception. 469

333.21712 Name of nursing home; change in name; prohibited terms; rehabilitation services. 469

333.21713 Owner, operator, and governing body of nursing home; responsibilities and duties generally. 470

333.21715 Programs of planned and continuing nursing and medical care required; nurses and physicians in charge; expiration of subsection (1)(a); nature and scope of services. 470

333.21716 Nursing home; influenza vaccination. 470

333.21717 Individuals excluded from nursing home; exception; approval of area and program. 470

333.21718 Conditions of skilled nursing facility certification and participation in title 19 program; exception; exemption. 471

333.21719 Immediate access to acute care facilities. 471

333.21720 Nursing home administrator required. 471

333.21720a Director of nursing; nursing personnel; effective date of subsection (1); natural disaster or other emergency. 471

333.21720b Agreement with county community mental health program. 471

333.21721 Bond required. 472

333.21723 Individual responsible for receiving complaints and conducting investigations; posting information in nursing home; communication procedure; information posted on internet website; nursing home receiving medicaid reimbursement. 472

333.21731 Licensee considered consumer of tangible personal property. 473
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.2173</td>
<td>Smoking policy.</td>
<td>473</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2174</td>
<td>Nursing home; bed rails; provisions; guidelines; liability.</td>
<td>474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21741</td>
<td>Rules.</td>
<td>474</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21743</td>
<td>Disclosures; public inspection.</td>
<td>475</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21744</td>
<td>Professional advice and consultation.</td>
<td>475</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21751</td>
<td>Emergency petition to place nursing home under control of receiver; appointment of receiver; use of income and assets; major structural alteration; consultation; termination of receivership; accounting; disposition of surplus funds.</td>
<td>475</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21755</td>
<td>Grounds for refusal to issue license.</td>
<td>475</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21757</td>
<td>Provisional license.</td>
<td>476</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21761</td>
<td>Certification of nondiscrimination; violation of rights; giving preference to members of religious or fraternal institution or organization.</td>
<td>476</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21763</td>
<td>Access to nursing home patients; purposes; requirements; termination of visit; confidentiality; complaint; determination; prohibited entry.</td>
<td>477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21764</td>
<td>Approval or disapproval of nonprofit corporation rendering assistance without charge; appeal; decision.</td>
<td>477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21765</td>
<td>Policies and procedures; copy of rights enumerated in § 333.20201; reading or explaining rights; staff observance of rights, policies, and procedures.</td>
<td>477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21765a</td>
<td>Certain admission conditions prohibited; enforcement of contract provisions or agreements in conflict with subsections (1) and (2).</td>
<td>478</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21766</td>
<td>Written contract.</td>
<td>478</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21767</td>
<td>Guardian, trustee, conservator, patient's representative, or protective payee for patient; receipt for money or property of patient; statement of funds.</td>
<td>479</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21771</td>
<td>Abusing, mistreating, or neglecting patient; reports; investigation; retaliation prohibited.</td>
<td>479</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21772</td>
<td>Interference with right to bring action or file complaint prohibited; retaliation prohibited.</td>
<td>479</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21773</td>
<td>Involuntary transfer or discharge of patient; notice; form; request for hearing; copy of notice; commencement of notice period; nonpayment; redemption; explanation and discussion; counseling services; prohibition; notice of nonparticipation in state plan for medicaid funding.</td>
<td>481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21774</td>
<td>Involuntary transfer or discharge; request for hearing; informal hearing; decision; burden of proof; procedures; time for leaving facility.</td>
<td>481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21775</td>
<td>Continuation of medicaid funding during appeal, transfer, or discharge period.</td>
<td>481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21776</td>
<td>Transfer or discharge of patient; plan; counseling services.</td>
<td>481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21777</td>
<td>Holding bed open during temporary absence of patient; option; title 19 patients.</td>
<td>481</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21781</td>
<td>Posting of license and other information.</td>
<td>482</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21782</td>
<td>Retention of documents for public inspection.</td>
<td>482</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21784</td>
<td>Threatening medical condition; notice; emergency treatment; comfort of patient.</td>
<td>482</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21785</td>
<td>Discontinuance of operation; notice; relocation of patients.</td>
<td>482</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.21786</td>
<td>Emergency closing of nursing home.</td>
<td>483</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

333.21787 Michigan public health institute; consultation and contracts. 483
333.21791 Advertising; false or misleading information prohibited. 483
333.21792 Commission, bonus, fee, or gratuity; violation; penalty. 483
333.21795 Education and training for unlicensed nursing personnel; criteria; competency examinations; rules. 483
333.21796 Insuring proper licensing of licensed personnel. 484
333.21799a Violation; complaint; investigation; disclosure; determination; listing violation and provisions violated; copies of documents; public inspection; report of violation; penalty; request for hearing; notice of hearing. 484
333.21799b Noncompliance; notice of finding; correction notices; hearing; verification of compliance; investigation; action; definitions; annual report; presumption. 485
333.21799c Violations; penalties; computation of civil penalties; paying or reimbursing patient; rules for quality of care allowance formula. 486
333.21799d Collection of civil penalty; noncompliance; order. 486
333.21799e Penalties and remedies cumulative. 486
333.22201 Meanings of words and phrases; principles of construction. 487
333.22203 Definitions; A to F. 488
333.22205 Definitions; H to M. 488
333.22207 Definitions; M to S. 489
333.22208 Definitions; S, T. 489
333.22209 Activities requiring certificate of need; exceptions; requirements; acquisition of existing health facility; relocation; “sharing agreement” defined. 491
333.22210 Certificate of need for short-term nursing care program; application; criteria; modification; fee prohibited; compliance; discrimination prohibited; exercise of rights; written acknowledgment; forms; additional rights; variation; rules; violation; penalty; certificate required. 493
333.22211 Certificate of need commission; creation; appointment, qualifications, and terms of members; vacancy; laws to which commission members subject. 493
333.22213 Commission; bylaws; removal of member; election of chairperson and vice-chairperson; meetings; quorum; final action; compensation and expenses; duties of department; professional employees. 494
333.22215 Duties of commission; purpose; public hearing before final action; submission of proposed final action to joint committee; approval or disapproval; review standards; revision of fees. 496
333.22219 Joint legislative committee. 496
333.22221 Duties of department generally. 497
333.22223 Application for certificate of need; statement addressing review criteria. 497
333.22224 Certificate of need not required. 497
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>333.2224a</td>
<td>Magnetic resonance image units.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2225</td>
<td>Demonstration of need for proposed project; additional requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2226</td>
<td>Regional certificate of need review agency; standards; designation of person for specific review area; requirements; duration and termination of agency; local certificate of need review agency; application or other information; review; recommendations; decision; convening consumers, providers, purchasers, or payers of health care; public hearing; meetings; “review area” defined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2227</td>
<td>Health maintenance organization; purposes for which certificate of need required; capital expenditures; considerations and criteria.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2229</td>
<td>Projects and services subject to comparative review; exceptions; establishment of comparative review or alternative procedure; proposed site for project; utilization and financing of covered clinical services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2230</td>
<td>Participation in medicaid program as distinct criterion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2231</td>
<td>Decision to grant or deny application for certificate of need; conditions; single decision for all applications; proposed decision; final decision; notice of reversal; hearing; judicial review; effect of exceeding time frames.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2232</td>
<td>Hearing; written request; appointment and duties of hearing officer; governing law.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2233</td>
<td>Waiver of criteria and procedures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2235</td>
<td>Waiver of law and procedural requirements and criteria for review; affidavit; emergency certificate of need.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2237</td>
<td>Data and statistics as condition precedent to issuance of certificate of need.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2239</td>
<td>Stipulation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2241</td>
<td>“New technology” defined; new technology review period; conditions to acquisition of new technology before end of review period; appointment, composition, and purpose of standing new medical technology advisory committee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2243</td>
<td>Acquisition of new technology before approval of federal food and drug administration; notice; requirements; deactivation and removal of new technology from service; conditions to utilizing new technology beyond specified period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2247</td>
<td>Monitoring compliance with certificates of need; investigating allegations of noncompliance; violation; sanctions; refund of charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2249</td>
<td>Agreement authorizing hospital to lease space and operate beds in another hospital; conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2253</td>
<td>Injunction or other process to restrain or prevent violation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2255</td>
<td>Procedural rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2257</td>
<td>Certificate of need issued under former part 221.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.2260</td>
<td>Reports of reviews; preparation and publication; statements; recommendations; public examination of applications and written materials on file; providing copies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.25101</td>
<td>Repeal of acts and parts of acts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.25103</td>
<td>Repeal of §§ 125.401 to 125.543; time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.25105</td>
<td>Repeal of §§ 325.901 to 325.947; time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.25107</td>
<td>Repeal of § 722.230; time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.25109</td>
<td>Repeal of § 338.209a; effective date of section.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
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<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.25201</td>
<td>Continuation of statutory provisions and rules; submission of proposed rules to public hearing; nomination and appointment of agency members.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.25205</td>
<td>Section 8.4a inapplicable to code; action or other proceeding not abated.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333.25211</td>
<td>Effective date of code; exceptions; promulgation of rules authorized by code.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>